

Lab Exercise 1 Lab Setup: Create your lab files

- Run the LABSETUP program to create your own copies of sample files that will be used during the File Manager exercises
- Check that your files have been created
- 1. Log on to TSO (if you are not already logged on).
- 2. Navigate to the ISPF command shell. On most systems, this is **Option 6** from the main ISPF menu.
- 3. Run the LabSetup program:
 - On the command line, enter the lab setup command that your instructor or training coordinator has given to you. The command will have the format:

```
EX `xxxx.ADLAB.INSTALL(LABSETUP)'
```

```
      Menu List Mode Functions Utilities Help

      ISPF Command Shell

      Enter TS0 or Workstation commands below:

      ===> EXEC 'DNET249.MASTER.ADLAB.DATA(LABSETUP)'

      Place cursor on choice and press enter to Retrieve command

      =>

      =>

      =>

      =>
```

- 4. You will see the message "SETUP FOR HANDS-ON TRAINING" message.
 - If you do not see this message, check the spelling of the command and try again.
 - Press the **ENTER** key repeatedly until the LabSetup program completes.
 - Note: Many screens full of messages will be displayed. Continue to press **Enter.** There may be times when three asterisks appear in the bottom left corner of the screen or the process just stops. Keep pressing Enter. You will end up at the Command Shell panel once again.



- 5. Note: In the next steps, you will verify that your files have been created.
- 6. Navigate to the system 3.4 panel (Data Set List).
 - Type <u>=3.4</u> on the command line, then <u>ENTER</u>:
- 7. Enter a Dsname level of: your-tso-id.ADLAB, as shown here, then press **ENTER**.

<u>M</u> enu <u>R</u> efList R <u>e</u> fMode	Utilities	<u>H</u> elp	
Option ===>	Data Set	List Utility	
blank Display data set V Display VTOC infi	list ormation	Hore: P Print data set list PV Print VIOC information	+
Enter one or both of the Dsname Level <u>DNE</u> Volume serial	paraMeters 1249.ADLAB	below:	
Data set list options	U Daluma	Enton """ to coloct ont:on	

8. You should see a list of data sets that begin with your ID, with a middle qualifier of ADLAB.

DSLIST — Data Sets Matching DNET249.ADLAB Cоммand ===> Sc	Row 1 of 16 croll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Command - Enter "/" to select action Message	Volume
DNET 249. ADLAB.COPYLIB DNET 249. ADLAB.CUST FILE DNET 249. ADLAB.DATA DNET 249. ADLAB.DT OC DNET 249. ADLAB.DT It is OK if your list of DNET 249. ADLAB.EN DNET 249. ADLAB.EN DNET 249. ADLAB.EQ DNET 249. ADLAB.EQ DNET 249. ADLAB.JC DNET 249. ADLAB.JC DNET 249. ADLAB.LI DNET 249. ADLAB.LOAD DNET 249. ADLAB.LOAD DNET 249. ADLAB.SURCE DNET 249. ADLAB.SURCE DNET 249. ADLAB.SYSDEBUG DNET 249. ADLAB.SYSDEBUG DNET 249. ADLAB.TEMPLATE F1=Help F2=Split F3=Exit F4=SwapNext F5=Rfind	DMPU14 DMPU23 DMPU25 DMPU67 DMPU65 DMPU16 MI GRAT1 DMPU65 DMPU15 DMPU68 DMPU19 DMPU69 DMPU90 DMPU21 DMPU01 DMPU01 DMPU02 F7=Up

- If you have ADLAB data sets, then you are ready for the File Manager exercises.
- If you do not have the ADLAB datasets, then return to step 1. Ask for help if you aren't sure why you don't have the sample files.



Lab Exercise 2 Access the Fault Analyzer On-Line Library

- Use a web browser to locate the Fault Analyzer manuals on the IBM web site.
- Open the "Fault Analyzer User's Guide and Reference" manual for your reference.
- Learn how to download any of the File Manager manuals to your workstation.
- 1. Start an Internet Browser window.
- 2. Open URL: http://www.ibm.com/software/awdtools/deployment
- 3. Click on the <u>Select a Product</u> pull-down.
- 4. Click on Fault Analyzer

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z/OS Problem Determination Tools	Software > Software Development > z/OS Problem Deter	rmination Tools	
Library			
News How to buy	z/OS® Problem Determination To features. Organizations that choo	ols have powerful functions and ose to use them improve the	Highlights
Training and certification	health of their application portfoli	ios.	File Manager: Latest PTF information
Services	Select a Product	Fault Analyzer: Latest	
Support	Products	Solutions	PTF information
	• Application Performance	Problem Determination Tools	Debug Tool: Latest PTF information
Related software • Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS	A non-intrusive application performance analyzer that aids developers in the	This information center This information center provides fast, online centralized access to	WebSphere and zSeries AD tools help meet on demand
 DebugTool for z/OS Fault Analyzer for z/OS 	maintenance cycles. Its key function is to measure and	product information.	
 File Export for /OS File Manager for z/OS Workload Simulator for z/OS and OS/390 	report how resources are used by applications running in virtually any z/OS address space.	• IBM COBOL family IBM COBOL provides a complete offering of compatible, cross-platform, cross-product compilers that	
Related hardware • zSeries servers	•Debug Tool for z/OS A program testing and analysis aid that helps you	support z/OS, OS/390®, VM, VSE/ESA®, AS/400®, AIX®, and Microsoft® Windows	
 Warranty info 	examine, monitor, and	NT®. IBM gives you the	



5. Click on Library



6. You can browse manuals online. For the "User's Guide and Reference" manual, click on the link under the Book Manager column.

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• Application	Download the Bookshelf for			<u>1 KB</u>	Nov 06	



- 7. The contents page for the manual appears. You can use the navigation links to get to specific sections.
- 8. Click on the browser's **BACK** button until you are back to the Fault Analyzer Library page.
- 9. You can download Debug Tool manuals to your workstation from this web site. **RIGHT CLICK** on the link for the "User's Guide and Reference" under the PDF column.

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Application	Download the Bookshelf for			CL	ICK	

- 10. Click on **SAVE TARGET AS**.
- 11. A dialog is displayed where you can select any valid directory on your workstation to download the manual in PDF format. If you would like a softcopy of the manual, you can download and save it now. Otherwise, press Escape.
- 12. Close your Internet Browser window.



Lab Exercise 3 <u>Review JCL to Compile a Sample Program</u>

In this exercise you will:

- Examine JCL used to compile the sample programs.
- See that a compiler can generate a SYSDEBUG file and/or a Compiler Listing that Fault Analyzer can use to get program source information.

Tip: About compiling a program for use with Fault Analyzer.

- It is NOT NECESSARY to compile a program with any special settings if you want Fault Analyzer to perform abend analysis on it. Fault Analyzer can produce an Analysis Report on any program.
- HOWEVER, if program source information is available, the Fault Analyzer report will give you specific information about program statements and variables. Source information makes your abend investigation much, much easier.
- There are several ways to save "Source information" for Fault Analyzer. The most common formats are SYSDEBUG files and Compiler Listings. Both of these files are generated by the compiler.
- It is best to use SYSDEBUG files. However some compilers, especially older ones, cannot produce them.
- 1. Log on to TSO (if you are not already logged on).
- 2. Navigate to the ISPF Editor (usually option 2 from the main menu), and edit file: *your-id*.ADLAB.JCL(BSAM1).

SPF/E EDIT DNET074.ADLAB.JCL(BSAM1) - 01.04 Columns 00001 00072 Command ===>
***** ********************************
000001 //* ADD A JOB CARD HERE
000002 //*******************************
000003 //* COBOL COMPILE
000004 //*******************************
000005 //COBCOMP EXEC PGM=IGYCRCTL,
000006 // PARM='TEST(NONE, SYM, SEPARATE), LIST, MAP, SOURCE, XREF, LIB, DYNAM,
000007 // NORENT, NOOPT'
000008 //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=COBOL.V3R2.SIGYCOMP
000009 //SYSIN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=YOUR-TSO-ID.ADLAB.SOURCE(SAM1)
000010 //SYSLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=YOUR-TSO-ID.ADLAB.COPYLIB
000011 // DD DISP=SHR,DSN=YOUR-TSO-ID.ADLAB.SOURCE
000012 //SYSPRINT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=YOUR-TSO-ID.ADLAB.LISTING(SAM1)
000013 //SYSDEBUG DD DISP=SHR,DSN=YOUR-TSO-ID.ADLAB.SYSDEBUG(SAM1)
000014 //SYSLIN DD DISP=(MOD,PASS),DSN=&&LOADSET,UNIT=SYSALLDA,
000015 // SPACE=(80,(10,10))
000016 //SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
000017 //SYSUT1 DD SPACE=(80,(10,10),,,ROUND),UNIT=SYSALLDA



- 3. Note: YOU DO NOT NEED TO CUSTOMIZE OR SUBMIT THIS JCL IN THIS EXERCISE. This is generic compile JCL that has not been customized for your system. However, the JCL that was used to compile the sample programs that you will use is very similar.
- 4. Notice the SYSDEBUG DD statement. This is a special file that is generated by the compiler that contains detailed Source information. Fault Analyzer can use it. The compiler produces it when:
 - The TEST compiler parameter with the SEPARATE sub-parameter is specified.
 - The SYSDEBUG DD statement is present, and it references a file with the correct attributes. It should be a PDSE (or PDS) member. The member name should be the same as the program name.
- 5. Notice the SYSPRINT DD statement. This is the compiler listing. Fault Analyzer can use it to get program source information. For Fault Analyzer to use it, it must be saved in a file.
 - The SYSPRINT file should be a PDSE (or PDS) member. The member name should be the same as the program name. File attributes must be correct for the compiler.
 - Certain compiler parameters must be specified to ensure that all the information that Fault Analyzer needs is present in the Listing. For this compiler (Enterprise COBOL), the required options are: LIST,MAP,SOURCE,XREF. Different compilers have different required options.

Tip: Which file should I save?

- Fault Analyzer can use either a SYSDEBUG file or a Compiler Listing. It is NOT necessary to save both of them.
- SYSDEBUG files are recommended. Fault Analyzer can *automatically* locate them. Also, they can be used by other IBM application development tools such as Debug Tool and Application Performance Analyzer.
- If you generate a SYSDEBUG file, only the TEST compiler parameter is needed. You can leave all other parameters unchanged.
- 6. Do not to submit the JCL. The sample programs were compiled prior to the workshop.
- 7. Exit from the editor.



Lab Exercise 4 <u>Submit a sample job to generate an Abend</u>

- Customize sample JCL to submit a job that will abend.
- 1. Log on to TSO (if you are not already logged on).
- 2. Navigate to the ISPF Editor (usually option 2 from the main menu), and edit file: *your-id*.ADLAB.JCL(XSAM).

SPF/E EDIT DNET074.ADLAB.JCL(XSAM) - 01.17 Columns 00001 00072 Command ==>
<mark>жжжжж</mark> жжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжж Тор of Data жжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжж
000001 //* ADD A JOB CARD HERE
000002 //*******************************
000003 //* RUN SAMPLE PROGRAM SAM1
000004 //*******************************
000005 //RUNSAM1 EXEC PGM=SAM1,
000006 //* PARM='/TEST(,,,MFI%TRMLU001:)',
000007 //* PARM='/TEST(,,,VTAM%USERID:)',
000008 //* PARM='/TEST(,,,TCPIP812.34.56.78%8001:)',
000009 // REGION=4M
000010 //STEPLIB DD DSN=DNET074.ADLAB.LOAD,DISP=SHR
000011 //* DD DSN=DEBUG.V6R1.SEQAMOD,DISP=SHR
000012 //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
000013 //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
000014 //CUSTRPT DD SYSOUT=*
000015 //CUSTFILE DD DSN=DNET074.ADLAB.FILES(CUST2FA),DISP=SHR
000016 //CUSTOUT DD SYSOUT=*
000017 //TRANFILE DD *

- 3. Make these changes to the JCL:
 - Add a valid JOB card to the top. It is best to cut-and-paste a working job card from some other JCL that you have.
- 4. Submit the job.
 - Type **<u>SUB</u>** (submit) on the command line, then **<u>ENTER</u>**.
- 5. Using a SYSOUT viewer (such as SDSF), verify that the job ran and that it ended with a S0C7 abend. If the job had a JCL error, fix the problem and submit the job again. Ask your instructor for assistance if needed.
- 6. Using a SYSOUT viewer (such as SDSF), browse the job's output. Navigate to the JES message log. If your SYSOUT viewer displays DD names, the JES Message Log will have DD name "JESMSGLG":



SDSF OUT	PUT DISP	LAY DNET074	F J0B0767	4 DSID	2 L	INE 0	COLU	1NS 02	2- 81
COMMAND	INPUT ===	=>					SCROLI	_ ===)	> PAGE
******	*******	**********	**** ТОР	OF DATA	*****	******	*******	*****	******
		J E S 2	JOB L	0 G	SYS	ТЕМ	MVSA	1	1 O D E
09.54.59	J0B07674	FRIDA	Y, 14 i	APR 2006					
09.54.59	J0B07674	IRR010I	USERID DN	ET074 IS	S ASSIG	NED TO T	HIS JOB.		
09.55.00	J0B07674	ICH70001I	DNET074	LAST AC	CESS AT	09:26:0	08 ON FRI	DAY, A	APRIL 1
09.55.00	J0B07674	\$HASP373	DNET074F	STARTED ·	- INIT !	5 - 0	CLASS A -	SYS 1	1VSA
09.55.00	J0B07674	IEF403I D	NET074F -	STARTED	- TIME	=09.55.0	00		
09.55.01	J0B07674	+IDI0001I	Fault An	alyzer V0	5R1M0 (UK10217	2005/12/2	27) ir	nvoked
09.55.05	J0B07674	+IDI0002I	Module S	AM2, prog	gram SAI	M2, sour	ce line 🛙	164	: Abend
09.55.08	J0B07674	+IDI0003I	Fault ID	F00667 d	assigne	d in his	story file	e FAUI	LTANL.V
09.55.08	J0B07674	IEF450I D	NET074F R	JNSAM1 -	ABEND=	SOC7 UO0	000 REASO	1=0000	00007
971		Т	IME=09.55	. 08					
09.55.08	J0B07674	-					TIMINO	GS (MI	[NS.)
09.55.08	J0B07674	-JOBNAME	STEPNAME	PROCSTE	P RC	EXCP	CPU	SRB	CLOCK
09.55.08	J0B07674	-DNET074F		RUNSAM1	*S0C7	1655	.01	. 00	. 13
09.55.08	J0B07674	IEF404I D	NET074F -	ENDED -	TIME=0	9.55.08			
09.55.08	J0B07674	-DNET074F	ENDED.	NAME-			TOTAL	CPU 1	TIME=
09.55.08	J0B07674	\$HASP395	DNET074F I	ENDED					
JE	ES2 JOB S	TATISTICS -							
14 APR	2006 JOB	EXECUTION	DATE						
	67 CARI	DS READ							

- 7. Notice Fault Analyzer messages that begin with "IDI". These were produced by Fault Analyzer.
 - What is the name of the Fault History File where Fault Analyzer saved your Fault Entry?
 - What is the Fault ID?
- 8. Next, in your SYSOUT viewer, browse the Fault Analyzer Real-Time Report. If your SYSOUT viewer displays DD names, look for DD name "IDIREPRT":



```
SDSF OUTPUT DISPLAY DNET074F JOB07674 DSID
                                     109 LINE 0
                                                  COLUMNS 02- 81
COMMAND INPUT ===>
                                                  SCROLL ===> PAGE
* IBM Fault Analyzer for z/OS V6R1M0 (UK10217 2005/12/27)
* (C) Copyright IBM Corp. 2000, 2005. All rights reserved.
JOBNAME: DNET074F SYSTEM ABEND: 0C7
                                       DEMOMVS
                                               2006/04/14 09:55:01
(H1) I B M F A U L T
                   ANALYZER SYNOPSIS
A system abend 0C7 occurred in module SAM2 program SAM2 at offset X'680'.
A program-interruption code 0007 (Data Exception) is associated with this abend
and indicates that:
 A decimal digit or sign was invalid.
The cause of the failure was program SAM2 in module SAM2. The COBOL source code
that immediately preceded the failure was:
```

9. You can read the Real-Time Report from SYSOUT. In the next exercise, you will use the Fault Analyzer online interface to view the report. You will not need to see the SYSOUT again in these exercises, so you can exit from the SYSOUT viewer. Also, save the JCL in member your-id.ADLAB.JCL(XSAM) and exit from the ISPF editor.



Lab Exercise 5 <u>Use the Online Interface to View a Real-Time Analysis Report</u>

In this exercise you will:

- Use the Fault Analyzer Online Interface to find your Fault Entry
- Use the "V" line command to View a Real-Time report
- View the Real-Time report to see information about the abend

Part 1: Using the Online Interface

- 1. Log on to TSO (if you are not already logged on).
- 2. Navigate to the Fault Analyzer Online Interface. Ask your instructor for assistance, if you aren't sure how to get there on your system.

```
IBM Fault Analyzer – Fault Entry List
                                                                    Line 1 Col 1 80
Command ===>
                                                                   Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Fault History File or View : <u>'DEFAULT.FAULT.HISTORY.FILE'</u>
{The following line commands are available: ? (Query), V (View real-time
report), I (Interactive reanalysis), B (Batch reanalysis), D (Delete), H
(Duplicate history).}
   Fault IDJob/TranUser IDProgramSus/JobAbendDateF00003DNET074SDNET074SAM2DEMOMVSS0C720057
                                                                       Time
                                                            2005/09/02 18:52:26
     F00002 DNET074S DNET074
                                SAM2
                                          DEMOMVS
                                                    S0C7
                                                            2005/09/02 18:40:24
     F00001 DNET074S DNET074 SAM2
                                          DEMOMVS SOC7
                                                            2005/09/02 18:37:06
*** Bottom of data.
```

- 3. Check the name of the Fault History File shown. Verify that it is the history file where your Fault Analyzer stored your Fault Entry. Remember that Fault Analyzer displayed the history file name in the job log.
 - If the Fault History file shown is not the right one, type in the correct name, then press **ENTER**.
- 4. The correct Fault History file should be displayed. Next, find your fault entry. You can limit the display to only certain entries. Display only entries where the job name matches the first two characters of your job name:
 - Put your cursor on the first entry in the JOB/TRAN column.
 - Type in the first 2 characters of the job name, then asterisk, then space.



• Press **ENTER**.

, נעוס	,		
/Tran	<u>User ID</u>	Sys/Job	f
1074F	dn* 074	DEMOMVS	S
02912	SYS0 <u>2</u> 9	DEMOMVS	ų
hT 1 1 I	ADPOT11	DEMONVS	S

5. Notice that now only matching entries are displayed. You can match on any column, and you can even match on more than one column.

IBM Fault Analyzer - Fault Entry ListLine 1 ColCommand ===>Scroll ===>				
Fault History File or View : <u>'F</u>	AULTANL.V6R1.	HIST'		
{The following line commands are report), I (Interactive reanalys (Duplicate history).}	available: ? is), B (Batch	(Query), V reanalysis)	(View real-time , D (Delete), H	
Fault ID Job/Tran <mark>User ID</mark> Sy	s/Job Abend	Date	Time	
F00667 DNET074F DNET074 DE	MOMVS SOC7	2006/04/14	09:55:01	
F00626 CICSVTJ DNET356 DE	MOMVS S013	2006/04/10	13:58:34	
F00625 DNET424G DNET424 DE	MOMVS U4038	2006/04/10	07:16:38	
F00624 DNET3511 DNET351 DE	MOMVS SOC4	2006/04/07	16:04:58	
F00623 DNET3511 DNET351 DE	MOMVS SOC4	2006/04/07	15:36:04	
F00622 DNET3511 DNET351 DE	MOMVS SOC4	2006/04/07	15:31:32	
F00621 DNET3511 DNET351 DE	MOMVS SOC4	2006/04/07	15:27:27	
F00620 DNET3511 DNET351 DE	MOMVS S806	2006/04/07	14:27:36	
F00619 GEN351 DNET351		6/04/07	10:30:36	
F00618 DNET924 DNET924 M	ATCH (User_ID)) 6/04/07	03:16:43	
F1=Help F3=Exit F		d F6=f	Actions F7=Up	
F8=Down F10=Left F11=Ri	ght F12=Ma	tchALL		

Part 2: View a Real-Time Report

- 6. Use the "V" line command to view the Real-Time Analysis Report:
 - Type $\underline{\mathbf{V}}$ next to your Fault Entry, then $\underline{\mathbf{ENTER}}$.

IBM Fault Analyzer - Fault Entry Lis Command ===>	Line 1 Col 1 80 Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>	
Fault History File or View : <u>'FAULT</u>	ANL.V6R1.HIST'	
{The following line commands are ava report), I (Interactive reanalysis), (Duplicate history).}	ilable: ? (Query), V B (Batch reanalysis	/ (View real-time 5), D (Delete), H
Fault ID Job/Iran User_ID Sus/Jol V F00667 DNET074F DNET074 DEMOMVS F00626 CICSVTJ DNET356 DEMOMVS F00625 DNET424G DNET424 DEMOMVS F00624 DNET3511 DNET351 DEMOMVS	Abend Date S S0C7 2006/04/14 S S013 2006/04/16 S U4038 2006/04/16 S S0C4 2006/04/16	<u>Time</u> 4 09:55:01 0 13:58:34 0 07:16:38 7 16:04:58



- 7. The Real-Time Report is displayed. Notice that you can "Expand" and "Collapse" the report sections. Collapse all sections:
 - Put your cursor on the (minus sign) next to "Collapse All", then **ENTER**.
 - Notice that the report sections are all collapsed.

Real-Time Report Command ===>
+ Expand all / <mark>-</mark> Collapse all

 * IBM Fault Analyzer for z/OS V6R1M0 (UK
*
* (C) Copyright IBM Corp. 2000, 2005. A

JOBNAME: DNET074F SYSTEM ABEND: 0C7

- 8. Expand all sections:
 - Put your cursor on the + (plus sign) next to "Expand All", then **ENTER**.
 - Notice that the report sections are all expanded.

9. You can navigate the report using the Find command (for example: <u>F some-text</u>), and the scroll PF keys: PF7 (up), PF8 (down), PF10 (left), and PF11 (right).



- 10. Navigate through the report to familiarize yourself with it. Find answers to the following questions. (Answers are on the following page).
 - What program was executing when the abend occurred?
 - What COBOL statement was executing?
 - The program abended because there was bad data in a variable. What variable had the bad data?
 - SAM2 is a sub-program. What is the name of the main program?
 - There is a variable named CUST-NAME in program SAM2. What value was stored in this variable when the abend occurred?

11. Answers to above questions:

• What program was executing when the abend occurred?

SAM2. This information is in the Synopsis section.

What COBOL statement was executing?

<u>COMPUTE CUST-ACCT-BALANCE = CUST-ACCT-BALANCE +</u> WS-UPDATE-NUM. This information is in the Synopsis section.

• The program abended because there was bad data in a variable. What variable had the bad data?

CUST-ACCT-BALANCE. This variable is flagged as "Cause of error" in the Synopsis section. Also, the value is displayed in Hex in the Synopsis, which is an indicates that it has bad data.

• SAM2 is a sub-program. What is the name of the main program?

SAM1. This information is the Event Summary section. The Event summary shows the active CALL chain. The first program in the list is the main program.

• There is a variable named CUST-NAME in program SAM2. What value was stored in this variable when the abend occurred?

"Aster, Dez". This information is shown in the "Associated Storage Areas" section of the detail report for Event 3 (which is program SAM2). The easiest way to get this information is to do a Find command (for example: "F CUST-NAME".



Lab Exercise 6 <u>Using Interactive Re-Analysis</u>

- Become familiar with navigating when using Interactive Re-Analysis
- 1. Log on to TSO (if you are not already logged on).
- 2. Navigate to the Fault Analyzer Online Interface. Ask your instructor for assistance, if you aren't sure how to get there on your system.

```
Line 1 Col 1 80
IBM Fault Analyzer - Fault Entry List
Command ===>
                                                                 Scroll ===> CSR
Fault History File or View : <u>'DEFAULT.FAULT.HISTORY.FILE'</u>
{The following line commands are available: ? (Query), V (View real-time
report), I (Interactive reanalysis), B (Batch reanalysis), D (Delete), H
(Duplicate history).}
   Fault ID Job/Tran User ID Program Sys/Job
                                                  <u>Abend</u> Date
                                                                     <u>Time</u>
                                                         2005/09/02 18:52:26
     F00003 DNET074S DNET074
                               SAM2
                                        DEMOMVS
                                                  S0C7
     F00002 DNET074S DNET074
                                                         2005/09/02 18:40:24
                               SAM2
                                        DEMOMVS
                                                  S0C7
     F00001 DNET074S DNET074
                               SAM2
                                        DEMOMVS
                                                  S0C7
                                                         2005/09/02 18:37:06
*** Bottom of data.
```

- 3. Check the name of the Fault History File shown. Verify that it is the file where your Fault Analyzer stored your Fault Entry. Remember that Fault Analyzer listed the file name in the job log.
 - If the Fault History file shown is not the right one, type in the correct name, then press ENTER.
- 4. Use the "I" line command to view the Real-Time Analysis Report:
 - Type <u>I</u> next to your Fault Entry, then <u>ENTER</u>.



IBM Fault Analyzer - Fault Entry List Command ===>								Line 1 Col Scroll ===>	1 80 <u>CSR</u>	
Fault History File or View : <u>'FAULTANL.V6R1.HIST'</u>										
{The following line commands are available: ? (Query), V (View real-time report), I (Interactive reanalysis), B (Batch reanalysis), D (Delete), H (Duplicate history).}										
E	<u>ault ID</u>	<u>Job/Tran</u>	User_ID	Sys/Job	<u>Abend</u>	Date	<u>Time</u>			
I	F00667	DNET074F	DNET074	DEMOMVS	S0C7	2006/04/14	09:55	5:01		
	F00626	CICSVTJ	DNET356	DEMOMVS	S013	2006/04/10	13:58	3:34		
	F00625	DNET424G	DNET424	DEMOMVS	U4038	2006/04/10	07:16	5:38		
	F00624	DNET3511	DNET351	DEMOMVS	S0C4	2006/04/07	16:04	4:58		
	F00623	DNET3511	DNET351	DEMOMVS	S0C4	2006/04/07	15:36	5:04		
	F00622	DNET3511	DNET351	DEMOMVS	S0C4	2006/04/07	15:31	1:32		
	F00621	DNET3511	DNET351	DEMOMVS	S0C4	2006/04/07	15:27	7:27		
	F00620	DNET3511	DNET351	DEMOMVS	S806	2006/04/07	14:27	7:36		
	F00619	GEN351	DNET351	DEMOMVS	SOCB	2006/04/07	10:30	9:36		
	F00618	DNET924	DNFT924	DEMOMVS	SOCB	2006/04/07	03:16	5:43		

5. The Interactive Analysis Report panel is displayed:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>S</u> ervices <u>H</u> elp									
Interactive Reana Command ===> JOBNAME: DNET074F	Line 1 Col 1 80 Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u> 2006/04/14 09:55:01								
Fault Summary: Module SAM2, program SAM2, source line # 164 : Abend SOC7 (Data Exception).									
Select one of the following options and press Enter to access further fault information: Synopsis Event Summary System-Wide Information Abend Job Information Options in Effect 									
<pre>{Fault Analyzer maximum storage allocated: 1.56 megabytes. *** Bottom of data.</pre>									
F1=Help F3= F8=Down F10=	Exit F4=Dsect Left F11=Right	F5=RptFind F6=	Actions F7=Up						

6. Refer to the Workshop manual, and turn to the section titled: "Analyze an Abend". Perform the step-by-step activities that are shown on those slides. As you go through the process, you will see information about the application that will lead to the reason why this particular abend occurred.