

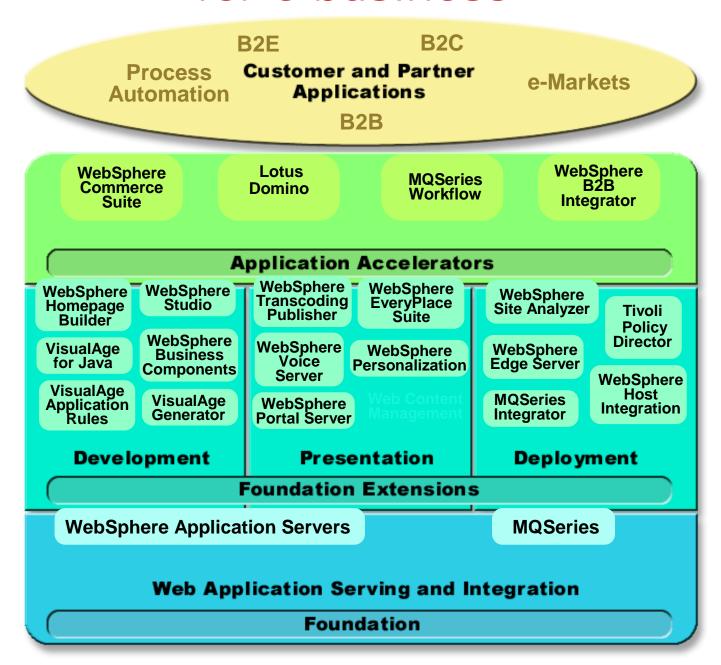
## e-business Integration with the WebSphere Software platform

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### WebSphere software platform for e-business







### e-business integration with WebSphere and the MQ family

### Contents

- Asynchronous messaging
- ► The MQ family
  - -Base MQ
  - MQSI
  - MQWF
- ► Integration choices: MQ, JMS
- Architectural choices
- Customer reference
- Where to find more info





### What is asynchronous messaging

- "Assured" delivery
- Usually fairly quick (sub-second)
- Transactional
  - Boundary transactions (not end to end)
- Simple APIs (e.g. put, get) in many languages
- Platform and network independent
- Any size message (up to megabytes and beyond)
- Two modes -
  - Fire and forget
  - Request reply
- Useful headers include message and correlation ids



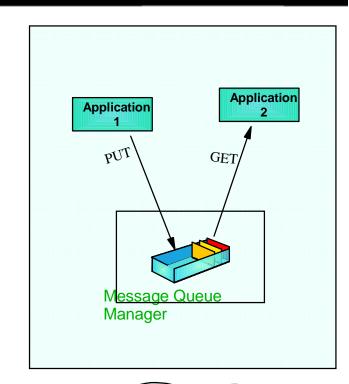


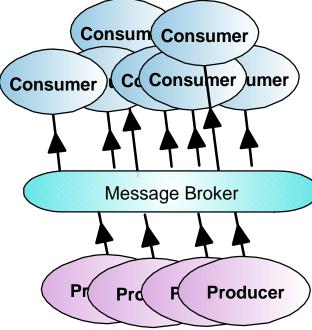
### Two types of messaging

- Point to point
  - The sender identifies the destination by sending to a queue



- The producer is unaware of the subscribers
- Many-to-Many
- Can subscribe on topics, or based on content







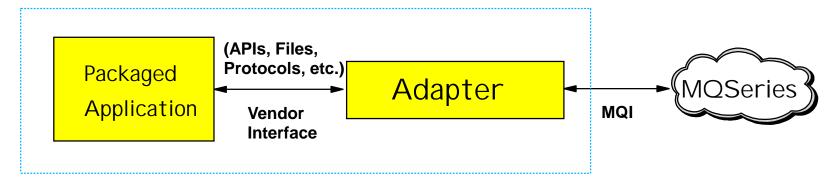


### MQSeries family

- Base
  - Application to Application integration
  - ► P2P and Pub/Sub
- Adapters
  - Extend the base to easily connect to legacy apps
- Integrator
  - Enterprise Application Integration (EAI)
- Workflow
  - People and Application based workflow
  - Business process automation



### What is an adapter?

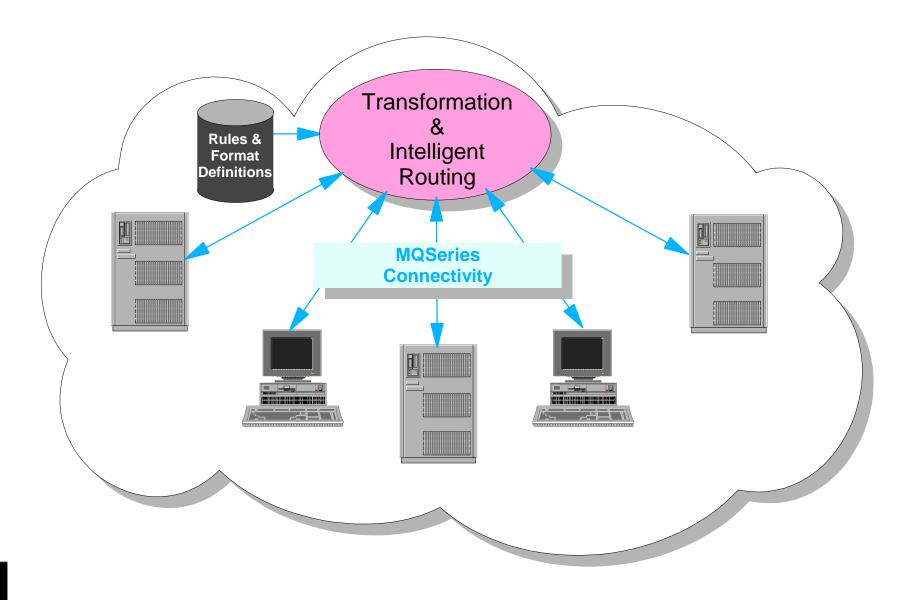


- An adapter is MQSeries-enabled "Bridge" code that communicates between MQSeries and the target application
- A very simple adapter will simply pass information between the two environments
- A more sophisticated adapter may have <u>many</u> additional functions:
  - Message Transformation, Send-Reply Support, Transactional Support, Rules, etc.
- Note: Some applications do not have well-defined external interfaces or may not have message-based interfaces





### MQSeries Integrator - message broker







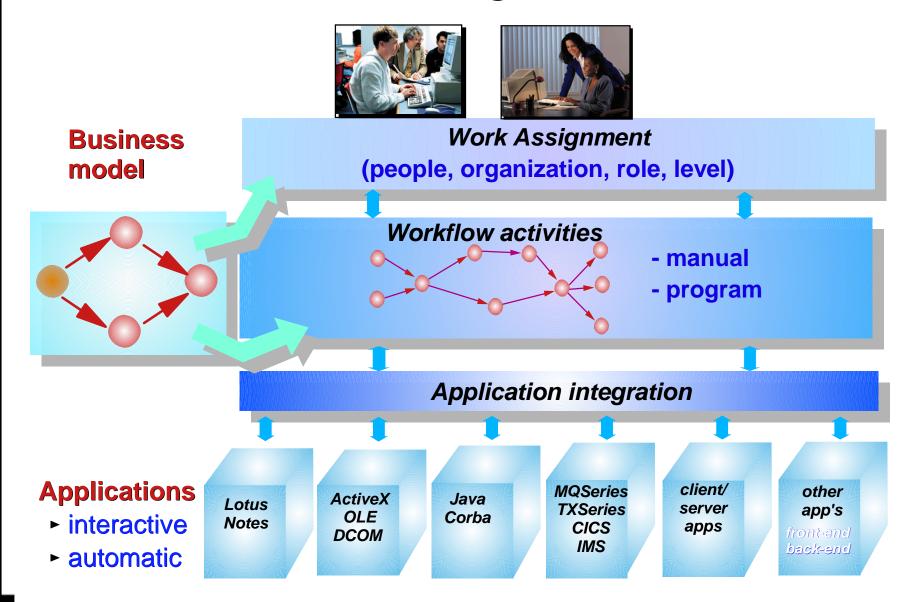
### Broker benefits

- Hub and spoke reduces number of connections
- Central management of formats, rules and logic
- Can understand and create multiple complex message formats:
  - **XML**
  - Fixed field formats (e.g. COBOL)
  - Delimited (e.g. comma-delimited)
  - Repeating and recursive (e.g. SWIFT)
- Easy to add new services
- Single point to change when systems change
- Declarative, rules based rather than programmatic





### Business Process Integration







### WebSphere and connectivity

- WebSphere has excellent synchronous connectors to backend systems
  - Enterprise Access Builders
  - ► Can be used with WebSphere Application Server to connect to CICS, IMS, MQ, SAP, 3270, Domino etc.
  - When run under WS Enterprise provide a higher level of service
    - connection pooling
    - -and transactions for CICS, IMS and MQ
- These are "programmatic", based on the Common Connector Framework





### Synchronous versus Asynchronous

### Synchronous

- Can be end-to-end transactional
- Suitable for LAN connected systems
- Powerful, with excellent builder tools
- Good for highly-available systems
- Suitable for islands of connectivity

### Asynchronous

- Suitable for large scale integration
- Wide area
- Resilient
- Connect to almost any system

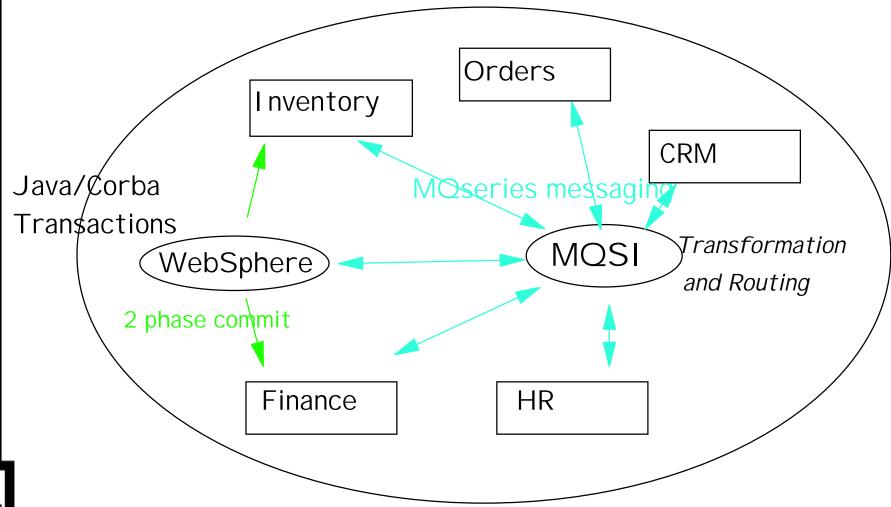




### Integration of the Enterprise

- EAI with WebSphere + MQSI

Enterprise with many systems

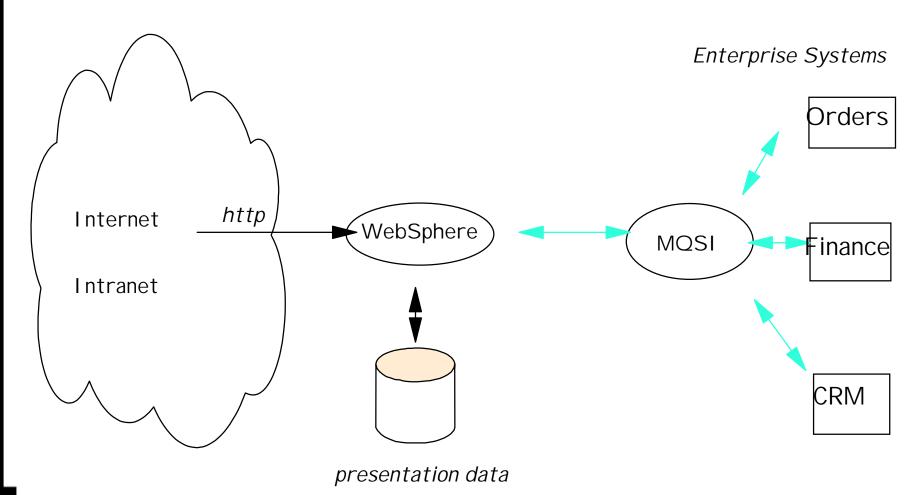




### e-Business Integration

- WebSphere + MQSI

Internet access to Enterprise systems



personalisation data





### Why put WebSphere and MQSeries together?

- e-business is about
  - More transactions,
  - at less cost
- WebSphere drives more transactions
  - multiple channels
  - personalised content
  - also at less cost (web-based)
- MQSeries family reduces cost
  - business process automation
  - but also drives transactions e.g. single customer view
- And of course B2B integration





### How do you use asynchronisity with the web?

- Many people use it synchronously
  - don't really trust it
  - wait for a response
- One approach
  - ► For the transaction (e.g. buy instruction)
    - Send the message
    - Return a page to the user saying it is sent, including a link to a status page
    - The user can bookmark this and check on status at any time
  - ► This approach requires careful thought in the design stage at every point, but adds significant resilience to the design





### Client Messaging APIs

- MessageConstruction
  - ► Roll your own
  - Java Record IO
  - Java Message Service
  - Common Message Interface

- MessageTransmission
  - ► MQSeries MQI
  - **CCF**
  - Java Message Service
  - Application Message Interface





### Which API?

- Out of all the possibilities, the most common choices are:
  - ► MQI
    - Good for existing MQ programmers
    - Very powerful
    - -Fast
  - **JMS** 
    - Open standard
    - Part of J2EE
    - More functional e.g listeners
    - Slightly less performant
    - Will become transactional under WebSphere Advanced
- Both currently need connection pooling code





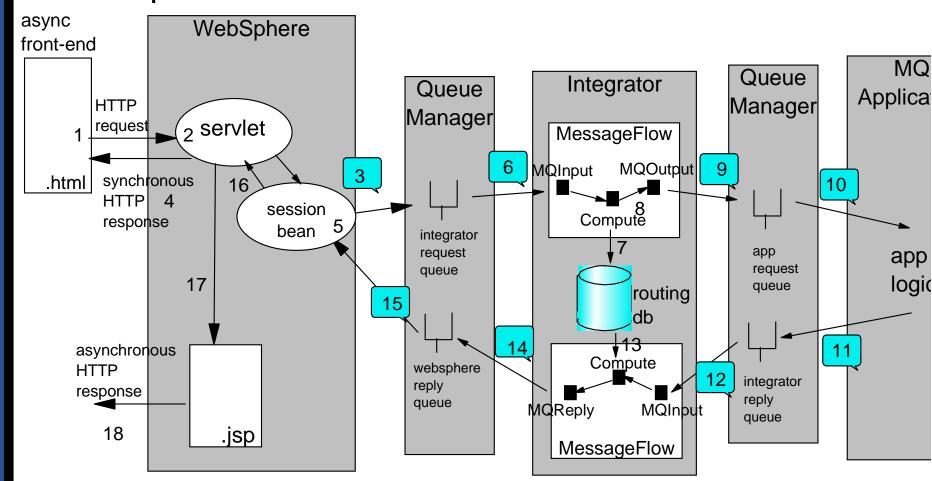
### How?

- Simple servlets can:
  - put messages (fire and forget / request-reply)
  - spawn listener threads
- EJBs are not "allowed" to talk to MQ
  - can do all the things servlets do as well
    - but not if you are strict about interpreting the EJB specification
  - The EJB 2.0 specification allows JMS communication from EJBs





### Example scenario







### Reference customer



Mttp://www.codan.dk/beregn/GetCodanPage?Publisher=48d.anguage=da8sPageID=72

Interpretation

Interpretati

- Codan
  - Danish insurance company
  - WebSphere 3.02 and MQSeries base
  - Buy insurance on the web
- Use XML messages over MQ
  - Between front and back-end tiers
  - From the web-presentation layer to a personalisation engine





### The next piece: Web Services

- Web services perform encapsulated business functions:
  - ► From simple request-reply to full business process interactions
    - Stock quotes/stock charting
    - Credit card verification/payment processing
    - Integrated travel planning
    - RFQ/bid process/auctions
  - Can be mixed and matched to create complete process, product
  - ► Enable dynamic, just-in-time integration with decreased human interaction
- Web services characteristics:
  - Self-contained, modular applications
  - Use open standards for description, discovery and integration
  - ► Platform and implementation neutral
  - Programmatically connect business processes together (application to application)
  - ► Typically transactional, requiring integration with existing systems
- Two kinds:
  - New
  - Extending or repurposing existing applications

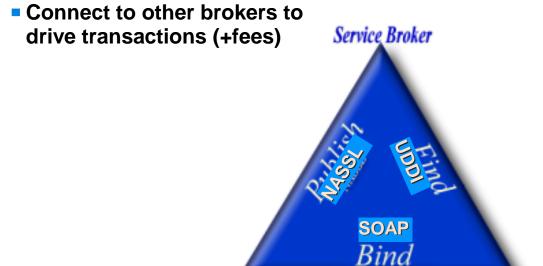




### Benefits of Web Services

### eMarketplaces, B2B Portals

- Scale membership faster
- Provide premium services more easily



Service Provider

### **Developers**

- Speed application development
- Better use of resources
- Accelerated ROI
- Opportunity to publish new services

### **Sellers**

- Participate in emarketplaces more easily
- Expand reach
- Syndicate services for increase in ROA

### **Buyers**

Service Requester

- Participate in emarketplaces more easily
- Implement private broker (e-procurement hub) to more easily connect -- even small -suppliers



### More information

- www.ibm.com/websphere
- e-business Patterns
  - http://www.ibm.com/software/developer/web/patterns/
- SW-W102 Patterns: U2B using WebSphere Advanced and MQSI
  - look out for the redpiece towards the end of year, and updates to the patterns site
- JMS for MQSeries is available as a SupportPac from the website (MA88 - free download)
  - Includes the book "MQSeries using Java" which covers both MQI and JMS
- JMS specification from www.javasoft.com
- Look out for major web services announcements shortly

