



IBM SOA Executive Summit

# Moving Ahead With SOA

## IBM Strategy for SOA Governance: *Empowering Teams to Innovate*



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*SOA on your terms and our expertise*



# SOA Entry Points Help Customers Get Started

*Both Business Centric and IT Focused*



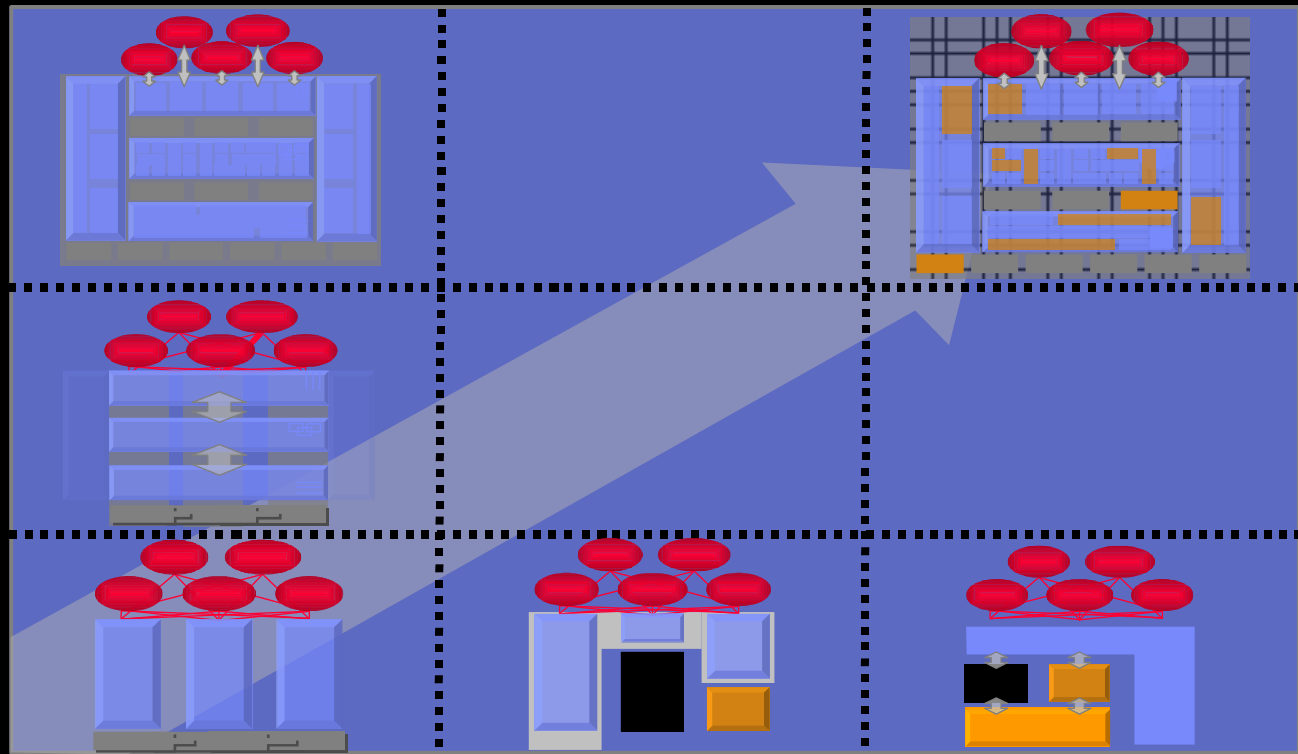
# Leading companies of the future will have a Specialized Enterprise Business Model

Enterprise Reconstruction

Enterprise Optimized

Process Optimized

Bus. Unit Optimized



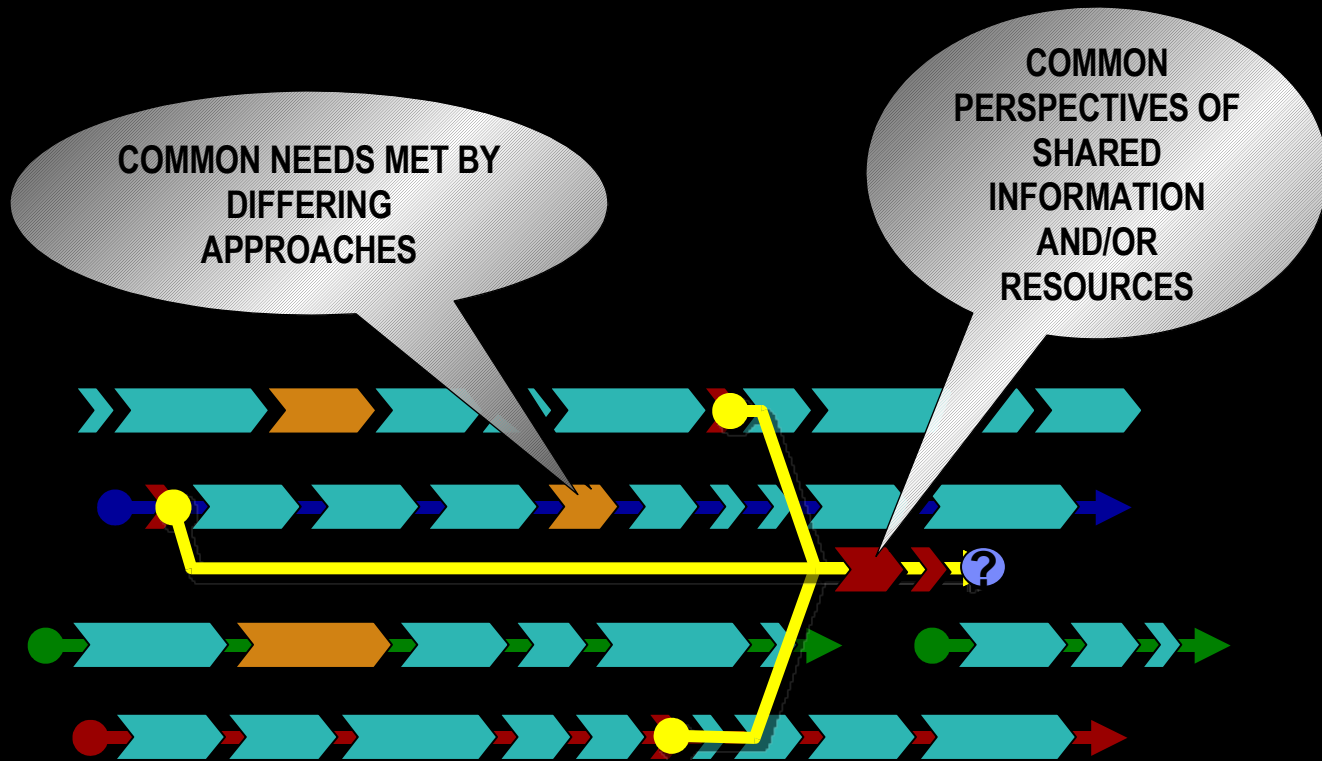
Vertically Integrated

Preliminary Deconstruction

Industry Networks

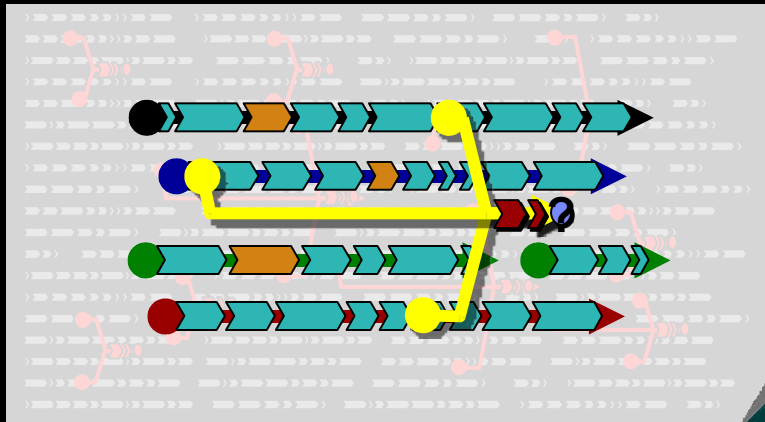
Industry Deconstruction

# Traditional analysis and development has aligned to automating established end to end processes

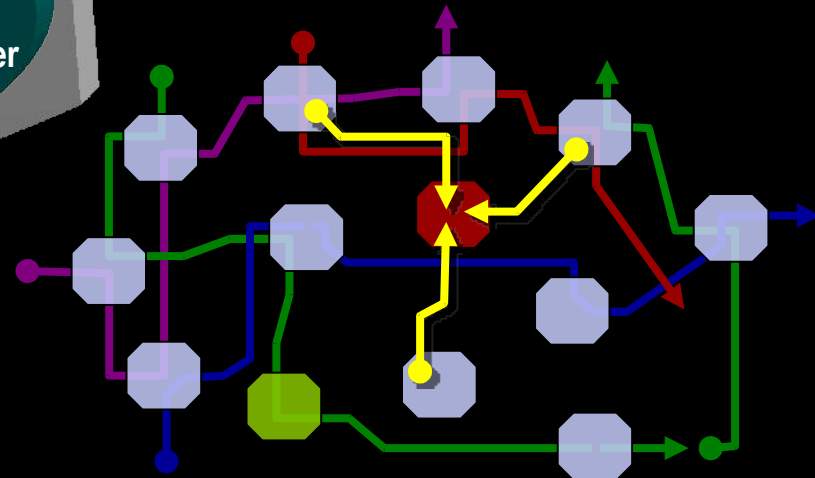


The process perspective does not impose the generalization of common tasks nor help rationalize shared activities

Business value is derived when we can identify the collection of business service capabilities which are combined to support the full array of possible processes



150-300  
significant processes  
supported by 50-80  
business service center  
components

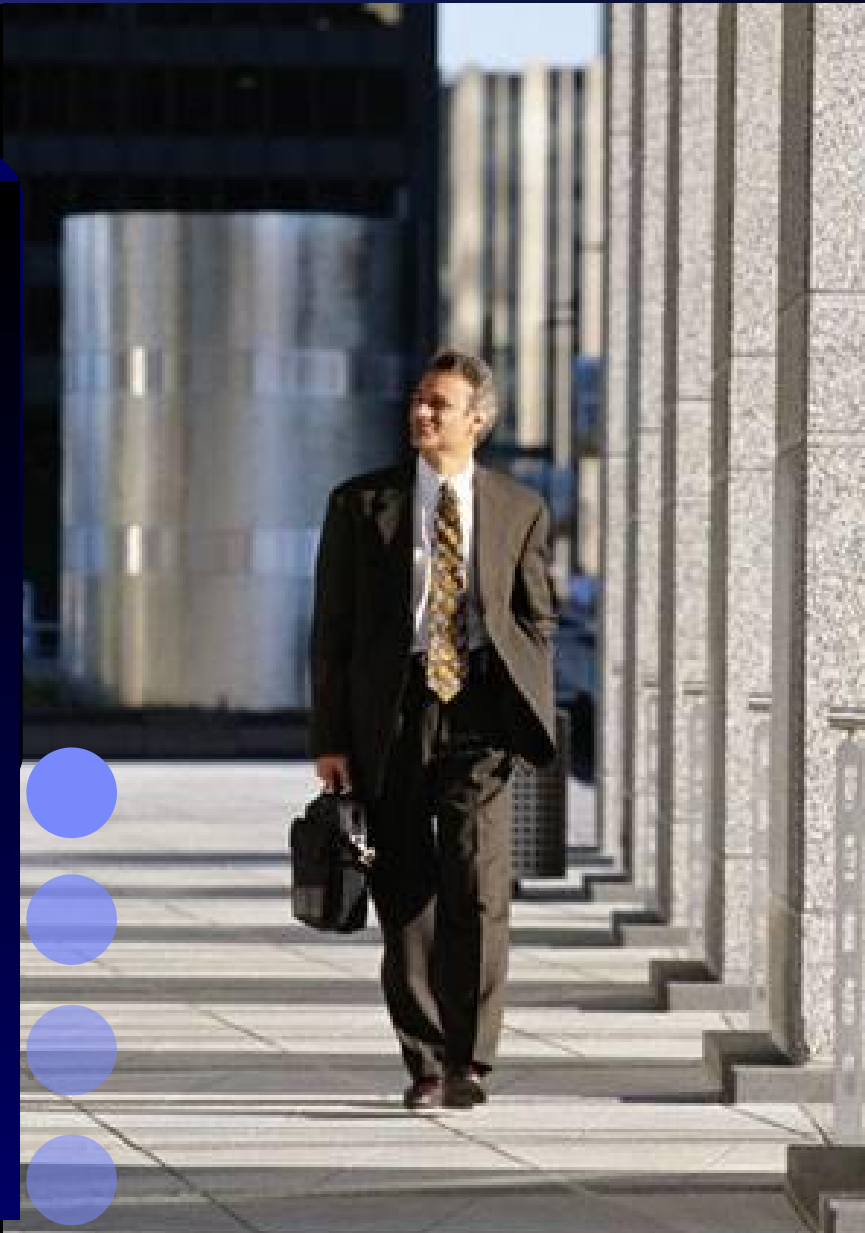


## So why governance?

### It's **Empowerment**:

Chains of responsibility, authority & communications to **empower** people

Measurement, policy & control mechanisms to **enable** people to carry out their roles and responsibilities



# What role does IT play in governance?

Establishing decision-making rights associated with IT

Establishing mechanisms and policies used to measure and control the way IT decisions are made and carried out



# How does SOA influence IT governance?

Extension of IT governance focused on the **lifecycle of services** to ensure the business value of SOA

*Proper Governance helps extract maximum business value from SOA*



# IT Governance Challenges are *accelerated* by Service Oriented Architectures

- Establishing decision rights
- Defining high value business services
- Managing the lifecycle of assets
- Measuring effectiveness

Note: Based on real life IBM SOA engagements





# SOA Governance Challenges Expressed in Real Life Examples

## Common Scenario

- Composite applications and services shared across lines of business
- LOB and IT not well aligned
- Limited visibility to information about the business value and cost of services
- Ad hoc service definition and discovery

## Challenges

- No clear decision maker or owner
- Roles and responsibilities not clear
- Confusion about funding
- Lack of common goals
- Who and how are success factors defined
- Metrics for success ill defined
- How are cost & benefits balanced between departments
- Limited reuse resulting in service proliferation
- Lack of trust

# Why are these concerns surfaced?

- Downstream effects of IT based projects
- Focus on business value first to understand the business benefits before turning to IT ramifications
  
- Start with the business side first...

# IT Governance in Action

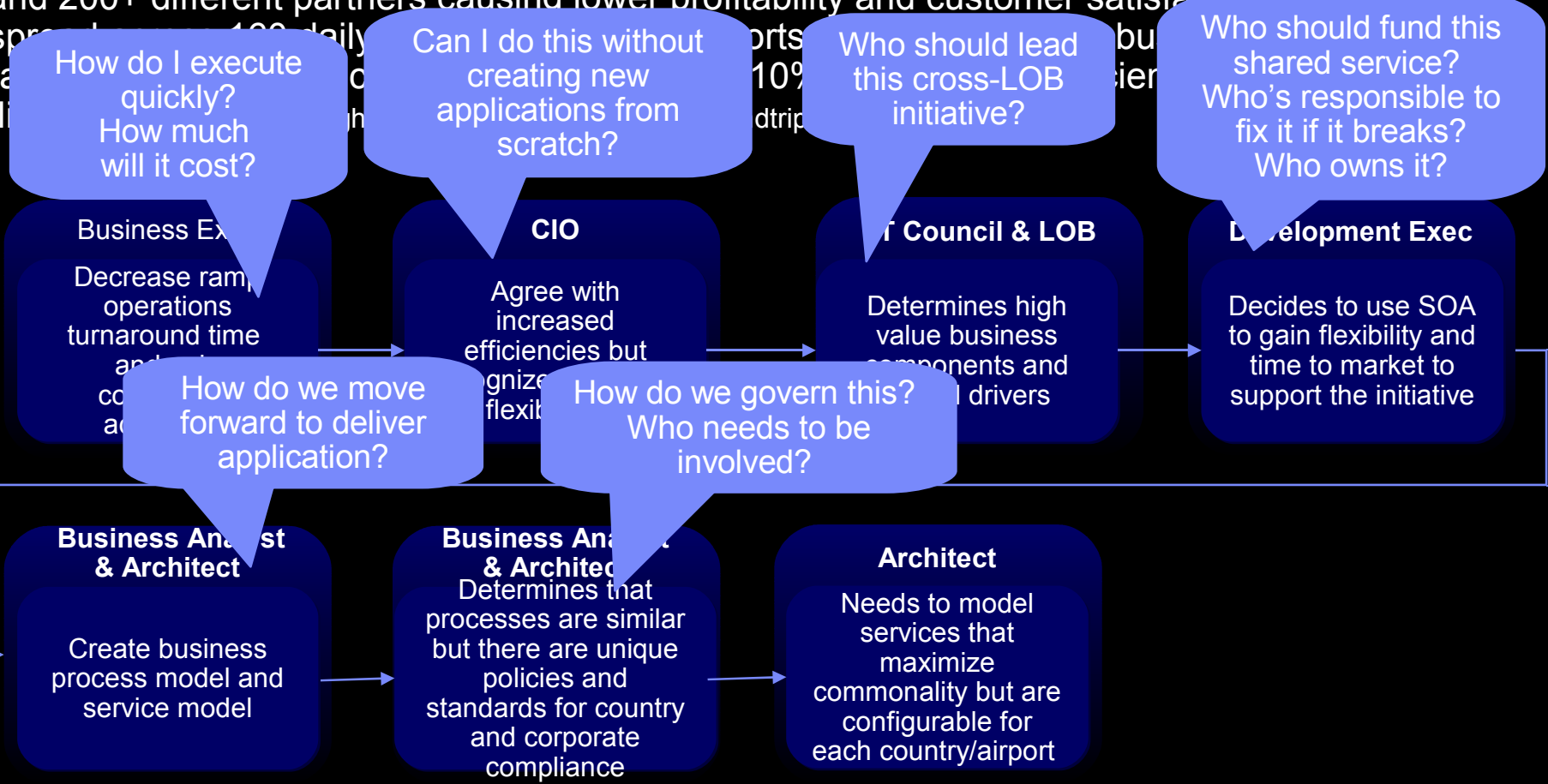
- Defining high value business services
- Establishing decision rights
- Measuring effectiveness
- Managing the lifecycle of assets



# Scenario: Defining high value business services

## *Instantiating policy and metrics*

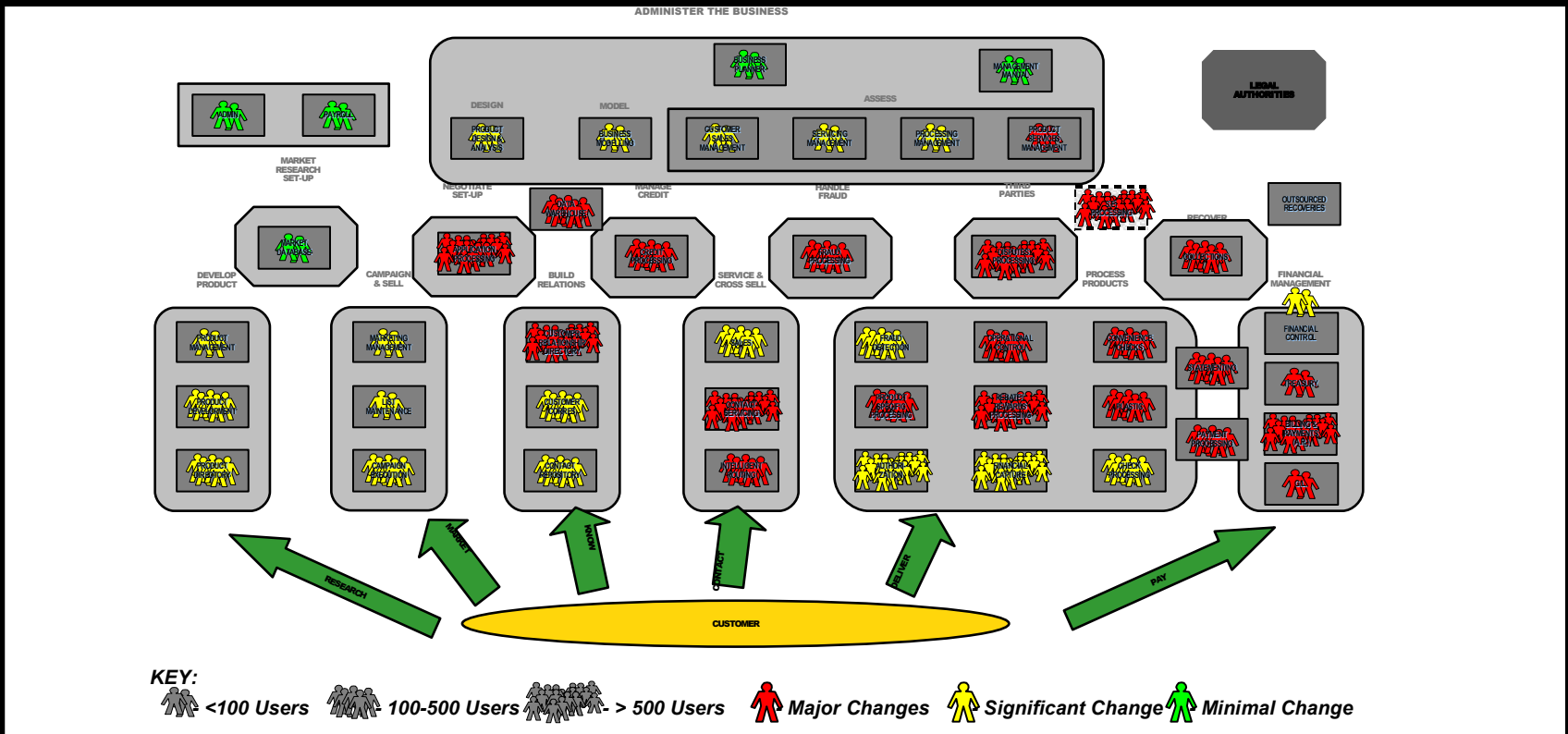
Airline has inefficient ramp control between ground crews, airport services, flight operations and 200+ different partners causing lower profitability and customer satisfaction. Issue spread across 100 daily flights, 10% of trips.



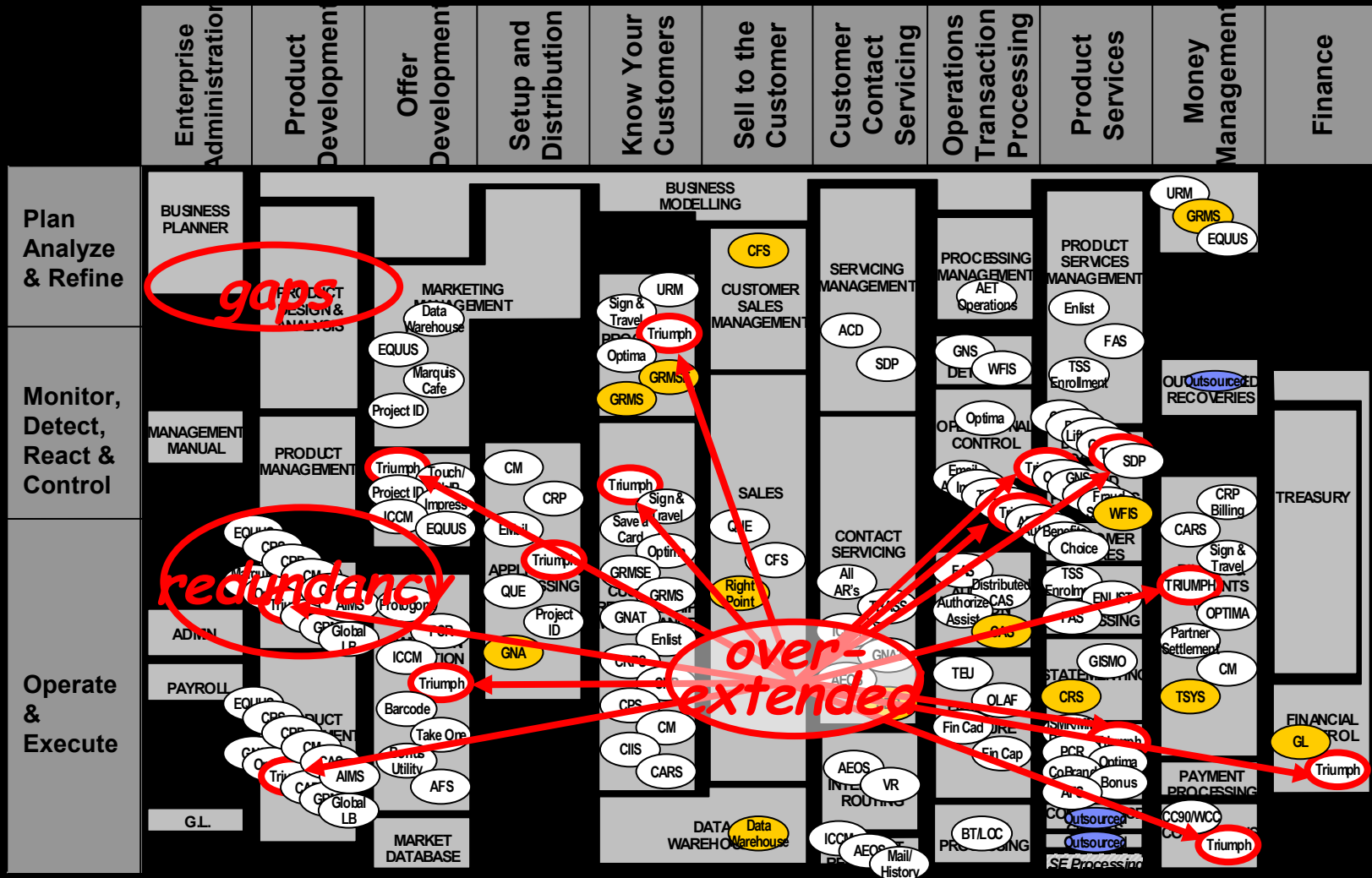
# The Heat-map from Ramp Coordination Perspective

IBM	Business Administration	Product Management	Customer Sales & Service	Airport Services	Aircraft Maintenance	Flight Operations	Business Partner Mgmt.	Cargo Services
Direct	Corporate Strategy	Brand Management	Customer Relationship Planning	Manpower Planning	Maintenance Strategy	Flight Planning	Alliance Strategy	Cargo Strategy
	Business Unit Planning	Product Development*	Distribution Strategy	Slot Management	Mid - long term Maintenance Scheduling		Partner Development	Cargo Product Development
	Financial Planning	Loyalty Program Development	Account Strategy		Engineering Configuration		JV & Product Development	
Control	Business Performance Mgmt	Pricing & Revenue Mgmt	Channel Tracking	Manpower Scheduling & Assignment	Maintenance Planning & Scheduling	Aircraft Assignment	Partner Value Tracking	Cargo Revenue Management
	Program Management & Tracking	Market Tracking	Sales Tracking	Spot Assignment	Manpower Planning	Crew Administration	Alliance Value Tracking	Cargo Network & Scheduling
	Legal	Market Research Oversight	Loyalty Program Administration	Station Operational Performance	Technical Publications Management	Flight Monitoring		
	Human Resources Management	Campaign Administration		Ramp Control	Ground Support Equipment Management	Operational Performance		
	Tax, Treasury & Risk Management			Station Resource Management		System Resource Management		
Execute	Systems*	Product Implementation	Call Center Reservations	Check-in	Engineering Design	Flight Execution	Code share Administration	Freight Sales
	External Relations*	Marketing Communications	Web Direct Reservations	Departure Arrival Control	Material Logistics	Flight Services	Revenue Sharing Administration	Cargo Operations
	Indirect Procurement		Sales Execution	Catering	Aircraft Heavy Maintenance	Flight Reporting		Billing & Collections
	Revenue Accounting		Fulfillment/Reports	Cabin Cleaning	Aircraft Line Maintenance			Cargo Accounting
	Corporate Accounting		CVA Administration	Planeside Services	Component Repair & Overhaul			Customer Service
	Corporate Communications		Customer Relations	Baggage Handling	Engine Repair & Overhaul			
				Lounge Services				

# Understanding business value: Allows insight into organizational impact

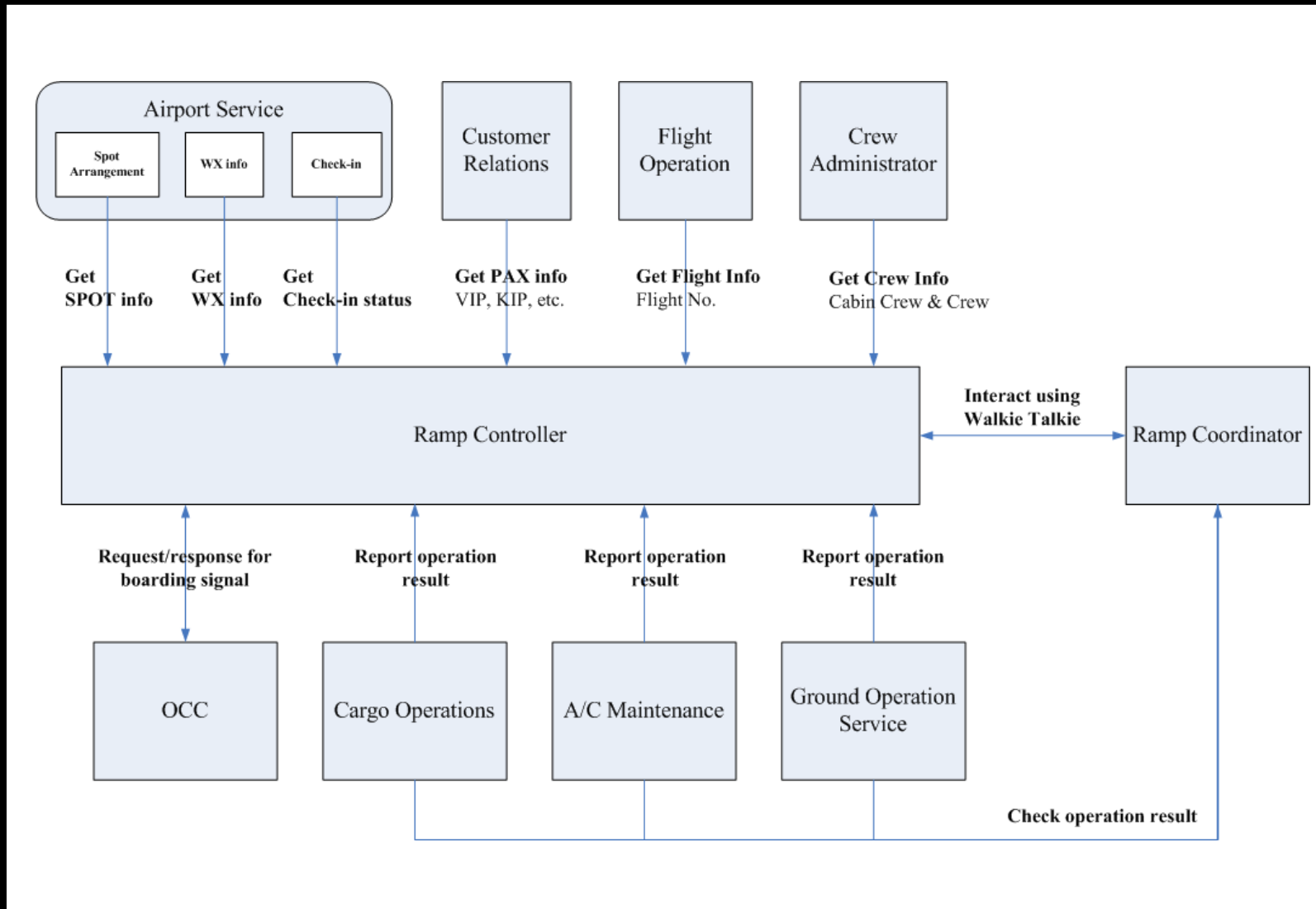


# Understanding business value: Allows insight into architecture patterns and usage





# Business Context (AS-IS)



# Defining high value business services: Scenario



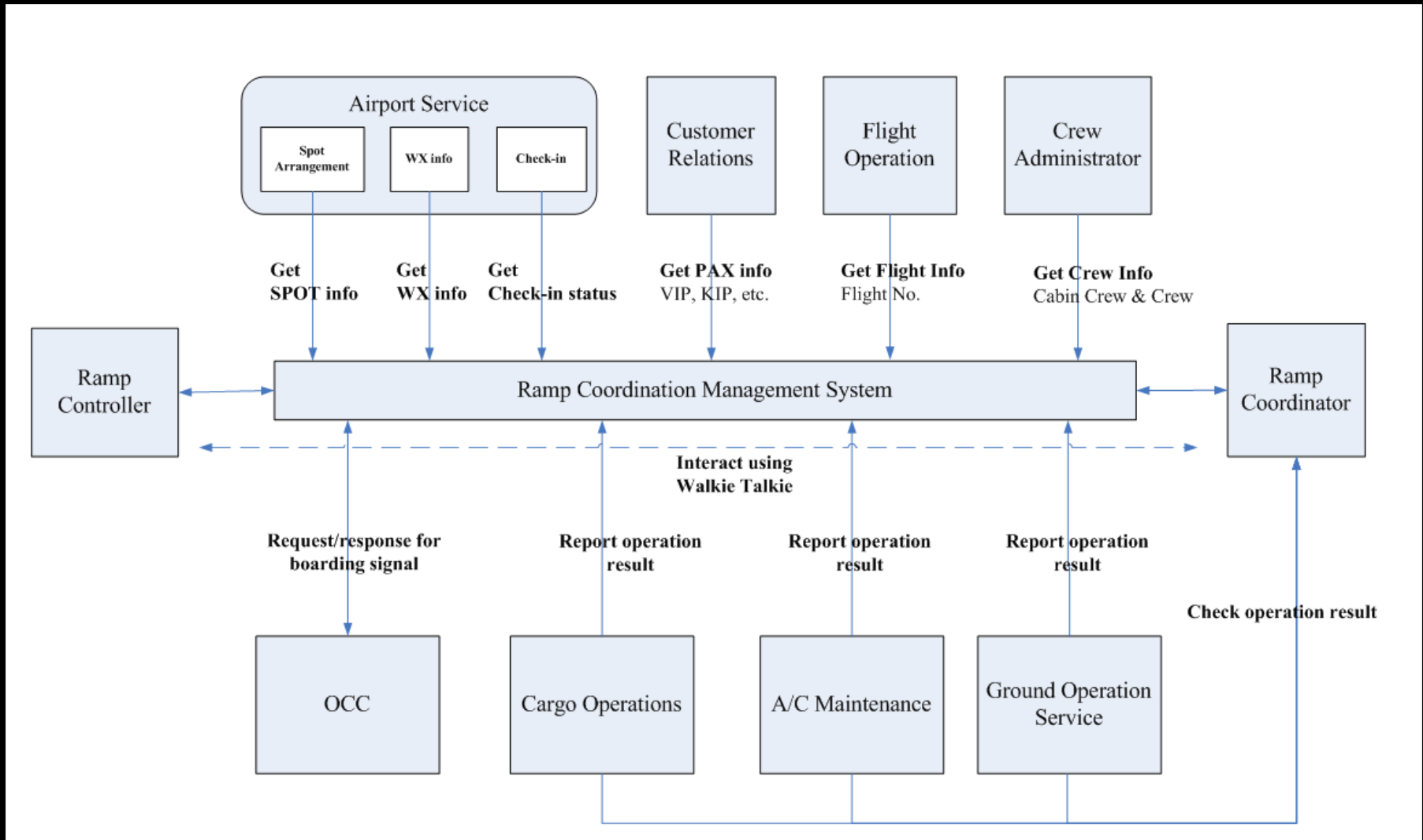
## Scenario:

- Limited visibility to information about service value & cost
- Services deployed ad hoc over time
- Individual systems optimized to IT cost savings instead of business value
- Architectural emphasis on IT value vs. business value

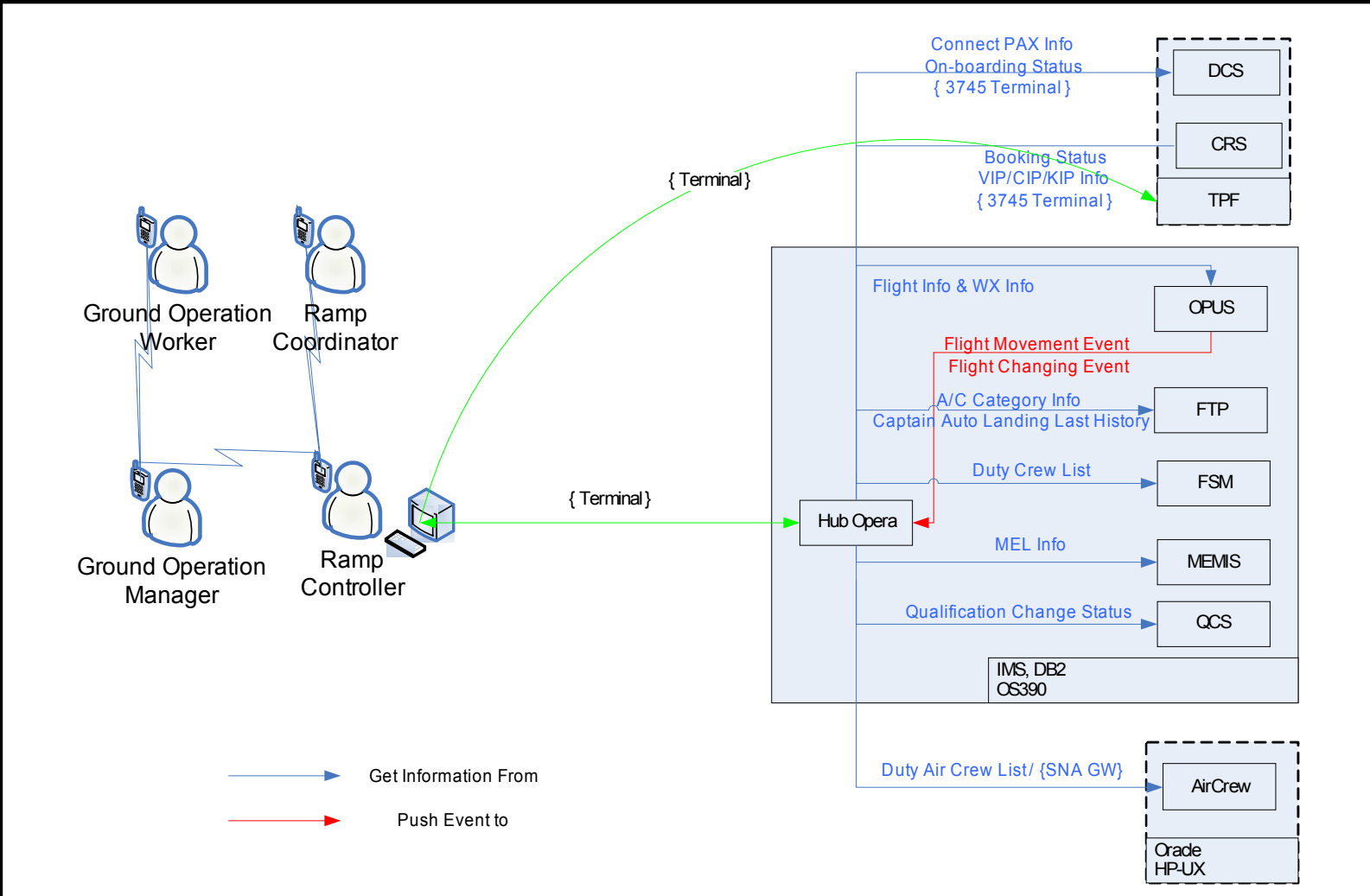
## Challenges:

- No clear success factors defined for LOB
- No agreed upon measures for both IT and LOB success
- Who decides which services are shared and how are costs shared across Lines of Business (value vs. cost based models)

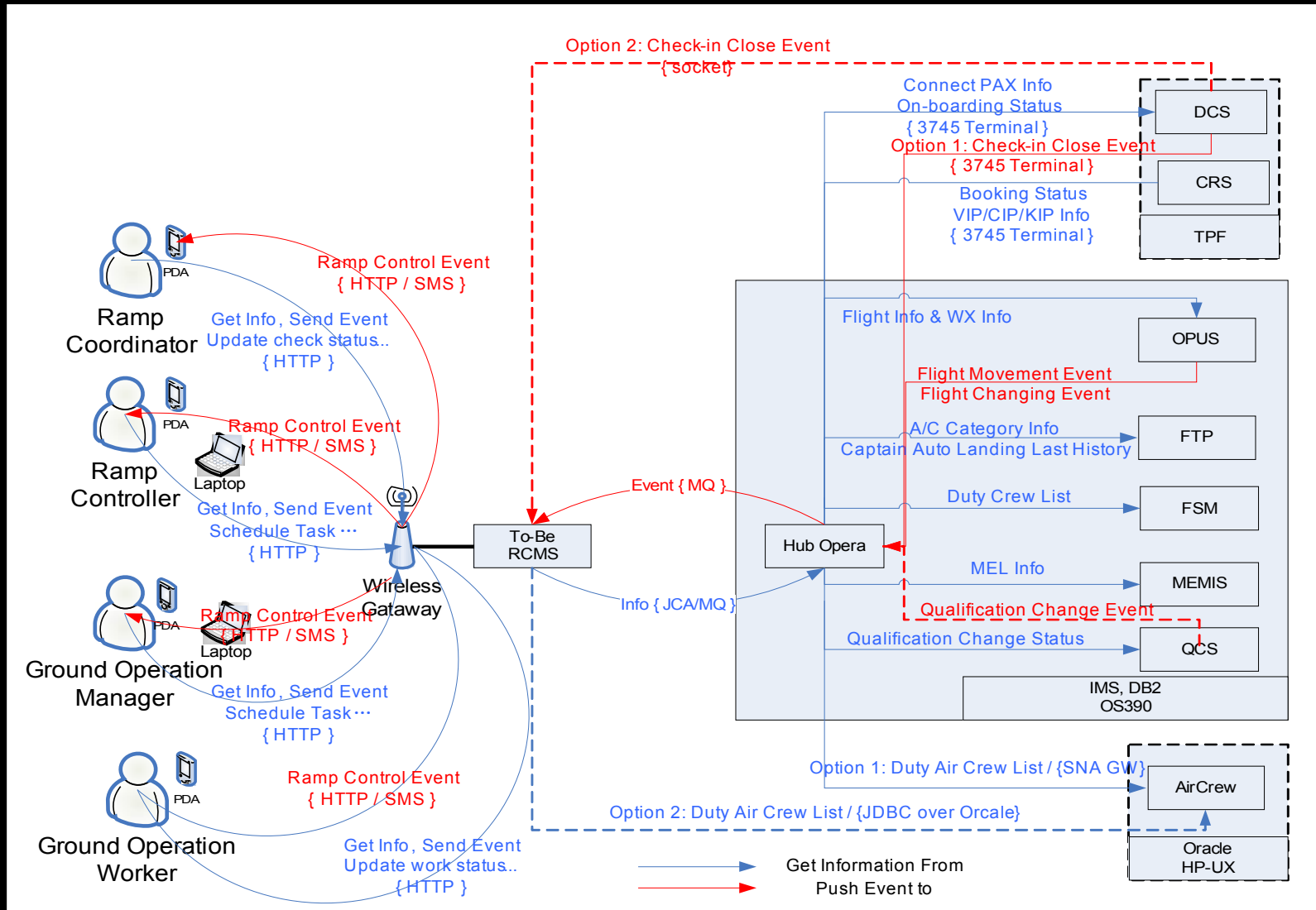
# Business Context (TO-BE)



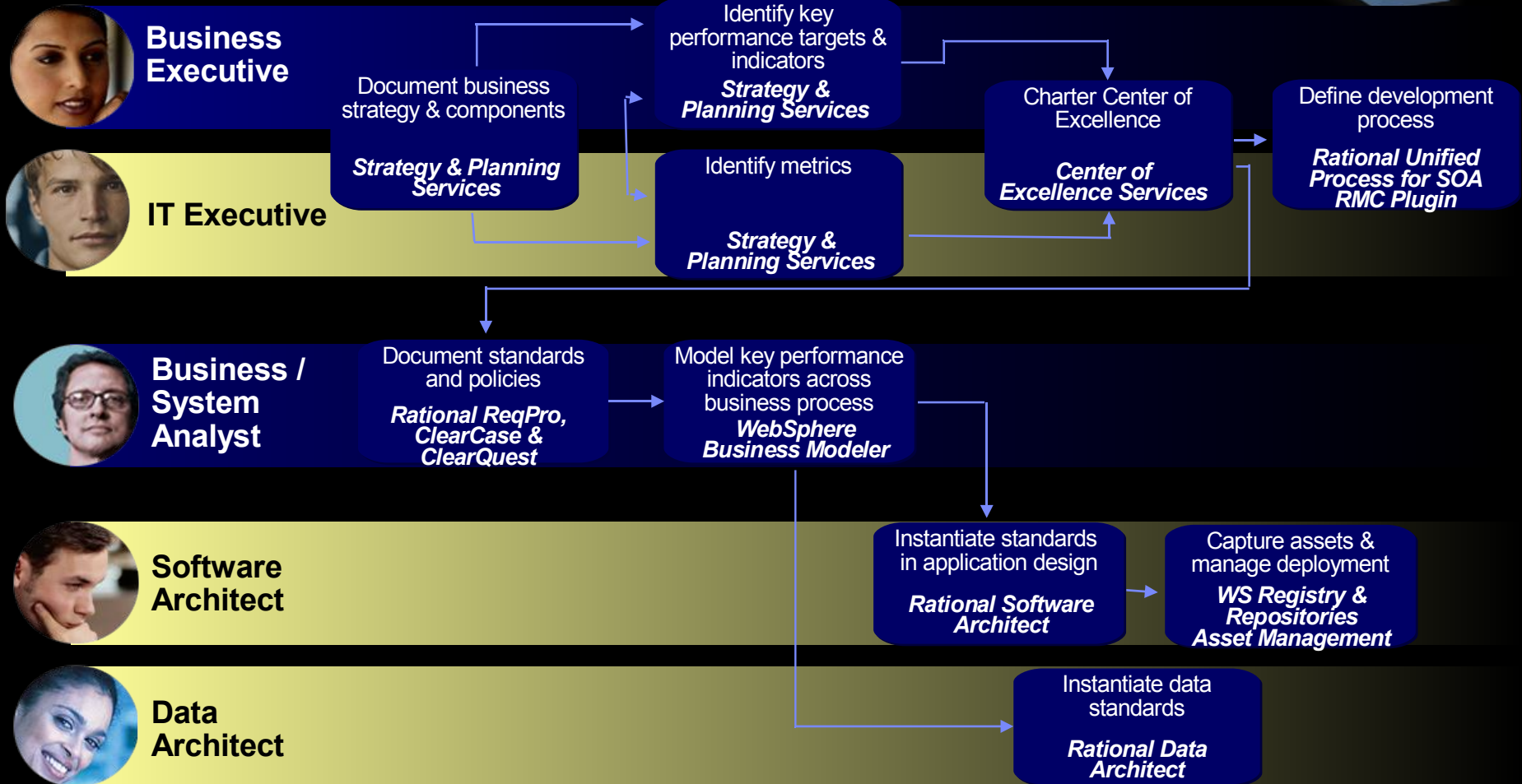
# IT Context (AS-IS)



# IT Context (TO-BE)



# Getting Started: Defining high value business services



# Scenario: Defining high value business services

## ***Initial scenario***

Large airline has inefficient ramp control between ground crews, airport services, flight operations and 200+ different partners causing lower profitability and customer satisfaction. Issue spread across 160 daily flights to/from 120 airports worldwide. Better business logic and ramp control communications targeted to drive 10% greater ramp efficiency or US\$12,800 per flight.

## ***Result***

SOA transformation in largest hub achieved 19% greater efficiency or \$24,800 per flight. Results achieved without any additional enablement requirements for 200+ partners. Transformation now being implemented to additional airports worldwide.

## ***Unexpected Result***

Many vendors and partners have inquired into viability of using this airline's system with other carriers at this airport. Airline is considering whether they should keep system proprietary as competitive advantage or commercialize system into new business model.



# This sounds a lot like “big” IBM talking...

- Top – Down approach
- Map out corporate business model components
- CxO level sponsorship...
  
- Optimal approach vs. real world approach
- How governance “in the small” can work

# IT Governance in Action

- Defining high value business services
- Establishing decision rights
- Measuring effectiveness
- Managing the lifecycle of assets



# Establishing decision rights: Align with LOB on Specific Project



## Scenario:

- Various departments within large electronics company have ad hoc SOA initiatives underway. Some services shared across different lines of business. Costs not currently shared across departments but allocations becoming an issue as certain services are becoming over extended.

## Challenges:

- No effective method for cost sharing
- Requests for “new” services made ad hoc and based on one off inter-department negotiations
- Standards for services QoS ill defined
- Lacking business justification for corporate SOA initiative.

# Getting Started: Establishing decision rights



Sales, Legal and Procurement decide to improve Opportunity Management System. Shorten cycle time for sales to do Estimate & Quote and propose legal contract.

Cross dept workgroup determines congruencies and incongruencies in various departmental approaches. Creates unified approach.



**Business Executives**

Determine single business process which leverages SOA  
**SOA Assessment Services**

Assess readiness for SOA  
**SOA Assessment Services**

Assess current governance approach  
**SOA Governance and Management Method**

Determine governance plan  
**Rational Method Composer**



**IT Executive**

LOB and IT work jointly to assess as-is and to-be process then which services should be exposed and how costs are shared.

Cross dept workgroup determines project standards, who creates new services, who modifies existing services, break-fix...

# Establishing decision rights: Align with LOB on Specific Project



## Scenario:

- Various departments within large electronics company have ad hoc SOA initiatives underway. Some services shared across different lines of business. Costs not currently shared across departments but allocations becoming an issue as certain services are becoming over extended.

## Approach:

- Start small
- LOB & IT jointly selects single cross-dept process to optimize
- Establish governance “in the small” to demonstrate success

# IT Governance in Action

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# Measuring Effectiveness: Turn LOB Antagonist into Ally

## Scenario:

- Insurance company has multiple multiple ad hoc efforts in SOA. CIO would like to drive corporate wide effort but struggles with ROI justification.

## Challenges:

- Depts or divisions have disparate goals, measurements and success criteria
- No clear definition of business value and IT goals
- Costs / benefits not balanced between depts



# Getting Started: Measuring effectiveness



LOB with longstanding desire for policy billing flexibility makes 2 separate change requests requests. LOB & IT exec parse out requests into Project 1 and Project 2.

Project 1 bears “startup” costs of exposing certain services. Project 2 time to market & costs measured separately.



**Business Executive**

Measure performance against business milestones  
*Rational Portfolio Manager*

Monitor key performance indicators  
*WebSphere Business Monitor*



**IT Executive**

Measure project costs  
*Rational Portfolio Manager*



**Operations Manager**

Monitor performance against service level agreement  
*Tivoli Service Level Adviser*

Monitor and measure service performance  
*Tivoli Composite Application Manager*



Performance characteristics of newly created SOA applications tracked against agreed upon SLAs.



# Measuring Effectiveness: Turn LOB Antagonist into Ally

## Scenario:

- Insurance company has multiple multiple ad hoc efforts in SOA. CIO would like to drive corporate wide effort but struggles with ROI justification.

## Approach:

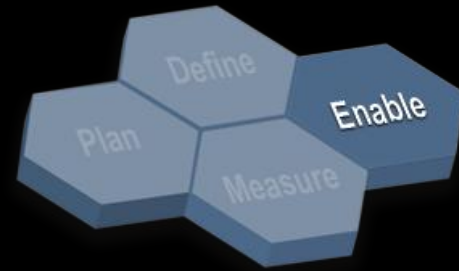
- Identify LOB execs with longstanding desire for increased business agility.
- Leverage requests to identify relevant metrics and measure effectiveness of mini-SOA initiative.
- Capture metrics and work with LOB on projections for larger business case.

# IT Governance in Action

- Defining high value business services
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# Managing the lifecycle of assets: Start Small & Federate Approach



## Scenario:

- Retailer faced with increasing competition to its online and catalog sales channels institutes a new billing policy. Each LOB has adopted SOA and implemented its own unique solution. It has been determined that this uncoordinated proliferation of services is an impediment to efficiently implementing this new policy.

## Challenges:

- Little insight into change management of systems & multiple inter-connected services
- Unclear policies on how are services owners and users are notified of change
- No clear understanding if service owners and service subscribers have decision rights when changes occur

# Getting Started: Managing the lifecycle of assets



**Business Executives** Management considerations with common tool set across depts. to manage assets.

**Audit trail and feedback loop in place to continuously monitor against performance metrics.**

**IT Executive**

*Rational Method Composer*

Establish change management process for development  
*Rational Unified Process for SOA*

Establish change management process for operations  
*Tivoli Unified Process*

**Developer**

Discover service for reuse / publish service  
*WebSphere Service Registry and Repository*

Manage and track build time assets  
*Rational ClearCase*

Ensure signoff and create audit trail for change  
*Rational ClearQuest*

**Deployment Manager**

Record service configuration of change  
*Tivoli Change and Configuration Management Database*

**Security Manager**

Validate and authenticate user  
*Tivoli Federated Identity Manager*

Instantiate security policy  
*Tivoli Access Manager*

# Managing the lifecycle of assets: Start Small & Federate Approach



## Scenario:

- Large retailer faced with increasing competition to its online and catalog sales channels institutes a new billing policy. Each LOB has adopted SOA and implemented its own unique solution. It has been determined that this uncoordinated proliferation of services is an impediment to efficiently implementing this new policy.

## Approach:

- IT executive used LOB request to increase marketplace competitive posture as catalyst to drive governance.
- Downplayed “standards” approach initially and focused on single project while leveraging common tool set to setup future scenarios.
- Success in single project and inter-departmental project based buy-in setup Phase 2 discussions about larger rollout of lifecycle management.
- Federate projects with proper lifecycle management “after the fact”



# Getting started?...

## IBM WebSphere Service Registry & Repository Capabilities

### WebSphere Service Registry and Repository Capabilities



***Publish***



***Find***



***Agility***



***Manage***



***Govern***

*Answers... What?... Where?... How?... of services in your SOA*

*... but is this the complete answer?*



# Getting started?...

## IBM WebSphere Service Registry & Repository Capabilities

### WebSphere Service Registry and Repository Capabilities



***Publish***



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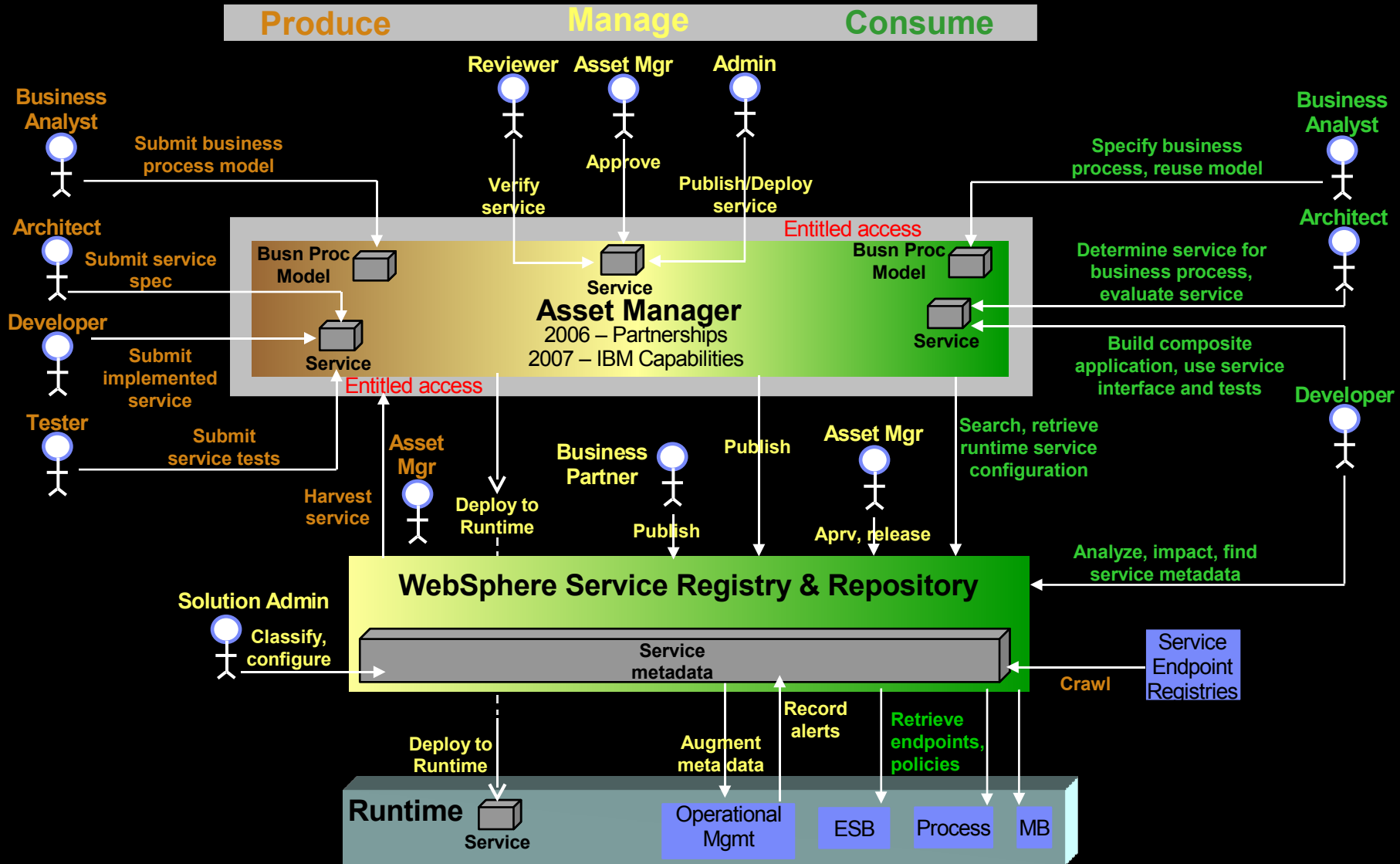
***Govern***

*Answers... What?... Where?... Why?... How?... of services in your SOA*

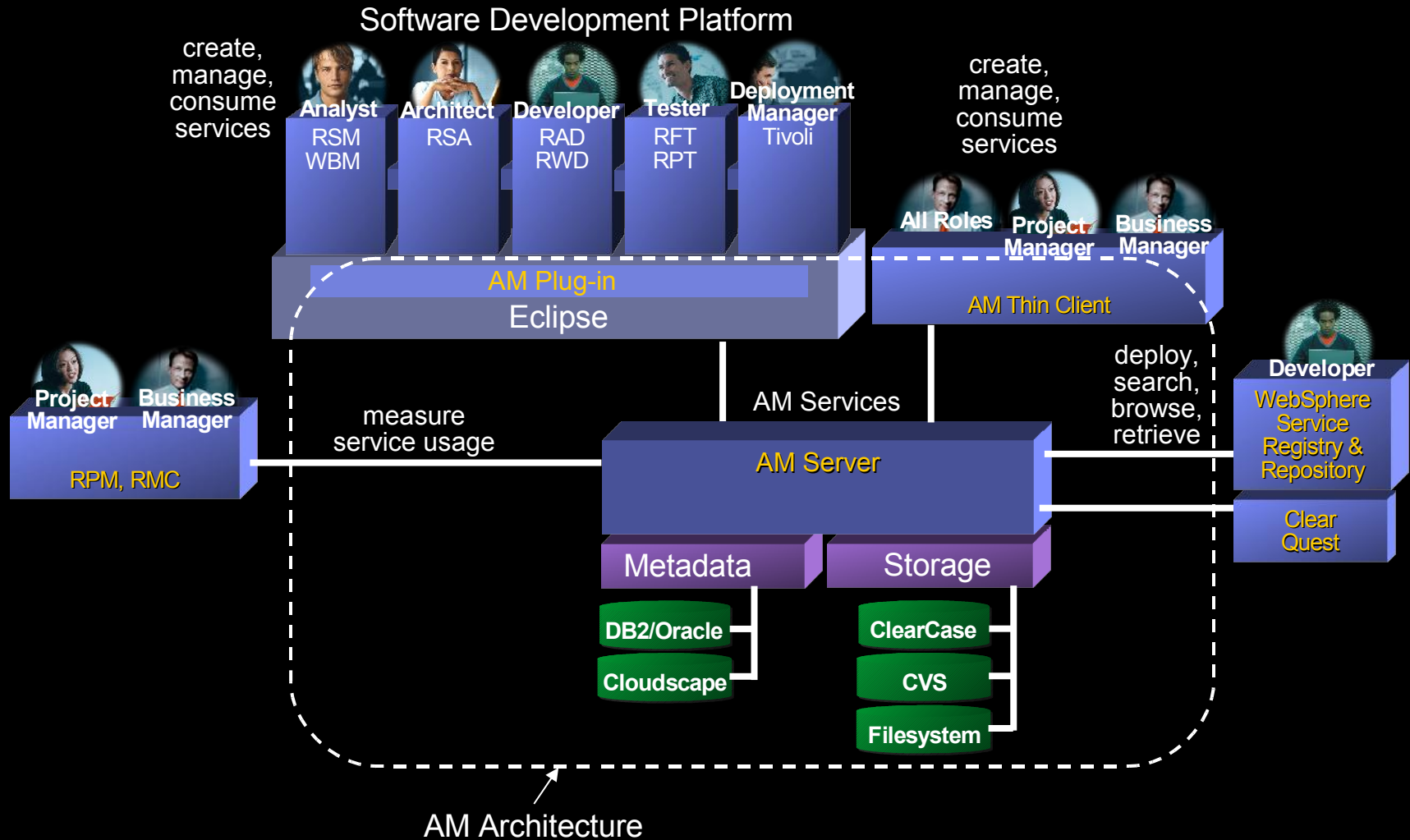
*But the answers don't necessarily address business questions.*

- *What business value is derived from this service?*
- *Who decides which individuals or depts can create & publish services?*
- *What's the priority of services across the entire organization?*
- *How are costs of services shared across depts?*

# Service Lifecycle: Asset Manager & WSRR



# Asset Management (AM) Architecture



# Current approaches to SOA Governance

- Deploy SOA technology like service registries and SOA management solutions
  - Registries needed to manage services at runtime but not sufficient on its own
  - Management is most effective when done in the context of governance
- Fragmented, uncoordinated activities around SOA
  - Inconsistent approaches that result in limited ability for reuse
- Business as usual
  - Treat SOA projects same as others
- SOA governance planning

## What is needed

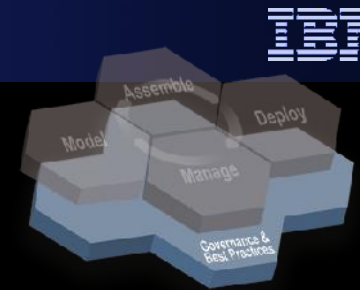
- Framework for **defining high value business services**
- Comprehensive approach to **managing lifecycle of services assets** with multiple entry points
- Proper SOA governance as part of a larger IT governance structure allows for **establishment of decision making rights** on tradeoffs between application construction (custom build) vs. application integration (SOA)
- Establish joint LOB & IT metrics for **measuring effectiveness**
- Best practices, methodology and processes and tools and technology

# Governance is key to realizing the full value of SOA





# SOA Governance Lifecycle



## Establish the Governance Need

- Document and validate business strategy for SOA and IT
- Assess current IT and SOA capabilities
- Define/Refine SOA vision and strategy
- Review current Governance capabilities and arrangements
- Layout governance plan

## Define the Governance Approach

- Define/modify governance processes
- Design policies and enforcement mechanisms
- Identify success factors, metrics
- Identify owners and funding model
- Charter/refine SOA Center of Excellence
- Design governance IT infrastructure



## Monitor and Manage the Governance Processes

- Monitor compliance with policies
- Monitor compliance with governance arrangements
- Monitor IT effectiveness metrics

## Deploy the Governance Model Incrementally

- Deploy governance mechanisms
- Deploy governance IT infrastructure
- Educate and deploy on expected behaviors and practices
- Deploy policies

## Additional skills and expertise available

- IBM Organizational Design Services to help refine organizational model
- IBM Design Services for SOA to help create services model
- IBM Infrastructure Services for SOA readiness, design and optimization
- Rational Unified Process for SOA deployable via Rational Method Composer Plug-In





*“To fully realize the potential value of SOA, an organization needs to adjust both its infrastructure and its governance mechanisms. This means providing the information to support good decisions, and the mechanisms governing who can decide what, when and on what grounds. The governance process must also cover the full life cycle of software and infrastructure. IBM through its broad infrastructure and tools base has a unique opportunity to deliver a coherent development, management and governance platform. I am pleased that IBM is taking an SOA governance initiative, and look forward to working together on addressing this important issue.”*

**-Claus Torp Jensen, VP, Head of Architecture and Development Strategy, Danske Bank**

## Next steps

- Learn more about SOA Governance
  - [ibm.com/soa/gov](http://ibm.com/soa/gov)
- Download whitepaper
  - [ibm.com/soa/gov](http://ibm.com/soa/gov)
- Identify aspect of governance for initial focus
- Download RMC Plug-In
  - [http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/rational/downloads/06/plugins/rmc\\_soa\\_gov/overview.html](http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/rational/downloads/06/plugins/rmc_soa_gov/overview.html)
- Conduct an SOA Workshop

