## EigenSpaces (5A)

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## EigenValues and EigenVectors

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { n } \times \text { n } \\
& \left(\begin{array}{ccccc}
a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & & a_{1 n} \\
a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & & a_{2 n} \\
\vdots & \vdots & & & \vdots \\
a_{n 1} & a_{n 2} & \cdots & & a_{n n}
\end{array}\right)\left(\begin{array}{c}
x_{1} \\
x_{2} \\
\vdots \\
x_{n}
\end{array}\right)=\lambda\left(\begin{array}{c}
x_{1} \\
x_{2} \\
x_{2} \\
\vdots \\
x_{n}
\end{array}\right) \\
& \boldsymbol{A x}=\lambda \boldsymbol{x} \\
& \text { eigenvector }
\end{aligned}
$$

## A nxn Matrix A (1)

1. $A$ is invertible
2. $\mathbf{A x}=\mathbf{0}$ has only the trivial solution
3. $\operatorname{The} \operatorname{RREF}(A)=I_{n}$
4. A can be written as a product of elementary matrix
5. $\mathbf{A x}=\mathbf{b}$ is consistent for every $\mathrm{n} \times 1 \mathbf{b}$
6. $\mathbf{A x}=\mathbf{b}$ has exactly one solution for every $\mathrm{n} \times 1 \mathbf{b}$
7. $\operatorname{det}(\mathbf{A}) \neq 0$
8. The column vectors are linearly independent
9. The row vectors are linearly independent
10. The column vectors span $R^{n}$
11. The row vectors span $\mathrm{R}^{n}$
12. The column vectors form a basis for $R^{n}$
13. The row vectors form a basis for $R^{n}$
14. $\operatorname{rank}(\mathbf{A})=n$
15. $\operatorname{nullity}(\mathbf{A})=0$
16. The orthogonal complement of the null space is $R^{n}$
17. The orthogonal complement of the row space is $\{\mathbf{0}\}$

## A nxn Matrix A (2)

18. The range of $T_{A}$ is $R^{n}$
19. $T_{A}$ is one-to-one
20. $\lambda=0$ is not the eigenvalue of $A$

## References

[1] http://en.wikipedia.org/
[2] Anton, et al., Elementary Linear Algebra, 10 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ ed, Wiley, 2011
[3] Anton, et al., Contemporary Linear Algebra,

