## Builds & Effects of Information System



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Head of Management & IT Planning Division

#### OMC Card Company Overview

Card Transaction Volume

1,513 Billion Yen

Membership
7.19 Million



Travel

**Cards** 

CVC

Service



Card usage rate 63.4%

Consumer Finance Direct Marketing

Number of invoices issued per month 2.72 million













#### The Only One

**Member Business** 

**Card Business** 

Outsourcing Business

Member Database

System Infrastructure

Processing

Database Marketing

#### Ability to Build High Quality Marketing Database

• Detailed attributes in data -- based on evidence

Accumulation of clean and accurate data

Storage of extremely large transaction data

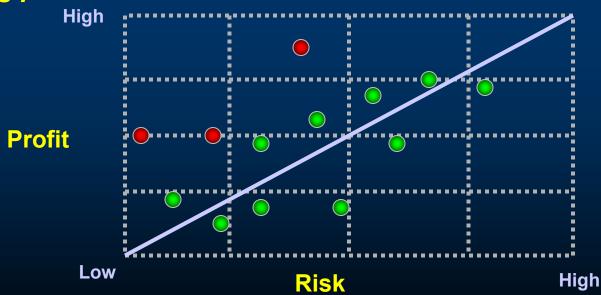
Monthly communication

#### Maximize Profit by Controlling Relative Risk

Merging risk management and marketing Merging marketing analysis with risk evaluation

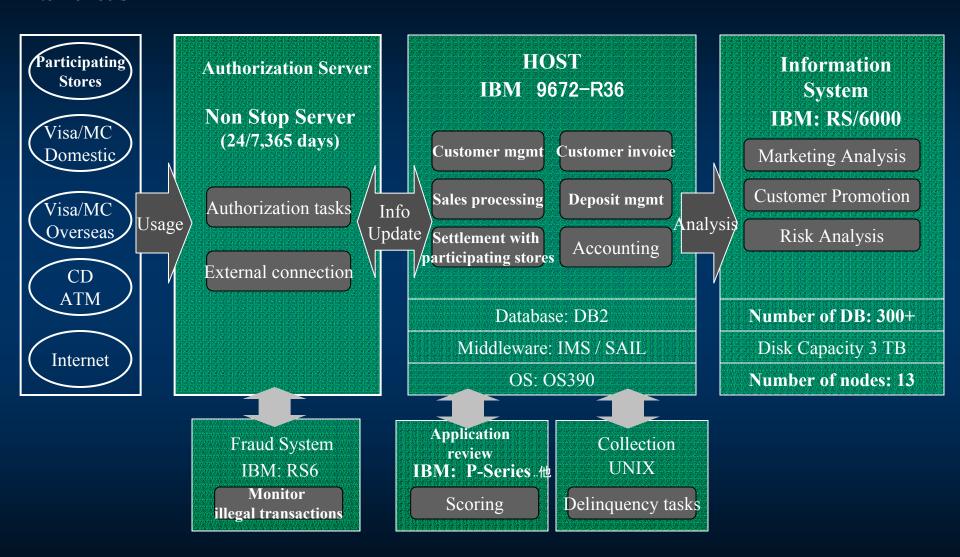
The trade-off between the profit and risk is already proven.

The key issue is whether an appropriate model can be created using profit/risk.

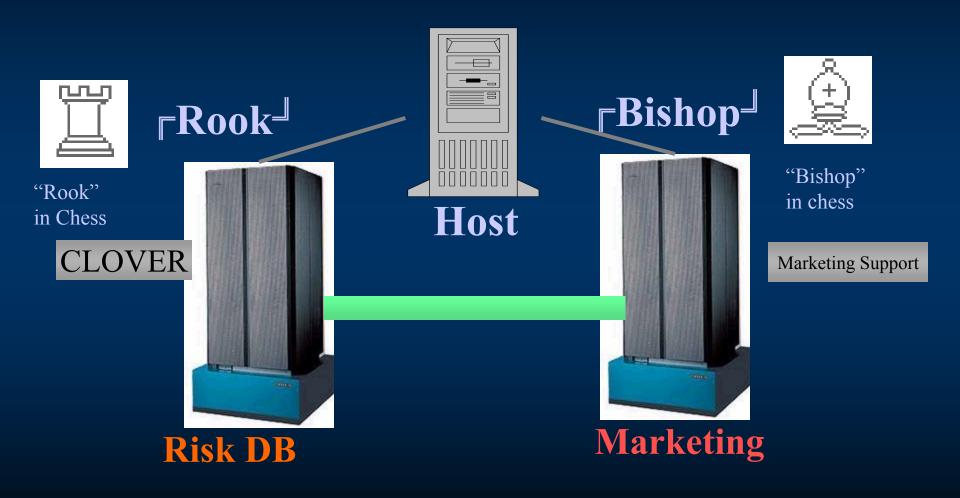


## System Overview

Channel available to members



#### Database



#### System Overview

**■** Marketing Analysis

Plan Do Check Action

Create hypothesis for a promotion

Implementation of a promotion

erification of the result of a promotion Reflect result on the next promotion

Campaign Manager
Intelligent Miner
Info Analyzer

Statistical Analysis tools (SAS, SPSS)

Customer attributes info

Customer inquiry info

FSP

Card recruitment info

Itemized sales summary

Application review info

Invoice/Deposit status

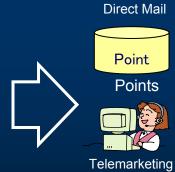
Credit history

Sales with competitors

Loss management

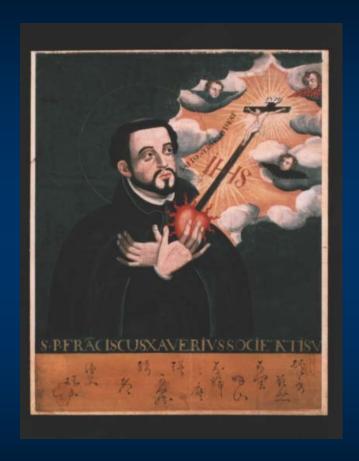
Card inventory mgmt

Card members' behaviors



Invoice

Personal Messages



## Steps for Building a System

### Steps for Building a System

- Step 0 Data verification based on 1/10 Model

  Marketing System
- Step 1 Building a marketing database
  - Step 2 Campaign management application
    - **Step 3** Marketing tool (mining)
      - **Step 4** Marketing tool (communication)
        - Risk Management System
        - Step 5 Building a risk database
          - Step 6 Risk management application

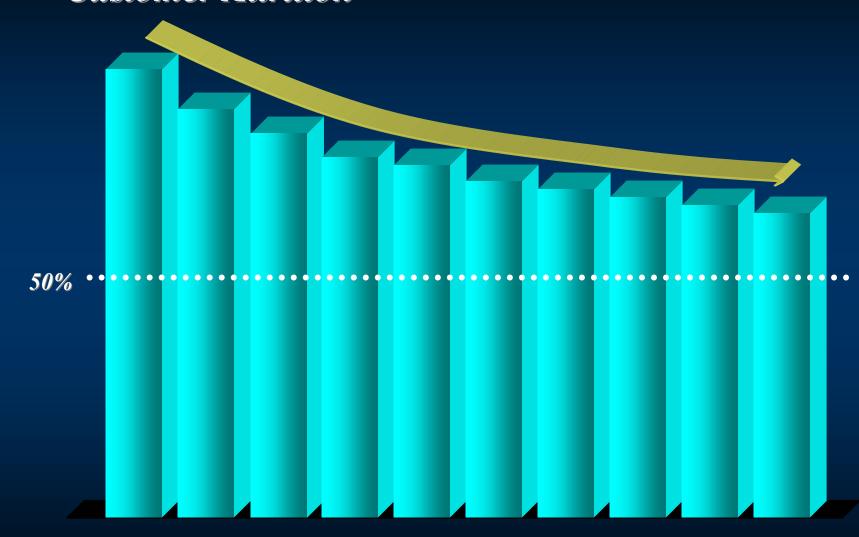
#### Step 0 Data verification based on 1/10 Model

Lifetime value (10 years)



Step 0 Data verification based on 1/10 Model

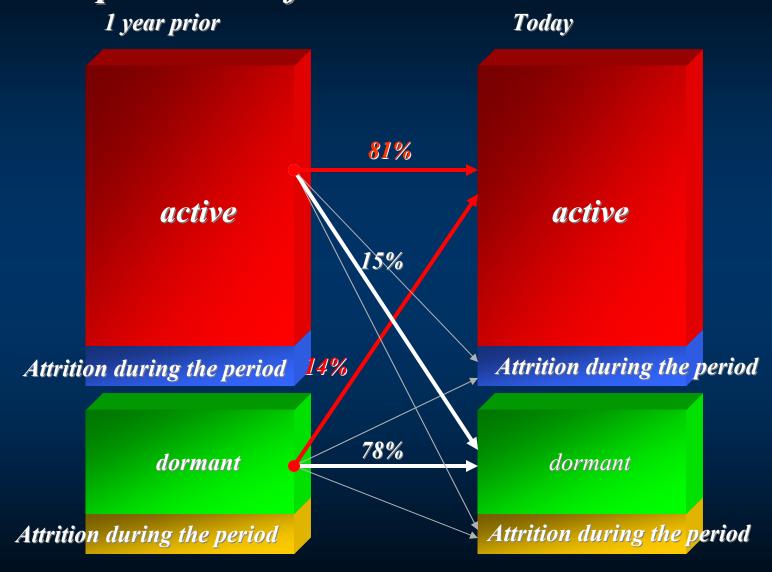
Customer Attrition

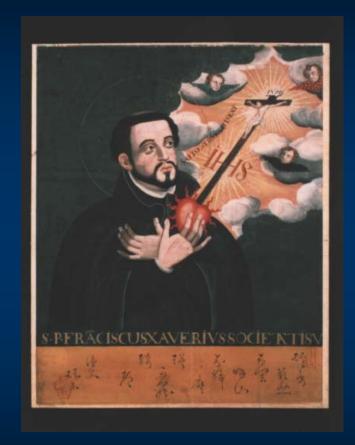


Membership Applications

10 years

# Step 0 Data verification based on 1/10 Model Improvement of retention rate





# Cautionary Issues in Building a System

Reduction of development cycle

Joint development with IBM Japan Yamato Research Center

Full support in order to develop internal knowledge

#### Building a Marketing System



- Itemized data for 24 months (minimum)
- Mechanism for cleaning the data
- Delayed monthly data and real time data from the host
- MPS management
- Management flags for measures

#### Cautionary Issues in Building a Marketing System



- Understanding the membership structure
- Changing management



#### Cautionary issues in building a marketing system



#### Changing the management

Move away from management by average --to management by layers (by segments)--



#### Cautionary issues in building a marketing system



#### No profit is generated from DWH only

- Implementation of a measure: Host interface
- Building a use environment for end users

#### Campaign management



#### Customer filtering



#### Campaign registration

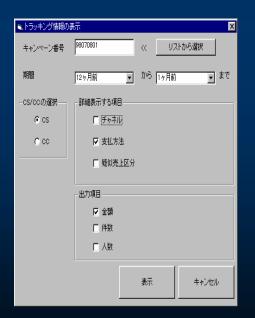


#### Cautionary issues in building a marketing system

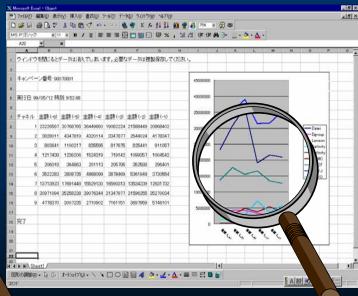


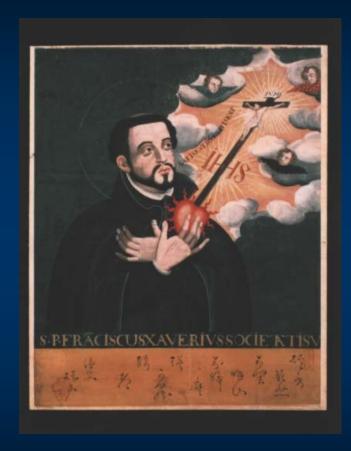
Understanding the actual effective rate (Difference between the targeted group and non-targeted group)

Evaluation of campaign effectiveness



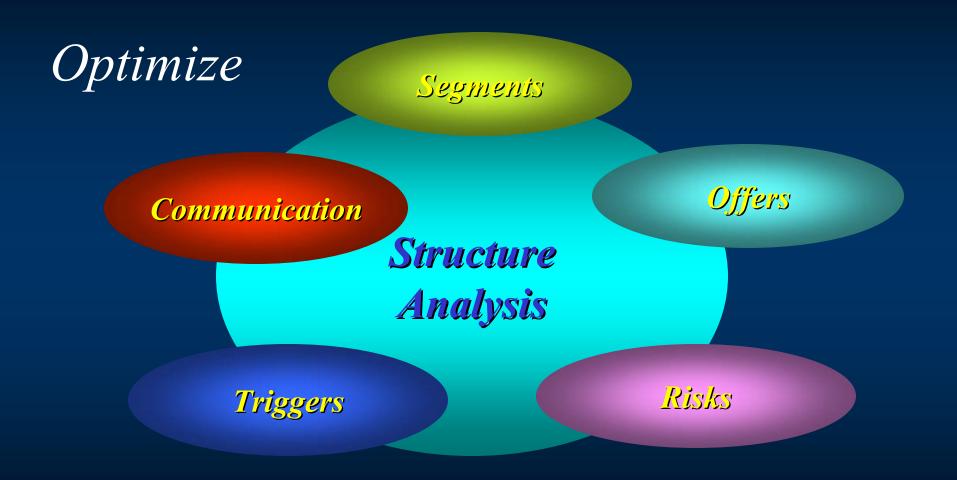






## DWH Utilization Examples

#### Key Points in DWH Utilization



#### Structure Analysis

Customer Rank Management (Decile Analysis)

	Amount					
	Used (in 1000)	No. of months used	Amount per use	CC use rate	Age	No. of years
Rank 10	912	10.8	85	13.2	43.0	5.9
9	421	9.4	45	12.8	42.1	5.5
8	273	8.0	34	12.0	42.0	5.3
7	188	6.9	27	11.2	42.1	5.2
6	132	5.9	22	10.4	42.3	5.2
5	92	4.9	19	9.4	42.4	5.0
4	62	4.1	15	8.7	42.5	5.0
3	40	3.3	12	7.9	42.8	5.0
2	22	2.6	9	7.4	43.0	5.1
1	8	1.9	4	7.0	42.5	4.9
sleep	-	-	-	-	46.3	<b>6.</b> 7

#### Structure Analysis

# Customer Rank Management(Decile Analysis)

Card shopping customer ranking (Transaction volume/share)

Best Customers

High Potential

Average Customer

Low Potential

dormant

62.0% 21.5% 10.4% 6.1%

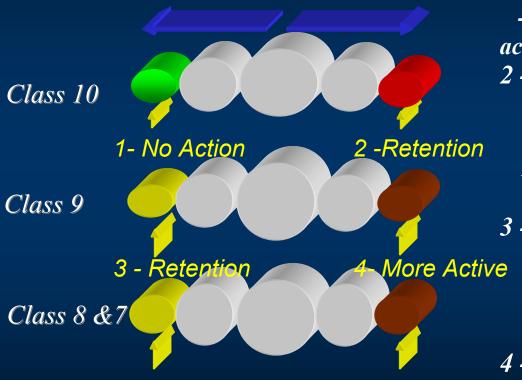
Composition 42.4% 19.6% 12.7% 8.8% 6.2% 4.2% 2.8% 1.9% 1.0 0.4% 0.0%

#### Optimize Offers

#### Optimize Triggers

Measure Development Targets

3 - Retention

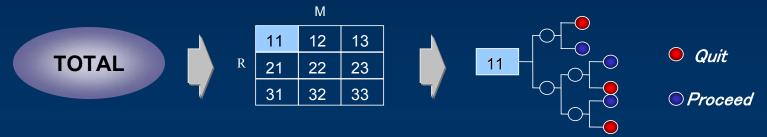


- 1 Discover a segment with no cost needed
- will continue to use without any actions
- 2 Retention Measure 1
  Segments from utilization history
  Utilization channels, campaign
  participation history, changes in
  attributes or usage, etc.
- 3 Retention Measure 2
  Segments from utilization history
  Specific card types, utilization
  channels, changes in attributes, etc.
- 4 More Active Measures
  4- More Active Segments from utilization history
  Utilization channels, number of
  months used, etc.

Optimize Offers Optimize Triggers

#### **Actual Application of RFM Matrix and Hypothetical Segments**

1. Targeted marketing based on RFM matrix and Decision tree



2. Targeted marketing based on Hypothetical segment groups and Decision tree



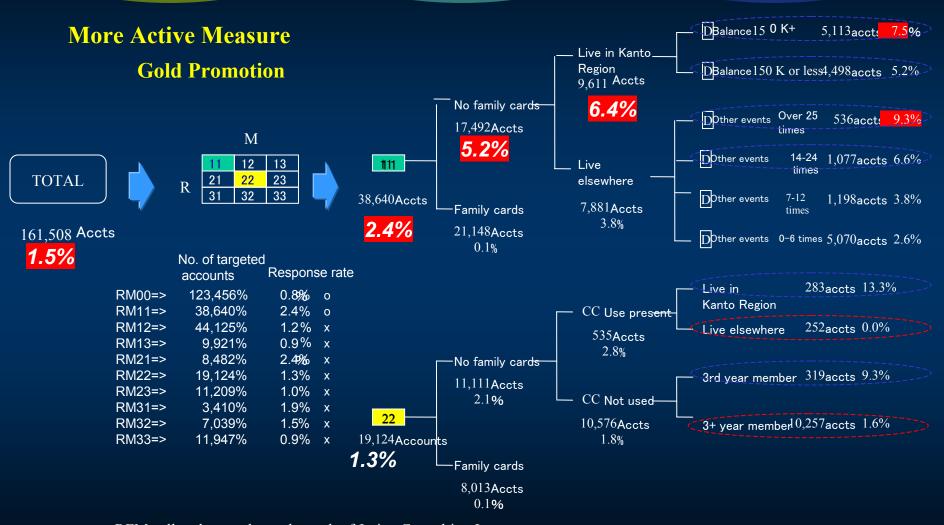
3. MX type targeted marketing based on RFM matrix and Hypothetical segment groups

\*RFM cell codes are the trade mark of Jerico Consulting Inc.

#### Optimize Segments

#### Optimize Offers

#### Optimize Triggers



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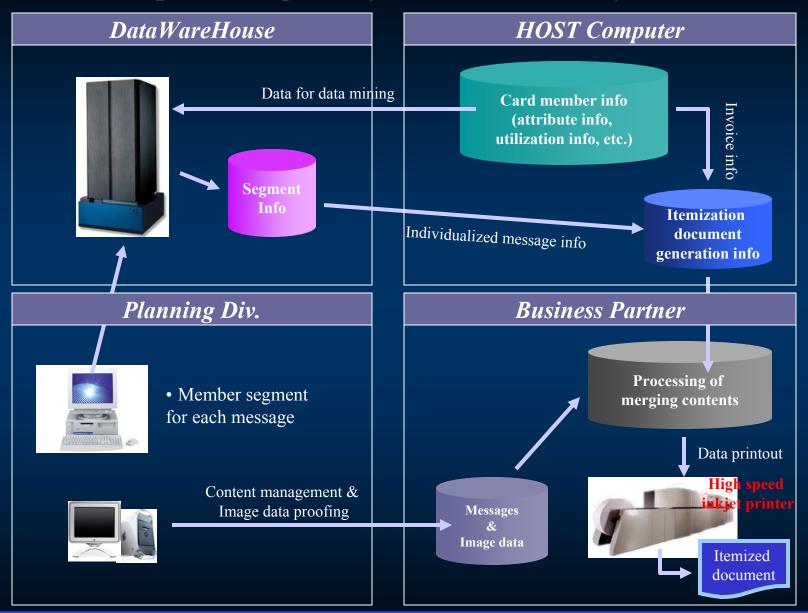
# Optimize Communication

#### Personalized Statement Messages

- Distribution of customer communication (delete unnecessary messages)
- Minimize the marketing cost
- High rate of opening the invoice
- High rate of visual recognition of the invoice

Itemized list of usage > Billing insert

#### Conceptual Figure of Personalized System



#### Optimize Risks

- The operation of card business is highly dependent on the profit from cashing. The profitability of new marketing for shopping is low and creates concerns for decreased operation efficiency.
- Structure of financing and credit risk is carried by good customers.
- From the absolute risk management to the relative risk management
- Appropriate risk management

#### Clover Concept

~1995 ~2000 2001 ~

Flat rate credit granted

Flat rate credit granted

∉xperience

Intuition

Absolute risk management

High-risk Low-risk

Risk (ASS, BSS, etc.)

Give appropriate credit based on the customer's credit

- (1) Sufficient credit to low-risk members
- (2) Control credit to high-risk members



Relative profit/loss management

Low-risk High-return

Low-risk Low-return

Return (Profit)

High-risk High-return

High-risk Low-return

Risk (ASS, BSS, etc.)

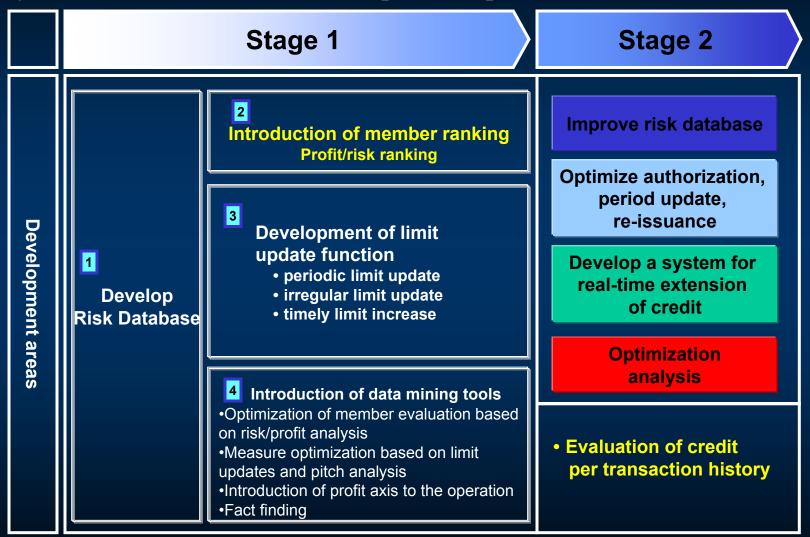
Give appropriate credit based on the customer's risk/profitability

- (1) Low-risk High-return
  - →Early extension of credit, substantial services
- (2) Low-risk Low-return
  - →Appropriate credit, reactivate
- (3) High-risk High-return
  - →Respond to operating strategy
- (4) High-risk Low-return

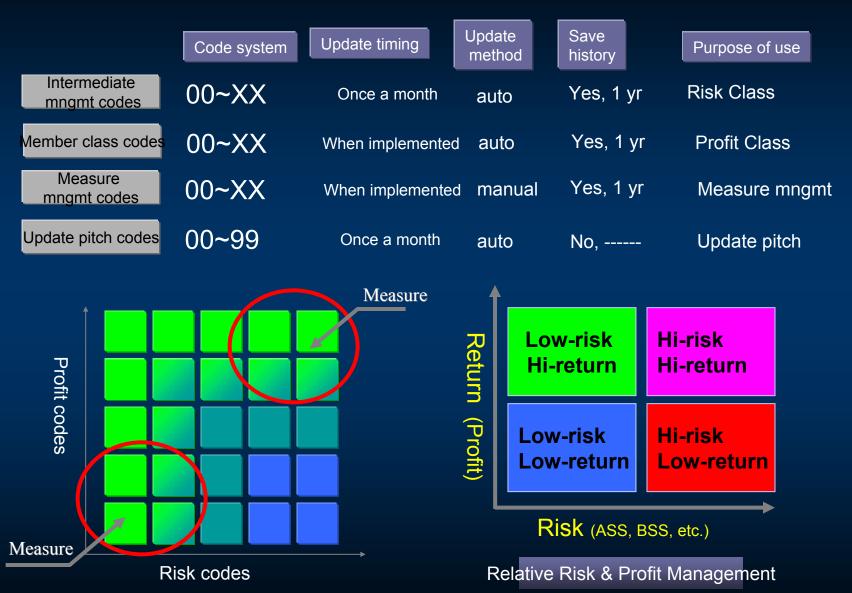
→Reduce credit, Remove credit line

#### Clover Risk DB Utilization Model

System Overview (Function development steps)

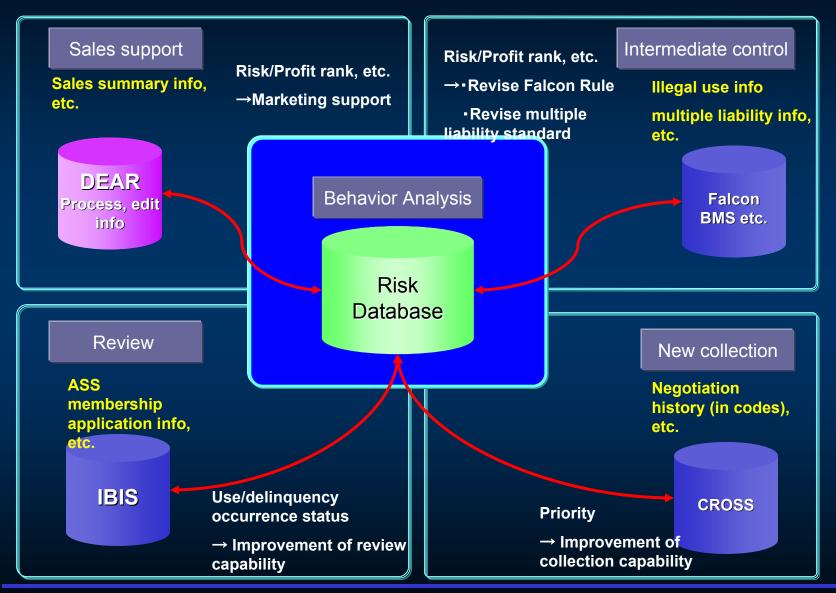


#### Details of Customer Management Flags



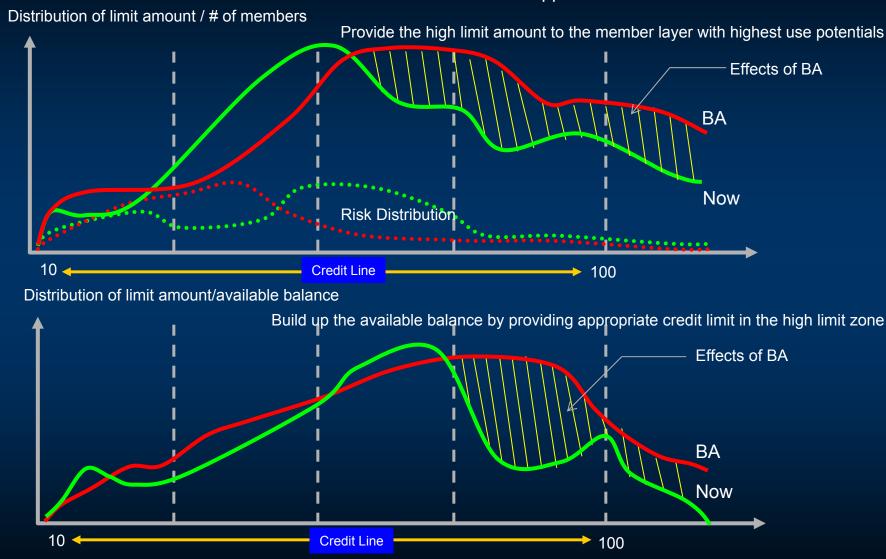
#### Risk Database Utilization Model

#### Organic/Interactive Use of Information

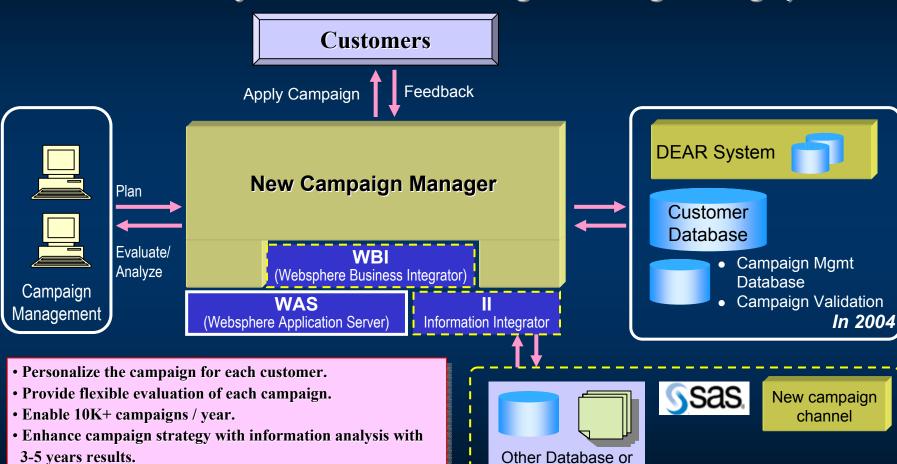


#### Optimization of Limit Amount

While maintaining the current risk occurrence rate, maximize the utilization and minimize the loss associated with the utilization opportunities.



# New Campaign Management System (Projected plan in collaboration with IBM currently in Phase I – engineering design)



• Enhance campaign channel and data source.

• Enable Web client for broader campaign management staffs.

logged information

**Future**