

## DL/1 DBD REFERENCE MANUAL

DDDL1000021A

Note

Before using this document, read the general information under "Notices" on the next page.

According to your license agreement, you may consult or download the complete up-to-date collection of the VisualAge Pacbase documentation from the VisualAge Pacbase Support Center at:

http://www.software.ibm.com/ad/vapacbase/support.htm

Consult the Catalog section in the Documentation home page to make sure you have the most recent edition of this document.

### First Edition (November 1993)

This edition applies to the following licensed programs:

- VisualAge Pacbase Version 2.0
- VisualAge Pacbase Version 2.5

Comments on publications (including document reference number) should be sent electronically through the Support Center Web site at: http://www.software.ibm.com/ad/vapacbase/support.htm

or to the following postal address: **IBM Paris Laboratory** VisualAge Pacbase Support 30, rue du Château des Rentiers 75640 PARIS Cedex 13

**FRANCE** 

When you send information to IBM, you grant IBM a nonexclusive right to use or distribute the information in any way it believes appropriate without incurring any obligation to you.

### © Copyright International Business Machines Corporation 1983, 1999. All rights reserved.

Note to U.S. Government Users - Documentation related to restricted rights - Use, duplication or disclosure is subject to restrictions set forth in GSA ADP Schedule Contract with IBM Corp.

### **NOTICES**

References in this publication to IBM products, programs, or services do not imply that IBM intends to make these available in all countries in which IBM operates. Any reference to an IBM product, program, or service is not intended to state or imply that only that IBM product, program, or service may be used. Subject to IBM's valid intellectual property or other legally protectable rights, any functionally equivalent product, program, or service may be used instead of the IBM product, program, or service. The evaluation and verification of operation in conjunction with other products, except those expressly designated by IBM, are the responsibility of the user.

IBM may have patents or pending patent applications covering subject matter in this document. The furnishing of this document does not give you any license to these patents. You can send license inquiries, in writing, to:

Intellectual Property and Licensing International Business Machines Corporation North Castle Drive, Armonk, New-York 10504-1785 USA

Licensees of this program who wish to have information about it for the purpose of enabling: (i) the exchange of information between independently created programs and other programs (including this one) and (ii) the mutual use of information which has been exchanged, should contact:

IBM Paris Laboratory SMC Department 30, rue du Château des Rentiers 75640 PARIS Cedex 13 FRANCE

Such information may be available, subject to appropriate terms and conditions, including in some cases, payment of a fee.

IBM may change this publication, the product described herein, or both.

### **TRADEMARKS**

IBM is a trademark of International Business Machines Corporation, Inc.

AIX, AS/400, CICS, CICS/MVS, CICS/VSE, COBOL/2, DB2, IMS, MQSeries, OS/2, PACBASE, RACF, RS/6000, SQL/DS, TeamConnection, and VisualAge are trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

Java and all Java-based trademarks and logos are trademarks of Sun Microsystems, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, and the Windows logo are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and/or other countries.

UNIX is a registered trademark in the United States and/or other countries licensed exclusively through X/Open Company Limited.

All other company, product, and service names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

_
8 11 12
14
26
27
37
38
46
47 50 54
56
57 60
66
67 74
77
89
91

VisualAge Pacbase - Reference Manual DL/1 DATABASE DESCRIPTION INTRODUCTION

1

# 1. INTRODUCTION

# 1.1. PACBASE FUNCTIONS

### THE VisualAge Pacbase Application Development Solution

VisualAge Pacbase is an Application Development tool operating on mainframe, OS/2, UNIX or Windows NT. It has been designed to ensure the complete management of various information systems.

Consistency is ensured by all the data being stored in one Specification database and managed in a unique way by the System.

### VISUALAGE PACBASE PRODUCTS

VisualAge Pacbase is a modular AD solution which is composed of two main products - Pacdesign for application design, Pacbench for application development.

Pacdesign and Pacbench are used to populate the Specifications Database and to ensure the maintenance of existing applications. Each product includes several functions.

### **Basic Functions**

Dictionary Structured Code Personalized Documentation Manager (PDM-PDM+)

### Generators

On-Line Systems Development Client/Server Facility Batch Systems Development COB / Generator

### **Database Description**

DBD DBD-SQL

### **Application Revamping**

Pacbench Automatic Windowing (PAW) (releases older than VisualAge Pacbase 2.0)

Pacbase Web Connection

1 PACBASE FUNCTIONS 1

### **Quality Control**

Pacbench Quality Control (PQC) **Quality Control Extensibility** 

### Table Management

Pactables

### Production Turnover and Follow-up

Production Environment (PEI)

PacTransfer

Development Support Management System (DSMS)

PC function: revamped DSMS (in releases older than VisualAge Pacbase 2.0)

### Additionnal services

Pac/Impact

Dictionary Extensibility

Pacbase Access Facility (PAF-PAF+)

DSMS Access Facility (DAF)

Methodology (Merise, YSM, etc.)

Sub-networks comparison utilities

Rename/move entity utility (RMEN)

Journal Statistics utility (ACTI)

RACF / TOPSECRET Security Interface

**ENDEVOR** 

VisualAge Smalltalk-VisualAge Pacbase bridge

Team Connection-VisualAge Pacbase bridge

### 1.2. INTRODUCTION TO THE DATABASE DESCRIPTION FUNCTION

### INTRODUCTION TO THE D.B.D. FUNCTION

The Database Description function automatically generates database descriptions adapted to the database management system in use. This is done by using segment and relationship descriptions defined during the application analysis phase.

The DBD function can generate the description of the following DBMS's:

- . Relational databases,
- . Network databases (CODASYL),
- . Hierarchical databases (DL/1),
- . Physical File AS/400 databases and TANDEM DDL,
- . TurboImage databases,
- . DMSII databases.

Each one of these DBMS's is documented in a specific Reference Manual.

### DBD/RELATIONAL SQL

This function can only be used in conjunction with the Dictionary: data defined in the Specifications Dictionary (whether or not the METHODOLOGY function is being used) can be used to generate database descriptions.

This information is described through a database description language which is independent of the DBMS in use. This allows the user to generate different descriptions from the same source.

### 1.3. PRINCIPLES OF DESCRIPTION

### **DESCRIPTION PRINCIPLES**

In this manual, the entities and screens managed by VisualAge Pacbase are described in two parts:

- . An introductory comment explaining the purpose and the general characteristics of the entity or screen,
- . A detailed description of each screen, including the input fields for both online (screens) and batch (forms) data entry into the Database.

Since input screens and batch forms usually contain the same fields, their descriptions are often identical.

All on-line fields described in this manual are assigned an order number. These numbers are printed in bold italics on the screen examples which appear before the input field descriptions and allow for easy identification of a given field. The numbers are circled on the batch forms.

For certain descriptions, there may be slight differences between the screen and the corresponding batch form. This can be explained by the fact that batch mode is less flexible than on-line mode and often needs additional input fields for some indicators which already exist on the screen.

In addition, the user may find that the field sequence on a screen is different from the field sequence on the corresponding batch form. If that occurs, the numbers referencing the fields may not appear in ascending sequence on either the screen example or the batch form.

>>>> If you use the VisualAge Pacbase WorkStation, the graphical interface of the corresponding windows is described in the VisualAge Pacbase WorkStation Reference Manual.

NOTES: Each type of Database Block has a specific description. However, several Database Block types may use the same Batch Form.

As a result, fields on the Batch Form may have different meanings or may not be used, depending on the type of Database Block.

VisualAge Pacbase - Reference Manual DL/1 DATABASE DESCRIPTION PACBASE DL/1

2

# 2. PACBASE DL/1

### 2.1. INTRODUCTION

### **INTRODUCTION**

This manual is not a training manual for the technical aspects of DL/1.

The user should be familiar with the Specifications Dictionary and with DL/1 Databases.

This manual -- with its many examples -- is designed to guide the user through the description and generation of a DL/1 Database.

### THE ROLE OF THE SPECIFICATIONS DICTIONARY

The Specifications Dictionary allows the user to manage the logical description of the different external views to be used by programs. An 'external view' can be described as all or part of a DBD as seen from the program.

The logical description of an external view involves the following entity types:

- . Data element,
- . Segment (1 segment = 1 segment type),
- . Database block

```
1 block = 1 external view
= 1 hierarchical data structure,
```

. General Documentation (-G) lines associated with segments and database blocks.

Once the choice of the physical structures is made, external views are classified into three types:

- 1. Physical DBD: Physical support of data,
- 2. Logical DBD: Obtained using logical relationships,
- 3. PCB : Obtained by segment selection in a physical DBD or by means of a secondary index.

(It may be necessary to declare new blocks if a physical DBD required in a PSB is never an external view.)

In order for the external views to be used by programs, it is possible to open PSB-type database blocks whose role will be to call the hierarchical structures to be used in the programs. The database blocks called are a physical DBD type, a logical DBD type, or a PCB.

It is possible to keep track of the uses of the different hierarchical structures in an on-line program via cross-references to the various entities using database blocks.

### GENERATION OF A DL/1 BLOCK

### Basic principle:

A Database Block can generate a DL/1 block. The generator, by using all necessary information defined at the dictionary level (logical level information), will ensure the following according to the Block Type:

- . At the block level, the generation of the data description language (DDL) corresponding to the chosen type (DBD, PSB),
- . At the segment definition level, the generation of the DDL adapted to DL/1 (SENSEG, SEGM),
- . At the segment description level, the adaptation of the description to DL/1 (FIELD).

### **EXAMPLE:**

```
FF10 FF20 FF30
Segments to be used:
Description of block DL1AAA:
                               Segment
                                             Parent
DP type
                               FF10
                               FF20
                                             FF10
                               FF30
                                             FF20
PACBASE will generate :
        NAME=(DL1AAA)
   SEGM NAME=FF10
  FIELD NAME=CODACD,
        BYTES=6, START=1, TYPE=C
  FIELD NAME = ....
  SEGM NAME=FF20, PARENT=FF10
  FIELD ' '
  SEGM NAME=FF30, PARENT=FF10
  DBDGEN
  END
```

All of the generated lines are detailed in this manual. These lines make up the VIRTUAL General Documentation of blocks or segments. Therefore, they are dynamically accessed on-line. The user can view the DDL lines which will be generated on the General Documentation (-G) screen of the Block or of the Block description. These lines are identified by an asterisk (\*) in the ACTION CODE field and by the character string '\*VIRT' in the LIB field.

Each virtual line is numbered and the insertion points of the description are indicated.

### **COMPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Two additional types of blocks are necessary for the description of a DL/1 Database:

- IP: Primary Index, to generate the DBD's of primary indexes,
- IS: Secondary Index, to generate the DBD's of secondary indexes.

An index (primary or secondary) must be described by a segment containing data elements for the SRCH field, SUBSEQ, etc.

An 'IS' or 'IP' type block describes a single-level hierarchy. Therefore, only one description line is necessary.

In a PSB, it is possible to call an 'IS' type block to be used in a program.

### **COMPLEMENTS TO GENERATED LINES**

Information that is not generated by the DBD function, such as, the physical information (access method, pointers) can be inserted by the user on the General Documentation (-G) screens.

New lines are created and generated lines are modified or deleted as follows:

- Virtual lines referenced by a number:
- . Creation: insert a line with an appropriate line number,
- . Modification/Deletion: repeat the relevant line number.
- Ranges of insertion:

The user must choose line numbers that fall between those referenced at the beginning and at the end of the insertion range.

- When only the 'NAME' parameter has to be modified in a 'FIELD' statement, the user modifies the description lines of the relevant segment (S....CE):

In the UPD/TRGET field of the data element whose name is to be modified, the character string 'A\*' is entered followed by the new name (maximum length: 8 characters).

### EXAMPLE:

LIN: ELEM. UPD/TRGET
110: CLINUM A\*CLIENTNB

General Documentation lines that are to be taken into account at generation time must have the value 'G' in the TYPE OF LINE field.

Comments can be inserted before a generated statement via the following input:

- . In the TYPE OF LINE field: 'G'
- . In the COMMENT field: '£1' followed by the comment. (See Chapter
- "POSITIONING OF GENERATED LINES").

### PARAMETERIZED INPUT AIDS

In order to facilitate input on General Documentation lines the user can use a P.I.A. The systematic use of a P.I.A. allows for the implementation of description and documentation standards and for follow-up via the crossreferences.

### 2.2. DEFINITION OF A DATABASE BLOCK (B)

### **DEFINITION OF A DATABASE BLOCK**

A Database Block is defined by a code, a name and a type.

There are several Types of blocks:

```
.DP = physical DBD,
.DL = logical DBD,
.DR = reduced physical DBD,
.IP = primary index,
.IS = secondary index,
.PC = PCB,
.PS = PSB.
etc.
```

A specific description corresponds to each one of these Types.

When a Database Block is created, it is not necessary to assign it a specific block Type. Entering a 'TR' type (hierarchical) is sufficient. At generation time, a type other than 'TR' must be assigned to the Database Block.

EXCEPTION: To define a PSB, the 'PS' type must be assigned at creation since it cannot be subsequently modified.

### **GENERAL DOCUMENTATION**

The Definition and Description information of a Database Block provides PACBASE with all of the logical information necessary for block generation.

The physical information must be entered on the General Documentation (-G) lines attached to the block. (For more details, refer to the chapters for each specific block type).

PAGE 21

PACBASE DL/1 2
DEFINITION OF A DATABASE BLOCK (B) 2

NUM	LEN	CLASS VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF FIELDS AND FILLING MODE						
1	6		BLOCK CODE	(REQUIRED)					
	-			( )					
			One to six alphanumeric characters.						
2	36		NAME OF THE BLOCK	(REQ. IN CREATION)					
				,					
			This clear name should be as explicit as possible.						
			Words used here become implicit keywords (subjec	t to					
			limitations specified in Subchapter "HOW TO BUILD THE						
			THESAURUS", Chapter "KEYWORDS" in the SPECIFICATIONS						
			DICTIONARY Reference Manual).						
3	2		TYPE OF BLOCK	(REQ. IN CREATION)					
			For hierarchical or network databases, it is not ne-						
			cessary, when creating a database block, to enter the	e					
			definitive block type. The selection of a network or						
			hierarchical structure is sufficient at this point.						
			A						
			A specific "physical" type must be entered when ge	ne-					
			rating the Data Description Language (DDL).						
		TR	Tree-like structure (hierarchical block).						
		SE	Group of sets (network block).						
		SL	Group of sets (network block).						
			HIERARCHICAL DATABASES - IMS/DL1						
		DP	Physical Database Description.						
		DR	Physical Database Description (same as 'DP', but						
			only the data elements referenced as access keys in						
			the segment description are generated in the						
			'FIELD' statements).						
		DL	Logical Database Description.						
		PC	PCB.						
		IP	Primary Index.						
		IS	Secondary Index.						
		PS	PSB (Assigned at creation. Cannot be modified at a	la-					
			ter stage).						
			RELATIONAL DATABASES						
		Q2	DB2 SQL						
		Q3	SQL SERVER						
		Q4	DB2/400						
		QA	ALLBASE/SQL						
		QB	DB2/2 and DB2/6000						
		QC	DATACOM/DB						
		QG	INGRES/SQL						
		QI	INFORMIX-ESQL						
		QN	NONSTOP SQL						

(B) 2

NUM LEN CLASS DESCRIPTION OF FIELDS	
VALUE AND FILLING MODE	
QO ORACLE (releases earlier than V6)	
QP ORACLE (from release V6 on)	
QR RDMS	
QS SQL/DS	
QT INTEREL RDBC	
QU INTEREL RFM	
QV VAX SQL	
QY SYBASE	
DB DB2 (It is recommended to use the Q2 type)	
NETWORK DATABASES	
.CODASYL-DM4 (BULL 66 or DPS8):	
M1 DDL schema, only elementary fields are generated,	
M4 DDL schema, only group fields are generated,	
M2 DMCL schema,	
M3 Sub-schema.	
Suo-schema.	
CODACYL IDCO (DITLE (4 - DDC7)	
.CODASYL-IDS2 (BULL 64 or DPS7):	
II DDL schema,	
I2 DMCL schema,	
I3 SDDL sub-schema.	
.CODASYL-IDMS:	
DO DDL schema (Release 10.0),	
D1 DDL schema,	
D2 DMCL schema,	
D3 Sub-schema,	
D4 Sub-schema (Release 5.7).	
.CODASYL-DMS (UNISYS 1100):	
S1 DDL Schema,	
S3 Sub-schema.	
Suo-schema.	
DDL TANDEM	
TO TANDEM	
TD TANDEM	
AG/400 DYINGYG IX TW T	
AS/400 PHYSICAL FILE	

(B)

NUM LEN	CLASS VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF FIELDS AND FILLING MODE
	PF	AS/400 Physical file (IBM SYS. 38)
	LF	AS/400 Logical file (IBM SYS. 38).
		DDL TURBOIMAGE
	TI	T. J. Janes Davidson
	TI	TurboImage Database.
		DMSII DATABASE
4 4	20	DMSII Database (DASDL) VERSION
5 8		This field is not used.  DATABASE BLOCK EXTERNAL NAME
		Necessary at generation time.
		This is the physical name of the System-generated DDL (Data Description Language) module.
		To obtain a list of blocks sorted by this external name, enter 'LEB' in the CHOICE field.
		For TurboImage, only the first six characters are
		processed.
6 1		CONTROL CARDS IN FRONT OF BLOCK
		Necessary at generation time.
		Enter the one-character code that identifies the job
		control card to be inserted before the generated block.
7 1		CONTROL CARDS IN BACK OF BLOCK
		Necessary at generation time.
		Enter the one-character code that identifies the job
8 55		control card to be inserted after the generated block.  EXPLICIT KEYWORDS
8 33		
		This field allows the user to enter additional (explicit) keywords. By default, keywords are generated
		from an occurrence's clear name (implicit keywords).
		This field only exists on-line. In batch mode, key-
		words are entered on Batch Form 'G'.
		Keywords must be separated by at least one space.
		Keywords have a maximum length of 13 characters which

2

(B)

NUM	LEN	CLASS VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF FIELDS AND FILLING MODE
		VILLEE	must be alphanumeric. However, '=' and '*' are reser-
			ved for special usage, and are therefore not permitted
			in keywords.
			Keywords are not case-sensitive: upper-case and
			lower-case letters are equivalent.
			NOTE: Characters bearing an accent and special
			characters can be declared as equivalent to an
			internal value in order to facilitate occurrence
			search by keywords.
			Refer to the Operations Manual - Part II "Adminis-
			trator's Guide", Chapter "Database Management Utili-
			ties", Subchapter "PARM: Update of User Parameters".
			A maximum of ten explicit keywords can be assigned to
			one entity.
			For more details, refer to Chapter "KEYWORDS" Sub-
			chapter "BUILDING THE THESAURUS" in the SPECIFICA-
			TIONS DICTIONARY Reference Manual.

# 3. PHYSICAL AND LOGICAL DBD

(B)

3

### 3.1. DEFINITION

(B)

### **DEFINITION**

A physical or logical DBD must be defined by means of the Database Block entity. (Refer to preceding Subchapter "DEFINITION OF A DATABASE BLOCK").

### **VIRTUAL GENERAL DOCUMENTATION LINES**

### 1. PHYSICAL DBD (TYPE OF BLOCK = DP):

Several lines of virtual General Documentation are associated with a physical DBD, i.e. a 'DP'-type Database Block.

However, the System does not have the necessary information to determine the physical characteristics of the database in question (ACCESS, DATASET, etc.). Virtual generated lines must therefore be completed by the user. Several methods are available:

- Calling one of the PIA's referenced in Chapter "PARAMETERIZED INPUT AIDS",
- Building a PIA according to specific needs,
- Entering General Documentation (-G) lines:

```
'DATASET DD1 = XX
DEVICE = .....'
```

### 2. REDUCED PHYSICAL DBD (TYPE OF BLOCK = DR):

The definition of a 'DR'-type block is identical to that of a 'DP'-type block.

All of the data elements called into a segment used in a 'DP'-TYPE Database Block are generated as 'FIELD' statements.

The user may want to reduce the DBD description to just those data elements used as access keys.

(B)

3

The 'DR'-type Database Block allows for the generation of 'FIELD' statements ONLY for those data elements which are identified by an alphanumeric character in the KEY INDICATOR FOR ACCESS OR SORT field, labeled 'K', on the Segment Call of Elements (-CE) screen.

The Virtual General Documentation lines are identical to those of the "DP"-type Database Block.

### 3. LOGICAL DBD (TYPE OF BLOCK = DL):

The generated lines (Block Name and 'ACCESS=LOGICAL") are sufficient and do not have to be rewritten by the user.

NOTE: Only the General Documentation lines whose TYPE OF LINE = 'G' will be taken into account at generation time. Documentation lines with a 'blank' in the TYPE OF LINE field have a documentary value only.

PAGE 29

PHYSICAL AND LOGICAL DBD 3
DEFINITION (B) 1

PHYSICAL AND LOGICAL DBD 3
DEFINITION (B) 1

_							
!					DBMS DESCRIPTIONS DL/1	+VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725	!
į	BI	OCK			GENERAL DOC. DBDCDE DBD ORDERS		į
i					CEMERE DOOL DEDOOR DED CREEKE		i
i	7\	T.TN		т	COMMENT	LIB	·
٠					DBD NAME=(EXTERNAL NAME)	*VIRT	•
:					> DBD INSERTION SPOT <	*VIRT	
:							
!				_	DBDGEN	*VIRT	-
!	*	980	:	G	END	*VIRT	!
!			:				!
!			:				!
!			:				!
!			:				!
!			:				!
!			:				!
!			:				!
į			:				į
i			:				i
i							i
·			i.				i
:			:				:
:			:				:
!			•				!
!			:				!
!							!
!	0	: C1	CH	[:	-G		!
_							

(-DH)

3

### 3.2. DESCRIPTION

(-DH)

### **DESCRIPTION**

The Hierarchical Block Description (-DH) screen allows the user to describe the relationships between the segments in a physical ('DP') or logical ('DL') DBD.

### **GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Each description line identifies a segment and its parent, except for the first line, which identifies the root segment. The exact position of the segment in the hierarchical structure is indicated according to DL/1 standards, that is from top to bottom and from left to right.

### **PREREQUISITES**

The 'DP'- or 'DL'-type Database Block, including all of the called entities, must have been previously defined.

### **VIRTUAL GENERAL DOCUMENTATION LINES**

- PHYSICAL DBD:

The virtual lines associated with a description line of a physical DBD retrieve the segment descriptions as defined in the Specifications Dictionary. They do not need to be rewritten.

However, the user may complete, modify or delete these lines (declaration of an index) in several ways:

- . By calling one of the PIA's referenced in Chapter "PARAMETERIZED INPUT AIDS",
- . By creating a PIA for specific user needs,
- . By entering General Documentation (-G) lines.

2

(-DH)

H)

A 'FIELD' description can be modified on the General Documentation (-G) lines associated with a physical DBD description line (-DHnnnG). In order to do this, the user enters the following input between virtual lines 700 and 800 (beginning and ending FIELD insertion points):

- 1. In the TYPE OF LINE field on the first line: 'G'.
- 2. In COMMENT field: <DELCO >

This is the 6-character data element code corresponding the FIELD to be modified. It must be left-justified.

- 3. In the TYPE OF LINE field on the second line: 'G'.
- 4. In the COMMENT field on the second line: the new description of 'FIELD'.

```
EXAMPLE:
730 G <DELCO >
760 G FIELD NAME=(NUM, SEQ, U), BYTES=7,...
```

### - LOGICAL DBD

The virtual lines associated with a description line of a logical DBD retrieve, for each segment of the DBD, the name of the segment and the name of the parent segment.

The user must complete each line by identifying the source of the segment.

```
SOURCE = ((name of segment,,name of DBD))
```

NOTE: Only the General Documentation lines whose TYPE OF LINE = 'G' will be taken into account at generation time. Documentation lines with a 'blank' in the TYPE OF LINE field have a documentary value only.

PAGE 33

PHYSICAL AND LOGICAL DBD 3
DESCRIPTION (-DH) 2

!					I	OBMS I	DESC	RIPTI	ONS	DL/1		+VALIDA.LULU.	DL1.725	!
!	ΒI	LOCK	DE	ESC. I	HIERA	RCHI.	PHY	SICAL	DBD :	DBDCDE	DBD ORDERS			!
!									1					!
!	2	3		4	5	6	7	8	9	10				!
!	Α	LIN	:	SEGM	PRNT	MODEI	K	DOC	OCC.	COMME	NT/RELATIONSH	IP/KEYLENGTH	LIBR.	!
!		100	:	CD05			U			CC=8			0613	!
!				CD10			U	*					0602	!
!				CD20			U			PR=G			0609	!
!		160	:	CD30	CD05		U						0606	!
!			:											!
!			:											!
!			:											!
!			:											!
!			:											!
!			:											!
!			:											!
!			:											!
!			:											!
!			:											!
:			:											!
:			:											1
:			:											
:	* *	* * EN		***										i
				H: -DH	<b>4</b>									i
·					. <u>.</u> 									·

(-DH)

3 2

NUM	LEN	CLASS	DESCRIPTION OF FIELDS						
1,01,1	D.D.	VALUE	AND FILLING MODE						
1	6		BLOCK CODE	(REQUIRED)					
			One to six alphanumeric characters.						
2	1		ACTION CODE						
3	3		LINE NUMBER						
			PURE NUMERIC FIELD						
			It is advisable to begin with line number '100' and						
			then number in intervals of 20. This facilitates						
4	4		subsequent line insertions, as necessary.  SEGMENT CODE	(REQ. IN CREATION)					
4	4		SEGMENT CODE	(REQ. IN CREATION)					
			This field is entered with the PACBASE Segment C	ode.					
5	4		PARENT SEGMENT CODE						
	7		TIME TO BE SHIELD CODE						
			This is the code of the segment upon which the give	en					
			segment is hierarchically dependent.						
			FOR INDEX-type DBD's:						
			This field is not used for 'IP'- or 'IS'-type Data-						
			base Blocks.						
6	6		MODEL ENTITY RELATIONSHIP CODE						
			OPTIONAL INPUT FIELD: Code of the Model Relationship corresponding to the DL/1 Relationship.						
			DL/1 Relationship.						
			The System automatically creates the cross-reference	res					
			The System automatically creates the cross-references of the Model Relationship to DL/1 Relationships.						
			of the Wood Relationship to BE Treationships.						
			NOTE: Model Relationships are described through the						
			PACMODEL function.						
7	1		KEY INDICATOR						
			Used for a symbolic reference of the key data element						
			of a given segment in a given DBD. The character i	ndi-					
			cated in this field must also appear on the Segment						
			Call of Elements (-CE) screen in the KEY INDICA						
			ACCESS OR SORT field, on the key data element	ine.					
		U	References a unique key.						
		U	references a unique key.						
		M	References a multiple key.						
		1 to 9	DL/1 Secondary index.						
		\$	In a PCB or a physical or logical DBD (Block type	PC					
		Ψ	DB, or DL), generates a non-qualified SSA (used in						
			OLSD).						
			,						
			All other values designate a search field.						

2

DESCRIPTION (-DH)

NUM	LEN	CLASS	DESCRIPTION OF FIFT DS				
NOM	LEIN	VALUE	AND FILLING MODE				
			NOTE: Sort keys are not permitted on data elements				
			redefining other data elements (see the Segment				
			NOTE: Sort keys are not permitted on data elements redefining other data elements (see the Segment Call of Elements (-CE)).  DOCUMENTATION INDICATOR  This field is a display field used on-line only. It does not accept input.  General documentation exists for the element on this line.  Access to line nnn: -CEnnn Access to the documentation of line nnn: -CEnnnG  For more details, see the "GENERAL DOCUMENTATION" chapter in the SPECIFICATIONS DICTIONARY Reference Manual.  EST. NUMBER OF CHILD/PARENT LINKS  This is the average number of occurrences of a child segment linked to one occurrence of its parent segment.  COMMENT / RELATIONSHIP / KEY LENGTH  When generating "PS"-type Database Blocks, i.e. a PSB, the DBD function automatically calculates the the length of the longest concatenated key.  This is done for:  Each DBD called in a PSB, Each PCB called in a PSB, Each PCB called in a PSB, Each INDEX Database called as an independent database in the PSB.  This length may be overridden by entering the following input on the first line:  CC=n (with n = 9 to 9999).  On each segment call line, the user may enter:  . Comments, or  . PR=nnnn, used to generate the parameter PROCOPT=nnnn at the SENSEG Statement level when generating the				
8	1		DOCUMENTATION INDICATOR				
			This field is a display field used on-line only. It				
			does not accept input.				
		*	General documentation exists for the element on this				
			line.				
			Access to the documentation of line nnn: -CEnnnG				
			E				
			-				
	5						
9	3		EST. NUMBER OF CHILD/PARENT LINKS				
			This is the average number of occurrences of a child				
10	36						
10	50		COMMENT / RELATIONSHII / RET EENOTH				
			When generating "PS"-type Database Blocks, i.e. a PSB				
			•				
			This is done for:				
			. Each DBD called in a PSB,				
			. Each PCB called in a PSB,				
			. Each INDEX Database called as an independent data-				
			base in the PSB.				
			This length may be overridden by entering the follow-				
			CC=n (with $n = 9$ to 9999).				
			On each exercise cell line the				
			On each segment call line, the user may enter:				
			Comments				
			PSB containing this DBD, PCB, or INDEX Database.				
			122 tomming and 222, 1 c2, of 1 (22) Damoudo.				
			NOTE: This calculation is done only for a primary				
			Segment. In the case of a secondary index, the				
			CC= parameter is required.				
			co parameter is required.				

PHYSICAL AND LOGICAL DBD 3
DESCRIPTION (-DH) 2

_				. – – – – – – –						
!				Ε	DBMS	DESCRIPTIONS	DL/1	+VALIDA.LULU	.DL1.725	!
!	ΒI	LOCK	DESC	GENERAL	DO0	DBDC	DE DBD ORDERS		100	!
!										!
!			_	COMMENT					LIB	!
!	*	100	: G	SEGM		NAME=(SEGMENT	CODE)		*VIRT	!
!		120	_			PARENT=(PARENT	SEGMENT CODE)		*VIRT	!
!	*	140	: G			BYTES= (SEGMENT	LENGTH IN THE	PAC BASE)	*VIRT	-
!			_			POINTER=T			0722	!
							N STARTING POIN		*VIRT	•
!	*	800	:	-	>	FIELD INSERTIO	N ENDING POINT	<	*VIRT	!
!			:							!
!			:							!
!			:							!
!			:							!
!			:							!
!			:							!
!			:							!
!			:							!
!			:							!
!			:							!
!			:							!
!			•							!
!	۰.		OTT •	DII1 000						!
!		· CI	CH:	-DH100G						

VisualAge Pacbase - Reference Manual DL/1 DATABASE DESCRIPTION INDEX

4

# 4. INDEX

INDEX
DEFINITION (B) 1

4.1. DEFINITION

(B)

# **DEFINITION**

An INDEX (primary or secondary) must be defined by means of an 'IP'- or 'IS'-type Database Block (Refer to Subchapter "DEFINITION OF A DATABASE BLOCK", Chapter "PACBASE DL/1").

# VIRTUAL GENERAL DOCUMENTATION LINES

Several virtual General Documentation lines are associated with an 'IP'- or 'IS'-type Database Block.

PACBASE does not have the necessary information to determine the characteristics of a given Index (ACCESS, PASSWD, DATASET, etc.). Therefore, the generated virtual lines must be completed by the user to provide this information. Several methods may be used:

- Calling one of the PIA's referred to in Chapter "PARAMETERIZED INPUT AIDS",
- Creating a PIA for specific user needs,
- Input of General Documentation lines:

```
ACCESS = (XXXX,YYYY)
PASSWD = ---...'
```

NOTE: Only the General Documentation lines whose TYPE OF LINE = 'G' will be taken into account at generation time. Documentation lines with a 'blank' in the TYPE OF LINE field have a documentary value only.

PAGE 39

INDEX
DEFINITION (B) 1

DBMS DESCRIPTIONS DL/1 +VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725 !

BLOCK DEFINITION....: INDCDE !

NAME.....: PRIMARY INDEX FOR DBDCDE !
TYPE....: IP PRIMARY INDEX !

EXTERNAL NAME...: JMDBWER !

CONTROL CARDS.... FRONT: X BACK: X !

EXPLICIT KEYWORDS..: !

SESSION NUMBER...: 0640 LIBRARY...: DL1 LOCK...: !

O: C1 CH: Bindcde ACTION:

INDEX
DEFINITION (B) 1

_									
!						DBMS	DESCRIPTIONS DL/1 +VALIDA.LULU.DL	1.725	!
!	BI	LOCK			GENERAL	DOC	. INDCDE PRIMARY INDEX FOR DBDCDE		!
!									!
!	Α	LIN	:	Т	COMMENT	•		LIB	!
!	*	100	:	G	DBD		NAME = (EXTERNAL NAME)	*VIRT	!
!	*	120	:	G			ACCESS=(INDEX, VSAM)	*VIRT	!
!			:	G			PASSWD=	INDEX	!
!			:	G	DATASET	•	DD1=INDEX1	INDEX	!
!			:	G			DEVICE=3380	INDEX	!
!			:	G			OVFLW=	INDEX	!
!			:	G			BLOCK=	INDEX	!
!			:	G			SIZE=	INDEX	!
!			:	G			RECORD=	INDEX	!
!	*	700	:			>	DBD INSERTION SPOT <	*VIRT	!
!	*	900	:	G	DBDGEN			*VIRT	!
!	*	980	:	G	END			*VIRT	!
!			:						!
!			:						!
!			:						!
!			:						!
!			:						!
!			:						!
!									!
!	0	: C1	CI	н:	-G				!

# 4.2. DESCRIPTION

(-DH)

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The INDEX (primary or secondary) Database Block Description (-DH) screen is used to associate the given 'Index' database block with the segment containing its description. This is done on a single line, and no input validation is performed on this line.

#### **PREREQUISITES**

The 'Index' type database block must have been defined as well as the entities called into its description.

## **VIRTUAL GENERAL DOCUMENTATION LINES**

Virtual lines associated with the Index database block description line retrieve the segment description from the Specifications Dictionary.

PACBASE does not have the necessary information for the description of a given Index (LCHILD, etc.). Therefore, the generated virtual lines must be completed by the user to provide this information. Several methods may be used:

- Calling one of the PIA's referred to in Chapter "PARAMETERIZED INPUT AIDS".
- Creating a PIA for specific user needs,
- Input of General Documentation lines.

NOTE: Only the General Documentation lines whose TYPE OF LINE = 'G' will be taken into account at generation time. Documentation lines with a 'blank' in the TYPE OF LINE field have a documentary value only.

DESCRIPTION (-DH) 2

NUM	LEN	CLASS	DESCRIPTION OF FIELDS						
11011	DEI	VALUE	AND FILLING MODE						
1	6		BLOCK CODE	(REQUIRED)					
				, ,					
			One to six alphanumeric characters.						
2	1		ACTION CODE						
3	3		LINE NUMBER						
			PURE NUMERIC FIELD						
			It is advisable to begin with line number '100' and						
			then number in intervals of 20. This facilitates						
			subsequent line insertions, as necessary.						
4	4		SEGMENT CODE	(REQ. IN CREATION)					
				,					
			This field is entered with the PACBASE Segment C	ode.					
5	4		PARENT SEGMENT CODE						
			This is the code of the segment upon which the give	n					
			segment is hierarchically dependent.						
			FOR INDEX-type DBD's:						
			This field is not used for 'IP'- or 'IS'-type Data-						
			base Blocks.						
6	6		MODEL ENTITY RELATIONSHIP CODE						
			OPTIONAL INPUT FIELD:						
			Code of the Model Relationship corresponding to the	e					
			DL/1 Relationship.						
			The System automatically creates the cross-reference	es					
			of the Model Relationship to DL/1 Relationships.						
			NOTE: Model Relationships are described through	the					
_			PACMODEL function.						
7	1		KEY INDICATOR						
			The difference and all conferences of the district of						
			Used for a symbolic reference of the key data eleme						
			of a given segment in a given DBD. The character in	naı-					
			cated in this field must also appear on the Segment	LUD EUD					
			Call of Elements (-CE) screen in the KEY INDICA						
			ACCESS OR SORT field, on the key data element l	me.					
		U	References a unique key.						
		C	References a anique key.						
		M	References a multiple key.						
		1 to 9	DL/1 Secondary index.						
		\$	In a PCB or a physical or logical DBD (Block type PC,						
			DB, or DL), generates a non-qualified SSA (used in						
			OLSD).						
			All others of an Indiana.						
			All other values designate a search field.						

2

INDEX
DESCRIPTION (-DH)

NUM	LEN	CLASS	DESCRIPTION OF FIELDS
NUM	LEN	VALUE	AND FILLING MODE
			NOTE: Sort keys are not permitted on data elements
			redefining other data elements (see the Segment
			Call of Elements (-CE)).
8	1		DOCUMENTATION INDICATOR
0	1		DOCUMENTATION INDICATOR
			This field is a display field year on line only. It
			This field is a display field used on-line only. It does not accept input.
			does not accept input.
		*	General documentation exists for the element on this
		**	
			line.
			A CE
			Access to line nnn: -CEnnn
			Access to the documentation of line nnn: -CEnnnG
			E 1.4.1 1. HOENED AL DOGUN GENTE ATTIONIII
			For more details, see the "GENERAL DOCUMENTATION"
			chapter in the SPECIFICATIONS DICTIONARY Reference
			Manual.
9	5		EST. NUMBER OF CHILD/PARENT LINKS
			This is the average number of occurrences of a child
			segment linked to one occurrence of its parent
			segment.
10	36		COMMENT / RELATIONSHIP / KEY LENGTH
			When generating "PS"-type Database Blocks, i.e. a PSB,
			the DBD function automatically calculates the
			the length of the longest concatenated key.
			This is done for:
			. Each DBD called in a PSB,
			. Each PCB called in a PSB,
			. Each INDEX Database called as an independent data-
			base in the PSB.
			This length may be overridden by entering the follow-
			ing input on the first line:
			CC=n (with $n = 9$ to 9999).
			On each segment call line, the user may enter:
			. Comments,
			or
			. PR=nnnn, used to generate the parameter PROCOPT=nnnn
			at the SENSEG Statement level when generating the
			PSB containing this DBD, PCB, or INDEX Database.
			NOTE: This calculation is done only for a primary
			Segment. In the case of a secondary index, the
			CC= parameter is required.

INDEX
DESCRIPTION (-DH) 2

_								
!				I	DBMS	DESCRIPTIONS DL/1 +	VALIDA.LULU.DL1.72	5 !
!	В	LOCK	DESC	GENERAI	DOC L	. INDCDE PRIMARY INDEX FOR	DBDCDE 100	0 !
!								!
!	Α	LIN	: T	COMMENT			LIB	!
!	*	100	: G	SEGM		NAME=(SEGMENT CODE)	*VIR	Γ!
!	*	140	: G			BYTES=(SEGMENT LENGTH IN THE PAC BA	SE) *VIR	Γ!
!		200	: G			FREQ=	INDEX	Х!
!			: G			RULES=	INDEX	Х!
!			: G	LCHILD		NAME=	INDEX	Х!
!			: G			INDEX=	INDEX	Х!
!	*	700	:	-	>	FIELD INSERTION STARTING POINT <	*VIR	Γ!
!	*	800	:	-	>	FIELD INSERTION ENDING POINT <	*VIR	Γ!
!			:					!
!			:					!
!			:					!
!			:					!
!			:					!
!			:					!
!			:					!
!			:					!
!			:					!
!			:					!
!			:					!
!	*	** E1	1D **	*				!
!	0	: C1	CH:	-DH100G				!

VisualAge Pacbase - Reference Manual DL/1 DATABASE DESCRIPTION PCB

5

# **5. PCB**

PCB 5
DEFINITION (B) 1

# 5.1. DEFINITION (B)

# **DEFINITION**

A PCB is defined via a 'PC'-type Database Block. Refer to the "DEFINITION OF A DATABASE BLOCK" Subchapter in Chapter "PACBASE DL/1".

# VIRTUAL GENERAL DOCUMENTATION LINES

No virtual lines are associated to a PCB Database Block.

The user may modify the definition of a PCB through the virtual lines associated to the description lines of the PSB using this PCB.

NOTE:

The definition of a PCB can be documented on one or more General Documentation (-G) lines.

PAGE 48

PCB 5
DEFINITION (B) 1

| DBMS DESCRIPTIONS DL/1 +VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725 |
| BLOCK DEFINITION.....: PCBIDX |
| NAME......: PCB DBDCDE (BY SECONDARY INDEX) |
| TYPE......: PC PCB |
| EXTERNAL NAME.....: JMDBYCM |
| CONTROL CARDS..... FRONT: BACK: |
| EXPLICIT KEYWORDS..: |
| SESSION NUMBER....: 0640 LIBRARY....: DL1 LOCK...: |
| O: C1 CH: Bpcbidx ACTION: |

PCB 5
DEFINITION (B) 1

_					_
!				DBMS DESCRIPTIONS DL/1 +VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725	!
!	BLOCK			GENERAL DOC. PCBIDX PCB DBDCDE (BY SECONDARY INDEX)	!
!					!
!	A LIN	:	Т	COMMENT LIB	!
!				Access PCB to the Order Management Database via secondary 0722	
!	110			index on the root segment and made up of the Order Reference 0722	
!	120	:	1	Number. 0722	!
!		:			!
!		:			!
!		:			!
!		:			!
!		:			!
!		:			!
!		:			!
!		:			!
:		:			:
:		:			:
		:			
		:			
		:			:
		:			i
i		-			
!	0: C1	СН	: I	-G	!
·	- 01		-	-	•

PCB 5
DESCRIPTION (-DH) 2

# 5.2. DESCRIPTION

(-DH)

## **DESCRIPTION**

The Hierarchical Block Description (-DH) screen of a PCB is used to describe the relationships between segments in a PCB.

Each line designates a segment and its parent (except the first line which introduces the first segment of a PCB).

The exact position of the segment in the hierarchy is indicated according to DL/1 standards, that is top to bottom and left to right.

## **PREREQUISITES**

The PCB Database Block and all the entities called into its desription must have been defined previously.

## VIRTUAL GENERAL DOCUMENTATION LINES

No virtual lines are associated with a PCB Database Block.

The user can modify a PCB description through the virtual lines associated with the description lines of a PSB using this PCB.

NOTE:

PCB description lines can be documented on one or more General Documentation lines.

PCB 5
DESCRIPTION (-DH) 2

-											
!						DBMS DE					!
!	BI	LOCK	DE	ESC. I	HIERA	RCHICAL	P	CB		PCBIDX PCB DBDCDE (BY SECONDARY INDEX)	!
!										1	!
!	2	3		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	!
!	Α	LIN	:	SEGM	PRNT	MODEL	K	DOC	OCC	. COMMENT/RELATIONSHIP/KEYLENGTH LIBR	. !
!		100	:	CD05			1			CC=8 0622	!
!		110	:	CD10	CD05		U			0640	!
!		120	:	CD20	CD05		U			0640	!
!		130	:	CD30	CD05		U			0640	!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!			:								!
!	* :	** E1	ND	***							!
!	0	C1	CF	H: -DH	H						!

PCB

5 DESCRIPTION (-DH)

NUM	LEN	CLASS VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF FIELDS AND FILLING MODE							
1	6	VALUE	BLOCK CODE	(REQUIRED)						
				(						
			One to six alphanumeric characters.							
2	1		ACTION CODE							
3	3		LINE NUMBER							
			PURE NUMERIC FIELD							
			It is advisable to begin with line number '100' and							
			then number in intervals of 20. This facilitates							
			subsequent line insertions, as necessary.							
4	4		SEGMENT CODE	(REQ. IN CREATION)						
			This field is entered with the PACBASE Segment C	ode.						
5	4		PARENT SEGMENT CODE							
			This is the code of the segment upon which the give segment is hierarchically dependent.	n						
			segment is meraremeany dependent.							
			FOR INDEX-type DBD's:							
			This field is not used for 'IP'- or 'IS'-type Data-							
			base Blocks.							
6	6		MODEL ENTITY RELATIONSHIP CODE							
			OPTIONAL INPUT FIELD:							
			Code of the Model Relationship corresponding to th	e						
			DL/1 Relationship.							
			The System automatically creates the cross-referenc	es						
			of the Model Relationship to DL/1 Relationships.							
			r							
			NOTE: Model Relationships are described through	the						
			PACMODEL function.							
7	1		KEY INDICATOR							
			Head for a graphelic actions as a City 1 and 1	t						
			Used for a symbolic reference of the key data eleme of a given segment in a given DBD. The character in							
			cated in this field must also appear on the Segment	iidi-						
			Call of Elements (-CE) screen in the KEY INDICAT	ΓOR FOR						
			ACCESS OR SORT field, on the key data element 1							
			·							
		U	References a unique key.							
		3.6	D 6							
		M	References a multiple key.							
		1 to 9	DL/1 Secondary index.							
			,							
		\$	In a PCB or a physical or logical DBD (Block type l							
			DB, or DL), generates a non-qualified SSA (used in							
			OLSD).							
			All other values designate a search field							
			All other values designate a search field.							

PAGE 53

PCB 5
DESCRIPTION (-DH) 2

NUM	LEN	CLASS	DESCRIPTION OF FIELDS				
		VALUE	AND FILLING MODE				
			NOTE 6 41				
			NOTE: Sort keys are not permitted on data elements				
			redefining other data elements (see the Segment				
8	1		Call of Elements (-CE)). DOCUMENTATION INDICATOR				
0	1		DOCUMENTATION INDICATOR				
			This field is a display field used on-line only. It				
			does not accept input.				
		*	General documentation exists for the element on this				
			line.				
			A CF				
			Access to line nnn: -CEnnn				
			Access to the documentation of line nnn: -CEnnnG				
			For more details, see the "GENERAL DOCUMENTATION"				
			chapter in the SPECIFICATIONS DICTIONARY Reference				
			Manual.				
9	5		EST. NUMBER OF CHILD/PARENT LINKS				
			This is the average number of occurrences of a child				
			segment linked to one occurrence of its parent				
10	26		segment.				
10	36		COMMENT / RELATIONSHIP / KEY LENGTH				
			When generating "PS"-type Database Blocks, i.e. a PSB,				
			the DBD function automatically calculates the				
			the length of the longest concatenated key.				
			This is done for:				
			. Each DBD called in a PSB,				
			. Each PCB called in a PSB,				
			. Each INDEX Database called as an independent data-				
			base in the PSB.				
			This length may be overridden by entering the follow-				
			ing input on the first line:				
			CC=n (with $n = 9$ to 9999).				
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
			On each segment call line, the user may enter:				
			. Comments,				
			OF  PR-nnnn used to generate the parameter PROCOPT-nnnn				
			. PR=nnnn, used to generate the parameter PROCOPT=nnnn at the SENSEG Statement level when generating the				
			PSB containing this DBD, PCB, or INDEX Database.				
			6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
			NOTE: This calculation is done only for a primary				
			Segment. In the case of a secondary index, the				
			CC= parameter is required.				

# 5.3. ALTERNATE OR EXPRESS PCB (IMS)

#### ALTERNATE OR EXPRESS PCB (IMS)

An ALTERNATE or EXPRESS PCB is defined via a 'PC'-type Database Block. (See Subchapter "DEFINITION OF A DATABASE BLOCK" in Chapter "PACBASE DL/1").

#### **VIRTUAL GENERAL DOCUMENTATION LINES**

No virtual documentation lines are associated with an Alternate PCB Database Block.

PACBASE does not have the information concerning the characteristics of the ALTERNATE or EXPRESS PCB (LTERM, MODIFY, etc.).

Therefore, the corresponding DDL lines must be entered by the user on General Documentation (-G) lines associated with the description lines of the PSB calling the PCB.

In order to do this several methods may be used:

- Calling one of the PIA's referred to in Chapter "PARAMETERIZED INPUT AIDS",
- Creating a PIA for specific user needs,
- Input of General Documentation lines:

TYPE=TP, NAME=... EXPRESS=YES

Virtual lines associated with an ALTERNATE or EXPRESS PCB call line - for a given PSB - are not taken into account in that PSB generation.

NOTE: Only the General Documentation lines whose TYPE OF LINE = 'G' will be taken into account at generation time. Documentation lines with a 'blank' in the TYPE OF LINE field have a documentary value only.

PAGE 55

PCB
ALTERNATE OR EXPRESS PCB (IMS)

DBMS DESCRIPTIONS DL/1 +VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725 !

BLOCK DEFINITION.....: ALTPCB !

NAME.......: ALTERNATE PCB !

TYPE.....: PC PCB !

EXTERNAL NAME....: !

CONTROL CARDS..... FRONT: BACK: !

EXPLICIT KEYWORDS..: !

SESSION NUMBER...: 0640 LIBRARY...: IMD LOCK...: !

!
! O: C1 CH: Baltpcb ACTION:

VisualAge Pacbase - Reference Manual DL/1 DATABASE DESCRIPTION PSB

6

# **6. PSB**

PSB
DEFINITION (B)

# 6.1. DEFINITION

(B)

## **DEFINITION**

A PSB is defined via a 'PS'-type Database Block. (See Subchapter "DEFINITION OF A DATABASE BLOCK" in Chapter "PACBASE DL/1").

# VIRTUAL GENERALIZED DOCUMENTATION LINES

Several virtual General Documentation lines are associated with the definition of a PSB.

These lines do not need to be rewritten. However, the user may complete, modify, or delete lines. Several methods may be used:

- Calling one of the PIA's referred to in Chapter "PARAMETERIZED INPUT AIDS",
- Creating a 'PIA' for specific user needs,
- Input of General Documentation lines.

NOTE: Only the General Documentation lines whose TYPE OF LINE = 'G' will be taken into account at generation time. Documentation lines with a 'blank' in the TYPE OF LINE field have a documentary value only.

PAGE 58

PSB 6
DEFINITION (B) 1

DBMS DESCRIPTIONS DL/1 +VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725 !

BLOCK DEFINITION....: PSBDOC !

NAME.....: PSB DIALOGUE DO !

TYPE....: PS PSB !

EXTERNAL NAME...: JIPSMA !

CONTROL CARDS.... FRONT: S BACK: S !

EXPLICIT KEYWORDS..: !

SESSION NUMBER...: 0640 LIBRARY....: DL1 LOCK...: !

O: C1 CH: Bpsbdoc ACTION:

PSB 6
DEFINITION (B) 1

_							
!				DBMS	DESCRIPTIONS	DL/1	+VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725 !
!	В	LOCK		GENERAL DOC	. PSBD	OC PSB DIALOGUE I	DO !
!							!
!	Α	LIN	: T	COMMENT			LIB !
!	*	700	:	>	DB-PCB INSERTION	ON SPOT <	*VIRT !
!	*	900	: G	PSBGEN	PSBNAME= (EXTER	NAL NAME)	*VIRT !
!	*	920	: G		LANG=COBOL		*VIRT !
!		930	: G		CMPAT=YES		0722 !
!	*	980	: G	END			*VIRT !
!			:				!
!			:				!
!			:				!
į			:				i
i			:				i
i			:				·
i			•				i
i			•				i
i			•				i
i							i
			:				:
:			:				:
:			:				:
:			•				:
:	_		a	C			:
!	O	: C1	CH:	-G			!

2

PSB
DESCRIPTION (-DH)

6.2. DESCRIPTION

## **DESCRIPTION**

The Hierarchical Block Description (-DH) screen allows the PACBASE user to enter the description of a PSB, i.e. to list the hierarchies used in the given PSB.

(-DH)

Each description line identifies a "DP"-, "DL"-, "DR"-, "PC"-, or "IS"-type Database Block and may also include the number of block occurrences and comments.

## **PREREQUISITES**

The PSB and all of the entities called into its description must have been previously defined.

## **VIRTUAL GENERAL DOCUMENTATION LINES**

Virtual lines associated with PSB description lines retrieve the segment description(s) making up the called PCB from the Specifications Dictionary. They do not need to be rewritten. However, the user can complete, modify or delete these lines (insertion of a PROCSEQ, etc.).

Several methods may be used:

- Calling one of the PIA's referred to in Chapter "PARAMETERIZED INPUT AIDS",
- Creating a PIA for specific user needs,
- Input of General Documentation lines:

POS=....
PROCSEQ=DBST1Y01

A 'SENSEG' description can be modified on the General Documentation lines associated with a PSB Description line (CH: -DHnnnG).

In order to do this, the user enters the following input between virtual lines 700 and 800 (starting and ending SENSEGS insertion points):

- 1. In the TYPE OF LINE field on the first line: 'G'.
- 2. In the COMMENT field on the first line: <DDSS>

This is the 4-character Segment Code corresponding to the 'SENSEG' to be modified. It must be left-justified.

- 3. In the TYPE OF LINE field on the second line: 'G'.
- 4. In the COMMENT field on the second line: the new description of 'SENSEG'.

#### **EXAMPLE:**

730 G <CD10>
760 G SENSEG NAME=CLCDE, PARENT=COCRD, PROCOPT=G

NOTE: Only the General Documentation lines whose TYPE OF LINE = 'G' will be taken into account at generation time. Documentation lines with a 'blank' in the TYPE OF LINE field have a documentary value only.

## IMPORTANT NOTE

On the PSB description lines where the PROCOPT is specified, the value "A" in the OPTION field ("O" column) means that the called PCB is an ALTERNATE or EXPRESS PCB (and not that the value of PROCOPT is "A").

The PROCOPT default value is "ALL", which corresponds to a 'blank' in the OPTION field.

	PAGE	62
Dan		_

PSB 6
DESCRIPTION (-DH) 2

_												
!					DBMS DES	SCR	IPTIO	NS	DL/1	+VALIDA.LULU.D	L1.725	!
!	BL	OCK	DESC.	HIER	ARCHICAL	PS	В	1	PSBDOC PSB DIALOGUE	DO		!
!	2	3			6	7	8		10			!
!	Α	LIN	:		PCB/DBD	0	DOC		COMMENT/RELATIONSE	IIP NAME	LIBR.	!
!		100	:		DBDFOU		*				0722	!
!		120	:		DBDMES						0722	!
!		140	:		DBDCLI						0722	!
!		160			DBDCDE						0722	!
!		180			DBDLER						0722	!
!		210	:		DBDHEL						0722	!
!			:									!
!			:									!
!			:									!
!			:									!
!			:									!
!			:									!
!			:									!
!			:									!
!			:									!
!			:									!
!												!
!		±										!
!			1D ***									!
!	0:	CI	CH: -1	DH								!

PAGE 63

PSB 6
DESCRIPTION (-DH) 2

NUM	LEN	CLASS VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF FIELDS AND FILLING MODE	
1	6	VALUE	BLOCK CODE	(REQUIRED)
1	O		BLOCK CODE	(REQUIRED)
			One to six alphanumeric characters.	
2	1		ACTION CODE	
3	3		LINE NUMBER	
			PURE NUMERIC FIELD	
			It is advisable to begin with line number '100' and	
			then number in intervals of 20. This facilitates	
			subsequent line insertions, as necessary.	
4	1		NOT USED WITH THE DL/1 FUNCTION	
5	1		NOT USED WITH THE DL/1 FUNCTION	
6	6		PCB / DBD CODE	(REQ. IN CREATION)
			DACRASE code of the Database Block called by th	o DCD
			PACBASE code of the Database Block called by th (Block TYPE = DP, DR, DL, PC or IS (not validate	
7	1		OPTION	sa)).
<b>'</b>	1		OI IION	
			Value of 'PROCOPT', (processing option), generate	d at
			the PCB macro level.	u at
			To specify a 'PROCOPT' greater than one character	
			modify the 'PROCOPT' directly on the virtual line.	,
			modify the FROCOFT directly on the virtual line.	
			To specify a segment level 'PROCOPT', replace the	gen_
			erated virtual line.	gen-
			Crated virtual line.	
		Blank	ALL	
		A	ALTERNATE or EXPRESS PCB	
8	1		DOCUMENTATION INDICATOR	
			This field is a display field used on-line only. It	
			does not accept input.	
		*	General documentation exists for the element on thi	S
			line.	
			Access to line nnn: -CEnnn	
			Access to the documentation of line nnn: -CEnnnG	
			For more details, see the "GENERAL DOCUMENT	TATION"
			chapter in the SPECIFICATIONS DICTIONARY F	
			Manual.	COLORCIC
9	1		NOT USED WITH THE DL/1 FUNCTION	
10	36		COMMENT/RELATIONSHIP NAME	
10	50		COMMENT/RELATIONSHIE WANTE	
			Optional input field:	
			. Number of times the entity is called:	
			OCC=n	
			. The generated PROCOPT in the 'PROCOPT=' par	ameter
			used in the 'PCB' statement:	ametel
			used in the LCD Statement.	

		PAGE	64
PSB			6
DESCRIPTION	(-DH)		2

NUM I	LEN	CLASS VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF FIELDS AND FILLING MODE PR=nnnn
		(CHG)	This value is used in conjunction with value 'A' in the OPTION field for the OLSD function. Refer to the IMS OLSD Reference Manual for further information.

	PAGE	65
DSR	6	

PSB 6
DESCRIPTION (-DH) 2

!			D	BMS	DESCRIPTIONS DL/1	+VALI	DA.LULU.DL1	.725	!
! ]	BLOCK	DESC	GENERAL	DOG	. PSBDOC PSB D	IALOGUE DO		100	!
!									!
		_	COMMENT				· -	IBR.	-
	* 100	_			TYPE=DB			VIRT	-
					OBDNAME=(DBD NAME)		*	VIRT	!
					PROCOPT=(OPTION)			VIRT	!
					KEYLEN=(LENGTH CC=9999		PCB) *	VIRT	!
	* 700				SENSEGS INSERTION STAR			VIRT	-
!	* 800	:	=	>	SENSEGS INSERTION ENDI	NG POINT <	*	VIRT	!
!		:							!
!		:							!
!		:							!
!		:							!
!		:							!
!		:							!
!		:							!
!		:							!
!		:							!
!		:							!
!		:							!
!		:							!
!									!
! (	): C1	CH:	-DH100G						!

# 7. ACCESS COMMANDS

# 7.1. ON-LINE ACCESS COMMANDS

# DATABASE BLOCKS: ON-LINE ACCESS

LISTS DA	ATABASE BLOCKS: ON-LINE ACCESS	
CHOICE	SCREEN	UPD
LCBaaaaaa	List of database blocks by code (starting with block 'aaaaaa').	NO
LTBaabbbbbbb	List of database blocks by type (starting with type 'aa' and block 'bbbbbbb').	NO
LEBaaaaaaaa	List of database blocks by external name (starting with name 'aaaaaaaaa').	
DESCRIPTION OF BLO	OCK 'aaaaaa'	
CHOICE	SCREEN	UPD
Baaaaaa	Definition of database block 'aaaaaa'	YES
BaaaaaaGbbb	General documentation for block 'aaaaaa' (starting with line 'bbb').	YES
BaaaaaaATbbbbbb	Text assigned to block 'aaaaaa' (starting with text 'bbbbbb').	NO
BaaaaaaX	X-references of block 'aaaaaa'.	NO
BaaaaaaXBbbbbbbb	X-references of block 'aaaaaa' to PSB's (starting with PSB 'bbbbbbb').	NO
BaaaaaaXObbbbbb	X-references of block 'aaaaaa' to screens (starting with screen 'bbbbbb').	NO
BaaaaaaXObbbbbbCSo	cdddd  X-references of block 'aaaaaa' to  the Call of Segments of screen 'bbbbb  (starting with category 'c' and with  segment 'dddd'). Note: 'c' is equal t  & for the screen-top category.	ob'
BaaaaaaXObbbbbbWc	cddd  X-references of block 'aaaaaa' to the Work Areas of screen 'bbbbbb' (starting with work area 'cc', line number'ddd').	NO
BaaaaaaXQbbbbbbb	List of entities linked to block 'aaaaaa' through user-defined relationship 'bbbbbbbbb'.	NO on-
BaaaaaaXVvvvvvv	X-references of block 'aaaaaa' to volumes (starting with volume 'vvvvvv	NO
BaaaaaaXPbbbbbbb	X-references of block 'aaaaaa' to programs (starting with program 'bbbbbbb').	NO
BaaaaaaXPbbbbbbWcc	cddd X-references of block 'aaaaaa' to Work Areas of program 'bbbbbb' (start with work area 'cc', line number 'ddd	

BaaaaaaDHbbb Description of hierarchical block YES 'aaaaaa' (starting with line 'bbb')

BaaaaaaDHbbbGccc

General documentation of hierarchical YES block 'aaaaaa' description line 'bbb' (starting with general documentation line 'ccc').

# **NOTES**

General Documentation lines associated with a Database Block are accessed in two ways:

- Via "-G" in the CHOICE field:

All virtual lines associated with the Database Block are displayed.

- Automatic branching from the Database Block Definition screen:

General Documentation lines are displayed starting with the first non-virtual line (subsequent virtual lines are displayed).

# ACCESS COMMANDS ON-LINE ACCESS COMMANDS

7 1

! DBMS DESCRIPTIONS DL/1	+VALIDA.LULU+	J.DL1.725 !
! LIST OF BLOCKS BY CODE		!
1		!
! CODE NAME	T TYPE	LIBR. !
! ALTPCB ALTERNATE PCB	PC PCB	0640 !
! DBDCDE DBD ORDERS	DP PHYSICAL DBD	0640 !
! DBDCLI DBD CLIENTS	DP	0640 !
! DBDFOU DBD SUPPLIERS	DP	0640 !
! DBDHEL BACK UP OF CALL SCREEN HELP FCT	DP	0640 !
! DBDLER DBD ERROR MESSAGES	DP	0640 !
! DBDMES DBD MAIL BOX	DP	0640 !
! INDCDE SECONDARY INDEX FOR DBDCDE	IS SECONDARY INDEX	0640 !
! PCBIDX PCB DBDCDE (BY SECONDARY INDEX)	PC PCB	0640 !
! PLDCDE psb loading of dbdcde	PS PSB	0640 !
! PLDCLI psb loading of dbdcli	PS	0640 !
! PLDFOU psb loading of dbdfou	PS	0640 !
! PLDLER psb loading of dbdler	PS	0640 !
! PLDMES psb loading of dbdmes	PS	0640 !
! PSBDOC PSB DIALOGUE DO	PS	0640 !
!		!
!		!
!		!
!		!
! O: C1 CH: LCB		!

# ACCESS COMMANDS

7 ON-LINE ACCESS COMMANDS 1

DBMS DESCRIPTIONS DL/1 +VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725 !					
! LIST OF BLOCKS BY TY	X P.E.				!
! T TYPE	CODE	NAME		LIBR.	!
! DP PHYSICAL DBD	DBDCDE	DBD ORDERS		0640	!
!	DBDCLI	DBD CLIENTS		0640	!
!	DBDFOU	DBD SUPPLIERS		0640	!
!	DBDHEL	BACK UP OF CALL SCREEN HELP	FCT	0640	!
!	DBDLER	DBD ERROR MESSAGES		0640	!
!	DBDMES	DBD MAIL BOX		0640	!
! IS SECONDARY INDEX	INDCDE	SECONDARY INDEX FOR DBDCDE		0640	!
! PC PCB	ALTPCB	ALTERNATE PCB		0640	!
!	PCBIDX	PCB DBDCDE (BY SECONDARY IN	DEX)	0640	!
!	XTABD	PCB PACTABLE		0640	!
!	XTABV	PCB PACTABLE		0640	!
! PS PSB	PLDCDE	psb loading of dbdcde		0640	!
!	PLDCLI	psb loading of dbdcli		0640	!
!	PLDFOU	psb loading of dbdfou		0640	!
!	PLDLER	psb loading of dbdler		0640	!
!	PLDMES	psb loading of dbdmes		0640	!
!	PSBDOC	PSB DIALOGUE DO		0640	!
!					!
!					!
! O: C1 CH: LTB					!

# ACCESS COMMANDS

7 ON-LINE ACCESS COMMANDS

!	 D	BMS DESCR	IPTIONS DL/1	+VALIDA.LULU.D	L1.725 !
!	LIST OF BLOCKS BY	EXTERNAL 1	JAME		!
!					!
!	TYPE	EXT NAME	NAME	CODE	LIBR. !
!	DP PHYSICAL DBD	JMDBXCM	DBD MAIL BOX	DBDMES	0640 !
!	DP	JMDBYAR	BACK UO OF CALL SCREEN HELP	FCT DBDHEL	0640 !
!	DP	JMDBYCL	DBD CLIENTS	DBDCLI	0640 !
!	DP	JMDBYCM	DBD ORDERS	DBDCDE	0640 !
!	DP	JMDBYER	DBD ERROR MESSAGES	DBDLER	0640 !
!	DP	JMDBYFO	DBD SUPPLIERS	DBDFOU	0640 !
!	IS SECONDARY INDEX	JMDBWER	SECONDARY INDEX FOR DBDCDE	INDCDE	0640 !
!	PC PCB	JMDBYCM	PCB DBDCDE (BY SECONDARY IND:	EX) PCBIDX	0640 !
!	PC	PACDTBDC	PCB PACTABLE	XTABD	0640 !
!	PC	PACDTVBC	PCB PACTABLE	XTABV	0640 !
!	PS PSB	JIPSMA	PSB DIALOGUE DO	PSBDOC	0640 !
!	PS	PSLDCDE	psb loading of dbdcde	PLDCDE	0640 !
!	PS	PSLDCLI	psb loading of dbdcli	PLDCLI	0640 !
!	PS	PSLDFOU	psb loading of dbdfou	PLDFOU	0640 !
!	PS	PSLDLER	psb loading of dbdler	PLDLER	0640 !
!	PS	PSLDMES	psb loading of dbdmes	PLDMES	0640 !
!			-		!
!					!
!	*** END ***				1
!	O: C1 CH: LEB				!
_					

# ACCESS COMMANDS

7 ON-LINE ACCESS COMMANDS 1

! DBMS DESCRIPTIONS DL/1 +VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725 ! BLOCK X-REFERENCES TO ON-LINE SCREENS FOR BLOCK : PSBDOC ! ! SCREEN NAME LIBR. ! ! DO DOCUMENTATION MANAGEMENT 0612 ! O: C1 CH: BpsbdocXO

# ACCESS COMMANDS

7 ON-LINE ACCESS COMMANDS 1

! DBMS DESCRIPTIONS ! BLOCK CROSS-REFERENCES		+VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725 !
! PSB PSB NAME ! PLDCLI psb loading of dbdcli ! PSBDOC PSB DIALOGUE DO ! ! !	LIN 010 140	LIBR. ! 0653 ! 0602 ! ! ! ! !
! ! !		! ! !
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!		! ! !
: ! O: C1 CH: BdbdcliXB		: !

## 7.2. BATCH ACCESS COMMANDS

## **DATABASE BLOCKS: BATCH ACCESS**

## **DEFINITION**

Batch Form 'L1' is used to define a Database Block.

## **ACTION CODES**

- C = Creation of a line in the library.
- M = Modification of a line.
- Blank = Creation or modification of a line, depending on its presence or absence in the library.
- X = Creation or modification with possible use of ampersands (&).
- D = Deletion of a line.
- B = Deletion of the database block and of its dependent lines.

### **DATABASE BLOCK DESCRIPTION**

## **BATCH FORM**

Batch Form 'L2' is used to describe a hierarchical block.

The General Documentation associated with description lines is entered on Batch Form 'V3' using field 8 (the ENTITY LINE NUMBER) for the association.

# **ACTION CODES**

- C = Creation of a line in the library.
- M = Modification of a line.
- Blank = Creation or modification of a line, depending on its presence or absence in the library.
- X = Creation or modification with possible use of ampersands (&).
- D = Deletion of a line.
- B = Deletion of database block starting with this line (including associated documentation lines).
- R = End of multiple deletion.

If a 'B' line is not followed by an 'R' line, the deletion ends with the last line of the block.

## 7.3. GENERATION AND/OR PRINTING

#### GENERATION AND/OR PRINTING

The generation and printing of Database Blocks is requested on-line on the Generation and Print Commands screen (CH: GP) or in batch mode on Batch Form 'Z'.

#### **LISTS**

LTB Lists all database blocks of the libraries from the selected sub-network, sorted by type.

.Cl OPTION: Without keywords, .C2 OPTION: With explicit keywords.

LCB Identical to 'LTB' but sorted by code.

LEB Identical to 'LTB' but sorted by external name.

It is possible to request a list of Database Blocks related by keyword(s). The corresponding command must be accompanied by a continuation line, on which the keywords used as selection criteria are indicated (refer to the USER'S Reference Manual). The list is sorted by code.

LKB Same as 'LCB' but sorted by keyword.
Option 'C2' cannot be used.

#### DESCRIPTION

DTB Description of the database block whose code is indicated in the entity field, description of all database blocks if the field is not entered.

In the latter case, it is possible to request the descriptions of all blocks of a given type, by specifying it in the printing request.

### GENERATION OPTION

GCB Generation of a Database Block whose code must be indicated.

Same printing option as for DTB.

PAGE 77

PARAMETERIZED INPUT AIDS

# 8. PARAMETERIZED INPUT AIDS

R

## PARAMETERIZED INPUT AIDS

To complete the generated DDL lines, the user can enter virtual lines or create PIA's corresponding to his/her specific needs.

PACBASE also provides a series of PIA's which have been developed in order to respond to the standard needs of a user working on a DL/1 Database description.

The list of these PIA's and their descriptions, are found on the following pages.

!	DBMS DESCRIPTIONS DL/1		+VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725 !	
!	LIST OF INPUT AIDS BY CODE		!	
!			!	
!	P.I.A. NAME	T TYPE	LIBR. !	
!	HDAM DL/1 HDAM DATABASE DECLARATION	I IMS	0658 !	
!	HDAMSE HDAM DATABASE SEGMENT COMPLEMENT	I IMS	0658 !	
!	HIDAM DL/1 HIDAM DATABASE DECLARATION	I IMS	0658 !	
!	HIDAMS HIDAM DATABASE SEGMENT COMPLEMENT	I IMS	0658 !	
!	HISAM DL/1 HISAM DATABASE DECLARATION	I IMS	0658 !	
!	HSAM DL/1 HSAM DATABASE DECLARATION	I IMS	0658 !	
!	HSAMSE HSAM DATABASE SEGMENT COMPLEMENT	I IMS	0658 !	
!	INDEX DL/1 INDEX DATABASE DECLARATION	I IMS	0658 !	
!	INDEXS INDEX DATABASE SEGMENT COMPLEMENT	I IMS	0658 !	
!			!	
!			!	
!			!	
!			!	
!			!	
!			!	
!			!	
!			!	
!			!	
!	*** END ***		!	
!	O: C1 CH: LCI H		!	
-				

!					DBMS	DESCRIPT	IONS D	L/1			+VALII	DA.	LULU.DI	1.725	!
!	IN	PUT	AII	DESCRI	PTION	:	HDAM	DL/1	HDAM	DATABAS	E DECI	LAF	RATION		!
!															!
!	Α	LIN	: 7	C LABEL			INITIAL	VALUI	E		LEN	G	REFER.	LIBR.	!
!		100	:			ACCESS=	(HDAM, V	SAM)			011	G	ACCESS	0651	!
!		120	:			RMNAME=	(DFSHDC	,00	00,000	0,000)	030	G	RMNAME	0651	!
!		140	:			PASSWD=						G	PASSWD	0651	!
!		160	:	DATASET	Г	DD1=					008	G	DDNAME	0651	!
!		180	:			DEVICE=					015	G		0651	!
!		200	:			BLOCK=					006	G		0651	!
!		220	:			SIZE=					006	G		0651	!
!		240	:			SCAN=					002	G		0651	!
!		260	:			FRSPC=					008	G		0651	!
!		800	: ]	\$1			3380							0651	!
!			:												!
!			:												!
!			:												!
!			:												!
!			:												!
!			:												!
!			:												!
!			:												!
!	* *	* EN	1D ,	***											!
!	0:	C1	CH:	: iHDAM d	f										!

!			I	DBMS	DESCRIPT	IONS D	 L/1		+VALI	DA.LULU.D	 L1.725	!
!!	INPUT	AID	DESCRIPT	ΓΙΟΝ.	:	HDAMS:	E HDAM	DATABASE	SEGMENT	COMPLEME	TV	!!
!	A LIN 100		LABEL		POINTER=	INITIAL	VALUE			G REFER. G PTR	LIBR. 0651	!
!	120				RULES=					G PIK G RULES		!
!	140	:			COMPRTN=						0651	!
!		:										!
!		:										!
!		:										!
!		:										!
!		:										!
!		:										!
!		:										!
!		:										!
!		:										!
!		:										!
!		:										!
-	*** E1											!
!	0: C1	CH:	iHDAMSE	d								!

DBMS DESCRIPTIONS DL/1 +VALIDA.LULU.DL1.725     INPUT AID DESCRIPTION: HIDAM DL1 HIDAM DATABASE DECLARATION     INPUT AID DESCRIPTION: HIDAM DL1 HIDAM DATABASE DECLARATION     I A LIN : T LABEL							DECORT												
! A LIN : T LABEL	!									,								LI./25	
100 : ACCESS (HIDAM, VSAM)	!	INI	O.I.	AID	DESCRIP'	LION.	:		HIDA	ΑM	DLT	HIDAM	DAT	'ABAS	E DE	CLA	ARATION		!
100 : ACCESS (HIDAM, VSAM)	!																		!
!       140 :       PASSWD=       003 G PASSWD 0651 !         !       160 :       DATASET       DD1=       008 G DDNAME 0651 !         !       180 :       DEVICE=       015 G 0651 !         !       200 :       BLOCK=       006 G 0651 !         !       220 :       SIZE=       006 G 0651 !         !       240 :       SCAN=       002 G 0651 !         !       260 :       FRSPC=       008 G 0651 !         !       800 : T \$1       3380,MODEL=1       0651 !         !       :       !         !       :       !         !       :       !         !       :       !         !       :       !         !       :       !         !       :       !         !       :       !         !       :       !         !       :       !         !       :       !         !       :       !         !       !       !         !       !       !         !       !       !         !       !       ! <td< td=""><td>!</td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>LABEL</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td>!</td></td<>	!			_	LABEL							3				_			!
! 160 : DATASET DD1=	!						ACCES	3=	(HIDAM	1,VS	AM)				020	G	ACCESS	0651	!
! 180 : DEVICE= 015 G 0651 ! ! 200 : BLOCK= 006 G 0651 ! ! 220 : SIZE= 006 G 0651 ! ! 240 : SCAN= 002 G 0651 ! ! 260 : FRSPC= 008 G 0651 ! ! 800 : T \$1 3380, MODEL=1 0651 ! ! 820 : T \$2 3380, MODEL=2 0651 ! ! : : ! ! ! ! ! ! : ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	!	1	L40	:			PASSW:	)=							003	G	PASSWD	0651	!
!       200 :       BLOCK=       006 G       0651 !         !       220 :       SIZE=       006 G       0651 !         !       240 :       SCAN=       002 G       0651 !         !       260 :       FRSPC=       008 G       0651 !         !       800 :       T \$1       3380, MODEL=1       0651 !         !       :       .       .       .         !       :       .       .       .         !       :       .       .       .         !       :       .       .       .         !       :       .       .       .         !       :       .       .       .         !       :       .       .       .         !       :       .       .       .         !       :       .       .       .         !       :       .       .       .         !       :       .       .       .         !       .       .       .       .         !       .       .       .       .         !       .       . <t< td=""><td>!</td><td>1</td><td>L60</td><td>:</td><td>DATASET</td><td></td><td>DD</td><td>1=</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>008</td><td>G</td><td>DDNAME</td><td>0651</td><td>!</td></t<>	!	1	L60	:	DATASET		DD	1=							008	G	DDNAME	0651	!
! 220 : SIZE= 006 G 0651 ! ! 240 : SCAN= 002 G 0651 ! ! 260 : FRSPC= 008 G 0651 ! ! 800 : T \$1 3380, MODEL=1 0651 ! ! 820 : T \$2 3380, MODEL=2 0651 ! ! : : ! ! ! ! ! : ! ! ! ! ! : ! ! ! !	!	1	L80	:			DEVIC	Ξ=							015	G		0651	!
! 240 : SCAN= 002 G 0651 ! ! 260 : FRSPC= 008 G 0651 ! ! 800 : T \$1 3380, MODEL=1 0651 ! ! 820 : T \$2 3380, MODEL=2 0651 ! ! : ! : ! : ! : ! : ! : ! : ! : ! : !	!	2	200	:			BLOC	ζ=							006	G		0651	!
! 260 : FRSPC= 008 G 0651 ! ! 800 : T \$1 3380, MODEL=1 0651 ! ! 820 : T \$2 3380, MODEL=2 0651 ! ! : ! ! ! !! ! : ! !! ! : ! !! ! : ! !! ! : !! ! : !! ! : !! ! : !! ! *** END ***	!	2	220	:			SIZ	Ξ=							006	G		0651	!
! 800 : T \$1	!	2	240	:			SCA	V=							002	G		0651	!
! 820 : T \$2 3380, MODEL=2 0651 ! ! : ! ! ! !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !!	!	2	260	:			FRSP	C=							008	G		0651	!
! 820 : T \$2 3380, MODEL=2 0651 ! ! : ! ! ! !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !!	!	8	300	: Т	\$1				3380,M	10DE	L=1							0651	!
! : ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	1																	0651	i
•	!			:					,										!
•	į			:															į
•	i			:															i
•	i			:															i
•	i			:															i
•	i			•															i
•				:															
•																			
•		***	אים א	· *	**														
: O. CI Ch. Inidam d	:					a													:
	!	0:	CI	CH:	THIDAM (	u													!

				DBMS	DESCR	IPTI	ONS I	)L/1		+VALII	DA.LULU.D	L1.725
II	IPUT	AID	DESCRI	PTION		:	HIDAN	IS HIDAM	DATABASE	SEGMENT	COMPLEM	ENT
Α	LIN	: т	LABEL				INITIAI	VALUE		LEN	G REFER.	LIBR.
	100				POINT						G PTR	
	120	:			RUL	ES=				020	G RULES	0651
	140	:			COMPR	TN=				025	G	0651
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
		:										
*:	** E1	1D *	* *									
0	C1	CH:	iHIDAM	s d								

!				DBMS	DESCRIPT:	IONS D	L/1		+VZ	ALID	DA.	LULU.DI	1.725	!
!	INPUT	AID	DESCRIP	MOIT	:	HISAM	DL1	HISAM	DATABASE	DEC	LI	ARATION		!
!														!
!	A LIN	: T	LABEL			INITIAL	VALUI	E	I	LEN	G	REFER.	LIBR.	!
!	100	:			ACCESS=	(HISAM,	VSAM)		(	20	G	ACCESS	0651	!
!	120	:			PASSWD=				(	003	G		0651	!
!	140	:	DATASET	,	DD1=				(	800	G	DDNAME	0651	!
!	160	:			DEVICE=				(	15	G		0651	!
!	180	:			OVFLW=				(	800	G		0651	!
!	200	:			BLOCK=				(	16	G		0651	!
!	220	:			SIZE=				(	12	G		0651	!
!	240	:			RECORD=				(	12	G		0651	!
!		:											0651	!
!		:											0651	!
!		:												!
!		:												!
!		:												!
!		:												!
!		:												!
!		:												!
!		:												!
!		:												!
!	*** El	ND *:	* *											!
!	o: c1	CH:	iHISAM	d										!

PAGE

-																
!											+7				JI.725	!
!	IN	IPUT	AI.	D I	DESCRIPTI	LON.	:	HSAM	DL/I	HSAM	DATABASE	DEC.	LAI	RATION		!
!	_		_	_						_			_			!
!	А			Τ.						<u> </u>			_	REFER.		!
!		100					ACCESS=	(HSAM, V	SAM)				-	ACCESS		!
!		120					PASSWD=						_			!
!		140		]	DATASET		DD1=						_	DDNAME		!
!		160					DEVICE=					015	G		0651	!
!		180	:				DD2=						_	DDNAME	0651	!
!		200	:				BLOCK=					016	G		0651	!
!		220	:				RECORD=					012	G		0651	!
!			:												0651	!
!			:												0651	!
!			:													!
!			:													!
!			:													!
!			:													!
!			:													!
!			:													!
!			:													!
!			:													!
1			:													1
!	* *	* EN	1D	**	*											!
	0:	C1	CH	:	iHSAM d											!
_																

		DBMS	DESCRIPTI	IONS DL	/1		+V2	ALII	DA.	.LULU.DI	1.72
INPUT	AID	DESCRIPTION	:	INDEX	DL1	INDEX	DATABASE	DEC	CLA	ARATION	
A LIN	: Т	LABEL		INITIAL	VALUE	C	j	LEN	G	REFER.	LIBR
100	:		ACCESS=	(INDEX, V	SAM)			020	G	ACCESS	0651
120	:		PASSWD=					003	G		0651
140	:	DATASET	DD1=					800	G	DDNAME	0651
160	:		DEVICE=					015	G		0651
180	:		OVFLW=					800	G		0651
200	:		BLOCK=					016	G		0651
220	:		SIZE=					012	G		0651
240	:		RECORD=					012	G		0651
800	: T	\$1		3380,MOD	EL=1						0651
820	: T	\$2		3380,MOD	EL=2						0651
	:										
	:										
	:										
	:										
	:										
	:										
	:										
	:										
*** E	ND *	* *									

!!!	INPUT	AID	DBMS DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTI						!!!
!	A LIN	: т	LABEL		INITIAL V	/ALUE	LEN (	G REFER.	LIBR.	!
!	100	:		FREQ=			010 (	G	0651	!
!	120	:		RULES=			020 (	G RULES	0651	!
!	130	:	LCHILD	NAME=			020 (	G	0651	!
!	140	:		INDEX=			006 (	G	0651	!
!		:								!
!		:								!
!		:								!
!		:								!
!		:								!
!		:								!
!		:								!
!		:								!
!		:								!
!		•								!
!		•								!
!		:								!
!		:								!
:	*** E	· *	**							:
1			iINDEXS d							:
:		Сп.	u				 			-

# 9. POSITIONING OF GENERATED LINES

### **POSITIONING OF GENERATED LINES**

Description lines of a DL/1 Database are generated in column 4 or 16. However, the user may request that they be positioned in column 1 via:

- General Documentation lines associated to the Database Block (CH: BaaaaaaG).
- General Documentation lines associated to the Database Block description (CH: -DHnnnG).
- PIA call on the -G screen of the Database Block.

Whatever the Type of Line value, the description lines to be positioned in column 1 must contain '£1' (to get a '£', use sterling pound or sharp key, depending on your keyboard) in the first two positions of the COMMENT field.

### EXAMPLE:

```
A LIN : T COMMENT 100 \, G f1This line will be generated in column 1.
```

NOTE: If the line positioned in column 1 is a comment line, it must be inserted after the DL/1 statements.

PAGE	0.1

EXAMPLES OF GENERATED DESCRIPTIONS

# 10. EXAMPLES OF GENERATED DESCRIPTIONS

## **EXAMPLES OF GENERATED DESCRIPTIONS**

This chapter presents two examples of PACBASE-generated descriptions for two different types of Database Blocks.

1. 'DP'-type Database Block: PHYSICAL DBD

Coded DBDCDE, defined and described in Chapter "PHYSICAL AND LOGICAL DBD".

2. 'PS'-type Database Block: PSB

Coded PSBDOC, defined and described in Chapter "PSB".

GENERATION OF DBDCDE PHYSICAL DBD

DBD	NAME=JMDBYCM,	*
	ACCESS=(HDAM, VSAM),	*
	RMNAME=(DFSHDC40,040,008,100)	
DATASET	DD1=PACCDE,	*
	DEVICE=3380	
SEGM	NAME=CD05,	*
	BYTES=122	
FIELD	NAME=(CLECD, SEQ, U),	*
	BYTES=5,START=1,TYPE=C	
FIELD	NAME=DATE,	*
	BYTES=6,START=1,TYPE=C	
FIELD	NAME=NUCOM,	*
	BYTES=5,START=7,TYPE=C	
FIELD	NAME=REFCLI,	*
	BYTES=30,START=12,TYPE=C	
FIELD	NAME=NUCLIE,	*
1 1 1 1 1 1	BYTES=8,START=42,TYPE=C	
FIELD	NAME=COPOS,	*
11111	BYTES=5,START=50,TYPE=C	
FIELD	NAME=VILLE,	*
гини	BYTES=20,START=55,TYPE=C	
FIELD	NAME=CORRES,	*
гини	BYTES=25,START=75,TYPE=C	
FIELD	NAME=REMIS,	*
FIELD	BYTES=6,START=100,TYPE=C	
רושוש	NAME=RELEA,	*
FIELD	<i>,</i>	
FIELD	BYTES=3,START=106,TYPE=C NAME=LANGU,	*
LIEUD		
מוקדק	BYTES=1,START=109,TYPE=C	*
FIELD	NAME=MATE,	
CECM	BYTES=8,START=115,TYPE=C	*
SEGM	NAME=CD10,	*
	PARENT=CD05,	*
	BYTES=7,	•
BIBID	POINTER=T	*
FIELD	NAME=(FOURNI,SEQ,U),	
DIDID	BYTES=3,START=1,TYPE=C	*
FIELD	NAME=QTMAL,	^
ETELD	BYTES=2,START=4,TYPE=C	*
FIELD	NAME=QTMAC,	•
CECM	BYTES=2,START=6,TYPE=C	*
SEGM	NAME=CD20,	*
	PARENT=CD05,	^
	BYTES=1	*
FIELD	NAME=(EDIT, SEQ, U),	*
2221	BYTES=1,START=1,TYPE=C	*
SEGM	NAME=CD30,	*
	PARENT=CD05,	*
	BYTES=6	*
FIELD	NAME=(COCARA, SEQ, U),	*
	BYTES=1,START=1,TYPE=C	
FIELD	NAME=NUCOM,	*
	BYTES=5,START=2,TYPE=C	
DBDGEN		
END		

GENERATION OF PSBDOC PSB

PCB	TYPE=DB,	*
	DBDNAME=JMDBYFO,	*
	PROCOPT=A, KEYLEN=20	^
SENSEG	NAME=FO10	
PCB	TYPE=DB,	*
ICD	DBDNAME=JMDBXCM,	*
	PROCOPT=A,	*
	KEYLEN=7	
SENSEG	NAME=ME00	
PCB	TYPE=DB,	*
	DBDNAME=JMDBYCL,	*
	PROCOPT=A,	*
	KEYLEN=9	
SENSEG	NAME=CL10	
SENSEG	NAME=CL20, PARENT=CL10	
PCB	TYPE=DB,	*
	DBDNAME=JMDBYCM,	*
	PROCOPT=A,	^
SENSEG	KEYLEN=8 NAME=CD05	
SENSEG	NAME=CD03 NAME=CD10, PARENT=CD05	
SENSEG	NAME=CD10, PARENT=CD05, PROCOPT=G	
SENSEG	NAME=CD30, PARENT=CD05	
PCB	TYPE=DB,	*
	DBDNAME=JMDBYER,	*
	PROCOPT=A,	*
	KEYLEN=17	
SENSEG	NAME=DBDLER	
PCB	TYPE=DB,	*
	DBDNAME=JMDBYAR,	*
	PROCOPT=A,	*
	KEYLEN=8	
SENSEG	NAME=HE10	
PSBGEN	PSBNAME=JIPSMA,	*
	LANG=COBOL, CMPAT=YES	^
END	CMPA1=1E2	
END		