of this shall exercise power properly belonging to either of the other of the other in the instances hereinafter expressly directed or permitted.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

distinct brances, the one to be styled the "House of Representatives, the the Senate," and both "the General Assembly of the Stat

g arrivee for the term of two years from the day of the clusing of the general elections.

Apr. 5. Representatives shall be chosen on the first Monday in Novem-

Any 7 of the control of the parish for which he may be chosen.

Any 7. Elections for Representatives for he saveral parishes or Representative districts shall be add at the saveral election precincts established by law. The Legislatre may delegate the power of establishing to into precincts to the prochial or municipal authorities.

Ager. 8. Representation a the House of Representatives, shall be equal the same and shall be applied and

construction to semade by the State authorities under this part is a shall be made in ve year 1847, the second in the year 1855; and it is a sequent enumeration shall be made every tenth year thereafter, in a fer manner as shall be rescribed by law for the purpose of a secretaining the total population and he number of qualified electors in each with and election district.

has siventy.

Elect part of the parish of Oriennisituated on the left bank of the

Third district to comprise the reside of the Second Municipality. n. Fourth district to extend from its middle of Canal street to the leg St. Lucis street, until it reaches to Metairie road, thence along road to the New Orleans canal.

If fifth district to extend from the lastnessioned limits to the middle

in street, thence down said street intil its intersection with the the Metairie Road, thence along its middle dead beyon until it intersection with its adjust 3-bon, thence along the middle dead beyon until it intersect the Metairie Road, thence alongst said rad until it reaches St. Loui

Seventh district from the middle of Entande street to th

of Champs Elysées street.

th. Eighth district from the middle of Chams Elysées street to the e of Enghien street and Lafayette Avenut Ninth district from the middle of Enghan street and Lafayett

9. The House of Representatives shall soose its Sp

ar. officers.

Arr. 10. In all elections by the people every the white male who has a two years a citizen of the United States, who has attained the age twenty-ne years, and resided in the State two ensecutive years next setting the election, and the last year thereof in the parish in which he may be a shall have the right of voting: Provided, that no person the deprived of the right of voting who at the time of the adoption of the deprived of the right of voting who at the time of the adoption of

Agr. 14. The members of the Senate shall be chosen for the

its officers every two years. its efficers every two years.

Art. 15. The Legislature is every year in which they shall appurion representation in the house of Representatives shall divide the State into sensitivital districts. No parish shall be divided in the formation of a spanish that the parish of Orleans exempted. And whenever a new hypish shall be created, it shall be attached to the senatorial district from

is high be created, it shall be arached to the senatorial district. Iron which must of its territory was tiken, or to another contigurus district, it the discretion of the Legislature; its shall not be attached to more that propose the discretion of the Legislature is the shall be theiry-two, and they shall be the apportioned among the senatorial districts according to the total popular tional contained in the several districts according to the total popular tional contained in the several districts. Provided, that no parish shall be shall expire at the end of the next session, unless otherwise provided for the continuous.

Art. 51. The Governor shall have power to fill vacancies that may be shappend during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of the next session, unless otherwise provided for the continuous.

estated to more than one-eighth of the whole number of senators.

Arr. 18. In all apportionments of the senate, the population of the city of New Orleans shall the deducted from the population of the city and the crossistic produced by the senate, the population of the whole State, and the crossistic produced by this division shall be the senatorial ratio entitling a senatorial district to a senate. Single or contiguous parishes shall be formed into district to a senate, and if in the apportionment to be much, a parish or district that short of exceed the ratio, one-fifth, then a district may be formed having so the cluster than two senators, but not other wise.

No new apportionment shall have the first of abridging the term of service of any senator already elected than two senators, but not other wise.

Arr. 53. He shall, from time to time, give to the General Assembly and the senatorial ratio and district to a recommend to their confidence of the senate.

Arr. 54. He may on extraordinary occasions convene the General Assembly at the sent of Government, or at a different place if that may be found to the senatorial ratio entitled by the senate, and the respective offices.

Arr. 55. He shall, from time to time, give to the General Assembly and the senatorial ratio and the respecting the situation; but no person who has been nominated for office, the recess of the Senate, shall be appointed by the nontition; but no person who has been nominated for office, of the center of the population of the city in this Constitution; but no person who has been nominated for office, of the Senate, shall be appointed by the senate, and the recess of the Senate, and the re

vice of any senator already elected withe time of making the apportion-ment.

After an enumeration has been natural directed in the eighth article, the lagit-intere shall not pass any latinated an apportionment of the representation is both Houses of the Could an apportionment of the representation is both Houses of the total Arsombly be made.

Air. 17. At the first session of the senators shall are apportionated at the explicit the seats of the senators of the result of the senators of the could be senated at the explicit of the second year; of the could be senated at the senator of the fought year; so that one-half shall are case any district shall have elekted two or more senators, said a thousen every two years, and a restrict when the end of two and four there is and the ions shall be drawn between them.

Any. 18. No person shall be a senation of the time of his election, has at been a citizen of the United the space, and who has not at an alread the age of twenty-seven years, and resided in the State four

tepresentatives, but the Senate may propose amendments as in other tills; provided they shall not introduce any new matter under the color f an amendment, which does not relate to raising revenue.

Art. 33. The General Assembly shall regulate by law, by whom, and

Art. 33. The Supreme Executive power of the State shall be vested in a Chief Magistrate, who shall be styled the Governor of the State of Jouisians. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and

ART. 49. He shall be Command or in-conet of the Army and that of this State and of the Militia thereof, except when they shall be called into the service of the United States.

ART. 50. He shall nominate, and by and with the advice and conse

ART. 30. He shall nominate, and by and with the advice and conset of the Senate, appoint all officers whose offices are established by this Constitution, and whose appointment is not therein otherwise provided for: Provided, however, that the Legislature shall have a right to prescribe the mode of appointment to all other offices established by law.

intomation respecting the situation of the State, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he may deem expedient.

Also, 54. He may on extraordinary occasions convene the General Assembly at the seat of Government, or at a different place if that should become dangerous from an enemy or from epidemics; and in case of disag eement between the two houses as to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he may think proper, not exceeding four months.

Any M. We shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

ing four months.

Aur. 55. He shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

Aur. 56. Every bill which shall have passed both Houses shall be presented to the Lovernor; if he approve he shall sign it, if not, he shall return it with his objections to the House in which it originated, which shall enter the objections at large upon its journal, and proceed to reconsider it; if after such reconsideration two-thirds of all the members elected which thouse shall exceed to reconsideration the latter than the sent the first passed when the sent bers elected in that House shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent with the objections to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, sail if approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to that House, it shall be a law; but in such cases the vote of both Houses shall be determined by year and nave, and the names of the members voting for and against the bill, shall be entered on the journal of each House respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, it shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the

between them.
Any. 18. No person shall be a rem that he had been a cuizen of the United and the same time that the state of the same time that the state of these whose time of service me Any. 20. Not less than a subject of these whose time of service me Any. 20. Not less than a subject of these whose time of service me Any. 20. Not less than a subject of the service of the state dance of the service of the service of the state dance of the service of the state dance of above members of each house of the General Assembly.

Any 21. Each House of the General with the service of the state of the service of the state of the service of the ser

The compensation by large but he at the control of the control of

Ant. 79. The legislature shall have power to vest in clerks of co authority to grant such orders, and do such acts as may be dremed uec sary for the furtherance of the administration of justice, and in all car

ion, it shall be filled by the governor; and the person so appoints hall continue in office until his successor shall be elected and qualified TITLE V.

IMPEACHMENT.
ART. 84. The power of impeachment shall be vested in the House

less, be subject to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

ART. 87. All officers against whom articles of impeachment may be preferred, shall be suspended from the exercise of their functions during the pendency of such impeachment. The appointing power may make a provisional appointment to replace any suspended officer until the decision

ART. 88. The Legislature shall provide by law for the trial, punish ent and removal from office, of all other officers of the State, by indict

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Agr. 89. Members of the General Assembly, and all officers, before the delice of their officers shall take the following out ey enter upon the duties of their offices shall take the following oath

"I (A. B.,) do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully and im artially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as-coording to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to be Constitution and laws of the United States, and of this State; and I the Constitution and laws of the United States, and of this State; and I do, further, scleranly swear (or affirm) that since the adoption of the present Constitution, I, being a citizen of this State, have not fought a duely with deadly we spons within this State, nor out of it, with a citizen of the State, nor have I sent or accepted a challenge to fight a duel with deadly we apons with a citizen of the State, nor have acted as second in carrying a challenge, or aided, advised, or assisted any person thus offending, so help me God."

Aux. 90. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war, against, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No

against, or in adhering to its enemies giving them aid and comfort. No person shall by convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two wit sees to the same overt act, or his own confession in open c

ART. 91. Every person, shall be disqualified from holding any office of trust or profit in this State, who shall have been convicted of
having given, or offered, a bribe to procure his election or appointment.

ART. 92. Laws shall be made to exclude from office and from the right of suffrage, the e who shall hereafter be convicted of bribery, perjury, forgery, or other high crimes or misdemeanors.

The privilege of free suffrage shall be supported by laws regulating

Aur. 93. No money shall be drawn from the treasury but in pursuance of specific appropriations made by law, nor shall any appropriation money be made for a longer term than two years. A regular stateme and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published annually, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

ART. 94. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to page and

ART. 94. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to plass such awassmay be necessary and proper to decide differences by arbitration.

ART. 95. All civil officers for the State at large shall reside within he State and all limits and are shall reside within ART. 95. All civil officers for the State at large shall reside within the State, and all district or parish officers within their districts or parishes, and shall keep their offices at such places therein as may be required by law. No person shall be elected or appointed to any parish office who shall not have resided in such parish long enough before such election, or appointment, to have acquired the right of voting in such parish; and no person shall be elected or appointed to any district office, who shall not have resided in such district, or an adjoining district, long enough before such appointment, or election, to have acquired the right of voting in the same.

frozing in the same.

Arr. 96. The duration of all effices not fixed by this Constituti shall never exceed four years.

ART. 97. All civil officers except the Givernor and Judges of the

ARY. 97. All civil officers, except the G vernor and Judges of the Supreme and District Courts, shall be removable by an address of a majority of the members of both houses, except those the removal of whom has been otherwise provided for by this Constitution.

ARY. 98. Absence on the business of this State or of the United States, shall not furfeit a residence once obtained, so as to deprive any one of the right of suffrage, or of being elected or appointed to any office under the exceptions costained in this Constitution.

ARY. 99. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide by law for deductions from the salaries of public officers who may be guilty of a neglect of duty.

ART. 100. The Legislate shall point out the manner in which a person coming the the shall declaration residence.

ART. 101. In all elegitions by the people the vote shall be by ballet, and in all elections by the declaration of Representatives, jointly or expansively, the vote shall be given vive does.

ART. 102. No member of Congress, nor person holding or exercising any office of trust or profit under the United States, or subset of them, or under any freign power, shall be slighble us a member, of the congress or under any office of trust or profit under the

written proceedings of the State, shall be promulgated, preserved and conducted in the language in which the constitution of the United States is written.

Representatives, shall be conversant with the French and English languages; and members may address either House in the French or English languages.

guages; and members may accused.

ART. 105. The General Assembly shall direct by law how persons who are now or may hereafter become sureties for public officers may be discharged from such surety ship.

ART. 106. No power of suspending the laws of this State shall be exercised, unless by the legislature or its authority.

ART. 107. Prosecutions shall be by indictment, or information. The accused shall have a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the vicinage: he shall not be compelled to give evidence aga...st himself; he

na abuse of this liberty.

Art. 111. Emigration from the State shall not be prohibited.

Art. 112. The General Assembly which shall meet after the firs

aws by general reference to such system or code of laws; but in all cashall specify the several provisions of the laws it may enact.

Arr. 121. The State shall not become subscriber to the stock of an

orporation or joint stock company.

ART. 122. No corporate body shall be hereafter tiended, with banking or discounting privileges.

Ast. 127. Taxation shall be equal and uniform throughout the Sta

compact with any State, or with the United States, the ART. 132. The Constitution and Liws of this State, shall be promigated in the English and French languages.

TITLE VII

PUBLIC EDUCATION.

Agr. 133. There shall be appointed a superintendent of public education, who shall hold his office for two years. His duties shall be prescribed. by law. He shall receive such compensation as the Legislature may d

ART. 134. The Legislature shall establish free Public Schools throughout the State, and shall provide means for their support by taxition

property or otherwise.

ART. 135. The proceeds of all lands heretofore granted by the United States to this State for the use or support of schools, and of all lands which may hereafter be granted or bequeathed to the State, and not expressly granted or bequeathed for any other purpose, which hereafter may be disposed of by the State, and the proceeds of the estates of decessed persons to which the State may become entitled by law, shall be held by the State and the state of the st

be proposed in the Senate or House of Representatives, and it the same shall be agreed to by three-fifths of the members elected to each House, and approved by the Governor, such proposed amendment or amendments shill be entered on their Journals, with the years and nays taken thereon, and the Secretary of State shall cause the same to be published, three months before the next general election, in at least one newspaper shall be published; and if, in the Lagislature next afterwards schosen, such proposed amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each House, the Secretary of State shall cause the same to be again published in the manner aforesaid, at least three months previous to the next general election for Representatives to the State I agislature, and such proposed amendment or amendments shall be conducted, and the returns thereof made in conformity with the qualified electors shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments, the same shall become a part of the Constitution: I frome thus one amendment be submitted at a time, they shall be submitted in such manner and form that the people may vote for or against each amendment of course in for the said General Assembly to proceed with the transmission, and form that the people may vote for or against each amendment of the said General Assembly to proceed with the transmission, and before it shall be competed by the people, it shall near the duty of the Governor feathwith to issue his proclamation, desired to the duty of the Governor feathwith to issue his proclamation, desired to the duty of the Governor feathwith to issue his proclamation, desired to the duty of the Governor feathwith to issue his proclamation, desired to the duty of the Governor feathwith to issue his proclamation, desired to the duty of the Governor feathwith to issue his proclamation, desired to the duty of the Governor feathwith to issue his proclamation, desired to the people and the constitution.

Art. 152. Should this Constitution be accepted by the

TITLE IL

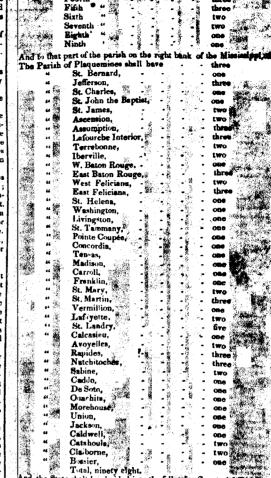
SCHEDULB.

SCHEDULB.

ART. III. The Constitution adopted in 1812 is declined to be superseded by this Constitution, and in order to carry the same into effect it is
hereby declared and ordained as follows:

ART. 142. All rights, actions, prosecutions, claims and contracts, as
well of individuals as of bodies corporate, and all laws in force at the time
of the adoption of this Constitution, and not inconsistent therewith, shall

continue as if that same had not been adented Agr. 143. Until the first engageration shall be made as directed in



All that portion of the parish of Orleans lying on the cost side of the issussippi river, shall compose one senstorial district, and shall elect

ART. 144. In onler that no inconvenience may result to use powers so vice from the taking effect of this Constitution, no office shall be superceded thereby; but the laws of the State relative to the duties of the several officers. Executive, Judicial and Military, shall remain in full forte, though the same be contrary to this Constitution, and the several duties shall be performed by the respective officers of the State, according to the existing laws, until the organization of the Government under those Constitution, and the enterior into office of the new officers, to be

ling to the existing laws, until the organization of the Government uncer his Constitution, and the entering into office of the new officers, to be ippointed under said Government, and no longer.

ART. 145. Appointments to office by the Executive under this Constitution, shall be mide by the Governor to be elected under its authority.

ART. 146. The provisions of article 28, concerning the inability of members of the Legislature to hold certain offices therein mentioned, had been admitted to the first Legislature elected. ART. 147. The time of service of all officers chosen by the people, at

the first election under the Constitution, shall terminate as though the election had been holden on the first Monday of November, 1845, and they had entered on the discharge of their duties at the time designated Aur. 148. The Legi-lature shall provide for the removal of all causes onstitution of 1812, to Courts created by this Constitution.

ART. 149. Appeals to the Supreme Court from the parishes of Jack-on, Union, Morehouse, Catahoula, Caldwell, Ouachita, Franklin, Car-oll, Madison, Tensas, and Concordia shall, until otherwise provided for, e returnable to New-Orleans.

TITLE I

ont the State, and shall provide means for their support by taxition on property or otherwise.

Art. 135. The proceeds of all lands heretofore grasted by the United States to this State for the use or support of schools, and of all lands which may hereafter be granted or bequeathed to the state, and not expressly granted or bequeathed for any other purpose, which hereafter may be disposed of by the State, and the proceeds of the estates of decessed persons to which the State may become entitled by law, shall be held the byte State as a loan, and shall be and remain a perpetual fund, on which the State may become entitled by law, shall be held that the rents of the usuald lands, shall be appropriated to the support of such schools, and this apport ration shall remain involable.

Art. 130. All moneys arising from the sales which have been or thay hereafter be made for that purposes, shall be any propriated to the support of a seminary of learning, and from any kind of idenation that may hereafter be made for that purposes, shall be and remain a perpetual fund, the interest of which at six per cent per annum, shall be appropriated to the support of a seminary of learning in the promotion of literature and the arts and sciences, and no law shall ever be made divertions and the state of the state in the state of the state of the state in the state of th

be competent for the said General Assembly to proceed with the translation of bus mess.
Adopted in Convention, on the 34th day of May, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and farty five, in the city of New Citemes. JOSEPH WALKER

Andrew HORATIO DAVIS,

WEE: O'L -60

WEE: O'L -60

Bottien Fleather

Ldysdon

ARDINES -50 cm

boxes, for sale to Corrosso anti OATS+300 bags is HAVANA BUGAL

CORN HOWASTER
SPERM CANAGES
SMITH WILVES

MANFLEA WAT THE GATAGORIL Washing of the

PRINTER CO.

I the Position of performent of the second of

HAVANA EI
HEVAGE OF THE PAINTER A

ASSOCIATE THE PAINTER A

BAUGING B

to Cross.could

WAITE WIS

MENERAL W Hamp-200 bal

PORK-400 Ubis

OATN-300 sack JANAHA RUN

QUENIN:-IN

HENP-18 beie

BALE ROPE -10

DETAU PRU. ..