# IBM BUSINESS MONITOR 7.5 – LAB EXERCISE

# IBM Business Monitor V7.5 - Clips and Tacks Business activity monitoring using XSD style events

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# What this exercise is about

The objective of this lab is to show you how to build a monitor model using XSD event definitions in Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer, deploy it to IBM Business Monitor and then view your monitored data on the Monitor dashboards.

This lab will show you business activity monitoring (BAM) which involves event based monitoring. With BAM, your monitored application can run anywhere, and submit events to the Monitor server so that you can view monitored data in the dashboard. Typically, you identify the events that will be created by the application, and then create a monitor model that represents the monitored data that you want to collect from the events.

# Lab requirements

List of system and software required for the student to complete the lab:

- Rational Application Developer V7.5 or IBM Integration Designer V7.5.
- IBM Business Monitor V7.5 Toolkit installation on IBM Integration Designer including the monitor model editor and embedded monitor server

# What you should be able to do

At the end of this lab you should be able to:

- Use Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer to create the monitor model, and deploy it to the server.
- Use a sample program to submit events that represent events from your application.
- Define a dashboard to view monitored data.

# Introduction

In this lab you will learn how to develop and deploy a model from end to end using Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer and IBM Business Monitor. This lab will show you the basic procedure for creating and implementing a simple model.

The model used in this lab is the **ClipsAndTacks** model. It will demonstrate **Business Activity Monitoring** which can monitor events from any source. So the lab will simulate the running of a process, by creating events that could have been sourced from anywhere, a Java EE application or BPEL, or any other source. These events are in the form of Common Base Events, which is an OASIS standard for common event format, and these are used by the Common Event Infrastructure (CEI).

In this lab you will create monitoring constructs in support of two KPIs:

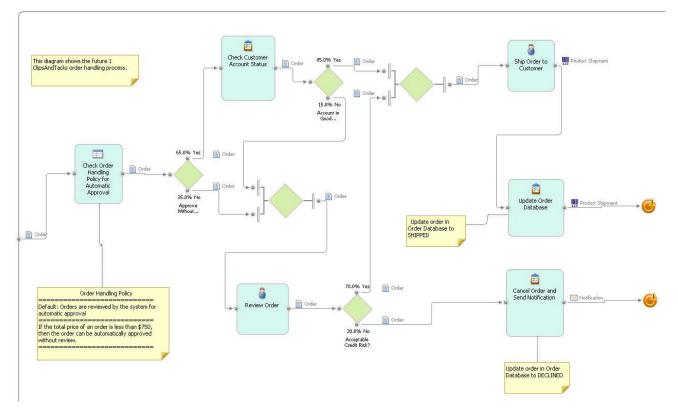
• Average order fulfillment is three days or less

• Percentage of shipped orders is greater than 90%

You will also create situation events if declined orders are greater than or equal to three and if the order fulfillment time is greater than three days.

For dimensional analysis, you will create a Location dimension which allows you to drill down on country and city. You will also add an Order Status metric, which shows orders as 'New', 'Cancelled' or 'Shipped'. And you will add measures for average order price, sum of order price for all orders, and order count.

Here is a diagram of the ClipsAndTacks process model:



This is the ordering process for the Clips And Tacks Company. In this process, orders are received and optionally submitted to a review process. Orders which pass all checks are shipped to the customer. Other orders may be cancelled.

In the monitor model, you will create one monitoring context for each customer order. You will identify the inbound event that represents the receipt of the order, and this is marked so that it will create a new monitoring context instance for the order. You will also identify the inbound event that represents shipping the order, and this is marked so that it will trigger the termination of the monitoring context instance for the order. Since an order may also be cancelled, you will identify the inbound event that represents cancellation of the order, and this is also marked so that it will trigger the termination of the monitoring context instance for the order.

# Useful URLs

The following URLs may be helpful to you as you exercise this lab. Note that the port numbers in the URL of your installation may be different depending on your configuration.

• Server administrative console

https://localhost:9043/ibm/console

• Business space dashboard

https://localhost:9443/BusinessSpace

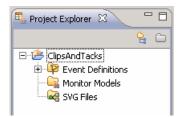
# Part 1: Create the monitor model

To create the monitor model, you will use the monitor model editor in Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer. Note that the screen captures in this lab are based on IBM Integration Designer, so they may differ slightly from yours if you are using Rational Application Developer.

Note that there is a 'Problems' tab that displays errors concerning the model. Periodically, you should check this view to see if you have any problems that need to be addressed. Normally, warnings and informational messages are not a problem, but errors should be addressed.

If you want to skip this section, then a solution has been provided. You can import the supplied monitor model into Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer, and then proceed to the next section. Refer to Appendix 1, and then proceed to the next section.

- 1. Start Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer and setup the environment.
  - \_\_\_\_a. Start Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer, and when prompted point to a new workspace such as C:\workspaces\ClipsAndTacksBAM
  - \_\_\_\_b. Close the Welcome tab
  - \_\_\_\_ c. By default, you are in the Business Integration perspective. But you need to open the Business Monitoring perspective. From the main menu, select Window → Open Perspective → Other. The 'Open Perspective' dialog opens
  - \_\_\_\_d. Select 'Business Monitoring' from the 'Open Perspective' dialog and click OK
- 2. Create a new monitoring project. A project is a container for your monitor models and event definitions.
  - \_\_\_\_\_a. Right-click inside the project explorer (top left view in the Business Monitoring Perspective) and select **New → Business Monitoring Project...** from the pop-up menu. The 'New Business Monitoring Project' panel opens
  - \_\_\_\_b. In the 'New Business Monitoring Project', enter the 'Project name:' as ClipsAndTacks
  - \_\_\_ c. Click the Finish button.
  - \_\_\_\_\_d. A new project named **ClipsAndTacks** is created as shown below:



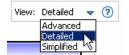
- 3. Create a new XSD event definition named, ActivityEvent
  - \_\_\_\_\_a. In the Business Monitoring project explorer view, expand ClipsAndTacks, right-click Event Definitions and select New → Event Definition... (xsd) from the pop-up menu

🌇 Project Explorer 🗙	<mark>}</mark> ⊂ ⊏ 🗖
🖂 🗁 ClipsAndTacks	
Event Definitions	Business Monitoring Project
Сору	Monitor Model
Paste	Event Definition (cbe)
X Delete	Event Definition (xsd)
🚵 Import	

\_\_\_\_b. The 'New XSD Schema' panel opens as shown below:

🕭 New XML Schema	×
Create an XML Schema	
Create a new XML schema.	S
Enter or select the parent folder:	
ClipsAndTacks	
File na <u>m</u> e: ActivityEvent.xsd	
<u>A</u> dvanced >>	
0	<u>F</u> inish Cancel

- \_\_\_\_ c. Enter 'ActivityEvent.xsd' as 'File name:' and click Finish
- \_\_\_\_d. The schema you created is listed under the event definitions category and the schema is opened in the XSD editor.
- \_\_\_\_\_e. There are several view modes that you can use on the XSD editor. Change the XSD editor view to **Detailed** by clicking on the pull down menu icon (▼) located in the top right corner.



S ActivityEvent.xsd 🛛		- 8
		View: Detailed 🔻 🧿
	Schema : http:///ClipsAndTacks/ActivityEvent.xsd	
	Generatives	
	Elements	Types
⇒it < Type filt	Iter text > Type filter text >	

- 4. Review and update the <schema> element, which is the root element of the schema
  - \_\_\_\_a. In the XSD editor, select the schema bar at the top of the editor and then select the 'General' tab of the 'Properties' view

🖳 Monitoring Flow	🔲 Properties 🛛	🛃 Problems	유 Servers	🔋 Server Logs	📮 Console	2 - 5
🖻 schema						
General	Prefix:	tns				
Documentation	<u>T</u> arget namespace:	http:///ClipsA	ndTacks/Activ	vityEvent.xsd		
Extensions						Edit <u>N</u> amespaces
Advanced						

- \_\_\_\_ b. Update the 'Prefix:' from tns to ae (where ae stands for activity event and the prefix resembles the name of the schema)
- \_\_\_ c. Click the 'Advanced' tab, and ensure that the prefix qualification of elements and attributes is set to 'qualified'.

🖳 Monitoring Flow	🔲 Properties 🛛	🛃 Problems	육 Servers
schema			
General Documentation Extensions	Prefix for <u>E</u> lements: Prefix for <u>A</u> ttributes: <u>B</u> lock default:	gualified qualified	
Advanced	Einal default:		

**Note:** Prefix qualification indicates whether locally declared elements or attributes must be qualified by the target namespace in an instance document. If the value of this attribute is 'unqualified', then locally declared elements should not be qualified by the target namespace. If the value of this attribute is 'qualified', then locally declared elements must be qualified by the target namespace. Using 'qualified' helps to ensure that expressions written to access pieces of information within a type are unambiguous.

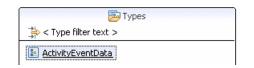
\_\_\_\_ d. Save the changes. File  $\rightarrow$  Save or Ctrl + S

\_\_\_5. Add a complex element type named, **ActivityEventData** and the following sequence of elements to the complex type.

The following are the elements including the data types you will be adding:

Name of the Element	Туре
businessUnit	string
processName	string
mcID	string
activityName	string
eventType	string
startTime	dateTime
endTime	dateTime

- \_ a. Right click in the **Types** section of the XSD editor and select '**Add Complex Type**' from the popup menu.A
- \_\_\_\_b. Name the complex type as **ActivityEventData** and save the changes. You should see the new complex type element added, as shown below:



\_\_\_\_ c. Right click the complex type 'ActivityEventData' again and select 'Add Element' from the popup menu. By default the new element is created with a default name 'NewElement' and xsd type 'string' as shown below:

S *ActivityEvent.xsd 🕅	- 8
	View: Detailed 🔻 🕜
ActivityEventData	
	-
Design Source	

- \_\_\_\_d. Modify the element name from 'NewElement' to 'businessUnit' and accept the default xsd type as 'string'
- \_\_\_\_e. Repeat the previous instructions to add the remaining elements mentioned in the table. The final **ActivityEventData**' complex type should look like the picture below:

View: Detailed v ?	ActivityEventData      e businessUnit string     e processName string     e mcID string     e activityName string     e exentType string     e startTime dateTime	S *Activity	/Even	t.xsd 🛛							
e       businessUnit       string         e       processName       string         e       mcID       string         e       activityName       string         e       eventType       string         e       string       string	e       businessUnit       string         e       processName       string         e       mcID       string         e       activityName       string         e       eventType       string         e       string       string							View:	Detailed	-	?
e       processName       string         e       mcID       string         e       activityName       string         e       eventType       string         e       startTime       dateTime	e       processName       string         e       mcID       string         e       activityName       string         e       eventType       string         e       string       string	[		📔 ActivityEver	itData						
e     mcID     string       e     activityName     string       e     eventType     string       e     startTime     dateTime	e mcID     string       e activityName     string       e eventType     string       e startTime     dateTime			e businessUnit	string						
e activityName     string       e eventType     string       e startTime     dateTime	e activityName     string       e eventType     string       e startTime     dateTime		-	e processName	string						
e eventType string e startTime dateTime	e eventType string e startTime dateTime		-	e mcID	string						
e startTime dateTime	e startTime dateTime			e activityName	string						
			-	e eventType	string						
e endTime dateTime	e endTime dateTime		-	e startTime	dateTime						
				endTime	dateTime						
	Design Source	Design Sou	irce								

- \_ f. Now click the icon (
  ) located in the upper left corner. This leads you back to the full schema editor view.
- \_\_\_\_ g. Save the changes. File → Save or Ctrl + S
- 6. Add another complex element type named **OrderBOData** and the following sequence of elements to the complex type

Name of the Element	Туре
orderNumber	string
customerNumber	string
orderState	string
city	string
country	string
productNumber	string
quantity	int
totalPrice	float

The following are the elements including the data types you will be adding:

- \_\_\_\_ a. Right click in the **Types** section of the XSD editor and select 'Add Complex Type' from the popup menu and name it OrderBOData.
- \_\_\_\_ b. Right click the complex type 'OrderBOData' and use 'Add Element' as required to create all the elements required for this complex type. The final 'OrderBOData' complex type should look like the picture below:

S *Activit	yEvent.x	sd 🔀								-	-
E F	Ē					Vi	iew:	Detailed	-	0	
		📔 OrderBOData	1								
		e orderNumber	string	1							
		customerNumber	string								
		e orderState	string								
		e city	string								
		e country	string								
		e productNumber	string								
		e quantity	int								
		e totalPrice	float								
esign So	urce										

- \_ c. Now click the icon (
  ) located in the upper left corner. This leads you back to the full schema editor view.
- \_\_\_\_ d. Save the changes. File → Save or Ctrl + S
- 7. You can click the source tab in the schema editor to view the source XSD of the ActivityEvent schema you created.
- 8. IBM Business Monitor 7.5 has support for concurrent versions of monitor models. In order to take advantage of the Monitor server's version handling capabilities, each monitoring context should have a unique event definition that is the single inbound event that has the setting 'If no instances are found: Create new instance'. One can think of this as one inbound event carrying 'create monitor context' semantics, and all others as 'update monitor context' semantics. Clips And Tacks is a simple sample and could use a single event definition for the process. However, to satisfy the requirement of a unique event definition for version handling, you will create a new event definition that will create new instances of the monitor model.
  - \_\_\_\_\_a. In the project explorer, right click **Event Definitions** and select **New** → **Event Definition... (xsd)** from the pop-up menu. The 'New' event definition panel opens.
  - \_\_\_\_b. In the **New** event definition panel, select **ClipsAndTacks** as the parent folder and enter the 'File name:' as **NewOrderEvent.xsd** and click **Finish**.
- 9. Review and update the <schema> element, which is the root element of the schema
  - \_\_\_\_a. In the XSD editor, select the schema element and then select the 'General' tab of the 'Properties' view.
  - \_\_\_\_b. Update the 'Prefix:' from tns to noe (short for NewOrderEvent).
  - \_\_\_\_ c. Click the Edit Namespaces button to edit the schema information (attributes)

arget Nam	espace	
nttp:///Clip	sAndTacks/NewOrderEvent.xsd	
•	Declarations	
Prefix	Namespace Name	Add
TIONA		Hadin
xsd	http://www.w3.org/2001/XML5chema	

- \_\_\_\_ d. Click the Add button to add the ActivityEvent namespace so the 'ActivityEvent' schema can be imported to the current 'NewOrderEvent' schema. The 'Add Namespace Declarations' panel opens
- \_\_\_\_e. Enter the following parameters:
  - Select the radio button for 'Specify New Namespace'
  - Prefix : ae
  - Namespace Name : http:///ClipsAndTacks/ActivityEvent.xsd

🚯 Add Namespace	Declarations	×	
C Select From Registered Namespaces			
Specify New Namespace			
Enter the required p	refix and namespace URI for the namespace declaration.		
Prefix:	ae 🗲		
Namespace Name:	http:///ClipsAndTacks/ActivityEvent.xsd <		
Location Hint:		Browse	
	OK	Cancel	

- \_\_\_ f. Click **OK**.
- \_\_\_\_g. Click OK on the Edit Schema Information panel.
- \_\_\_h. Save the changes. File → Save or Ctrl + S
- \_\_\_\_\_i. Right click any where in the '**Directives**' section of the XSD editor and select '**Add Import**' from the pop-up menu to import the 'ActivityEvent' schema.

🚯 Select XML schema file 🛛 🔀
Include Another Schema Select another schema from workbench projects or from HTTP.
Select schema from: Workbench projects HTTP
Omega         Mext >         Einish         Cancel

\_\_\_\_j. Ensure the radio button next to 'Workbench projects' is selected and click Next

\_\_\_\_k. In the following panel, expand the 'ClipsAndTacks' folder and then select 'ActivityEvent.xsd'

🚯 Select XML sch	ema file	×
Select XML schema file Select an XML schema file from the Workbench projects		S
Workbench Files		E E
ClipsAndTa		
	Import Files	
0	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>F</u> in	ish Cancel

- \_\_\_I. Click Finish.
- \_\_\_ m. Save the configuration. File  $\rightarrow$  Save or Ctrl + S.
- \_\_\_\_ n. Now right click in the 'Types' section and select 'Add Complex Type' from the pop-up menu. An XSD <complexType> element is added with a default name, which you should change to 'NewOrderEvent'.

Types
🚔 < Type filter text >
NewOrderEvent

- \_\_\_\_ o. Save the configuration. File → Save or Ctrl + S
- \_\_\_\_p. Right click the '**NewOrderEvent**' complex type element and select '**Add Element**' from the popup menu. A new element of type string is added with a default name.
- \_\_\_\_ q. Rename the name of the element to 'NEWActivityEventData'
- \_\_\_\_ r. For the 'Type:' select 'Browse' from the drop down list.

🔚 NewOrderEvent		
REWActivityEventData	string 🗾	
	Browse New boolean date dateTime double float hexBinary	
	int string time	

\_\_\_\_s. The 'Set Type' panel opens.

🚯 Set Type	×
Name (? = any character, * = any string):	
Types:	
EActivityEventData - http:///ClipsAndTacks/ActivityEvent.xsd	]
anySimpleType	3
🖃 anyURI	
Elbace648inary	1
Declaration Location:	
Search Scope	
C Workspace C Enclosing Project C Current Resource	
C Working Sets Choose	
OK Cancel	

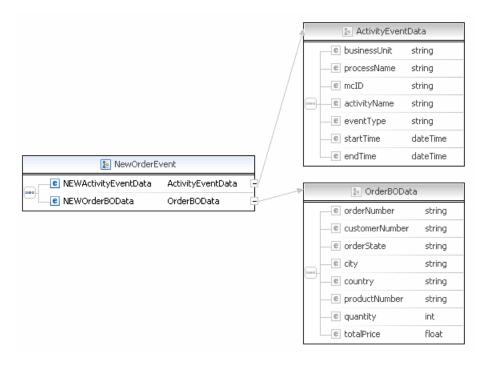
\_\_\_\_\_t. Select 'ActivityEventData' from the 'Types' text area and click OK. The NEWActivityEventData element should look like the picture below. You can click the + next to ActivityEventData to see the details of the element.

🔝 NewOrder	Event	
e NEWActivityEventData	ActivityEventData	Ę

- \_\_\_\_\_u. Save the configuration. File → Save or Ctrl + S
- \_\_\_\_v. Now right click the '**NewOrderEvent**' complex type element and select '**Add Element**' from the pop-up menu. A new element of type string is added with a default name.
- \_\_\_\_w. Rename the name of the element to '**NEWOrderBOData**'. For the '**Type:**' select '**Browse**' from the drop down list. The '**Set Type**' panel opens. Select 'OrderBOData' from the 'Types' text area and click **OK**. The **NEWOrderBOData** element should look like the picture below.

	🔚 NewOrderE	vent	
	e NEWActivityEventData	ActivityEventData	Ę
<u> </u>	e NEWOrderBOData	OrderBOData	Ę

\_\_\_\_\_x. Click the + icons to see the details.



\_\_\_\_y. Save the configuration. File  $\rightarrow$  Save or Ctrl + S.

- 10. Create a new monitor model ClipsAndTacks. The monitor model contains the metrics and KPIs that you want to monitor and it will be the source for creating the deployment code for the monitor server.
  - \_\_\_\_a. Right click in the 'Business Monitoring' project explorer view and select New → Monitor Model... from the pop-up menu. The Monitor Model panel opens

1) For the 'File name:', enter ClipsAndTacks

🕭 Monitor Model	×
Create a monitor model Create a new monitor model.	<b>H</b>
Enter or select the parent folder:	
ClipsAndTacks	
A ← ⇒	
ClipsAndTacks	
File name: ClipsAndTacks	
•	Einish Cancel

2) Click Finish. The model editor is opened as follows:

**Note:** When the model editor first opens you will have errors in the model. This is normal and is signaling that required elements are missing or incomplete. Next you will complete these required elements.

📲 Project Explorer 🛛 🗖 🗖	🐴 ClipsAndTacks 🗙	-	
🔒 🗀	Monitor Details Model		3
ClipsAndTacks  ClipsAndTacks.mm  SVG Files	ClipsAndTacks	Monitor Details Edit the details of the model. The timestamp is required to identify the version of the model. ID: *ClipsAndTacks Edit Name: ClipsAndTacks Description: * ClipsAndTacks Description: * 2007-10-15T16:07:55Z Edit Time Stamp (UTC): * 2007-10-15T16:07:55Z Edit Edit Time Stamp (UTC): * Correctly the user-defined function libraries that are available for use within this monitor model. Edit Edit	
	Pionicor Docais moder Ni Thoder Dine		

11. Notice in the Monitor Details Model navigator that a new model is created (ClipsAndTacks) along with a monitoring context (ClipsAndTacks MC). Now you need to specify the inbound events that will be processed by this model. You need to indicate which event will create a new monitoring context instance and which event will terminate the monitoring context instance. You also need to identify the correlation information for the monitoring context so that Monitor knows which monitoring context instance should receive the events. The ClipsAndTacks model uses one event definition, ActivityEvent, to represent the layout of all of the events to be processed. NewOrderEvent derives

from ActivityEvent but does not add additional event elements. In ActivityEvent, ActivityName is a field used to identify specific activities in the ClipsAndTacks process. ActivityName is used to determine when to terminate the monitoring context. You will create correlation that is based on orderNumber, which is another field defined in ActivityEvent.

12. In the Monitor Details Model, expand ClipsAndTacks in the navigation view. Then expand ClipsAndTacks MC. You will see that a key has been created for you automatically when you created the model.



- 13. In the model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select New → Inbound Event from the pop-up menu
  - \_\_\_\_ a. For the name, type Activity Event. Notice that the ID will automatically be set for you to the same name with underscores (Activity\_Event)

🚯 Crea	te New Inbound Event 🛛 🗙
Creat	e an inbound event
(і) Туре	e the name and ID.
Name: ID:	Activity Event
10.	
?	OK Cancel

- \_\_\_\_b. Click **OK**. The inbound 'ActivityEvent' opens in an editor
- \_\_\_\_ c. In the inbound 'ActivityEvent' editor, click the 'Add' button for 'Event Parts' to create a new event part type in the 'Event Type Details' section. The 'Create New Event part Type' panel opens
- \_\_\_\_ d. In the 'Create New Event part Type' panel, enter the following:
  - 1) Name : My Event Part1
  - 2) ID : My\_Event\_Part1
  - Click the 'Select Type' button for the 'Type' field. The 'Select Event Part Data Type' panel opens
    - a) Select the check box for 'Choose the data type from XML schemas accessible from this monitor project'

🥵 Select Event Part Data Type 🛛 🗙
Select event part data type
Choose the XML schema data type that defines the structure of this event part.
O No data type specified for this event part
$\odot$ Choose the data type from the XML schemas accessible from this monitor project
ClipsAndTacks Cl
$\odot$ Choose from the list of predefined XML schema simple data types
Type:
$\odot$ Choose the type from the predefined data types in the XML catalog
Type: Browse
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>Finish</u> Cancel

c) Click Finish

### 4) Path : cbe:CommonBaseEvent/ae:ActivityEventData

**Note:** The path is an XML Path Language (XPath) expression that identifies the location in the event definition of the structure defined by the event part type. The expression is based on the structure of the actual event instance to be received at run time. It always starts with cbe:CommonBaseEvent and navigates into content that is placed in the xs:any slot of the Common Base Event. In general, if an XML Schema Definition (XSD) used to define an event structure of the content that will fill that slot at run time. In this event part, you use **cbe:CommonBaseEvent/ae:ActivityEventData** as the path. Refer to 'allXSDevents.xml' located in the Labfiles75.zip file, to see how the XSD based events are being sent during runtime.

🚯 Create New Event Part Type 🛛 🗙
Create an event part type
Specify the details of the event part. Together, all the event parts describe the structure of the event at run time.
Name: My Event Part1
ID: My_Event_Part1
Type: ae:ActivityEventData Select Type
Path: Cbe:CommonBaseEvent/ae:ActivityEventData
< Back         Next >         Einish         Cancel

# 5) Click Finish

- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. In the inbound 'ActivityEvent' editor, click the '**Add**' button '**Event Parts**' again to create another event part type in the 'Event Type Details' section. The 'Create New Event part Type' panel opens
  - \_\_\_\_a. In the 'Create New Event part Type' panel, enter the following:
    - 1) Name : My Event Part2
    - 2) ID : My\_Event\_Part2
    - 3) Click the 'Select Type' button for the 'Type' field. The 'Select Event Part Data Type' panel opens
      - a) Select the check box for 'Choose the data type from XML accessible from this monitor project'

🥵 Select Event Part Data Type 🛛 🗙
Select event part data type
Choose the XML schema data type that defines the structure of this event part.
O No data type specified for this event part
$\odot$ Choose the data type from the XML schemas accessible from this monitor project
ClipsAndTacks  ClipsAndTacks  ActivityEvent.xsd  ClipsAndTacks  ActivityEventData  ActivityEventData
igodot Choose from the list of predefined XML schema simple data types
Type:
$\odot$ Choose the type from the predefined data types in the XML catalog
Type: Browse
< <u>Back</u> <u>N</u> ext > <u>Finish</u> Cancel

c) Click Finish

4) Path : cbe:CommonBaseEvent/ae:OrderBOData

🚯 Create New Ev	ent Part Type	×
Create an eve	ent part type	
Specify the details ( describe the struct)		
Name: My Event	t Part2	
ID: My_Even	it_Part2	
Type: ae:Order	Select Type	
Path: Cbe:Com	monBaseEvent/ae:OrderBOData	
0	< Back Next > Finish	Cancel

#### 5) Click Finish

\_\_\_\_b. The final 'Event Type Details' section with the two 'Event parts' should look like the picture below:

#### Event Type Details

Specify the event type or the XML schemas that together describe the structure of this inbound event. You can specify an extension name, event parts, or both.

Extension name:				Browse
Event parts:	ID	Name	Туре	Path
	My_Event_P	My Event P	ae:ActivityEventData	cbe:CommonBaseEvent/ae:ActivityEventData
	My_Event_P	My Event P	ae:OrderBOData	cbe:CommonBaseEvent/ae:OrderBOData

- \_\_\_\_ c. Save the configuration. File → Save or Ctrl + S
- \_\_\_\_\_ d. To enter the Filter Condition, you can use Content Assist with the keys Ctrl-Space, or you can type the expression directly into the expression window. When completed the expression should be as follows. Note the single quotation marks used for string handling.

Activity\_Event/My\_Event\_Part1/ae:businessUnit = 'Clips And Tacks' and Activity\_Event/My\_Event\_Part1/ae:processName = 'Order Handling'

\_\_\_\_\_e. To enter the Correlation Expression, you can use Content Assist with the keys Ctrl-Space, or you can type the expression directly into the expression window. When complete the expression should be

ClipsAndTacks\_Key =Activity\_Event/My\_Event\_Part2/ae:orderNumber

- \_\_\_\_f. For 'If no instances are found', select 'Treat as error'
- \_\_\_\_g. For 'lf one instance is found', select 'Deliver to the instance'
- \_\_\_\_h. For 'If multiple instances are found', select 'Treat as error'
- \_\_\_\_ i. Here is a sample of a portion of the definition:

<ul> <li>Filter Condition</li> <li>Define a condition based on b</li> </ul>	he event attributes to identify whether to accept an eve	et of this type
	he event attributes to identify whether to accept an eve	nt or this type.
	Part1/ae:businessUnit = 'Clips And Tacks' and Part1/ae:processName = 'Order Handling'	
		-
<ul> <li>Correlation Expression</li> </ul>		
Define an expression to iden runtime.	ify the monitoring context instance or instances that rec	eive the event at
ClipsAndTacks_Key = Activ	/ity_Event/My_Event_Part2/ae:orderNumber	
		<b>v</b>
f no instances are found	Treat as error	•
(f one instance is found	Deliver to the instance	•
If multiple instances are foun	d Treat as error	•

- \_\_\_\_j. Save the configuration. File → Save or Ctrl + S
- \_\_\_ 15. In the model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select New → Inbound Event from the pop-up menu
  - \_\_\_\_a. For the name, type **New Order Event**. Notice that the ID will automatically be set for you to the same name with underscores (**New\_Order\_Event**)
  - \_\_\_\_b. Click **OK**. The inbound 'NewOrderEvent' opens in an editor
  - \_\_\_\_ c. In the inbound 'NewOrderEvent' editor, click the 'Add' button for 'Event Parts' to create a new event part type in the 'Event Type Details' section. The 'Create New Event part Type' panel opens
  - \_\_\_\_\_d. In the 'Create New Event part Type' panel, enter the following:
    - 1) Name : My Event Part
    - 2) ID : My\_Event\_Part
    - Click the 'Select Type' button for the 'Type' field. The 'Select Event Part Data Type' panel opens
      - a) Select the check box for 'Choose the data type from XML accessible from this monitor project'
      - b) Expand ClipsAndTacks → NewOrderEvent.xsd and select 'noe:NewOrderEvent'

🤀 Select Event Part Data Type 🛛 🛛 🔀
Select event part data type
Choose the XML schema data type that defines the structure of this event part.
O No data type specified for this event part
$oldsymbol{eta}$ Choose the data type from the XML schemas accessible from this monitor project
ClipsAndTacks  Clips
$\odot$ Choose from the list of predefined XML schema simple data types
Type:
$\odot$ Choose the type from the predefined data types in the XML catalog
Type: Browse
< <u>Back</u> <u>N</u> ext > <u>Finish</u> Cancel

c) Click Finish

4) Path : cbe:CommonBaseEvent/noe:NewOrderEvent

**Note:** The path is an XML Path Language (XPath) expression that identifies the location in the event definition of the structure defined by the event part type. The expression is based on the structure of the actual event instance to be received at run time. It always starts with cbe:CommonBaseEvent and navigates into content that is placed in the xs:any slot of the Common Base Event. In general, if an XML Schema Definition (XSD) used to define an event structure contains an <xsd:any> or <xsd:anyType> slot, you should use an event part to specify the actual structure of the content that will fill that slot at run time. In this event part, you use cbe:CommonBaseEvent/ noe:NewOrderEvent as the path. Refer to 'allXSDevents.xml' part of the Labfiles75.zip to see how the XSD based events are being sent during runtime.

🚯 Create New Event I	Part Type	×
Create an event p	oart type	
Specify the details of the describe the structure o	e event part. Together, all the event parts f the event at run time.	
Name: My Event Part	t	
ID: My_Event_Pa	rt	
Type: noe:NewOrde	rEvent	Select Type
Path: Cbe:CommonE	BaseEvent/noe:NewOrderEvent	
0	< Back Next > Einish	Cancel

- 5) Click Finish
- \_\_\_\_e. The final 'Event Type Details' section with the 'Event part' should look like the picture below:

# Event Type Details

Specify the event type or the XML schemas that together describe the structure of this inbound event. You can specify an extension name, event parts, or both.

Extension name:				Browse Clear
Event parts:	ID	Name	Туре	Path
	My_Event_Part	My Event Part	noe:NewOrderEvent	cbe:CommonBaseEvent/noe:NewOrderEvent

- \_\_\_\_\_f. Save the configuration. File → Save or Ctrl + S
- \_\_\_\_ g. To enter the Filter Condition, you can use Content Assist with the keys Ctrl-Space, or you can type the expression directly into the expression window. When complete, the expression should be as follows. Note the single quotation marks used for string handling.

New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWActivityEventData/ae:businessUnit = 'Clips And Tacks' and New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWActivityEventData/ae:processName ='Order Handling'

\_\_\_\_ h. To enter the Correlation Expression, you can use Content Assist or you can type the expression directly into the expression window. When complete the expression should be

ClipsAndTacks\_Key = New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWOrderBOData/ae:orderNumber

- \_\_\_\_i. For 'If no instances are found', select 'Create new instance'
- \_\_\_\_j. For 'lf one instance is found', select 'Treat as error'
- \_\_\_\_k. For 'If multiple instances are found', select 'Treat as error'
- \_\_\_\_I. Here is a sample of a portion of the definition:

# Filter Condition

Define a condition based on the event attributes to identify whether to accept an event of this type.

New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWActivityEventData/ae:businessUnit = 'Clips And Tacks' and New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWActivityEventData/ae:processName = 'Order Handling'

## Correlation Expression

Define an expression to identify the monitoring context instance or instances that receive the event at runtime.

ClipsAndTacks_Key = New_(	Order_Event/My_Event_Part/noe:NEWOrderBOData/ae:orderNumber	*
If no instances are found	Create new instance	•
If one instance is found	Treat as error	•
If multiple instances are found	Treat as error	•

- \_\_\_\_m. Save the configuration. File → Save or Ctrl + S
- \_\_\_\_\_16. In the model navigation view, double click ClipsAndTacks Key, to open the key in the editor
  - \_\_\_\_a. For Key Value Expressions, click 'Add...' Note that double clicking in the table will produce the same results.
  - \_\_\_\_ b. A row is added to the table and in the expression cell it shows << No expression specified >>. Click this cell of the table, then a button is displayed. Click this button and the expression editor is displayed. You can use Content Assist, or type this expression directly into the window:

New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWOrderBOData/ae:orderNumber

- \_\_\_ c. Click OK.
- \_\_\_\_ d. Here is a sample of the key:

<ul> <li>Key Detai</li> <li>Edit the detai</li> </ul>	<b>ils</b> Is of the key. Each monitoring context requires at least one key.	
ID:	* ClipsAndTacks_Key	Edit
<u>N</u> ame:	ClipsAndTacks Key	
Descri <u>p</u> tion:		*
Туре:	* String	-
	Maximum String Length: 256 Allocate additional space in database to accommodate <u>U</u> nicode string for globalization	
🔲 A value is	reguired for this key	
De <u>f</u> ault Value:	:	E <u>d</u> it
🗖 This key c	an be used for <u>s</u> orting	
	e Expressions xpressions that set the value of the key.	
Expression		
	der_Event/My_Event_Part/noe:NEWOrderBOData/ae:orderNumber	

#### \_\_\_\_\_e. Save the configuration. File → Save or Ctrl + S

**Note:** At this point there should not be any errors remaining in the model. The errors shown initially were the result of the monitoring context key not being complete.

- 17. Create triggers that indicate the end of the monitoring context. The first trigger is based on an order being shipped, and the second trigger is based on an order being cancelled.
  - \_\_\_\_a. In the model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select New → Trigger. Enter the following values:
    - 1) Name : Ship Order to Customer Trigger
    - 2) ID : Ship\_Order\_to\_Customer\_Trigger
    - 3) Select the check box next to 'Terminate monitoring context'
    - For Trigger Sources, click Add, then select Other source type → Activity Event and then click OK
    - 5) For Trigger Condition, enter

Activity\_Event/My\_Event\_Part1/ae:activityName = 'Ship Order to Customer' and Activity\_Event/My\_Event\_Part1/ae:eventType = 'completed'

- \_\_\_\_b. Save the configuration. File → Save or Ctrl + S
- \_\_\_\_ c. Here is a sample of this trigger:

<ul> <li>Trigger I Edit the deta</li> </ul>		detects an occurrence and initiates an action in response.	
<u>I</u> D:	* Ship_Order_to_Cust	omer_Trigger	Edit
<u>N</u> ame:	Ship Order to Custon	ner Trigger	
Descri <u>p</u> tion:			×
Trigger is	repeatable		
<ul> <li>Termination</li> <li>Trigger 9</li> </ul>	e monitoring context		
	source of this trigger.		
Source Type	e	Source	
Event		4 Activity Event	
			Add Remove
<ul> <li>Trigger 0</li> <li>Specify the o</li> </ul>		s whether the trigger will fire.	
		ae:activityName = 'Ship Order to Customer' and ae:eventType = 'completed'	<b>A</b>

- \_\_ d. In the model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select New > Trigger. Enter these values:
  - 1) Name : Cancel Trigger
  - 2) ID : Cancel\_Trigger
  - 3) Select the check box next to 'Terminate monitoring context'
  - For Trigger Sources, click Add, then select Other source type > Activity Event, then click OK.
  - 5) For Trigger Condition, enter

Activity\_Event/My\_Event\_Part1/ae:activityName = 'Cancel Order and Send Notification' and Activity\_Event/My\_Event\_Part1/ae:eventType = 'completed'

- \_\_\_\_ e. Save the configuration. File  $\rightarrow$  Save or Ctrl + S
- 18. Create a KPI for Average fulfillment three days or less. First you will create a trigger which fires when a new order is started. Metrics are created to hold the order start time and order end time. The values of the metrics are set when the new order trigger fires. You create a duration metric which is calculated based on subtracting the order end time metric from the order start time metric. You will create a KPI context which is a container to hold the KPIs. Then you create a KPI which is based on the duration metric and you apply an average function to it.

- \_\_\_\_a. In the model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select New → Trigger. Enter these values:
  - 1) Name : New Order Trigger
  - 2) ID : New\_Order\_Trigger
  - 3) For Trigger Sources, click Add, then select Other source type > New Order Event, then click OK.
  - 4) For Trigger condition, enter

New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWActivityEventData/ae:activityName = 'Check Order Handling Policy for Automatic Approval' and New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWActivityEventData/ae:eventType = 'started'

- 5) Save the configuration. File → Save or Ctrl + S
- \_\_\_\_b. In the model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select **New → Metric**. Enter these values:
  - 1) Name : Order Start Time
  - 2) ID : Order\_Start\_Time
  - 3) Type : DateTime
  - 4) For Metric Value Expressions, click Add
  - 5) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Trigger, then a button is shown, then click the button and select Trigger type > ClipsAndTacks MC > New Order Trigger, click OK
  - 6) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Expression, then a button is shown, then click the button and enter this text:

New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWActivityEventData/ae:startTime

- 7) Click OK.
- 8) Save the configuration. File  $\rightarrow$  Save or Ctrl + S

▲ ▼
•
_

- \_\_\_\_ c. In the model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select **New → Metric**. Enter these values:
  - 1) Name : Order End Time
  - 2) ID : Order\_End\_Time
  - 3) Type : DateTime
  - 4) For Metric Value Expressions, click Add
  - 5) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Trigger, then a button is shown, then click the button and select Trigger type > ClipsAndTacks MC > Ship Order to Customer Trigger, click OK
  - 6) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Expression, then a button is shown, then click the button and enter this text:

Activity\_Event/My\_Event\_Part1/ae:endTime

- 7) Click OK.
- 8) For Metric Value Expressions, click Add
- 9) In the second row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Trigger, then a button is shown, then click the button and select Trigger type > ClipsAndTacks MC > Cancel Trigger, click OK
- 10) In the second row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Expression, then a button is shown, then click the button and enter this text:

#### Activity\_Event/My\_Event\_Part1/ae:endTime

### 11) Click OK.

# \_\_\_\_ d. Save the configuration. File → Save or Ctrl + S

<ul> <li>Metric Details</li> </ul>				
Edit the details of the metric, which is a holding spot for information used in other calculations.				
ID: * Order_End_Time	Edit			
Name: Order End Time				
Description:	*			
Type: * DateTime	•			
A value is required for this metric				
Default Value:	Edit			
This metric can be used for sorting				
<ul> <li>Metric Value Expressions</li> </ul>				

Specify the expressions that set the value of the metric. If a trigger is specified, the map is evaluated when the trigger fires.

Trigger	Expression
🖙 Ship Order to Customer Trigger	Activity_Event/My_Event_Part1/ae:endTime
🖙 Cancel Trigger	Activity_Event/My_Event_Part1/ae:endTime

- \_\_\_\_e. In the model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select **New > Metric**. Enter these values:
  - 1) Name : Order Fulfillment Duration
  - 2) ID : Order\_Fulfillment\_Duration
  - 3) Type : Duration
  - 4) For Default Value, click Edit...
  - 5) On the Select Duration dialog, click OK, and this will set the default duration to zero
  - 6) For Metric Value Expressions, click Add
  - 7) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Trigger, then a button is shown, then click the button and select Trigger type > ClipsAndTacks MC > Ship Order to Customer Trigger, click OK
  - 8) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Expression, then a button is shown, then click the button and enter this text:

xs:dayTimeDuration(Order\_End\_Time - Order\_Start\_Time)

9) Click OK

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- 10) For Metric Value Expressions, click Add
- 11) In the second row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Trigger, then a button is shown, then click the button and select Trigger type > ClipsAndTacks MC > Cancel Trigger, click OK
- 12) In the second row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Expression, then a button is shown, then click the button and enter this text:

xs:dayTimeDuration (Order\_End\_Time - Order\_Start\_Time)

13) Click OK.

\_\_\_\_f. Press Ctrl-S to save your work.

	▼ Metric Details				
Edit the details	f the metric, which is a holding spot for information used in other calculations.				
ID:	* Order_Fulfillment_Duration Edit				
<u>N</u> ame:	Order Fulfillment Duration				
Description:					
-	-				
		- 1			
Туре:	Duration	•			
	ГШ	_			
🔲 A value is n	guired for this metric				
_		_			
De <u>f</u> ault Value:	dayTimeDuration('P0DT0H0M0.000S') Edit.				
_		_			
This metric	an be used for <u>s</u> orting				
<ul> <li>Metric Value</li> </ul>					
Specify the expressions that set the value of the metric. If a trigger is specified, the expression is evaluated when the trigger fires.					
Trigger	Expression				
	o Customer Trigger 👷 xs:dayTimeDuration(Order_End_Time - Order_Start_Time)	-			
🖙 Cancel Trio	N/V				

\_\_\_\_ g. Click the **KPI Model tab**.

- \_\_\_\_h. Create a KPI context to store the KPIs.
  - In the navigation view of the KPI Model, right click ClipsAndTacks, then select New → KPI Context
    - a) Name :- My KPI Context
    - b) ID :- My\_KPI\_Context
- \_\_\_\_i. Create the average order fulfillment KPI.

Note that you will create the KPI based on events for August 2006. This will work for you no matter what month or year that you run this lab because the timestamps in the test data are based on August 2006, so your results will be the same as in these lab instructions.

- 1) In the navigation view of the KPI Model, right click My KPI Context, then select New -> KPI
  - a) Name :- Average Order Fulfillment KPI August 2006
  - b) ID :- Average\_Order\_Fulfillment\_KPI\_August\_2006
- 2) Enter these values:
  - a) Type Duration
  - b) Select 'Keep track of historical values for this KPI'
  - c) In KPI Target and Ranges, for Target click **Details**..., then change the value to 3 Days, then click Finish
  - d) In KPI Target and Ranges, for Ranges select Actual value
  - e) In the Range table,
    - (1) Click Add, or double click anywhere in the table
    - (2) Change the Name to Day 1, and the ID to Day\_1
    - (3) A row is created in the Range table with a range name Day 1.
    - (4) For this row, select the cell in the Start value column and a button is displayed. Click this button, then change all values to 0, then click OK.
    - (5) For this row, select the cell in the End value column and a button is displayed. Click this button, then change Days to 1 and the other values to 0, then click OK.
  - f) Now you have created one range called Day 1. Repeat the previous step to create four more ranges:
    - (1) Day 2 with start values 1 Days and end value 2 Days
    - (2) Day 3 with start values 2 Days and end value 3 Days
    - (3) Day 4 with start values 3 Days and end value 4 Days
    - (4) Day 5 with start values 4 Days and end value 5 Days
  - g) KPI Value select 'Base this KPI on a metric and an aggregation function'
  - h) Under KPI Details, for Monitoring context, click Browse..., then select 'ClipsAndTacks MC', then click OK
  - i) Metric click Browse..., then select Order Fulfillment Duration, then click OK
  - j) Aggregation function select Average.
  - k) Under Time Filter, for Metric, click Browse..., then select Order Start Time, then click OK
  - I) Specify time period Fixed
  - m) Start date click Edit... then select date 2006-08-01, time 00:00:00, click OK

n) End date - click Edit..., then select 2006-08-31, time 23:59:59, click OK

3) Press **Ctrl-S** to save your work.

✓ KPI Details Edit the details of the KPI, which is a performance measurement used to track business objectives.					
ID: *	Average_Order_Fulfillment_KPI_August_2006	Edit			
Name:	Average Order Fulfillment KPI August 2006				
Description:		*			
Type: *	Duration	•			

🗹 Keep track of historical values for this KPI

#### ▼ KPI Target and Ranges

Specify a target, which is an exact value for the KPI to achieve, or ranges against which to track the KPI, or both.

Target: 3 Days				Details
Ranges: "Actual value				•
Range name	Start value	End value	Color	
🗧 Day 1	0 Milliseconds	< 1 Days		
🗧 Day 2	1 Days	< 2 Days		
🗧 Day 3	2 Days	< 3 Days		
🗮 Day 4	3 Days	< 4 Days		
🗮 Day 5	4 Days	< 5 Days		

Add Remove Sort

<ul> <li>KPI Definition</li> <li>Specify how the value of the</li></ul>	ne KPI is set.	
KPI Value		
Choose how the KPI will	get its value:	
	etric and an aggregation function.	
O Write an expression	to calculate this KPI based on existing KPIs	
KPI Details		
Monitoring context:	* ClipsAndTacks MC	Browse
Metric:	* Order Fulfillment Duration	Browse
Aggregation function:	* Average	•
Use values from:	$igodoldsymbol{\Theta}$ All model versions $igodoldsymbol{O}$ Only this version of the model	
Time Filter		
Select a time period over	which the KPI should be calculated.	
Metric: Order Start	Time	Browse
Time period:		
O None O F	Repeating O Rolling O Fixed	
Start date: 2006-0	8-01T00:00:00 Edit End date: 2006-08-31T23:59:59 Edit	
Time zone: 🕌 GMT-	-06:00 💌 Location (daylight saving):	

- \_\_\_\_\_j. Note that this KPI as it stands averages order fulfillment time for shipped orders and cancelled orders, but you probably are not interested in the cancelled orders to be included in this KPI. So update the average order fulfillment KPI to show the values for shipped orders only. First you will create a new metric to hold the order status. Then you will add this metric as a data filter on the KPI.
- \_\_\_\_k. Click the **Monitor Details Model tab**.
- \_\_\_\_ I. In the Monitor Details Model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select **New** → **Metric**. Enter these values:
  - 1) Name :- Order Status
  - 2) ID :- Order\_Status
  - 3) Type :- String
  - 4) Select the check box for 'A value is required for this metric'
  - 5) Default Value (enter this text with single quotation marks) 'New'
  - 6) For Metric Value Expressions, click Add
  - 7) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Trigger, then a button is shown, then click the button and select Trigger type > ClipsAndTacks MC > Cancel Trigger, click OK
  - 8) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Expression, then a button is shown, then click the button and enter this text with the quotation marks:

## 'Cancelled'

9) Click OK.

- 10) For Metric Value Expressions, click Add
- 11) In the second row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Trigger, then a button is shown, then click the button and select Trigger type > ClipsAndTacks MC > Ship Order to Customer Trigger, click OK
- 12) In the second row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Expression, then a button is shown, then click the button and enter this text with the quotation marks:

'Shipped'

13) Press **Ctrl-S** to save your work

#### Metric Details

Edit the details of the metric, which is a holding spot for information used in other calculations.

ID:	* Order_Status	Edit
Name:	Order Status	
Description:		-
		-
Туре:	* String	•
	Maximum String Length: 256	
	Allocate additional space in database to accommodate Unicode string for globalization	
🗹 A value is re	equired for this metric	
Default Value:	* New'	Edit
This metric (	can be used for sorting	
🕶 Metric Va	lue Expressions	
Specify the exp	ressions that set the value of the metric. If a trigger is specified, the map is evaluated when the trigger fires.	

Trigger	Expression
🖙 Cancel Trigger	×+γ ⊧? 'Cancelled'
E Ship Order to Customer Trigger	X+Y -? 'Shipped'

- \_\_\_\_m. Update the order fulfillment KPI to use the order status as a filter.
  - 1) Click the **KPI Model tab**.
  - In the KPI Model navigation view, navigate to ClipsAndTacks > My KPI Context > Average Order Fulfillment KPI August 2006
  - 3) In the Data Filter section for this KPI, click Add
  - 4) In the dialog, navigate to ClipsAndTacks MC → Order Status, then click OK

5) In the row containing metric Order Status, make sure the operation defaults to 'equals'. Also, click the cell in the column Values, then enter this text (with quotation marks):

'Shipped'

6) Press Ctrl-S to save your work.

	Metric	Operator	Values	Case-sensitive
	🗶 Order Status	equals	Shipped'	
ł				

\_ 19. Create a KPI for number of approved orders greater than 90%. First you will create a KPI to count the number of total orders. Then you will create a KPI to count the number of shipped orders. Finally, you will create a KPI that calculates the approval percentage as this formula: (ship count / order count) \* 100.

#### \_\_\_\_a. Click the **KPI Model tab** then create the order count KPI.

- 1) In the navigation view of the KPI Model, right click My KPI Context, then select New > KPI
  - a) Name :- Order Count KPI
  - b) ID :- Order\_Count\_KPI
- 2) Enter these values:
  - a) Type :- Decimal
  - b) Select 'Keep track of historical values for this KPI'
  - c) Do not specify targets nor ranges
  - d) KPI Value select 'Base this KPI on a metric and an aggregation function'
  - e) Under KPI Details, for Monitoring context, click Browse..., then select 'ClipsAndTacks MC', then click OK
  - f) Metric click Browse..., then select ClipsAndTacks Key, then click OK
  - g) Aggregation function select **Count**
- 3) Press Ctrl-S to save your work.
- b. Create the ship count KPI.
  - 1) In the navigation view of the KPI Model, right click My KPI Context, then select New > KPI
    - a) Name :- Ship Count KPI
    - b) ID :- Ship\_Count\_KPI
  - 2) Enter these values:
    - a) Type :- Decimal
    - b) Do not specify targets nor ranges
    - c) KPI Value select 'Base this KPI on a metric and an aggregation function'

- d) Under KPI Details, for Monitoring context, click Browse..., then select 'ClipsAndTacks MC', then click OK
- e) Metric click Browse..., then select ClipsAndTacks Key, then click OK
- f) Aggregation function select **Count**
- g) In the Data Filter section for this KPI, click Add
- h) In the dialog, navigate to ClipsAndTacks MC → Order Status, then click OK
- i) In the row containing metric Order Status, make sure the operation defaults to 'equals'. Also, click the cell in the column Values, then enter this text (with quotation marks):

#### 'Shipped'

- 3) Press Ctrl-S to save your work.
- \_\_\_\_ c. Create the percent of orders approved KPI.
  - 1) In the navigation view of the KPI Model, right click My KPI Context, then select New > KPI

```
a) Name :- Percent of Orders Approved KPI
```

```
b) ID :- Percent_of_Orders_Approved_KPI
```

- 2) Enter these values:
  - a) Type :- Decimal
  - b) Select 'Keep track of historical values for this KPI'
  - c) In KPI Target and Ranges, for Target click Details..., then change the value to **90**, then click Finish
  - d) In KPI Target and Ranges, for Ranges select Actual value
  - e) In the Range table,
    - (1) Click Add
    - (2) Change the Name to Low Range, and the ID to Low\_Range
    - (3) A row is created in the Range table with a range name Low Range.
    - (4) For this row, select the cell in the Start value column and a button is displayed. Click this button, then change the value to 0 and then click OK.
    - (5) For this row, select the cell in the End value column and a button is displayed. Click this button, then change the value to 90 and then click OK.
  - f) Repeat the above step to create one more range:
    - (1) High Range with start value 90 and end value 100
  - g) KPI Value select 'Write an expression to calculate this KPI based on existing KPIs'

# h) For KPI Calculation, enter this text:

fn:round((Ship\_Count\_KPI div Order\_Count\_KPI) \* 100)

3) Press **Ctrl-S** to save your work.

## KPI Target and Ranges

Specify a target, which is an exact value for the KPI to achieve, or ranges against which to track the KPI, or both.

Target:	90			Details	
Ranges:	* Actual value			•	
	Range name	Start value	End value		
	🗧 Low Range	0	< 90		
	🗮 High Range	90	< 100		
		·	Add Remov	e Sort	
👻 KPI D	efinition				
Specify how the value of the KPI is set.					

#### KPI Value

Choose how the KPI will get its value:

O Base this KPI on a metric and an aggregation function.

• Write an expression to calculate this KPI based on existing KPIs

KPI Calculation

For example, you could have a Total Profit KPI that subtracts the Total Cost KPI from the Total Revenue KPI.

[fn:round((Ship\_Count\_KPI div Order\_Count\_KPI) \* 100)

20. In the dashboards, you might like to see the total order price, the average order price and the total number of orders. And you might be interested in seeing this information by country and city, and by order status. So now you will create dimensions and measures that allow you to see this information. For aggregated numeric information like total order price, you will create a measure in the dimensional model. For textual attributes like order status, you will create a dimension in the dimensional model. In order to see the country and city information, you will create a multi-level location dimension containing country as the first level and city as the second level. Each measure and dimension needs a metric as a source, so you will also need to create metrics for country, city and total price.

#### \_\_\_\_a. Click the **Dimensional Model tab**.

\_\_\_\_b. Add order status as a dimension to the Dimensional Model.

1) In the navigation view, click ClipsAndTacks MC Cube

- 2) In the dimensions table, click New Dimension...
  - a) Name :- Order Status Dimension
  - b) ID :- Order\_Status\_Dimension

IBM Business Monitor 7.5 – Lab exercise

#### c) Click **OK**

- 3) Click New Level...
  - a) Name :- Order Status
  - b) ID :- Order\_Status
  - c) Source metric Click Browse..., then select ClipsAndTacks MC → Order Status. Then click OK.
  - d) Click OK.

4) Press Ctrl-S to save your work.

#### Dimensions

Work with the dimensions and dimension levels of this cube. Dimensions are data categories made up of hierarchical dimension levels.

Dimension / Dimension Level	Source Metric	New Dimension
🖃 📮 Order Status Dimension		Nava Lavad
📑 Order Status	🚃 Order Status	New Level
		Remove
		Move Up
		Move Down
1		11010 00000

### \_\_\_\_ c. Click the Monitor Details Model tab.

- \_\_\_\_ d. In the Monitor Details Model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select New > Metric. Enter these values:
  - 1) Name :- country
  - 2) ID :- country
  - 3) Type :- String
  - 4) Select the check box for 'A value is required for this metric'
  - 5) Default value : '' (Note: Empty single quotation marks)
  - 6) For Metric Value Expressions, click Add
  - 7) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Trigger, then a button is shown, then click the button and select Trigger type > ClipsAndTacks MC > New Order Trigger, click OK
  - 8) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Expression, then a button is shown, then click the button and enter this text:

New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWOrderBOData/ae:country

9) Click OK.

- \_\_\_\_ e. In the Monitor Details Model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select New > Metric. Enter these values:
  - 1) Name :- city
  - 2) ID :- city
  - 3) Type :- String
  - 4) Select the check box for 'A value is required for this metric'
  - 5) Default value : " (Note: Empty single quotation marks)
  - 6) For Metric Value Expressions, click Add
  - 7) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Trigger, then a button is shown, then click the button and select Trigger type > ClipsAndTacks MC > New Order Trigger, click OK
  - 8) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Expression, then a button is shown, then click the button and enter this text:

New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWOrderBOData/ae:city

- 9) Click OK.
- 10) Press Ctrl-S to save your work
- \_\_\_\_\_f. In the Monitor Details Model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select **New > Metric**. Enter these values:
  - 1) Name :- totalPrice
  - 2) ID :- totalPrice
  - 3) Type :- Decimal
  - 4) For Metric Value Expressions, click Add
  - 5) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Trigger, then a button is shown, then click the button and select Trigger type > ClipsAndTacks MC > New Order Trigger, click OK
  - 6) In the first row of the Metric Value Expressions table, select the cell under column Expression, then a button is shown, then click the button and enter this text:

New\_Order\_Event/My\_Event\_Part/noe:NEWOrderBOData/ae:totalPrice

- 7) Click OK.
- 8) Press Ctrl-S to save your work
- \_\_\_\_g. Click the **Dimensional Model tab**.
- \_\_\_\_h. Add location as a dimension to the Dimensional Model.
  - 1) In the navigation view, click ClipsAndTacks MC Cube
  - 2) In the dimensions table, click New Dimension...

- a) Name :- Location
- b) ID :- Location
- c) Click **OK**
- 3) Click New Level...
  - a) Name :- Country
  - b) ID :- Country
  - c) Source metric Click Browse…, then select ClipsAndTacks MC → country. Then click OK.
  - d) Click OK.
- 4) Click New Level...
  - a) Name :- City
  - b) ID :- City
  - c) Source metric Click Browse…, then select ClipsAndTacks MC → city. Then click OK.
  - d) Click OK.
- 5) Press Ctrl-S to save your work.

#### Dimensions

Work with the dimensions and dimension levels of this cube. Dimensions are data categories made up of hierarchical dimension levels.

Dimension / Dimension Level	Source Metric	New Dimension
🖃 📮 Order Status Dimension		Nava Lavad
📑 Order Status	Order Status	New Level
🖃 📑 Location		Remove
🗆 🚍 Country	in country	riomoro
City	ing city	Move Up
		Maus Dawa
		Move Down

- \_\_\_\_\_i. Ensure that the **Dimensional Model tab** is selected.
- \_\_\_\_j. In the Dimensional Model, add a measure for average order price.
  - 1) In the navigation view, click ClipsAndTacks MC Cube
  - 2) In the Measures table, click New ....
    - a) Name :- Average Order Price
    - b) ID :- Average\_Order\_Price
    - c) Source metric Click Browse..., then select ClipsAndTacks MC → totalPrice.
    - d) Aggregation function: select Average.

### e) Then click OK.

3) Press Ctrl-S to save your work.

•	Measures
---	----------

Work with the measures for this cube. Measures are calculations based on a metric, key, counter, or stopwatch.

Measure	Source Metric	Aggregation Function	New
Average Order Price	📖 totalPrice	Average	D
			Remove

\_\_\_\_k. In the Dimensional Model, add a measure for sum of order price.

1) In the navigation view, click ClipsAndTacks MC Cube

- 2) In the Measures table, click New ...
  - a) Name :- Sum Order Price
  - b) ID :- Sum\_Order\_Price
  - c) Source metric Click Browse..., then select ClipsAndTacks MC → totalPrice.
  - d) Aggregation function select Sum.
  - e) Then click OK.

3) Press Ctrl-S to save your work.

\_\_\_\_I. In the Dimensional Model, add a measure for order count.

1) In the navigation view, click ClipsAndTacks MC Cube

- 2) In the Measures table, click New ...
  - a) Name :- Order Count
  - b) ID :- Order\_Count
  - c) Source metric Click Browse..., then select ClipsAndTacks MC → ClipsAndTacks Key.
  - d) Aggregation function select **Count**.
  - e) Then click OK.

3) Press Ctrl-S to save your work.

#### Measures

Work with the measures for this cube. Measures are calculations based on a metric, key, counter, or stopwatch.

Measure	Source Metric	Aggregation Function	New	
Average Order Price	📟 totalPrice	Average		
📥 Sum Order Price	🚃 totalPrice	Sum	Remove	
📥 Order Count	🐖 ClipsAndTacks Key	Count		

- \_\_\_\_\_ 21. In the dashboards you might like to see the average order price and track that relative to a target.
  - \_\_\_\_a. Create a KPI for the average order price.

### 1) Click the **KPI Model tab**.

- 2) In the navigation view of the KPI Model, right click My KPI Context, then select New → KPI
  - a) Name :- Average Order Price KPI (Dollars)
  - b) ID :- Average\_Order\_Price\_KPI\_\_x0028\_Dollars\_x0029\_
- 3) Enter these values:
  - a) Type :- Decimal
  - b) Select 'Keep track of historical values for this KPI'
  - c) In KPI Target and Ranges, for Target click Details..., then change the value to **300**, then click Finish
  - d) In KPI Target and Ranges, for Ranges select Actual value
  - e) In the Range table,
    - (1) Click Add
    - (2) Change the Name to Low Range, and the ID to Low\_Range
    - (3) A row is created in the Range table with a range name Low Range.
    - (4) For this row, select the cell in the Start value column and a button is displayed. Click this button, then change the value to 0, and then click OK.
    - (5) For this row, select the cell in the End value column and a button is displayed. Click this button, then change the value to 300, and then click OK.
  - f) Now you have created one range called Low Range. Repeat the previous step to create one more range:
    - (1) High Range with start value 300 and end value 1000
  - g) KPI Value select 'Base this KPI on a metric and an aggregation function'
  - h) Under KPI Details, for Monitoring context, click Browse..., then select 'ClipsAndTacks MC', then click OK
  - i) Metric click Browse..., then select totalPrice, then click OK
  - j) Aggregation function select Average.
- 4) Press Ctrl-S to save your work.

KPI Target and Ra	anges					
Specify a target, which is	an exact value for the KPI to	achieve, or ranges against which l	to track the KPI, or both.			
Target: 300						
Ranges: * Actual value			•			
Range name		Start value	End value			
🚪 Low Range		0	< 300			
🗮 High Range		300	< 1000			
<ul> <li>KPI Definition</li> </ul>						
Specify how the value of I	the KPI is set.					
KPI Value						
Choose how the KPI wi	l get its value:					
🗿 Base this KPI on a r	netric and an aggregation fur	nction.				
O Write an expression	n to calculate this KPI based c	on existing KPIs				
KPI Details						
Monitoring context:	* ClipsAndTacks MC		Browse			
Metric:	* totalPrice		Browse			
Aggregation function:	* Average		•			

- 22. **(Optional)** To demonstrate the use of a counter, you can optionally use this section to create a counter which will be incremented if you ship the order (versus canceling the order). For every monitoring context, this counter will either be zero or one depending on whether the order is cancelled or shipped. Counters would be more useful in other scenarios perhaps to count the number of times an iterated activity is executed.
  - \_\_\_\_a. In the Monitor Details Model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select **New >** Counter. Enter these values:
    - 1) Name :- Ship Counter
    - 2) ID :- Ship\_Counter
    - For Counter Controls, click Add, then select ClipsAndTacks MC → Ship Order to Customer Trigger, click OK
    - 4) Note that the Resulting Action defaults to Add One, which is correct.
  - \_\_\_\_b. Press Ctrl-S to save your work

▼ Counter Details	
Edit the details of the counter, which counts the number of occurrences of some situation or event	
ID: * Ship_Counter	Edit
Name: Ship Counter	
Description:	* *
This counter can be used for sorting	
▼ Counter Controls	
Specify what causes the counter to change and what action is taken.	

Trigger / Inbound Event	Resulting Action	
🖙 Ship Order to Customer Trigger	Add One	

- 23. (Optional) ) To demonstrate the use of a stopwatch, you can optionally use this section to create a timer which will measure the duration of the monitoring context. You might find this useful in the dashboard instances view to quickly see which monitoring contexts have not been terminated.
  - \_\_\_\_a. In the model navigation view, right click ClipsAndTacks MC, then select New → Stopwatch. Enter these values:
    - 1) Name :- Monitoring Context Timer
    - 2) ID :- Monitoring\_Context\_Timer
    - For Stopwatch Controls, click Add, then select ClipsAndTacks MC → New Order Trigger and then click OK.
    - 4) Note that the default Resulting Action is Start
    - 5) For Stopwatch Controls, click Add, then select ClipsAndTacks MC → Ship Order to Customer Trigger and then click OK.
    - 6) Note that the default Resulting Action is Start, but you need to change it to Stop for this trigger. So click the second row in column Resulting Action. A drop down box is shown, so pick Stop in the list.
    - 7) For Stopwatch Controls, click Add, then select ClipsAndTacks MC → Cancel Trigger and then click OK.
    - 8) Note that the default Resulting Action is Start, but you need to change it to Stop for this trigger. So click the second row in column Resulting Action. A drop down box is shown, so pick Stop in the list.
  - \_\_\_\_ b. Press Ctrl-S to save your work.

<ul> <li>Stopwatcl</li> </ul>	h Details				
Edit the details of the stopwatch, which keeps track of elapsed time. If an accumulating stopwatch is given two or more start and stop times, the durations are added together to produce an accumulated time.					
ID:	* Monitoring_Context_Timer		Edit		
Name:	Monitoring Context Timer				
Description:			4		
This stopw	atch is an accumulating stopwatch				
This stopw	vatch can be used for sorting				
<ul> <li>Stopwatch</li> <li>Specify what one</li> </ul>	<b>h Controls</b> causes the stopwatch to change and what action is take	n.			
Trigger / Inb	ound Event	Resulting Action			
PNew Orde	New Order Trigger Start				
🖙 Ship Orde	er to Customer Trigger	Stop			
🖙 Cancel Trigger Sto		Stop			

24. Create a business situation event when the number of declined orders is greater than or equal to 3. You will use the built-in event definition ActionServicesEvent. This event contains a field called BusinessSituationName which is a required field for the outbound situation event. You will create a KPI that will track the total number of declined orders. Then you will create a trigger which is fired when the number of declined orders is greater than or equal to 3. Then you will define an outbound event which is fired by the trigger. In this outbound event, you will provide a value for the field BusinessSituationName which will be used later when configuring action manager in the server administrative console.

\_\_\_\_a. Create a KPI for declined orders.

- 1) Click the KPI Model tab for the ClipsAndTacks model.
- 2) In the navigation view of the KPI Model, right click My KPI Context, then select New > KPI
  - a) Name Declined Order KPI
  - b) ID Declined\_Order\_KPI
- 3) Enter these values:
  - a) Type Decimal
  - b) Select 'Keep track of historical values for this KPI'
  - c) In KPI Target and Ranges, for Target click Details..., then change the value to 3, then click Finish
  - d) In KPI Target and Ranges, for Ranges select Actual value
  - e) In the Range table,
    - (1) Click Add

- (2) Change the Name to Low Range, and the ID to Low\_Range
- (3) A row is created in the Range table with a range name Low Range.
- (4) For this row, select the cell in the Start value column and a button is displayed. Click this button, then change the value to 0, and then click OK.
- (5) For this row, select the cell in the End value column and a button is displayed. Click this button, then change the value to 3, and then click OK.
- f) Now you have created one range called Low Range. Repeat the previous step to create one more range:
  - (1) High Range with start value 3 and end value 10
- g) KPI Value select 'Base this KPI on a metric and an aggregation function.'
- h) Under KPI Details, for Monitoring context, click Browse..., then select 'ClipsAndTacks MC', then click OK
- i) Metric click Browse..., then select 'ClipsAndTacks Key', then click OK
- j) Aggregation function select Count.
- k) In the Data Filter section for this KPI, click Add
- I) In the dialog, navigate to ClipsAndTacks MC > Order Status, then click OK
- m) In the row containing metric Order Status, make sure the operation defaults to 'equals'. Also, click the cell in the column Values, then enter this text (with quotation marks):

'Cancelled'

<ul> <li>KPI Definition</li> </ul>						
Specify how the value of t	he KPI is set.					
KPI Value						
Choose how the KPI will	get its value:					
🖸 Base this KPI on a m	etric and an aggr	egation function.				
O Write an expression	to calculate this I	KPI based on existin	g KPIs			
KPI Details						
Monitoring context:	* ClipsAndTacks	; MC				Browse
Metric:	* ClipsAndTacks	; Кеу				Browse
Aggregation function:	* Count					•
Use values from:	• All model ve	rsions <b>O</b> Only this	version of the model			
Time Filter						
Select a time period over	which the KPI sh	ould be calculated.				
Retric:						Browse
Time period:						
⊙ None O F	Repeating <b>O</b> R	olling O Fixed				
Data Filter						
Select the metrics that yo you only want to use mo					f you have a KPI called Avera	age Price in London,
Metric	Operator	Values		Case-sensitive		
🔊 Order Status	eguals	Cancelled'				

- \_\_\_\_b. Create a trigger to fire the outbound situation event.
  - In the navigation view of the KPI Model, right click My KPI Context, then select New > Trigger
    - a) Name Declined Order Trigger
    - b) ID Declined\_Order\_Trigger
  - 2) Enter these values:
    - a) Under Trigger Sources, click Add.
    - b) Select Recurring wait time, then click OK
    - c) In the Source column you see the default wait time is 1 minute.
    - d) In Trigger Condition, enter this text:

Declined\_Order\_KPI >= 3

🔻 Trigger De	etails	
Edit the detail	s of the trigger, which detects an occurre	nce and initiates an action in response.
ID: ,	Declined_Order_Trigger	
Name:	Declined Order Trigger	
Description:		
Trigger is r	epeatable	
🔻 Trigger So	ources	
Specify the so	urce of this trigger.	
Source Type		Source
Recurring	wait time	🚯 0 days 0 hours 1 minutes
🔻 Trigger Co	ondition	
Specify the co	ndition that determines whether the triag	er will fire.

Declined\_Order\_KPI >= 3

- \_\_\_\_ c. Create an outbound situation event for declined orders.
  - 1) In the navigation view of the KPI Model, right click My KPI Context, then select **New >** Outbound Event
    - a) Name Declined Order Outbound Event
    - b) ID Declined\_Order\_Outbound\_Event
    - c) Select 'Configure this event to generate an alert in the dashboards'
    - d) For trigger, click Browse..., then select My KPI Context > Declined Order Trigger, then click OK
  - 2) Enter these values:
    - a) Notice that the extension name defaults to ActionServicesEvent
    - b) In the Outbound Event Content table, expand Declined Order Trigger, expand Extended Data, then on the same row as BusinessSituationName, set Expression to (include the quotation marks):

'Too many orders have been declined'

<ul> <li>Outbound E</li> </ul>				
Edit the details (	of the outbound event,	, which is sent by t	the monitoring context. The type	must be an event definition.
ID:	Declined_Order_Outbo	und Event		Edit
1D. *[	Declined_order_oddbo			Lacin
Name:	Declined Order Outbou	nd Event		
Deservisione .				
Description:				
				-
L				
▼ Event Type	Details			
			r describe the structure of this o	utbound event. You can
specify an exter	nsion name, event part	ts, or both.		
Extension name	ActionServicesEven	it		Browse Clear
		(		
Event parts:	ID	Name	Туре	Path
	•			•
				Add Remove
- 0.46-0.15	and Contract			
<ul> <li>Outbound E Specify the trigg</li> </ul>		ent to be cent. Use	e the Expression column to specif	v the value for each event
	the event is sent.	end to be send, use	e the Expression column to specif	
Name		Туре	Expression	
	d Order Trigger			
<u></u>	perty Data			
🗆 🖯 🗮 Ext	and d Date			
	ended Data			
	ended Data BusinessSituationNam	e 🛧 string	X+Y ₽? 'Too many orders have b	een declined'

- \_ 25. Create a business situation event when the order fulfillment duration is greater than 3 days. First you will create an event definition for the outbound situation event. You will create a field called BusinessSituationName which is a required field for the outbound situation event, and you will create another field for the average order processing time which will eventually be placed into the alert body. You do not need to create a KPI since there is already a KPI containing the average processing time. You will create a trigger which is fired when the average processing time is greater than 3 days. Then you will define an outbound event which is fired by the trigger. In this outbound event, you will provide a value for the field BusinessSituationName which will be used later when configuring action manager in the server administrative console, and you will populate the field on the event containing the average order processing time.
  - \_\_\_\_a. Create an event definition for average order processing time.
    - 1) In Project Explorer, right click ClipsAndTacks and select New > Event Definition...(cbe)
    - 2) For file name, enter LateAverageOrderShippedEvent.cbe
    - 3) Click Finish
    - 4) The Event Definition Editor for LateAverageOrderShippedEvent opens.
    - 5) Double click the hierarchical icon next to the label Parent.

- 6) On the Select Event Definition Dialog double click event.
- 7) Event is now shown as the parent of LateAverageOrderShippedEvent
- 8) On the event definition, click the icon for Add Extended Data 🖺 . This adds a row to the Extended Data table.
- 9) For the new data element, change the Extended Data name from 'data1' to 'BusinessSituationName' by clicking on data1 and typing the new name.
- 10) For the new element, change the type to string. Do this by clicking on 'noValue' and then you are given a drop down box.
- 11) On the event definition, click the icon for Add Extended Data. This adds a second row to the Extended Data table.
- 12) For the second data element, change the Extended Data name to AverageOrderProcessingTime
- 13) For the second element, change the type to string.
- 14) Press Ctrl-S to save your work.

Name*	LateAverageOrderShippedEvent	
Parent*	🔁 event	
	Property	- <u>-</u>
	Extended Data	Туре
	BusinessSituationName AverageOrderProcessingTime	string string

- \_\_\_\_b. Create a trigger to fire the outbound situation event.
  - In the navigation view of the KPI Model, right click My KPI Context, then select New > Trigger
    - a) Name Order Fulfillment Timer Trigger
    - b) ID Order\_Fulfillment\_Timer\_Trigger
  - 2) Enter these values:
    - a) Under Trigger Sources, click Add.
    - b) Select Recurring wait time, then click OK
    - c) In the Source column you see the default wait time is one minute.
    - d) In Trigger Condition, enter this text:

Average\_Order\_Fulfillment\_KPI\_August\_2006 ge dayTimeDuration ('P3DT1H')

🔻 Trigger De	tails	
Edit the details	s of the trigger, which detects an occurrence	ce and initiates an action in response.
ID: "	Order_Fulfillment_Timer_Trigger	
Name:	Order Fulfillment Timer Trigger	
Description:		
Trigger is r	epeatable	
🔻 Trigger Sa	ources	
	urce of this trigger.	
Source Type		Source
Recurring	wait time	🚯 0 days 0 hours 1 minutes
<ul> <li>Trigger Co</li> </ul>	ondition	
	ndition that determines whether the trigge	r will fire.
Average_O	rder_Fulfillment_KPI_August_2006 ge dayT	imeDuration('P3DT1H')

- \_\_\_\_ c. Create an outbound situation event for average order processing time.
  - In the navigation view of the KPI Model, right click My KPI Context, then select New > Outbound Event
    - a) Name Order Fulfillment Outbound Event
    - b) ID Order\_Fulfillment\_Outbound\_Event
    - c) Select 'Configure this event to generate an alert in the dashboards'
    - d) For trigger, click Browse..., then select My KPI Context > Order Fulfillment Timer Trigger, then click OK
  - 2) Enter these values:
    - a) For extension name, click Browse..., then select ClipsAndTacks > LateAverageOrderShippedEvent.cbe > LateAverageOrderShippedEvent, then click OK
    - b) In the Outbound Event Content table, expand Order Fulfillment Timer Trigger, expand Extended Data, then on the same row as BusinessSituationName, set Expression to (include the quotation marks):

'Average shipment is too late'

c) In the Outbound Event Content table, on the same row as AverageOrderProcessingTime, set Expression to:

xs:string(Average\_Order\_Fulfillment\_KPI\_August\_2006 div xs:dayTimeDuration('P1D'))

Note: This results in a time unit of days, since you are dividing the order fulfillment duration by a constant duration of one day.

3) F	Press <b>Ctrl-S</b> to s	save your	work.		
<ul> <li>Outbound I</li> </ul>	Event Details				
Edit the details	of the outbound event,	, which is sent l	by the monitoring	; context. The type	e must be an event definition.
ID: *	Order_Fulfillment_Outb	ound_Event			Edit
Name:	Order Fulfillment Outbo	und Event			
Description:					*
					<b>v</b>
<ul> <li>Event Type</li> </ul>	Details				
Specify the eve			ther describe the	e structure of this o	utbound event. You can specify
Extension name	e: LateAverageOrderS	ihippedEvent			Browse Clear
Event parts:	ID	Name		Туре	Path
	<b> </b> •				
					Add Remove
• Outbound I	Event Content				
Specify the trig		ent to be sent.	Use the Express	ion column to speci	fy the value for each event
Name		Туре	Expression		
😑 🖙 Order	Fulfillment Timer Trigger				
📄 Pri	operty Data				
🗆 🖂 Ex	tended Data				
	BusinessSituationName	e 🛛 🗛 string	Y Average sh	ipment is too late'	
	AverageOrderProcess	ing 🛧 string	x+Y ₽? xs:string(Av	/erage_Order_Fulfi	llment_KPI_August_2006 div xs:c
1					

26. Check for any errors in the Problems view. You should resolve any errors before continuing. Warnings and informational messages may be present but these will not be a problem.

### Part 2: Publish the model to the server

In this section you will use Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer to publish the monitor model to the monitor server.

- 1. In Project Explorer, expand ClipsAndTacks → Monitor models → ClipsAndTacks.mm. Right click over ClipsAndTacks.mm and then select **Generate Monitor JEE Projects** from the pop-up menu
- \_\_\_\_ 2. Select Finish.
- 3. A progress dialog shows the status of the operation and it closes when the operation is complete. Check for errors in the Problems view. There may be warnings, but there should not be any errors. If you see errors, then try to perform a clean to see if the errors can be removed: Project > Clean... > select 'Clean all projects', then click OK.
- 4. Click the Servers tab, then right click and select the **Start** option to start the server IBM Business Monitor Server V7.5. This may take a few minutes to complete.

🖷 Monitoring Flow 🔲 Properties 🔝 Problems 👫 Servers 🛛 👸 Server Logs	📃 Console 🧵 Pro	gress	
Server 🔺	State	Status	
🔀 WebSphere Business Monitor Server v7.0 on WebSphere Process Server	🚡 Started	Synchronized	
🗱 WebSphere Process Server v7.0 at localhost 📲 Stopped			

- 5. Right click in the servers view, then select Add and Remove Projects....
- \_\_ 6. Click Add to move the ClipsAndTacksApplication from the list of available projects to the list of configured projects.

🚯 Add and Remove Projects		×
Add and Remove Projects Modify the projects that are confi		
Move projects to the right to conl	figure them on the server	
Available projects:		Configured projects:
	-	🗉 🛅 ClipsAndTacksApplication
	Add >	
	< Remove	
	Add All >>	
	<< Remove All	
		•
0	< Back Next >	Finish Cancel

7. Click Finish.

8. A progress message is displayed in the lower right corner of the window.

Publishing to WebSph.....: (14%)

9. Check the servers view to verify that the application has been started.

🖽 M	onitoring Flow	Properties	🖹 Problems	해 Servers	×	🤠 Server Logs	📮 Console
<b>_</b> ]	🖃 🎬 IBM Business Monitor v7.5 on IBM Process Server at localhost [Started, Synchronized]						
6	🗄 🦷 🔂 ClipsAndTacksApplication [Started, Synchronized]						

- 10. In the servers view, right click, then select **Administration > Run administrative console**. You should see it open in a separate tab.
- 11. It will prompt you for user ID and password. Enter user ID and password. Click Log in.
- 12. Click Applications > Monitor Models. The application should show green status if it started successfully.

onitor M	odels					? -
Monito	r Models					
the as:		dded to the root r		ons. To start or stop a version of a monitor mo d may not be visible by its intended dashboar		
🕀 Pref	erences					
Start	Stop Install					
D	) 👯 🥰					
Select	Model 🗘	Version	Deployment 🗘	Application 0	Data Security	Status 👲
	<u>ClipsAndTacks</u>	<u>2007-12-</u> 07T12:16:40	ок	ClipsAndTacksApplication_	Members assigned	€)
	<u>GlobalHTMM</u>	2007-06- 18T09:54:38	ок	IBM WBM HUMAN TASK MONITOR MODEL	Members assigned	€
-	Global Drocass Monitor	2000-11-	OK	TRM WRM GLOBAL DROCESS MONITOR	Momhore	4

- 13. If the model shows red (stopped), then wait a moment, then refresh by clicking on the icon to the right of Status in the last column of the table. You should see green (started) for the model. If it does not show green, be patient and keep refreshing until it does show green.
- 14. If you are using the integrated server within IBM Integration Designer or Rational Application Developer, then you do not need to setup Monitor data security, since the administrative user is automatically authorized to all models. If you are using a different server, then you should open the administrative console, navigate to Security > Monitor Data Security, then add the model, role and user information to a resource group.

## Part 3: Configure action manager for business situation events

This section shows you how to configure action manager to create alerts based on business situation events defined in the monitor model. The alerts will be visible in the Alert view on your dashboard.

You do not need an LDAP server to test the situation events. When you configure the notification template, you can specify a dashboard login rather than a user registry.

In this section, you will use the administrative console to configure the alerts. However, you could also create business user alerts using the Alert Manager widget in the dashboard. In a production environment, an end user could use the alert manager widget to manage the business user alerts, however, an IT administrator would manage the modeled alerts in the administrative console.

- 1. Verify the federated repository service provider URL.
  - \_\_\_\_a. In the administrative console, navigate to Applications > Monitor Services > Monitor Action Services > Configuration > Federated Repositories.
  - \_\_\_\_\_b. In the Service provider URL field, type the URL of the federated repositories server that is used to connect to the user registry. For a stand-alone server, this value might be localhost:2809. For a network deployment environment, this field must be set to the deployment manager host name plus the deployment manager BOOTSTRAP\_ADDRESS port (separated by a colon). To determine the bootstrap port, in the WebSphere Application Server administrative console, click Servers > Server Types > WebSphere application servers > server1. Under Communications, click Ports.
  - \_\_\_\_ c. To save the settings you entered, click Apply or OK.
  - \_\_\_\_d. To make these changes effective, stop and restart the IBM Business Monitor server.
- \_\_\_\_ 2. Add a template for declined order alerts.
  - \_\_\_\_a. In the administrative console, navigate to Applications > Monitor Services > Monitor Action Services > Template Definitions > Notifications
  - \_\_\_ b. Click New.
  - \_\_\_\_ c. Enter **AlertDeclined** as Template name and a description.
  - \_\_\_\_d. Select Dashboard Alert.
  - \_\_\_\_e. Select User id.
  - \_\_\_\_\_f. For the **To** field, enter **admin.** This 'User id' is the one that will receive the alert, so you should log into the dashboard with this 'User id'.

Note: The user admin is the default username configured for Monitor Test Environment profile

- \_\_\_ g. Enter a subject.
- \_\_\_h. Enter the body.

AlertDeclined Description
Description
Default action service type
Oashboard Alert
C Cell phone
C Email
C Pager
'To' query type
O Federated repositories query
C LDAP query
C Email address
🖲 User id
_
To admin
aunin
Query base
Subject
Declined Orders
Body
Too many orders have been declined.

- \_\_\_ i. Click OK.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Add a template for order processing time alerts.
  - \_\_\_\_a. In the administrative console, navigate to Applications > Monitor Services > Monitor Action Services > Template Definitions > Notifications
  - \_\_\_ b. Click New.
  - \_\_\_\_ c. Enter AlertLate as Template name and a description.
  - \_\_\_\_d. Select Dashboard Alert
  - \_\_\_\_e. Select User id
  - \_\_\_\_\_f. For the **To** field, enter **admin.** This 'User id' is the one that will receive the alert, so you should log into the dashboard with this 'User id'.

Note: The user admin is the default username configured for Monitor Test Environment profile

\_\_\_\_g. Enter a subject.

\_\_\_\_h. Enter the body, and you may optionally enter a substitution variable as shown below. For the actual alert that is sent, the average order processing time from the event payload will be substituted for %AverageOrderProcessingTime% in the body. For example:

The average order processing time is %AverageOrderProcessingTime% days.

Template name	
AlertLate	
Description	
Default action service type     O Dashboard Alert	
C Cell phone	
C Email	
C Pager	
'To' query type	
C Federated repositories query	
C LDAP query	
🔿 Email address	
🖲 User id	
_	
admin	
Query base	
Subject	
Order processing time	
	6
Body	Ľ
The average order processing time is %	

\_\_\_ i. Click OK.

- 4. Add the binding from the situation event to the action type for declined orders.
  - \_\_\_\_a. In the administrative console, navigate to Applications > Monitor Services > Monitor Action Services > Installed Situation Event Bindings

\_\_\_ b. Click New.

\_\_\_\_ c. Enter the situation event name that you defined in the model. In this lab, you created a business situation name as follows:

### Too many orders have been declined

New Situation Event Binding
General Properties
<ul> <li>Situation event name</li> <li>Too many orders have been</li> </ul>
Description Declined orders
Apply OK Reset Cancel

\_\_\_\_d. This should match exactly the value in the BusinessSituationName field in the outbound event. You may want to copy/paste from the model. Here is a screen capture from the model showing the Declined Order Outbound Event:

<ul> <li>Outbound Ev</li> </ul>	ent Details				
Edit the details of	f the outbound event, w	which is sent by the	monitoring	) context. The type must	be an event definition.
ID: *D	eclined_Order_Outboun	nd_Event			Edit
Name: D	eclined Order Outbound	Event			
Description:					×
▼ Event Type I	Details				
Specify the even			escribe the	e structure of this outbou	nd event. You can
Extension name:	ActionServicesEvent				Browse Clear
Event parts:	ID DI	Vame		Туре	Path
	•				Þ
					Add Remove
▼ Outbound Ev	ent Content				
Specify the trigge attribute when th		t to be sent. Use th	e Expressi	ion column to specify the	value for each event
Name		Туре	Expressi	on	
<u></u>	Order Trigger				
	erty Data				
🗆 🕞 🔂 Exte	nded Data BusinessSituationName	atuin a	X±Y	many orders have been d	1:
	DUSINESSOICUACIONINAME	💦 string	=? 100 r	nany orders have been d	eclined

- \_\_\_\_e. Enter a description, then click **Apply**.
- \_\_\_ f. Click Add.

Add template to situation event binding
General Properties
* Binding name
Declined
Description
Category
Template name
AlertDeclined 💌
Apply OK Reset Cancel

\_\_\_\_g. Enter a binding name, then select the template AlertDeclined

- \_\_\_ h. Click **OK**.
- \_\_\_\_\_i. Notice that you now have one action defined for this situation event. If you had other action templates defined then you could add more actions to this event. So then you could send a notification for this situation to multiple destinations including e-mail, alerts, and web services.

General Properties				
* Situation event name Too many orders have been				
Description Declined orders				
Apply OK Reset Cancel				
Preferences				
Add Remove				
Select Binding Name 🗘	Category Name 🗘	Template Name ᅌ	Action Service Type 💲	
Declined		AlertDeclined	AlertHandler	
Total 1				

\_\_\_ j. Click **OK**.

- \_\_\_\_\_5. Add the binding from the situation event to the action type for order processing time.
  - \_\_\_\_a. In the administrative console, navigate to Applications > Monitor Services > Monitor Action Services > Installed Situation Event Bindings
  - \_\_\_ b. Click **New**.

\_\_\_\_ c. Enter the situation event name that you defined in the model. In this lab, you created a business situation name as follows:

### Average shipment is too late

- \_\_\_\_d. . This should match exactly the value in the BusinessSituationName field in the outbound event. You may want to copy/paste from the model
- \_\_\_\_e. Enter a description, then click **Apply**.
- \_\_\_ f. Click Add.
- \_\_\_\_g. Enter a binding name, then select the template AlertLate, then click OK.
- \_\_\_ h. Click **OK**.
- 6. In the administrative console, navigate to **Applications > Monitor Services > Monitor Action Services > Installed Situation Event Bindings.** You should see two bindings as follows:

Installed	Situation Event Bindings			? -			
Installed Situation Event Bindings							
Use tł	Use this page to manage situation event bindings.						
🕀 Pre	references						
New	Delete	Delete					
Select	Situation Event Name 🗘		Situation Event Description				
You	can administer the following resources:						
	Print 72 hours exceeded						
	Average shipment is too late						
	NTB Failure						
	Too many orders have been declined						
	Invalid Loan Application						
	Fee Compliance Alert						
Tota	6						

## Part 4: Run events to exercise the model

Rather than installing an application to create the events that you will monitor, you are going to use a program to simulate the submission of events from the application. The supplied program is 'BatchCBEWriter61' and it will submit the events to the Common Event Infrastructure. Look for the program in \Labfiles75\BatchCBEWriter. This program reads XML files which represent the Common Base Events for the model.

- 1. Update BatchCBEWriter61.bat to point WAS\_HOME to the monitor server home, for example 'set WAS\_HOME=C:\IBM\WebSphere\MonServer'. If you are using the integrated monitor server in IBM Integration Designer, the path would be <WID\_WTE\_HOME>\runtimes\bi\_v7. If you are using the integrated monitor server in Rational Application Developer, the path would be <RAD\_WTE\_HOME>\runtimes\base\_v7.
- 2. Update config.properties, setting the serverName and portNumber. You can find the port number by browsing the server log and finding 'bootstrap port'. For example, check for the log at C:\IBM\WebSphere\MonServer\profiles\WBMon01\logs\server1\SystemOut.log. For the integrated server in IBM Integration Designer, the path would be <WID\_WTE\_HOME>\runtimes\bi\_v7\profiles\qmwps\logs\server1\SystemOut.log. For the integrated server in Rational Application Developer, the path would be <RAD\_WTE\_HOME>\runtimes\base\_v7\profiles\WBMonSrv\logs\server1\SystemOut.log. Here is an example of the config.properties settings:
  - \_\_\_a.connect.serverName = localhost
  - \_\_\_b.connect.portNumber = 2809
- 3. Open a command window, then change directory to the folder containing BatchCBEWriter61, for example, type this command
  - \_\_\_\_a. cd \Labfiles75\BatchCBEWriter
- 4. Run commands to load the common base events to the server.
  - \_\_\_\_a. batchcbewriter61 -Dsource.filename=allXSDevents.xml
  - \_\_\_\_b. It will prompt you for the user and password for the server.
- 5. When you run BatchCBEWriter61, you should see results similar to this:

🖾 Command Prompt
C:\Labfiles70\BatchCBEWriter>batchcbewriter61 -Dsource.filename=allXSDevents.xml
Getting CBEs.
Getting Emitter.
Removing GlobalInstanceIds.
Setting missing values.
Changing Instance Ids.
Updating timestamps.
Validating CBEs.
Sending CBEs.
START=18:40:03.671
Sending cbe[10]. Sending cbe[20].
Sending cbe[20].
Sending cbe[30].
Sending cbe[40].
Sending cbe[60].
END=18:40:07.140
TotalTime=3469 milliseconds.
C:\Labfiles70\BatchCBEWriter>

### Part 5: Create a dashboard

In this section you will configure a dashboard in business space.

- \_\_\_\_\_1. Create the dashboard.
  - \_\_\_\_\_a. The default browser is 'Internal Web Browser', but you should not use this one since some standard functions are not provided that you may need. Select Window > Preferences > General > Web browser > select 'Use external Web browser'. Select an external browser. Click OK.
  - \_\_ b. In IBM Integration Designer, in the servers view, right click and select Launch > Business Space
  - \_\_\_\_ c. When prompted, enter the user ID and the password. You must log in with 'admin' so that you can view the alerts which were setup in action manager to be sent to this particular user ID.
  - \_\_\_\_ d. Click in the Actions menu to create a new space



\_\_\_\_e. Enter a name such as Dashboard, and select the Business Monitoring template.

Create Space
* Space name:
Dashboard
Space description:
C Create a blank space
<ul> <li>Create a new space using a template</li> </ul>
Business Monitoring
f. Click Save.
Home 👘 Go to Spaces 👘 Manage Spaces 👘 Actions 👻



- \_\_\_\_ g. On the new space, click the Operational tab.
- \_\_\_\_ 2. Use the Alerts widget to view the alerts.
  - \_\_\_\_ a. On this page, you see the Alerts widget, and you should see alerts listed since the model processed 3 or more cancelled orders, and the average order processing time is greater than 3 days.

Alerts		
Mark Read Ma	k Unread Forward Alert Remove	
Subject		Date and Time
Order proces	sing time	December 7, 2009 10:53:16 AM
<ul> <li>Declined On</li> </ul>	ers	December 7, 2009 10:53:16 AM
Fee complia	nce: Loan 001720	November 16, 2000 4:52:40 PM

\_\_\_\_b. You can click an alert in the list, and then you will see a pop-up showing the details of the alert.

Subject		Dat
Order processing	g time	Dei
Declined Orders	<u>^</u>	
Fee compliance	December 7, 2009 10:53:16 AM	× 10/
Fee compliance	Subject	Jov
· · ·	Order processing time	
Fee compliance	Business situation name	10,
	Average shipment is too late	
	Comments	
	The average order processing time is 4.34602622685185 days.	

- \_\_\_\_3. Use the Instances widget to view the monitored instances.
  - \_\_a. Click the 'Edit Page' link to enter edit mode.
  - \_ b. To configure the Instances widget, hover the mouse over the right corner of the widget
    - and then click the down arrow. Select 'Edit Settings...'.

		-	_ 🗆
😑 Edi	t Settings	lbr	
🗐 Rer	name	U	

\_\_\_\_ c. Click the Show/Hide tab, and select monitoring context 'ClipsAndTacks MC'.

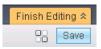
ClipsAndTacks(Across all versions)

ClipsAndTacks MC Click button >> to move all the fields to the Selected box. Also, click button 'Set as default' which will make this the default monitoring context to display.

<u>Edit Page</u> ≯

\_\_\_\_\_d. Then click **OK**. You should see a list of monitoring context instances for the events that you just processed.

Ins	Instances 💌 💷 🗖						
E	Export				S	how	
С	ClipsAndTacks MC 🤑						
	city	ClipsAndTacks Key	COMPLETED	country	CreationTime	Monit	
	Raleigh	02	*	USA	July 21, 2011 2:40:43 PM	0 s	
	Mexico City	03		Mexico	July 21, 2011 2:40:43 PM	53 s	
	Raleigh	04		USA	July 21, 2011 2:40:43 PM	53 s	
	Toronto	05		Canada	July 21, 2011 2:40:43 PM	53 s	
	Raleigh	06	*	USA	July 21, 2011 2:40:43 PM	0 s	
	Toronto	07	*	Canada	July 21, 2011 2:40:43 PM	0 s	
	Mexico City	08		Mexico	July 21, 2011 2:40:43 PM	53 s	
	Raleigh	09		USA	July 21, 2011 2:40:43 PM	53 s	
	Toronto	o10		Canada	July 21, 2011 2:40:43 PM	53 s	
	Raleigh	o11	*	USA	July 21, 2011 2:40:43 PM	0 s	
	4						
	-1		1 - 10	16 p pi			



\_\_\_\_e. Click 'Finish Editing' to save your changes.

# What you did in this exercise

In the lab, you created a monitor model using Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer.

Then you published the model to the monitor server.

- You also configured action manager to create alerts based on business situation events.
- You used the supplied program to simulate the submission of events from the monitored application.

You configured dashboards and viewed monitored data.

# Appendix 1 – Import the solution into the monitor model editor

A solution has been provided so that you do not have to build the model from scratch. This section shows you how to import the project interchange file into Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer. After importing the project then you can proceed to the section to publish the model to the server.

- 1. Start Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer and setup the environment.
  - \_\_\_\_a. Start Rational Application Developer or IBM Integration Designer, and when prompted point to a new workspace such as C:\workspaces\ClipsAndTacksBAM
  - \_\_\_\_b. Close the Welcome tab
  - \_\_\_\_ c. By default, you are in the Business Integration perspective. Open the Business Monitoring perspective. Select Window > Open Perspective > Other > Show all > Business Monitoring.
  - \_\_\_\_\_d. If it asks you to Confirm Enablement, then click **OK**.
- 2. Import the project interchange file.
  - \_\_\_\_a. Right click in the Project Explorer view, and then select Import...
  - \_\_\_\_b. Select Other > Project interchange, click Next.
  - \_\_\_\_ c. Browse to the location containing the files, for example, C:\Labfiles75\ClipsAndTacksBAM
  - \_\_\_\_d. Select ClipsAndTacksBAM\_Solution\_Pl.zip
  - \_\_\_e. Click Select All
  - \_\_\_ f. Click Finish.
- 3. Expand the project in the Project Explorer view, then expand the Event Definitions and you will see the new events listed. Expand Monitor Models and you will see the new ClipsAndTacks model listed.
- 4. Now you may proceed to the section to publish the model to the server.