



IBM Software Group

IBM WebSphere Application Server V6.1

Web Services – Business Activity



@business on demand.

© 2006 IBM Corporation
Converted to video May 15, 2015

This presentation will explain the Web Services Business Activity support in WebSphere® Application Server Version 6.1.

Agenda

- The WS-C, WS-AT and WS-BA Specifications
- What is WS-BA
- WS-BA Programming Interfaces
- Enabling WS-BA Functionality
- Summary and References



This presentation will begin by explaining the support offered in WebSphere Application Server for the specifications that Web Services Business Activity relies on. Next, this presentation will explain the Web Services Business Activity specification and give an example of the programming interfaces. Last, this presentation will explain how to enable Business Activity functionality within WebSphere Application Server.

Section

The WS-C, WS-AT and WS-BA Specifications



This section discusses the support for various Web Services Business Activity related specifications in WebSphere Application Server Version 6.1.

Existing support

- WS-Coordination (WS-C) and WS-Atomic Transaction (WS-AT) support delivered in WebSphere Application Server V6.0
- Existing support for “compensation” pattern in WebSphere portfolio:
 - ▶ WebSphere Business Integration – Server Foundation V5.1 and WebSphere Process Server V6 using:
 - Business Process Choreographer microflow compensation
 - Business Process Choreographer business level compensation (long-running)



Support for the Web Services Coordination and Web Services Atomic Transactions was provided in WebSphere Application Server Version 6.0. Support for a larger compensation pattern similar to that provided by the Business Activity specification has been offered by other WebSphere products, such as WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation and Business Process Choreographer.

Additional support

- WebSphere Application Server V6.1 provides support for WS-Business Activity (WS-BA)
 - ▶ Implementation of AtomicOutcome
 - WebSphere Application Server only uses ParticipantCompletion but will accept registration of participants requesting CoordinatorCompletion
- Enhanced support for WS-AT and WS-BA to propagate contexts through firewalls



In WebSphere Application Server Version 6.1 support is provided for the Web Services Business Activity specification. Enhancements are provided in the support WS-AT to allow contexts to be propagated through firewalls and other network intermediaries.

Section

What is WS-BA

The next section will explain the Web Services Business Activity specification.

WS-BA definition

- **Web Service *BusinessActivity***
 - ▶ A *business activity* is a collection of tasks that are linked together so that they have an agreed upon outcome
 - ▶ Unlike atomic transactions, activities such as sending an e-mail can be difficult or impossible to roll back atomically
 - Require a compensation process in the event of an error
- **Web Service BusinessActivity**
 - ▶ The WS-BA support in WebSphere Application Server allows Web Services on disparate systems to coordinate activities that are more loosely coupled than atomic transactions



A business activity is considered a collection of tasks that are linked together in way that they have a common final state. These encompass larger more complex activities, such as sending an e-mail, that the atomic transactions specification cannot contain. From the stand point of Web Services, this allows services on different systems to operate together and coordinate their actions in a larger transactional context.

WS-BA benefits

- Allows two phase work to be completed and later compensated
- Allows one phase work to be compensated
- Groups multiple units of work together so that they can be completed with a common direction using the compensational model
- Can coordinate a compensation pattern across different platforms, architectures, or implementations
- Can be used over different transports; HTTP , JMS and IIOP



The WS-BA specification allows single phase work to be compensated, and two phase work to be completed and then compensated at a later time. The specification provides a model for grouping together multiple units of work so that they can be completed in the same compensational model. Since this is a Web Services specification it must be flexible enough to manage compensations across multiple platforms and implementations in a heterogeneous environment. The specification also supports multiple transports, including HTTP, JMS and IIOP.

Business activity scopes

- The scope of a business activity, a BAScope, is that of a core WebSphere Application Server unit of work (UOW)
 - ▶ JTA Transaction
 - ▶ ActivitySession
 - ▶ Local Transaction Containment (LTC)
- A BAScope is not a new UOW; it is an attribute of an existing core UOW
 - ▶ There is a one-to-one relationship between a BAScope and a UOW



A business activity is scoped to a core WebSphere Application Server unit of work, such as a JTA transaction. A business activity scope or BAScope, is not a new unit of work, but rather it exists as an attribute of an existing unit of work in a one-to-one relationship.

Further support

- Business Activity support exists for Web Services (WS-BA) and EJBs using container managed transactions
- WS-BA is fully integrated with the High Availability support introduced in WebSphere Application Server V6.0
- Tool support will be available in Rational® Application Developer V6.1 to create WS-BA enabled application components



Business activity support exists for Web Service and EJBs using container managed transactions. This is also fully integrated with the high availability support that was introduced in WebSphere Application Server V6.0. Tool support for the Business Activity specification is included in the new Rational tools as well.

Section

WS-BA programming interfaces



The next section shows an example of the programming interfaces for Web Services Business Activity.

Programming model: WS-BA APIs

```
package com.ibm.websphere.wsba;
public interface UserBusinessActivity
{
    boolean isCompensateOnly() throws java.lang.IllegalStateException
    void setCompensateOnly() throws java.lang.IllegalStateException
    void setCompensationDataAtCommit(commonj.sdo.DataObject compensationData)
        throws java.lang.IllegalStateException, java.io.NotSerializableException
    void setCompensationDataImmediate(commonj.sdo.DataObject compensationData)
        throws java.lang.IllegalStateException, java.io.NotSerializableException
}
```

JNDI location: java:comp/websphere/UserBusinessActivity

```
package com.ibm.websphere.wsba;
public interface CompensationHandler
{
    public void close(commonj.sdo.DataObject compensationData) throws
        RetryCompensationHandlerException, CompensationHandlerFailedException
    public void compensate(commonj.sdo.DataObject compensationData) throws
        RetryCompensationHandlerException, CompensationHandlerFailedException
}
```

This slide illustrates the interfaces for a `UserBusinessActivity` and a `CompensationHandler`. The `CompensationHandler` interface defines the `compensate` activity that is required for the transaction, whereas the `UserBusinessActivity` specifies how to handle the compensation.

Section

Enabling WS-BA functionality



The next section explains how to enable Web Services Business Activity functionality within WebSphere Application Server Version 6.1.

Enabling WS-BA functionality

- Enable the application server
 - ▶ By default the WS-BA functionality is disabled
 - ▶ Needs to be enabled on each application server planning to exploit the WS-BA functionality
- Create a CompensationHandler class
 - ▶ An implementation of the CompensationHandler interface needs to be created for the WS-BA application component to reference and use at runtime
- Enable the application components
 - ▶ Each application component needs to be configured using the Rational tools to enable WS-BA on the component and by setting a CompensationHandler class for that component



First the business activity functionality must be enabled for the application server, by default it is disabled. This must be enabled for every application server that will be involved with the business activity functionality. Then you must create a compensation handler class, like that shown in the last section. This will be used by the business activity application during runtime. Last the application components need to be enabled for business activity.

Enable the application server

1. In the Administrative Console, click Servers > Application servers > *server_name* > [Container Settings] Container Services > Compensation Service
2. Select the Enable service at server startup checkbox
3. Restart all the servers for the changes to take effect

The screenshot shows the 'Application servers' configuration page for a specific server. The breadcrumb trail is 'Application servers > serverA > Compensation service'. Below the breadcrumb, there is a description: 'Use this page to manage the compensation service. The compensation service supports server-level configuration for compensation enablement and logging.' The main content area is titled 'Configuration' and is divided into two sections: 'General Properties' and 'Additional Properties'. In the 'General Properties' section, the 'Enable service at server startup' checkbox is checked. Other fields include 'Recovery log directory' (empty), 'Recovery log file size' (5 MB), 'Compensation handler retry limit' (-1 retries), and 'Compensation handler retry interval' (30 seconds). At the bottom of the configuration area are buttons for 'Apply', 'OK', 'Reset', and 'Cancel'. The 'Additional Properties' section contains a link for 'Custom Properties'.

The business activity functionality can be enabled for an application server as a container service. Select the compensation service, and check the box for enabling the service during startup. After this had been enabled, the application server will need to be restarted.

Create a CompensationHandler class

1. Create a new Java™ class that implements the `com.ibm.websphere.wsba.CompensationHandler` interface
2. Implement the `close` and `compensate` methods on the new compensation handler object, to perform appropriate actions depending on the Service Data Object (SDO) data that will be passed to the compensation handler when it is invoked



Next you will need to write a new Java class that implements the CompensationHandler interface. You will have to create implementations of the `close` and `compensate` methods to perform the necessary actions depending on the data that is passed to the handler during runtime.

Enable the Application Components

1. Open the application component in the assembly toolkit
2. Open the deployment descriptor for the application component in the deployment descriptor viewer
3. Scroll to the Compensation section and select the Run EJB methods under a Business Activity scope check box
4. In the Compensation handler class text field, type the fully qualified class name of the compensation handler class that you created earlier
5. Save the deployment descriptor
6. Build the application, including both the application component and the compensation handler
 - If the application is a Web Service, the application must be compliant with the JSR 109 standard
7. Deploy the application onto an application server that is business-activity-enabled



The various application components must also be enabled for business activity support, this can be done using the assembly toolkit. Within the deployment descriptor for the application the parameters for the CompensationHandler will need to be set and saved. Then the application will need to be rebuilt containing the new CompensationHandler, and then redeployed to the environment where the business activity support has been enabled.

Section

Summary and references

The next section is a summary of the presentation.

Summary and references

- WebSphere Application Server V6.1 supports the WS-BA specification
- WebSphere Application Server V6.1 continues to support and enhance WS-C and WS-AT



This presentation explained the new support for the Web Services Business Activity specification in WebSphere Application Server Version 6.1.

The WS-C, WS-AT and WS-BA specifications

- **WS-Coordination (WS-C)**
 - ▶ Underlying Context Coordination; enabling coordination types
 - ▶ Latest public version – Aug 2005
- **WS-AtomicTransaction (WS-AT)**
 - ▶ Atomic commit or rollback; 2PC
 - ▶ Latest public version – Aug 2005
- **WS-BusinessActivity (WS-BA)**
 - ▶ Overall outcome atomic; business compensation
 - ▶ Latest public version – Aug 2005
- <http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/library/specification/ws-tx/>



This slide and the next one show information about the specifications.

The WS-C, WS-AT and WS-BA specifications

- Public feedback held in Redmond, March 2004
- Interoperability workshop held in Jan 2005
 - ▶ Successfully demonstrated specification interoperability between 5 implementations
 - Include implementations from IBM, Microsoft™, IONA
- WS-C, WS-AT and WS-BA specifications are currently being standardized in OASIS
 - ▶ http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=ws-tx

Trademarks, copyrights, and disclaimers

The following terms are trademarks or registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both:

| | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| IBM | CICS | IMS | MQSeries | Tivoli |
| IBM (logo) | Cloudscape | Informix | OS/390 | WebSphere |
| eflago/business | DB2 | iSeries | OS/400 | xSeries |
| ALX | DB2 Universal Database | Lotus | pSeries | zSeries |

Java and all Java-based trademarks are trademarks of Sun Microsystems, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, and the Windows logo are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Intel, ActionMedia, LANDesk, MMX, Pentium and ProShare are trademarks of Intel Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group in the United States and other countries.

Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds.

Other company, product and service names may be trademarks or service marks of others.

Product data has been reviewed for accuracy as of the date of initial publication. Product data is subject to change without notice. This document could include technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. IBM may make improvements and/or changes in the product(s) and/or program(s) described herein at any time without notice. Any statements regarding IBM's future direction and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only. References in this document to IBM products, programs, or services does not imply that IBM intends to make such products, programs or services available in all countries in which IBM operates or does business. Any reference to an IBM Program Product in this document is not intended to state or imply that only that program product may be used. Any functionally equivalent program, that does not infringe IBM's intellectual property rights, may be used instead.

Information is provided "AS IS" without warranty of any kind. THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS DOCUMENT IS DISTRIBUTED "AS IS" WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. IBM EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NONINFRINGEMENT. IBM shall have no responsibility to update this information. IBM products are warranted, if at all, according to the terms and conditions of the agreements (e.g., IBM Customer Agreement, Statement of Limited Warranty, International Program License Agreement, etc.) under which they are provided. Information concerning non-IBM products was obtained from the suppliers of those products, their published announcements or other publicly available sources. IBM has not tested those products in connection with this publication and cannot confirm the accuracy of performance, compatibility or any other claims related to non-IBM products. IBM makes no representations or warranties, express or implied, regarding non-IBM products and services.

The provision of the information contained herein is not intended to, and does not, grant any right or license under any IBM patents or copyrights. Inquiries regarding patent or copyright licenses should be made, in writing, to:

IBM Director of Licensing
IBM Corporation
North Castle Drive
Armonk, NY 10504-1785
U.S.A.

Performance is based on measurements and projections using standard IBM benchmarks in a controlled environment. All customer examples described are presented as illustrations of how those customers have used IBM products and the results they may have achieved. The actual throughput or performance that any user will experience will vary depending upon considerations such as the amount of multiprogramming in the user's job stream, the I/O configuration, the storage configuration, and the workload processed. Therefore, no assurance can be given that an individual user will achieve throughput or performance improvements equivalent to the ratios stated here.

© Copyright International Business Machines Corporation 2006. All rights reserved.

Note to U.S. Government Users - Documentation related to restricted rights-Use, duplication or disclosure is subject to restrictions set forth in GSA ADP Schedule Contract and IBM Corp.

