# The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 147: VOL. VII.—NEW SERIES. NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1845. VOL XVIII—WHOLE NO 4797



TERMS OF THE BEE.

*SUBSCRIPTION.*

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $15
Country Paper, semi-weekly, one year in advance, - 5

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued, on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar per square, for each language of the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one; any alteration from the original advertisements will be charged as a new one. TEN lines are a square from ONE to TEN lines, charged as a square.

ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $1 per square for each language and for each insertion.

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Merchants and Traders, in French and English, $60
Commission merchants, ship and steamboat factors, do. 80
Banks, insurance office, public institutions, 80
Booksellers, (English only,) 80

To advertisers in either French or English only, a reduction of 25 per cent will be made on the above prices, payable yearly in advance.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to one square in extent, and three changes per week.

ADVERTISEMENTS out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertiser, such as legal notices, and plantations, houses, leases of lots of ground or lot lease or sale, runaway slaves, stray animals, &c. &c. will be charged 1 respectively and at the ordinary rates.

All notices of Candidates for political offices; all notices or articles of a personal nature (when admitted) will pay $2 per square, in advance.

J. MAGNE & WEISSE.



REMOVAL.—The office of the British Consulate is removed to No. 10 Musson's Buildings corner of Canal and Royal streets. 18tf

REMOVAL.—WILLIAM MURE has removed to No. 10 Musson's Buildings, corner of Canal and Royal sts. 18tf

DOCTOR PEQUET

Has the honor to inform the public that he has removed his residence to the corner of Bourbon and St. Louis streets. 19 1tf

HEPBURN & TURPIN,

IMPORTERS OF

HAVANA CIGARS,

Have a large assortment of the choicest brands, which they offer for sale low for cash, or approved paper. Samples can be seen at their office, No. 11 Royal street, New Orleans. 14—1m

L. Duperron,

*DOCTOR DENTIST,*

No. 202 Bourbon street,

Between St. Louis and Dumaine streets.

His office is open from 8 o'clock A M, till 3 P M, and from 6 till 9 in the evening.

W. E. MURPHY,

*Attorney and Counsellor at Law,*

Office in St. Louis street, over Mahony's Bazaar.

PRATT & MORTON have removed to 38 Magazine street. m27

DORSEY, VINCENT & CO.,

*Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,*

No. 68 Chartres street, New Orleans.

☞ Particular attention given to sale of and package sales of dry goods. m30

☞ NOTICE.—During my absence from this city, Messrs. Dorsey, Vincent & Co. are authorized to receive and receipt for all debts due me. Those indebted to me will please call and settle their accounts with them.

Leon T. Chaze, notary public, dated this day.

New Orleans, May 26, 1845. m3 PIERRE POUTZ

☞ W. F. VREDENBURGH & Co., No. 30 Old Levee, will make liberal cash advances on cotton, sugar, molasses, &c. consigned to Benjamin M. Ezell, Esq., New York, or to B. Ezell Fowler, Esq. Boston. 20tf

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & CO.,

*Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,*

No. 31 Canal street,

m6 New Orleans.

☞ MR. JOSEPH A. HALL is our regularly authorized agent and attorney in fact, during our temporary absence from this city. m30

NORCROSS & FISDICK

Are ADVANCING—Liberal cash advances will be made on consignments of sugar, molasses and coffee, to our friends in Cincinnati. 41tf

REYNAUD & FALLON, 14 Bienville st.

FOSDICK & BROTHER,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

No. 66 Camp street. 1

m26 New Orleans.

BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co.,

*Commission and Forwarding Merchants,*

No. 93 Tchoupitoulas street. 21

DR. ELANSARD—Ex assistant to the Hospitals the King and Queen of France, the Princess and Princesse, Surgeon Dentist to the faculty of Medicine of Paris and to the Hospitals of New Orleans.

Fixes natural teeth, without the least pain, in imitation perfectly equal to the natural ones in beauty.

Corrects the second teething of children, and corrects any deviation in their teeth;

Fills and keeps in preserving, minute and constant practice, in France and America, in the dentistic art, and all the various to it—penalties, preserving at once the mouth and the teeth.

He possesses a gum-cement, which repairs any accident to the gum, of the same color of the gum, and which is the most precious substance that has yet been made known, either can, at the time, plumb the teeth so hermetically as that

The operation is made without any pain, and is achieved in a few minutes.

He has recently invented for the Teeth

Or Gauffe, without nature the most amiable and most perfect coiffure, now in fashion.

A New Pendule (tablet-pleine) to plumb the teeth in Lichn-Coast, instantly causing pain in the teeth to cease.

Elixir to reform the gums, consolidating the loosenesses.

Tooth-Water for keeping the mouth and preserving the teeth;

Specs of Cayac rectified, to give a tone to sanguious eyes;

Drops of Quinine to clean and fortify the teeth;

Tooth Brushes of various kinds, to erase all cases of a tartar-like coat about the teeth.

His office, at No. 108 Royal street, is open every day from 9 in the morning until 3 in the afternoon, Sundays excepted; visits made to order. 1y

HOTEL SIDNEY HALL—Now sending and in store a supplementary assortment of the following fig. goods, which will be continued replenished by late arrivals, and for sale at reduced prices:—

Men's fine calf sewed Boots and Brogans;
Ladies' and misses' do do do do;
Children's kid and morocco Brogans and Ankle Ties;
Ladies' fine kid and morocco Slippers and Ties;
Men's and boy's calf and kip pegged Boots;
Men's fine calf, kip and sewed do do;
Women's fine kid and calf pegged Boots;
Youth's and children's calf and seal Brogans;
Men's and boy's heavy coarse Brogans.

No. 34 Camp street.

Also, a few cases, cassimere, silk and Russia Hats;
Do. drab and fancy cassimere and plain Hats;
Do. and boy's fine and coarse Palm leaf Hats;
Do. do. Panama, black, drab, brown and white;
Palm leaf Mats, fine and low priced—constantly for sale at the Hotel Sidney Hall.

m27—tf FRONT & MORTON, 34 Magazine st.

NOTICE.

The undersigned has for sale at the most reduced prices, in his Greenhouse in St. Charles st., a large and valuable collection of Camellias, Azalias, Cactus plants, orchideas and a great variety of other greenhouse plants and exotics. He has already over a hundred and fifty varieties of roses. Orders promptly executed and sent gratis to the steamboats.

JOHN M BACH.

REMOVAL.

PEET & MORTON,

*No. 25 Magazine Street.*

Are receiving per ships Hargrieve, Amonia and Oswego, and a large assortment of their luxury prints, chiefly new dyes black cambrics; pink and blue do; black and fancy silk glacés; mourning goods; laces; full line of buttings and sheetings; together with a very large assortment of British spring goods, which will be sold low for cash. m24

SALT—Liverpool coars and fine, in prime shipping order. For sale by 32 Steamship street.

HAVANA SEGARS—30,000 Regalia segars landing ex ship Fanny, and for sale by

m30 CHALERO, 32 Old Levee

HAVANA SUGAR—307 hhds white, farms and yellow sugar for sale by L CANTIN.

m30 44 Gravier

MATTING—116 rolls 4-4 Variegated Matting, 16 to 8-4 do, in store and for sale by

m30 WM FROST & Co. 28 Old Levee

GLUE—A lot of superior quality, for sale by

m30 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,

93 Tchoupitoulas

NAILS—Assorted cutnails, for sale by

m30 W F VREDENBURGH & Co,

Corner Magazine & Lafayette

BORDEAUX WINE—165 casks best brands, for sale by

m26 LOREILHE & Co,

corner of Bienville and Chartres streets

ALE by RAYMOND CAHUZAC.

m27 34 Old Levee

CORKS—50 boxes corks different shapes and sizes, for sale by RAYMOND CAHUZAC.

m27 34 Old Levee

ALE—Pale ale in quarts and pints, superior quality, for sale by A GORDON, WYLIE & Co.

m27 32 Bienville st

PORTER—London Brown St. Michael in quarts and pints, for sale by A GORDON, WYLIE & Co.

m27 32 Bienville st

LARD—125 brls and tierces prime lard, in fine shipping order, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co.

m30 93 Tchoupitoulas

IMPERIAL GREEN—300 kegs, 11 lb each imperial green from for sale by

m30 W F VREDENBURGH & Co. 30 Old Levee

FRENCH ORGANDI—fine case organdi lush prints landing from ship Britain of New York, for sale by

m30 DUNCAN, DUNN & Co. 55 Chartres

ROPE AND TWINE—10 c lbs Manilla rope and 16 bundles of twine, in store, and for sale by

m30 AMES & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp

TANNERS OIL—20 bbls tanners oil, of a good quality, for sale by

m30 J E WOODRUFF, 30 Camp

COFFEE—Old Government Java coffee, in store and for sale by E THOMGOROS.

m30 76 Old Levee

LOARS—Sal leaves when yellow and brown Havana segars in room, for sale by

m30 E THOMGOROS, 76 Old Levee

ALLUM AND EPSOM SALTS—Bulk or in packages, for sale by W F VREDENBURGH & Co.

m27 30 Old Levee

BLUE MASS—300 lbs for sale by

m27 W F VREDENBURGH & Co.

WHITE, WINE—50 bbls Haut Sauterne, for sale by

m27 W F VREDENBURGH & Co.

LARD—50 kegs and 5 bbls lard landing from steamboat Champion, for sale by

m27 LEONARD STURTEVANT & Co.

HAVANA SEGARS—30,000 Cigars and Cabana's brand, just landing per brig Tal from Havana, for sale by

m27 E THOMGOROS, 76 Old Levee

TOBACCO—110 boxes Cuba and Virginia; also 50 boxes Segars and Bitters, landing per brig Tal from Havana, for sale by E THOMGOROS, 76 Old Levee

OLIVE OIL—50 flasks and 100 cases superfine quality, for sale by E THOMGOROS, 76 Old Levee

m27 17 a 4 19 St Louis

CLARET IN BOXES—600 boxes St Julien with caps and corks, entered in warehouse, for sale by

m27 EUG ROCHEREAU & Co, 17 and 19 St Louis

REMOVAL.

PEET & MORTON,

*No. 25 Magazine Street.*

Are receiving per ships Hargrieve, Amonia and Oswego, a large assortment of their luxury prints, chiefly new dyes black cambrics; pink and blue do; black and fancy silk glacés; mourning goods; laces; full line of buttings and sheetings; together with a very large assortment of British spring goods, which will be sold low for cash. m24

SALT—Liverpool coars and fine, in prime shipping order. For sale by 32 Steamship street.

HAVANA SEGARS—30,000 Regalia segars landing ex ship Fanny, and for sale by

m30 CHALERO, 32 Old Levee

HAVANA SUGAR—307 hhds white, farms and yellow sugar for sale by L CANTIN.

m30 44 Gravier

MATTING—116 rolls 4-4 Variegated Matting, 16 to 8-4 do, in store and for sale by

m30 WM FROST & Co. 28 Old Levee

GLUE—A lot of superior quality, for sale by

m30 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,

93 Tchoupitoulas

NAILS—Assorted cutnails, for sale by

m30 W F VREDENBURGH & Co,

Corner Magazine & Lafayette

BORDEAUX WINE—165 casks best brands, for sale by

m26 LOREILHE & Co,

corner of Bienville and Chartres streets

ALE by RAYMOND CAHUZAC.

m27 34 Old Levee

CORKS—50 boxes corks different shapes and sizes, for sale by RAYMOND CAHUZAC.

m27 34 Old Levee

ALE—Pale ale in quarts and pints, superior quality, for sale by A GORDON, WYLIE & Co.

m27 32 Bienville st

PORTER—London Brown St. Michael in quarts and pints, for sale by A GORDON, WYLIE & Co.

m27 32 Bienville st

LARD—125 brls and tierces prime lard, in fine shipping order, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co.

m30 93 Tchoupitoulas

IMPERIAL GREEN—300 kegs, 11 lb each imperial green from for sale by

m30 W F VREDENBURGH & Co. 30 Old Levee

FRENCH ORGANDI—fine case organdi lush prints landing from ship Britain of New York, for sale by

m30 DUNCAN, DUNN & Co. 55 Chartres

ROPE AND TWINE—10 c lbs Manilla rope and 16 bundles of twine, in store, and for sale by

m30 AMES & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp

TANNERS OIL—20 bbls tanners oil, of a good quality, for sale by

m30 J E WOODRUFF, 30 Camp

COFFEE—Old Government Java coffee, in store and for sale by E THOMGOROS.

m30 76 Old Levee

LOARS—Sal leaves when yellow and brown Havana segars in room, for sale by

m30 E THOMGOROS, 76 Old Levee

ALLUM AND EPSOM SALTS—Bulk or in packages, for sale by W F VREDENBURGH & Co.

m27 30 Old Levee

BLUE MASS—300 lbs for sale by

m27 W F VREDENBURGH & Co.

WHITE, WINE—50 bbls Haut Sauterne, for sale by

m27 W F VREDENBURGH & Co.

LARD—50 kegs and 5 bbls lard landing from steamboat Champion, for sale by

m27 LEONARD STURTEVANT & Co.

HAVANA SEGARS—30,000 Cigars and Cabana's brand, just landing per brig Tal from Havana, for sale by

m27 E THOMGOROS, 76 Old Levee

TOBACCO—110 boxes Cuba and Virginia; also 50 boxes Segars and Bitters, landing per brig Tal from Havana, for sale by E THOMGOROS, 76 Old Levee

OLIVE OIL—50 flasks and 100 cases superfine quality, for sale by E THOMGOROS.

m27 17 a 4 19 St Louis

CLARET IN BOXES—600 boxes St Julien with caps and corks, entered in warehouse, for sale by

m27 EUG ROCHEREAU & Co, 17 and 19 St Louis



## NEW ORLEANS BEE

J. MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS.
NO. 81 CHARTRES STREET.

*Official Journal of the State,*
*AND COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. 3*

*NEW-ORLEANS.*

MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1845.


☞ On looking over our country exchanges, we perceive the whigs every where preparing for the July Convention. In the Lake parishes, in Lafourche, the Attakapas, Opelousas, and indeed in every quarter of the State, the busy note of preparation may be heard. Our Whig friends are burnishing their armour for a new contest, so whit discouraged by the discomfiture of last November—an event which they justly ascribe to false issues and fraudulent voting. Never have we seen the Whigs of Louisiana more earnest, enthusiastic and unanimous. The utmost harmony prevails among them, and the choice of the July Convention, let it fall on whom it may, will be ratified by the Whig suffrages of Louisiana, without a dissenting voice.

In the interim, great activity prevails among our old adversaries, the Locofocos. They are perfectly well aware that the contest next January will determine the political character of the State for some years, and they are determined that it shall not go by default. It is not very easy to devine whom they will put forth to sustain the brunt of the battle. Their two most prominent candidates are Judge ISAAC JOHNSON, and the Hon JOSEPH WALKER. The first is a man of intelligence, character and standing—perhaps too refined and gentlemanly to suit the rank and file of the party. He is popular withal, at least in certain sections of the State, and is said to be mild and tolerant, though decided in his political views. Gen'l. WALKER is very well known as the President of the late Convention.—He is a man of, we believe, irreproachable character in private life—a bitter locofoco, a very warm partisan, termed in the internecine fact faction, of exceedingly moderate calibre, but yet the great favorite throughout the Fourth Congressional District. Between these two will the Locofoco Convention have to chose. We hope they will select JOHNSON for two reasons. First he is a gentleman worthy the steel of the Whigs. Next, if fortunate to be elected (of which, however, we entertain apprehensions,) the people of Louisiana will have at the head of the Government a man of standing and intellect, who, it may be reasonably supposed, will not become the pliant tool of a clique, and the mere instrument of party demagogues. Gen'l. WALKER is doubtless a man of good intentions, but he lacks the firmness and energy of will which JOHNSON possesses. So we trust they will give us JOHNSON whom we shall try our best to beat, and if we fail we shall have the consolation of thinking that at all events Locofocoism has put forward decidedly its best man.

THE NORTHERN PAPERS are as snappish and surly in their paragraphs about the weather, as if the editors were all under the influence of *Uras' Mayor*. They cannot stand the sweltering heat half as well as we do in this tropical latitude, for whereas in the North the intense fervor of the sun is untempered by a breath of air, we are continually refreshed morning and evening by delicious breezes. It is certainly hot enough to melt plains about mid-day, but after sun set, a balmy air circulates, which refreshes and vivifies weariad nature, and is enjoyed with the greatest zest, from the contrast with the unmitigated temperature which scorches the very marrow at about 12 meridian.

☞ On referring to our French files we perceive that the government has decreed that all vessels coming from the Antilles shall be considered as having clean bills of health, when neither sickness nor death from yellow fever shall have occurred on board within ten days of their arrival. Vessels from Martinique, Guadaloupe and the Ionian Isles shall be admitted immediately while those countries remain healthy. Arrivals from Tunis shall be subjected to a quarantine of ten days only.

☞ The Iberville *Planters' Gazette* says that the body of a man was found drowned just below Plaquemine, on the 26th instant. He was from thirty to thirty-two years old, and apparently a German. A few papers and a handsome silk purse were found on the body, but no money except a few Prussian coins, worth altogether about twenty-five cents. It is believed, from the papers found on the deceased, that he left Bremen in the month of April last; that his name was Henry Brandt, and that he has a sister in Louisville, Ky., named Helena Brandt. A letter was found on his person, dated Louisville, Ky., 18th October, 1844, and signed Helena Brandt.

DEATH OF GENERAL DAWSON.—We learn with unfeigned regret that General JOHN B DAWSON, Representative in Congress from the Third District, expired at his residence, near St. Francisville, on Thursday last, 26th instant. He had been ill for many weeks, but it was thought, had nearly recovered from a recent very severe attack. General Dawson was a warm-hearted, generous gentleman, of unbounded personal popularity, and greatly beloved by those who enjoyed his friendship and acquaintance.

EDITORIAL CHANGE.—We perceive by the last number of the St. Francisville *Chronicle*, that Major KELLY, for many years its bold and able editor, has disposed of the paper to Messrs. JOHNSON & STANHARD, by whom the *Chronicle* will hereafter be conducted. In political principles will remain unchanged. The Major contemplates establishing another whig journal in some part of the Third Congressional District. He has our hearty wishes for his success.

DEATH OF A VETERAN.—General Garrigues D. Flaugeac, a member of the Legislature for several years past, and a captain of artillery at the battle of Orleans, under Gen. Jackson, died at his residence in Opelousas on the morning of the 26th inst, aged 66 years.

GOV. STOCKTON, of Delaware, has issued a proclamation, calling upon the magistrates, and other officers of the law, to seek out, arrest, and bring to judgment, all those who have been engaged either as principals or abettors in the late duels fought within the boundaries of the state of Delaware.

SALLY MILLER.—An interesting account, in pamphlet form, of the suit of Sally Miller, for the recovery of her freedom, has been received and is for sale by Morgan, of the Literary Depot.

MR. FAY, the author of Leonary, had a complimentary benefit at Philadelphia a few days since, and was crowned with a wreath of laurel by the vocalists. He was afterwards serenaded.

CHARITABLE BEQUEST.—The late Mr. J. MAGEE, bequeathed in his will the sum of one thousand dollars to the Catholic Male Orphan Asylum. The legacy has been transmitted to the Trustees of that Institution.

### APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

John W. Holding, of Maryland, as consul of the United States for the port of Santiago de Cuba, in the place of James J. Wright, deceased.

Charles N. Lawrason, surveyor and inspector of the revenue at Carter's Creek, Va., in the place of Robert Edwards, whose commission will expire on the 8th of July, 1845.

### THE BIG CHINESE LETTER.

The Washington *Union* publishes the following copy of the big letter which arrived at the State Department on the 20th ult. It consists of a roll 7 feet 1 inch long, by 2 feet 11 inches wide. The writing is on a field of plain yellow silk, with a margin of silk of the same color, embroidered in gold thread.

[COPY.]

The Great Emperor presents his regards to the President, and trusts he is well.

I the Emperor, having looked up and received the unanimous *will* of Heaven, hold the reins of *government* over, and soothe and tranquilize the *Central Flowery Kingdom*, regarding all within and beyond the sphere as one and the same family.

Early in the spring, the *ambassador of your honorable nation, Caleb* Cushing, have received *your letter*, opened over the vast oceans with unspeakable toil and they incomprehensive of travelling by land and waters, in their inconvenience of travelling by land and waters, in dispersse with his coming to *Peking* to be presented at court, especially supported *Ke Ying*, of the imperial equal thither, and to treat him with courteous attention.

Moreover, they having negotiated and settled all things properly, the said minister took the *letter*, and presented it for my inspection; and your sincerity and friendand sentiments being with the utmost sincerity of kind, at the time of opening and perusing it, my pleasure and delight were exceedingly profound.

All and every thing they had settled regarding the regulations of commerce, I, the Emperor, further examined with utmost scrutiny, and found they are all perspicuous, and entirely and perfectly judicious, and forever worthy of adherence.

To *Kwang Chow, Hea Mun, Fuh Chow, Ning Po, and Shang Hae*," it is alike permitted the citizens of the *United States* to proceed, and according to the articles of the treaty, at their convenience to carry on commerce.

Now, bound by perpetual *amity and friendship*, advantage will accrue to the *citizens of both nations*, which, I trust, must certainly cause the President also to be exceedingly rejoiced and delighted.

Taou Kwang, 26th yr. 11th m, and 7th d. (16th Dec. A. D. 1844.)

[Signed] PETER PARKER,
Late Chinese Secretary to the Legation.

[Signed] The seal of the empire by Chinese { Signet of the imperial will. }

☞ The *free ports* in the Chinese empire which the treaty opens to the commerce of the United States.—*Editor.*

### ARRIVAL OF THE CALEDONIA.

*FOURTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE*

The steamship *Caledonia* arrived at Boston on the 19th inst., bringing news to the 4th inst. The intelligence does not possess much general interest. Cotton for the week ending July 3d, closed heavily at a decline of 1 8d. a pound. The funds rose on the receipt of the *Hibernia's* arrival one per cent, and considerable buoyancy prevailed in almost every department of the public securities contingent upon the same cause.

From Witmer & Smith's *European Times* and other sources we make up a full summary of the news.

The season at present seems, perhaps not a remote prospect, that the long talk of junction between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans may be carried out. A gentleman is at present in London, striving to interest our great capitalists in the speculation, and as he is armed with the necessary powers by the Mexican Government, and as money is abundant for all purposes which present the least chance of a fair and safe investment, it is not improbable that he may succeed. Joint-stock companies, for objects of quite as Utopian a character, challenge, by their glowing and deceptive announcements, the public's attention in almost every British newspaper. It seems that Don José de Garay, with some Mexican officers, and an Italian engineer, Don Luis Mahon, have been employed for a year past in surveying the district of Zahuantebec, and that the result of their investigations have established the great practicability of the undertaking. Negotiations in this country and on the Continent, so far as secrecy is feasible, and may be successfully carried out. Garay is guaranteed by the Government, for a period of fifty years, the profits of the tolls arising from the transit, commencing with the opening of the communication between the two oceans; and for the first 10 years of the receipts, which the Government takes, the bondholders are to have an interest to the same amount for sixty years after the expiration of Garay's term — Breadth of land, to the extent of thirty miles, on each side of the line, is ceded to him in fee-simple, with the privilege of purchasing lands, and establishing colonies, to the extent of one hundred and fifty miles more. This is in substance, is the proposition which is now before the capitalists of London, and its purport we have extracted from a circular addressed to many of the leading commercial houses.

The Epsom race has been won by a horse called the "Merry Monarch."

"Old" and "Young" Ireland have been at loggerheads. The quarrel was not very long, but it was terribly intense while it lasted. Mr. O'Connell, old in years and in shrewdness, has parted company with the lively Plantegenet, "None are for me that look into my deeds with thinking eyes;" and, with the exception of Smith O'Brien, from whose intellectual organization he had nothing to fear, the great Agitator has made the rival near his throne—evinces no desire to be pushed from his stool by young, and ardent, and, it may be, more practical men. "Young" Ireland, however, is in favour of mixed education—wishes to see Roman Catholics, Protestants, and Presbyterians, receive, within the walls of the same colleges, secular education at the same fount. "Old" Ireland is bitterly opposed to this great Irish leader, is opposed to this—free at the least implied resistance to his opinions or his policy—denounces "Young" Ireland in letter terms—and threatens to place his ban upon the circulation of the *Nation* newspaper. "Young" Ireland, in the person of a Mr. Davies, died during the winter in the prime of youth, and is literally *sheds tears*: at the idea of differing with the father of his people; and Mr. O'Connell, determined not to be outdone in sympathy, *weeps* also at being obliged to castigate his refractory children. The old man's tears are of considerable value.

THE NORTHERN PAPERS are as snappish and surly in their paragraphs about the weather, as if the editors were all under the influence of *Uras' Mayor*. They cannot stand the sweltering heat half as well as we do in this tropical latitude, for whereas in the North the intense fervor of the sun is untempered by a breath of air, we are continually refreshed morning and evening by delicious breezes. It is certainly hot enough to melt plains about mid-day, but after sun set, a balmy air circulates, which refreshes and vivifies wearied nature, and is enjoyed with the greatest zest, from the contrast with the unmitigated temperature which scorches the very marrow at about 12 meridian.

The Catholic Bishops are up in arms against the measure now before Parliament for establishing colleges in the north, south, and the west of Ireland. At their meeting in Dublin, some few days ago, they agreed to memorialize Government to modify some of the provisions of the bill, in order that the students should have the benefit of religious instruction, by Catholic Clergymen within the walls of the colleges—that the Catholic Bishops should have a vote upon the appointment of the professors—and that due measures might be taken against the religious opinions of the young men being tampered with.

The new treaty between England and France for the prevention of the slave trade on the coast of Africa, has at length been signed at the foreign office. The following are its provisions:

The preamble of the new treaty sets forth that the Queen of England and King of France (the parties most capable from their power to assist,) believed that the superior naval resources) deeming that the treaties of 1831 and 1833 have produced all the effect they were capable of, are desirous of concluding another compact suited to the present emergency, in order more effectually to repress the slave trade. They have accordingly drawn up the present treaty, to endure for ten years, unless a longer period to be appointed (which is to commence the 6th year, their mutual efforts should have proved insufficient and unsatisfactory. It is therefore agreed that France shall keep on the western coast of Africa a fleet consisting of 80 guns and 15 steam of sailing ships, the number amounting to not less than 36; and that the naval force employed by England will not be less than 26 sail, carrying 1,800 guns, and that the two powers shall use vigilance on the flags of their respective nations. Acting in concert for that object each power with the sanction of the other, may conclude negociating treaties with the native princes or chiefs for the suppression of the trade only, and bearing jointly the expenses of the presents, &c., upon the conclusion of such treaties. Should the number of vessels lacked or sea become necessary in the execution of the object in view, neither shall have recourse thereto without the consent of the other, unless a notice be given when the operation of this convention is about to commence, and from the following three months the right of mutual search must cease." The convention is signed by the Earl of Aberdeen, the Duc de Broglie, the Count de St. Aulaire, and Dr. Lushington.

The third reading of the Maynooth bill took place on the 21st ult., and after a world of argument the vote was taken when it appeared that the supporters of the measure mustered 318, its opponents 186—majority 133. The bill was gone before the House of Lorde, where the Duke of Wellington is in charge.

The abdication of Don Carlos in favor of his son, is the most striking event in continental news which has transpired since the sailing of the "Cambria."

There is a "screw loose" between France and her new ally, the Emperor of Morocco. The latter has repudiated the treaty which was negotiated, on the part of his Imperial Majesty, by General Bugeaud, and matters are current that the French official endeavoured to over reach his Moorish Majesty by the surreptitious introduction of articles in the Arabic text which gave better terms to France than the basis of the treaty warranted. Suspicion was known which was pointed out to the party most concerned by the representative of the British Government, and that there has been some doubt of the ratification at present from the fact that French Government has formally disavowed the treaty, and negociations are at present on foot for the consummation of another.

This breach of faith has produced some stinging censures in the Parisian papers, and will be worked into "political capital" by the opposition. But it does not appear to compromise the government in any way, for so soon as they ascertained the dishonesty of their agent, they, in duty as an honor bound, formally disowned it. The only disgrace seems to attach to the instrument of the meanness.

Germany appears to be in a state of high excitement in consequence of the schism which St Ronge, the new Luther, who demands marriage for the Catholic priesthood, and the celebration of mass in the native, instead of the Latin, language, has made between the New and the Old Lights. In this controversy none of the Jesuit persuasion, and several of the crowned heads of that country are already engaged. The Emperor of Austria has taken the most prompt measures to prevent the introduction of the new doctrines into his dominions, while it is viewed with a feeling of satisfaction by the King of Prussia. St Ronge and his coadjutors appear to be gaining ground; and it is not unlikely that before the arrival of Rome in at present one of the most notorious of individuals.

A repeal meeting was held at Tara on he 22d ult., at which 250,000 persons were present. O'Connell addressed the meeting.

### ENGLAND.

INDIAN CORN.—The efforts of Dr Bartlett, of the New York Albion, to induce the British Government to admit Indian corn extensively into England, and to encourage the consumption of it by the British people, are exciting some attention on this side of the water. Cobbett, many years ago, vainly endeavored to draw attention to this most valuable of food.

SALE OF SLAVE GROWN SUGAR IN LIVERPOOL.—The second sale of Venezuela sugar, the produce of slave labor, admitted under the authority of the order in Council of the 26th April, took place on Tuesday, 27th ultimo, in Liverpool. There was a large attendance of buyers, and the demand was fair. The importation, which was per Caniers, from Laguayra, consisted of 940 bbls, divided into 20 lots. The first lots offered were sold at 55s 6d per cwt, duty paid; 56s were then offered, but the prices gradually advanced until they reached 60s 6d. The whole cargo was sold for re exportation to the Isle of Man, and, consequently, the duty of 23s 4d per cwt will be returned to the importers.

INDIAN CHOLERA IN CALCUTTA.—It was last week stated in the public papers that ten of the children of the Sheffield workhouse had had an attack of Asiatic cholera and the most violent kind that ever, it is said, had died. On Whit Monday the children of the workhouse took a walk, visiting the cholera monument and the adjacent grounds, and it was generally supposed that the contagion had been communicated through some slight fissures in the ground (which had been closed for thirteen years,) occasioned by raking it over to improve its appearance; and after the return of the children, gratifying to learn that the patients are gradually recovering, and that no apprehensions are entertained that the disease will rage further.

TRIAL OF THE MONSTER GUN.—A trial of the monster gun, which has been manufactured in this town for the American steam frigate Princeton, of which we have given some details in a former number, was made on Saturday week, on the sands, North Shore, between Crosby and Formby. The firing commenced about eleven in the morning, and continued with some slight intermission until three in the afternoon. During that time upwards of three tons of shot were discharged—each shot weighed upwards of two hundred weight. The report was distinctly heard in the neighborhood of the docks, and in the north end of the town, although the scene of the firing was some eight or nine miles distant. The experiments proved highly satisfactory.—The appearance of the shot, after each discharge, skimming along the water, had a novel and pleasing effect. The range extended some miles. The day mild and fine, and notwithstanding the fact of the gun having been carried out as early as three in the morning to the scene of the experiments, to avoid notoriety, great numbers were attracted to the spot when the firing commenced.

At the Free Trade Bazaar at Covent Garden, were exhibited two autograph letters of Gen. Washington, and a pair of silver lame buckles worn by Dr. Franklin.

It appears to be understood and settled that the royal visit to Ireland will not take place this year.

A duel took place at Gosport a few weeks since between two officers named Seton and Hawley. Seton was very badly wounded.

MR. HIRAM POWERS', "GREEK SLAVE"—During the last ten days almost the sublimity and beauty who

### CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CRIMINAL COURT.—The Grand Jury yesterday, found a true bill for murder, against Charles F. Sweetser and Charles N Pond.

True bills were also found against George W. Hanna, for forging and uttering an endorsement.

Bernard Hollahan, indicted for an assault with a dangerous weapon—shooting a loaded pistol at John Kellers, was tried and acquitted.

His Honor Judge Canonge, passed sentence upon the following persons, who had been previously found guilty:

James Kinney, assault and battery, 24 hours imprisonment.

Michael Connolly, assault and battery, six hours imprisonment.

Mary Atkins, assault and battery, six days imprisonment.

Joseph Unse, assault and battery, six days imprisonment.

William Sanders, tried for an assault with attempt at rape, and found guilty of an assault, three months imprisonment.

CORONER RAMOS was yesterday called in hold an inquest upon the body of Robert Williams, who was found lying imbedded in the mud, between the wharf and the Levee, at the foot of Canal street. The deceased was identified as Robert Williams, who had been employed as steward of the steamboat *Republic*, and had been missing for about three months. The body being too much decomposed to discover any marks of violence upon it, the jury returned a verdict that the deceased came to his death by drowning. During the investigation, some testimony was elicted, which renders it possible that the deceased had come to his death by violent means. It appeared that the former steward of the boat had been discharged by the Captain, and the deceased appointed to fill his place. On the night that the deceased was missed from the boat, he was seen in company with Edward Stevens, the former steward, at one o'clock, in the morning, at the Coffee House of Mr. Sforet, in Toulouse street, where a quarrel ensued between them, during which Stevens stated that the deceased should not live 24 hours.

☞ William, alias Valentine Brazer and Robert Steward, charged with robbing James Spar of $4000 at Carrollton, on Friday night last, were arrested during the following day by Lieut Hernandez of the Third Municipality police, at the Postcherrain Rail Road Depot. $3624 of the stolen money was found in a trunk in their possession. They will be sent to Carrollton for examination.

FIRE.—About 10 o'clock last night an alarm of fire was given which was occasioned by the burning of some small tenements below the workhouse of the 3d Municipality. We were unable to learn further particulars at a late hour. It was got under way soon after the alarm was given.

☞ A slave named Sea, was arrested on Saturday night, for striking a watchman in St. Louis street. He ought to be severely punished; assaults by negroes on white persons are becoming so frequent, that severity must be exercised, or the evil will rapidly increase.

☞ On Saturday evening, Captain Vincenzo arrested Andrew Reill, at the request of G. B. Graham, who charges Reill with forging a bill on him for $2,500. Reill had a loaded pistol in his possession when he was arrested. The case will be investigated before Recorder Genois this morning.

☞ We are indebted to the steamboat M. B. Hamer for late river papers.

### LATEST DATES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York | June 18 | London | June 3 |
| Philadelphia | June 21 | Paris | June 1 |
| Baltimore | June 22 | Havre | June 1 |
| Charleston | June 21 | Mexico | June 14 |
| Mobile | June 21 | Tampico | June 15 |
| New Orleans | June 21 | Vera Cruz | June 14 |
| St. Louis | June 21 | Matamoras | June 14 |
| Havana | June 19 | Galveston | June 14 |

## COMMERCIAL.

### FOREIGN MARKETS.

*(Per steamship Caledonia, at Boston.)*

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

MAY 23, 1845.

The market opened very quietly, and all descriptions were low yesterday as at the quotations; on Wednesday however there was a considerable increase in the demand, and prices advanced ¼d per lb, which has been fully maintained since previous rates. Brazil and Egyptian continues very heavy of sale, whilst Bahia is rather lower. Speculators and exporters have taken to-day 3,000 bales, including 500 Surat and 150 Madras. 250 Sea Island and 900 stained have been offered at auction on Friday last. The total amount of sales are 27,920 bales.

May 23—Th demand from the trade has been very good during the week, but the market is dull to-day, and prices are not such as descriptions, little change can be noticed in prices. At a public sale of 500 Sea Island and 470 Stained bales, on Friday last, the following were the prices:—Sea Island—Superior, have taken 30@ Americas, and exporters 700 American, 400 Surat, and 50 Madras. The sales amount to 40 @ 1/32 inclusive.

June 1—Since Friday last a change for the worse has taken place, the demand has been very languid, the dearness and scarcity of money continues to operate to create more than customary alarm.

There is a floating report that Acbar has been surprised and taken by the Affghans, but we have not seen a report which has become proverbial by its frequency.

MISCELLANEUS.

A genuine autograph of Shakspeare, it is said, will shortly be submitted to the hammer.

The grant for education in England is to be increased this year £35,000.

The House of Lords has passed the Heatyside divorce bill. The lady in this case is the *chere amie* of Dr. Lardner.

Of the population of Ireland 81 per cent are Roman Catholics, 11 per cent Episcopalians, and the remaining 8 per cent Dissenters.

The parliamentary session would probably close about the middle of July.

Eighteen females were crushed or trampled to death and fifty seriously injured, owing to a false alarm of fire in a segar manufactory at Hoerta, near Valencia, on the 3d ult.

England is still in a disturbed state. At Warner the prisons are glutted with victims.

The steam ship Great Britain leaves Liverpool for New York the 26th July.

The revenue from the British post office for 1844, exceeded that of the previous year £84,000.

Slavery is to be abolished in the Island of St. Bartholomews. The diet of Sweden have voted 10,000 piasters yearly, for ten years, to be expended in redeeming the slaves of that island, and compensating their masters.

### WHIG MEETING.

*To the Editors of the Bee:*

Gentlemen,—I send you a copy of the proceedings of a whig meeting in this Parish.

Lafourche Interior, June 26th, 1845.

Your obedient servant,

J. L. COLE.

###