

IBM Software Group

Enforce Policy Compliance on RACF

IBM Tivoli zSecure Command Verifier



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What is the RACF Command Verifier? Official name: IBM Tivoli zSecure Command Verifier

- Product that enables an installation to
 - Define a security policy for RACF profiles
 - Enforce the security policy during RACF profile manipulation
- Policy profiles are implemented via RACF profiles
 - Access controls who can execute the command (if the policy applies to this situation)
 - Almost all keywords and parameters have a matching policy profile
 - Policy profiles are themselves subject to policy





Why RACF Command Verification?

- RACF command authorization lacks granularity
 - SPECIAL can do anything to any profile
 - Group-SPECIAL can do almost anything to a limited set of profiles
 - Owner can do many things to owned profiles
 - Ordinary users can upset procedures
 Ordinary user is also owner of own resources
 - Segment management has no scoping support
- RACF command authorization only cares about the keywords, and not about the keyword values.
 - Also applies to segments (OMVS: UID=0)





Examples Undesirable Commands

- User with System-SPECIAL
 - Self-permit / Self-connect
- User with System-AUDITOR
 - Can activate/suppress all Audit records
- User with Group-SPECIAL
 - Can give anybody Group-SPECIAL
 - Can connect anybody to the group
- Helpdesk users
 - Can change password of STCs / Batch IDs





Examples Undesirable Commands

- Owners of datasets and general resources
 - Can set WARNING mode
 - Can set UACC
 - Can PERMIT anybody
- Owners of users/group
 - Can delete user/group
 - Can connect anybody to group
- Regular users
 - Can change their name
 - Can change their default group (DFLTGRP)





Examples Undesirable Commands

- If you can change the OWNER, you can change it to anybody
- If you can change the UACC, you can change it to anything
- If you can change the Access List, you can grant access at any level to anybody





From Correction to Prevention

- Several responses to policy deviations:
- Report only
 - First step
- Report and correct manually before the auditors come in
 - Common approach
- Report (and correct) automatically
 - As implemented by some commercial products
- Prevent deviations from occurring
 - zSecure Command Verifier
 - RYO





Extended Functions

- Insert proper defaults
- Mandatory values for parameters
- Command Audit Trail
- Extra command keywords when convenient
- Temporary authorizations
- Segment management scoping





Product Overview

- Verify RACF commands against installation policies
- Installation policies are defined via RACF general resource profiles
 - Patented technology to translate policy into profile
- Policy verification is on top of RACF authorization
 - CV can allow, change or reject a RACF command
 - "Allow" is still subject to RACF command authorization
 - "Change" result must be allowed by RACF
 - "Reject" overrules RACF command authorization
- Special CV profiles can allow temporary increase in authorization
 - (Controlled) Temporary System-SPECIAL
- Installed as IRREVX01, invoked for all commands except
 - ▶ BLKUPD, RACLINK, RACDCERT, RVARY, Operator commands





Product Overview ...

- Policy profiles are result oriented
 - Describe the result for the target profile
 - C4R.DATASET.UACC.READ.
 - Don't care about the actual command used
 - One policy profile to control both ALTUSER <userid> PASSWORD PASSWORD USER(<userid>)
 - One policy profile to control both ALTUSER <userid> UACC(<uacc>) CONNECT <userid> GROUP(<group>) UACC(<uacc>)
- Policy profiles allow granular specifications
 - Almost all policy profiles have qualifiers to identify target profile
 - C4R.USER.PASSWORD.<owner>.<userid>
 - Generics can be used as well





Product Overview ...

- Policy verification only uses access to the profile
 - Ignores special, operations, trusted, privileged
 - Checks UACC and Access List
 - No profile → No policy → Don't stop
 - NONE/READ → Not Authorized
 - UPDATE → Authorized
- Use special qualifiers for special policies
 - C4R.DATASET.ACL.=RACUID.<access>.<dsname> Putting yourself on the Access List
- Use APPLDATA to assign values
 - C4R.DATASET.=OWNER.<dsname> APPLDATA('=HLQ')
 The owner should be the same as the High Level Qualifier





Example policies

- Warning mode
 - C4R.<class>.ATTR.WARNING.<profile>
 - READ Reset warning mode
 - UPDATE Set warning mode
- Discrete Profiles
 - C4R.DATASET.TYPE.DISCRETE.cprofile>
 - UPDATE Create discrete allowed
- Create more specific resource profiles
 - C4R.DATASET.=UNDERCUT.<dsname>





Example policies ...

- Owner of dataset
 - C4R.DATASET.=OWNER.<dsname>
 - C4R.DATASET./OWNER.<dsname>
 - ► C4R.DATASET.OWNER.=HLQ(n)
 - C4R.DATASET.OWNER.<owner>.<dsname>
 - Optional APPLDATA
 - =HLQ
 - = MYOWNER
 - <userid> or <groupid>
- Prevent any change to certain datasets (e.g. System datasets)
 - C4R.DATASET.=NOCHANGE.<dsname> APPLDATA('LEVEL=nn')





Example policies ...

- Naming conventions for new users/groups
 - ▶ C4R.USER.ID.=RACUID(n)
 - C4R.USER.ID.=RACGPID(n)
 - C4R.USER.ID.<userid>
- Managing user/group connections
 - C4R.CONNECT.ID.<group>.<userid>
 - C4R.CONNECT.ID.=USERID(n)
- Naming convention General Resource profiles
 - C4R.TCICSTRN.ID.<profile or member> Applies to
 - RDEF for TCICSTRN
 - RALT ADDMEM for GCICSTRN





Example policies ...

Refresh RACLISTed profiles

C4R.RACF.<class>.RACLIST

READ REFRESH

UPDATE RACLIST/NORACLIST

Manage Global Access Checking

▶ C4R.GLOBAL.** For RDEF GLOBAL

▶ C4R.GMBR.** For RALT GLOBAL ADDMEM

C4R.RACF.GLOBAL.**
For SETROPTS GLOBAL

Only give access to your designated GAC specialist





Auditing the policy

- Two types of policy auditing:
- Standard RACF audit of policy profiles via SMF
 - Uses audit settings of policy profile, like AUDIT(ALL(READ))
 - Audit record if policy profile used (allow or deny)
- Command Verifier Command Auditing via SMF
 - Uses three Command Level policy profiles
 C4R.PREAUD.COMMAND
 - C4R.PSTAUD.COMMAND
 - C4R.ERRMSG.COMMAND





Extended Functions: Mandatory Parameter Values Override whatever the user has specified

- Only used when "adding" profiles
- Indicated by use of =FIELDNAME as third qualifier
- Implemented for
 - OWNER
 - DFI TGRP
 - SUPGROUP
 - User/Group Attributes

- Password Interval
- UACC
- STDATA user/group
- APPLDATA is used to specify the desired value
 - > =RACUID
 - =DFLTGRP
 - =SUPGROUP
 - > =OWNER
 - <value>





Extended Functions: Insert Proper Defaults Similar to Mandatory Values

- Only used when "adding" profiles
- When RACF requires a value, but user doesn't provide
- Indicated by use of /FIELDNAME as third qualifier
- Example:

C4R.USER./PASSWORD.** APPLDATA('RANDOM')

▶ C4R.USER./OWNER.** APPLDATA('=MYOWNER')

C4R.USER./DFLTGRP.** APPLDATA('=OWNER')





Extended Functions: Convenient Keywords

- LISTDSD
 - Automatically insert GEN when no discrete profile exists
 - C4R.LISTDSD.TYPE.AUTO.<dsname>
- RDEFINE and ADDSD
 - Automatically insert FROM(<current best profile>)
 - Used the profile currently used for the resource
 - C4R.<class>./FROM.<profile> APPLDATA('=BESTFIT')
 - Use PERMIT afterwards to update Access List





Extended Functions: Segment Management Scoping RACF Command authorization for segments is based on

System-SPECIAL (all segments all profiles)

▶ FIELD class

&RACUID in ACL Allowed for own user profile

RFAD Display

UPDATE Add and Change

No Group-SPECIAL scoping

- C4R.<class>.<segment>./SCOPE
 - Reduces access to segments to the Group-SPECIAL scope
 - Still requires access to profiles in the FIELD class





Extended Functions: Temporary Authorizations Two types of temporary authorizations

- - Unconditional System-SPECIAL
 - Conditional System-SPECIAL
- Based on command
 - C4R.<command>.=SPECIAL
 - Most common for list-type of commands
 - C4R.<command>.=CTLSPEC
 - All keywords must be CV-controlled
 - Most common to allow only a single action, like
 - Self-Connect to emergency group C4R.CONNECT.ID.<group>.=RACUID
 - Permit to single application C4R.DATASET.ACL.=RACUID.UPDATE.HLQ.**





Extended Functions: Command Audit Trail Retain information about the last change to a profile

- Kept in profile itself
 - When was TSO segment added?
 - When was user connected to group
 - Who issued PERMIT
 - When was profile set to WARNING
- Displayed via
 - Regular LIST command
 - C4RCATMN command
- Controlled via
 - C4R.<class>.=CMDAUD.<type>..cprofile-identification>





Extended Functions: Command Audit Trail

Example:

Segment: CICS Added on 05.241/03:19 by C4RTEST

Changed on 05.241/03:20 by C4RTEST

TSO Changed on 05.241/03:19 by C4RTEST

Attrib: PASSWRD Removed on 05.238/14:24 by C4RTEST

INTERV Changed on 05.241/04:42 by C4RTEST

RESTR Added on 05.238/14:24 by C4RTEST

Connect: BCSC Added on 05.238/14:24 by IBMUSER

GrpAttr: ADSP BCSC Removed on 05.238/14:24 by IBMUSER





Product History

- First version created in 1995 (Consul/CVO)
 - Used command front-ending to intercept commands
 - Originally required writing assembler exits to implement the policy
 - Some sample exits were provided
- Second version created in 1998
 - Uses RACF Common Command exit (IRREVX01)
 - Still required writing assembler exits to implement the policy
 - Many sample exits were provided
- Third version created in 2002 (Consul/zLock)
 - Policy can be defined via RACF Resource Profile
 - Uses patented technology to translate profile into policy
- First IBM version created in 2007 (zSecure Command Verifier)





References

Documentation on the web:

- http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/tivihelp/v2r1/index.jsp
- http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/tivihelp/v2r1/index.jsp?topic =/com.ibm.zsecure.doc/c4rbcv19.htm



Experiences Implementing

Policy Compliance for RACF

using

IBM Tivoli zSecure Command Verifier

Simon Dodge, CISSP Senior Consultant SiCon Inc

AGENDA

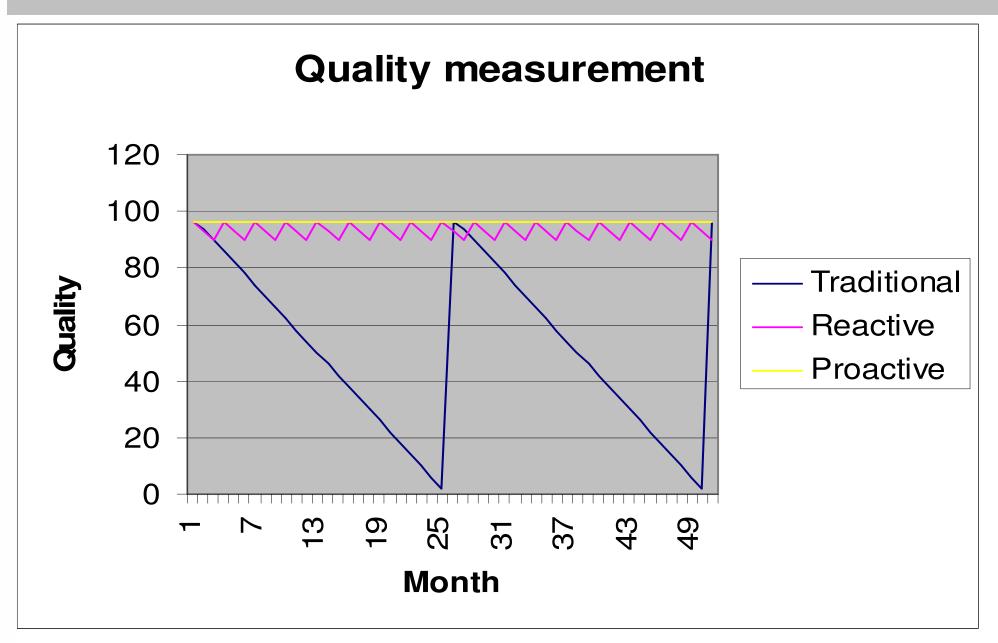
1. Measuring Quality

2. Challenges & Solutions

3. Audit trail examples

4. Summary

Goal: Minimize deviations in quality



Challenge: Control privileged attributes

- Giving out SPECIAL/OPERATIONS/AUDITOR
- C4R.USER.ATTR.SPECIAL.<owner>.<userid>
- C4R.USER.ATTR.OPERATIONS.<owner>.< userid>
- C4R.USER.ATTR.AUDITOR.< owner>.< userid>

alu MAAT special

C4R480E Special attribute not allowed, command terminated

Challenge: Control Group privileges

- Giving out SPECIAL/OPERATIONS/AUDITOR
- C4R.CONNECT.ATTR.SPECIAL.<group>.<userid>
- C4R.CONNECT.ATTR.OPERATIONS.<group>.<userid
- C4R.CONNECT.ATTR.AUDITOR.<group>.<userid>

```
connect AMUN group (webinar) special
```

C4R551E GrpSpecial attribute not allowed, command terminated

Challenge: Controlling Generic / Discrete profiles

Desired no DISCRETE profiles in DATASET class

- Desired no GENERIC profiles in some classes
- C4R. <class>. TYPE.DISCRETE.
- C4R. <class>.TYPE.GENERIC. <profile>
- addsd UPDATE would allow you to create profile

C4R613E DISCRETE profiles not allowed, command terminated

Challenge: Abuse of WARNING mode

Desire to restrict who can turn WARNING on

- C4R. < class > . ATTR. WARNING. < profile >
 - UPDATE allows you to set warning

```
altdsd 'OSIRIS.**' warning
```

C4R611E Warning mode not allowed, command terminated

Challenge: Prevent Abuse of UAUDIT

- Many non administrators had AUDITOR
 - For problem diagnostics
 - Concern that they could change UAUDIT setting
- C4R.USER.ATTR.UAUDIT.
 - Checked for both setting & removing UAUDIT

```
alu HATHOR uaudit
```

C4R486E Uaudit attribute not allowed, command terminated

Challenge: Pre EGN format profiles

 Activated EGN 4 years ago; Many folks still create new dataset profiles h1q.*.**

- Control creation of hlq.*.**
 - C4R.DATASET.**.+.++

```
ADDSD 'ISIS.TMP.*.**'

C4R640E Define/Delete DATASET ISIS.TMP.*.** not allowed, command terminated
```

Challenge: Excessive public access / permits

- Excessive use of UACC > READ
 - Easier than determining who needs access
- C4R.<class>.UACC.<uacclevel>.<profile >
 - EG C4R.DATASET.UACC.ALTER.**

```
altdsd 'SETH.**' uacc(alter)
```

C4R600E UACC ALTER setting not allowed, command terminated

Challenge: Installation data 'corruption'

- Installation data on userids intended to have specific information; Was being modified inappropriately by decentral administrators
- Implemented a check against a RACF profile like
 - C4R. USER. INSTDATA. <owner>. <userid>

```
alu THOTH data('Can I update installation data ?')
```

C4R513E Instdata change not allowed, command terminated

Challenge: Use of certain Ids in Access lists

- Prevent Group STCCA7 being used in a PERMIT command
- Permits for ID (STCCA7) controlled via:
 - C4R.*.ACL.STCCA7.**
- Tremendous granularity:
 - C4R. <class>.ACL. <id>. <access>. <profile>

```
permit 'RA.**' id(stcca7) access(read)
```

C4R601E ACL setting STCCA7 READ not allowed, command terminated

Challenge: Production Support team

- Dedicated team for production profiles
 - All PROD administration goes via their team
 - Can force consistency via a single team
- Profile creation controlled via:
 - C4R.DATASET.ID.PROD%%%.**
- Profile UACC controlled via:
 - C4R.DATASET.UACC.PROD%%%.**
- Permits controlled via:
 - C4R.DATASET.ACL.*.*.PROD%%%.**
- Warning controlled via:
 - C4R.DATASET.ATTR.WARNING.PROD%%%.**

Challenge: Restricting who can manage policies

- In this example, policy profiles are stored in \$POLICY class
 - Must restrict RACF policy changes to "Engineering team"
- Control who can manage policies via:
 - C4R.\$POLICY.**
- Control who can issue SETROPTS for class via:
 - C4R.RACF.\$POLICY.**
- Control activation/inactivation of exit via:
 - FACILITY CSVDYNEX.IRREVX01.*

Challenge: "Some" special but not all

- One team is allowed to change <u>anyone's</u> OWNER
 - Without having SPECIAL
- UPDATE to C4R. < command>.=CTLSPEC will grant you special,
 - Only for the duration of the specific <command>,
 - And if all keywords are controlled by CV
- C4R.ALTUSER.=CTLSPEC
- C4R.USER.OWNER.**

Sample audit trail - Userid

USER=ANUBIS NAME	=GUESS W	10 C	WNER=SECADMIN	CREATED=03.232
Lines snipped				
SECURITY-LABEL=NONE SPECIFIED				
C4R736I Command Audit Trail for USER ANUBIS				
C4R739I Segment:	CICS	Added on 06.087	/16:28 by SEKHME	T
C4R739I	OMVS	Added on 08.053	/10:10 by ODIN	
C4R739I	WORK	Added on 06.087	7/16:29 by SEKHME	T
C4R739I Attrib:	UAUDIT	Removed on 07.3	32/15:06 by SEKH	MET
C4R739I		Added on 07.332	:/15:21 by GEB	
C4R739I	AUDITOR	Removed on 07.3	303/10:33 by SEKH	MET
C4R739I		Added on 07.313	/11:37 by GEB	
C4R739I	PASSWRD	Added on 06.283	/15:53 by ISIS	
C4R739I	RESUME	Added on 06.283	/15:54 by ISIS	
C4R739I	OWNER	Changed on 08.1	.08/09:16 by OSIR	IS
C4R739I	DFLTGRP	Changed on 08.1	.08/09:16 by OSIR	IS
C4R739I	NAME	Changed on 08.1	.20/11:19 by NUT	
C4R739I Connect:		RC1772 Removed	on 07.190/12:39	by PROMETHU
C4R739I		SYS1 Removed on	07.213/12:43 by	NUT
C4R739I		@SECLSE Added c	on 07.298/12:34 b	y NUT
C4R739I		EMPL Removed on	07.298/17:26 by	NUT
C4R739I		@TSD Removed on	07.303/10:35 by	ANUBIS
C4R739I		\$U21AS Added on	08.108/09:16 by	OSIRIS
C4R739I GrpAttr:	SPEC	@TSD Removed on	07.303/10:31 by	ANUBIS
C4R739I		@SECLSE Removed	l on 07.303/11:22	by ANUBIS
C4R739I	OPER	@TSD Removed on	07.303/10:31 by	ANUBIS CiCo

Sample audit trail – Dataset profile

```
LISTDSD DA('HERA.**')

... Lines snipped ...

NO ENTRIES IN CONDITIONAL ACCESS LIST

C4R736I Command Audit Trail for DATASET HERA.**

C4R739I Attrib: WARNING Added on 08.072/11:07 by ZEUS

C4R739I Removed on 08.072/11:07 by ZEUS

C4R739I Access: @SECLSE access READ on 07.347/10:11 by AMANRA

C4R739I FRED access READ on 08.093/08:56 by ISIS
```

Summary

 You can now control things that you just couldn't even conceive of before

- Management of policies is via familiar RACF profiles
 - No external configuration to define a policy
- You can now sleep better at night
- I very much recommend supplementing with SMF based reports to show activity/violations



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