



Moving Forward with CICS, IMS, and SOA

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Agenda

- Core Business Systems Integration
- CICS and IMS assets
- Transactions Connectivity Solutions
 - JCA Connector
 - JMS Connector
 - SOAP Connector

Summary



IMS and CICS are a significant part of IBM SOA strategy. The session discusses how CICS and IMS provide interfaces and frameworks that allow integration with evolving technologies through use of standards. The objective is clearly to answer many questions from customers regarding how 'best' to connect from a client or application server to a CICS or IMS asset.



Built to Support Evolution!



Application Investment Protection



How are Core Business Systems changing?

- New interface requirements From client/server to Web Services
 - Web browser access
 - Integration and automation broker access
 - Evolution of existing interfaces

Modernization to extend useful life of existing applications

Provide access

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- Componentize for flexibility and reusability
 - Find "business rules"
 - Find separation points for UI logic, business logic, data logic
- Convert overnight batch into online batch
- Reduction of maintenance and operations costs of existing applications
 - Tools support entire application (J2EE and Core Business)
 - Tools support entire lifecycle (analysis, design, test)
 - Adopt modern development practices





Why Core Business Services ?

Leverage existing assets

- layer of abstraction that wraps existing assets as services that provide business functions
- Easier to integrate and manage complexity
 - integration point is the service specification and not the implementation

More responsive and faster time-tomarket

 ability to compose new services out of existing ones

Reduce cost and increase reuse

- loosely coupled core business services can be more easily used and combined based on business needs
- Be ready for what lies ahead
 - better flexibility and responsiveness





Re-utilization practices

Meet new requirements by leveraging your most valuable z/OS assets

- Improve cooperation between your mainframe and client-server
 application teams using open integration technologies and
 common tools
- Program z/OS applications (WAS, CICS, IMS and DB2) with the latest Eclipse-based development workbench (COBOL, PLI, Java, ...)



- Analyze your applications to reveal reusable business services
- Trace usage patterns / service levels

Use the latest middleware and management tools to reduce operational overheads

- Automatically generate webinterfaces for core CICS and IMS applications
- Create state-of-the art user interfaces without deep programming skills
- Integrate multiple core and new applications within the same workspace
- Compose business level web services from existing CICS and IMS transactions
- Retain mainframe availability, scalability, security and recoverability
- Connect applications right across your enterprise, across all platforms

AD Transformation Tools for z/OS Applications



J2EE Developers



WebSphere/Rational development family (V7)

WebSphere Integration

Integration Developers/ Advanced J2EE Developers

iSeries Developers

Developer (WID)

 iSeries
 Server and eBusiness
 developers

WDS

 Leverage and extend iSeries Data, Code and Skills Advanced J2EE developers

- Flow composition
- Support of WebSphere Process Server

Rational Application Developer (RAD)

Rational Application Developer Community Edition (RAD CE)

- Professional Web, Java, XML, and Web services developers
- SCM interface to connect to vendor of your choice
- Embedded WebSphere Application Server Express

• J2EE developers

WebSphere Developer

for System z (WDz)

- Relational
 DB tools
- Embedded WebSphere Application Server

 Enterprise development organizations

z/OS Developers

- Leverage and extend existing application
- Web service and connector based enterprise transformation
- Enterprise web to host
- Traditional COBOL/PL/I/C development

Workbench

IBM's commercially supported version of the Eclipse Workbench

eclipse



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Summary



What assets in CICS can be transformed?



- Best practice in CICS application design is to separate key elements of the application, in particular:
 - Client adapter or Presentation logic
 - Business logic
 - Data access logic
- Adapter/connector can be
 - External (e.g JavaBean using CICS Transaction Gateway classes)
 - Internal (e.g CICS XML-aware program)
 - Written or generated by tools



Reusing 3270 presentation logic within CICS using the Link3270 Bridge





- Some programs combine presentation, integration, and business logic
- Link3270 Bridge provides a COMMAREA interface to many BMS and terminaloriented programs
 - ADS information in the COMMAREA is passed to the BMS application
 - Does not use VTAM or screen scraping
 - No changes required to existing BMS application

What assets in IMS can be accessed?

IMS Transaction

- No presentation layer
- Access to Resource Managers (RM)
 - IMS DB, DB2, MQ
- Very simple design
 - Get Input Message
 - RM calls
 - ISRT Output Message

IMS Database

- Hierarchical design
- JDBC access
- XML datastore

IMS MFS

- Description of input and output messages and device map
- Not used in client/server implementations



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What assets in IMS can be accessed? ...

First IMS Asset – IMS Transactions

- Integrating IMS Transactions
 - Direct connection model
 - 3270 Emulation
 - JCA Connector
 - Messaging and Queuing model
 - Publishing as a Web Service

Second IMS Asset – IMS Databases

- Integrating IMS Databases
 - Direct Connection model
 - ODBA
 - JCA Connector
- Integrating IMS Databases in a Information Integration Platform
 - Based on WebSphere Classic Federation and Event Publisher



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Transactions Connectivity Solutions

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CICS Transactions - Connectivity Solutions



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IMS Transactions - Connectivity Solutions

WebSphere Host Access Transformation Services (HATS)



JCA Connector: IMS Connect / IMS Connector for Java Renamed to IMS TM Resource adapter

Which architecture should I use?

Standard architectures provide a choice of options and support

- JCA (J2EE Connector Architecture)
- SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol)
- JMS (Java Messaging Service)

Lots of factors including ...

- Security
- Transactionality
- Performance
- Architectural limits
- Synchronous or asynchronous invocation

CICS Information

- <u>http://www-306.ibm.com/software/htp/cics/connectors/</u>
- And also Redbook "Architecting e-business Access to CICS"

IMS Information

- <u>http://www-306.ibm.com/software/data/ims/toolkit/</u>
- And also Redbook "IMS Connectivity in the On Demand Environment A Practical Guide to IMS Connectivity"

Web-to-Host using HATS

- WebSphere Host Access Transformation Services (HATS)
 - Increase productivity and reduce training costs. Convert green screens into intuitive Web interfaces
 - Extend existing applications to new users, such as business partners, suppliers and customers
 - Integrate traditional applications into enterprise portals. Provide a single, personalized point of access.
 - Reduce development costs by avoiding rewrite of core business applications.

Solution Benefits

- No changes in application (CICS, IMS or TSO)
- No middleware to install

http://www.ibm.com/software/webservers/hats

CICS Transaction Gateway

High-performing, security-rich and scalable J2EE standards-based access to CICS

CICS TG

Best

CICS

TG

CICS TG for z/OS

- IBM's <u>flagship</u> z/OS
- Linux on Intel, POWER, & zSeries
- AIX, HP-UX and Solaris
- Windows

Qualities of Service

CICS

TG

CICS TG for Multiple Platforms

CICS TG

Good

JCA - CICS Resource Adapter

CICS Transaction Gateway

Solution Benefits

- The "Direct Connection" Choice!
- From any WebSphere platform, z/OS or distributed with J2EE Quality of Services
 - Qualities of service vary according to topology
 - See white paper 'Integrating WebSphere Application Server and CICS using the JCA'

JCA - IMS Resource Adapter

IMS Connector for Java (renamed to IMS TM Resource Adapter)

- Provides connectivity to IMS Transactions
 - With an option to use a global transaction scope between the 2 business logic parts (distributed Two-Phase Commit)

Solution Benefits

- The "Direct Connection" Choice!
 - Prereqs installation of IMS Connect
 - No changes to IMS applications
- The "Strategic" option for IMS Lab
- From any WebSphere platform, z/OS or distributed with J2EE Quality of Services

http://www-306.ibm.com/software/data/db2imstools/imstools/imsjavcon.html

Moving Forward with CICS, IMS and SOA

IMS Connect – The TCP/IP Gateway to IMS

- High performance TCP/IP access to IMS environment
 - IMS is the server, the workstation application is the client
 - Client uses TCP/IP to send IMS transaction and receive reply
 - IMS Connect defines the required message protocol.

Solution Benefits

- An IBM tool prior to IMS V9
- Integrated IMS Connect function in IMS V9
- Used by several vendors as basis of their connectivity solutions

http://www-306.ibm.com/software/data/ims/connect/index.html

JMS – Access to CICS or IMS Transactions

WMQ CICS or IMS Bridge

- Transfers the message to the unchanged CICS or IMS transaction.
- Transfers the output message to the Reply_To_Queue.

Solution Benefits

 The "Asynchronous Connection" Choice!

MQ Trigger Monitor

 Run as a CICS or IMS application which use MQ API to call the business logic program.

Solution Benefits

 Trigger Monitor is a real MQ based application which allows some additional processing outside of the CICS or IMS application

SOAP – Web Service involving CICS

- Web Service can be accessed using SOAP/HTTP or SOAP/WMQ
- SOAP for CICS pipeline is a sequence of message handlers
- Adapter is a COBOL program
 - Converts SOAP body to COMMAREA and vice-versa
 - Generated using WebSphere Developer for System z, or manually
- CICS also provides a SOAP outbound capability

CICS Resource Definitions

Define the transport

- HTTP: TCPIPSERVICE for inbound requests
- WMQ: QLOCAL definition

Find the Web Service

- URIMAP definition
- Define the qualities of service
 - PIPELINE definition

Define the Web Service execution environment

WEBSERVICE definition

CICS as a **Provider**

Moving Forward with CICS, IMS and SOA

SOAP - Web Services Involving IMS

- Artifacts that can be registered as Web Services
 - Java Beans and EJBs
 - IMS transaction access
 - IMS DB access via JDBC/ODBA
 - Scripted flows
 - DB2 Stored Procedures
 - Another way of getting to execute an IMS transaction thru OTMA Callable interface
 - Another way of getting at IMS Data Bases via ODBA

An IMS transaction can not itself be deployed as a Web Service.

You actually write or generate a component that can be deployed as a Web Service such as an EJB - and this in turn calls the IMS transaction.

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SOAP - Web Services Involving IMS ...

- For several years it has been possible to generate J2EE access to IMS transactions
 - From servlets, EJBs and as Web Services
- These solutions use java J2EE components (Servlets and EJBs) running inside WebSphere Application Server

They support a full range of IMS options

- Commit mode 0, or 1 with optional distributed sync-point
- Single segment or multi-segment messages
- IMS conversational or non-conversational processing
- The IMS SOAP Gateway has been introduced to enable calling of IMS transactions as Web Services in a light-weight manner
 - No use of WAS
 - No requirement to use java at the client (e.g., works with .NET)
 - Currently, single segment messages using commit mode 1 and Sync_Level = None

IMS SOAP Gateway

- A Web Service solution for IMS with direct SOAP support
 - Leverages existing IMS applications as Web Services without the need of a J2EE server
 - Supports different types of applications Microsoft .Net and Java
- Supports Web Service specifications and leverage Open standards
 - SOAP/HTTP 1.1, WSDL 1.1, WS-I Basic Profile 1.0
 - UTF-8 encoding for SOAP messages

Web service-enabled IMS application with easy deployment

 Makes your IMS application a web service with easy deployment and configuration – no programming needed

Transforms XML data to IMS data

- By IMS application
- Or by IMS Connect XML Adapter
 - Transforms XML data using IBM WebSphere Developer for zSeries XML converters eliminating the need to modify the IMS application code

Web Service access to CICS

Standard

architecture	Capabilities	Development Platform	Interface	Coupling
1. CICS Web Services support	Inbound and outbound Synchronous (HTTP) Asynchronous (WMQ)	WebSphere Developer for z (for XML Parser)	COMMAREA CONTAINER	Loose
2. JCA	Inbound only Synchronous Asynchronous 32KB max message size	RAD or WID	COMMAREA	Medium
3. JMS/ WebSphere MQ	Inbound and outbound Asynchronous Assured delivery	RAD or WID	COMMAREA WebSphere MQ API	Medium

Standard

architecture	Description	Positioning	Recommendation
1. CICS Web Services support	Comprehensive W3C standards for messaging over the Web supporting SOA to and from CICS	Industry-wide open standard integration technology that includes CICS connectivity. Improving QoS, features and performance	Establish plans to transform CICS apps so they can participate in a SOA pattern with Web services
2. JCA	Lightweight J2EE standard for calling CICS and other EIS's	Widely adopted precision CICS connectivity with highest qualities of service today	Continue to exploit JCA and CICS TG and use within an SOA and ESB
3. JMS/WebSphere MQ	Comprehensive industry standard for assured messaging	Widely adopted B2B integration technology that includes CICS connectivity	Continue to exploit WebSphere MQ for basic messaging and flowing Web services

Web Service access to CICS - Solution Criteria Check-list

	1 - CICS Web services support	2 - JCA	3 - JMS/WebSphere MQ (using MQ DPL bridge)
Architectural	>32K OK	32K maximum message size	>32K OK
limits	Inbound/outbound support Container support	Bypass by coding logic into	Inbound/outbound support
		service component	
		Inbound support only	
Reliability availability	High availability config based on CICSplex and transport-based workload management	High availability config options available – depend on CICS TG topology	High availability config based on CICSplex and MQ workload management (cluster or shared queues)
Transactionality	Emerging 2PC support (WS- AtomicTransaction)	Most robust global tran support – JCA XA support	No global transaction support
	CICS Local transaction		
Security	WS-Security	Lots of options	Carry identity in MQ message.
	SSL User ID + password Transport level security Trust depends on transport mechanism (MQ or HTTP)	Container managed or component managed signon SSL User ID + password Thread identity when WAS on z/OS Trust depends on CICS TG topology (SSL client auth, or MRO Bind security)	Trust (SSL on channel) or protection of queues SSL User ID + password
Performance and scalability	Depends on SOAP message complexity, length	Best for short msgs	Best for long msgs

Web Service access to IMS

Standard

architecture	Capabilities	Development Platform	Interface	Coupling
1. Using IMS SOAP Gateway	Inbound only Synchronous (HTTP) 32 KB limit (single segment)	WebSphere Developer for z (for XML Parser)	IMS I/O Message (Ilzztrandata)	Loose
2. JCA	Inbound only Synchronous with Asynchronous output options NO max message size: IMS Connect supports multi segment message (32K limit for one single segment)	RAD (for WSDL and SOAP Proxy)	IMS I/O Message	Medium
3. JMS/ WebSphere MQ	Inbound and outbound Asynchronous Assured delivery	RAD (for WSDL and SOAP Proxy)	IMS I/O Message or WebSphere MQ API	Medium

Standard

architecture	Description	Positioning	Recommendation
1. Using IMS SOAP Gateway	Lightweight J2EE standard for messaging over the Web supporting SOA to IMS	Basic SOAP Support to access IMS transactions Future: Improving QoS, features and performance	If customer does not wish to write a web services wrapper program (e.g. WAS EJB), then the best integration option is usually "IMS SOAP Gateway"
2. JCA	Comprehensive W3C standards for messaging over the Web supporting SOA to IMS	Widely adopted IMS connectivity with highest qualities of service today	If customer uses WebSphere Application Server to create mid-tier components then the best integration option is usually J2C, using IMS Connector for Java
3. JMS/ WebSphere MQ	Comprehensive industry standard for assured messaging	Widely adopted B2B integration technology that includes IMS connectivity	Continue to exploit WebSphere MQ for basic messaging and flowing Web services

Web Service access to IMS - Solution Criteria Check-list

	1 - IMS SOAP Gateway	2 - JCA	3 - JMS/ WebSphere MQ
Architectural limits	32K limit Inbound support only Synchronous Non-conversational trans only	>32K OK with IMS Multi- segments Inbound support only Outbound using MQ or APPC Synchronous (but with optional asynchronous "assured delivery" of reply)	>32K OK with IMS Multi- segments Inbound/outbound support Asynchronous
Transactionality	No global transaction support	Most robust global tran support – JCA XA support	No global transaction support
Security	No support yet for WS-Security Security from ICON: •SSL •User ID + password	Lots of options Container managed or component managed Trust model • SSL or Userid /password validation in IMS Connect • Then SAF security based on Userid in IMS subsystem	Carry identity in MQ message. Trust (SSL on channel) or protection of queues SAF Userid /password validation in MQ IMS Bridge
Reliability / Availability	Based on OS used Best when SOAP Gateway available on z	High availability config options available for IMS Connect (especially with zOS TCPIP Sysplex Distributor)	High availability config based on IMSplex and MQ workload management (cluster or shared queues)
Performance / Scalability	No results currently Requirement to port it to z/OS	Best option today	

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Summary

- Core Business applications are critical to enterprise customers
 - Business Integration need to consider them
 - Maintain forward progress (preserve customer investments)
 - Ratio of COBOL/PLI to J2EE developers typically 5x to 10x
 - Applications must I

An on demand business is an enterprise whose business processes — integrated end-to-end across the company and with key partners, suppliers and customers can respond with speed to any customer demand, market opportunity or external threat.