# FTP adapter - SFTP support lab

What th	nis exercise is about	1
Lab rec	quirements	1
What y	ou should be able to do	2
Introdu	ction	2
Exercis	e instructions	2
Part 1:	Initialize the workspace and prepare for the lab	5
1.1.	Review new properties	7
Part 2:	Inbound test using SSH user name and password authentication	9
2.1.	Configure inbound using the external service wizard1	0
2.2.	Add Java component1	8
2.3.	Test inbound scenario1	9
Part 3:	Outbound test using SSH public/private key authentication2	1
3.1.	Configure outbound using external service wizard	2
3.2.	Test outbound scenario2	7
Solution	n instructions	0
What y	ou did in this exercise	2
Task: A	Adding remote server to WebSphere Integration Developer test environment	3

### What this exercise is about

The objective of this lab is to configure and test the adapter for FTP to work with a secure SSH server.

### Lab requirements

List of system and software required for the student to complete the lab.

- WebSphere Integration Developer V7.0 installed and updated with latest fixes
- WebSphere Process Server V7.0 Test Environment installed and updated latest fixes
- Extract Labfiles70.zip to your C:\ (your root) drive
- Complete the lab '**Install and configure SSH server**' successfully to install freeSSHd server and generate key-pair using PuTTy key generator

### What you should be able to do

At the end of this lab you should be able to:

- Import FTP adapter RAR file into WebSphere Integration Developer
- Use External Service wizard to configure inbound operation with the user name and password authentication for SSH
- Deploy the inbound adapter application onto WebSphere Process Server and test the deployed application
- Use External Service wizard to configure outbound operation with the public-key authentication for SSH
- Deploy the outbound adapter application onto WebSphere Process Server and test the deployed application
- Restore the server configuration

### Introduction

SSH over FTP (SFTP) is a network protocol that provides a mechanism for file transfer over a reliable data stream. SFTP runs on a secure SSH channel on port 22 and encrypts all traffic using either user name and password authentication or public key authentication. Public key authentication uses a pair of computer generated keys, one public and one private.

Inbound scenario illustrates the use of user name and password authentication and outbound scenario illustrates the use of public key authentication.

### **Exercise instructions**

Some instructions in this lab are Windows operating-system specific. If you plan on running the lab on an operating-system other than Windows, you will need to run the appropriate commands, and use appropriate files ( .sh or .bat) for your operating system. The directory locations are specified in the lab instructions using symbolic references, as follows:

Reference variable	Windows location	AIX <sup>®</sup> or UNIX <sup>®</sup> location
<wid_home></wid_home>	C:\Program Files\IBM\WID70	
<wps_home></wps_home>	C:\ <wid_home>\runtimes/bi_v70</wid_home>	
<ftpadapter_home></ftpadapter_home>	<wid_home>\ResourceAdapters\FlatFile_7.0.0.0\deploy</wid_home>	
<lab_files></lab_files>	C:\Labfiles70	/tmp/Labfiles70
<workspace></workspace>	<lab_files>\SFTP\workspace</lab_files>	
<local_event></local_event>	<lab_files>\SFTP\LocalEventDir</lab_files>	
<local_archive></local_archive>	<lab_files>\SFTP\LocalArchiveDir</lab_files>	
<event_dir></event_dir>	<lab_files>\SFTPHome\EventDir</lab_files>	
<archive_dir></archive_dir>	<lab_files>\SFTPHome\ArchiveDir</lab_files>	
<out_dir></out_dir>	<lab_files>\SFTPHome\OutputDir</lab_files>	
<ftpfiles></ftpfiles>	<lab_files>\FTPFiles</lab_files>	
<temp></temp>	C:\temp	/tmp

**Windows users note**: When directory locations are passed as parameters to a Java<sup>™</sup> program such as EJBdeploy or wsadmin, it is necessary to replace the backslashes with forward slashes to follow the Java convention. For example, replace C:\Labfiles70\ with C:/Labfiles70/

### Instructions if using a remote server for testing

Note that the previous table is relative to where you are running WebSphere Integration Developer. The following table is related to where you are running the remote test environment:

Reference variable	Example: Remote Windows test server location	Example: Remote z/OS <sup>®</sup> test server location	Input your values for the remote location of the test server
<server_name></server_name>	server1	sssr011	
<was_home></was_home>	C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere\AppServer	/etc/sscell/AppServer	
<hostname></hostname>	localhost	mvsxxx.rtp.raleigh.ibm.com	
<soap_port></soap_port>	8880	8880	
<telnet_port></telnet_port>	N/A	1023	
<profile_name></profile_name>	AppSrv01	default	
<userid></userid>	N/A	ssadmin	
<password></password>	N/A	fr1day	

Instructions for using a remote testing environment, such as z/OS, AIX or Solaris, can be found at the end of this document, in the section "<u>Task: Adding remote server to WebSphere Integration Developer</u> test environment".

### Part 1: Initialize the workspace and prepare for the lab

In this part of the lab, you will start the WebSphere Integration Developer V7.0 with a new workspace and defined required WebSphere variables using the administrative console of WebSphere Process Server V7.0

- 1. Extract the provided Labfiles70.zip to your C:\ (root) drive, if you have not already done so. This will create the necessary subdirectory structure to complete the lab, and provides you with sample text files
- 2. Start the WebSphere Integration Developer V7.0 with a new workspace
  - \_\_\_\_a. Select Start > All Programs > IBM WebSphere Integration Developer > IBM WebSphere Integration Developer V7.0 > WebSphere Integration Developer V7.0
  - \_\_\_\_b. From the Workspace Launcher window, enter **<WORKSPACE>** for the Workspace field

🚯 Workspace Launcher		×	
Select a workspace			
IBM WebSphere Integration Developer 7.0 stores your projects in a folder called a workspace. Choose a workspace folder to use for this session.			
Walkstone C/U philos70\SETD\workstones		Province	
workspace: C:(Labilies/0(5FTP(Workspace	Ľ,	prowse	
Copy Settings			
		Cancel	

3. Click the button on the right corner to close the Welcome page and proceed with the workbench

\_\_\_\_4. Follow the instructions of "**Define WebSphere variables**" lab to define the WebSphere variables listed in the table below, which are used later in this lab:

**Note**: In FlatFile adapter, you have to give directory values (Event directory, Archive directory, Output directory and so on, needed values in activation spec and managed connection factory) while running external service wizard. Presently these values can be changed in the module and re-deploy it (or) can be changed in deployed application from administration console. This is like hard coding the values of these properties. All local directory (including event and archive) properties in ActivationSpec can be filled with WebSphere environment variables. This way hard coding of directory paths for these properties can be avoided. From WebSphere Process Server V6.1, you can declare these values as environment variables and specify the environment variable name in the external service wizard. So when you deploy this application, the environment variable name is replaced with actual value and used by the adapter. This is very helpful if the values of these properties need to be changed.

Name	Value
SFTP_EVENT	/EventDir
SFTP_ARCHIVE	/ArchiveDir
SFTP_LOCAL_EVENT	C:\Labfiles70\SFTP\LocalEventDir
SFTP_LOCAL_ARCHIVE	C:\Labfiles70\SFTP\LocalArchiveDir
SFTP_OUT	/OutputDir

### 1.1. Review new properties

This part of the lab will give you brief description of some the new properties that are not used in this lab.

- New in V7.0: FTPS Connection mode: Specify the connection mode (Implicit or Explicit) to define the data protection level with which the data is transferred between the client and the server can be configured.
  - Explicit In an explicit mode, the connection begins with an unencrypted FTP connection. When any sensitive information such as password needs to be sent, the client explicitly issues a request to switch to a secure FTP connection. After the successful SSL negotiation, a secure command channel is established between the client and the server. Explicit mode works with the default port 21 and is compliant with RFC 2228 commands. RFC 2228 specifies the mechanism for authenticating connections and confidential data transfer between the client and the server and this is referred as explicit mode. The AUTH command is used for specifying the security mechanism for the explicit mode. The client sends AUTH command (AUTH SSL/TLS) to the FTPS server and switches to a secure command connection.
  - Implicit In an implicit mode, the communication between the client and server is setup immediately in secure mode. The text information exchanged between the client and server is in an encrypted form. The default port for implicit mode is 990.
- New in V7.0: Data channel protection level:
  - **Private** Data is transferred in encrypted form: Select Private, if the data transfer between the Adapter and the FTPS server should be in an encrypted form
  - Clear Data is transferred as clear text: Select Clear, if the data transfer between the Adapter and the FTPS server should be in clear text form

Note: The default value is set to Private

**Note: Server authentication** can be enabled while establishing a SSL connection. While using SSL, FTPS server sends its certificate to the FTP client for verification. The FTP client verifies the certificate to ascertain that it is communicating with the intended FTP server. To enable this verification process, the FTP server's certificate should be present in the client's trust store. Following three properties are used for this server authentication.

- New in V7.0: Keystore type: Specify type of the keystore
  - o JKS
  - o PKCS12

**Note**: Use keytool utility, if you want to import server's certificate into client's trust store. For example, enter the command keytool -import -v -alias serverCert -file server.cert -keystore clientTrustStore where server.cert is the certificate of the server and clientTrustStore is the trust store of the client. Ensure that the value of Keystore type property is same as the type used while creating the keystore.

- New in V7.0: Truststore file\*: Specify the path of the truststore file that contains the certificates of the servers trusted by the adapter
- New in V7.0: Truststore password: Specify the password of the truststore. It is used to check the integrity of the truststore data. If the value is not specified, the integrity check is not performed. It is applicable only if the protocol value is set to FTP over SSL or FTP over TLS

**Note: Client authentication** can be enabled while establishing a SSL connection. When using SSL/TLS, FTPS server requests for the client's certificate. The FTPS server verifies the certificate sent by the client to ascertain that it is communicating with the intended client. To enable this verification process, the FTPS server has to support client authentication and the client's certificate should be present at the server's trust store. At the client's end, client's keystore information has to be available for the exchange of the certificate to take place. Following three properties are used for this client authentication along with the Keystore type.

- New in V7.0: Keystore file: Specify the path of the keystore file. The keystore file will contain the
  private key entry of the FTPS client. It is also accompanied by a certificate chain for the corresponding
  public key
- New in V7.0: Keystore password: Specifiy the password of the keystore. It is used to check the
  integrity of the keystore data. If the value is not specified, integrity check is not executed. It is
  applicable only if the protocol value is set to FTP over SSL or FTP over TLS
- New in V7.0: Key password: Set the Key password to the password provided while creating the key in the keystore. This value is required to extract the certificate from the keystore while establishing a SSL connection.

Note: All these properties are applicable only if the protocol value is set to FTP over SSL or FTP over TLS

• New In V7.0: Enable remote verification: It checks whether the control and data connections are established with the same host (typically the machine from which you establish a connection to the FTP server). If not, the connection fails. By default, Enable remote verification check box is selected. This property is applicable to only FTP and FTPS protocols.

### Part 2: Inbound test using SSH user name and password authentication

During the inbound processing, the FTP adapter polls the event directory associated with SSH server for events at specified intervals. Each time a file is created or updated, the adapter tracks it as an event. When the adapter detects an event, it requests a copy of the file (which is saved to the local event directory), converts the file data into a business object and sends it to the consuming service.

You should have already completed the lab '**Install and configure SSH server**" lab and created the user name and password in the SSH server to be used in adapter configuration to authenticate to that server.

### 2.1. Configure inbound using the external service wizard

In this part of the lab you will use the new external service wizard to create and configure the function selector, data binding and other required artifacts to test the inbound processing. You will use user name and password authentication for SSH.

- \_\_\_\_1. Create the module: SFTPInboundModule
  - \_\_\_\_a. From the Business Integration window, right-click and select New > Module
  - \_\_\_b. From the New Module window, enter SFTPInboundModule for the Module Name

🚯 New Module
Create a Module
Use a module to integrate business applications and services. A module can contain any type of component and can be deployed on WebSphere Process Server.
Module name: SFTPInboundModule
Vise default location
Location: C:\Labfiles70\SFTP\workspace\SFTPInboundModule Browse
☑ Open module assembly diagram

\_\_\_\_ c. Ensure that the box next to Open module assembly diagram is checked and then click Finish

You will now see a new module, SFTPInboundModule, created from your Business Integration window

- 2. To start External Service from the Palette:
  - \_\_\_\_a. From the **Palette** on the left side of Assembly Diagram, click **Inbound Adapters**:

🕄 SFTPInboundModule -	Assembly Dia
👌 😴 Palette	
💫 🗨 🗨 🖫 🕼	
🕞 Favorites	
🕞 Components	
🕞 Outbound Imports	
🕞 Inbound Exports	
🔁 Outbound Adapters	
🔁 Inbound Adapters	
🔁 E-mail	
襘 Flat File	
DB An export compon connects to a remu D t system (FTP).	ent which ote file

- \_\_\_\_b. Under Inbound Adapters, click the **FTP** and then click the empty canvas of the assembly diagram. The New FTP File Service wizard is opened
- 3. From the New External Service window, expand Adapters > FTP and select Advanced: Create a FTP service using the complete wizard



\_\_\_a. Click Next

Note: You can also start the External Service from the File menu option:

From the main menu, select **File > New > External Service**. This opens an External Service wizard that helps you obtain a service which establishes connectivity with other systems.

#### Select Adapters > FTP and click Next

4. On the Select an Adapter screen, select IBM WebSphere Adapter for FTP (IBM : 7.0.0.0\_IF01) and click Next

🖶 New External Service	
Select an Adapter Select the version of the adapter that you want to use.	0
IBM WebSphere Adapter for FTP (IBM : 7.0.0.0_IF01)	

\_\_\_\_ 5. Adapter Import screen:

In this step, you will import a connector resource adapter archive from the file system into your WebSphere Integration Developer workspace. The adapter RAR file already exists under **<FTPADAPTER\_HOME**>

- \_\_\_\_a. The default Connector file is selected which is shipped along with WebSphere Integration Developer
- \_\_\_\_ b. Accept the default name for Connector project, CWYFT\_FTPFile. You can change it to any other name, but for this lab, you can leave the default name.
- \_\_\_\_ c. For Target server, ensure that WebSphere Process Server v7.0 is selected

🚯 New External Service
Import a RAR File
Import a resource adapter archive (RAR) from the file system to create a connector project for the adapter.
Archive file: C:\IBM\WID7\ResourceAdapters\FTP_7.0.0.0_IF01\CWYFT_FTPFile.rar
Connector project: * CWYFT_FTPFile
Target runtime enviroment: WebSphere Process Server v7.0

\_\_\_ d. Click Next

**Note**: The resource adapter archive file is imported and a new connector project, **CWYFT\_FTPFile**, is listed under Business Integration view.

**Note**: If you are using the **File menu** option to start the External Service wizard, you are asked to select the **Processing Direction** at this point. Select the radio button next to **Inbound** and click **Next** to proceed to the next step.

- 6. Service Configuration Properties:
  - \_\_\_\_a. Deploy connector project: ensure that the default option **With module for use by single application** is selected
  - \_\_\_\_b. Enter these for FTP system connection information:
    - 1) Host name: **<FTP\_Machine\_Name>** (or IP Address of the machine that has SFTP Server), for Ex: localhost
    - 2) Remote directory: **\${SFTP\_EVENT}**

Note: This is the directory from where adapter gets the event files

- 3) Local directory: **\${SFTP\_LOCAL\_EVENT}**
- 4) Protocol: SFTP (Secure shell File Transfer Protocol)
- 5) Port number: **22** (default is 21, but, when you change the protocol to SFTP, the port number automatically changes to 22)

Deploy connector project:	With module for use by single application 🔫 🚽		
Connection settings:	Use properties below		
Connection properties			
FTP system connection information			
Host name: * localhost			
Remote directory:* \${SFTP_E	VENT}		
Local directory: * \${SFTP_LC	DCAL_EVENT}	Browse	
Protocol: SFTP (Secu	ure shell File Transfer Protocol) 🛛 🗲 🔽		
Port number: 22 🔫	•		

\_\_\_\_ c. Click **Advanced** >> to see the hidden advanced properties that can be configured:

<pre>&lt;&lt; Advanced</pre>
Event polling configuration
Event delivery configuration
Event persistence configuration
Additional configuration
FTP archiving configuration
Socks proxy server connection information
Secure configuration
Bidi properties
Logging and tracing

You can click each of the configurations and review the options available under it. For this lab, you will need only some of these properties.

\_\_\_\_\_d. Event persistence configuration: In this part of the lab, you will not use any JNDI instead use adapter's in-memory representation of event table to store all the necessary information

**Note**: The Event recovery data source (JNDI) name is **not mandatory** from V6.1. Now, the adapter can use **in-memory representation** of event table to store all the necessary information. Adapter uses this feature when event database information is not configured during inbound event polling. This feature will not support the capability of handling "Ensure once-only event delivery".

\_\_\_\_e. FTP archiving configuration:

1) Local Archive directory: **\${SFTP\_LOCAL\_ARCHIVE}** 

2) Remote archive directory: **\${SFTP \_ARCHIVE}** 

FTP archiving configuration	ion
-----------------------------	-----

To archive processed inbound event files on the local system, specify a local archive directory. To archive files on the remote system for the inbound event files downloaded to the local system, specify a remote archive directory.		
Local archive directory:	\${SFTP_LOCAL_ARCHIVE}	Browse
File extension for local archive:	original	
Success file extension for local archive:	success	
Failure file extension for local archive:	fail	
Remote archive directory:	\${SFTP_ARCHIVE}	
File extension for remote archive:		

\_\_\_\_f. Secure configuration: You will use the 'Private key file' and 'Passphrase' fields in "Part3: Outbound test using SSH public/private key authentication" of this lab

-	Secure configuration		
	🔲 Enable remote server auth	entication for SFTP protocol	
	Host key file:		Browse
	Private key file:		Browse
	Passphrase:		
	FTPS connection mode:	Explicit 🔽	
	Data channel protection level:	Private - Data is transferred in encrypted form 📃 💌	
	Keystore type:	JKS	
	Truststore file;		Browse
	Truststore password:		
	Keystore file:		Browse
	Keystore password:		
	Key password:		

\_\_\_\_g. For this lab, you are going to use the security properties from the activation specification.

1) Select the radio button next to Using security properties from the activation specification

Note: Provide the user name and password created in the lab 'Install and configure SSH server lab'.

- User name: username using which you connect to your SFTP server (for Ex: sftpuser1)
- 3) Password: password for the user to connect to your SFTP server (password)

Service properties				
How do you want to specify the security credentials?				
C Using an existing JAAS alias (recommended)				
A Java Authentication and Authorization Services (JAAS) alias is the preferred method.				
J2C authentication data entry:				
Output State St				
The properties will be stored as plain text; no encryption is used.				
User name: * sftpuser1				
Password: * *******				
C Other				
Use if no security is required or will be handled by the EIS system, or the RAR will be deployed on the server and security will be specified by the properties in the JNDI lookup name.				

- 7. Under Service properties, for Function selector options, select Use default function selector 'FilenameFunctionSelector' from the drop down list
- 8. For Data format options, select Use default data binding 'FTPFileBaseDataBinding' for all operations from the drop down list

Service properties	n and Authorization Services (JAAS) alias security credential.	
J2C authentication data entry:		
Function selector options:	Use default function selector 'FilenameFunctionSelector' <table-cell-columns> 🔽</table-cell-columns>	
Function selector:	Not defined	Select
Data format options:	Use default data format 'FTPFileBaseDataBinding' for all operations 🔫 🔽	
Data format:	Not defined	Select

9. Check the box next to Change logging properties for wizard to view the output location of the log file and the logging level and click Next

#### Define emitFTPFileBG operation:

- 10. From the Operations screen, click Add...
  - \_\_\_\_a. Add Operation window is opened. Select Generic FTP business object with business graph for the Data type and click Next

Operation properties	
The data type for the operation input:	Generic FTP business object with business graph

You are back to Operation window and because you have chosen the data type with business graph, the Input type is populated as **FTPFileBG**.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. For **Operation name**, enter any name, for Ex: **emitFTPFileBG**
- 12. Accept the default selection, **Use suggested data format 'FTPFileBaseDataBinding'**, for **Data binding**

Operation name: *	emitFTPFileBG		
Specify the operation inp	ut		
Input type;	FTPFileBG {http://www.ibm.com/xmlns/prod/websphere/j2c	Browse	New
Data format options:	Use suggested data format 'FTPFileBaseDataBinding'		
Data format:	Not defined	Select	

\_\_\_\_a. Click Finish. The defined operation, emitFTPFileBG, is populated under Operations list

Operations:	
emitFTPFileBG ({http://www.ibm.com/xmlns/prod/websphere/j2ca/ftp/ftpfilebg}FTPFileBG): void	Add
	Edit
	Remove
-	

\_\_\_\_b. Click **Next** from Operations screen

\_\_\_\_\_ 13. From Generate Service screen, accept the default value, **FTPExport**, for **Name** 

Properties for serv	vice	
Module;	SFTPInboundModule	New
Namespace;	http://SFTPInboundModule/FTPExport	
	✓ Use default namespace	
Name: *	FTPExport	
Description:		

### \_\_\_a. Click Finish

\_\_\_\_\_ 14. The Assembly diagram for SFTPInboundModule is opened with an Export component, FTPExport:

SFTPInboundModule	- Assembly Diagram 🛛 🕄
👌 🔮 Palette	
ે. <b>€</b> . ૨ 🐌	
🔁 Favorites	Tre FTPExport

\_\_\_\_\_ 15. Save (Ctrl + S) changes to your assembly diagram

### 2.2. Add Java component

In this part of the lab, you will add a Java component and then wire the component to the existing Export interface. The Java component is your endpoint.

- 1. Open the assembly diagram for SFTPInboundModule (if it is already not open)
  - \_\_\_\_a. From the business integration view, expand SFTPInboundModule and double click Assembly diagram
- 2. Drop a Java component to onto the assembly diagram
  - \_\_\_\_a. From the **Palette**, click **Components** to expand it
  - \_\_\_\_b. Click **Java** and then click the empty space of FTPDefaultsInboundModule assembly diagram. This will place a new component, **Component1** on the assembly diagram.
  - \_\_\_\_ 3. Wire the FTPExport to the Component1
    - \_\_\_\_a. Select the wire (11) icon from the Palette
    - \_\_\_\_b. Click FTPExport and then click Component1 to wire them together
    - \_\_\_\_ c. Select **OK** for the Add Wire pop-up window:
    - \_\_\_\_\_d. From the top of the Palette, click the **Selection Tool** icon ( ) to get back to the normal cursor mode
    - \_\_\_\_e. Right-click the empty space of the Assembly diagram and select Arrange Contents Automatically from the pop-up menu

Your assembly diagram for SFTPInboundModule will look like this:



- \_\_\_\_\_f. Right-click **Component1** and select **Generate Implementation** from the pop-up menu
- \_\_\_g. On the Generate Implementation panel, select default package, and click OK
- \_\_\_\_h. Component1Impl.java is opened in Assembly editor. Scroll down to the method emitFTPFileBG that needs to be implemented and add this code under that method:

System.out.println("\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*Reached Endpoint\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*");

- \_\_\_\_i. Save (Ctrl + S) and close Component1Impl.java
- \_\_\_\_j. Save (Ctrl + S) and close Assembly diagram: SFTPInboundModule

### 2.3. Test inbound scenario

In this part of the lab, you will use the WebSphere Process Server Test Environment to test the SCA application inbound processing.

- 1. Add the project to the WebSphere Test Environment server
  - \_\_\_\_a. Right-click **WebSphere Process Server v7.0** under the Servers view and select **Add and** remove projects... from the pop-up menu
  - \_\_\_ b. From the Add and Remove Projects window, select SFTPInboundModuleApp under Available projects panel and click Add >
  - \_\_\_\_ c. You will now see the SFTPInboundModuleApp added to the Configured projects
  - \_\_\_\_\_d. Click **Finish** and wait until the project is being published onto the server. The server is started in Debug mode if it is not already started before
  - \_\_\_2. Test the application by input files:

Note: For your convenience, three test files, **sample.txt**, **sample.txt1**, **sample.txt2** are placed in <**FTPFILES>**.

\_\_\_\_\_ a. On the machine where the freeSSHd server is running, put sample.txt (or any of the three sample files) file in the EventDir under your SFTP server. The adapter will poll the copied file from the event directory and will transfer it to the archive directory

Verify the results:

\_\_\_\_ b. No matter what type of file you put in Event directory, it will pass through the only existing method, emitFTPFileBG, and you should see this message in your Server Logs view (or SystemOut.log):

📅 Task Flows 🙆 Build Acti	vities 🔲 Properties 🔝 Proble	ms 🛅 Server I	Logs 🛛 🤻 Servers 🕻 Asset Repositories 📃 🗖	
		🧓 🔹	🍰 • 👘 🖽 🖽 🕆 🕂 😼 🔗 • 🖉 👪	
Welcome WebSphere Pr	ocess Server v7.0 at localhost - 🖇	3		
Console (filtered): W	Console (filtered): WebSphere Process Server v7.0 at localhost			
Show All Record Types (Hierarchical) > with only Server State and Error Contents (Page 1 of 1)				
Туре	🔺 Time	Thread ID	Contents	
🔲 🗐 Log message	Dec 7, 2009 19:32:15.640	. 000001ce WSVR0200I: Starting application: SFTPInboundModuleApp		
🔲 🗐 Log message	Dec 7, 2009 19:32:39.109	000001ce WSVR0221I: Application started: SFTPInboundModuleApp		
🗖 📑 Log message	Dec 7, 2009 19:33:24.000	000001ce	*******Reached Endpoint******	

- \_\_\_ c. Check the <LOCAL\_EVENT\_DIR> on your local machine. The file is quickly moved from this directory to the local archive directory
- \_\_\_\_\_d. Check the **ArchiveDir** of your SFTP server which should contain the same file name appended with year, month, date, system time, and processed as you have given

\_\_\_\_e. Check the <LOCAL\_ARCHIVE\_DIR> subdirectory which should contain an archive of the event file, with the same file name appended with year, month, date, system time, and success

Address 🛅 C:\Labfiles70\SFTP\LocalArchiveDir				
Folders	×	Name 🔺	Size	Туре
🖃 🧰 SFTP		sample.txt_2009_12_07_19_33_23_625.success	1 KB	SUCCESS File

- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Restore the Sever Configuration
  - \_\_\_\_a. Right-click **WebSphere Process Server v7.0** under the Servers view and select **Add and remove projects...** from the pop-up menu
  - \_\_\_\_b. Select SFTPInboundModuleApp under Configured projects and click < Remove
  - \_\_\_\_ c. Click **Finish** after you see the application moved to Available projects. Wait until the application is being unpublished

### Part 3: Outbound test using SSH public/private key authentication

Public key authentication is one of the most secure methods used to authenticate when using a Secure Shell. Public key authentication uses a pair of computer generated keys, one public and one private. The public key can be distributed and resides in the SFTP server. The private key is unique to the user name and must not be shared.

The following properties are required to enable public key authentication:

Host name

Port number

User name

Private key

Passphrase is an optional property that is used to provide extra protection for the private key.

The adapter for FTP uses a JSch library to generate digital signatures, which are used during authentication. Digital signatures are used to simulate the security properties of a handwritten signature. The signature is received by the FTP server and authenticated using the public key.

The key-pair must be generated in the OpenSSH format and can be generated using any of the standard encryption algorithms. Generation of the key-pair using freeSSHd and PuTTY generator are explained in the lab "Install and configure SSH server".

If both the Password (username and password authentication) and the Private key (public key authentication) values are specified in the external service wizard, the Private key property value takes precedence. The adapter then tries to authenticate to the server using public key authentication.

### 3.1. Configure outbound using external service wizard

In this part of the lab you will use the new external service wizard to create and configure the data binding and other required artifacts to test the outbound processing. You will use user public key authentication for SSH.

- \_\_\_\_1. Create SFTPOutboundModule
  - \_\_\_\_a. From the Business Integration window, right-click and select New > Module
  - \_\_\_\_b. From the New Module window, enter SFTPOutboundModule for the Module Name
  - \_\_\_\_ c. Ensure that the box next to **Open module assembly diagram** is checked and then click **Finish**
  - 2. You will now see a new module, SFTPOutboundModule, created from your Business Integration window
- \_\_\_\_ 3. To start the external service wizard from the Palette:
  - \_\_\_\_a. From the **Palette** on the left side of Assembly Diagram, click **Outbound Adapters**:
  - \_\_\_\_ b. Under Outbound Adapters, click the FTP and then click the empty canvas of the assembly diagram. The New FTP Service wizard is opened
- 4. From the New External Service window, expand Adapters > FTP and select Advanced: Create a FTP service using the complete wizard

🚯 New External Service
Select the Service Type or Registry Select the type of service to create or registry to browse.
Filter: type filter text
<u>A</u> vailable types:
Adapters     Adapters     Advanced: Create a FTP service using the complete wizard     Simple: Create an outbound FTP service to write to a remote file
Description:
Creates a service that reads from or writes to a file on a remote file system using the WebSphere® Adapter for File Transfer Protocol (FTP). You can create integrated processes to access files managed by the FTP server without special coding. During outbound processing, the adapter receives a request from the module in the form of a business object and then the adapter processes the request and returns the result when applicable, in a business object. During inbound processing, the adapter polls a file system associated with a FTP server for events at specified intervals. When the adapter detects an event, it requests a copy of the file, converts the file into a business object, and sends it to the consuming service.

\_\_\_a. Click Next

Note: You can also start the external service wizard from the File menu option:

From the main menu, select **File > New > External Service**. This opens an external service wizard that helps you obtain a service which establishes connectivity with other systems. The wizard provides three connectivity options – Adapters, Registers, and Messaging

Select the radio button next to Adapters and click Next

\_ 5. On the Select an Adapter screen, expand IBM WebSphere Adapter for FTP (IBM : 7.0.0.0\_IF01) and select CWYFT\_FTPFile

🤀 New External Service	
Select an Adapter Select the version of the adapter that you want to use.	۵,
Image: State of the second	

- \_\_\_a. Click Next
- \_\_\_\_6. Service Configuration Properties:
  - \_\_\_\_a. Deploy connector project: ensure that the default option With module for use by single application is selected
  - \_\_\_\_b. Enter these for FTP system connection information:
    - 1) Host name: **<FTP\_Machine\_Name>** (or IP Address of the machine that has FTP Server), for Ex: localhost
    - 2) Directory: **\${SFTP\_OUT}**

Note: This is the folder where the adapter will create the file.

- 3) Protocol: SFTP secure shell(SSH) file transfer protocol
- 4) Port number: **22** (default is 21, but, when you change the protocol to SFTP, the port number automatically changes to 22)

Deploy connector project:	With module for use by single application	on 🗲 🔽
Connection settings:	Use properties below	V
Connection properties		
FTP system connection information		
Host name: * localhost		
Directory: * \${SFTP_Out}		
Protocol: SFTP (Secure sh	ell File Transfer Protocol)	<b>~</b>
Port number: 22 <		

- \_\_\_\_ c. Click **Advanced** >> to see the hidden advanced properties that can be configured:
- \_\_\_\_d. Click Secure configuration
  - 1) Private key file: Browse and select the **Private key** file that is generated in the pre requisite lab **'Install and configure SSH server**'
  - 2) Passphrase: **passphrase** (enter the Passphrase specified in the pre requisite lab '**Install and configure SSH server**' for that user while generating the key

<ul> <li>Secure configuration</li> </ul>				
Enable remote server authentication for SFTP protocol				
Host key file:		Browse		
Private key file:	C:\Labfiles70\SFTP\PrivateKey.ppk	Browse		
Passphrase:	*****			
FTPS connection mode;	Explicit			
Data channel protection level:	Private - Data is transferred in encrypted form 💌			
Keystore type;	JKS 💌			
Truststore file:		Browse		
Truststore password;				
Keystore file:		Browse		
Keystore password;				
Key password:				

- \_\_\_\_e. For this lab, you are going to use the security properties from the activation specification.
  - 1) Select the radio button next to Using security properties from the activation specification

Note: Provide the user name and password created in the lab 'Install and configure SSH server lab'.

2) User name: user you defined with public an private authentication in 'Install and configure SSH server lab' - sftpuser2

3) Password: **passphrase** (enter the Passphrase specified in the pre requisite lab '**Install and configure SSH server**' for this user while generating the key

rvice properties				
How do you want to specify the security credentials?				
🔿 Using an existing JAAS alias (recommended)				
A Java Authentication and Authorization Services (JAAS) alias is the preferred method.				
J2C authentication data entry:				
O Using security properties from the managed connection factory				
The properties will be stored as plain text; no encryption is used.				
User name: * sftpuser2				
Password: * ********				
C Other				
Use if no security is required or will be handled by the EIS system, or the RAR will be deployed on the server and security will be specified by the properties in the JNDI lookup name.				

7. For Data format options, select Use default data binding 'FTPFileBaseDataBinding' for all operations from the drop down list

Data format options:	Use default data format 'FTPFileBaseDataBinding' for all operations	
Data format:	Not defined	Select

8. Check the box next to Change logging properties for wizard to view the output location of the log file and the logging level and click Next

#### Define createFTPFileBG operation:

- 9. From the Operations screen, click Add...
  - \_\_\_\_a. For **Operation kind**, select **Create** from the drop down list
  - \_\_\_\_b. For Data type for the operation input, select Generic FTP business object with business graph from the drop down list
  - \_\_\_\_ c. Select the check box next to Enable response type for the operation

Operation kind:	Create	•
Operation properties		
The data type for the operation input:	Generic FTP business object with business graph	•
Enable response type for the operation		

\_\_\_ d. Click Next

The Data type for input and output are populated based on the selection of the Data type for the operation in the previous step. Since you have chosen Generic FTP business object with business graph, the **Input type** is **FTPFileBG** and because you have selected Output required box, the **Output type** is **CreateResponseBG** 

10. For **Operation name**, enter any name, for Ex: **createFTPFileBG** 

11. Accept the default selection, **Use suggested data format 'FTPFileBaseDataBinding'**, as **Data format** for both input and output

Operation name: *	createFTPFileBG		
Specify the operation inp	ut		
Input type:	FTPFileBG {http://www.ibm.com/xmlns/prod/websphere/j2	Browse	New
Data format options:	Use suggested data format 'FTPFileBaseDataBinding' 🔫 🛨		
Data format:	Not defined	Select	
Specify the operation ou	tput		
Output type;	CreateResponseBG {http://www.ibm.com/xmlns/prod/web	Browse	New
Data format options:	Use suggested data format 'FTPFileBaseDataBinding' 🔫 🔽		
Data format:	Not defined	Select	

\_\_\_\_a. Click Finish. The defined operation, createFTPFileBG, is populated under Operations list

Operations:	
🏶 createFTPFileBG ({http://www.ibm.com/xmlns/prod/websphere/j2ca/ftp/ftpfilebg}FTPFileBG) :	Add

- \_\_\_\_b. Click Next from Operations screen
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. From Generate Service screen, accept the default value, FTPImport, for Name

Properties for service				
Module:	SFTPOutboundModule	New		
Namespace;	http://SFTPOutboundModule/FTPImport			
	✓ Use default namespace			
Name: *	FTPImport			
Description:				

### \_\_\_a. Click Finish

\_\_\_\_13. The Assembly diagram for SFTPOutboundModule is opened with an Import component, **FTPImport**:

8 *SFTPOutboundModul	le - Assembly Diagram 🛛 🕄
👌 👶 Palette	
<u>રિ</u> € િ % <mark>®</mark>	1
🔁 Favorites	O ft FTPImport

\_\_\_\_\_ 14. Save (Ctrl + S) changes to your assembly diagram

### 3.2. Test outbound scenario

In this part of the lab, you will use the WebSphere Process Server Test Environment to test the SCA application outbound processing for create operation.

- 1. Add the project to the WebSphere Test Environment server
  - \_\_\_\_a. Right-click WebSphere Process Server v7.0 under the Servers view and select Add and remove projects... from the pop-up menu
  - \_\_\_\_ b. From the Add and Remove Projects window, select SFTPOutboundModuleApp under Available projects panel and click Add >
  - \_\_\_\_ c. You will now see the SFTPOutboundModuleApp added to the Configured projects
  - \_\_\_\_ d. Click **Finish** and wait until the project is being published onto the server. The server is started in Debug mode if it is not already started before
- \_\_\_\_\_2. Open the test client for the module
  - \_\_\_\_a. From the Business Integration perspective, right-click the SFTPOutboundModule and select Test > Test Module
- 3. The SFTPOutboundModule\_Test window is opened in the Assembly editor
- 4. Under **Detailed Properties**, for the **Operation** field, select **createFTPFileBG** from the drop down menu. Fill out the fields for Initial request parameters:
  - \_\_\_\_a. For Filename, enter any name, for Ex: sftpTest.txt

#### General Properties

#### Detailed Properties

Specify the component, interface, operation, and input parameter values for the Invoke event, then click the Continue icon in the Events area to run the test. <u>More...</u>

Configuration:	Default Module Test	•
Module:	SFTPOutboundModule	•
Component:	FTPImport	•
Interface:	FTPImport	•
Operation:	createFTPFileBG <	•

Initial request parameters:

• Value editor • • XML editor

Ę	🗄 📄 🕞			
	Name	Туре	Value	
	🖃 🖳 createFTPFileBGInpu	FTPFileBG	аь	
	💭 verb	verb <string></string>	CREATE	
	🗄 📲 FTPFile *	FTPFile	аь	
	🖳 🛄 DirectoryPatl	string	аь	
	💭 Filename	string	📧 sftptest.txt	]

\_\_\_\_b. For AsText under Content, enter some test message, for Ex: Testing ftp create operation

🗄 📲 Content	UnstructuredContent	ав
ContentType	string	аь
DojectName	string	ав
💭 AsText	string	Testing sftp create operation
🛄 AsBinary	hexBinary	ав 00

\_\_\_\_ c. Click Continue button under Events

rciics	
nis area displays the splay its properties roperties sections. (	e events in a test trace. Select an event to in the General Properties and Detailed <u>More</u>
- 🔩   🔳 🥪	= 🔹 🚍

\_ d. From Deployment Location window, select **WebSphere Process Servers > WebSphere Process Server v7.0** 

🔒 Deployment Location	_ <b>D</b> ×
Select a Deployment Location Specify a runtime location where this test will deploy.	
Deployment location:	New Commen
WebSphere Process Servers	New Server
Felinse 1.5 1VM	
WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus Server	

### \_\_\_ e. Click Finish

- \_\_\_\_f. Provide Administrator User ID and Password
  - Optionally, select the box 'Use the authentication settings in the preference and never ask again' so that you do not have to enter the credentials next time when you start the test client

🪯 User Login - Default Module Test 🛛 🗙
Security is enabled on the selected runtime environment(s). Please sign in to continue the test.
<u>U</u> ser ID:
admin
Password:
•••••
$\checkmark$ Use the authentication settings in the preference and <u>n</u> ever ask again.

\_\_\_\_g. You should see a window similar to this, which contains the data you just entered in the previous steps:

Events		Gen	eral Pro	operties		
This area displays the events in a test trace. Select an event to display its		<ul> <li>Detailed Properties</li> </ul>				
properties in the General Properties and Detailed Properties sections. More	R	Modul Comp Interf Opera teturn Value	e: § onent: § ace: § tion: g parame Editor >	5FTPOutboundModule TPImport TPImport createFTPFileBG ters: KML Source		
	A F			Name reateFTPFileBGOutput verb CreateResponse *	Type CreateResponseBG verb <string> CreateResponse string</string>	Value (ab) (ab) (ab) (ab) strutest.txt

- 5. Verify the created file and its contents
  - \_\_\_\_a. You will see a new file, sftpTest.txt created under OutputDir of your SFTP server

Address 🛅 C:\Labfiles70\SFTPHome\OutputDir			
Folders × Name A			
□ (	🛅 SFTPHome		🗐 sftptest.txt

\_\_\_\_b. Open that file to see the content

통 sftpTest.txt - Notepad					
<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	F <u>o</u> rmat	⊻iew	<u>H</u> elp	
jTes	ting	ftp	creat	te operation	

- \_\_\_6. Restore the Sever Configuration
  - \_\_\_\_a. Right-click WebSphere Process Server v7.0 under the Servers view and select Add and remove projects... from the pop-up menu
  - \_\_\_\_b. Select SFTPOutboundModuleApp under Configured projects and click < Remove
  - \_\_\_\_ c. Click **Finish** after you see the application moved to Available projects. Wait until the application is being unpublished

### **Solution instructions**

- 1. Start WebSphere Integration Developer V7.0 with a new workspace
  - \_\_\_\_a. Follow the instructions outlined in Part 1 of this exercise
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Import the solution Project Interchange
  - \_\_\_\_a. Import the project interchange file SFTP\_PI.zip from <LAB\_FILES>\SFTP\solution directory
  - \_\_\_\_b. Select File → Import from the menu
  - \_\_\_\_ c. Select Other -> Project Interchange in the Import dialog and click Next

🌐 Import	_ 🗆 🗙
Select Import a project and its dependent projects from a Zip file.	è
Select an import source:	
type filter text	
Test     Web     Web services     Mu     Control Market     The services     The servi	
⑦ < Back Next > Einish	Cancel

- \_\_\_\_d. For the From zip file, click on the Browse button and select the SFTP\_PI.zip in the <LAB\_FILES>>\SFTP\solution directory
- \_\_\_\_e. Enter <LAB\_FILES>\SFTP\workspace for the Project location root

\_\_\_\_f. Click the Select All button. This will select all modules: CWYFT\_FTPFile, SFTPInboundModule, and SFTPOutboundModule

🥵 Import Project Ir	🥵 Import Project Interchange Contents 📃 🗖 🗙				
Import Projects	a zip file.				
From zip file: Project location root:	C:\Labfiles70\SFTP\solution\SFTP_PI.zip	Browse			
CWYFT_FTPF	ile Module idModule				
Select All Deselect	t All Select Referenced				
0	< Back Next > Finish	Cancel			

### \_\_\_ g. Click Finish

- \_\_\_3. Continue with **Part 2.3** of this lab to test inbound using SSH user name and password authentication
- 4. Continue with **Part 3.2** of this lab to test outbound using SSH public/private key authentication

## What you did in this exercise

In this lab, you started with importing the FTP Adapter RAR file into your WebSphere Integration Developer new workspace. Next, you made use of the External Service wizard available in WebSphere Integration Developer to specify configure inbound operation with the user name and password authentication. Then you deployed and tested the inbound adapter application using WebSphere Process Server runtime.

Next, you configured the outbound operation using External service wizard with the public key authentication for SSH and continued to deploy and test this outbound adapter application using WebSphere Process Server.

# Task: Adding remote server to WebSphere Integration Developer test environment

This task describes how to add a remote server to the WebSphere Integration Developer Test environment. This example uses a z/OS machine.

- 1. Define a new remote server to WebSphere Integration Developer.
  - \_\_\_\_a. Right click the background of the Servers view to access the pop-up menu.
  - \_\_\_ b. Select New → Server.

🔀 Task Flows 🗟 Build Activities 🔲 Properties 🗌	🐮 Problems 👔 Server Logs 👫 Serve	ers 🕱 🚺 Asset Repositories 🛛 🗖 🗖
		🂠 🜔 🖉 📕 🕮 🛅
Server A	State	Status
🛛 💀 WebSphere Process Server v7.0 at localhos		
	Ne <u>w</u>	🕨 👕 Server 🔪
	Open	F3

- \_\_\_\_ c. In the New Server dialog, specify the remote server's host name, <HOSTNAME>.
- \_\_\_\_\_d. Ensure that the appropriate server type, 'WebSphere Process Server v7.0' or 'WebSphere ESB Server v7.0', is highlighted in the server type list

🖶 New Server
Define a New Server 🔤 🧧
Choose the type of server to create
Server's host name: mvsxxx.rtp.raleigh.ibm.com
Download additional server adapters
Select the server type:
type filter text
WebSphere Business Monitor Server v7.0 on WebSphere Application Server         WebSphere Business Monitor Server v7.0 on WebSphere ESB         WebSphere Business Monitor Server v7.0 on WebSphere Process Server         WebSphere ESB Server v7.0         WebSphere Portal v6.0 Server         WebSphere Portal v6.1 Server         WebSphere Process Server v7.0         WebSphere Portal v6.1 Server         WebSphere Process Server v7.0         WebSphere Portal v6.1 Server         WebSphere Process Server v7.0         WebSphere Process Server v7.0
Runs service projects on the websphere process server V7.0.
Server name: WebSphere Process Server v7.0 at mvsxxx.rtp.raleigh.ibm.com
Server runtime environment: WebSphere Process Server v7.0
Configure runtime environments

\_\_\_e. Click Next

- \_\_\_\_\_f. On the WebSphere Server Settings page, leave the radio button for **Manually provide connection settings** selected, and select the box for SOAP
- \_\_\_\_g. Enter the correct setting (**<SOAP\_PORT>**) for **Port** column
- \_\_\_\_h. If security is enabled on your server, select the box for 'Security is enabled on this server' and enter <USERID> for the user ID and <PASSWORD> for the password.

🚯 New Server						
WebSphere Applicat	tion Server g to an existing	r <b>Settings</b> g WebSphere App	olication Server.			
Profile name:	<u> </u>		Configure profiles			
Server connection types a C Automatically determin Manually provide conn	and administrat ne connection s nection settings	ive ports settings				
Connection Type	Port	Default port	Description			
IPC		9633	Recommended for local servers			
RMI	0000	2809	Designed to improve communication wit			
IV SOAP	8880	8880	Designed to be more firewall compatible			
Run server with resource	es within the <u>v</u>	vorkspace				
Security is enabled on t	his server					
Current active authent	ication setting:	s:				
User <u>I</u> D:	ssadmin					
Pa <u>s</u> sword:						
Application server name:	server1					
Test Connection						

\_\_\_\_ i. Click Finish.

\_\_\_\_j. The new server should be seen in the Server view.

🔀 Task Flows ᢙ Build Activities 🔲 Properties 🔝 Problems 🔞 Se	rver Logs 👭 Servers 🕱	🕼 Asset Repositories 📄 🗖 🗖
		参 🜔 🖉 🗉 🔡 🛅
Server 🔺	State	Status
🗱 WebSphere Process Server v7.0 at localhost	Ъ Started	Synchronized
24 WebSphere Process Server v7.0 at mvsxxx.rtp.raleigh.ibm.com	🛃 Stopped	Synchronized

- Start the remote server if it is not already started. WebSphere Integration Developer does not support starting remote servers from the Server view.
  - \_\_\_\_a. From a command prompt, telnet to the remote system if needed:

'telnet <HOSTNAME> <TELNET\_PORT>'

User ID : <USERID>

Password : <PASSWORD>

\_\_\_\_b. Navigate to the bin directory for the profile being used:

### cd <WAS\_HOME>/profiles/<PROFILE\_NAME>/bin

\_\_\_\_ c. Run the command file to start the server: ./startServer.sh <SERVER\_NAME>

\_\_\_\_ d. Wait for status message indicating server has started:

ADMU3200I: Server launched. Waiting for initialization status ADMU3000I: Server sssr01 open for e-business; process id is 0000012000000002