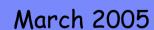


#### IBM Software Group

# e-business access to CICS Strategic Options





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# Agenda

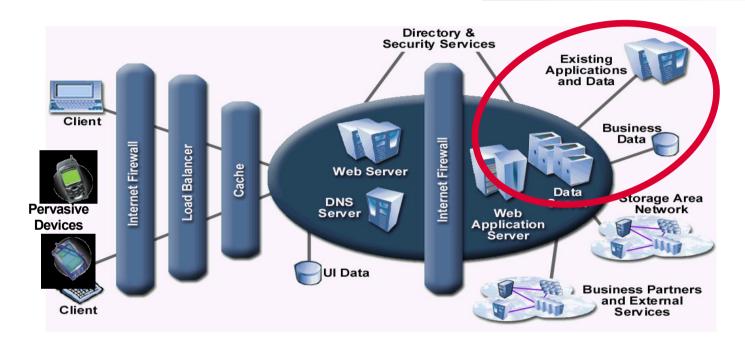
- e-business Introduction
- CICS Assets and Implementations
- Summary





### The Big Picture - CICS

#### **CICS Transaction Server**



- ✓ Over 30 years and \$1 Trillion invested in Applications ... IDC
- ✓Over \$1 trillion processed/day
- ✓ Over 30 billion transactions/day
- √ Most people use CICS

Combining the reliability and security of CICS software with the flexibility of e-business technology



### The WebSphere Software Platform

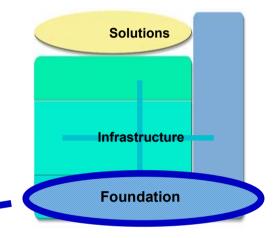
Web infrastructure software that helps companies at each stage of ebusiness development

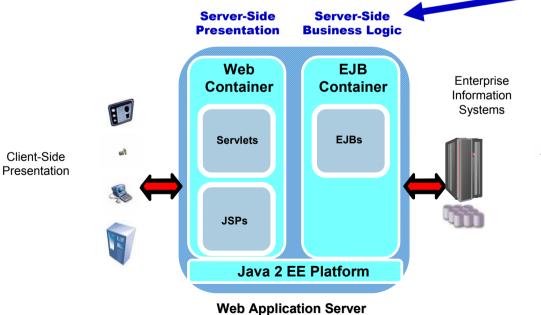
from startup,

Client-Side

to integrating and exploiting business processes,

to handling high volume Web transactions.





Application developers focus on business logic (components)

Containers and connectors conceal complexity and promote portability

Components inherit qualities of service of the underlying platform

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### Architecture of a typical J2EE application

- Servlet
  - Request handling logic
- EJB

**Business logic** 

Reusable components

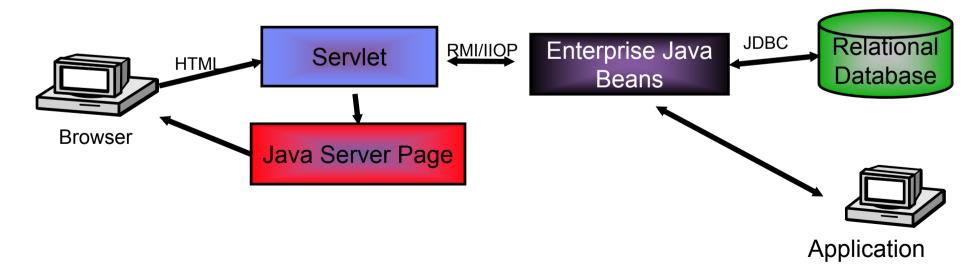
Java Server PageJust presentation - mostly HTML

- An e-business application is made up of components that can run in one or more physical computers
- Using java for such an application removes portability issues
- But such applications require system services such as

security

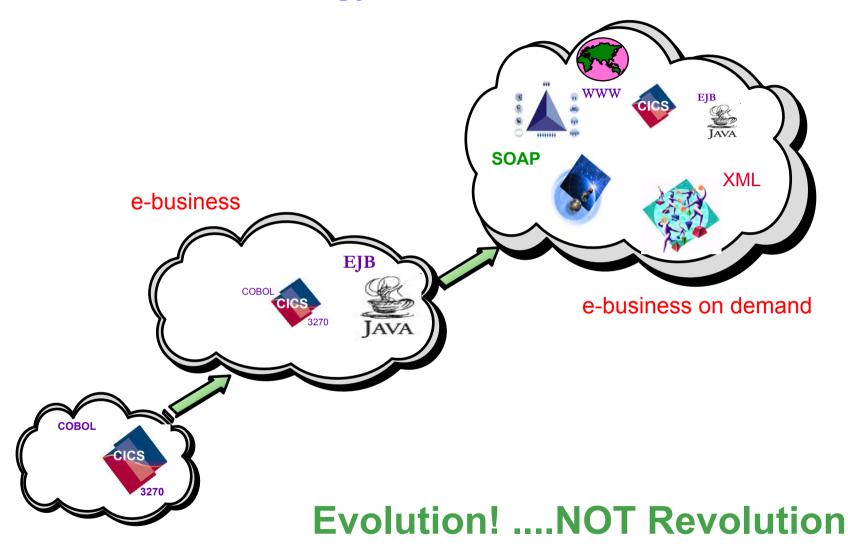
access to legacy systems

distributed syncpointing





# CICS e-business Strategy





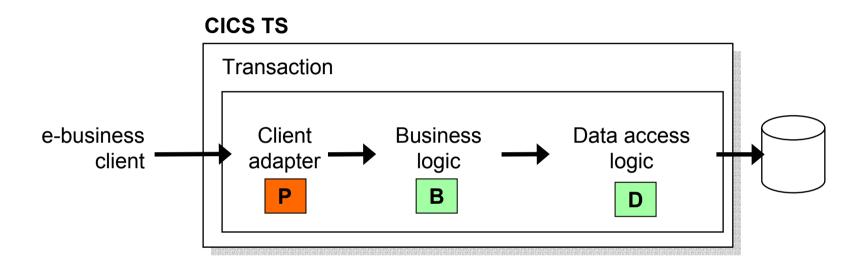
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#### What assets in CICS can be transformed?



 Best practice in CICS application design is to separate key elements of the application, in particular:

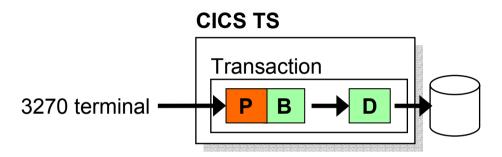
Client adapter or presentation logic

**Business logic** 

Data access logic



#### Reusing 3270 Presentation logic with the Link3270 Bridge



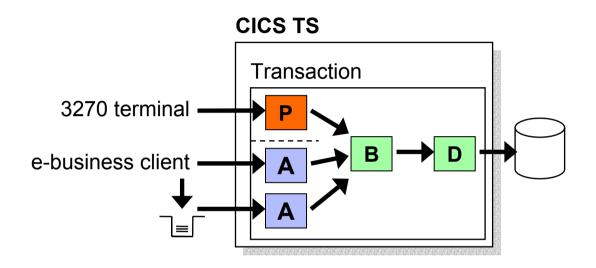
- РВ
- However, there remain some customer programs that combine presentation and business logic
- Link3270 Bridge is a technology in CICS TS that provides a COMMAREA interface to many BMS and terminal-oriented programs

Information in the COMMAREA is passed to the BMS application without having to emulate 3270 terminals

No changes required to existing BMS application



### e-business access to CICS programs



Typical e-business clients
 Web browser
 Java servlet or EJB
 Web Services SOAP client
 C# client in Microsoft .NET
 WebSphere MQ client

AdaptersAn external connector

An internal adapter (written or generated by tools)

A standard IP-based protocol



### Strategic ebusiness Connectivity Options

- Web-to-Host First Step 3270 Revamping
- Standard architectures

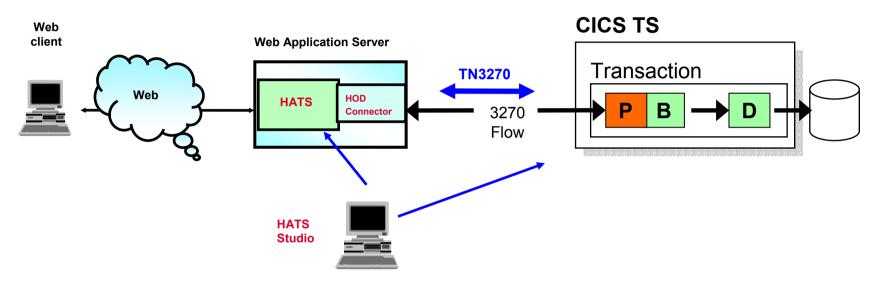
```
SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) with CICS Transaction Server V2.3 JCA (J2EE Connector Architecture) with CICS Transaction Gateway Java RMI (Remote Method Invocation) with CICS Transaction Server V2
```

 Standard transports - Typically used for applications that require greater control of the protocol

```
JMS (Java Messaging Service)
HTTP (HyperText Transfer Protocol)
CICS sockets
```



### Web-to-Host using HATS



Host Access Transformation Server (HATS)

Rules-based Web-to-Host transformation engine which dynamically converts 3270 screens in HTML pages

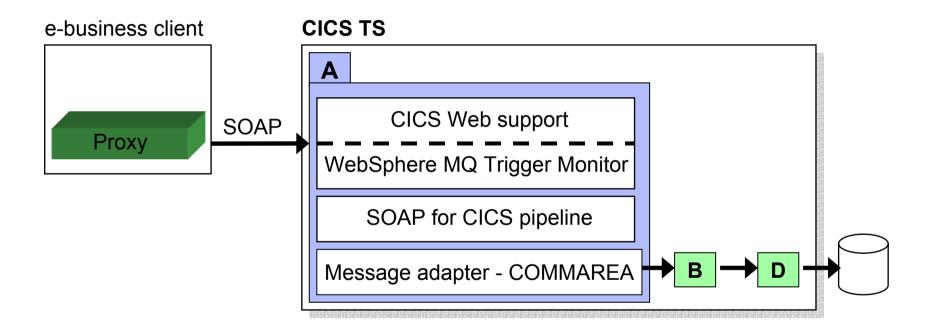
Can generate Web services or other Java objects from host transactions

Server based on WebSphere and 3270 HOD Connector

HAST Studio based on WebSphere Studio (WSAD)



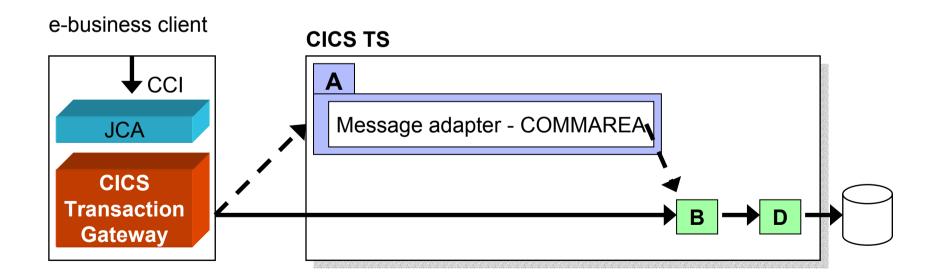
#### Standard architecture - SOAP - Web Service





#### Standard architecture – JCA

Implemented using the CICS Transaction gateway
 The J2EE Connector architecture (JCA) connector
 Common Client Interface (CCI) for the e-business client



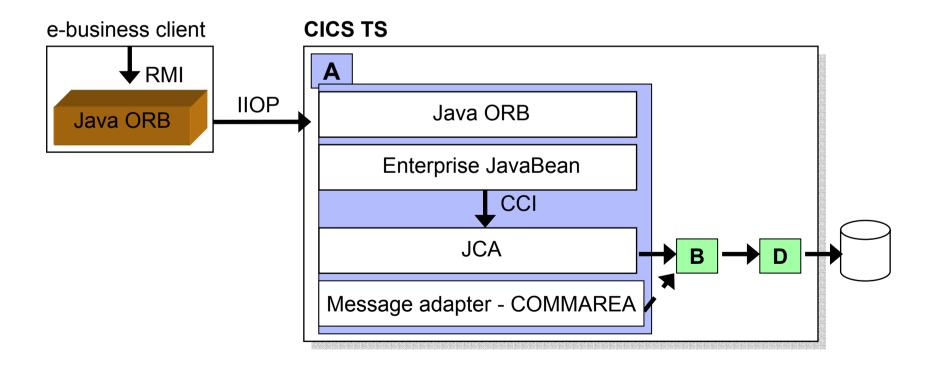
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#### Standard architecture - Java RMI

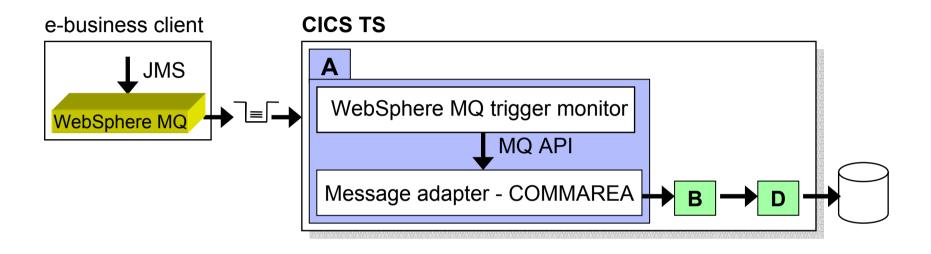
CICS Transaction Server supports RMI over IIOP.

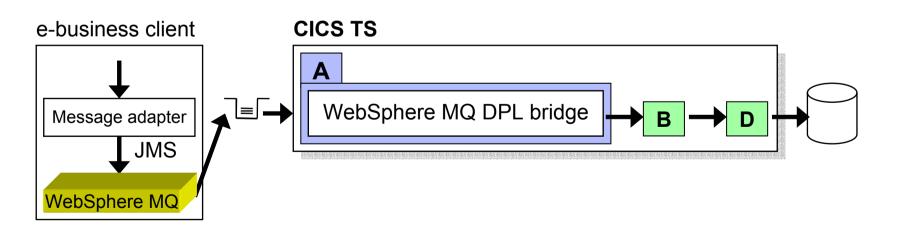
EJB to EJB communication





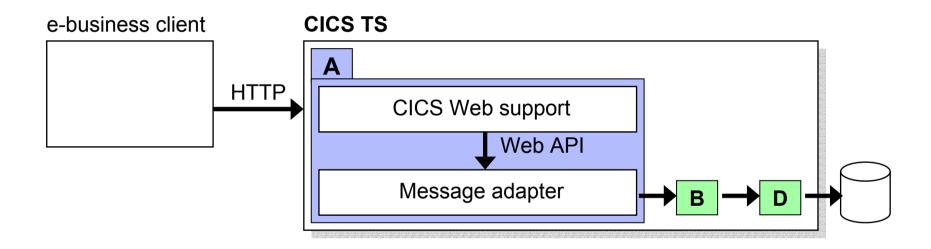
### Standard transport – JMS







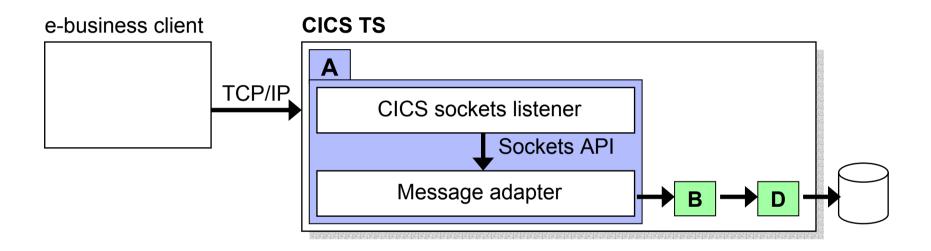
## Standard transport – HTTP



HTTP listener in CICS



# Standard transport – CICS sockets





# **CICS Strategic Options Table**

Standard architecture	Capabilities	Architecture	Interface	Coupling
0. 3270 Revamping		HATS or Link3270bridge	3270 flow	None Medium
1. SOAP	SSL HTTP (synchronous) WebSphere MQ (asynchronous)	CICS TS V2	XML in a CONTAINER COMMAREA	Low
2. JCA	2 phase commit User security context 32K max message size SSL Inbound only Synchronous	CTG	COMMAREA	Medium
3. Java RMI	2 phase commit State management User security role SSL Synchronous	CICS TS V2	Enterprise JavaBean (session bean)	High
4. JMS	SSL Asynchronous	WMQ	WMQ API or COMMAREA	Medium
5. HTTP	SSL Secure HTTP Synchronous	CICS	CICS WEB API	Medium
6. TCP/IP sockets	Synchronous or Asynchronous	TCP/IP for MVS	CICS Sockets API	Very High

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# Agenda

- What is e-business and why should I be interested in it?
- CICS Assets and Implementations
- Summary





#### Which architecture should I use?

- Functional requirements that may influence your choice...
- Network requirements SNA or TCP/IP
- Application requirements

Direct connection model vs. Messaging and Queuing model

Synchronous versus Asynchronous

Access to transactions versus direct access to data

Inquiry (read-only) or Update

Security

Performance

Development requirements

Programming language

Skill

Cost - Build versus Buy and Modify Toolkits