The New Orleans Bee.

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NEW ORLEANS.
FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1860.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY THE WEEK

The carriers of the BEE are authorized to receive subscriptions to our paper, at the rate of 25 cents a week, payable in all cases to the carriers themselves.

Sales at Auction To-Day.

By Chas. E. Forstall, at 4½ o'clock, on Conti street, between Burgundy and Rampart, household furniture, piano, &c.

THE PROSPECT.

The Democracy deserve credit for one thing, and when we say "the Democracy" we allude to both wings of the belligerent party. They possess boundless confidence in the future. Their trust is illimitable, and their vaunts are endless. For both of them there is no such word as fail. They are both certain of victory. According to one side, BRECKINRIDGE and LANE are to triumph over all competitors. According to the other, DOUGLAS and JOHNSON are to distance their rivals. On the one hand we are assured that the fifteen States of the South are all going *en masse* for the nominees of the Seceders, on the other it is boldly asserted that the candidates of the Regulars will receive all the Southern votes except those of a few factious partisans. One authority affirms that all the South and part of the North are certain for the Kentucky aspirant, the other entertains no doubt whatever that the Little Giant of Illinois will carry a goodly portion of the South and sundry of the largest Northern States. It is clear either that this extravagance of language consists of mere rhetorical flourishes which will impose upon none but simpletons, or that it is the result of a factitious, unreasoning enthusiasm which refuses to see any thing save what it wishes to see. At this incipient stage of the canvass it is wholly impossible even for the coolest and most unbiassed minds to arrive at a satisfactory conclusion, since the elements to form a plausible calculation are still in embryo. We may speculate with more or less plausibility, and indulge in surmises of a somewhat specious character, but all such conjectures are liable to be set aside and disproved by future events. With the lights before us, few and dim as they are, we can endeavor to peer as in a glass darkly, but that is all. With this necessary caution, let us glance at the prospect.

In the first place it is beyond a doubt that the Black Republicans must derive immense encouragement from the discords of the Democracy. We must never lose sight of the possibility of the election of ABRAHAM LINCOLN by the people. This possibility is greatly enhanced by the dissensions of his opponents. This, after all, is the one great and deplorable consummation which may signalize the close of the canvass. Supposing, however, that LINCOLN should be defeated before the people, is there a remote possibility of the election of either of his adversaries? We think not.

Let us look first at the South. The Douglas and the Breckinridge men claim the South with an air of supreme confidence—the latter, however, most boldly and defiantly. The course which the South will take seems to us highly problematical. Both wings of the Democracy omit from their estimates all consideration of the Union candidates, BELL and EVERETT, forgetting that their friends have gathered fresh courage, especially in the South, from the Democratic schism, and are evidently resolved to make a vigorous fight in all quarters. Take for instance such States as Delaware, Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina, Missouri, Kentucky and Louisiana. In some of these DOUGLAS is stronger than BRECKINRIDGE; in others weaker—but in all both candidates possess numerous, ardent and influential adherents who will see that electoral tickets are formed, and will urge the claims of their respective champions with all the ability at their command. In these States the Union party is not destitute of strength, especially in Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Kentucky. Now is it not probable that if the Union men conduct the canvass with proper spirit and energy, while the Democratic forces, BELL and EVERETT may slip in by pluralities? Is not this at least plausible? There is not one of these States in which a loss of ten thousand Democratic votes by diversion to one of the two candidates would not secure the electoral vote to the Opposition. We know it is thought that the Bell and Everett men will go over to the Democracy, and each wing flatters itself with the hope of acquiring them, but in all honesty we must say we see no signs of such defection. There is apparently more apathy in Louisiana than in any other State, and yet even here the supporters of the Union candidates express an invincible determination to adhere to them unflinchingly. If they did desert BELL, it would not be to sustain BRECKINRIDGE.

Let us now examine popular sentiment in other States of the South. Maryland has been so uniformly Opposition that with a divided Democracy it is next to certain that a plurality vote will be given to the Union ticket. With respect to Georgia, Alabama and Florida, they may be considered doubtful States. In the two former DOUGLAS has numerous friends, but we conceive the Breckinridge party to be decidedly stronger, and think it not improbable they will carry all three. The contest will be chiefly between them and the Union men. With respect to Mississippi, Arkansas and South Carolina, there can be very little hesitation indeed. They will almost certainly vote for the nominees of the Seceding Convention. So, too, would Texas, but for the fact that HOUSTON is immensely powerful there and will secure the votes of large numbers of the Opposition and of the disaffected Democrats. Texas is doubtful as between BRECKINRIDGE and HOUSTON.

With regard to the North, it is exceedingly difficult to establish data for a correct estimate. One point seems certain, viz: that in scarcely any of the Northern States will the Breckinridge wing be enabled to display the slightest strength. We question whether they will attempt to run electors in the Northwest or in New England. The contest in the non-slaveholding States will be between DOUGLAS and LINCOLN, with a respectable vote for BELL from the conservative element of the Opposition. Whatever influence the Administration may wield in the North will be indubitably arrayed against DOUGLAS. Nevertheless the popularity of the man is such that we think he stands a fair chance of carrying Pennsylvania, Illinois, Indiana, and may prevail in Connecticut, Ohio, Iowa and Wisconsin. California and Oregon are too distant to justify speculation. Their delegates sided with the Seceders, but that proves nothing: they may both be carried by DOUGLAS or LINCOLN.

From these calculations, confessedly imperfect, because the early state of the canvass precludes the possibility of exactness, but yet approximating the truth, the unprejudiced reader may perceive how groundless and premature are the boasts on either side. In fact all that prudent and cool observers can say is, that LINCOLN's chances have vastly improved in consequence of the hopeless quarrel between the Democrats. We fear there are thousands of nominal Democrats in the North who will now detach themselves from their old associates, and swell the ranks of Black Republicanism. If, however, LINCOLN should be beaten, for which we most devoutly pray, the election will be thrown into the House of Representatives. If it ever gets there, Providence alone can tell how the struggle will terminate.

A SIGN.—Our cotemporary of the *Crescent* takes strong ground in favor of Bell and Everett.

FOR NEW YORK.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that the magnificent steamship R. R. Cuyler will leave Savannah for New York on Thursday next, 5th July, connecting with the train leaving New Orleans on Saturday, at 12 M. The price of passage, including meals and berths, is only $29 75.

The Sheriff sells at auction this day, at 5 o'clock, P. M., at No. 23 Jefferson street, Second District, Household Furniture, &c. See advertisement.

THE CAPTURED AFRICANS.—The clipper ship Star of the Union, of 1100 tons, says the New York *Daily World*, sailed from that port last week for Key West, to take on board four hundred of the captured Africans now at Key West. This is the third ship the New York State Colonization Society has dispatched during this month. These vessels have been fitted out in accordance with the emigrant laws of the United States. They are provided with experienced surgeons and attentive nurses, a large supply of clothing is furnished by the Society, and every provision made for their health and comfort. Several carpenters will go out in this vessel to build houses for the Africans who are being taken to the coast of Africa. The cost to the Colonization Society for the charter of these vessels, the provision, clothing, and maintenance of the 1400 negroes transported in the ships for one year, will be over $100,000.

WHY JOHN ADAMS WAS NOT A SHOEMAKER.—The patriot John Adams, it is said, was designed for a shoemaker, like his father. One day Deacon Adams, his parent, gave his sons apparel to cut out by a pattern that had a three-cornered hole in it, by which it had hung upon a nail, and it was found that he had followed the pattern exactly, triangular hole and all. The Deacon, upon seeing this, decided that John wasn't fit to be a shoemaker, and put him to learning. The old patriot would have made a good printer in an office where the rule was to "follow copy."

MEMORANDUM.—Capt. Gregory, of the bark Rebecca, arrived last evening from New York, reports on the 13th inst., off Sand Key, Christopher Lawson stabbed Mr. Verill, chief mate, from the effects of which he is still suffering.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

The Great Eastern Arrived.

NEW YORK, June 28.—The mammoth steamship Great Eastern can be seen off Sandy Hook, bound in.

A fleet of vessels, of all sizes, have already gone down to meet her, to escort her up to the city.

The battery is densely crowded with huge masses of human beings, who are eagerly awaiting her arrival.

Mexican Treaty Postponed.—Washington, June 28.—The Senate yesterday in executive session resolved to postpone the consideration of the McLane-Ocampo treaty till the month of December.

Mayor Wood on the Nominations.—Washington, June 28.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald* says that the Mayor has been conferring with Douglas, Breckinridge, and the Administration.

He suggests that there be but one electoral ticket in the State of New York, unpledged to either candidate, but to throw the vote as deemed politic.

Both sides favor the proposition. If the proposition should happen to fail, Wood will go for Douglas.

The President has declared to the National Executive Committee his entire approval of the nomination of Breckinridge and Lane.

Governor Wise's Opinion.—Norfolk, June 28.—Governor Wise, of Virginia, pronounces the nomination of Breckinridge and Lane the most admirable to save the Union.

Meeting in Schenectady.—Schenectady, N. Y., June 28.—A meeting of the friends of Gen. Sam Houston will be called on the 19th for the purpose of nominating Houston electors for the State of New York.

Richmond Convention.—Richmond, June 28.—The Richmond Southern Constitutional Convention reassembled in this city pursuant to adjournment.

A resolution was passed declaring Breckinridge and Lane their choice.

The Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Arrival of the Northern Light.—New York, June 28.—The United States mail steamship Northern Light, of the Atlantic and Pacific Company's line, (formerly Vanderbilt's line) has arrived at this port from Aspinwall.

The Northern Light brings a large number of passengers and a valuable freight, brings $400,000 in specie on freight.

Confirmations by the Senate.—Washington, June 28.—The appointment of Judge Kinney as Chief Justice for the Territory of Utah, by the President, has been confirmed by the Senate.

The Senate has confirmed the President's appointment of Mr. Isaac H. Wright as Superintendent of the Springfield (Mass.) Armory.

The President will not fill the present vacancy in the Supreme Court till next winter.

After considering the two Indian treaties for some time they were finally ratified.

New York Markets.—New York, June 27.—The Flour market closed firm at an advance of 5c., the sales added up 12,000 bbls; superfine State is quoted at $5 30 to $5 45 per bbl. Corn closed dull; the sales amounted to 22,000 bushels at 67 to 72½c. Polar Whalebones are selling at 66c. Pork closed quiet and steady; there were 50 bbls sold at $18 62½ to $18 95. Lard closed firm; the sales range from 11¾ to 12¼c per pound. Coffee closed quiet but firm; St. Domingo is selling at 13¾c per pound. New Orleans Molasses is selling at 47c per gallon. The Sugar market is quiet; the sales summed up 1500 hhds. at 6¾c to 7¼c for Cuba.

Cincinnati Markets.—Cincinnati June 27.—Business in Flour at previous rates, the sales reached 700 barrels at $4 70 to $5. There were 1100 barrels Whisky sold at 17½ to 17¾c per gallon. Bacon closed buoyant at an advance of ¼c. The quotations for Pork and Lard are nominal. Corn closed active at 47c per bushel. Oats closed buoyant, and are selling at 38c per bushel.

River Intelligence.—Louisville, June 27.—The Ohio river at this point continues to recede, with 3 feet 7½ inches of water in the canal by the mark.

Steamboats Passing.—Vicksburg, June 28.—The steamer Belfast passed down at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The Mustang passed down at 2, the Henry Chouteau at 4, and the J. W. Woodford at 10 o'clock this morning.

Another Arrival from Europe.—*The Steamship Kangaroo at New York.*—New York, June 28.—The mail steamship Kangaroo, of the Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia line, reached her wharf last night.

The Kangaroo left the port of Liverpool on Wednesday, the 13th instant.

Her news has been fully anticipated by the Melita at Quebec and the Europa at Halifax.

Later from Havana.—*Arrival of the Steamships Granada and Matanzas.*—New York, June 28.—The United States mail steamship Granada, from New Orleans via Havana the 23d instant, reached her wharf this morning.

The steamship Matanzas, from Matanzas the 22d inst., has also arrived at this port.

The Granada and Matanzas report the sugar markets of Matanzas and Havana buoyant at full prices.

Molasses was dull, but quiet at previous quotations.

They have no political news of any importance to report.

Later European Intelligence by the Steamship Great Eastern—Successful Trip Across the Atlantic—New Scheme of the Emperor Napoleon—The Emperor's Reception at Baden—The Sicilian Insurrection—Affairs of Turkey.

SANDY HOOK, June 28.—The mammoth steamship Great Eastern, Captain Hall, successor to the late Captain Harrison, reached the light ship at half past seven o'clock this morning.

The Great Eastern left the Needles at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 17th instant.

The time between the Needles and the light ship ranged from 2¼ to 3½ miles in twenty-four hours. She draws twenty seven feet of water aft.

She is now lying near the light ship, awaiting a sufficient rise of water to enable her to cross and proceed opposite the battery, where she will cast anchor.

Every thing about her is in the most complete order.

The Great Eastern brings no later commercial news, but a few interesting political items received by telegraph from different points on the continent.

Sailing of the Adriatic.—The United States mail steamship Adriatic, from New York, arrived out at Havre, all well, and was to leave Cowes on Wednesday, the 20th inst., for New York.

European Political Intelligence.—*The Sicilian Affairs.*—The spirit of nationality in Sicily has now entered on such a career that it seems in a fair way of being irresistible. The intelligence from the continent is centered in the great events of which Sicily is the scene.

The several committees of Messina is at present in full correspondence with Garibaldi, who is still at Palermo, his present headquarters.

The recent news which has been laid before the public describing an insurrection in Calabria is at present denied, and said to be unfounded.

Dispatches from Palermo say that Catania, after having been pillaged, was evacuated by the Royal troops, whose loss during an engagement with a band of insurgents was severe.

Several Neapolitan officers and soldiers have deserted and returned to Palermo, whence they were sent to Calabria.

A dispatch dated Florence, June 16th, says it is reported that Baron Ricasoli is about resigning the office of Governor General of Tuscany.

A message dated Turin, June 16th, states that M. Thouvenel is acting in concert with Count Cavour respecting a policy for France and Sardinia in relation to the Sicilian affairs.

Dispatches received at Paris from Baron Brenner state that a revolution in Naples is considered imminent.

The Question of Annexation. The Governments of Russia and Austria refuse to recognize the annexation of Tuscany to Sardinia.

Napoleon at Baden. The Emperor Napoleon made his entry into Baden amid the most intense enthusiasm.

The procession gotten up on the occasion was splendid and of an imposing character.

The Emperor's New Scheme.—Napoleon is about to claim, as a compensation on account of a new territory which Garibaldi's successes will add to the House of Savoy, that Genoa, the Province of Nice and the Island of Sardinia should be annexed to France.

The Danubian Provinces.—The London *Weekly* says the great powers have discovered a scheme on the part of Russia and France to give the Danubian provinces to the Grand Duke of Leuchtenberg.

Later from Pike's Peak—Arrival of the Overland Express.

St. Joseph, Mo., June 28.—The overland express from Denver City arrived here to day.

The express brought upward of $11,000 in gold.

Little Rover, Chief of the Arapahoe tribe of Indians, is not dead, as was previously reported. His brother received a somewhat dangerous wound during the last engagement.

The reports from California are cheering, and crowds are rushing thither from Pike's Peak. Some of the claims are yielding fabulous amounts.

Gulch miners are realizing from fifteen to twenty dollars per day.

Cricket Match.—New York, June 28.—A grand cricket match between the St. George's and Kings County Clubs was played yesterday on the new ground at Hoboken. The match was won by the St. George's Club.

The Great Eastern at New York.—*Unbounded Enthusiasm.*—New York, June 28.—The Great Eastern made her way up to this city as soon as the tide was sufficiently high to permit her to cross the Narrows, and is now safely anchored opposite the battery.

Unbounded enthusiasm exists among the harbor crafts attending her.

Private Letters and Circulars.—*Cotton Market.*—New York, June 28.—Circulars by the steamship Great Eastern say the amount of Cotton received during the last business days adds up 33,000.

The quantity of Cotton now at sea from American ports sums up 152,000 bales, against 188,000 bales corresponding period last year.

The Europa at Boston.—Boston, June 28.—The Cunard steamship Europa reached her wharf to-day from Halifax.

Her mails have been distributed, and those for the South were dispatched by this evening's train.

Pacific Railway.—Washington, June 28.—In the Senate to-day unsuccessful attempts were made to order the printing of the eleventh volume of the Pacific Railway report.

Confirmation by the Senate.—Washington, June 28.—The appointment of Joseph E. Johnston as Quartermaster General of the Army, in place of the late General Jesup, was confirmed by the Senate to-day, after which it adjourned *sine die*.

New York Markets.—New York, June 28.—The Cotton market closed dull; Middling Uplands are nominal at 10⅝c. Flour closed quiet; the sales to-day were 15,000 barrels; Superfine State is quoted at $5 30 to $5 35 per barrel. The market for Corn closed dull; there were 8000 bushels sold at 64½ to 70c. Pork closed quiet but firm; the sales amounted to 4000 barrels at $18 62½ to $18 75 for new Mess. Lard in tierces is selling at 12 to 12½c. per pound.

Douglasites in Maine.—Portland, June 28.—Douglas electors were chosen to-day by the Democratic State Convention.

Cincinnati Markets.—Cincinnati, June 28.—The Flour market closed very dull; sales at $4 75. Oats are firm at 38c. per bushel. The market for Corn closed active at 47c. per bushel. Whisky is selling at 17⅛c. per gallon. Pork closed buoyant at $17 per bbl. There was nothing done in Lard to-day.

River Intelligence.—Louisville, June 28.—The Ohio river at this point continues to fall, with 3 feet 5 inches of water in the canal by the mark.

Speech of Mr. Douglas Accepting the Nomination.

WASHINGTON, June 21.

Late last night a procession was formed at the illuminated Douglas headquarters, and proceeded to the railroad station to receive the Illinois and other Baltimore delegates, who were accompanied by the Great Western band, and came by a special train. They repaired to the residence of Mr. Douglas, and complimented him with a serenade and huzzas. He, in acknowledging these evidences of their friendship, said: "Fellow-citizens, I thank you for this manifestation of your kindness and enthusiasm. The circumstances under which this vast crowd has assembled spontaneously and without previous notice demonstrate an earnestness of feeling which fills my heart with gratitude to be the chosen standard-bearer of the only political organization that is conservative and powerful enough to save the country from abolitionism and disunion; it is indeed an honor of which any citizen may be proud. I am fully impressed with the responsibility of the position, and trust that Divine Providence will impart to me the strength and wisdom to comply with all its requirements. [Applause.] Our beloved country is threatened with a fearful sectional antagonism, which places the Union itself in imminent peril. This antagonism is produced by the effort of one section of the Union to use the Federal Government for the purpose of restricting and abolishing slavery, and a corresponding effort in the other section for the purpose of forcing slavery into those regions where the people do not want it. [Cries of "That's true."] The ultra men in each section demand Congressional intervention upon the subject of the Territories. They agree in respect to the power and duty of the Federal Government to control the question, and differ only as to the mode of exercising the power. The one demands the intervention of the Federal Government for slavery and the other against it. Each appeals to the passions and prejudices of his section against the peace and harmony of the whole country. [Cries of "That's so," and applause.]

On the other hand, the position of all conservative and Union-loving men is, or at least ought to be, that of non-intervention of Congress with slavery in the Territories. [Cries of "That's the true doctrine," and applause.] This was the position of the Democratic party in the Presidential contests of 1848, 1852 and 1856. This was the position upon which Clay, Webster, Cass, and the friends of the Union and all political affinities of that day established the Compromise of 1850. Upon this common ground of non-intervention, they contended with and put to flight the Abolitionists of the North and the Secessionists of the South in that honorable contest. [Cries of "We'll do it again," and three cheers.] It was on this common ground of non-intervention that the Whigs and Democrats agreed to stand on their respective party platforms of 1852, and each party adhered faithfully to this principle so long as its organization was maintained. The Democrats still maintain it, and to the Keystone of the arch which binds the federal Union together; and to this cardinal principle of non-intervention has the Democratic party renewed the pledge of its faith at Charleston and Baltimore. [Cheers and cries of "We'll keep the faith."]

As the chosen representative of that great party it is my fixed purpose to keep the faith and redeem that pledge at all hazards and under all circumstances. [Three cheers for Douglas.] The safety of the Union depends upon the strict adherence to the doctrine of non-intervention. Intervention, whether by the North or by the South, whether for or against slavery, tends directly to disunion. Upon this identical question are attempts now being made to destroy the Democratic party, because the majority of interventionists could not intimidate the majority into an abandonment of the doctrine of non intervention. They have seceded from the organization of the Democratic party and are endeavoring to form a new party in hostility to it. [Cries of "let them go, we can whip the disunionists North and South."] Secession from the Democratic party means secession from the Federal Union. [That's so, and applause.] Those who enlist under the secession banner now will be expected on the 4th of March next to take up arms against the constituted authorities. In certain contingencies, we are told, in a certain event, the South must finally, must forcibly resist the inauguration of the President elect, while we find those who are loudest in their threats of such resistance engaged in the scheme to divide and destroy the Democratic party, thereby securing the election of the Republican candidate.

Does not this line of policy look to disunion? (Cries of "Yes, it does.") Intelligent men must be presumed to understand the tendency and consequences of their own actions; that their course is to divide and defeat the Democratic party, which, if successful must lead directly to the secession of the Southern States. I trust that they will see what must be the result of such a policy and return to the regular organization and platform of the party before it is too late to save the country. [Applause.] The Union must be preserved, [cheers] the Constitution must be maintained inviolate, [renewed cheering] and it is our mission under Divine Providence to save the Constitution and the Union from the assaults of Northern Abolitionists and Southern Disunionists. [Immense applause and three cheers for Douglas.] My friends, I have detained you too long, and will close my speech by renewing the expression of my sincere thanks. [Many voices—"Go on."] Mr. Douglas—No, it is nearly the Sabbath morning. [A voice—"We will listen to you a year, Judge"] and I merely made my appearance to acknowledge the compliment you have paid me by so large a meeting at this hour of the night. I recognize among you the faces of several old friends and a large number of my immediate neighbors from Illinois, as well as others from almost every State in the Union. I only regret my house is not large enough to enable me to invite you in and to take you individually by the hand. [A voice—"your heart is big enough."]

Three times three cheers were given for Stephen A. Douglas, the next President of the United States. The procession next proceeded to the quarters of Gov. Fitzpatrick and afforded him an opportunity of judging of the quality of a Chicago band. As the Vice Presidential nominee had retired to bed, representative Cox, at his instance, returned thanks for the patriotic and unasked compliment.

Representative Mr. McClernand pledged the Northwest for Douglas.

It may here be stated for a matter of fact that both wings of the Democratic party are delighted with their respective nominees, and are alike confident of success.

Messrs. Breckinridge and Lane accept, considering it their duty to do so for the sake of the country as well as of the Democracy.

Under the head of "*No Entangling Alliances*," the Richmond *Whig* makes a stirring appeal to the Whigs of the South. Desiring that our readers should see a little on every side, we copy a passage or two:

We would address ourselves on this subject, in an especial manner, to our Opposition friends in the Gulf States—in Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana—where earnest and persistent efforts will no doubt be made by the supporters of Breckinridge and Douglas both, to enlist the Whigs and Americans in support of their respective candidates. But give no heed to either the Douglas or the Breckinridge men, and let these two factions fight their own battles, without any aid or encouragement from you. Make no bargain or compromise with either—enter into no alliance with either—but oppose and battle against both with all your energy.

It is abundantly clear to one mind that the Constitutional Union party—*the only* remaining national party in the field—can carry if it is in the power to carry for Bell and Everett the electoral vote of *every* Southern State, save and except perhaps the State of South Carolina. There being two Democratic tickets in the field, with no earthly chance for the election of either, thousands upon top of thousands of conservative Democrats in each of the Southern States will willingly and gladly vote for Bell, as the only hope of preventing the election of Lincoln, and putting down and crushing out the pestilent sectional organizations that now disturb the peace of the country and endanger the Union. With two Democratic electoral tickets, one for Douglas and one for Breckinridge, which will necessarily divide the Democratic vote, the friends of Bell and Everett will be the *plurality* party in every Southern State, thus being able to give the *electoral* vote of every Southern State to Bell and Everett. We believe and know that this gratifying result can be accomplished, if the Whigs and Americans will stand firmly by their colors, and work and vote, zealously and unitedly, for our able and distinguished *national* candidates. We earnestly entreat and beseech them all, therefore, to hold fast to their political integrity and repudiate the idea of any alliance of any sort with either the Douglas or the Breckinridge men. And if they will do this, as we believe they will, to a man, we shall sweep the South for Bell and Everett, and *make certain their election by the people*. For with the South thus united upon them, that assurance of itself will arouse and concentrate the conservatives of the North in their behalf, and enable us to carry six or eight Northern States, without doubt. Let every man, then, stand by his guns, and work with zeal and energy, and a glorious victory will be ours!

PITTSBURG, June 25.—One hundred guns have been fired, amid great enthusiasm, in honor of Douglas. Samuel Harper and others made patriotic speeches.

ST. LOUIS, June 25.—The Seceders are holding a great ratification meeting to-night. The *Bulletin* office is covered with flags and transparencies.

Col. Preston, U. S. Minister to Spain, will be serenaded at the Planters' House this evening.

One hundred and five guns are being fired in Lucas Park. The enthusiasm is fully equal to that of Douglas's.

SANDUSKY, O., June 25.—The Democracy of this city fired thirty-one guns in honor of the nomination of Douglas. There were bonfires, speeches, music, &c.

The Baltimore correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* says that at the National Democratic street meeting on Monday night week a ludicrous mistake occurred, and it happened thus:

There being loud calls of "Toombs," "Toombs," Mr. Moore, editor of the Cambria (Pa.) *Mountaineer*, who was near by, mistook the sound, and wondering at his sudden and extensive popularity, thought he was called for. "Toombs," "Toombs," amid the clamor was "Moore," "Moore" to his ear. With feelings than can be imagined better than they can be described, he made his way to the front of the balcony and thanked his fellow-citizens for their wise impartiality, proceeding to make a strong Douglas speech. In vain did the Yancey men try to interrupt him. In vain was he pulled by the coat-tail, nudged in the ribs, caught by the elbow. The people, equally in the dark as himself, cheered him, and more than overbalanced the attempt of the Yancey men to cry him down. He continued in an emphatic Douglas vein, and the whispered importunities of friends and foes around him to doubt, telling him that he was in the wrong place, could not convince him. So he made his speech.

Further Particulars of the Loss of the Steamer Ben Lewis.

The St. Louis *Republican* has the following respecting this sad calamity:

CAIRO, June 25, 1860.—The boat was torn to pieces by the explosion all forward of the wheelhouses. After burning to the water's edge she sunk. From the best information we can obtain at this hour, but few were lost, not over six or eight, though some say that persons were on the burning boat just before she sunk. Mr. Williams, of St. Louis, saved his wife and two daughters, and probably all his family. The Mayor of Cairo and the citizens generally took all possible care of the wounded, had them brought to the St. Charles Hotel, and provided clothing and all other comforts for them.

The following are here wounded:

T. Flanigan, Dubuque, leg badly hurt; —— Marshall, clerk, badly scalded; Henry Mason, deck hand, badly bruised; Mr. Newton, Arkansas, head hurt; Mrs. Simpson, Memphis, slightly injured, and her boy supposed to be lost; Miss Morrison, Cape Girardeau, head hurt; —— Tyler, negro, very badly scalded; D. Atherton, scalded.

P. McKye, slightly injured; also a few others whose names we have not yet learned.

Capt. Nunson has not been heard of and is supposed to be lost, but there are several of the saved on the Missouri side of the river, and there is yet hope.

To the names of the injured must be added those of Mrs. Warmack, of Memphis, badly scalded, and Catharine McFarland, of Baton Rouge, badly wounded in the head.

A gentleman named Williams, of St. Louis, who got off the Lewis here, leaving his family on board, besought the captain of the Bay City, with tears in his eyes, to start out his boat, but he was deaf to all entreaties. Such a man simply deserves the execration of every body. The Sunny Side came down from St. Louis shortly after the boat commenced burning, and rendered very valuable assistance.

Some of the passengers of the Lewis who were picked up out of the river took passage on the Bay City, for St. Louis, and were put off on the Missouri side by her captain because they had no money. A crowd of people started out this morning to lynch the captain of the Bay City, but were persuaded not to do so. The indignation felt on account of this treatment of the unfortunate victims is very great.

Capt. Nunson is probably lost. There are no survivors on the Missouri side. The second clerk, the mail agent, two chamber maids, and two stewards are missing. The wounded are mostly doing well, and are well cared for at the St. Charles Hotel.

LAST HOURS OF THE DOUGLAS CONVENTION.—We find the following in our Baltimore exchanges:

Mr. Wickliffe, of Louisiana, offered the following, which he said would give Douglas 40,000 in his State:

"Resolved, That it is in accordance with the Cincinnati platform, that during the existence of Territorial governments the measure of restriction, whatever it may be, imposed by the federal constitution on the power of the Territorial Legislature over the subject of the domestic relations, as the same has been or shall hereafter be finally determined by the Supreme Court of the United States, should be respected by all good citizens, and enforced with promptness and fidelity by every branch of the General Government."

Mr. Payne, of Ohio, called for the previous question, when the resolution was adopted.

The Convention then, after the passage of several unimportant resolutions, adjourned *sine die*.

TRIBUTE TO AN AMERICAN SHIP BUILDER.—We have been shown, says the *National Intelligencer*, an oval box, studded with diamonds, emeralds and opals, presented by the Emperor of Russia to Mr. Wm. H. Webb, of New York, as a testimonial of the Emperor's satisfaction with the manner in which Mr. Webb executed the contract for building the frigate Grand Admiral for the Russian Government. The following is the letter of the Russian Minister of Marine conveying to Mr. Webb the handsome testimonial:

Sir: His Imperial Highness, the Grand Admiral, desires me to acknowledge the reception of your letter dated the 7th of January. He has great pleasure to state it once more that he is perfectly satisfied with the performances of the frigate, especially with her speed, facility in handling, and spacious accommodations—qualities so essential in an efficient war steamer.

His Highness is also very much pleased with the manner you conducted the whole of the business, and if he did not give you more orders it was not in consequence of want of good qualities in the ship, or any deficiency in the fulfillment of the contract, carried through all its numerous details with the utmost care and good faith.

I may add that, as a proof of the entire satisfaction of the Imperial Government, his Majesty has been pleased to acknowledge your services in ordering a handsome diamond box to be forwarded to you through our representative in the United States, which was done immediately after you left St. Petersburg.

I remain, dear sir, yours truly devoted,
N. METLIN, Minister of Marine.
To Mr. WEBB.

HELPER IN THE SENATE.—A pretty good "sell" was perpetrated in the House the other day by some of its members, who pretended to have just returned from the Senate, and asked every one they met if they had "heard of the excitement in the Senate." "Why no," would be the reply, "what was it?" "The greatest excitement of the season, far ahead of the Haskin affair," continued the reporters. "Well, what was it?" eagerly asked the hearers. "Why," responded the relators, "just as the chaplain of the Senate was opening with prayer, and got as far as 'Oh, Lord, thou art our *Helper*'—to the amazement of the Republicans every Democratic Senator drew his bowie knife, and exclaimed in a loud voice, 'Where is he?'"

REMARKABLE GROWTH OF BEARD.—Mrs. Lucinda S. Standiford, now about thirty-two years of age, wife of Aaron T. Standiford, residing in Tollesborough, Lewis county, Kentucky, has a full suit of beard about five inches in length, grown upon her face since the 1st of September, 1859. Her husband informs us that he and Lucinda were married about thirteen years ago, and that they have three children, all living; that his wife had no indications of beard until about the 1st of last September, and that it commenced growing at that time. He states that it grew faster at one time than another; that sometimes it grew as much as one-half inch in a week; that it is thick, very dark, and coarse like male's beard, and has never been shaved or trimmed. Another fact is this: she has no beard upon her upper lip, it being smooth, and she has none on her neck. The beard extends up to within one and a half inch of each ear, and a space about one half to one inch in width from her mouth over her chin to her neck has no beard. Owing to the frequent calls to see so great a curiosity, her husband has made arrangements to have her for exhibition at the Union agricultural fair in this part of the State. Mr. Standiford is a shoemaker by trade and a poor man, and by exhibiting at the fairs will realize something for the support of his family. Mrs. Standiford would be a valuable acquisition to Barnum.—*Maysville Eagle*.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Trial of Patrick Eagan for the Murder of His Wife—*Another Candidate for the Gallows.*—There was another trial and conviction of murder yesterday in the First District Court, and one of the clearest cases of the week—that of Patrick Eagan, for the murder of his wife. Judge T. H. Hunt presided, and the Attorney General and District Attorney represented the State, while the prisoner was defended by the counsel appointed by Court, Samuel Myers, Esq. The jury were selected as follows:

Messrs. M. R. Allen, L. P. Harang, N. Verbeck, M. O. Dubreuil, Lorenzo Rice, John E. Thomas, J. H. Irvin, Jean Sergas, Fred. Watkins, H. B. Sheek, Henry Brandt, F. M. Nelson.

The Coroner's inquest was submitted, and Dr. Hart was sworn, to show that Catharine Eagan, the deceased, came to her death from congestion of the brain and rupture of the spleen, caused by the beating she had received.

Margaret MacNamara, sworn—On Sunday night, June 10th, after supper, I was performing my domestic duties, preparatory to going to bed. Just about the time I was getting into bed I heard a noise up stairs over my head. Patrick Eagan and wife lived in the rooms above. The noise was as if two persons were rushing about and through the rooms. I listened for some time, and the noise continued for some time; a man and then like two persons struggling. After the scuffling and beating going on for some time, I heard a person get up and go to them, and talk as if he wished to make peace between them; then I heard, as it seemed, three persons coming down the steps. I don't know where they went. While they were coming down I heard Mrs. Eagan say, "Oh, I am dead!" Some one then came to my room and called me, and told me to come up stairs to see Mrs. Eagan, as she was very ill. I asked him what had happened to her; he said he did not know. I then put on a garment and went up stairs. I found Mrs. Eagan lying on the trundle bed, with a woman holding her. She was struggling and in great distress, and retching, as if trying to vomit. I asked her what was the matter, and she said, "Oh, my back." She called for water, and as soon as she got it, she pushed it on her stomach, instead of drinking it. Eagan was at the door of the room when I went up; he afterwards came to the side of the bed. We asked him to help us lift her into the other bed, and he said he would not. I then asked another man to help us lift her on the bed, and he did so. As she lay on the trundle bed, before we lifted her on the other bed, she threw and tore off all her clothes. Eagan told her to keep herself covered, and at the same time lift her twice on the abdomen with the flat of his hand. I said to him don't hit her any more, she is dying. He said, "No, she is not, she is only fainting, but if she does die I will bury her decently." I think she lived about half an hour after I went up stairs. I looked, but I did not see any marks but one on her forehead. The scuffling heard sounded as if one person was rushing against another, or like a push or stroke against a soft substance. Eagan and his wife were the only persons up stairs at the time I heard the noise.

Catharine Darcy, sworn—I live at No. 9 Locde's Row, next door to where Eagan and his wife lived. On Sunday evening I heard Eagan, who was sitting on his own door steps, abusing his wife and calling her vile names; at the same time he was grinding his teeth, as if in a great rage. Mrs. Eagan was sitting inside the door, but I did not hear her make any reply. After some time Mrs. Eagan came to my house and said she wanted to stay there a little while, as her husband told her to leave the house or he would split her head open with the lid of the stove, which he had in his hand; and she asked me to stay on the steps while she was the matter, and he had begged him to let her go in, but not to throw her out. It was between four and five o'clock when she came to my house. She staid at my house about half an hour, and while there showed me the marks of her husband's nails on the backs of her hands. She went home, and every thing appeared to go on quietly until I was waked up in the night by her screams, and I heard him say, go now you ——, go. She still continued screaming —a kind of choking scream. I thought he had put her out of the house, and got up to go to her, thinking if she was out, to bring her in. When I went into the yard I found some of the boarders sitting on the steps. I still heard the screaming of Mrs. Eagan, and also the children; and he was talking. I asked a man on the steps what was the matter, and he said, something between themselves; I was afraid to go up stairs, but I ventured, and went up. I found Mrs. Eagan lying on the trundle bed, with her arms stretched out, and her face pale and her eyes sunk. I asked her what was the matter. She immediately caught me round the neck and asked me to raise her up, she spoke with a broken speech, and called for water, which was got; and instead of drinking it, she poured it on her stomach. The only thing I heard her say was that she was smothering. She kept retching and choking like a person dying, and threw up a small quantity of water. The two children were sitting on the large bed and screaming. She kept struggling and pulled her clothes off, as if in great distress, and when I did not know what to do. While she was lying that way, Eagan came up to her in a brutal manner, and said, "Cover yourself, woman," at the same time he gave her two slaps with the flat of his hand on the abdomen. She rolled off the bed; I could not hold her on. I went for Mrs. MacNamara, and she came up. Eagan refused to help us put his wife to bed, and one of the men helped us. I then went for her sister, and when I came back she was dead.

Jno. Burke, a boarder in Eagan's house, testified to hearing screams, and went up and saw Eagan beating his wife. Michael McCann and Jno. Walsh also heard the deceased scream, but they gave their testimony with reluctance, and endeavored to shield the accused as much as possible. Walsh said he only heard her scream once. Mrs. A. Sullivan and Mrs. John Walsh heard the screams, and testified that Eagan's general treatment of his wife was brutal. Just before she was killed he told Mrs. Walsh that these were hard and he was not going to support that —— of a wife of his any longer.

The little son of the prisoner and deceased, who saw the whole of the fatal beating, was in Court, but the Attorney-General declined putting him upon the witness seat, saying he would not place it within the power of any one in the future to point the finger of scorn at him and say, there is a man who sent his father to the gallows.

The defense introduced the evidence of Doctors Tussy and Rondanez to show that rupture of the spleen might have been caused by fright after a long fit of sickness. James Brady, John Coleman and John T. Monroe were sworn to prove good character for the accused. He had been in the employ of the latter on the levee.

District Attorney Bradford opened for the State, Mr. Myers then made an argument for the prisoner, the Attorney-General closed, and the jury, after a short deliberation, brought in a verdict of "*guilty of murder*."

Great Lynching Meeting—Storming of the Parish Prison—The Shooting—The Lynchers Routed.—The great public demonstration, which was to result in nothing less than the lynching of Martin, the black villain, and ridding our city of the free colored population, came off last night, and the country is still safe—the Parish Prison is not yet in ruins, Martin has a whole skin, and the free colored population have nothing to fear.

At eight o'clock a crowd of some fifteen hundred to two thousand persons, of all sizes and every size, collected in Lafayette Square to see what was going on, but nothing did go on. The impatient ones called on several persons for speeches, but no oratory was sparked. This could not be stood long, so some of them concluded to walk out to the Parish Prison to see what was going on there. There were several hundred in this crowd, and the battle array of small and unwashed boys was terrible to behold. A waggish fellow, who is a member of an uptown engine company, carried a piece of rope on his arm and led the van, crying out, "Hang him! take him out and hang him!" They sauntered down St. Charles and Royal streets, and out St. Peter to the Parish Prison.

Here they were met by Sheriff Parker, Mr. Felix Flechier and a couple of other gentlemen. Mr. Parker advanced and asked them several times if they wanted any thing. The foremost looked at the Sheriff and then at each other, with a very blank expression indeed, and not one had the presence of mind even to reply, "Well I don't mind if I do take a little brandy and water." Probably with a view of relieving this embarrassment, Mr. Flechier fired three caps on his revolver. In an instant a terrible panic spread through the crowd, and they rushed pell-mell and breathless in every direction for several squares, to the great amusement of those who saw the joke.

After a while the curious again commenced collecting around the prison, blocking up the sidewalk. They appeared to find a great deal to interest them in the blank walls, at which they stared with out a thought of getting tired. A single policeman then went amongst them saying, "Clear the way; don't obstruct the banquette." They got out into the street, and crowds remained until a late hour waiting to see, some attack, but there was none. Lieutenant Gastinel called in the police of the District when the crowd first came down, and they were on hand, all well armed, in case the affair had not proved such a ludicrous finale.

Our School Literature.—We have been favored with an invitation to be present this afternoon at one o'clock, at the inauguration of the Garland and the reading of the Magnolia, both edited by the young ladies of the Girls' High School, Fourth District.

The Late Mr. P. O. Peyroux.—At the last meeting of the Second District Public School Directors, the following preamble and resolutions, presented by Mr. J. H. Probst, were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, the Board of Directors of the Second District Public Schools have heard with regret of the death of a well known and highly esteemed member, Mr. P. O. Peyroux, wherefore be it

Resolved, That by the death of Mr. Peyroux, this Board has lost one of its brightest ornaments, the community one of its best citizens, his children a kind and indulgent father, his friends one whose love was worth possessing.

Resolved, That this Board tender to his bereaved family their tenderest condolence for the great loss that has befallen them.

Resolved, That the members of this Board wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

The Knife and Revolver.—A fight occurred in Geo. Kent's den on Gallatin street, at half-past ten o'clock last night, in which Geo. H. Holmes cut a severe gash on the right arm of John Russell. At the police were all out at the Parish Prison, Kent brought Holmes to the lock-up himself.

Recorder Adams yesterday sent Jno. Gafney before the Criminal Court for shooting Philip Blankin in the right leg with a revolver, on the 28th of May. The men had a difficulty in the yard of Lambach's house, on St. Mary street, and Gafney went into his own house next door, and getting his revolver, fired two shots through a hole in the fence at Blankin.

Burglary.—Wm. Williams was remanded yesterday by Recorder Emerson to await investigation on the charge of entering the store of Mrs. Anna Chis, ban, corner of Circus and Perdido streets, and robbing the counter drawer of $22 in silver and a pocket-book containing $5 and a lottery ticket, while she was in a back room.

Stabbing Affair.—Officer Molloy yesterday arrested Thomas Donovan at the request of some citizens on St. Jane street, who charge him with dangerously stabbing Joseph McLaughlin. Donovan was drunk when arrested, and the particulars are not known.

Third Judicial District Court.—*Judge Burthe.*—On Monday last Daniel Rosenquest and wife, jointly charged with possessing counterfeit coin, were tried and found guilty.

Peter Young and Anna Young, his wife, were tried, on Tuesday last, on the charge of murder, and acquitted.

SOOTHING AND BRACING.—There is no preparation in existence which has such a soothing effect in cases of nervous excitement as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Although the fame of this renowned invigorant rests mainly on its astonishing cures of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and intestinal disorders, it is equally efficacious in nervous complaints. These tonic properties are remarkable; its specific effect in that direction, is most prompt... [illegible] ...Sold by druggists generally. je16

OFFICE OF THE UNION INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in conformity with Article Four of the Charter of this Company, the annual election for nine Directors to serve during the ensuing year, from the fourth Monday in July next, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Canal and St. Charles streets, on MONDAY, the 9th day of July, 1860, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
J. M. CRAWFORD, Secretary.
New Orleans, June 29, 1860 je29-td

Wanted to Rent.
A FIRST-CLASS DWELLING, situated near the business part of the city. Apply to M. BUJAC, Corner of Gravier and Carondelet streets. je22 6t

Stockton Hotel,
AT THE BAY OF ST. LOUIS.

MADAME STOCKTON informs her friends and the public that the Hotel is now open to the travelling community. The establishment has undergone complete repairs, and is now provided with every possible accommodation for boarders. The culinary department will, as heretofore, be particularly choice. Fine bath, wharf and bathing-houses for visitors. je28 1m

POTATOES—250 barrels new Creole, landing and for sale by
ONIONS—50 barrels Creole, in store.
DRIED APPLES—50 barrels Ohio, in store.
GARLIC—150 bunches Creole, in store.
RED BEANS—75 barrels N. others Kidney, in store.
CANADA PEAS—25 barrels, in store.
WHITE BEANS—200 barrels Western navy, landing from steamer Belfast.
SPLIT PEAS—100 barrels, half barrels, quarters and eighths in store.
BARLEY—150 packages choice Pearl, in store.
RICE—25 tierces prime Carolina, in store and for sale by
CUCULLU & JULIAN,
No. 80 (late 14) Poydras st. je23

Dog Found.
IN the Second District, a Newfoundland Dog. The owner can have him by paying charges. Apply at the Commonwealth Coffee-house, corner St. Ann and Chartres streets. je27 3t

Mexican Wool.
13,000 POUNDS, in store and for sale by FREAU & COUTURIE, 31 and 33 Gravier st. je27

LANDING ex barque Fanny Ealer, Lodge, master, from Bordeaux—
8 cases Bureaux Claret, 1856;
10 do Queyries Claret, 1856;
10 do St. Emilion do, 1855;
10 do Medoc, St. Christoly Claret, 1858;
25 boxes extra Cordials, Marie Brizard;
10 do Anisette, do;
10 do Cassis a la Vanille, do;
10 do Maraschino, Marie Brizard;
100 Bayonne Smoked Hams;
For sale by FAURES & NORMAN, 27 and 29 Royal st. je27

CHOICE ASPARAGUS—Received per steamship Cahawba—4 dozen choice Asparagus in boxes; 10 do, 10 half boxes; for sale by FAURES & NORMAN, 27 and 29 Royal st. je27

DELBECK & DE BERGHEN CHAMPAGNE—Daily expected per bark Bastelle, from New York—30 boxes Delbeck & De Berghen Champagne, quarts; 20 do do do, pints; for sale by FAURES & NORMAN, 27 and 29 Royal st. je27

OLIVES, CAPERS, PICKLES, &c.—500 boxes for sale by FAURES & NORMAN, 27 and 29 Royal st. je27

TO arrive per ship Magnolia—100 cases sardines, qr. boxes, F. Rondenet; 40 casks Claret, Margaux; 50 casks Claret, Medoc; 20 quarter pipes Cognac, Larronde; 20 eighth pipes Cognac, Larronde; 75 half cases Wine of the following marks: H. Drian, Cantenac, Margaux, St. Emilion and Lafitte. For sale by S. D. GRATIAA & CO., No. 60 Customhouse st. je27

LANDING ex ship Lemuel Dyer, from Havre—2 tons Gruyere Cheese. For sale by J. N. CURIEN, No. 20 Toulouse street. je27

LANDING ex ship Fanny Ealer, from Bordeaux, 150 casks Cotes Frasque Claret; 25 casks St. Emilion Claret; 50 casks Ch. Mauvais Claret; 50 casks superior Larose; 40 casks Ch. Rousseau; 5 casks superior St. Lambert Medoc; 30 casks superior St. Lambert Medoc; 2 casks Haut Sauterne White Wine; 12 casks Barsac White Wine; 100 boxes superior St. Lambert Medoc, 1856. For sale by J. N. CURIEN, No. 20 Toulouse street. je27

CLARET—350 boxes Claret, landing ex ship Fanny Ealer, from Bordeaux, and for sale by FREAU & COUTURIE, Nos. 31 and 33 Gravier st. je26

CLARET—150 casks family Claret, landing ex ship Fanny Ealer, from Bordeaux, and for sale by FREAU & COUTURIE, 31 and 33 Gravier st. je26

LANDING ex ship Fanny Ealer, arrived from Bordeaux—2 octaves French Brandy Coloring; 40 casks Claret Wine, choice, for family use; 20 bales, of 10,000, strait Corks, in bags of 500 each; 10 casks Claret Wine, good ordinary; 27 bbls White Wine, Haut Sauterne; for sale by X. LAMBERT, 82 (late 62) Magazine street.

LANDING ex ship Lemuel Dyer, from Havre—50 baskets, 24 half baskets each, Royal Hunter champagne, H. Desbordes Fils; for sale by V. MAIGNAN, 17 St. Louis st. je25

LANDING ex brig M. A. Stevens, from Havana, and for sale by the undersigned—15 barrels superior white Havana Honey; 20,000 Cigars, El Malenge. F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee st., bet. Dumaine and St. Philip sts. je25

SPANISH PLAYING CARDS—150 dozen Spanish Playing Cards; for sale by F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee st., bet. Dumaine and St. Philip sts. je25

ARABIAN BITTERS—500 boxes Arabian Bitters; for sale by F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee st., bet. Dumaine and St. Philip sts. je25

IN store and for sale by the undersigned—250 boxes absynth, E. Pernod, C. P. Berger, C. Lecoultre, Richard Muller; 20 do creme de Ment d'Or and extrait punch Suisse; 174 do vermouth, Noilly, Prat & Co., Picard & Co., Riverso Freres; 150 baskets Champagne, Creme de Bouzy, F. Barbe & Co., Jacquesson & Son, and Red Star. F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee st., bet. Dumaine and St. Philip sts. je25

CLARET—25 casks claret, Beyrie Margaux; 15 half do do, Beyrie Margaux; 20 casks do, Pauillac; 40 do do, St. Julien; 25 do do, Cote de Bouzy; 375 boxes de St. Julien; 120 do do, Lafitte, Margaux, Latour, Beychevelle and Batailley. For sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 16 and 18 St. Louis st. je25

CHAMPAGNE, Krug & Co., for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 16 and 18 St. Louis st. je25

BRICKS—500,000 domestic bricks, for sale by C. CAVAROC & CO., 118 Royal st. je25 6t

ABSYNTHE—500 boxes, E. Pernod; 250 do, C. F. Berger. For sale deliverable per ship India, expected from Havre. C. CAVAROC & CO., 118 Royal st. je25 6t

KIRSCHWASSER—30 boxes, E. Pernod; 12 do, C. F. Berger. For sale deliverable per ship India, from Havre. C. CAVAROC & CO., 118 St. Louis st. je25 6t

FRUITS IN JUICE—50 boxes, Rodel; 36 do, Lefevre. In store and for sale by the undersigned. C. CAVAROC & CO., 118 Royal st. je25 6t

WHITE WINE—200 boxes Haut Sauterne; 100 bbls do do; 200 boxes do do; 125 casks do do; 15 half do do, 30 half do Graves; in store and for sale by C. CAVAROC & CO., 118 Royal street. je25 6t

TEAS—200 chests Powchong; for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st. je19

CONGRESS WATER—75 boxes; for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st. je19

SUMATRA PEPPER—150 bags; for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st. je19

QUININE—4000 ounces, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st. je19

COCOANUT OIL—1 tierce, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st. je19

OPORTO WINE—75 quarter casks, direct from London docks, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st. je19

MACARONI, VERMICELLI, AND ASSORTED PASTES—1000 boxes macaroni; 1000 do vermicelli; 500 do assorted pastes; 500 half do macaroni and vermicelli; 25 boxes semoule, extra. For sale by LANATA BROTHERS, 9 and 11 Jefferson st. je18

WINES—WINES—300 casks Bergasse wine, dark color; 30 pipes Catalonia wine, dark color; 30 half do Catalonia wine, dark color; 100 baskets Madeira wine; 100 do Oporto wine. For sale by LANATA BROTHERS, 9 and 11 Jefferson st. je18

RED AND WHITE SPARKLING ASTI WINE—25 boxes Tokai; 25 do Nebbiolo; 25 do Brachetto; 25 do Barbera; 25 do Barolo; 25 do Moscato; 25 do Passeretta. For sale by LANATA BROTHERS, 9 and 11 Jefferson st. je18

SAUSAGES—PARMESAN CHEESE—10 boxes Bologna sausages; 20 do Parmesan cheese. For sale by LANATA BROTHERS, 9 and 11 Jefferson st. je18

ESSENCES—3 cans essence of Bergamotte; 3 do de Lemon; 2 do de Portugal; 5 bottles de Pervico. For sale by LANATA BROTHERS, 9 and 11 Jefferson st. je18

HAVANA SUGAR—White, Yellow and Brown, in store, for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse street, between Chartres and Old Levee. je16

MEXICAN TOBACCO—45 bales, for fillers and wrappers, landing and for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse st., between Chartres and Old Levee sts. je16

TOBACCO—Havana, St. Jago de Cuba and Mexican, for fillers and wrappers; in store and for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse street, between Chartres and Old Levee. je16

ALMONDS—150 boxes shelled, and 100 bags soft shell, in store; for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse street, between Chartres and Old Levee. je16

HONEY—40 barrels and tierces White Havana Honey, in store and for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse st., bet. Chartres and Old Levee sts. je16

COGNAC LARRONDE FRERES—34 qr. pipes, direct, in bond and for sale by X. LAMBERT, 82 (late 62) Magazine street. je16

SARDINES—300 cases in quarter boxes, Martin & Fonseu; 300 cases in half boxes, do do. For sale by S. D. GRATIAA & CO., No. 60 Customhouse st. my2

CARRARA MARBLE—30 blocks White Marble; 100 slabs of 2 inches; 300 do of 1 inch; landing ex bark Giulia, and for sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st. je8

CATALONIA AND MARSEILLES WINES—60 pipes Red Wine, dark color; 200 half do Red Wine, dark color; landing ex bark Giulia, and for sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st. je8

LYONS SAUSAGES—Landing ex ship Danube, from Havre, 200 pounds superior Lyons Sausages; for sale by DUNTZE & CO., Corner Royal and Conti. je8

HAVANA SWEETMEATS—40 cases guava paste and jelly, in quarter, half and one and two pound boxes, in store and for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse st., between Chartres and Old Levee sts. je16

WINE—75 barrels Madeira Wine; 30 do Sherry do; 25 do Malaga do; for sale by F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee st., bet. Dumaine and St. Philip sts. je8

BEEF—50 barrels Family Mess; 50 half do Family Mess; for sale by GABRIEL PASCAL, 27 Old Levee st. je11

CIGARS—400,000 Havana Cigars, assorted sizes and brands, in store and for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse st., between Chartres and Old Levee sts. je16

Bell and Everett Meeting
AT
ODD FELLOWS' HALL,
TO
CHOOSE DELEGATES.

In the absence of any organization in this city for the support of BELL AND EVERETT for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency of the United States, and in accordance with the following resolutions, it becomes my duty, as President of the meeting held at Odd Fellows' Hall on the 28th May last, to invite the friends of "the Constitution, the Union and the Enforcement of the Laws," favorable to the above ticket to meet at ODD FELLOWS' HALL, in Mass Meeting, on SATURDAY NEXT, 30th June, at 8 o'clock, P. M., to elect DELEGATES TO THE STATE CONVENTION, which is to meet on the 4th of July in Baton Rouge, for the purpose of selecting a BELL AND EVERETT State Electoral Ticket for the Presidential campaign, and for the formation of a State Executive Committee:

Resolved, That we admit of no other Platform than the Constitution.

Resolved, That the citizens of Louisiana who revere the Constitution of their country, and regard it as the charter of their liberties, and who ardently desire to see the Union of the States perpetuated, be requested to hold meetings in their respective parishes to elect delegates to a Convention to be held at Baton Rouge on the 4th of July next, for the purpose of nominating an Electoral Ticket for this State.

je28 3t C. ROSELIUS.

CELEBRATION
OF THE
SECOND ANNIVERSARY
OF THE
YOUNG MEN'S BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION!
July 1st, 1860.

THE officers and members of this Association are hereby notified to meet at the Hall of Polar Star Lodge, No. 10, I. O. O. F., on St. Louis street, between Royal street and Exchange alley, on SUNDAY, July 1, 1860, at 12 o'clock, M., precisely, for the purpose of celebrating the Second Anniversary of this Association.

All members are earnestly requested to be punctual on this occasion.

By order of the President
FRED. A. RANCH, Secretary.

The Procession will form in the following order:
FIRST DIVISION.
Ernest Morel, Grand Marshal, and his two Aids, L. Schmidt and L. Bercell.
Assistant Marshals A. A. Canon and J. Archer.
Union Jack.
Music—Mariotti's Celebrated Brass Band.
Officers of other Benevolent Associations.
Invited Guests.
Officers of the Young Men's Benevolent Association.
Ensign of the Association.
Founders of the Association.
Committee of Arrangements.
Members.
SECOND DIVISION.
H. Dietrich, Aid to Grand Marshal, and his two Assistants, Jn. A. Jacobs and E. Desschamp.
Music—Charlton's celebrated Brass Band.
New American Flag of the Association.
Members.

The procession will move at one o'clock, P. M., precisely, as follows: From their Hall down St. Louis street to Royal, up Royal to St. Charles, up St. Charles to St. Joseph, up St. Joseph to Camp, down Camp to Chartres, down Chartres to St. Peter, up St. Peter to Levee, down Levee to St. Ann, down St. Ann to Chartres, down Chartres to Esplanade, up Esplanade to Levee, down Levee to Marigny, down Marigny to Morales, down Morales to St. Ferdinand, down St. Ferdinand to Greatmen, up Greatmen to Esplanade, up Esplanade to Royal, up Royal to St. Louis, down St. Louis to Rampart, down Rampart to Polar Star Lodge No. 1, corner of Hospital and Love streets, where the procession will stop in order to partake of a dinner prepared in honor of the occasion. After which the procession will form in the same order as heretofore, and march up to their Hall, where it will be disbanded.

By order of the Grand Marshal.
je27 4t FRED. A. RANCH, Secretary.

Office of the Hope Insurance Company of New Orleans.

NOTICE is hereby given, in conformity with Article Four of the Charter of this Company, that the annual election for Nine Directors to serve during the ensuing year, from the fourth Monday in July next, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Canal street and Exchange Place, on MONDAY, the 9th of July, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
je27 12t LOUIS BARNETT, Secretary.

Notice.

THE debtors and creditors of F. F. LABRANCHE & CO., and those of the late F. F. Labranche are requested to make themselves known to the undersigned.
E. GANUCHEAU,
Testamentary Executor of F. F. Labranche.
New Orleans, June 11, 1860. je27-12t

New Orleans Canal and Banking Co.

NEW ORLEANS, June 26th, 1860.
AT a special meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 25th instant, a semi-annual dividend of five per cent was declared, payable to the Stockholders here on the first Monday in July next, and to the Stockholders in New York at the office of Messrs. M. Morgan & Sons, on the first Monday in August next.
je26 10t A. H. KERNION, Cashier.

Wanted.

A GOOD Colored WET NURSE, coming well recommended. Apply at No. 251 Dumaine street, between Villere and Marais.

To Rent.

A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, at the corner of Dumaine and Rampart streets, with a brick kitchen, having seven and back rooms, verandah on the street and in the yard. Possession given immediately. Apply to F. SANCHO, No. 229 Old Levee street, between Dumaine and St. Philip. je25 1t

Coffee-house for Sale.

FOR SALE, on account of ill health, a Coffee-house having a good custom, known as the "Relief House," at Milneburg, Lake Pontchartrain. For terms apply on the premises or to the Agent of the Relief House, on the corner of Esplanade and Old Levee street. je22

RUM—16 pipes Colored and White Rum, landing from brig M. A. Stevens, from Havana; for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse street, between Chartres and Old Levee. je22

SUGAR—60 boxes White Sugar, landing from brig M. A. Stevens, from Havana; for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse st., between Chartres and Old Levee sts.

TO ARRIVE per ship Fanny Ealer, Marshall, from Bordeaux—Villa Willys, Lizzie Hoge, and Lafayette, from Bordeaux—30 casks pale Cognac, Vineyard Proprietors, 1821; 10 quarter do, 1845; 10 do do, 1849; 10 eighth do do, 1854; 10 do do, 1845, per quarter, 25 casks Claret Larose; 10 quarter do, 2d quarter do, 1858; 20 casks Red Wine; 12 bottles each, Haut Brion claret, Larronde Freres; 100 do 12 bottles each, Chateau Larose, 125 do Margaux; 24 half pipes do; 50 do do, Haut Sauterne; 2d do, 12 bottles each, Lafitte; 20 do do, Chateau Margaux; 75 do do, 12 bottles each, Chateau Lafitte; 12 do do, 12 bottles each, Chateau Latour, 100 boxes, 12 bottles each, Chateau Lafitte; 10 do do, Chateau Lafite. For sale by VOR MAIGNAN, 17 St. Louis st. je22

SWEETMEATS—20 cases Guava Paste and Jelly, in boxes, and 150 cases pure parried boxes, landing from steamship Habana, from Havana; for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse street, between Chartres and Old Levee. je19

TOBACCO—50 bales Vuelta de Abajo, new crop, landing from steamship Habana from Havana, for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse street, between Chartres and Old Levee. je19

CIGARS—47,000 El Globo, Upmann and Intimidad Havana Cigars, landing from steamship Habana, from Havana, and for sale by E. TROISGROS, 10 Customhouse street, between Chartres and Old Levee. je19

TO ARRIVE per ship Fanny Ealer, from Bordeaux—COGNAC PELLEVOISIN.
30 packages, qr. pipes, pale. (Comet brand of 1856.)
25 do do FAURE & CO., COGNAC.
COGNAC HENRY MOUNIER.
25 packages, 4th pipes, pale, (Comet brand of 1856.)
10 do do do do do do.
For sale by T. BAILLY BLANCHARD, Jr., je19 29 Old Levee st.

TO ARRIVE per ship Marathon, from Bordeaux—77 cases Fruits in their juice, bottles and half do; 33 do Brandied Fruits; 22 do Fruits, jellies assorted; 22 do Assorted Truffled Patés; 22 do Green Peas; 22 do Strawberries in their juice; 22 do 600 quarter boxes Sardines in oil; 22 do Brandy Cherries; 22 do Anisette; 22 do Assorted Cordials. For sale by T. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO., 29 Old Levee street. je19

TO ARRIVE per ship Tula Wyatt, from Bordeaux—30 cases Olive Oil, 1st quality, pints; 50 cases Assorted Truffled Patés. For sale by T. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO., 29 Old Levee street. je19

CHAMPAGNE—250 baskets Champagne Wine, quarts and pints, of the brand of Dent and Roy Parries; for sale by T. BAILLY BLANCHARD, Jr., 29 Old Levee street. je19

LANDING and in Customhouse stores—50 quarter casks Marsala Port Wine, 10 baskets, 24 quarters and 47 boxes of Bertrand Cognac, 1856, per ship Lizzie Hoge, Vineyard Proprietors Cognac, 1858; 10 qr do do do, 1852; 63 do do 1845; 12 do do A. Seignette, Rochelle; 12 do do do 1855; 12 do do Lafitte, Chateau Margaux, Latour, Haut Sauterne and Bordeaux; 14 do do 1855; 100 barrels White Wine; Haut Sauterne, 50 bbls do St. Estephe; 100 barrels White Wine, Haut Sauterne; 10 do Sauterne, 1855; 100 do St. Estephe. For sale by E. PLASSAN, 38 and 40 Old Levee st. je19

Democratic State Executive COMMITTEE.

In pursuance of the resolution of the Democratic State Convention, held this day at Donaldsonville, instructing me, as President of said Convention, to select a committee of TWENTY-FOUR to constitute, with myself as Chairman of the same, the *State Democratic Executive Committee for Louisiana*, and to be clothed with power to form an *electoral ticket* immediately after the adjournment of the National Democratic Convention, if it should become necessary, I have appointed the following persons to compose said committee:

Geo. A. Fosdick,	Martin Gordon, Jr.,
A. S. Herron,	W. S. Parham,
Chas. Bienvenu,	James Gardette,
Angus Bowie,	Maurice Cannon,
Louis Dufau,	John Eaton,
Th. Gottman,	Ch. Bynum,
W. G. Mullen,	Denis Cronan,
Dr. Duperrier,	E. Jewell,
T. W. Collens,	Dr. Edward Ames,
Dr. S. Choppin,	Gustave Lecoy,
T. D. Harper,	Augustus Vlavant,
F. H. Clack,	Donelian Augustin,

G. W. MUNDAY,
President of the Convention.
DONALDSONVILLE, La., June 6, 1860.

A special meeting of the *Democratic State Executive Committee* will be held in New Orleans on MONDAY EVENING, the 2d of July.

All members are requested to be present.
je26 3t G. W. MUNDAY, Chairman.

CARPET WAREHOUSE,
19 CHARTRES STREET.

LATELY received, an invoice of CHEAP MATTING. Also 250 pieces do., assorted widths, colors and qualities; Floor Oil Cloth, of all widths styles and qualities; Carpetings of all kinds, &c.—Medallions, Velvets, Wiltons, Brussels, Tapestry, Three-Ply, &c., &c.; Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers; Linen and Drugget, Crumb Cloths, &c., &c.

All of which are offered at REDUCED PRICES.
je26 1m A. BROUSSEAU & CO.

PRESERVE YOUR TEETH!!!

J. A. CASADAVANT,
SURGEON DENTIST,
148 ...... Royal street 148
Between St. Peter and Toulouse.

How many persons lose their teeth, the finest ornament and greatest comfort in the world, by neglect and delaying the necessary operations until warned by the pain thereof. As a consequence of the loss of the teeth the jaw falls in, the visage becomes contracted, and wrinkles and marks of old age invade the very prime of life, when they can prevent these misfortunes by applying in time to a skillful operator.

Consultations in French, Spanish and English.
mr16 1y e 1k fr 19

Portraits of Archbishop Blanc.

MR. CAMILLE, Photographer, No. 19 Hospital street, corner Old Levee, is ready to deliver, to any quantity, well executed PORTRAITS of ARCHBISHOP BLANC, taken from a photograph of that prelate made about three months ago. These portraits will be sold for 25 cents and above, according to the size. je22 6t

Mlle. LEONTINE,
Formerly Principal Dressmaker at Mrs. ALBERT'S, 84 ROYAL STREET, UP STAIRS.

HAS the honor to inform her numerous customers that she is still employed in Dressmaking. Honored with the patronage of the ladies of New Orleans, she will continue to exert herself in order to justify it, and to display the taste which has heretofore characterized every article prepared by her. je20

Notice of Copartnership.

I HAVE this day admitted as partners in my house JOSE CASALS and Mr. JAMES T. TRIAY, establishing a new firm under the style of P. OUMA & CO. The power of attorney granted by me to James T. Triay has been revoked since the 12th instant.
New Orleans, June 2, 1860. P. OUMA.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of P. OUMA & CO., for the purpose of continuing the importation of Havana Cigars and Leaf Tobacco business heretofore carried on by P. Ouma, without any more alteration than that of the firm.
New Orleans, June 2, 1860. P. OUMA, JOSE CASALS, JAMES T. TRIAY. je19 1m

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

IS a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S
Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this everywhere prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only Scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as *Eruptive and Skin Diseases, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Blains and Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Rheumatism, Syphilitic and Mercurial Diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Debility,* and, indeed, *all complaints arising from Vitiated or Impure Blood.* The popular belief in "*impurity of the blood*" is founded in truth, for Scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

AYER'S
AGUE CURE,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache, or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in biliary derangement, caused by the Malaria of Miasmatic Countries.

We are enabled here to offer the community a remedy which, while it cures the above complaints with certainty, is still perfectly harmless in any quantity. Such a remedy is invaluable in districts where these afflicting disorders prevail. This "CURE" expels the miasmatic poison of FEVER AND AGUE from the system, and prevents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of every body; and in bilious districts, where FEVER AND AGUE prevails, every body should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittents is that it contains no Quinine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinism or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are *Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis and Derangement of the Stomach,* all of which, when originating in this cause, put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "CURE" expels the poison from the blood, and consequently cures them all alike. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons travelling or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. If taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be excreted from the system, and cannot accumulate in sufficient quantity to ripen into disease. Hence it is even more valuable for protection than cure, and few will ever suffer from Intermittents if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
je12 dke wky

ANY INFORMATION
—REGARDING—
CHARLES M. WATERMAN,

Who left his residence, No. 147 St. Peter street, on
Thursday, June 14,

Will be gratefully received by his relatives and friends.

Upon leaving home he was dressed in a summer suit of black, with diamond studs marked with his name in full—gold sleeve buttons with W. in blue enamel; also gold watch and chain. It is to be hoped that no exertion will be spared to effect his restoration to his friends, either dead or alive.

All city papers will please copy. je16 tf

For Sale.

FOUR FRAME HOUSES AND KITCHENS, to be removed within a limited time from the lots upon which they stand, will be sold, if immediate application is made at the office of the Levee Steam Cotton Press Company.

NOTICE.

Office Pontchartrain Railroad Co.

NEW ORLEANS, May 30th, 1860.
AT a meeting of the Board of Directors held on the 29th instant, a dividend of 4½ per cent. was declared, payable to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 11th June, at the office of the Company. HENRY WHITTEMORE, my31 tf Secretary.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE.—The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of V. & E. MAIGNAN is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, and the name of the firm will be used by either partner in liquidation only.
VICTOR MAIGNAN,
May 31, 1860. EDOUARD MAIGNAN.

The business of the firm will be continued by VICTOR MAIGNAN, in his own name and for his own account.
May 27, 1860. my31

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of E. GIRARD & COUTEUX, to carry on the same business of CLOTH and TAILORS' GOODS IMPORTATION, at the old stand, CORNER OF CHARTRES AND BIENVILLE STREETS.
E. GIRARD.
C. COUTEUX.
E. Girard going to France, the new firm is charged with the liquidation of his old business.
June 1st, 1860. je1 1m

Notice of Copartnership.

THE undersigned have, by act executed before Theo. Guyol, a notary in this city, on the 11th of June, instant, entered in copartnership for the establishment of a commercial firm to commandite in the city of New Orleans, under the style of M. A. DE LIZARDI & CO.—the transactions of which shall consist principally of Commission and Agency business.
New Orleans, 14th June, 1860.
M. A. DE LIZARDI,
G. E. DUBREUIL,
General Partners.
Per pro. M. JULIAN DE LIZARDI,
Partner in commandite.
je15 1m G. LeGARDEUR.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH,
NEW ORLEANS, June 7, 1860.
AT a meeting of the Board of Health, held on the 6th inst., the following resolution was adopted and ordered to be published:

Resolved, That the Secretary of this Board issue to the captains of vessels and steamboats, who may call for it, a Certificate, stating whether the city is free, or not, from Yellow Fever.
GEO. W. DIRMEYER, M. D.,
je8 1m Secretary Board of Health.

Dr. Mott's
CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE
PILLS OF IRON.

An aperient and Stomachic preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. Innocuous in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaints, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of GENERAL DEBILITY, whether the result of acute disease or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bed ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In NERVOUS AFFECTIONS of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic without being exciting and overheating; and gently, regularly aperient even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness, without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for *Piles*, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In DYSPEPSIA, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases, including the attendant *Costiveness*.

In unchecked DIARRHŒA, even when advanced to DYSENTERY, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In SCROFULOUS TUBERCULOSIS, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative in the cases peculiarly affecting them.

In RHEUMATISM, both chronic and inflammatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In INTERMITTENT FEVERS it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine which exerts such prompt, happy and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing fifty pills, price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to

R. B. LOCKE & CO., General Agents,
339 BROADWAY, N. Y.
ap10-3awd-2aw

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS
OF
HOSTETTER'S
STOMACH BITTERS.

AS a measure of self-defense and in order to warn and protect our customers in all parts of the Union, we deem it our duty to expose a deep-laid and widespread conspiracy now existing in the North and West, to injure the reputation of our CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS.

We have been for some time past engaged in ferreting out and prosecuting the parties concerned in this infamous and despicable business, and expect to visit upon them the full penalties of the violated law.

Villainy like death, "loves a shining mark," and the harpies who subsist by piracies on popular preparations, have selected a remedy almost equal in their capacity. In selecting for fraudulent imitation they have apparently selected our preparation because of its great sale in every country... [illegible] ...to stand on the same level.

We have already commenced suit against Dan'l E. Ely and Benjamin J. Johnson, of New Orleans, Pearce & Brabazon, Mobile, Alabama; T. Cook & Co., James Clark and C. H. Berkwith & Co., of Chicago; Wm. H. Dawson, Thos. Hostetter, Henry Hostetter, Charles H. Dawson and Victor & Jourdan, of St. Louis.

In all the cases where the said suits have been brought, injunctions have been obtained restraining the defendants from manufacturing, vending or dealing in the so-called HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

As this old TRADE MARK has been printed on the labels and boxes of the spurious stuff, it is very closely resembling the genuine... [illegible] ...to show that there can be no doubt as to the issues of these imitation proceedings.

In order to shield ourselves and the public as far as possible against the fraud complained of, we have had a new and beautiful steel engraving engraved, which hereafter will be used instead of the old bronzed label, which these pettifogging pirates will be obliged to abandon. The principal feature of the new label is a superb Vignette of St. George and the Dragon, below which is a black counterfeit with the following inscription:

The best evidence of the merit of an article is the disposition to produce counterfeits, and WE ARE OBLIGED IT as the strongest testimony to the value of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, that attempts of this description have been frequently made.
The counterfeiting of the public seal...
[illegible]
FELONY.

Under the above, and at the bottom of the label, is a miniature engraving of a sheaf of wheat for our trade mark, "Hostetter & Smith," to counterfeit which is a State prison offense. The genuine bottle has our names blown in the glass, with the words HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, to heavy black letters, and has the words, in smaller letters, "Pittsburg, Pa., Hostetter & Smith"... [illegible]

It is hoped that this precaution will secure the public from being further imposed upon by base imitations of our valuable and popular preparation. All persons can now judge the fraudulent article... [illegible] ...and they purchase corresponding with the foregoing description. If it does not, the article is fraudulent, and cannot be partaken of without peril to health and life.

HOSTETTER & SMITH.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 151 Chartres street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by A. NORTON & MACAULAY, 1 and 4 Poydras street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by WOODMAN & BEMENT, Corner Common and Magazine streets.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by EATON & BETTERTON, Corner New Levee, Common and Fulton streets.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by X. LAMBERT, 62 Magazine street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by J. H. & I. N. MARKS, 45 and 47 New Levee street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by ARTHUR & CO., Corner Canal and New Levee streets.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by HOLMES & SPENCER, 7 Gravier street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by N. MORRISON & CO., 12 Magazine street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by BISCOE & SIMMS, 15, 17 and 19 New Levee street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by JOHN T. MOORE & CO., 7 and 9 Poydras street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by JOSEPH MAILLOT, 12 Common street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by SCOVIL & MEAD, 111 Chartres street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by VIOLET & CO., 41 and 43 New Levee street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by QUEYROUZE & LANGSDORFF, 13 and 15 St. Louis street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by E. B. WHEELOCK & CO., 46 Magazine street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by J. MORGAN HALL, Corner of Canal and New Levee streets.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by BLANCHIN & GIRAUD, 44 Old Levee street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by JAMES SYME, 134 Canal street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by KARSTENDIEK & CO., 103 Tchoupitoulas street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by THOMPSON & BARNES, 38 and 55 Common street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. For sale by PINCKARD, STEELE & CO., Corner of Tchoupitoulas and Gravier streets.

One of the Best Locations in the City for the Sale of Dry Goods.
CARROLLTON STORES FOR RENT.

THE THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDING on the corner of Poydras and Baronne streets;
—ALSO—
THE THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDING adjoining, and situated on Poydras street; (the whole now occupied by U. Laroussini & Co.)
These stores (with dwellings above) will be rented to separate tenants if necessary.
Possession given on the first of November next.
For terms, etc., apply to
SAMUEL J. PETERS,
No. 117 Gravier street.

BACON—Prime Hams, Shoulders and Sides, for sale by GABRIEL PASCAL, 27 Old Levee st. je11

NEITHER the captain nor consignees of the Sardinian bark GIULIA will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of said ship.
LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

ITALIAN PRODUCE—100 boxes sparkling Asti Wine; 150 demijohns "Donati" White Wine; 1300 boxes Vermicelli; 600 do Macaroni di Napoli; 600 do assorted Pastes; 300 half do Macaroni and Vermicelli; 500 baskets Olive Oil, Crocc; 10 boxes Bologna Sausages; 12 do Parmesan Cheese; 2 cans Bergamot Essential Oil; 12 Lemon Essential Oil; landing ex bark Giulia, and for sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

WESTPHALIA HAMS—150 fresh Westphalia Hams; 200 pounds German Sausages; 200 do Bologna Cheese; for sale by DUNTZE & CO., corner Royal and Conti. je8

HAVANA CIGARS—24,000 of the best brands, landing ex brig A. A. Chapman, from Havana, and for sale by E. PLASSAN, 38 and 40 Old Levee. je7

HAVANA SUGAR—717 boxes white, yellow and brown Sugar, landing ex brig A. A. Chapman, and for sale by E. PLASSAN, 38 and 40 Old Levee. je7

RECEIVED per ship Danube, from Havre—50 boxes Absynth; 200 boxes Crème Fine de Bordeaux; 300 boxes plain Green Peas; 150 boxes Mushrooms. For sale by M. A. CALOGNONE, jy5 (late house of Forbes) 206 and 207 Royal street.

ROCK SALT, Wheat and Oil Cake, in store and for sale by F. A. GOMILA & CO., my18 No. 11 Front Levee.

Office of the Commissioners of the Consolidated Debt of New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, June 12th, 1860.
BY virtue of the 27th section of the act of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana entitled "An act to consolidate the city of New Orleans, and to provide for the government and administration of its affairs," approved the 22d February, 1852, and of the 5th section of the act supplementary thereto, and providing for the incorporation of the city of Lafayette with the city of New Orleans, approved on the 23d of March, 1852, and for the purpose of meeting all obligations of the old corporations, maturing in the year 1860:

Sealed proposals will be received at this office from this date until the 23d of July, 1860, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purchase of one hundred and five bonds of $1000 each, said bonds to be dated the 1st of July, 1860, payable in thirty-two years, at the office of the Treasurer of the city of New York, with interest coupons attached thereto, at the rate of 6 per cent, per annum, payable semi-annually, in the city of New York.

Proposals to be endorsed "Bids for the Purchase of Bonds of the City of New Orleans," and addressed to O. DeBuys, Secretary. The Bonds to be adjudicated to the highest bidder, the Commissioners reserving the right to reject any or all bids. Terms of payable, cash on delivery of the bonds.

GERARD STITH, Mayor.
V. DUPLESSIS, Comptroller.
ADAM GIFFEN, Treasurer.
N. WHITNEY, Chairman Finance Committee Board of Aldermen.
JOHN M. HALL, Chairman Finance Com. Board of Asst. Aldermen.
O. DE BUYS, Secretary. je16td

NOTICE.

ED. FROIDEVAUX begs leave to inform his customers that in a few days the offices of his house will be fixed up on Chartres street, No. 32, and that his wholesale and retail stores will open on the next arrivals from Europe, where Mrs. FROIDEVAUX will attend to the purchase of a new stock for the house, and taken by the insurance companies.

The ladies are respectfully informed that the services of superior milliners and seamstresses from Paris will be secured from the first of October next. je16 1m

NOTICE
To the New Orleans Fire Department and Public.

ON and after 12 o'clock, M., of THURSDAY, 14th, all alarms of fire will be given by the "Fire Alarm Telegraph." Any tapping of bells you may hear after that date and hour will be the signal of a fire.
By order of F. A. Telegraph Committee of Council.
je14 tf A. HEBERT, Superintendent.

Leeches! Leeches!!
100,000 HUNGARIAN LEECHES, which can be easily preserved, for sale wholesale and retail, by the undersigned, at $30 PER THOUSAND, 4 PER HUNDRED.
Orders from the country with cash, promptly attended to.
O. ROBIN, Druggist.
je12 1m dkn Corner St. Ann and Villere streets.

Cognac.
6 HALF, 15 quarter and 15 eighth pipes champagne, Vineyard Co. Proprietors, 1852;
6 qr pipes champagne, Vineyard Co. Proprietors, 1857;
6 half, 28 quarter and 20 eighth pipes do do do, 1854;
1 quarter pipes Guillerdaux rogues, 1852;
16 qr pipes do, 1855;
Larronde pure and fine champagne do, 1855;
20 eighth pipes Otard Dupuy superior;
19 qr and 20 eighth pipes Seignette cognac, fourth proof;
20 qr and 10 do Aine Seignette, La Rochelle;
4 qr and 2 do Gautier Freres, 1844;
10 qr pipes L. Ouliner, 1852; 25 qr eighth do do, 1825.

Wines.
35 cks Montferrand claret, 25 do family, Cotes de Bouzy, 10 do superior Haut Sauterne white wine; 50 do do; 75 boxes, 12 bottles each, Chateau Leoville claret; 100 do do Lacorde; 600 do St. Estephe, Iaret.

Champagne Wine.
50 baskets 12 bottles each, Cremant de Bouzy
25 do 24 qt;
25 do 24 pt;
50 do 12 bottles each, Fleur de Bouzy;
25 do 24 qt;
100 boxes, 12 bottles each, Ay F. Lemaitre file;
50 do 24 qt;
50 do 24 pt;
75 boxes brandy cherries;
150 do 12 pints prunes each, dried prunes;
200 do do truffles. For sale by
VOR MAIGNAN, 17 St. Louis st.

Creole Rice, Creole Rice.
300 BAGS Creole Rice, of different qualities, in store and for sale by FREDERIC AVET, je7 2m between Bienville and Conti sts.

The Arabian Bitters.

THE above Bitters are everywhere spoken of favorably, and invalids will be surprised at this when it is known that a better beverage was never offered to the public. The Arabian Bitters are both pleasant to the taste and unquestionably efficacious. They are a certain relief to persons deprived of sleep, for children afflicted with worms and for pains in the stomach. Therefore, let each one use it without fear of dangerous consequences, as we offer the same without scruple to our friends in general. The Arabian Bitters can be safely recommended as a delicious and excellent compound.

GENERAL DEPOT—F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee, between Dumaine and St. Philip streets.
BRANCH AGENCIES—W. RAYMOND, 71 Camp street, and F. LLAMBIAS, corner Spain and Casacalvo streets.
je5 1m

For Sale.

TWENTY MULES AND HORSES for sale low. Apply at the Levee Steam Cotton Press Company, Third District.

CORAL AND JEWELRY,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

P. N. RIVERA, corner of Royal and St. Peter streets, has just received from Italy a large lot of CORAL, which he is now offering at reduced prices, and other precious... [illegible]

Received also a fine stock of FINE JEWELRY of every kind, RICH FANCY ARTICLES, WATCHES, DIAMONDS, &c., in order to render his store the handsomest in the city, at greatly reduced prices.

Champagne, Claret, Burgundy and Hock Wines.

WE beg leave to inform our customers and the public that we are regularly receiving the above named articles and are in a position to fill any orders... [illegible] ...the Wines of the following brands:
EUGENE CLICQUOT, REIMS.
SCHRODER and SCHYLER & CO., BORDEAUX.
F. HASENKLEVER'S, NUITS, COTE D'OR.
KIRCHNER & BRAUNER, RUDESHEIM on the Rhine.
N. E. PEPIN & CO., 53 Common st.

To the Public.
AYA PANA BITTERS.

MANUFACTURED BY J. CHAUVET.

OUR prolonged experience, and the continual labor we have bestowed, ... [illegible]

All disorders occasioned by imperfect digestion are combated with relieved by the AYA PANA. It regulates the stomach, imparts it tone, creates appetite, and positively protects from the bad effects of the heats.

Although it is barely a year since the introduction of this remedy, the success of it has been already... [illegible] ...it is a medicine which every family should have.

As the sale is becoming general, and with a view of gratifying all, we have established the following agencies:

New Orleans General Depot—J. Cazals, importer, No. 79 Old Levee st., Bernard T. Deschamps and Y. Lamarque.
Baton Rouge—M. Gravay.
Donaldsonville—Duffour.
Thibodaux—W. C. Horton.
Napoleonville—J. Roger.
Mobile—L. Lannoy.

Music! Music!! Music!!!
A. ELIE,
No.......Royal Street.......

Complete assortment of MUSIC for the PIANO, VOICE, &c. &c.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

AGENT
Of the manufacture of H. HERZ, which received the medal of honor at the Universal exposition.
Sole Agent for the
INSTRUMENTS OF SAX.
HARMONIUMS AND HANDLE ORGANS.
STRINGS OF ALL KINDS.

MUSIC.
SOURDES & CHASSAIGNAC,
SUCCESSORS TO E. BENOIT,
No. 78.....CHARTRES STREET.....No. 78
—IMPORTERS OF—
Music and Musical Instruments.

SOLE agents for the celebrated PIANOFORTES of Henry Herz, to whom the grand medal was awarded at the Universal Exhibition of 1855. These Pianos were declared by the Jury of Exhibition of 1855 to be far superior to those of Erard and Pleyel.

French, German and American MUSIC constantly on hand at the store No. 78 Chartres street, between Bienville and Conti streets. sep22 1y

Harmoniums and Mechanical Piano
ADOLPHE FLANDRAIN,
No.......CONTI STREET.......
Between Chartres and Royal streets.

HAS just received an assortment of Harmoniums and Mechanical Pianos, directly from the manufactory of A. Debain, Paris, supplier to all the European Courts, and sole inventor of the celebrated Mechanical Piano, on which the most difficult pieces can be performed without a knowledge of music. These Instruments are manufactured and improved expressly for exportation, and are acknowledged in Europe to be superior to all others.

Amateurs are invited to call and judge for themselves of the excellence of the above Pianos. Mr. F. attends personally to repairs and tuning, and the terms are therefore moderate.

Second-hand Pianos bought and sold. nov 19 1taw

RICH DOUBLE PERCUSSION
PIANOS,
Greatly Superior to those used up to This Day.

A. PERIER

HAS opened, on Royal street, No. 25, between Conti and St. Louis streets, his new Piano Store, where amateurs will always find the best Pianos manufactured in Paris, London and New York.

His connection for the last fifteen years with the houses of Pleyel & Co., Erard and Debain, enables him to buy Pianos and offer them on very liberal terms.
nov 19 3taw

C. A. BARRIERE & BRO.,
130 CANAL STREET, TOURO BUILDINGS,
ARE selling out the balance of their stock of CLOAKS at cost. ja10

SOLE AGENCY
OF THE CELEBRATED
STACKER IRON-WORKS,
TENNESSEE.

THE undersigned has constantly on hand a full assortment of Sugar Kettles, Grate Bars and Furnace Mouths, which he offers at the following rates:
Sugar Kettles, from 24 to 72 inches, $1 25 an inch.
[illegible]
Grate Bars......... [illegible] cents per pound.
Furnace Mouths, $25, $30, and $35, according to size and pattern.
E. F. LA VILLEBEUVRE,
Commission Merchant,
No. 12 Union street.

RECEIVED per ships Juniata, John Tracks and Victoria, from Bordeaux—
75 qr pipes cognac, H. Sutton, in Custom-House stores;
25 boxes Eclo pianos, in house and Sauterne;
10 bales short-pointed corks;
20 sacks, cases, 500 each, regular and very fine corks;
20 boxes, 12 bottles each, St. Estephe Wine;
100 ... 24 half ...
40 casks family claret;
40 boxes brandy fruits, 4 prunes, 4 apricots.
For sale by CHAUDET & DESSEINT, 147 and 148 Royal st.

GUAYAQUIL COCOA—In bond, and for sale by J. DE VIBBER & CO., my31 84 Magazine st.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

[illegible]
Advertisements on the first page ONE DOLLAR per square each insertion.
Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged ... [illegible]
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business and all advertisements... [illegible]
No subscription taken for less than one year. No subscription to advertising will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the proprietors.

THIRD ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE
Affairs of the Star Insurance Company

A MOUNT of premiums received during the year ending May 31st, 1860 ...... $134,348 71
Amount of unterminated risks May 31, 1859...... 23,176 00
[illegible]

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans. [illegible]
F. DeBUYS, Secretary.
ARTHUR SAUCIER, Third Justice of the Peace.

Merchants' Mutual Insurance Co.
OF NEW ORLEANS.
SIXTH ANNUAL STATEMENT
[illegible]

$20 SAVED
ON TICKET, AND EXPENSES
TO
NEW YORK
And a much greater saving to ... EUROPE,
By taking the
POPULAR, COMFORTABLE AND CHEAP ROUTE,
VIA SAVANNAH, GA.
For through passage tickets ... apply to
J. W. GREGORY,
General Ticket and Freight Agent.

PIANOS!

The undersigned respectfully invite the public to call and examine their
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS
GRAND CONCERT PIANOS,
HALF GRAND PIANOS,
OBLIQUE PIANOS,
PICOLOS.
The above Instruments are guaranteed ... and will be sold at reasonable prices.
SOURDES & CHASSAIGNAC,
78 CHARTRES STREET.

O. B. GRAHAM & CO.,
No...... GRAVIER STREET......
Between Camp and St. Charles
Importers of Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS!
AGENTS FOR THE
York Street Flax-Spinning Company of Belfast.

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the Trade to their very extensive stock, received per late arrivals, of Irish Linens, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Printed Linens and Lawns, Linen Shirtings, Drills, Diapers, ... [illegible]

IN BOND FOR THE MEXICAN MARKET.
[illegible]

Agents for Alexander's of Glasgow Ball and Spool Thread.

NEW GROCERY STORE.
CAMILLE LACOSTE
Has the honor to inform his friends and the public that he has opened a new store of Wines, Groceries, and Liquors, at No. 209 Royal street, corner of Barracks, where he will constantly keep on hand... [illegible]

HOLLAND GIN.
15 PIPES J. Mackenz's Swan Gin, direct from Holland; landing ex ship ... [illegible] FREAU & COUTURIE.

New Orleans Mutual Insurance Co.,
111.......CANAL STREET.......111
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...... [illegible]
DIRECTORS.
[illegible]
J. TUYES, President.
J. W. HINCKS, Secretary.

Louisiana State Insurance Co.
OFFICE, No. 38 CAMP STREET.
Capital.......... $300,000

DIRECTORS.
J. LAPEYRE, E. H. HARRIS,
THEODORE FROIS, J. S. ROBERT,
A. D. GRIEFF, J. A. BONNAFON,
JACOB ZOLLY, AMADEO LANDRY,
E. GANUCHEAU.

This Company will be ready to transact business on the 1st SEPTEMBER NEXT, and will insure against the perils of the seas, rivers, and loss and damage by fire, and all risks, at the current rate of premium.
A cash return premium of FIFTEEN PER CENT will be made to those insuring in this office.
E. GANUCHEAU, President.
A. Picou, Secretary.
New Orleans, August 10, 1859.

Hope Insurance Company of New Orleans.

Office, corner of Canal and Exchange Place.
NEW ORLEANS, August 5th, 1859.
AT a general meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, it was
Resolved, That from and after this date, a return of FIFTEEN PER CENT be made on all premiums to parties insuring in this Company.
The above RETURN PREMIUM OF FIFTEEN PER CENT will be PAID IN CASH, this Company ...
HENRY PEYCHAUD, President.
E. FLASSAN, Vice-President.
LOUIS BARNETT, Secretary.

Genuine Havana Cigars.

WE have constantly in store a large and well assorted stock of genuine Havana Cigars, which we import direct, of all sizes and the best brands, such as Rosa de Regueal, Amalia, Ritica, Washington, Trovatore, Marigliani, La Flor de Farolo, Cabanas, Flor de Cabana, American Flag, and Cabanas. For sale by
CABALLERO & BARCALDO,
40 Old Levee street,
my8 between Customhouse and Bienville sts.

WHISKY—500 bbls. Bourbon and Whiskey, for sale by J. H. & I. N. MARKS, my28 45 and 47 New Levee st.

SWEET OIL, SWEET OIL—Two baskets sweet oil, Bouteilles, 24, 22 and 12 ounces, 100 do do Pranel, of 12 bottles each; 100 do Lafevre's; 200 do ... For sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st. my21

CHAMPAGNE WINE, CHAMPAGNE WINE—200 baskets Heidsieck Piper, pints and quarts; 200 do Moet & Chandon, do do; 200 do Lafevre's Fils, do do. For sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st. my21

LANDING and in store—25 casks Pauillac claret, 30 do St. Emilion do; 15 do old St. Julien do; 100 baskets Bourgogne and Cantenac do; 10 do Margaux Medoc do; 10 do Haut Sauterne do; 20 do Chateau Lafitte do; pints; 15 do Haut Sauterne and Chateau Yquem white wines; 12 do Larronde Freres; 25 do superior Dutch Cognac; 125 baskets assorted, among Chateau and Medoc Brisard. For sale by M. A. CALOGNONE, my26 (late house of Forbes) 206 and 207 Royal st.

HERSHEVERS—A full and complete assortment, for ships and passengers, such as soups, julienne, fruits de vases, green peas, ... [illegible] For sale by M. A. CALOGNONE, my26 (late house of Forbes) 206 and 207 Royal st.