

This presentation includes cdr view syntax subcommands and descriptions. The following slides do not contain audio. You can pause the presentation at any time to delay the advancement of future slides.

# **Monitoring changes - cdr view syntax**

#### Sub-commands

Long form	Description
apply	Summary of data apply on each target servers, including the latency of each target
ats	Displays a portion of each ATS file
atsdir	Displays the filenames in the ATS directory, optionally
run	repair operations based on those files
ddr	Displays the state, key log positions, and the proximity to DDRBLOCK for each server in the domain



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#### Sub-commands

Long form	Description
nif	Displays information about network connections between ER servers, including # of transactions waiting to be transmitted to target servers
profile	Summary view of the state, data capture, data apply, errors, connectivity, queues, and the size of spooling files for every ER server
rcv	Displays information about receive statistics for each target server, including # of failures and the transaction apply rate
ris	Display a portion of each RIS file



Enterprise replication Monito

#### Sub-commands

Long form	Description
risdir	Displays the filenames in the RIS directory, optionally run repair operations based on those files
sendq	Displays information about send queues for each ER server
servers	Displays information about the state, connection status, and queue size for each ER server
state	Display the state of: ER, data capture, network connections, and data apply for each ER server



## Options

		96.3.3
long form	short form	Description
check	-C	Checks consistency between the database and the ATS/RIS file. List repair operations to <i>stderr</i> , but do not perform the repair operations
delete	-d	Deletes the ATS/RIS files after processing with therepair (-R)
help	-h	Display cdr view command usage
quiet	-q	Quiet mode. Repair operations not written to stderr
repair	-R	Synchronize data based on ATS/RIS files
repeat=	-r	Repeat the cdr view command after # of seconds
verbose	-V	Verbose mode (default). All repair operations are written to <i>stderr</i>

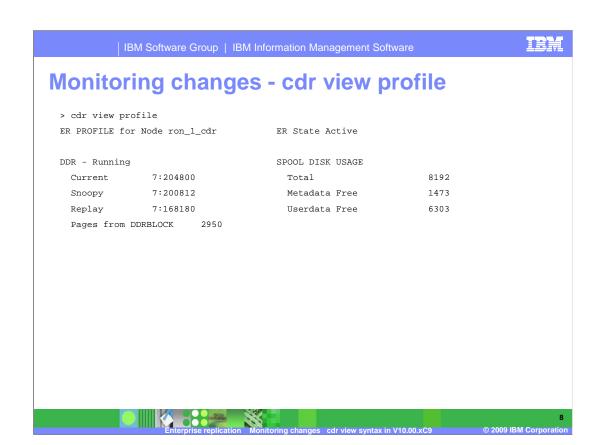


```
cdr view [-c server] [-r interval] object(s) [options]
  -c server --connect=server connect to server
  -r interval --repeat=repeat interval in seconds
   objects: list of objects separated by space
List of supported objects and their sub options are:
            ddr
            servers
            sendq
            nif
            apply
            rcv
            ris
            ats
            profile
            state
            atsdir [-R | -C | -v | -d | -q]
risdir [-R | -C | -v | -d | -q]
                         -R repair
                         -C check
                         -v verbose
-d delete option for repair
                         -q quiet option for repair
```



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> cdr vie		nges - cdr vi	ew state	
STATE Source	ER State	Capture State	Network State	Apply State
ron_1_cdr	Active	Running	Running	Running
ron_2_cdr	Active	Running	Running	Running



		RECVQ		
SENDQ		Txn In Queue	0	
Txn In Queue	0	Txn In Pending List	0	
Txn Spooled	0			
Acks Pending	0	APPLY - Running		
		Txn Processed	0	
NETWORK - Running		Commit Rate	0.00	
Currently connected	to 1 out of 1	Avg. Active Apply	0.00	
Msg Sent	6146	Fail Rate	0.00	
Msg Received	19	Total Failures	0	
Throughput	0.15	Avg Latency	0.00	
Pending Messages	0	Max Latency	0	
		ATS File Count	0	
		RIS File Count	0	

## Monitoring changes - cdr view ddr

> cdr view ddr

DDR

Server	Snoopy log page	Replay log page	Current log page	total log pages	log pages to DDRBLOCK
ron_1_cdr		7:0	7:2	6000	2998
ron_2_cdr	7:412	7:0	7:413	6000	2587

#### Above columns show

- ▶ Server = Name of the ER server.
- Snoopy log page = the current log ID and position where ER captures transactions for replication.
- ▶ Replay log page = the current log ID and position where ER has been applied. This is where ER would start recovery in the event of a shutdown.
- ▶ Current log page = where current database activity is being written.
- ▶ total log pages = total number of logical log pages available on this server.
- ▶ log pages to DDRBLOCK = the # of log pages available before blocking occurs.



## Monitoring changes - cdr view servers

This output is very similar to the cdr list servers output, except it shows the view from each server individually.

The Server column shows which server is used to view the domain.

The Peer column lists the names of the other ER servers, as seen from this node.



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## Monitoring changes - cdr view sendq

> cdr view sendq

RQM SENDQ

Server	Trans.	Trans.	Trans.	Data in queue	Memory in use	ACKS pending	
ron_1_cdr	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ron_2_cdr	0	0	0	0	0	0	

- Above columns show
  - ▶ Trans. in que = # of transactions in the queue.
  - Trans. in mem = # of transactions in the queue and in memory.
  - ▶ Trans. spooled = # of transactions in the queue that have spooled to disk.
  - Data in queue = # of bytes in the queue, both in-memory and spooled.
  - ▶ Memory in use = # of bytes in the queue that are in memory.
  - ▶ ACKS pending = # of acknowledgements received but not yet processed.



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## Monitoring changes - cdr view rcv

> cdr view rcv

RCV

Server	Received	Spooled	Memory	Pending	Waiting	
	Txn.	Txn.	In Use	Txn.	Txn.	
ron_1_cdr	0	0	0	0	0	
ron_2_cdr	0	0	0	0	0	

- Above columns show
  - ▶ Received Txn. = # of transactions in the queue.
  - ▶ Spooled Txn. = # of transactions in the queue that have spooled to disk.
  - ▶ Memory In Use = Size in bytes of the queue.
  - ▶ Pending Txn. = # of transactions processed but not yet applied.
  - ▶ Waiting Txn. = # of acknowledgements waiting to be sent back to the source server.



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# Monitoring changes - cdr view apply

> cdr view apply

APPLY

Server	Pl	Failure	Num	Num	Apply	Lat	tency	ATS	RIS	
	Rate	Ratio	Run	Failed	Rate	Max	Avg.	#	#	
ron_1_cdr	. 0	0.000	0	0	0.000	0	0.000	0	0	
ron_2_cdr	. 0	0.000	4	0	0.000	0	0.000	0	0	

- Above columns show
  - ▶ PI Rate = Degree of parallelism used during apply of data. 0 = highest rate.
  - ▶ Failure Ratio = Ratio of # of times data could not apply in parallel due to deadlocks or lock timeouts.
  - Num Run = # of transactions processed.
  - Num Failed = # of failed transactions due to deadlocks or lock timeouts.
  - ▶ Apply Rate = # of transactions applied ÷ the amount of time that ER has been active.
  - ▶ Max Latency = maximum # of seconds for processing a transaction.
  - ▶ Avg. Latency = average # of seconds spent processing transactions.
  - ▶ ATS # = number of ATS files.
  - ▶ RIS # = number of RIS files.



## Monitoring changes - cdr view nif

> cdr view nif

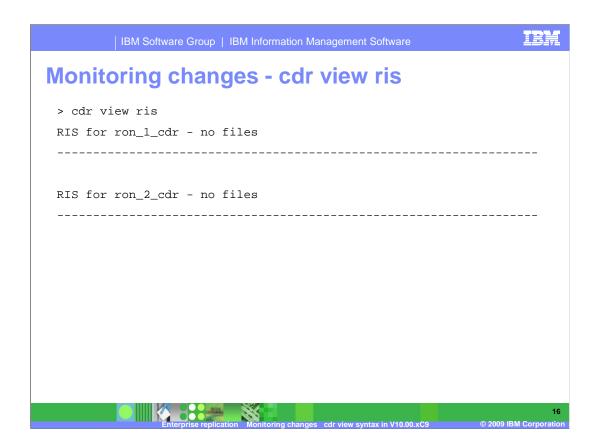
NIF

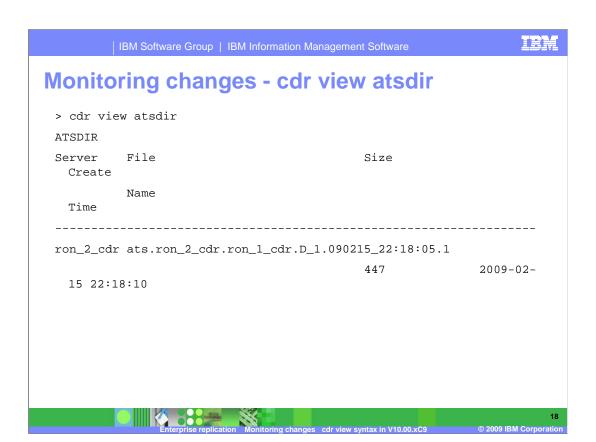
Source	Peer	State	Messages Sent	Messages Received	_	Transmit Rate	
ron_1_cdr	ron_2_cdr	Connected	6114	18	0	0.150	_
ron_2_cdr	ron_1_cdr	Connected	6110	22	0	0.150	

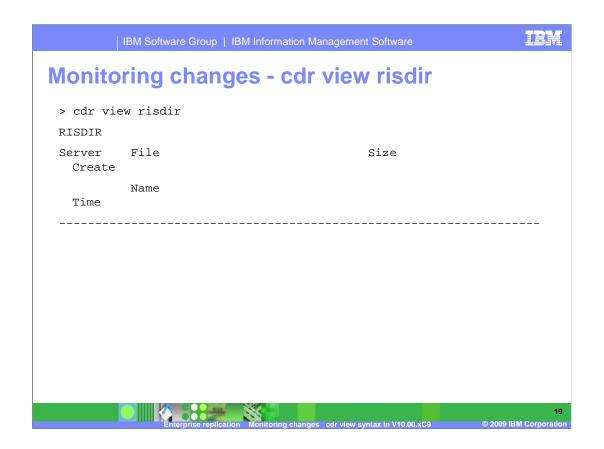
- Above columns show
  - ▶ NIF Source = source server for this view.
  - ▶ Peer = Server to which the source is connected.
  - ▶ State = Connection state, values are listed in notes...
  - ▶ Messages Sent = # of messages sent from source to the target.
  - ▶ Messages Received = # of messages received from this target.
  - ▶ Messages Pending = # of messages the source needs to send to the target.
  - Transmit Rate = total bytes of messages sent and received ÷ amount of time ER has be running. (same as 'throughput' field in the cdr view profile command).



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### **Monitoring changes - examples**

- This command will display information about the send queue and network, and repeat it every 10 seconds.
  - cdr view sendq nif --repeat=10
- This command could be used within a script to check for any new ATS/RIS files and automatically repair, then delete them every 5 minutes.
  - cdr view atsdir risdir --repair --delete --repeat=300



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