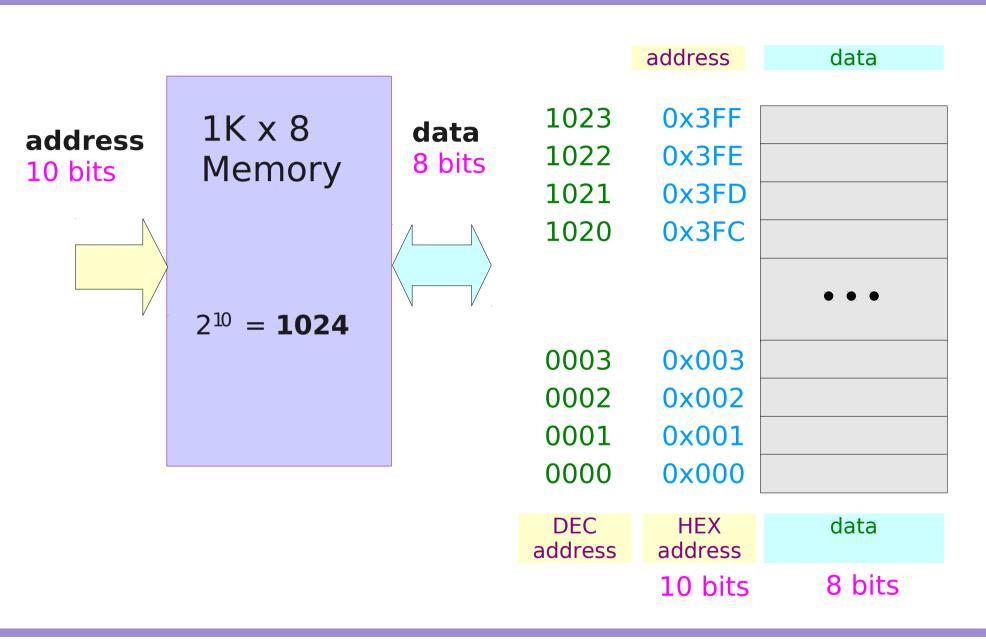
# Pointer (1A)

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### Address and Data in a Memory



### Variable

int a;

a can hold an <u>integer</u>

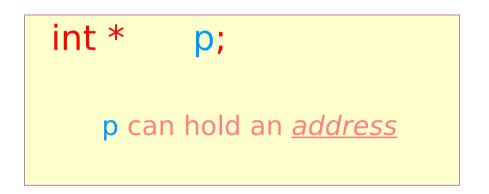
address data

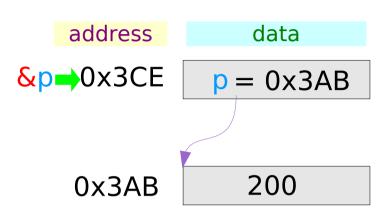
a = 100;

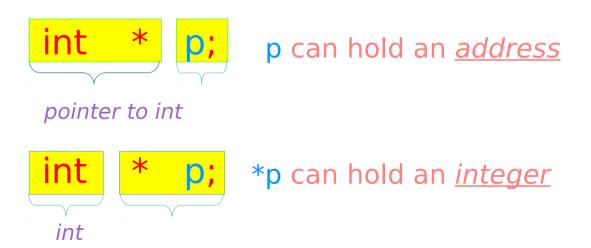
a holds an *integer* 100

address data
&a = 100

#### Pointer Variable









## Variable Assignment Example

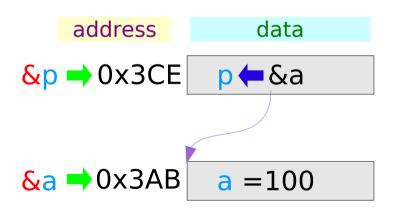
```
int * p;
p can hold an <u>address</u>
```

int 
$$a = 100;$$

a holds an *integer* 100

p holds the <u>address</u> of a

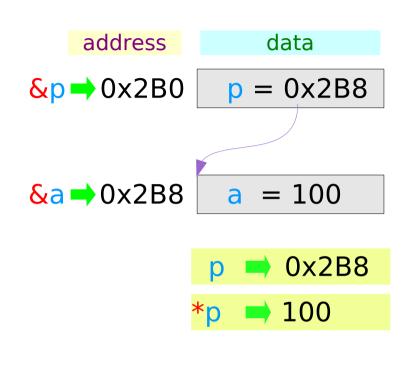




## \* and & Operator

\* address

returns the value that is stored at the <u>address</u>

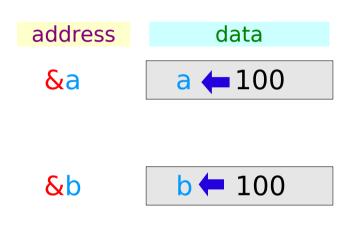


& <u>variable</u>

returns the address of a location where the variable's value is stored

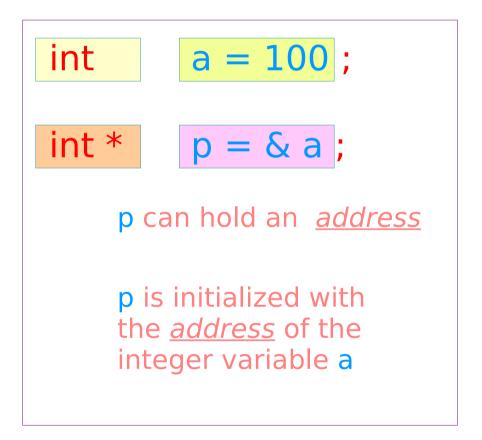
#### Variable Initialization

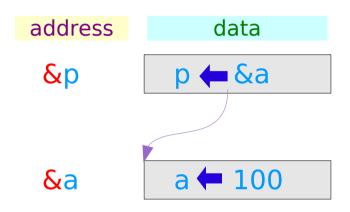
int	a = 100;
int	b = a;
	a can hold an <u>integer</u>
	b can hold an <u>integer</u>



a and b have the same integer value

#### Pointer Variable Initialization





a and \*p have the same integer value, since&a and p have the same address

### Reference Variable Initialization (C++)

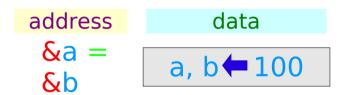
int 
$$a = 100$$
;

int & 
$$b = a$$
;

b's address is initialized with a's address

b acts like an integer variable

b holds an *integer* 



variable b is an <u>alias</u> of a

a and b have the same
integer value, since
a and b have the same
address

#### References

- [1] Essential C, Nick Parlante
- [2] Efficient C Programming, Mark A. Weiss
- [3] C A Reference Manual, Samuel P. Harbison & Guy L. Steele Jr.
- [4] C Language Express, I. K. Chun