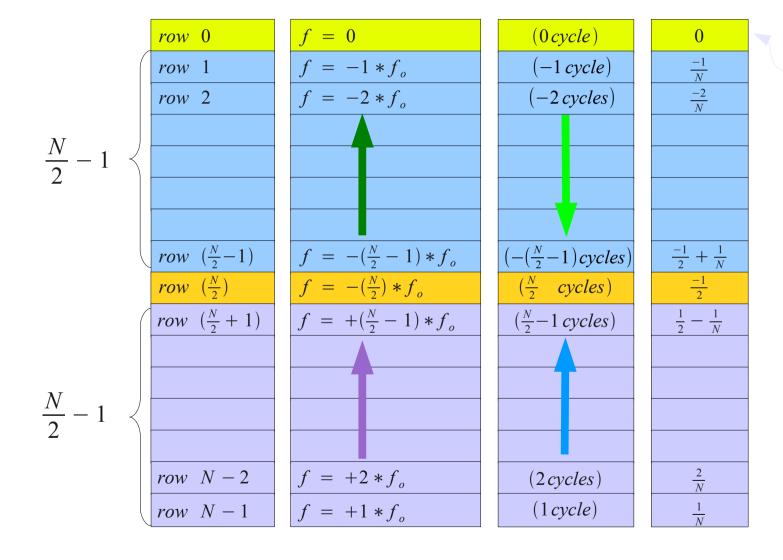
DFT Analysis (5B)

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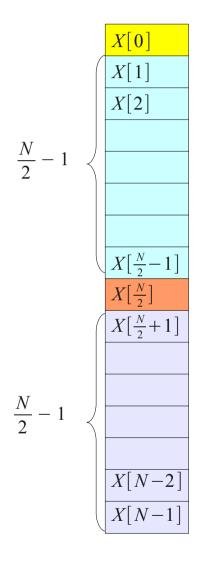
Frequency View of a **DFT Matrix**

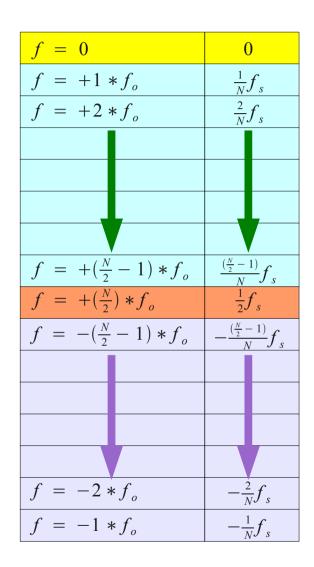


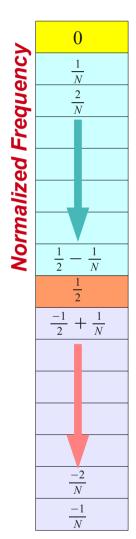
Normalized Frequency

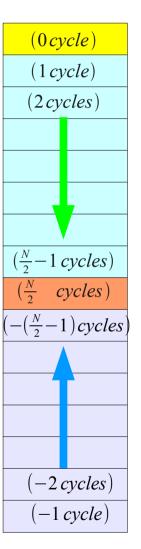
$$f_o = \frac{f_s}{N}$$

Frequency View of a X[i] Vector



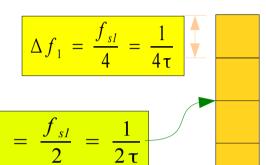






Frequency and Time Interval (1)

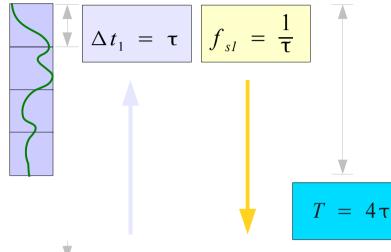
Freq Domain

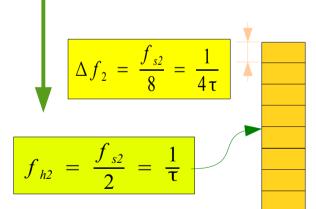




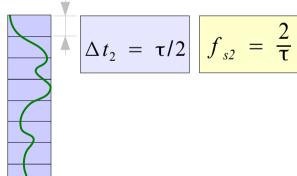


Time Domain





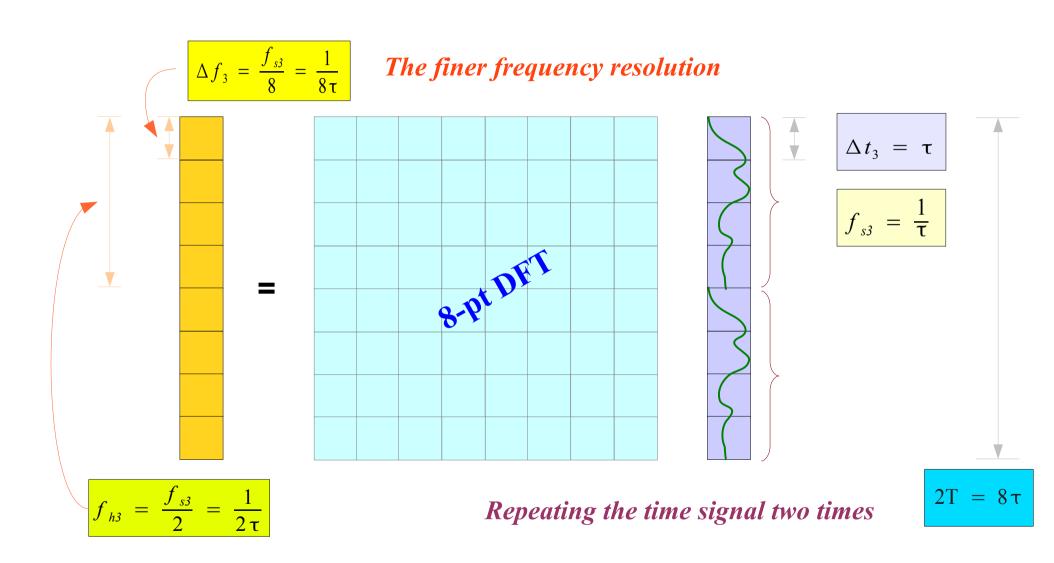




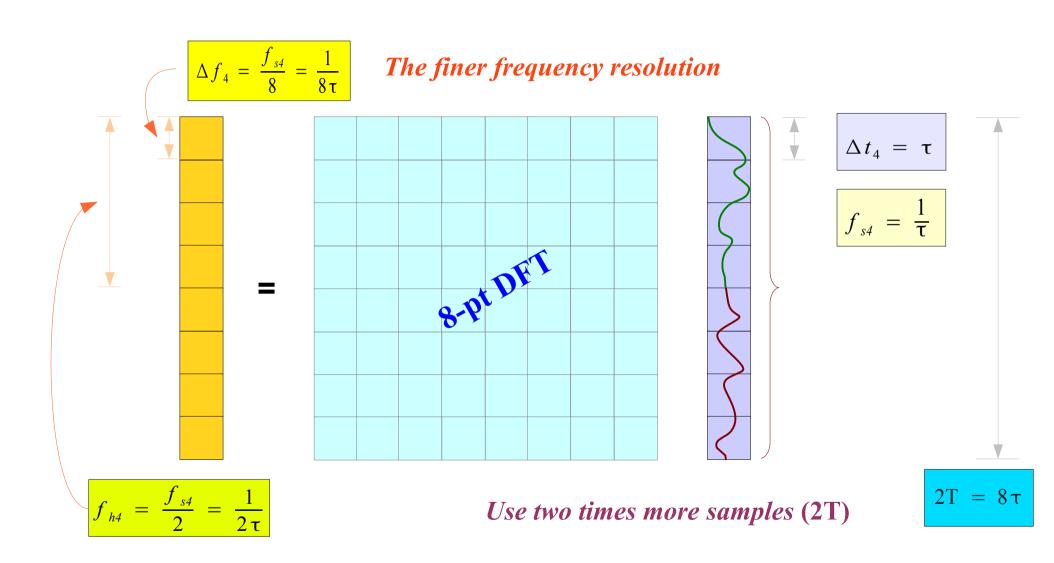
 $T = 4\tau$

The same frequency resolution

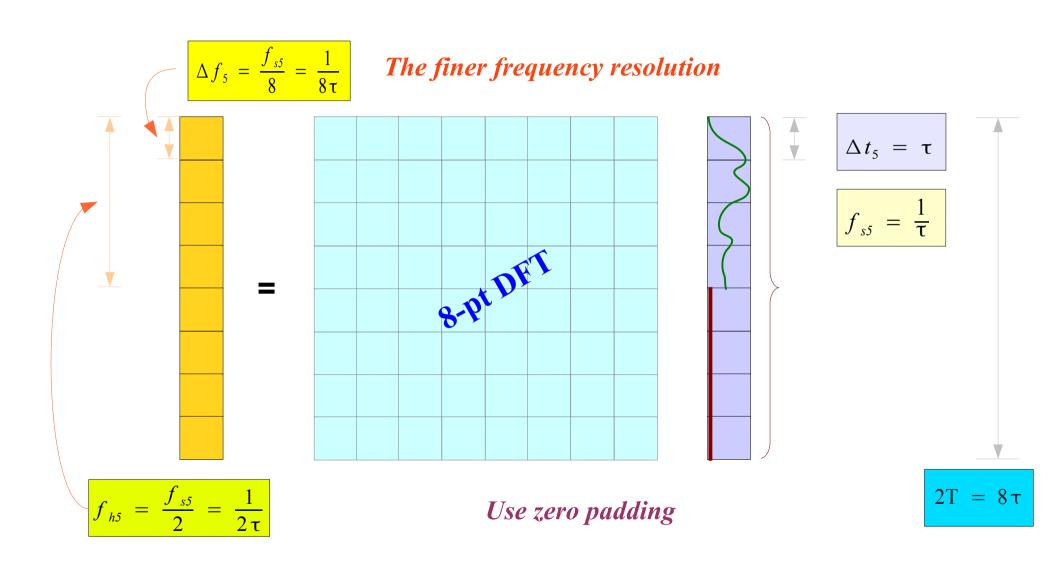
Frequency and Time Interval (2)



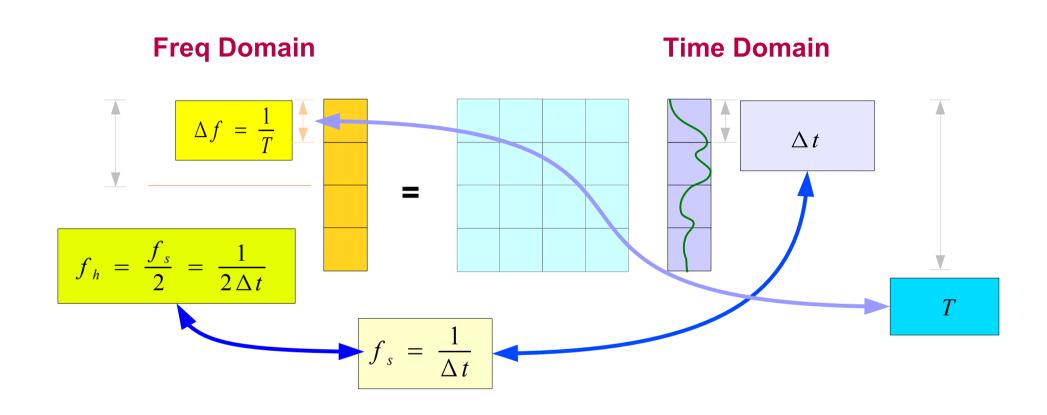
Frequency and Time Interval (3)



Frequency and Time Interval (4)



Frequency and Time Interval (5)



Data Truncation
Frequency Resolution
Zero Padding
Periodogram
Spectral Plot

Amplitude spectrum in quantity peak
Phase spectrum in radians
Amplitude spectrum in volts rms
Phase spectrum in degrees
Power spectrum

Signals without discontinuity Signals with discontinuity

Sampling frequency is not an integer multiple of the FFT length

Leakage

Periodic Signals

Frequency Spacing

$$\Delta f = \frac{1}{N\Delta t}$$

One Sided Fourier Series Coefficient

$$\frac{1}{N}X(k)$$

Two Sided Fourier Series Coefficient

$$\frac{1}{N}X(k)$$

$$\frac{1}{N}X(k) \qquad k=0, \ \frac{N}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{N}X(k)$$

$$\frac{2}{N}X(k) \qquad k=1,\cdots,\frac{N}{2}-1$$

Frequency Scale

$$k \Delta f$$

Aperiodic Signals

$$\Delta f = \frac{1}{N\Delta t}$$

One Sided Fourier Series Coefficient

$$\frac{\Delta t}{N}X(k)$$

Two Sided Fourier Series Coefficient

$$\frac{\Delta t}{N}X(k)$$

$$\frac{\Delta t}{N}X(k)$$
 $k=0, \frac{N}{2}$

$$\frac{2\Delta t}{N}X(k)$$

$$\frac{2\Delta t}{N}X(k) \qquad k=1,\cdots,\frac{N}{2}-1$$

$$k \Delta f$$

Random Signals

One-sided Power Spectral Density

$$P = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} S(k) \Delta f$$

One-sided Power Spectral Density

$$P = \sum_{k=0}^{N/2} S_1(k) \Delta f$$

$$S_1(k) = 2S(k)$$
 $k = 1, ..., \frac{N}{2} - 1$

$$S_1(k) = S(k)$$
 $k = 0, \frac{N}{2}$

Two Sided Fourier Series Coefficient

$$\frac{1}{N\Delta t}\sum x^2\Delta t$$

$$\sum S \Delta f = \frac{1}{N\Delta t} \sum S$$

$$S(k) = \frac{\Delta t}{N} |X(k)|^2$$

$$k \Delta f$$

Amplitude Spectrum

$$A_{k} = \frac{1}{N}|X(k)| = \frac{1}{N}\sqrt{\Re^{2}(X(k)) + \Im^{2}(X(k))}$$

$$k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N - 1$$

One Sided Amplitude Spectrum

$$\bar{A}_k = \frac{1}{N} |X(0)| \quad k = 0$$

$$\bar{A}_k = \frac{2}{N} |X(0)| \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, N/2$$

Frequency Bin

$$f = \frac{k f_s}{N}$$

Phase Spectrum

$$\phi_k = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Im(X(k))}{\Re(X(k))} \right) \quad k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N-1$$

Power Spectrum

$$P_k = \frac{1}{N^2} |X(k)|^2 = \frac{1}{N^2} \{ \Re^2(X(k)) + \Im^2(X(k)) \}$$

$$k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N-1$$

One Sided Power Spectrum

$$\bar{P}_k = \frac{1}{N^2} |X(0)|^2 \quad k = 0$$

$$\bar{P}_k = \frac{2}{N^2} |X(0)|^2 \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, N/2$$

Frequency Bin

$$f = \frac{k f_s}{N}$$

$$\left[0, \frac{f_s}{2}\right]$$

Fourier Transform

f(t) A continuous sum of weighted exponential functions:

$$f(t) e^{-j\omega t}$$

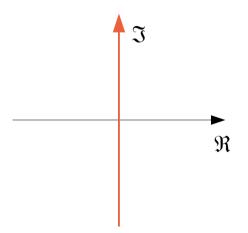
$$-\infty < \omega < +\infty$$

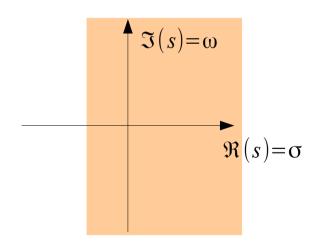
Not so useful in transient analysis

Laplace Transform

$$f(t) e^{-st} = f(t) e^{-(\sigma + j\omega)t}$$

Linear Time Domain Analysis
Initial Condition





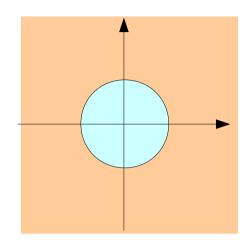
z Transform

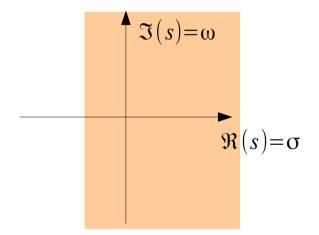
$$f[n]z^{-n}$$

Discrete Time System

Difference Equation

$$z = e^{sT} = e^{\sigma T} e^{j\omega T}$$





References

- [1] http://en.wikipedia.org/
- [2] J.H. McClellan, et al., Signal Processing First, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2003
- [3] A "graphical interpretation" of the DFT and FFT, by Steve Mann