Reconstructor Spectra (9B)

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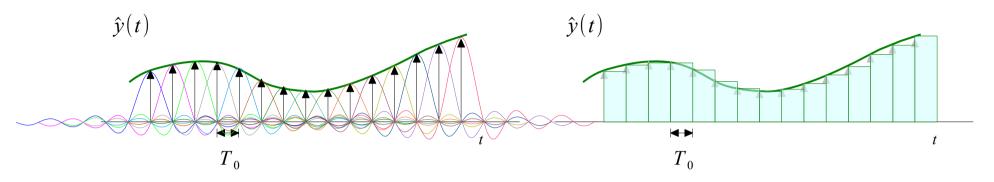
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nis document was produced by using OpenOffice and Octave.

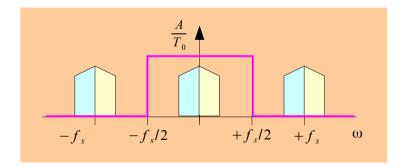
Reconstructor

Ideal Reconstructor

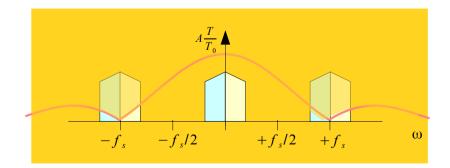
Practical Reconstructor



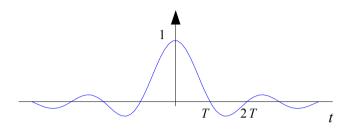




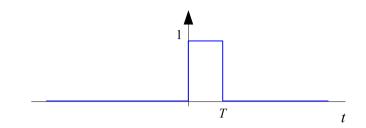




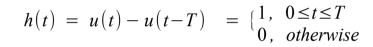
CTFT of Reconstructors

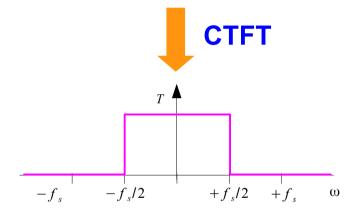


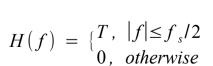
$$\frac{1}{T} \equiv f_s$$

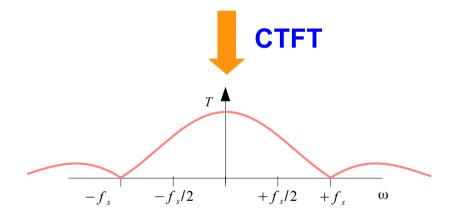


$$h(t) = \frac{\sin(\pi t/T)}{\pi t/T} = \frac{\sin(\pi f_s t)}{\pi f_s t}$$



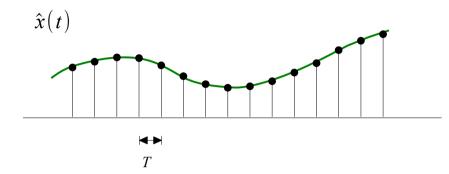






$$H(f) = T \cdot \frac{\sin(\pi f T)}{\pi f T} e^{-j\pi f T}$$

Analog Reconstructor



$$\hat{y}(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} y(nT) \,\delta(t-nT)$$

$$y_a(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h(t-t') \hat{y}(t') dt'$$

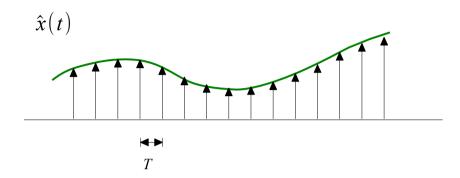
$$y_a(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} y(nT)h(t-nT)$$



 $Y_a(f) = H(f)\hat{Y}(f)$

$$\hat{Y}_a(f) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} Y(f - m f_s)$$

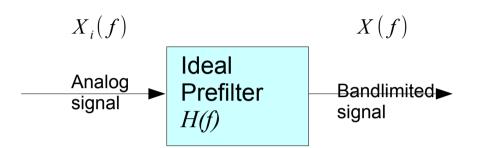
Impulse Response of Ideal Reconstructor

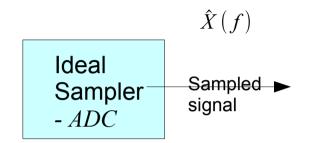


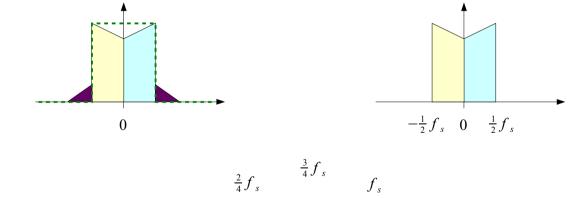
$$\hat{Y}(f) = \frac{1}{T}Y(f) \qquad -\frac{f_s}{2} \le f \le +\frac{f_s}{2}$$

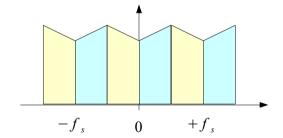
$$y(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} y(nT)h(t-nT)$$

$$h(t) = \frac{\sin(\pi t/T)}{\pi t/T} = \frac{\sin(\pi f_s t)}{\pi f_s t}$$

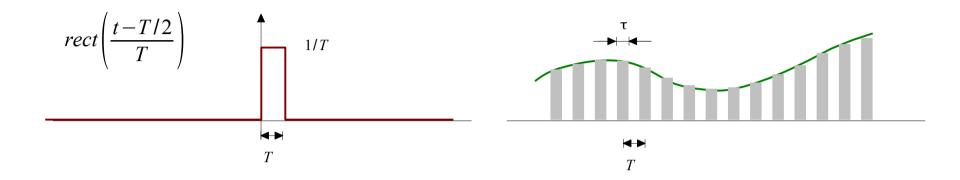




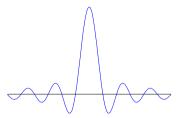


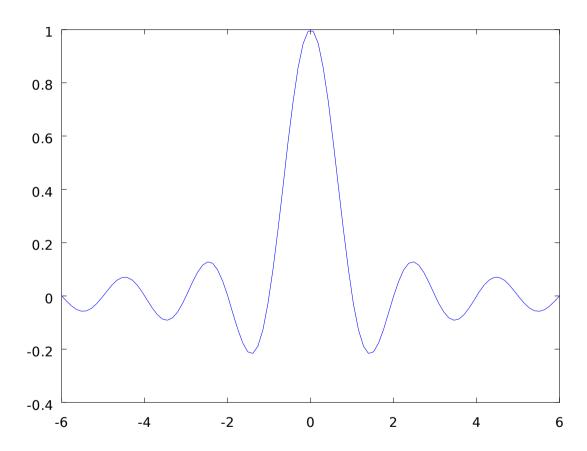


Zero Order Hold (ZOH)



$$x_{ZOH}(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[n] \cdot rect\left(\frac{t-T/2-nT}{T}\right)$$





References

- [1] http://en.wikipedia.org/
- [2] J.H. McClellan, et al., Signal Processing First, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2003
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- [4] R. G. Lyons, Understanding Digital Signal Processing, 1997
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- [6] S.J. Orfanidis, Introduction to Signal Processing www.ece.rutgers.edu/~orfanidi/intro2sp