

Product Lifecycle Management

Supply Chain Innovation

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Agenda

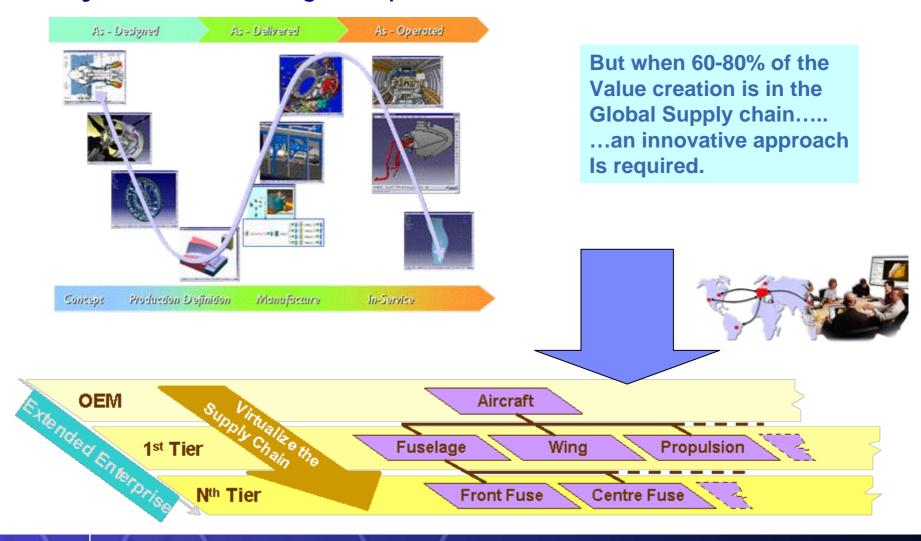
- Supply Chain Overview
- ➤ IBM PLM Supply Chain Approach
- > IBM PLM Supply Chain Collaboration Solutions example
- Enabling Supplier Integration
- Questions and Answers



Supply Chain Overview



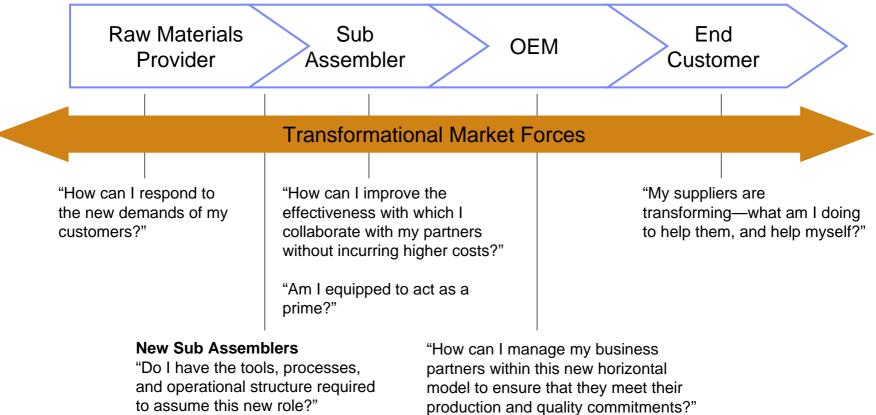
All OEM's see Integrated Capability throughout the Product Lifecycle as a strategic imperative





A single company cannot innovate in a vacuum - there is a ripple effect throughout the industry value chain

Top Concerns Focus on Responding to the Customer, Collaboration



"Will I have to take on the overhead costs that OEMs are shedding?"

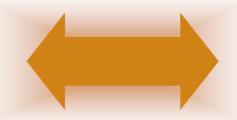
"What data will they need to work efficiently and effectively?"



The supply chain is being stretched to innovate in two directions.



New business models aimed at harnessing those benefits accruing to Global scale/scope





New processes and technology to support business model transformation

- Strategic focus
- Global reach
- Economies of scale
- Best practice leverage
- Consistent delivery

The result is that many supply chains are struggling with processes and technologies designed for legacy business models and are experiencing new unanticipated costs, inhibiting innovation.



Innovation inhibitors in the supply chain

New Business Model what to demand of suppliers is not understood

Contractual agreement in advance of understanding of and clarity on new technology and process requirements leads to sub-optimal program execution.

Lack of integration of product data, applications and configurations in an end-to-end DISTRIBUTED process

Strong silo cultures and resistance to change make sharing product information a deficit rather than an asset to the business.

Inability to manage data across the supply chain

Supplie

OEM

ill-informed decisions without real-time information. Delays and errors due to poor processes, manual reformatting and translation.

Supplier push-back - refuses to comply/delays

Low conformity, additional cost/risk to program

Inability to realize full value and benefits of PLM across the EXTENDED enterprise.

Time, Cost, Quality and Risk issues as Supply Chain Owners struggle to define and deploy innovation business processes Lack of Common methods across global multi-enterprise value chain

Difficult to transfer work across sites and to readily re-use and explot digital data.



Penetration of key PLM performance indicators through the supply chain

	Supply Chain Level					
Key Performance Indicator	1 (Partners)	2 (Module Supplier)	3 (System Supplier)	4 (Component Supplier)	5 (Tooling /Part)	
OEM PLM Methods Use and Compliance						,
Integration and deployment of common CAD tools						
Integration and deployment of common PDM tools						
First Time Data Transfer & Incorporation Success						

Auto OEM

Auto OEM

Aero OEM

Aero OEM



IBM PLM Supply Chain Approach



The IBM PLM Supply Chain solutions value statement

IBM PLM Supply Chain solutions deliver the processes and technology to support globally distributed product design and development

- ➤ Manage risk
 - By identifying and targeting the key supply chain collaboration processes and participants
- ➤ Reduce time-to-market
 - By removing duplication of effort, excessive checking and rework
- Reduce resources
 - Through automation of supply chain processes and collaboration
- Exploit Global Partnering
 - Enable partners and suppliers in any geography
- Increase common tools and process appropriately
 - Profiling suppliers, tiered solutions



Engaging with our customers around the Supply Chain Collaboration solutions



OBJECTIVE:

Create awareness of the potential value of a harmonised supply chain and risks of inaction.

OBJECTIVE

Develop Outline strategy, roadmap and ROI for specific OEM supply chain.

OBJECTIVE

Study OEM's specific circumstances, create specific recommendation to include:

- SCC Strategy
- SCC Roadmap
- SCC ROI
- SCC Segmentation

OBJECTIVE

Develop the detailed Supply Chain solution design and delivery plan

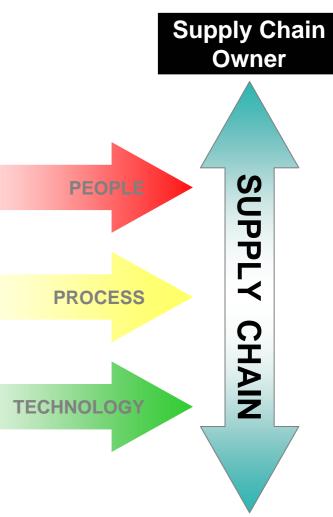
OBJECTIVE

Deploy defined solution



Supply chain solution typical engagement approach

- Approach with IBM working with the supply chain owner as well as the suppliers to define a cohesive supply chain strategy to meet the project / business unit / enterprise needs
- Supply chain activity includes:
 - Supply chain needs assessment
 - Supplier capability review
 - Supply chain strategy
 - Supply chain owner and supplier roadmaps (process, technology and organisation)
 - Supplier profiling
 - Supplier assessment
 - Provides pre-configured data management environments developed with industrial partners
- Brings various means of supply chain integration / interaction / interfacing pre-configured and tested
- Supply chain solution "bundling"





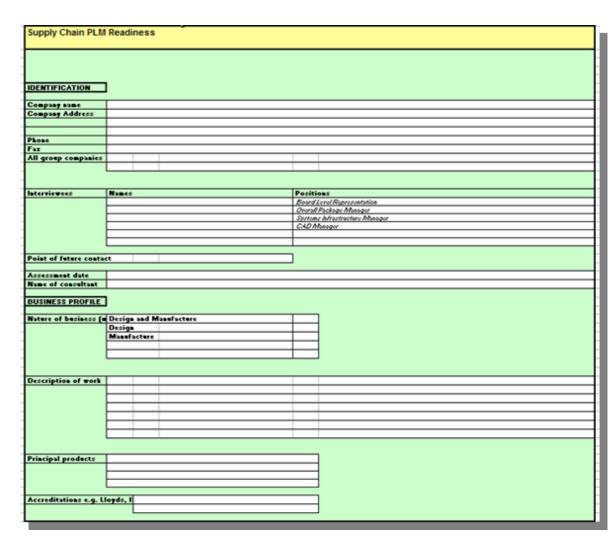
Profiling the supply chain

Profile	Classification	Responsibilities	Software Configuration
1	Full Service Supplier	Profit, and/or Risk sharing partner Responsible for design/build/delivery of large integrated sections / systems Supplier management responsibility for sections of responsibility	ENOVIAV5 CATIA V5 WebSphere
2	Design/Build Suppliers	Responsibility of design and build of an assembly (SOW) Generally confined in nature Typically traditional procurement/contract terms	ENOVIA V5 / SMARTEAM CATIA V5 WebSphere
3	Design Services Suppliers	Offload of design to 3 rd Party Required to return designs as specified by profile 2	ENOVIA V5 / SMARTEAM CATIA V5 WebSphere
4	Build to model / print / specification suppliers	Responsible for Build of Part, Assembly or subsystem Require detailed design information for development of tooling/etc. Includes Spec based part suppliers	CATIA V5 SMARTEAM WPE WebSphere Portal
5	Parts based suppliers	Traditional parts based supplier Little/No visibility to designs/intent/etc. Driven by cost and ability to meet volume schedules	CATIA V5 WebSphere Portal



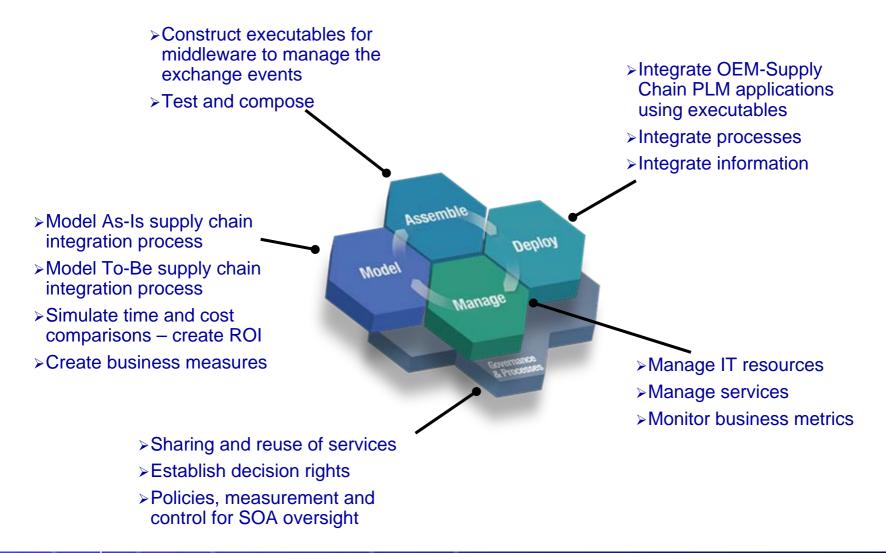
Assessing the supply chain

- ½ Day assessment with your suppliers covering
 - Company profile
 - CAD tool competency
 - Data exchange
 - Data management
 - Infrastructure
 - PDM Attributes
 - > IBM-DS Inventory
 - Non IBM-DS Inventory
 - Hardware & Network
 - Issues





Approach for optimising the supply chain integration process





SCC solution content

PROCESS MODELS As-Is, To-Be ROI

TECHNOLOGY ENOVIA, SMARTEAM CATIA & WBI

IBM PLM
Supply Chain
Collaboration
Solutions

ORGANISATION
OVERVIEW
Roles, skills,
Environment etc

DOCUMENTATION Practices, Implementation etc



Supply Chain Collaboration Solution Example Aerospace Supplier Collaboration



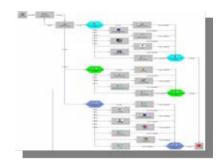
IBM PLM offers solutions for the supply chain that aim to reduce the cost, time and risk of supplier PLM implementation

Aerospace Supplier Collaboration or ASC is one example

- ASC Is a: Template driven SMARTEAM data management solution
- That provides:
 - Automation of business processes through preconfigured templates
 - Strengthened internal and external collaboration
 - Control product data against programme data structures
- That aims to:
 - Increase product development efficiency and profit margins
 - Demonstrate compliance to customer processes
 - Reduce ramp up time to productive use
 - Be repeatable across any appropriate supplier in your supply chain
- Unlike: Other PDM tools that need to be customised to suit the industry









The Aerospace Supplier Collaboration solution contains a comprehensive suite of components

ASC Connectivity

Connectivity to PDM "X" through various methods depending on supplier profile (e.g. practices, middleware, IXF)

ASC "PLM Practices"

Suite of implementation guides and deployment methodologies that can be used to form part of training and education material

ASC "Business Processes"

Repeatable business processes based on how the supply chain works.

Processes are role driven, record tasks, inputs, outputs & decisions and can be simulated for ROI results

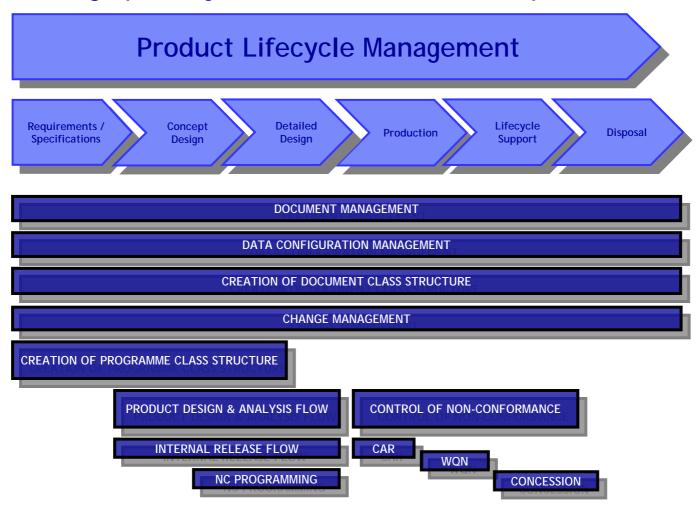
ASC "Technology Layer"

Specific SMARTEAM Templates, Classes, Forms, Attributes and scripts for the Aerospace and Defence marketplace





The solution is used to enable a core set of engineering and manufacturing (plus system administration) processes





This type of solution is delivering the following benefits

- To the OEM / Supply Chain Owner
 - Improved collaboration / integration with the supply chain
 - Suppliers have data and development processes under control
 - Reduce risk to the programme through common mechanism to deliver what is expected, when it is expected



- Pre-defined PDM with industry specific implementation, speeds up implementation time and time to productivity by up to 30%
- Delivering 10 20% reduction in engineering costs
- Releasing 30 35% reduction in peoples time through development lifecycle
- Providing overall 15 20% Increase in profitability
- Reduction in programme risk due to:
 - Control of processes
 - Management of data
 - Common understanding of maturity of product information







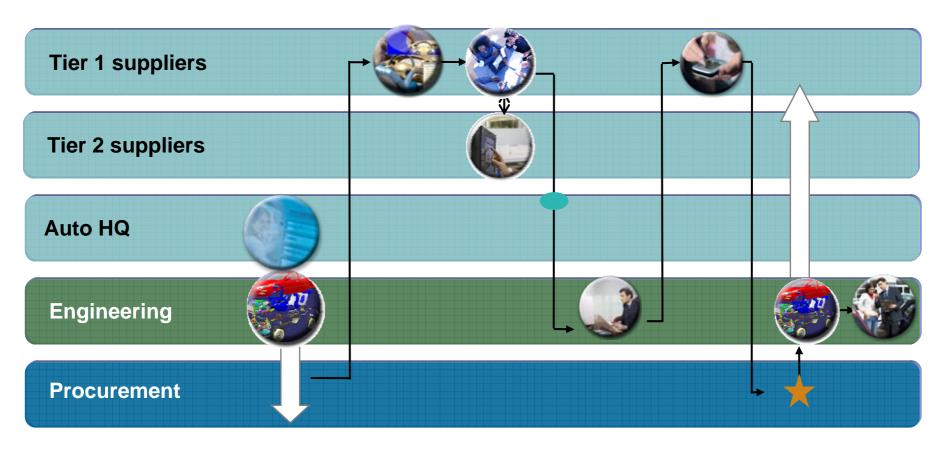


Enabling Supplier Integration



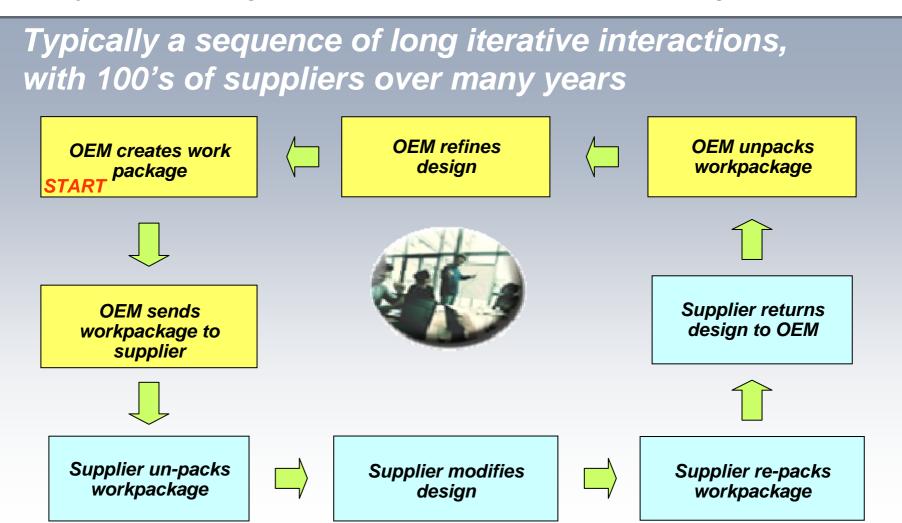
Supplier collaboration

Need for flexibility and integration across multiple groups



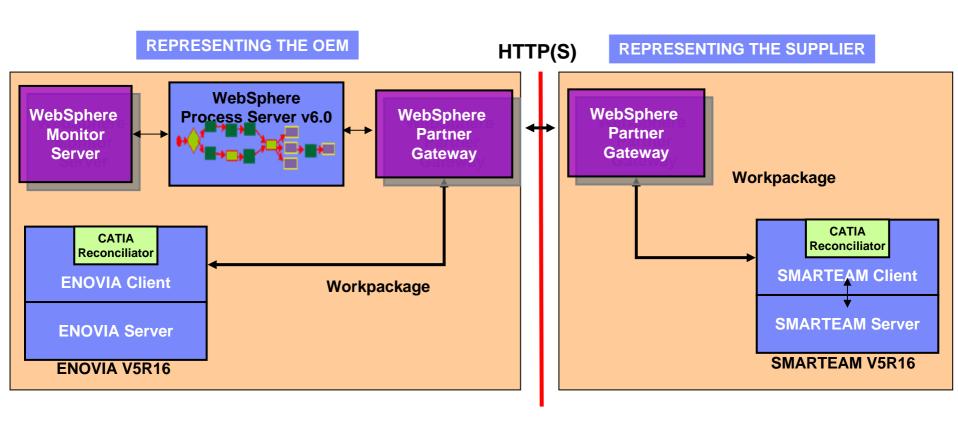


Supply chain integration - what are we automating?





SCC Integration Enabler - typical OEM / Supplier architecture





Cost benefits/ROI

Benefits:

- Identify latent or flawed processes through WebSphere Business Monitor
- Predict costs and behavior through simulation scenarios with WebSphere Business Modeler
- Save development time costs by conducting simulations on models before going to development
- Obtain real world data on running processes depicted graphically via WebSphere Business Monitor

>Assumptions:

- ➤ This is a VERY simplistic ROI scenario but also very realistic
- Development cycles are 18 months long
- Data exchange between the OEM and the supplier ideally occurs twice per week
- > Engineer costs \$30/hour

Current State Scenario (from the simulated process model)

- Cost per single exchange round trip <u>\$325</u>
- Multiplied by 2 (round trip transactions per week) by 72 (weeks in 18 month development cycle) by 100 (suppliers in the target profiles) = \$4.7M

> Future State Scenario

- > Estimated Cost \$190,000
- Multiplied by 2 (round trip transactions per week) by 72 (weeks in 18 month development cycle) by 100 (suppliers in the target profiles) = \$\frac{\$13 \text{ per single round trip exchange}}{2}\$
- OR, the return on investment is the same as executing the old process for 3 weeks



