

A04

AIX 6.1 Features That Make You Go "ooo" (LAB)

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IBM benchmark results can be found in the IBM System p5, @server p5, pSeries, OpenPower and IBM RS/6000 Performance Report at http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/pseries/hardware/system perf.html.

Unless otherwise indicated for a system, the performance benchmarks were conducted using AIX V4.3 or AIX 5L. IBM C Set++ for AIX and IBM XL FORTRAN for AIX with optimization were the compilers used in the benchmark tests. The preprocessors used in some benchmark tests include KAP 3.2 for FORTRAN and KAP/C 1.4.2 from Kuck & Associates and VAST-2 v4.01X8 from Pacific-Sierra Research. The preprocessors were purchased separately from these vendors. Other software packages like IBM ESSL for AIX and MASS for AIX were also used in some benchmarks.

For a definition and explanation of each benchmark and the full list of detailed results, visit the Web site of the benchmark consortium or benchmark vendor.

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Microsoft Exchange	http://www.microsoft.com/exchange/evaluation/performance/default.asp
Veritest	http://www.veritest.com/clients/reports
Fluent	http://www.fluent.com/software/fluent/fl5bench/fullres.htmn
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Notes on performance estimates

rPerf

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rPerf estimates are calculated based on systems with the latest levels of AIX 5L and other pertinent software at the time of system announcement. Actual performance will vary based on application and configuration specifics. The IBM @server pSeries 640 is the baseline reference system and has a value of 1.0. Although rPerf may be used to approximate relative IBM UNIX commercial processing performance, actual system performance may vary and is dependent upon many factors including system hardware configuration and software design and configuration.

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- IBM Redbooks
 - AIX V6 Advanced Security Features Introduction and Configuration
 - http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/abstracts/sg247430.html?Open
 - Introduction to Workload Partition Management in IBM AIX Version 6
 - http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redpieces/abstracts/sg247431.html?Open
 - IBM System p Live Partition Mobility
 - <u>http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/abstracts/sg247460.html?Open</u>
 - IBM AIX Version 6.1 Differences Guide
 - http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redpieces/abstracts/sg247559.html?Open



Things to consider

- This familiarisation session is self-paced
- Text to enter into the system is undelined as shown below
 - <u>lslpp -L -b SystemMgmtClient</u>



Systems Director Console for AIX

- This section introduces you to the Systems Director Console for AIX
- The 'console' can be viewed through a normal browser with no other software required on the 'viewing' system
- The console is fast, secure and flexible



Systems Director for AIX

- On your laptop/desktop PC, open a browser and enter the address of your AIX 6.1 image in the following form
 - <u>https://'your_host':5336/ibm/console</u>
 - For example if your system is 192.168.0.73
 - <u>https://192.168.0.73:5336/ibm/console</u>
- This will open a welcome screen
- Log in as root



Systems Director for AIX





Welcome to the console



-	
-	

Have a look at the health stats then open 'OS Management'





WPAR Management

- This section shows how to create a system WPAR using the console
- How to start the WPAR
- How to 'connect' to the WPAR

AIX 6.1 'test drive'	10000
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Use the console to administer WPARs



|--|

Open the System WPAR administration page





WPAR Setup





WPAR Setup





WPAR Name: WPAR-1

 The example uses 'WPAR-1' as the name, you can choose another if you wish

Network INTERFACE: en0

- Or other suitable 'en' device

Internet ADDRESS: 192.168.0.1

- Using this address, you will be able to 'telnet' into the WPAR from the AIX image but not from 'outside'. In a 'real' environment, use a suitable IP address for connectivity to the network
- Mask: 255.255.255.0

Workload Partition Name	WPAR-1	
HOSTNAME		
Base Directory		
Default Volume group name		♦ G
Copy Global Name Resolution Settings	🔾 yes 💿 no	
Network INTERFACE	en0	♦ G
Internet ADDRESS (dotted decimal)	192.168.0.1	
Network MASK	255.255.255.0	
Create the Workload Partition?	⊙yes ○no	
Specification Output File		
START Workload Partition?	no	*











The WPAR is created, now we need to start it

























WPAR

- The WPAR is started, to check, look at the system and try:
 - Start in the **Global Environment 'GE'** ('parent' AIX level)
 - <u>lswpar</u>
 - State should be 'A' (Active)
 - <u>lswpar -R</u>
 - <u>lswpar -N</u>
- To log into the WPAR (from the GE), use:-
 - <u>telnet `Address of WPAR-1'</u>
 - If the WPAR does not have an IP address, <u>clogin WPAR-1</u> may be used to connect in place of 'telnet'

Try:

- Changing the WPAR password
 - Log out and back in to see what has changed
 - The *GE* root password is unchanged
 - When logged into the WPAR do a '<u>ps</u> ef' and check what processes are visible just the WPARs! Then try a '<u>lsdev</u>'



JFS Snapshot Facility

- This section shows how to create an 'internal' JFS2 filesystem snapshot
- All filesystem operations must be performed in the GE
 - If you are logged into a WPAR, log out of the WPAR before doing the JFS2 Snapshot exercise



JFS2 Filesystem Snapshot

JFS2 Integrated Snapshot

- Up to 64 Snapshots in the same logical volume as the source file system
- Snapshots accessible under a well known directory name (.snapshots) at the filesystem root
- Useful for user initiated recovery after accidental deletion, including over NFS
- Traditional JFS2 logical volume based snapshot still supported (from AIX 5.2)







Need to create a new filesystem for 'internal'





JFS2 Internal Filesystem Snapshot















JFS2 Internal Filesystem Snapshot

Parameters required are:

- Number of Units: 500 seems reasonable (MBytes that is)
- MOUNT POINT: /testfs
 - You can use something else if you wish
- Mount automatically at restart: yes
- Allow internal snapshots: yes
- The rest are defaults

	Volume group name	rootvg		
	SIZE of file system			
	Unit Size	Megabytes	×	
٠	Number of units	500		
*	MOUNT POINT	/testfs		
	Mount AUTOMATICALLY at system restart?	⊙ _{yes} ⊖ _{no}		
	PERMISSIONS	⊙read/write ⊙read only		
	Mount OPTIONS		~	Ģ
	Block Size (bytes)	4096	~	
	Logical Volume for Log		~	Ģ
	Inline Log size (M8ytes)			
	Extended Attribute Format	default	~	
	Enable Quota Management?	no	~	
	Enable EFS?	⊖ _{yes} ⊚no		
(Allow internal snapshots?	⊙yes Ong		



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	🗋 Windows Media 🚞 IBM				
	IBM. Systems Director Consol	e for AIX.	Welcome root	Help Logout	IEM.
	WelcomeMy Startup Pages	Health	X Workload Pa X System Stor	×	- Select Action 💌
	OS Management Security & Users Role Based Access		Volume group name SIZE of file system	rootvg	•
	Control		Unit Size	Megabytes	*
	Cryptography Standard #11 (PKCS11)	*	Number of units	500	
	System Environments	*	MOUNT POINT	/testfs	
	 Print Spooling Communications Applications and 		Mount AUTOMATICALLY at system restart?	⊚yes Ono	
	Services System Storage	≡	PERMISSIONS	⊙ read/write ○ read only	/
	Management		Mount OPTIONS		★ G
	Subsystems	t	Block Size (bytes)	4096	¥
	Problem Determination Performance & Resource	-	Logical Volume for Log		↓ Q
Set the parameters	Scheduling Devices		Inline Log size (MBytes)		=
and click here	Advanced Accounting		Extended Attribute Format	default	¥
	Maintenance		Enable Quota Management?	no	¥
	nement		Enable EFS?	Oyes 💿 no	
	Adminis Cluster Systems Management		Allow internal snapshots?	⊙yes Ono	
	 Distributed Command Execution Manager System Management 	× •	K Launch DCEM Cancel Rese	t Show Command	~
	Done				buzz2:5336 🔷 🛒







- The filesystem must be mounted before the snapshot can be created
- Log onto your system and mount /testfs
 - <u>mount /testfs</u>
- 'cd' to /testfs and create some files –these are the files we will 'accidentally' delete...
 - <u>cd /testfs</u>
 - ps -ef >important_ps_file
 - echo hello world > hw.txt

















The lab' uses 'testfs_snap' as the snapshot name

- You can use something else if you wish





The snapshot has been created





- From a 'telnet'/'putty' window, do:-
 - <u>cd /testfs</u>
 - <u>rm *</u>
- See what is there, all gone!:-
 - <u>ls</u>
- OK, lost the important stuff –DOH! But have a look in: '/testfs/.snapshot/testfs_snap
 - <u>cd /testfs/.snapshot/testfs_snap</u>
 - <u>ls</u>
- Snapshot data is saved in:
 - /'fsname'/.snapshot/'snapshot_name'
 - '.snapshot' is a hidden directory, you will not be able to see it with 'ls', do a 'cd' to the '.snapshot' directory and it will be there.



JFS2 'no log' Feature

 This section shows use of the JFS2 'no log' feature and provides an example 'load' to demonstrate the performance difference



JFS2 'no-log'

- JFS2 "no-log" Feature
 - JFS2 standard metadata logging for filesystem integrity disabled via a mount option
 - Meant to enable faster migration of data to new storage
 - Mount –o log=NULL during data migration phase, then unmount and mount with standard logging



JFS2 'no-log'

- Log into your system and get an idea of how the filesystem performs
 - <u>time cp -R /opt /testfs</u>
 - Run it a couple of times and make a note of the time taken
- unmount /testfs, remount with no logging, check the option is OK and redo the test
 - <u>umount /testfs</u>
 - <u>mount -o rw,log=NULL /testfs</u>
 - mount
 - <u>time cp -R /opt /testfs</u>
 - Run it a couple of times and compare with the original numbers



- This section shows the use of RBAC to allow a non-privileged user to change the size of a filesystem.
- RBAC has many roles and this exercise only uses one of these, a user can have multiple roles if required.



Planned Role Based Access Control (RBAC)





security system wpar

network

proc

ras

create Halt "halt the system" Info "display boot information Reboot "reboot the system" Shutdown "shutdown the system"

auth = aix.system.boot.create

Improved Program Security

boot

config

install

stat

- Allows programs to do system level operations without running as root or having setuid root capability
- Only allow program to perform restricted set of needed operations _



Roles

DBA

Privilege X Privilege Y Privilege Z

Users

---->

System Level Operations

AIX Resources





- Log into your system and create a non-privileged user
 - <u>mkuser nonpriv</u>
 - The lab' users 'nonpriv', you can use something else if you wish
- Give 'nonpriv' a password
 - passwd nonpriv
 - You will need this later
- Try to change a filesystem from 'nonpriv'
 - <u>su nonpriv</u>
 - <u>chfs -a size=+128M /testfs</u>
- DOH!











The role required to administer filesystems is 'FSAdmin' –have a look at the default roles that are defined on the system and available for assignment.













https://buzz2:5336/ibm/console/navigation.do?pageID=com.ibm.wsmit.node.E&moduleRef=wSMIT_FrontEnd&currPage=true#

v

 Software Installation and Maintenance
 Software License Management
 Workload Partition Administration
 Cluster Systems Management
 Distributed Command Execution Manager
 System Management

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Select the role 'FSAdmin'

👻 Integr	rated Solutions Console - Mozilla	a Firefox: IBM Edition			
<u>Eile</u> Edi	<u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ool	s <u>H</u> elp			*
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🕒 Windo	ws Media 📋 IBM				
IBM _* Sy:	stems Director Console for AIX.	Welcome root He	elp Logout	I	M.
Welcon My Str	ne Role B	ased × Security & ×	Select Ac	tion	
E OS Ma	nagement	ADMINISTRATIVE GROUPS		* ¢	^
Rol	e Based Access	ROLES	FSAdmin	∧ G	
E Ma	hage the	Another user can SU TO USER?	Select One or More AccountAdmin	~	
Cry #1	ptography Standard I (PKCS11)	SU GROUPS	BackupRestore	* G	
Sys	tem Environmen	HOME directory	FSAdmin		≡
	nmu s and	Initial PROGRAM	SysBoot SysConfig		
	Em Storage	User INFORMATION	isso		
Ta Ita	nagement	EXPIRATION date (MMDDhhmmyy)	sa so		
Pro	systems	Is this user ACCOUNT LOCKED?	false	*	
Pro Pro	blem Determination formance & Resource	User can LOGIN?	true	*	
Select the correct Role	rices	User can LOGIN REMOTELY(rsh,tn,rlogin)?	true	*	
	vanced Accounting tware Installation and	Allowed LOGIN TIMES]	
Mai Sof	ntenance tware License	Number of FAILED LOGINS before user account is locked	0]	
Mai Wo	hagement kload Partition	Login AUTHENTICATION GRAMMAR	compat]	
Adu	ninistration ster Systems	Valid TTYs	ALL]	
Ma Dis	ributed Command	Days to WARN USER before password expires	0]	
Exe Su	cution Manager	Password CHECK METHODS		1	
https://bu	zz2:5336/ibm/console/navigation.do?pag	jeID=com.ibm.wsmit.node.E&moduleRef=wSMI	T_FrontEnd&currPage=true#	buzz2:5336 🖌	







- Log into the system and check the roles of 'nonpriv':
 - <u>lsuser nonpriv</u>
 - 'nonpriv' has the FSAdmin role
- Check the effective roles with:
 - <u>rolelist -e</u>
 - No roles are currently active
- Switch to the FSAdmin role and check the effective roles
 - <u>swrole FSAdmin</u>
 - <u>rolelist -e</u>
 - The role is now active
- Try the 'chfs' again
 - <u>chfs –a size**=+128**M /testfs</u>





The End

 You have completed this basic familiarity exercise, have a look at the AIX 6.1 differences guide Redbook and see what other great features are in AIX!



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