

IBM Software Group

Monitoring IP filters and IPSec tunnels on your z/OS systems

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@business on demand software



Agenda

- Introduction
- IP Security Concepts and Terminology
- OMEGAMON XE for Mainframe Networks IP Security Monitoring Application
 - ▶ Tivoli Management Services Common Features
 - OMEGAMON XE for Mainframe Networks
 - Common IP Security Problems
 - ▶ IP Security Status The Dashboard
 - ▶ IP Security Situations and Thresholds
 - ▶ IP Security Historical Views
- Sample Scenarios
- Description of IP Security Workspaces
- Reference

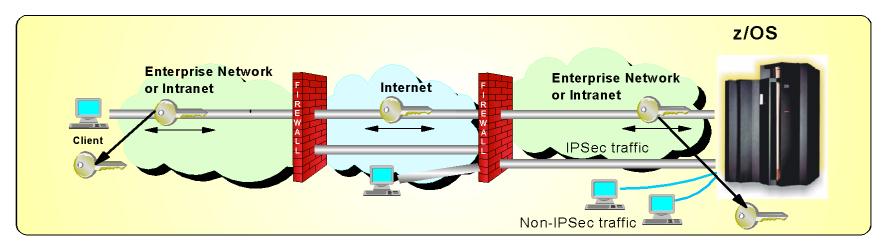








z/OS IP Security Support



- Prior to z/OS V1R7, IP security packaged with Firewall Technologies
 - ▶ TCP/IP IPSec and IP filtering support
 - ▶ IKE daemon and configuration
- In z/OS V1R7, IP security solution is part of z/OS Communications Server
 - Alternative to Firewall Technologies
 - New IKE daemon and configuration
 - Services
 - IP filtering
 - Manual IPSec
 - Dynamic IPSec (IKE)
 - Filter directed logging to syslogd

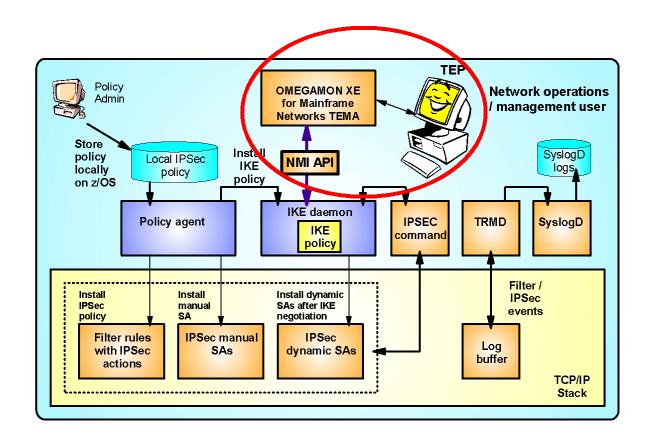






IP Security Network Management Interface (NMI)

■ z/OS Communications Server V1R9 adds IPSec NMI allowing applications to monitor IP filters and IPSec tunnels. APARs PK43352, PK43353, PK50322 provide function in z/OS V1R8.



(IKE tunnels)

(dynamic tunnels)

(manual tunnels)

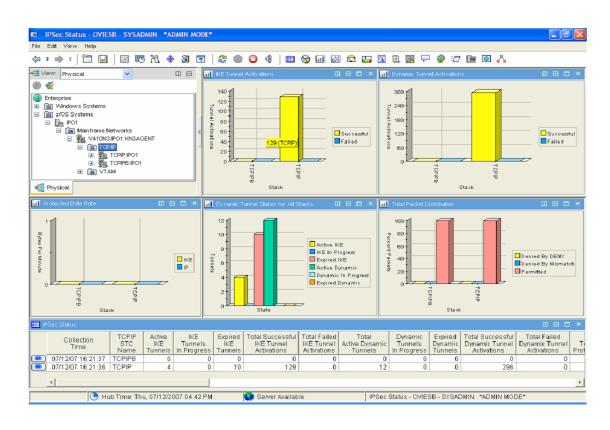






IP Security Monitoring Application

 OMEGAMON XE for Mainframe Networks V4R1 APAR OA22263 and FP1 (4.1.0-TIV-ITM_KN3-FP0001) add performance monitoring of z/OS IP security.



Provides graphical analysis of IP security activity for each TCP/IP stack
Monitors the use of IP filters and the performance of IPsec tunnels
Provides state and configuration information about filters and IPsec tunnels





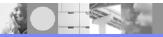




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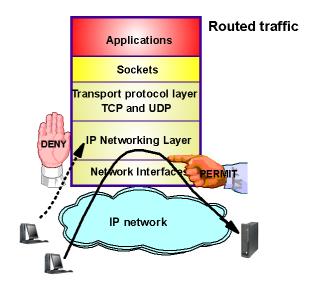


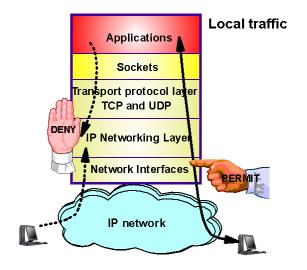




Basics of IP Filtering

- Packet filtering at IP Layer
- Filter rules defined to match on inbound and outbound packets based on:
 - packet information
 - network attributes
 - time
- Used to control
 - traffic being routed
 - access at destination hest
- Possible actions
 - Permit
 - Deny
 - Permit with manual IPSec
 - Permit with dynamic IPSec
 - Log (in combination with others)





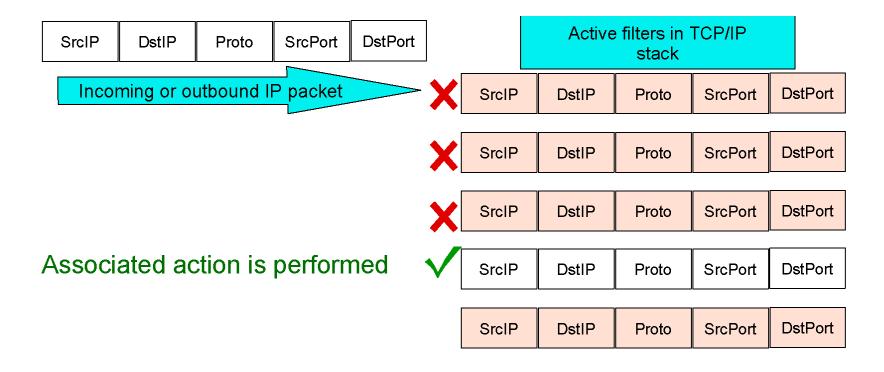






Filter Matching

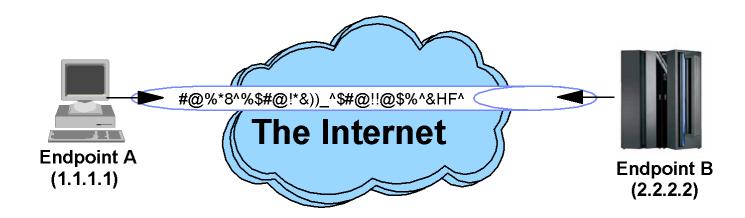
- Filters are searched in the order they were configured
- Each rule is inspected, from top to bottom, for a match
- If a match is found, the search ends and the action is performed





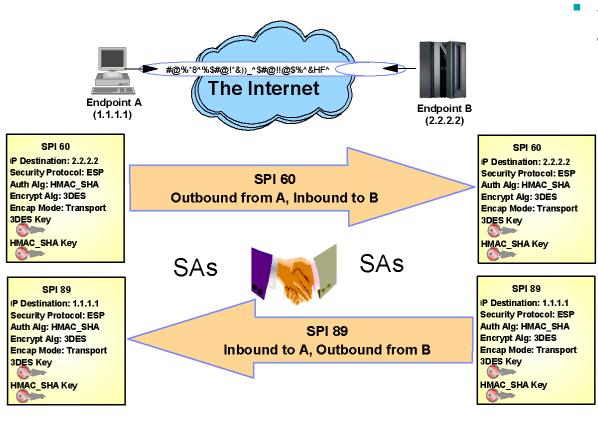
Tunnels

- A tunnel is a secure logical connection used to protect traffic between two endpoints
- A tunnel is defined by a collection of security associations (SA)
- Tunnels are "installed" as a result of activating security associations





Security Associations



- Security Association (SA) is agreement between endpoints as to how data is to be protected
 - ▶ IPSec protocol: AH or ESP
 - Algorithms to be used by security protocols
 - Encryption algorithm: DES, triple DES, or AES
 - Authentication algorithm:HMAC MD5 or HMAC SHA
 - Cryptographic keys
 - ▶ Encapsulation mode: tunnel or transport
 - ▶ Lifetime/Lifesize for dynamic SAs



Security Associations – Details

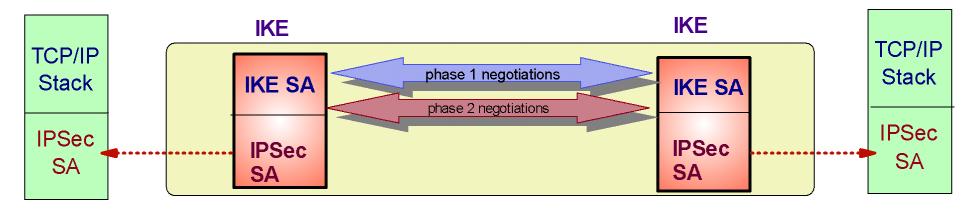
- SAs are associated with a direction of traffic (inbound or outbound)
- SAs are named and defined by VPN Action statements to the Policy Agent
 - IpManVpnAction
 - IpDynVpnAction
 - KeyExchangeAction
- SAs may be activated by a variety of methods
 - command line
 - Automatically
 - on-demand
 - remotely
- SAs are identified in security headers by the IP address of the remote endpoint and an SPI
- SPIs (Security Parameter Index) are used to find SAs in order to determine packet processing actions





IKE Daemon

- Dynamic SAs are negotiated by IKE daemon using port 500 or 4500
- Two phased negotiation used
 - ▶ Phase 1 negotiates a secure channel (IKE SA (IKE Tunnel)) with a remote security endpoint
 - •Generates cryptographic keys used during phase 2 and authenticates endpoints
 - •Two modes: Main Mode and Aggressive Mode
 - ▶ Phase 2 uses IKE SA to negotiate an IPSec SA (Dynamic IP Tunnel)
 - Generates cryptographic keys used to protect data
 - •Single mode: Quick Mode





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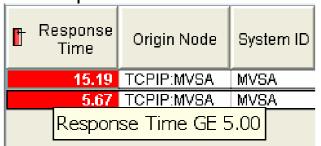


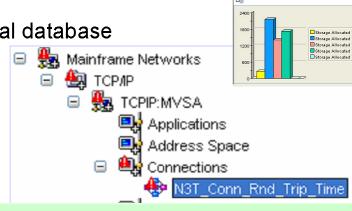




Tivoli Enterprise Portal (TEP) Highlights

- Common, easy to use, interface
 - Integrates application monitoring
 - Navigation Tree
 - Dynamic Workspace Linking
 - Filter, sort
 - Display data in graphs, charts, tables
 - Display data in real time or from historical database
- Easy to Configure
 - Customize workspaces and reports
 - Define thresholds and generate events
- Out of the box best practices
 - Workspaces
 - Situations
 - Expert Advice





Out of the box situations to proactively notify you.

With so much data, how do you know what to look at?

Highlight attributes of potential problems









Application Integration

z/OS Health check

z/OS Management Console

z/OS & USS

OMEGAMON XE on z/OS

NetView for z/OS

IBM Tivoli NetView for z/OS V5.3

Network

OMEGAMON XE for Mainframe Networks

DB2

OMEGAMON XE for DB2 PE/PM

CICS

OMEGAMON XE for CICS

HMS

OMEGAMON XE for IMS

Storage

OMEGAMON XE for Storage

WebSphere MC

OMEGAMON XE for Messaging

WebSphere Appl Server

ITCAM for WAS

z/VM & Linux on z

OMEGAMON XE on z/VM and Linux

Distributed Monitoring

IBM Tivoli Monitorina (ITM) & ITCAM



TEP

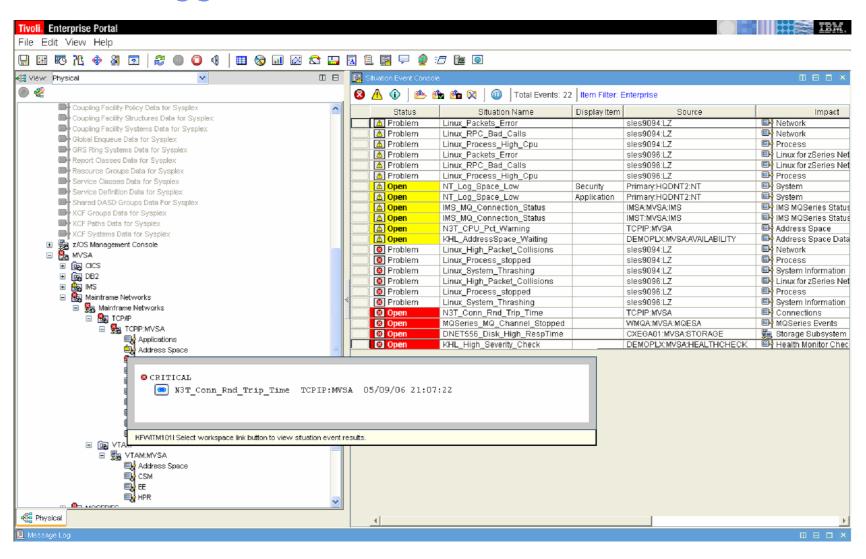


Situations

- What are they?
 - A situation describes a condition or set of conditions you want to examine to determine if a potential problem exists in the systems and resources you are monitoring.
 - When all of the conditions of a situation are met (the situation is triggered), an event is registered. The operator is alerted to events by indicator icons that appear in the Navigator. Operators can also be alerted by sound.
- Why use them?
 - Situations proactively monitor the performance of your system, allowing you to find and resolve problems before end users report them.
 - Situations can resolve problems automatically using Take Action (reflex automation).
 - Situations provide customized expert advice.



Situation Triggered - Event Generated



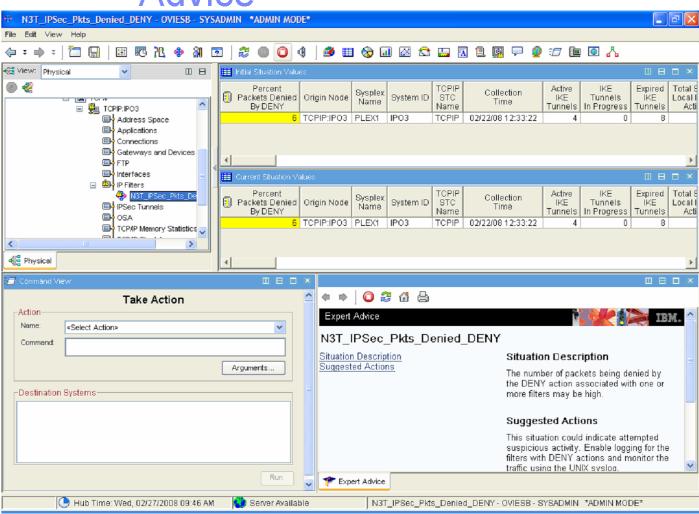






Situation Workspace, Take Action and Expert Advice

- Shows attribute values at the time the situation triggered
- If situation is still true, shows current attribute values
- Highlights threshold triggering situation
- Provides customizable expert advise
- Provides ability to issue command enabling automation



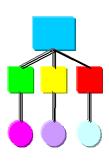






Mainframe Networks Components

One or more protocols including SNA, IP or both

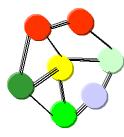


SNA

- Hierarchal (Subarea)
- Generic Alerts
- VR Flow Control
- HPR
- SNI
- Intelligent agents
- LUs and PUs
- Sessions Controlled
- 3745 (CCL)

TCP/IP

- Peer to Peer
- Traps
- Discards, retransmits
- Enterprise Extender
- Internet
- IP Security
- MIB Polling
- TN3270
- FTP
- OSA-Express, Cisco CIP
- Denial of Service Attack



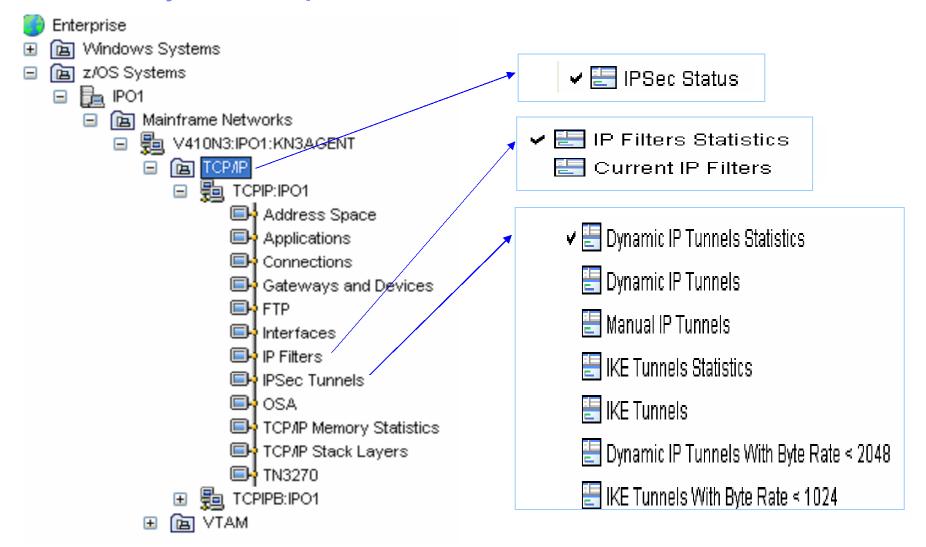








IP Security Workspaces in Mainframe Networks







Some Common IP Security Problems and Symptoms

- Filter added in wrong order
 - Loss of connectivity to applications
- Security policies at endpoints are incompatible
 - Loss of connectivity to applications
 - ▶ Tunnel activation failures
- Loss of network connectivity between security endpoints
 - Loss of connectivity to applications
 - Tunnel activation failures
- Cryptographic services unavailable, misconfigured, or insufficient
 - ▶ Application performance is slow
 - Loss of connectivity to applications
 - Tunnel activation failures

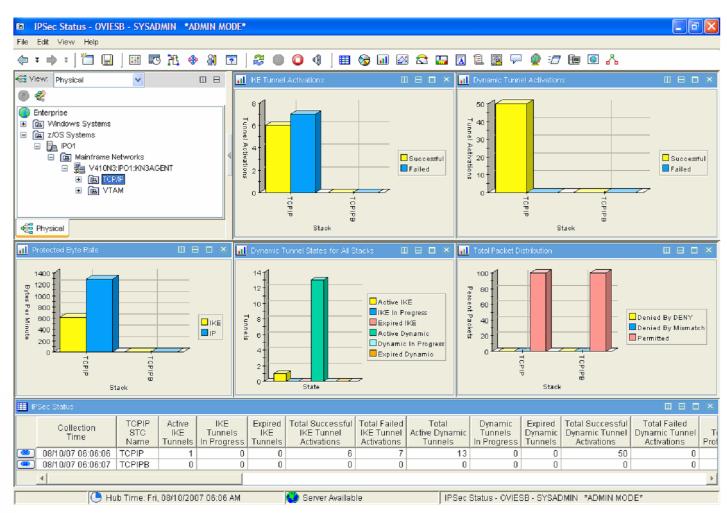


IPSec Status Workspace - The Dashboard

- Tunnel activation statistics
- Tunnel throughput statistics
- Tunnel state analysis
- Packet permit, deny and mismatch statistics

Links

- Dynamic IP Tunnels Statistics
- IP Filters Statistics









IP Security Situations and Thresholds

Filters Situations

- N3T_IPSec_Pkts_Denied_DENY
- N3T_IPSec_Pkts_Denied_Mismatch

IPSec Tunnels Situations

- 🚸 N3T_IPSec_Dyn_Act_Fail
- 🚸 N3T_IPSec_Dyn_Act_Fail_IKE_Tnl
- 🚸 N3T_IPSec_Dyn_Act_Fail_IKE_TnR
- N3T_IPSec_IKE_Act_Fail
- 🍪 N3T_IPSec_Key_Msgs_Auth_Fail
- 🍪 N3T_IPSec_Key_Msgs_Invalid
- N3T_IPSec_Key_Msgs_Replayed
- 🍪 N3T_IPSec_Key_Msgs_Rtrnsmttd
- N3T_IPSec_QUICKMODE_Invalid
- N3T_IPSec_QUICKMODE_Replayed
- N3T_IPSec_QUICKMODE_Rtrnsmttd



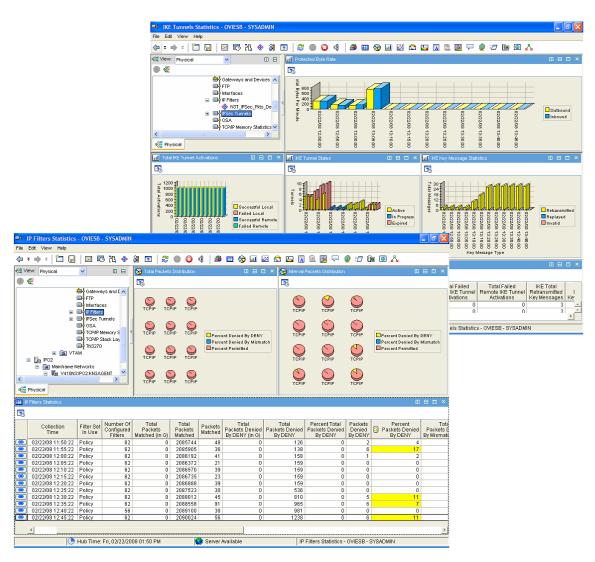






IP Security Historical Views

- Trend analysis
 - •Do I need more zIIP processors?
 - •Do I need more cryptography processors?
- Workspaces enabled for historical data display
 - IPSec Status
 - ■IP Filters Statistics
 - Dynamic IP Tunnels Statistics
 - IKE Tunnels Statistics









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 End user calls help desk indicating that he/she cannot connect to an application.

 The operator determines that the application is hosted on a secured z/OS system

on a secured z/OS system.
 The operator looks at the IPSec Status workspace and notices that packets have been denied on the system that is hosting the application. Situation N3T_IPSec_Pkts_Denied_DENY has also been triggered.

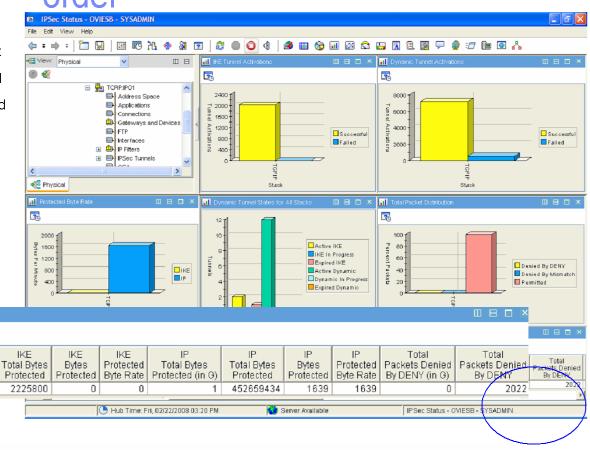
IPSec Status

Total Successful

Dynamic Tunnel

Activations

7181



A WARNING

Total Failed

Dynamic Tunnel

Activations

N3T IPSec Pkts Denied DENY TCPIP:IPO1 02/22/08 15:20:49





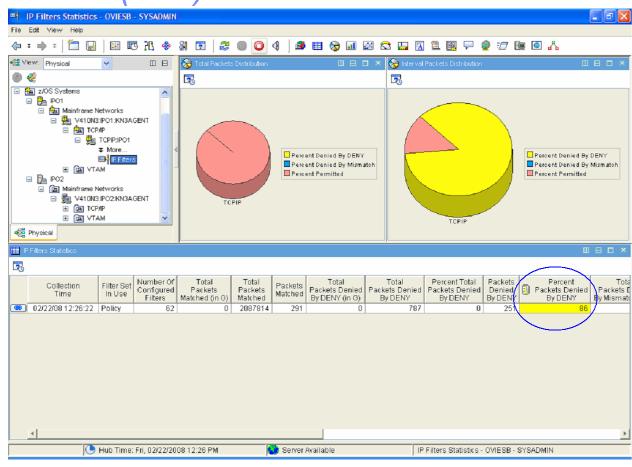


Total Bytes

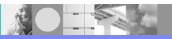
Protected (in G)



The operator navigates to the IP Filters
Statistics workspace for the stack that has
denied packets. He/She notices that 86% of
the packets processed by the stack in the last
collection interval were denied.



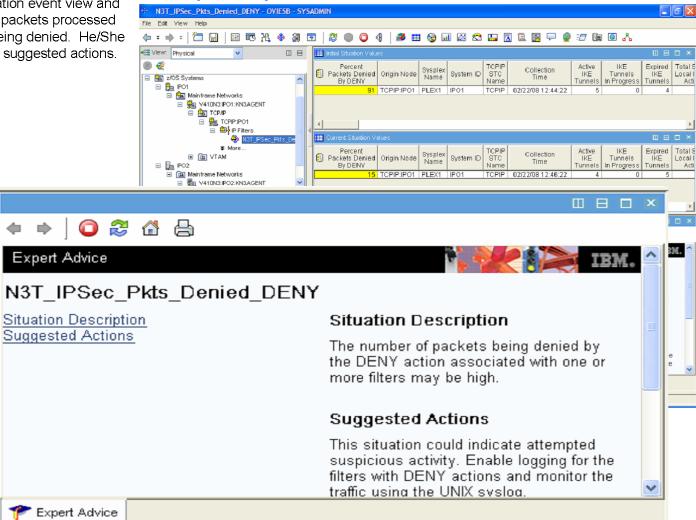






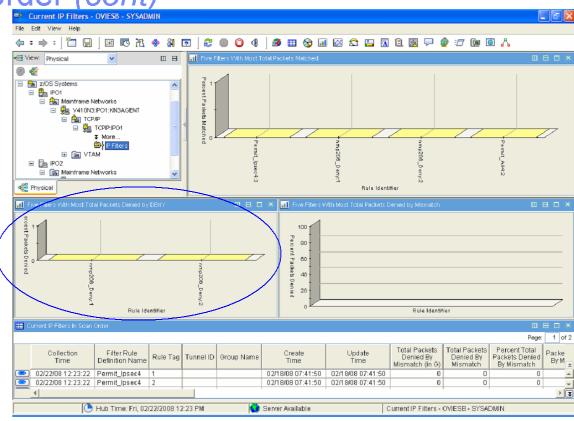


 The operator navigates to the situation event view and sees that a high percentage of the packets processed during each collection interval is being denied. He/She reads the situation description and suggested actions.





 The operator navigates to the Current IP Filters workspace and sees that 2 filter rules are identified as having denied packets.











- He/She contacts the systems programmer.
- The systems programmer locates the filter rules denying packets in the table view.
- The create time for the filters denying packets is fairly recent.
- The destination address for traffic matching these filters matches the IP address of the system hosting the failing application.

C	®	02/22/08 12:27:22	nmp114206_Tunnel_v6	1	Y0	02/18/08 07:41:50	02/18/08 07:41:50	
-	®	02/22/08 12:27:22		2	Y0	02/18/08 07:41:50	02/18/08 07:41:50	
	8	02/22/08 12:27:22	nmp206_Deny	1		02/22/08 11:47:54	02/22/08 11:47:54	
10	●	02/22/08 12:27:22	nmp206_Deny	2		02/22/08 11:47:54	02/22/08 11:47:54	
C	●)	02/22/08 12:27:22	nmp206_Deny	3		02/22/08 11:47:54	02/22/08 11:47:54	_
C	●)	02/22/08 12:27:22	nmp206_Deny	4		02/22/08 11:47:54	02/22/08 11:47:54	
C	●)	02/22/08 12:27:22	nmp206_Deny	5		02/22/08 11:47:54	02/22/08 11:47:54	
C	●)	02/22/08 12:27:22	nmp206_Deny	6		02/22/08 11:47:54	02/22/08 11:47:54	
C	®	02/22/08 12:27:22	nmp206_Tunnel	1	Y0	02/18/08 07:41:50	02/22/08 07:57:53	

J	e.m.m.m.m.m.m.m.m	U	U	J.U. I. I	J.U. I . I . IIII	U	U	
9:0:1:1::	9:0:1:1::ffff	0	0	9::	9:m:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	0	0	1
9.42.0.0	9.42.255.255	0	0	9.42.45.0	9.42.45.255	0	0	1
9.42.45.0	9.42.45.255	0	0	9.42.0.0	9.42.255.255	0	0	1
9.42.0.0	9.42.255.255	0	0	9.42.32.0	9.42.32.255	0	0	1
9.42.32.0	9.42.32.255	0	0	9.42.0.0	9.42.255.255	0	0	1
9.42.0.0	9.42.255.255	0	0	9.42.62.0	9.42.62.255	0	0	1
9.42.62.0	9.42.62.255	0	0	9.42.0.0	9.42.255.255	0	0	1
9.42.45.0	9.42.45.255	0	0	9.42.45.0	9.42.45.255	0	0	1
9.42.45.206		21	21	9.42.45.114		1605	1605	1
9.42.45.206		3446	3446	9.42.45.114		21	21	1





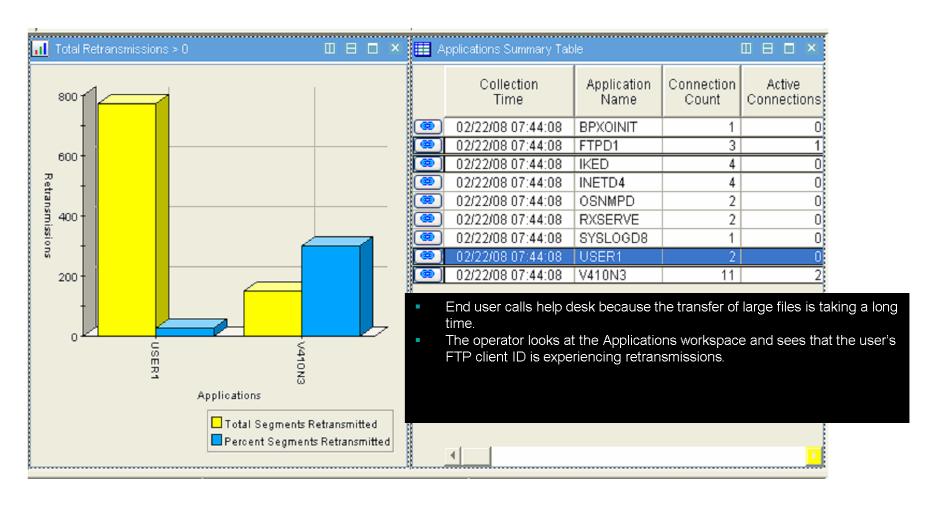


- The systems programmer examines the filter traffic descriptor information and the position of the filter relative to the other filters. He/She determines that the filter was added at the incorrect position in the filter policy.
- The systems programmer corrects the filter policy and the end user is now able to connect to the secured application.





Scenario 2: Application performance problem due to short refresh time

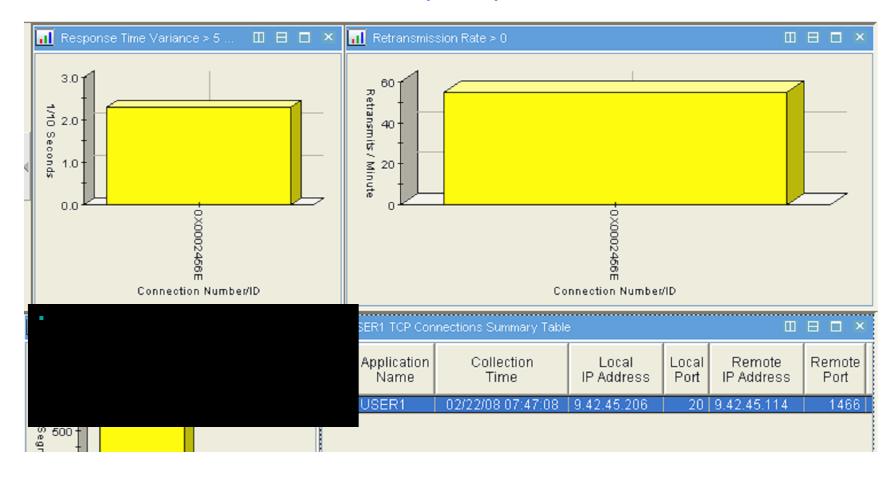








Scenario 2: Application performance problem due to short refresh time (cont)









Scenario 2: Application performance problem due to short refresh time (cont)

- The operator contacts the systems programmer.
- The systems programmer notices that the client and server involved in the transfer are on secured z/OS systems.
- The systems programmer navigates to the Current IP Filters By Destination Address workspace using the link available from the Application TCP Connections workspace.









Scenario 2: Application performance problem due to short refresh time (cont)

Current IP Filters By Destination

'SA

dow

:ator

The systems programmer locates a dynamic IP filter that matches the source and destination IP addresses associated with the file transfer and navigates to the dynamic IP tunnels workspace to display the associated dynamic IP tunnels.

r locate		Ⅲ Cu	Current IP Filters By Destination Address									
addres ansfer a IP tunn associa	sses Ind Iels			ection me		er Rule tion Name	Rule Tag	Tunnel ID				
			02/22/08	07:49:0	nmp206_Tunnel		1	Y0				
			02/22/08	07:49:0	8 nmp206	Tunnel	1	Y620				
			02/22/08	07:49:0	8 nmp206	Tunnel	1	Y619				
rrent IP Filters By Destination Addr			02/22/08	07:49:0	8 nmp206	Tunnel	1	Y618				
BA ow ator	Source Address	Upper Source Address	Lower Source Port	Upper Source Port	Destination Address	Upper Destination Address	Lower Destination Port	Upper Destination Port				
	9.42.45.0	9.42.45.255	0	0	9.42.45.0	9.42.45.2	0	0				
DOW	9.42.45.206		20	20	9.42.45.1		1466	1466				
æ (Current IP Filte	rs By Destina	tion Addı	ress _	9.42.45.1		1465	1465				
) Dynamic IP Tui	•			9.42.45.1		1463	1463				



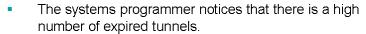




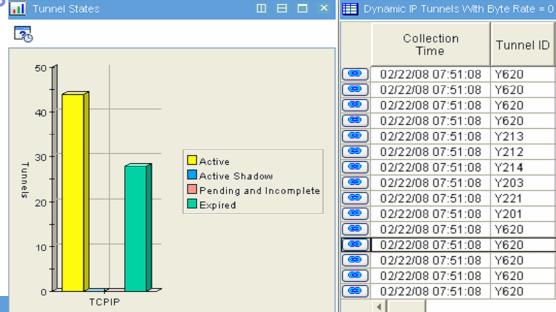
Tunnel ID

Scenario 2: Application performance problem due to short

refresh time (cont)



The tunnel associated with the user's transfer has data rates of 0 and there are many tunnels with the same tunnel ID indicating it has been refreshed many times.



Tunnel ID	Local Security Endpoint	Remote Security Endpoint	Total Inbound Packets (in G)	Total Inbound Packets	Total Outbound Packets (in G)	Total Outbound Packets	Total Packets (in G)	Total Packets	Inbound Packets	Outbound Packets	Packets	Packe Rate	
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Y620	9.42.45.206	9.42.45.114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		



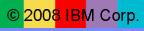




Scenario 2: Application performance problem due to short refresh time (cont) The systems programmer examines the tunnel refresh and expiration information.

- Looking down the Life Expiration Time column and the Life Refresh Time column, he/she sees that the tunnel is being refreshed every 2 to 10 seconds.
- The systems programmer corrects the refresh time for the tunnel and fixes the performance problem.

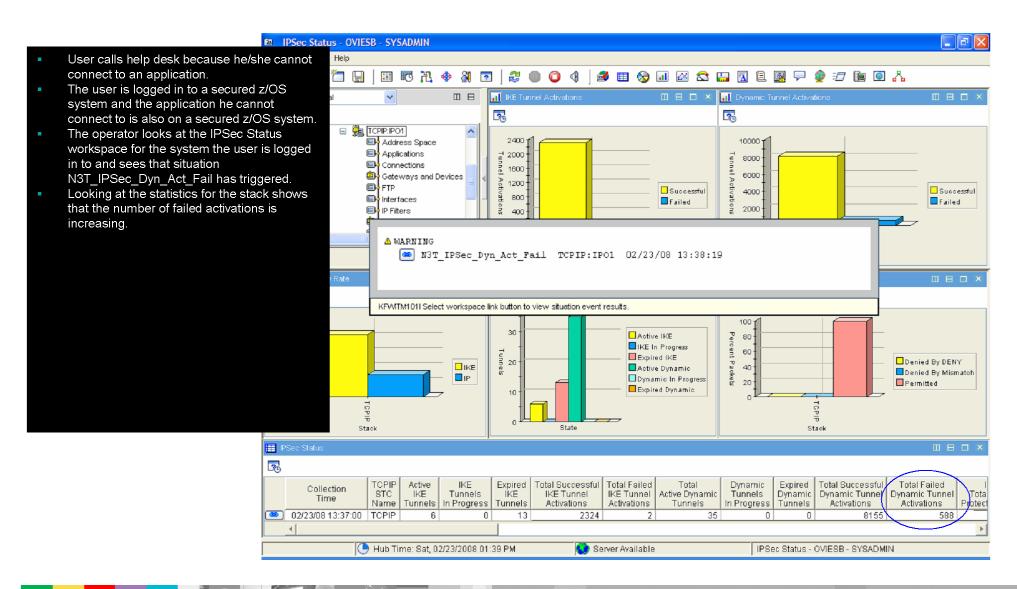
Dynamic IP Tunnels By Tunnel ID								
!l	Current Life Size	Life Size	Refresh Life Size	Life Expiration Time	Life Refresh Time	VPN Life Expiration Time	Activation Method	
	0	32768	26892	02/22/08 07:52:08	02/22/08 07:51:58	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	
	0	32768	24982	02/22/08 07:52:06	02/22/08 07:51:52	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	
	0	32768	26249	02/22/08 07:52:05	02/22/08 07:51:54	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	
	0	32768	26810	02/22/08 07:52:04	02/22/08 07:51:54	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	
	0	32768	26125	02/22/08 07:52:02	02/22/08 07:51:50	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	
(49)	0	32768	27834	02/22/08 07:52:01	02/22/08 07:51:52	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	
	0	32768	23507	02/22/08 07:51:59	02/22/08 07:51:43	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	
®	0	32768	24314	02/22/08 07:51:58	02/22/08 07:51:43	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	
(89)	0	32768	27770	02/22/08 07:51:56	02/22/08 07:51:47	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	
	0	32768	25679	02/22/08 07:51:54	02/22/08 07:51:42	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	
(89)	0	32768	26865	02/22/08 07:51:52	02/22/08 07:51:42	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	
	0	32768	27671	02/22/08 07:51:51	02/22/08 07:51:42	02/23/08 07:44:13	ONDEMAND	









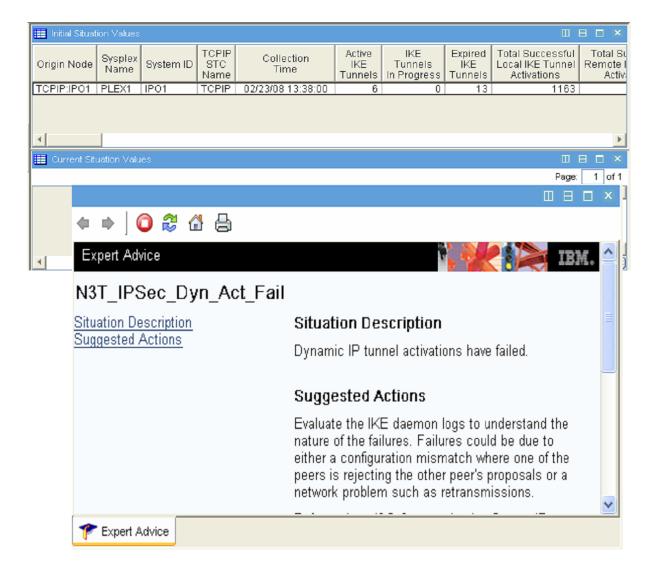






encryption algorithm at endpoints *(cont)*

- The operator looks at the situation event workspace for more information about the event.
- He/She contacts the systems programmer for assistance.



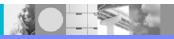






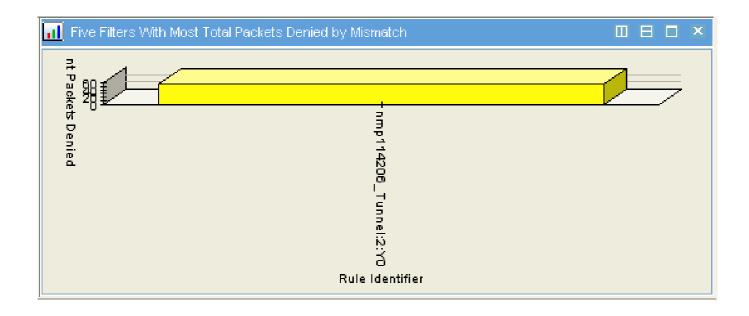


- The systems programmer looks at /tmp/syslogd/debug.log and sees the error messages below
 - ZD1093I Policy mismatch: IpDataOffer (1) requires parameter (HowToEncrypt) with value (AES) but proposal (1) value is (DES)
 - ZD1022I No proposal chosen with IpFilterRule (nmp114206_Tunnel) and IpDynVpnAction (DynAction3)





- The systems programmer looks at the Current IP Filters workspace of the system hosting the application.
- He/She sees that some packets have been denied due to policy mismatch.







 The systems programmer displays the filters that may match traffic from the user's system by using the link to Current IP Filters By Destination Address and specifying the IP address of the user's system.









- He/She sees that two of the filters that would match traffic from the user's system were recently updated.
- The systems programmer corrects the encryption algorithm specification for the data offer referenced by VPN Action DynAction3 and corrects the problem.

Į			-			
	02/23/08 14:00:45	Permit_OSPF6	1		02/21/08 15:06:44	02/21/08 15:06:44
	02/23/08 14:00:45	Permit_OSPF6	2		02/21/08 15:06:44	02/21/08 15:06:44
	02/23/08 14:00:45	nmp114206_Tunnel	1	Y0	02/21/08 15:06:44	02/23/08 13:34:45
	02/23/08 14:00:45	nmp114206_Tunnel	2	Y0	02/21/08 15:06:44	02/2 3/08 13:34 :45
	02/23/08 14:00:45	nmp114206_Tunnel_v6	1	Y0	02/21/08 15:06:44	02/21/08 15:06:44
	02/23/08 14:00:45	nmp114206_Tunnel_v6	2	Y0	02/21/08 15:06:44	02/21/08 15:06:44
(02/23/08 14:00:45	nmp206 Tunnel	1	Y0	02/21/08 15:06:44	02/21/08 15:06:44

Policy	nmp114206_StartAction	DynAction3	DYNANCHOR	ACTIVE	IPSEC	SCOPEALL	OUTBOUND
Policy	nmp114206_StartAction	DynAction3	DYNANCHOR	ACTIVE	IPSEC	SCOPEALL	INBOUND
⊚ Policy	nmp114206_StartAction_v6	DynAction	DYNANCHOR	ACTIVE	IPSEC	SCOPEALL	OUTBOUND
⊚ Policy	nmp114206_StartAction_v6	DynAction	DYNANCHOR	ACTIVE	IPSEC	SCOPEALL	INBOUND
© Policy	nmp206_StartAction	DynAction	DYNANCHOR	ACTIVE	IPSEC	SCOPEALL	OUTBOUND
© Policy	nmp206_StartAction	DynAction	DYNAMIC	ACTIVE	IPSEC	SCOPEALL	OUTBOUND
· ·							









Agenda

- Introduction
- IP Security Concepts and Terminology
- OMEGAMON XE for Mainframe Networks IP Security Monitoring Application
 - Tivoli Management Services Common Features
 - OMEGAMON XE for Mainframe Networks
 - ▶ Common IP Security Problems
 - ▶ IP Security Status The Dashboard
 - IP Security Situations and Thresholds
 - ▶ IP Security Historical Views

Sample Scenarios

- Description of IP Security Workspaces
- Reference

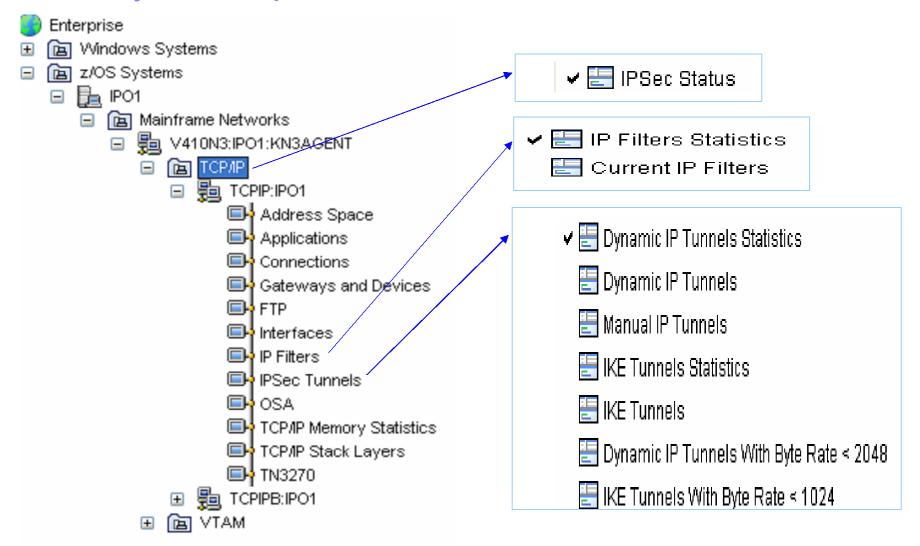








IP Security Workspaces





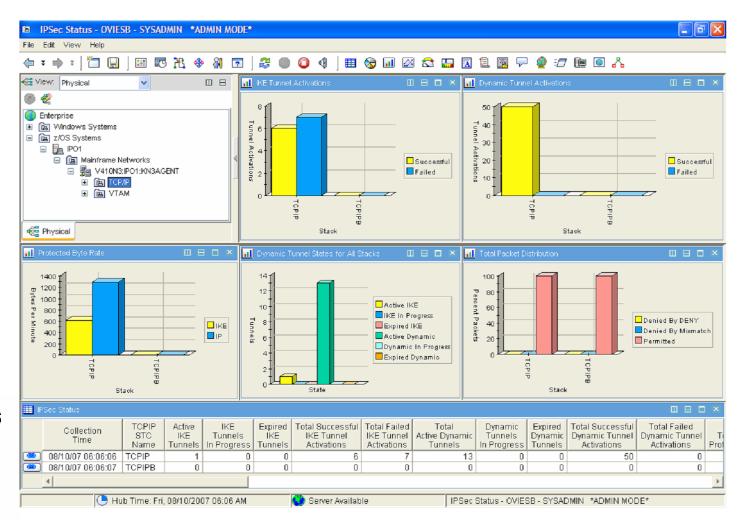


IPSec Status - The Dashboard

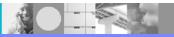
- Tunnel activation statistics
- Tunnel throughput statistics
- Tunnel state analysis
- Packet permit, deny and mismatch statistics

Links

- Dynamic IP Tunnels Statistics
- IKE Tunnels Statistics
- IP Filters Statistics



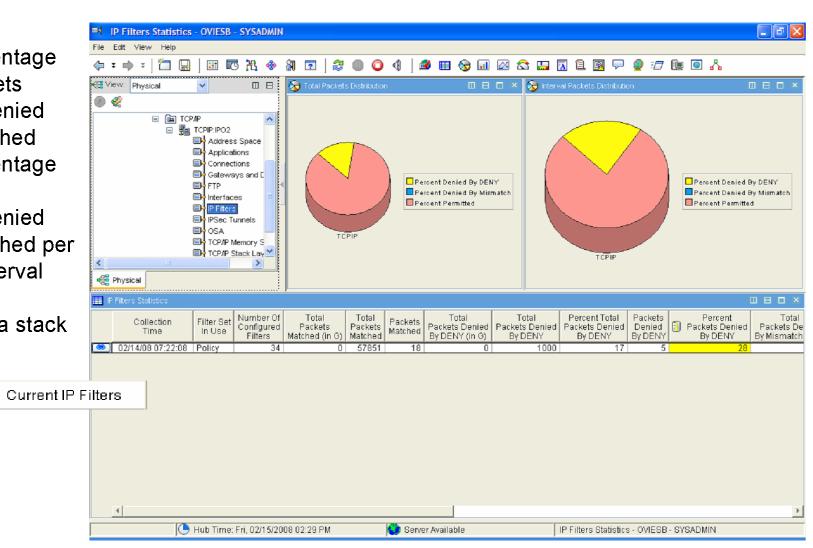






IP Filters Statistics

- Shows percentage of total packets permitted, denied and mismatched
- Shows percentage of packets permitted, denied and mismatched per collection interval
- Shows filters statistics for a stack









Current IP Filters

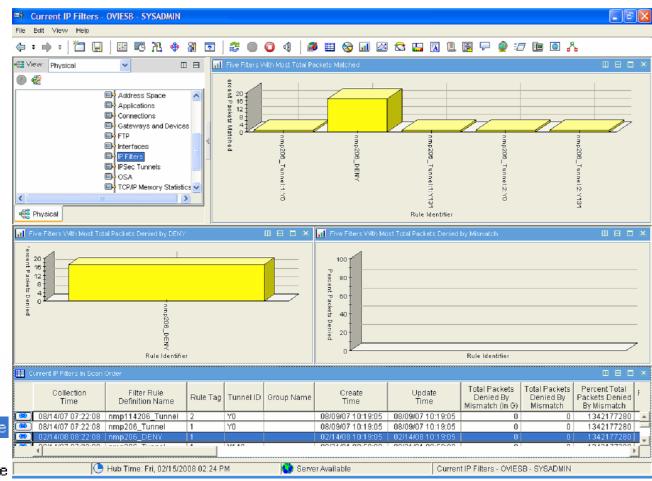
- Identifies most matched filters
- Identifies filters denying most packets
- Identifies most mismatched filters
- Provides filters statistics and configuration information
- Displays filters in the order they are scanned by the stack

Links

Current IP Filters By Destination Address Dynamic IP Tunnels By Tunnel ID Manual IP Tunnels By Tunnel ID

Dynamic IP Tunnels By Filter Rule Definition Name

Current IP Filters In Scan Order By Next Page Current IP Filters In Scan Order By Previous Page







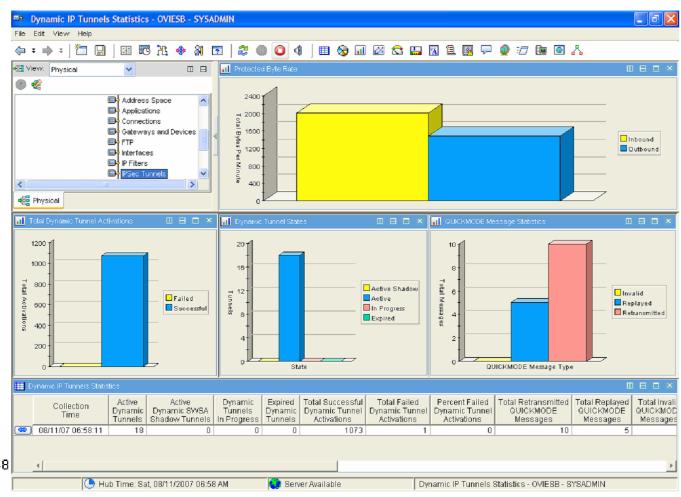


Dynamic IP Tunnels Statistics

- Total byte rate for all dynamic IP tunnels
- Dynamic IP tunnel activation statistics
- Dynamic IP tunnel state analysis
- Quickmode message statistics

Links

- Dynamic IP Tunnels
- Dynamic IP Tunnels With Byte Rate < 2048</p>
- Manual IP Tunnels







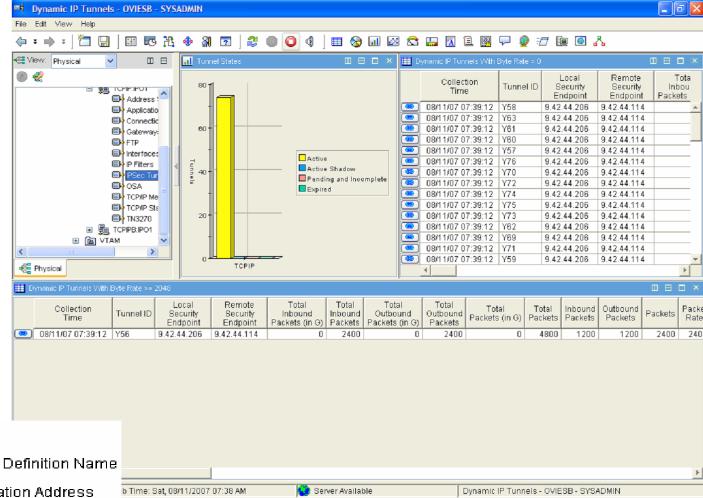


Dynamic IP Tunnels

- Tunnel State Analysis
- Identifies tunnels not being used
- Tunnel Statistics
 - Packet and byte counts
 - Packet and byte rates
- Tunnel configuration information
 - Traffic description
 - Associated filter rule definition name
 - VPN action name and SA information
 - Parent IKE tunnel ID
 - Refresh and expiration information
- NAT information

Links

- 🖘 IKE Tunnels By Tunnel ID
- 🖘 Current IP Filters By Filter Rule Definition Name
- Dynamic IP Tunnels By Destination Address



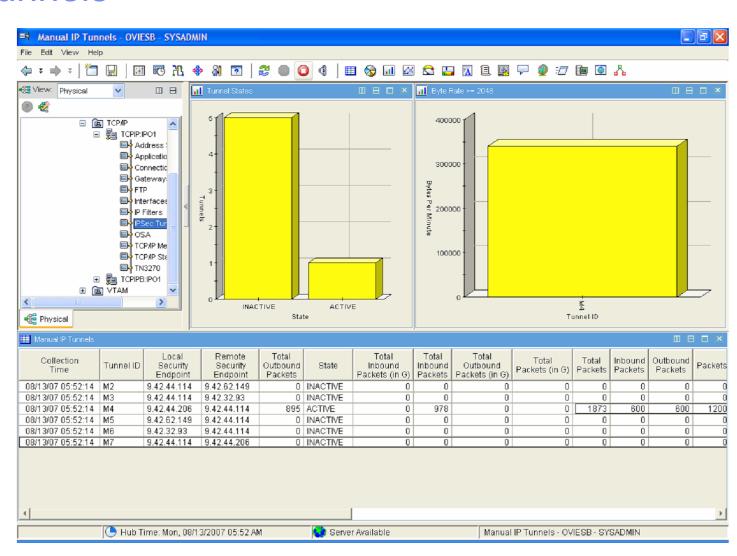




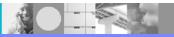


Manual IP Tunnels

- Tunnel state analysis
- Identifies tunnels with high byte rates
- Tunnel statistics
 - Packet and byte counts
 - Packet and byte rates
- Tunnel configuration information
 - Identifies endpoints
 - VPN action name and SA information







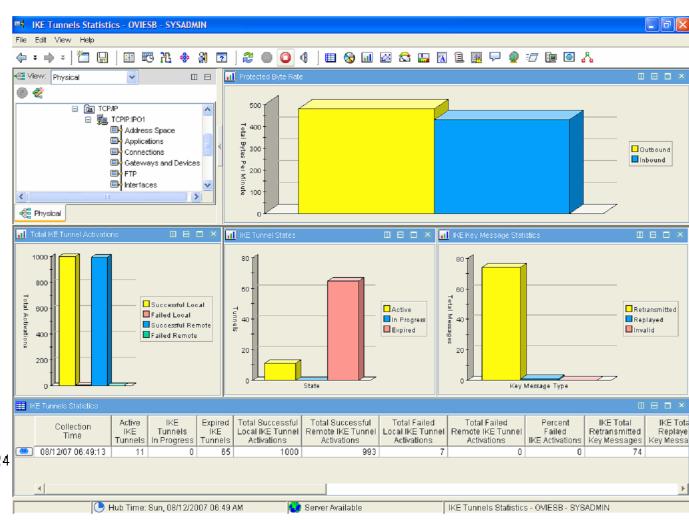


IKE Tunnels Statistics

- Total byte rate for all IKF tunnels
- IKE tunnel activation statistics
- IKE tunnel state analysis
- Key message statistics

Links

■ IKE Tunnels With Byte Rate < 1024
</p>





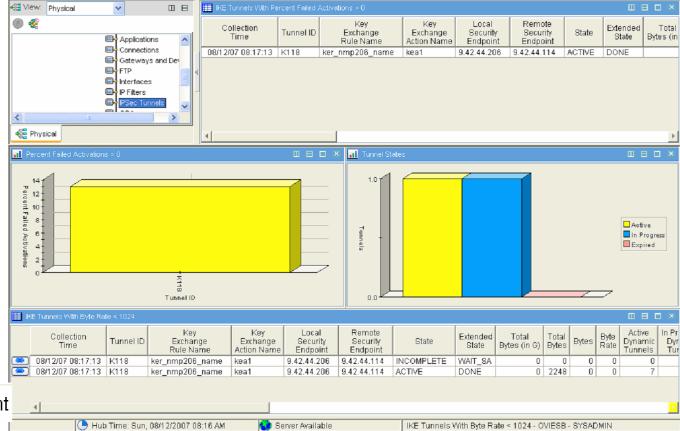




IKE Tunnels

IKE Tunnel Statistics

- Dynamic IP tunnel activation statistics
- Dynamic IP tunnel state analysis
- Byte rate statistics
- Configuration information
 - Identifies endpoints
 - Refresh and expiration information
 - SA information
- NAT information



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Links

IKE Tunnels By Security Endpoint







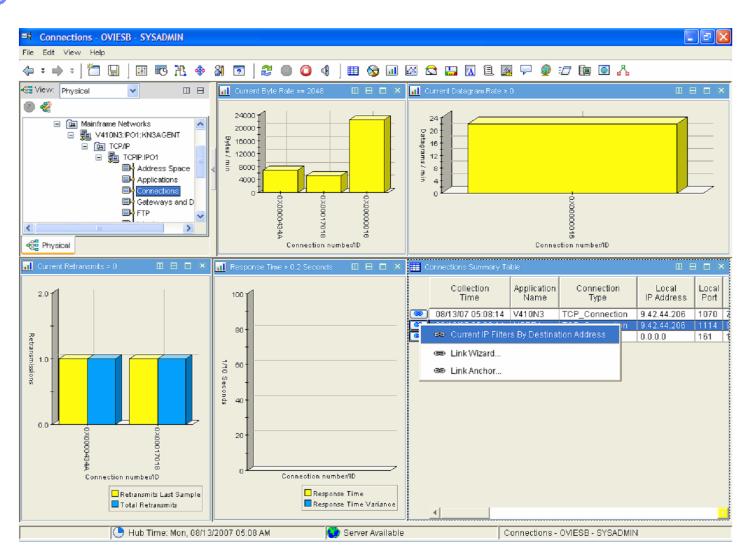
IKE Tunnels With Byte Rate < 1024 - OVIESB - SYSADMIN

File Edit View Help



Connections

- New links in existing TCP/IP connections workspaces allow users to examine IP filters that match a specified destination address
- Links in IP filters workspaces allow users to examine tunnels that connections might be using









Agenda

- Introduction
- IP Security on z/OS
 - Network Security Deployment Trends and Requirements
 - ▶ IP Security Support on z/OS
 - IP Filtering
 - Tunnels and SAs
 - ▶ IP Security Monitoring Architecture
- OMEGAMON XE for Mainframe Networks IP Security Monitoring Application
 - Tivoli Management Services Overview
 - OMEGAMON XE for Mainframe Networks
 - ▶ IP Security Workspaces
 - ▶ IP Security Situations and Thresholds
 - ▶ IP Security Historical Views
- Scenarios
- Reference









Reference

- OMEGAMON XE for Mainframe Networks home page
 - http://www.ibm.com/software/tivoli/products/omegamon-xe-mainframe/
- OMEGAMON XE for Mainframe Networks 4.1 documentation.
 - http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/tivihelp/v15r1/index.jsp?toc=/com.ibm.omegamon.mn.doc/toc.xml
 - Planning Guide SC32-1924-00
 - Configuration Guide SC32-1923-00
 - User's Guide SC32-1925-00
 - Problem Determination Guide SC32-1926-00
 - OMEGAMON II for Mainframe Networks
- OMEGAMON XE for Mainframe Networks 4.1 Program Directory
 - http://www.elink.ibmlink.ibm.com/publications/servlet/pbi.wss?CTY=US&FNC=SRX &PBL=GI11-4116-01#
- OMEGAMON XE on z/OS 4.1 User's Guide
 - http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/tivihelp/v15r1/index.jsp?topic=/com.ibm.omegamon xezos.doc/welcome.htm









Questions?







Backup Slides

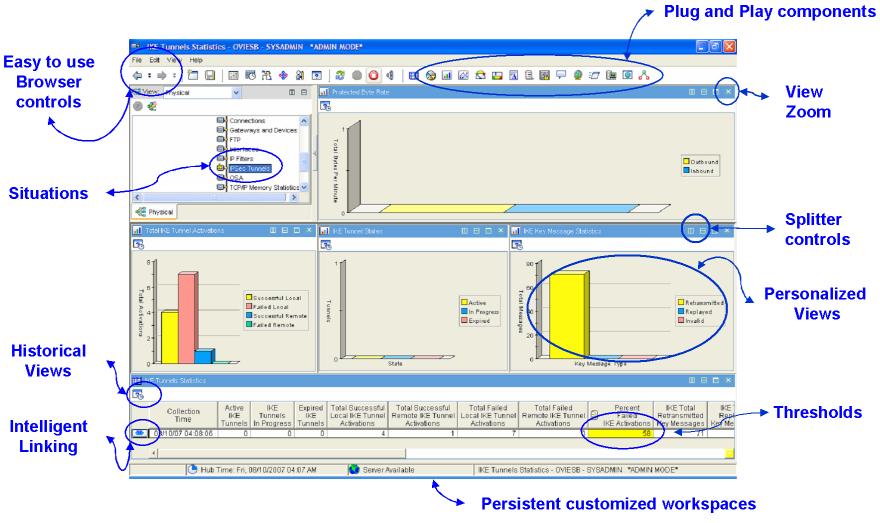








Tivoli Enterprise Portal (TEP)



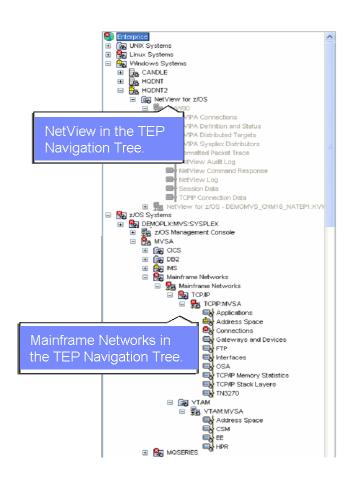






TEP - ONE User Interface

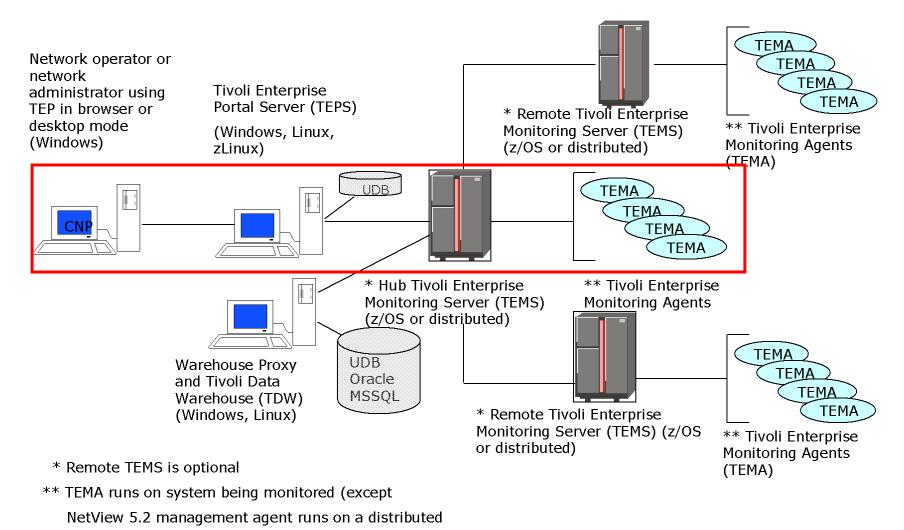
- OMEGAMON XE for ...
 - z/OS (includes Sysplex and Crypto)
 - ▶ CICS (includes CICSplex)
 - ▶ DB2 (includes DB2plex)
 - IMS (includes IMSplex)
 - Linux on System z
 - Mainframe Networks
 - Storage
 - NetView for z/OS







Tivoli Management Services (TMS) V6.1 Common Architecture





system)



Mainframe Networks Use of z/OS IPSec NMI

