

IBM Security QRadar
Version 7.2

*Reference Data Collections Technical
Note*



Note: Before using this information and the product that it supports, read the information in [“Notices and trademarks”](#) on [page 9](#).

CONTENTS

1	REFERENCE DATA COLLECTIONS	
	About reference data collections	3
	Creating a reference data collection	3
	Utility command reference	5
<hr/>		
A	NOTICES AND TRADEMARKS	
	Notices	9
	Trademarks	11

1

REFERENCE DATA COLLECTIONS

Use the ReferenceDataUtil.sh utility to make complex reference data collections, such as a Reference Map, Reference Map of Sets, and Reference Map of Maps. This technical note applies to QRadar SIEM, QRadar Network Anomaly Detection, and QRadar Log Manager.

About reference data collections

Reference data collections enable the storage, retrieval and testing of complex data structures. You can create the following reference data collection types:

- **Reference Map** - In a Reference Map, data is stored in records that map a key to a value. For example, to correlate user activity on your network, you can create a reference map that uses the Username parameter as a key and the user's global ID as a value.
- **Reference Map of Sets** - In a Reference Map of Sets, data is stored in records that map a key to multiple values. For example, to test for authorized access to a patent, you can create a Map of Sets that uses a custom event property for **Patent ID** as the key and the **Username** parameter as the value to populate a list of authorized users.
- **Reference Map of Maps** - In a Reference Map of Maps, data is stored in records that map one key to another key, which is then mapped to single value. For example, to test for network bandwidth violations, you can create a Map of Maps that uses the **Source IP** parameter as the first key, the **Application** parameter as the second key, and the **Total Bytes** parameter as the value.

Creating a reference data collection

Using the ReferenceDataUtil.sh utility, you can create a reference data collection.

Before you begin

If you plan to load an external file containing data elements, ensure that the file is in Comma Separated Value (CSV) format. Also ensure that you have copied the file to your QRadar SIEM system.

The file must follow the format in the following examples reference data collections:

Example 1

```
#  
# ReferenceMap  
#  
key1,data  
key1,value1  
key2,value2
```

Example 2

```
#  
# ReferenceMapOfSets  
#  
key1,data  
key1,value1  
key1,value2
```

Example 3

```
#  
# ReferenceMapOfMaps  
#  
key1,key2,data  
map1,key1,value1  
map1,key2,value2
```

The # symbol in the first column indicates a comment line. The first non-comment line is the column header and identifies the column name (ie., key1, key2, data). Then each non-commented line after that is a data record that gets added to the map. Keys are alphanumeric strings.

About this task

See [Utility command reference](#) for a list of all commands and parameters you can use to manage your reference data collections. You can also type `./ReferenceDataUtil.sh` and press **Enter** to access a list these commands

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to QRadar SIEM as the root user:

```
Username: root  
Password: <password>
```

Step 2 Create a reference data collection:

- a To change to the `/opt/qradar/bin` directory, type the following command:
`cd /opt/qradar/bin`

- b To create the reference data collection, type the following command:

```
./ReferenceDataUtil.sh create <name> [MAP | MAPofSETS |
MAPofMAPS] [timeout_type] [timeToLive]
```

- Step 3** To populate the map with data from an external file, type the following command:

```
./ReferenceDataUtil.sh load <name> <filename> [-encoding=...]
[-sdf=" ... "]
```

What to do next

Log in to the QRadar SIEM user interface to create rules that add data to your reference data collections or rule tests that detect activity from elements in your reference data collection. For more information on creating rules and rule tests, see the *IBM Security QRadar SIEM Users Guide*.

Utility command reference

Use the following commands to manage your reference data collections:

Table 1-1 Command reference

Command	Parameters
create	<p><name> is the name of the reference data collection.</p> <p>[timeout_type] specifies whether the timeToLive is from the time the element was inserted (0) or last seen (1).</p> <p>[timeToLive] specifies the amount of time reference data collection elements remain in the collection.</p> <p>[MAP MAPofSETS MAPofMAPS] specifies the type of reference data collection.</p>
update	<p><name> is the name of the reference data collection.</p> <p><count> is the maximum number of elements that the reference data collection can contain.</p> <p>[timeout_type] specifies whether the timeToLive is from the time the element was inserted (0) or last seen (1).</p> <p>[timeToLive] specifies the amount of time reference data collection elements remain in the collection.</p>
add	<p><name> is the name of the reference data collection.</p> <p><value key1 [key2]> specifies the values you want to add. Key1 is required for MAP, MAPofSETS and key2 is required for MAPofMAPS. Keys are alphanumeric strings.</p>
delete	<p><name> is the name of the reference data collection</p> <p><value key1 [key2]> specifies the values you want to delete. Key1 are required for MAP, MAPofSETS and key2 is required for MAPofMAPS</p> <p>[-sdf=" ... "] specifies the Simple Date Format string used to parse the date data.</p>
remove	<p><name> is the name of the reference data collection</p>

Table 1-1 Command reference

Command	Parameters
purge	<name> is the name of the reference data collection
list	<name> is the name of the reference data collection [loadElements] displays all elements in the specified reference data collection.
listall	[loadElements] displays all elements in all reference data collections.
load	<name> is the name of the reference data collection <filename> is a fully qualified filename to be loaded, with each line in the file representing a record to be added to the reference data collection [-encoding=...] specifies encoding to use when reading the file. [-sdf=" ... "] specifies the Simple Date Format string used to parse the date data.

A

NOTICES AND TRADEMARKS

What's in this appendix:

- [Notices](#)
- [Trademarks](#)

This section describes some important notices, trademarks, and compliance information.

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