# SQL tuning: the necessity, the benefits, a business case

**Kurt Struyf Competence Partners** 

# Agenda

- The importance of SQL tuning
- The project start up, a business case
- Overview of techniques and strategies
  - Access Path Follow Up
  - Developer training
  - Actively chasing MIPS
- The return on investment
- Questions

# SQL the blessing and the curse

The blessing:
 SQL is extremely powerful and when logical correct, it will return an answer.

The curse:
 SQL is extremely powerful and when logical correct, it will return an answer.
 (even if it almost takes forever)

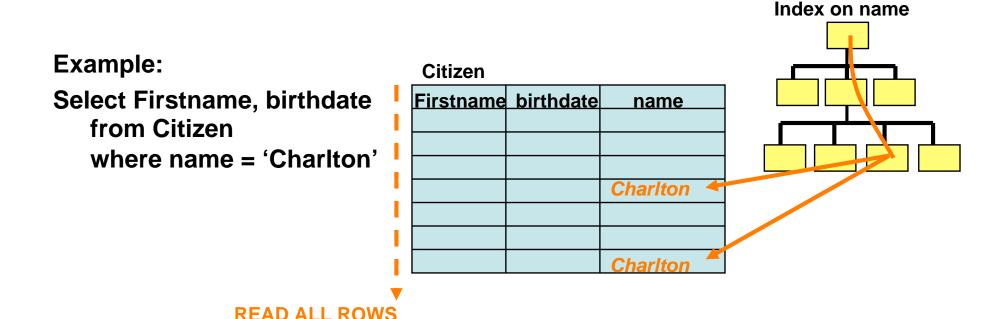
## A Basic SQL Statement

SELECT → wanted information

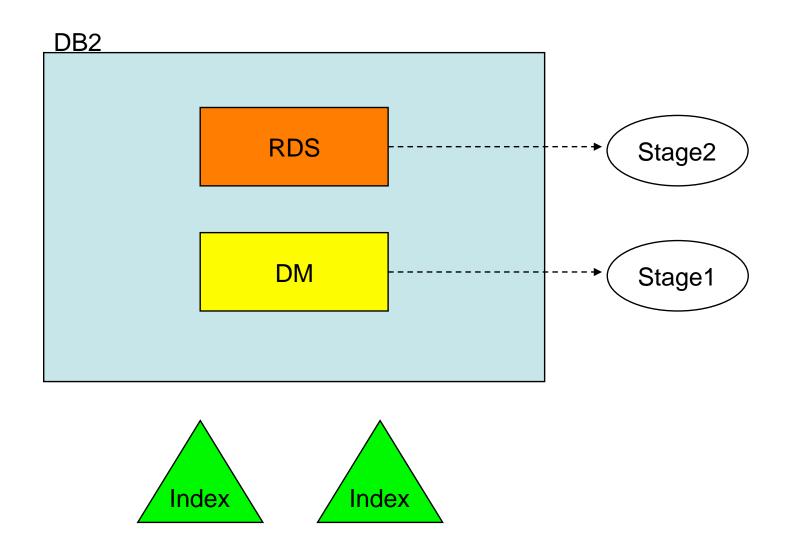
FROM 

table(s) containing info

WHERE → the logical conditions



# Index, Stage1, Stage2



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## Before situation

- No Time spend looking at SQL statements
  - Only elapsed problems handled

GOOD ENOUGH IS NEVER GOOD ENOUGH

Nobody taking charge of bad SQL

BAD PERFORMING SQL, **NOT MY PROBLEM** 

## Before situation

No idea of processing cost in organization

processor time drives cost

**KNOW WHAT DRIVES YOUR BILLING** 

## Before situation

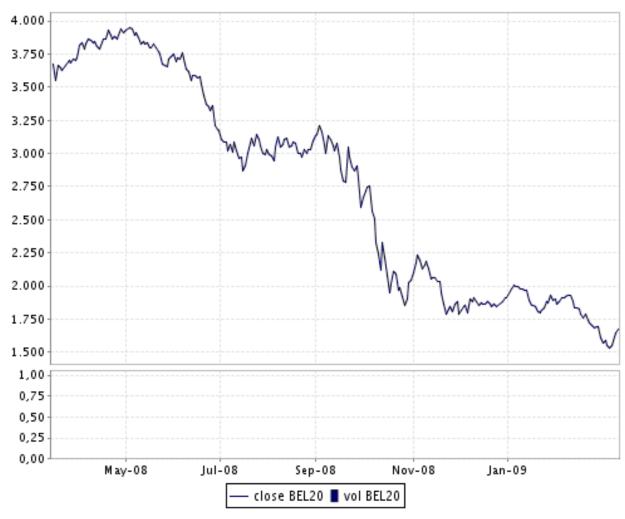
Release weekends hide substandard SQL

- Small CPU increase not noticed
- Difficult to identify problem query in program

BIG CHANGES LEAVE BIGGER POTENTIALS

## Need To Reduce Cost

#### Financial Crisis hit



## How?

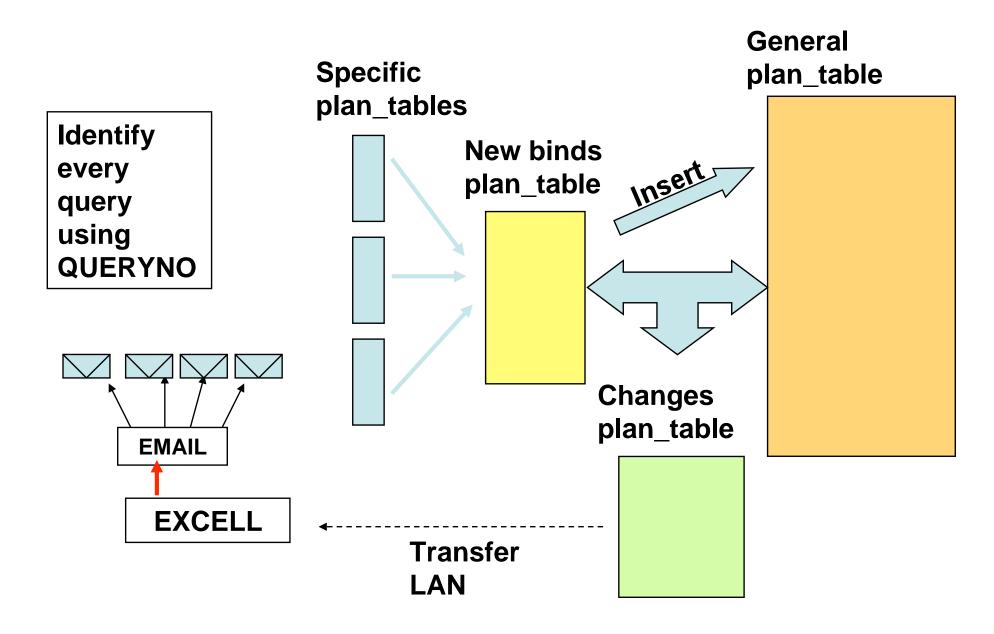
- Defining current cost
  - Amount of service units/ MIPS
  - Identify "expensive" time frame
  - Cost of one MIPS per year
    - Customer1 pays 1000Euro/mips/year to outsourcer
    - Customer2 pays average 500Euro/mips/year
    - And you?
- Defining target
  - E.g. minimum 400 MIPS
- SQL taskforce (DBA and Developers)
  - 1 FTE (0,5 for each aka 100 man days)

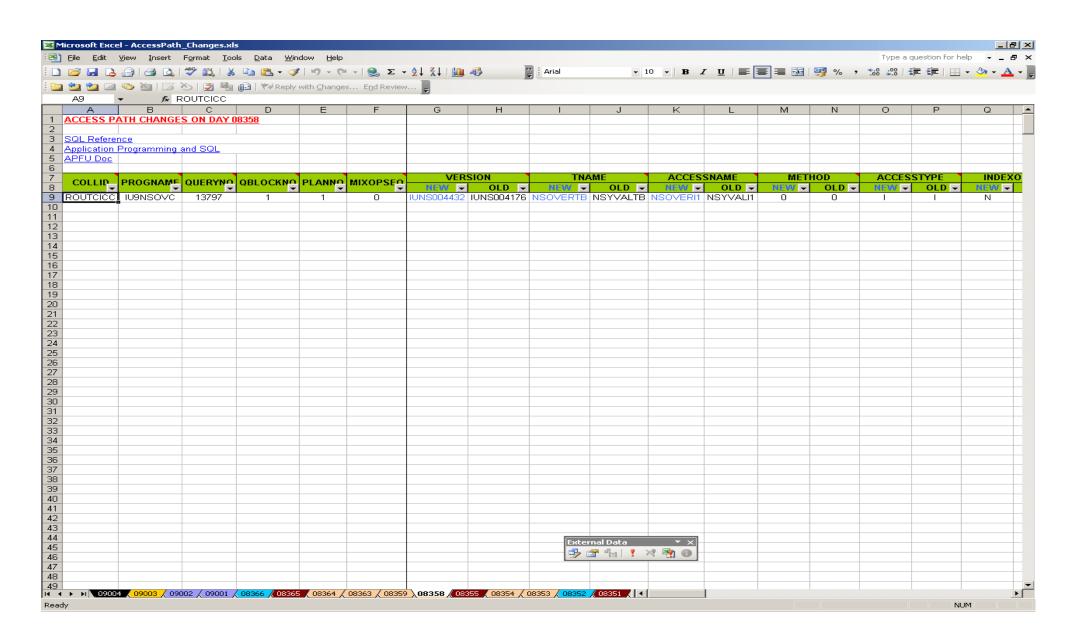
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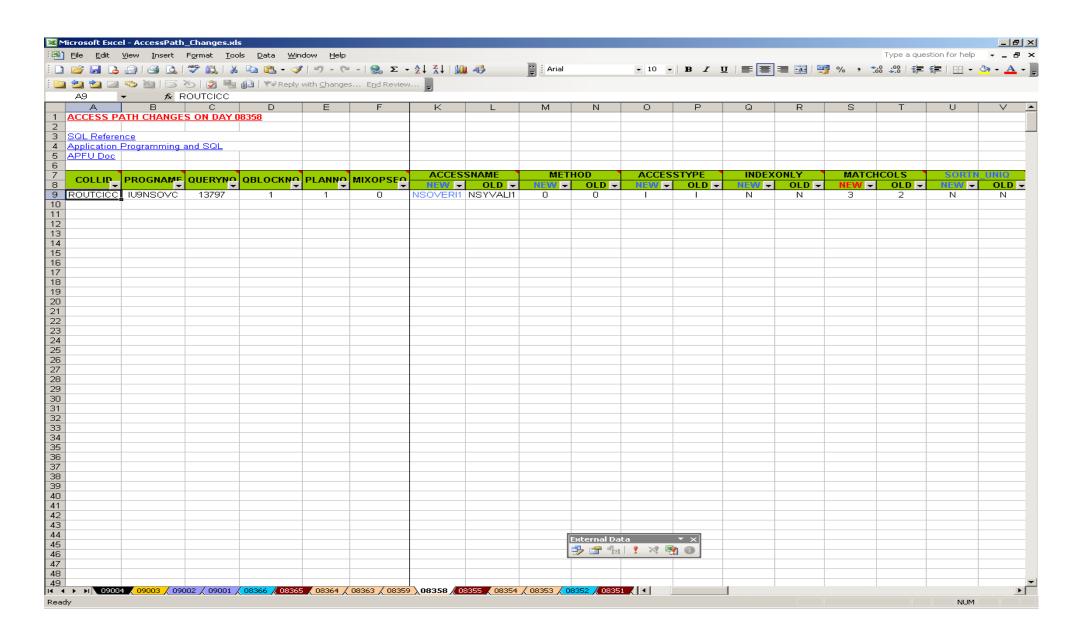
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- Understand your current access paths
- Identify potential bad access paths
- Be <u>alert</u> when access paths change in production or even before

- Helps with following problems:
  - "good enoughs"
  - Nobody taking charge
  - Release weekend: Small CPU increases
  - Release weekend: Identifying problem Query







## Access path: cost columns

COST_CATEGORY		PROCMS		PROCSU	
NEW	OLD	NEW	OLD	NEW	OLD
A	А	15	1	235	6

#### COST\_CATEGORY:

- A: Indicates that DB2 had enough information to make a cost estimate without using default values.
- B: Indicates that some condition exists for which DB2 was forced to use default values.
- PROCMS: The estimated processor cost, in milliseconds, for the SQL statement
- PROCSU: The estimated processor cost, in service units, for the SQL statement

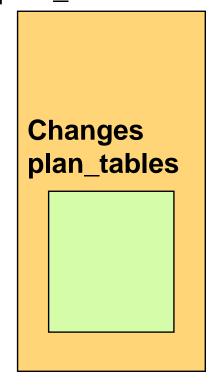
#### Use information to predict impact

- Detect access path changes early on
- If new cost higher in pre-prod, look at execution numbers in production

# Detect problem SQL, instantly after release weekend

 Application ran fine, after release weekend performance problems → only look at changed access paths

# General plan\_tables



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## Developer Training

TRAIN YOUR **DEVELOPMENT** PEOPLE

# Developer Training

- 2,5 hour sessions obligated for all developers (150 developers = 47md)
- Explain the cost of SQL
  - Provide practical examples of sub standard SQL and their improvements
  - Introduce new CPU reducing features:
     e.g. Multi Row Fetch
- Explain CPU cost of company
  - Make developers aware of the money they can save!

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# Actively Chase MIPS

- Identifying Big DB2 CPU spenders
  - Absolute big spenders
     Big spenders have big potential, even if the seperate statements seem cheap.
  - Big spenders per SQL
     Investigate why that expensive :
    - » Bad access path
    - » Wrong cluster sequence
    - » Wrong table design : e.g. insert
  - Place daily information in tables

- Identify frequently executed packages
  - Potential big impact when small changes
  - Calculate impact potential in a pre-prod environment

ANYTHING TIMES 20.000.000 IS A LOT







Shoot down bad access paths during release weekend

DON'T WAIT TILL MONDAY MORNING



Checking and blocking bad SQL code

Automated basic SQL rules checking

Know what happens on your system, during your expen\$ive window





Know what you pay for !

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Access Path Follow Up

Cost 40 md at 700€

- 28.000€

- Follow up 20 md/year

- 14.000€

- 250 Saved MIPS at 500€

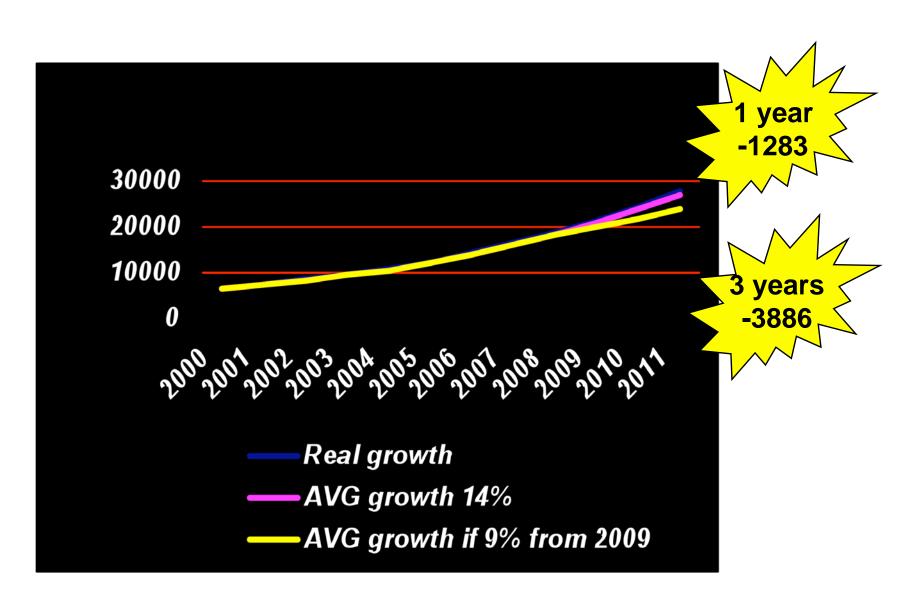
125.000€

Profit after FIRST YEAR

83.000€

**PROFIT second YEAR** 

111.000€



Developer Training

Course 47 md at 650€

-30.550€

– 4 days consultancy 1000€

- 4.000€

-3% benefit = 600 MIPS @ 500/year

300.000€

Profit after FIRST YEAR

265.450€

- 3% benefit after third year

1.098.990€

Actively chasing MIPS (ongoing)

– 100 md dev at 650€
 –65.000€

– 90 md consultant at 700€
 -63.000€

#### First 15days

Insert CICS
 150 MIPS at 500/year
 75.000€

Rewrite "diabolical" online query
12 steps → 3 steps 90 MIPS 45.000€

– Almost break even after 15days
-8.000€

Actively chasing MIPS (continued)

Almost break even after 15days

-8.000€

"Know what you pay for"

Replanify maintenance jobs
 150 MIPS at 500/year

75.000€

Tune running batch250 MIPS at 500/year

125.000€

- Profit after 1,5 month

192.000€

Conclusion:

It pays to invest in SQL tuning!

- train your developers
- know your access paths
- know big spenders/frequent spenders
- → know your processor cost
- good response times doesn't mean all is well!

## Questions?

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