## An Account of two Books:

I. A Discourse of the State of Health in the Island of Jamaica, with a Provision calculated for the same, from the Air, the Place, and the Water; the Customs and manner of Living, &c. By Thomas Trapham M. D. Coll. Med. Lond. Soc. Hon.

His Book is divided by the Ingenious Author into ten Chapters, with a Conclusion.

Chap. 1. Treateth of the Air of Jamaica. As, amongst other particulars, of the Winds there, and several kinds of Breezes; with the Distempers they introduce. Shewing also, that 'tis thick and moist, though very hot. That it aboundeth with a Volatile Nitrous Salt; from the speedy rusting of Iron, and the great fructifying quality of the Rains and Dews there. With a Digression of the Nature or Production of Nitre, &c.

Chap. 2. Of the Place. As, with other matters of note, Whence not subject to Hurricanes. Description of Port Royal: with the advantages and inconveniences therein with respect to health. Account of the Sugar-works: and of the Distempers which proceed from much drinking of Rum, and other hot Liquors. Two great Rarities: the one a fort of Trees, not rotten, but living and growing, the Bark of which shines in the dark most vividly, especially in rainy weather. The other a fort of Seeds, endued with an inward throbbing Puls or Spring of Motion: by means whereof they will also leap sometimes above a span high upon a Table; and being placed at a distance, continue that leaping motion one towards another: which power of self-motion they also retain, in some degree, for many days. Descriptions of several Parts of the Island. Of the Cacaa, and other Plants here produced. A Natural History of the Countrey promised.

Chap. 3. Of the Water. As of the River de Coure. How cured by the Spaniards, &c. A better water near the Port. Danger of Well-water, especially at Ligany. Rivers and Springs abound. A Vegetable which being cut, affords a copious

pious and healthful Liquor. Uses of the Goco Nut-tree.

Chap. 4. Of the Customs and Manners of Living. Where a suitable and regular Diet is recommended. Best Wine for the Jamaicans brought from Madera. How the Jamaican to order himself in the night. Whence it is, that in Jamaica sour Males dye for one Female. Of Chocolate (the Manna of the West-Indies) its preparation and use. Of Fruits, Flesh, and Fish, which the best. Particularly, the Sea-Tortoyse excellent sood. With several observations of this Animal. Of the Manaty or Sea-Cow. The Jew-sish, &c. Here no venemous Creatures, &c.

Chap. 5. Of the Intemperatures and Difeases of the Place in general, and Fluxes in particular. The Diseases here, sew, and simple. Small Pox, Plague, Consumptions, Stone, but rave: As also the Diseases incident to Women in Northern Countries: Childbirth easie to admiration. Symptomes and core of the Simple Flux, Bloody Flux, and White Flux.

Chap. 6. Of the Fevers in Jamaica. As their Nature, Remedies. Usually Intermittent. The use of China here-

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Chap. 7. Of the Dropfy, called the Countrey Disease. A specifick Remedy hereof growing in Jamaica, called the Dumb Cane, because, whosever toucheth it with his Tongue, becometh dumb for some hours. Applied by the Author only outwardly. How to be prepared and used: and its odd effects. Occasionally of the Herb Verbene very successfully applied in the Pleurise. The use of a Decoction of Savanna Weed, a sort of Spikenard.

Chap. 8. Of Worms. Whence so frequent in Jamaica; effecially in Children, Women, and Infirm. Amongst others,

Jamaica Aloes one specifick for them, &c.

Chap. 9. Of the Lues Venerea. Some conjectures of its Original. Description of the Tams, cured in Jamaica with ease and certainty by a methodical use of Vomits, Purging, and Bleeding: together with a Remedy for external fores, of ease preparation; which is also described. A Conjecture, That many of the Symptomes in the Yaws and Pox, may proceed from little Animals, bred in and about the Spermatick Parts. The use of a Balsamick Juyce in the Pox, discovered by wild Boars.

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Chap. 10. Of the Dry-belly ach. How occasioned. Its terrible Symptomes. Often proves Chronical. Bathing a sure Remedy. A Specifick to be used with the forementioned Balfome.

The Conclusion. Wherein Baths are recommended for preventing most of the forementioned Diseases. The Author's Opinion of the Production of Ambergriese.

II. Catalogus Stellarum Australium: sive Supplementum Catalogi Tychonici, exhibens Longitudines & Latitudines Stellarum sixarum, quæ prope Polum Antartticum sitæ, in Horizonte Oraniburgico Tychoni inconspicuæ suere, accurato Galculo, ex Distantiis supputatas, & ad Annum 1677. complesum corretas. Cum ipsis Observationibus in Insula S. Helenæ (cajus Latitudo 15 gr. 55 m. Austr. & Longit. 7 gr. 00 m. ad Occasum à Londino) summâ Curâ & Sextante satis magno de Cælo depromptis. Opus ab Astronomicis bastenus desideratum. Accedit Appendicula de Rebus quibusdam Astronomicis, notatu non indignis, Authore Edmundo Halleio, è Coll. Reg. Oxon.

THE diligent and most accurate Author introduceth these his Observations with a Preface; therein noting, That from his faid Observations it is most clear, that all the Astronomical Tables hitherto extant, are defective in Calculating the Motions of Celestial Bodies: that Saturn moveth much more flowly, and Jupiter more swiftly, than by those Tables is reckoned upon. That hereupon, he began to go about to correct them; but presently foresaw, that could never be well done, without a more correct Catalogue of the fixed Stars: the performance whereof, is already un-That he therefore chose dertaken by other excellent hands. rather to take upon himself the stateing of the places of the fixed Stars near the Southern Pole, and out of our Horizon: which no one, that he knoweth, hath, with proper Instruments, before undertaken. What Frederick Houtman's Instruments were, by whose Observations in Sumatra, Blaeu pretended to correct his Celestial Globe, our Author knows not; but saith, That by comparing that Globe with this his present Catalogue,

it appeareth he understood little of Astronomy. Which considering, and being also approved and encouraged by divers perfons of much Worth and Honour, as my Lord Brouncker, Sir 70feph Williamson, Sir Jonas Moore, and others, & even by the King also, he thereupon furnished himself with such Instruments as were necessary for his purpose: which he particularly mentions and describes. Of these, he saith, he made the utmost and most assiduous use that could be, in a place of so thick and cloudy a Sky, as that of St. Helena, contrary to common report, prov'd to be; having restored about 350 fixed Stars, which were omitted in Catalogo Tychonico. The places whereof he presumeth he hath truly assigned, taking in, or not without respect to, the places of some of the Stars in the forementioned Catalogue; in which the Obliquity of the Ecliptick is supposed to be 23 gr. 31 m. 30 s. which (faith our Author) is most certainly too much. Yet because he designed not a correction of the whole Sphear; and because it appears not, as yet, within half a minute, how great that Obliquity is; and that this his own Catalogue may be easily reduced to any Obliquity, he thought not fit to meddle with that.

After the Preface, follow the Observations themselves: wherein to his own, the Author hath added an ancient Catalogue out of Clavius's Commentaries In Spharam Jo. de Sacrobosco; and that of Bartschius & Tabulis Rudolphinis Kepleri: that being compared with these his Observations, it might evidently appear how very much the Ancient Globes do almost every where differ from the Heavens. From these Observations, as he proceeds, he also proposeth some conjectures of the corruptibility, or at least the mutability of the fixed

Stars.

Next there is a Table of the Right Ascensions of the Southern fixed Stars, and their Distances from the Pole: For the use of Navigators.

Hereto is subjoyned an Observation of Mercury by our Author, scil.

Mercurii Transitus sub Solis Disco. Oct. 28. Anno 1677. Cum Tentamine pro Solis Parallani.

Of his conjectures here made about the Suns Parallaxis, in his

his aforesaid Presace, he saith, That were the place of Mercury's Node once found, from this his Observation of Mercury, the Suns Parallaxis might be deduced.

Hereto are added, by our Author, Modi quidampene Geometrici pro Parallaxi Luna investiganda.

Of which, there are three proposed, Yet the best way of finding the same (as the Author noteth in his Presace) would be, by comparing the Meridian Altitudes of the Moon, observed both in St. Helena and in Europe at the same time.

The concluding Chapter is entitled, Quadam Lunaris Theoria Emendationem spectantia.

Wherein it is (as is noted in the said Presace) that Astronomy is at present most of all desective. And that the discovery hereof would lead us to the most exact way of sinding out the Longitude of places.

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