

IBM Cúram Social Program Management
Version 7.0.2

*Cúram Evidence Generator Modeling
Guide*



Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in [“Notices” on page 9](#)

Edition

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Chapter 1. Modeling for the Evidence Generator

Use this information to learn about entity modeling that is required to use the Cúram evidence generator. The evidence generator relies on the existence of certain attributes, structs, and aggregations within the generated code. Various modeling strategies are required for the different metadata patterns available in the generator.

Introduction

Purpose

The purpose of this document is to outline the entity modelling required when using the Cúram Evidence Generator, as it relies on the existence of certain attributes, structs and aggregations within the generated code.

Starting with the basic modelling required for all entities, the guide will then outline any additional modelling required for the different metadata patterns available in the generator.

Prerequisites

In order to model the structs, the reader should

- Be familiar with the Cúram Server Modeling Guide
- Have read the Designing Cúram Evidence Solutions Guide
- Have read the Cúram Evidence Developers Guide

Audience

This guide is targeted at those developers intending to make use of the Cúram Evidence Generator.

Entity Modeling

Entity

The entity is the starting point of development for any engineer. Details of how to model an entity are outlined in the Cúram Server Modeling Guide.

In addition to the normal entity modelling, the following settings are required in order that it can work correctly with the generated code.

Code Package

The Code Package for the Entity and all its associated structs must be specified in the model, for example:

```
CODE_PACKAGE=seg.evidence.entity
```

Note: The code package must correspond with the `product.ejb.package` property (see Cúram Evidence Generator Cookbook, section 8.2)

Optimistic Locking

Optimistic locking must be switched on at the entity level. This is because the evidence solution, which will be interacting with the entity, relies on database controlled versioning.

Required Attributes

The evidence generator relies on the existence of certain attributes to execute successfully.

Key Field

The key field of the entity must be named *evidenceID*. The rationale for this is that it results in a lot less generated entity key structs on the server side.

Required Operations

The evidence generator relies on the existence of certain operations to execute successfully.

insert

The `insert` operation should use the stereotype `insert`.

Auto ID

The Auto ID setting should be turned on for the *evidenceID* so as to generate the unique identifier for the insertion of records onto the database. The evidence generator assumes that this is turned on.

Pre Data Access Operation

This option should be set to Yes

modify

The `modify` operation should use the stereotype `modify`.

Pre Data Access Operation

This option should be set to Yes

Optimistic Locking

This option should be set to Yes

read

The `read` operation should use the stereotype `read`.

remove

The `remove` operation should use the stereotype `remove`.

Customizing an Out-Of-The-Box Evidence Entity

Customizing an out-of-the-box evidence entity involves creating an entity extension in the custom model as described in the *Cúram Server Modeling Guide*.

Code Package

The code package for the extension must be specified in the model, for example:

```
CODE_PACKAGE=custom.seg.evidence.entity
```

Note: The code package must correspond with the `product.ejb.package` property (see *Cúram Evidence Generator Cookbook*, section 8.2) that is configured in the out-of-the-box product, prepended with the text `custom.`, as above.

Required Structs

Rather than creating similar / identical structs at each layer, the evidence generator uses the structs created at the entity layer to pass data through to the façade layer. For this reason it is important for the generator that certain structs are created and named with the correct naming convention. It should also

be noted that additional aggregations will be required under certain conditions. These conditions are explained in detail in the next section.

<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

A struct named <EntityName>EvidenceDetails must be created. This struct must have no attributes of its own, and must include the following aggregations:

<i>Table 1: Required Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
The entity being modeled	dtls	1:1
core.sl.EvidenceDescriptorDetails	descriptor	1:1
core.sl.CaseIDKey	caseIDKey	1:1

Read<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

A struct named Read<EntityName>EvidenceDetails must be created. This struct must have no attributes of its own, and must include the following aggregations:

<i>Table 2: Required Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
The entity being modeled	dtls	1:1
core.sl.EvidenceDescriptorDetails	descriptor	1:1

Build Process

The reason no additional modeling is required beyond the entity layer is that the evidence generator infers the classes required at service and façade layer. The reason that this is possible is that:

- the evidence solution provides the necessary tools for maintaining evidence records
- the evidence generator uses a combination of the structs that have been created at the entity layer by the developer and a number of structs which are provided by the evidence solution

Service Layer

During the build the generator creates a process class for each evidence entity at the service layer level. The process class created has at least the following operations

- create<Entity Name>
- read<Entity Name>
- modify<Entity Name>

There may be more functions created to deal with some of more specialized scenarios but these are generated without the developer's knowledge and the implemented code required to execute these functions is also generated by the evidence generator.

Façade Layer

At the façade layer the evidence generator generates a single process class per product which contains all of the functions required for evidence maintenance. For each single entity at least the following functions are added to this process class:

- create<Entity Name>Evidence
- read<Entity Name>Evidence
- modify<Entity Name>Evidence

Similar to the service layer, there may be additional functions created to deal with some of the more specialized scenarios but again these will not require any input from the developer.

Note: No list<Entity Name>Evidence function is listed above as the generic listEvidence function on the Evidence facade is used instead. This also accounts for no list<Entity Name> function on the Service Layer.

Parent / Child Relationships

Introduction

If an evidence entity is taking the role of a child in a Parent / Child relationship the following additional aggregations must be specified

Additional Aggregations

<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following structs:

<i>Table 3: Aditonal Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
core.sl.EvidenceKey	parEvKey	1:1
core.sl.ParentSelectDetails	selectedParent	1:1

Multiple Mandatory Parent Relationships

Introduction

If an evidence entity is taking the role of a child with multiple mandatory parents, the following additional aggregations must be specified

Additional Aggregations

<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following struct for each of the mandatory parent types:

<i>Table 4: Aditonal Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
core.sl.EvidenceKey	<Parent Entity Name>ParEvKey	1:1

Note: It should be noted that the first letter of the above aggregation name should be lowercase, in keeping with standard Java™ naming practices

Read<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following struct for each of the mandatory parent types:

<i>Table 5: Additonal Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
core.sl.ParentEvidenceLink	<Parent Entity Name>ParentEvidenceLink	1:1

Note: It should be noted that the first letter of the above aggregation name should be lowercase, in keeping with standard Java naming practices

Pre Association Relationships

Introduction

If the developer requires the use of the PreAssociation pattern then the following additional modeling is required.

Additional Aggregations

<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following struct:

<i>Table 6: Additonal Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
core.sl.EvidenceKey	preAssockKey	1:1

Case Participant Attributes

Introduction

If adding a case participant attribute to the entity, some further aggregations are required to allow the details be added correctly

Additional Aggregations

<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following struct:

<i>Table 7: Additonal Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
core.sl.CaseParticipantDetails	caseParticipantDetails	1:1

Read<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following struct:

<i>Table 8: Additional Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
core.sl.ReadCaseParticipantDetailss	caseParticipantDetails	1:1

Additional Case Participant Attributes

In certain circumstances it might be a business requirement to have a case participant, other than the primary case participant, stored as a piece of evidence data. A simple example of this would be for a piece of evidence named 'Medical Report'. Not only is it necessary to store the ID of the person for whom the medical report was commissioned, it's also necessary to store the ID of the medical practitioner who compiled the report. Other examples of case participants might be Education Faculties, Unions or Employers.

As the above scenario has in the past caused difficulties for developers, a new feature now exists which allows a developer to flag an attribute, via metadata, as being a special 'case participant' attribute. This means that this attribute will store the role ID of the case participant. The developer must provide the name attribute in the CaseParticipant element of the EUIM metadata, and use this name when aggregating the structs.

Additional Aggregations

In order to facilitate the generator in its handling of this special flag, the two required structs must aggregate some additional structs.

<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following structs:

<i>Table 9: Additional Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
core.sl.CaseParticipantDetails	<name>CaseParticipant Details	1:1

Read<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following structs:

<i>Table 10: Additional Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
core.sl.ReadCaseParticipantDetails	<name>CaseParticipant Details	1:1

Related Entity Attributes

Introduction

In certain circumstances it might be a business requirement to have a field value from a related entity available either for display or for use when maintaining an entity. This can act as a helpful hint for users, when entering information.

Typically the information used would be from a parent evidence record.

For example, displaying the remaining unallocated amount of an income record, when attempting to allocate this income against expenses.

Additional Structs

In a scenario similar to this, an additional struct must be created at the entity layer to hold the related information.

<EntityName>RelatedEntityAttributesDetails

This struct must have as attributes any attribute to be shared between the entities and this attribute must be of the appropriate type.

Additional Aggregations

Read<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following structs:

<i>Table 11: Additional Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
<EntityName>RelatedEntityAttributesDetails	relatedEntityAttributes	1:1

Non Evidence Attributes

Introduction

If an entity is using the Non Evidence Details pattern, an extra struct must be modeled and aggregated into the standard evidence structs

Additional Structs Required

<EntityName>NonEvidenceDetails

This struct must be modeled and hold all the extra attributes required for this entity.

Additional Aggregations

<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following struct:

<i>Table 12: Additional Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
<EntityName>NonEvidenceDetails	nonEvidenceDetails	1:1

Read<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following struct:

<i>Table 13: Additional Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
<EntityName>NonEvidenceDetails	nonEvidenceDetails	1:1

Non Modifiable Entities

Introduction

If the developer requires that the entity should not be modifiable then additional modeling is required.

Additional Aggregations

Read<EntityName>EvidenceDetails

This struct must now also aggregate the following struct:

<i>Table 14: Additonal Aggregations</i>		
Object	Aggregation Name	Multiplicity
curam.core.sl.infrastructure.struct.ECWarningsDtls List	warnings	1:1

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