



Business Analytics **Forum**

The Premier Conference for Information and Analytics

24 → 14 ↑ 14 → 3 · 5 → 2010

Gold Coast Convention and Exhibition Centre Queensland, Australia

Macro Expressions

Philip Wittann
Business Analytics

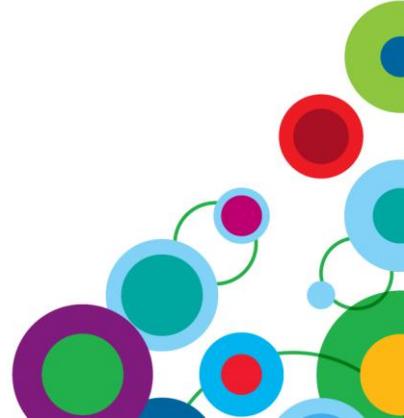


Why are macro expressions useful?

- Macros are processed before a query is generated
- Macros can perform value lookups
- Macros can act on user input values

What it means to you

- Simplified queries
- Enhanced dynamic reporting





Basic Macro Syntax

- A macro expression begins and ends with hash marks

#<expression elements>#

- Elements of a macro expression

- Session Parameters
- Parameter Maps
- Macro functions

- A macro expression can be used just about anywhere

- Data source query subject SQL
- Calculations
- Filters
- Data source connection properties





Elements of a macro expression

Session Parameters

- Values from an authentication source
- Constants defined in your Framework Manager model

Session Parameters

Use this page to override the current session parameters. These overrides will remain in effect until you close the project. You may also add your own parameters, which behave like session parameters but are stored in the project and always remain in effect.

Parameter	Value	Override Value
\$account.defaultName	Administrator	
\$account.personalInfo.userName	Administrator	
\$current_timestamp	2010-10-22 14:27:59.183+1...	
\$machine	WITTANN-1	
\$runLocale	en	
CustomParameter1	\$account.defaultName	
CustomParameter2	42	73

New Key Edit Delete Clear Override

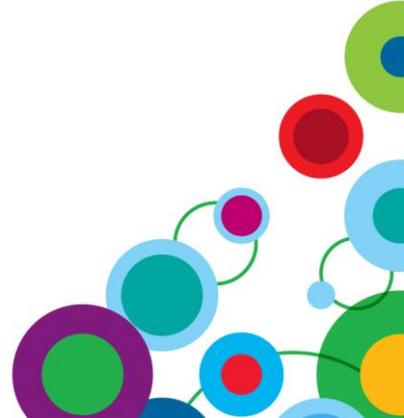
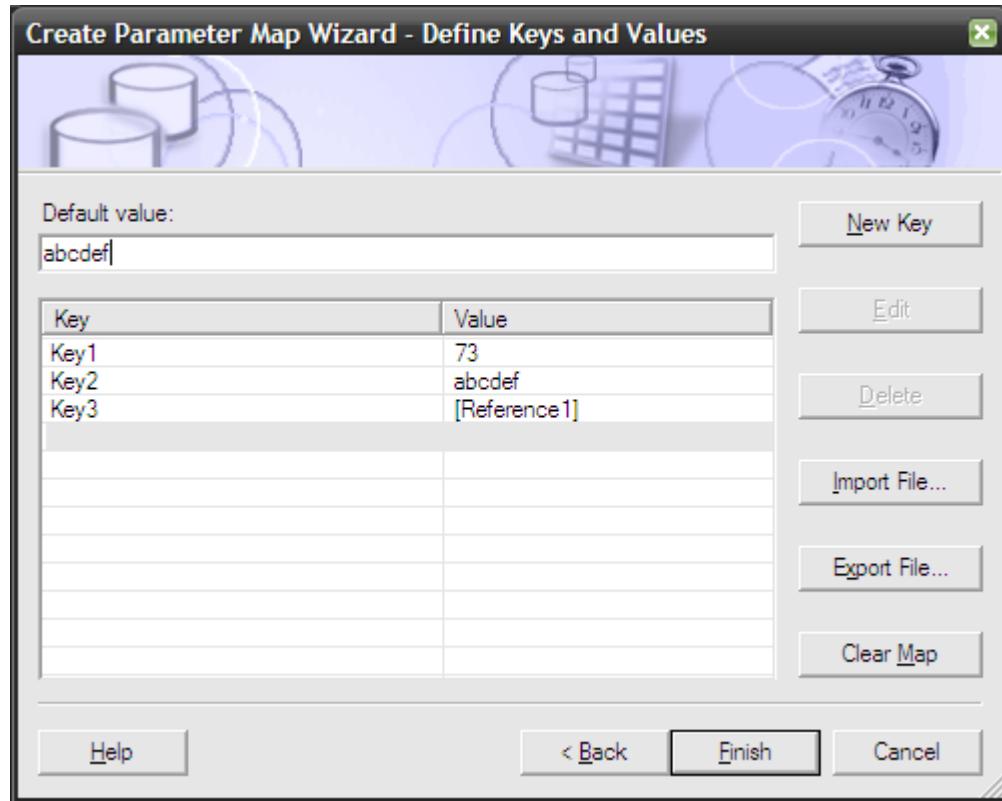
OK Cancel Help



Elements of a macro expression

Parameter Maps

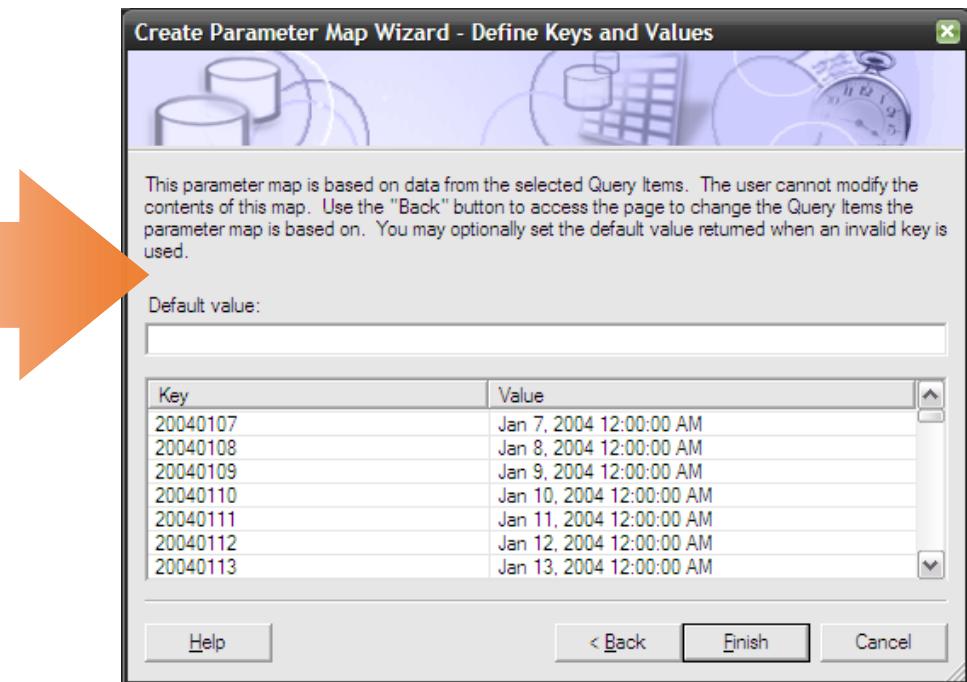
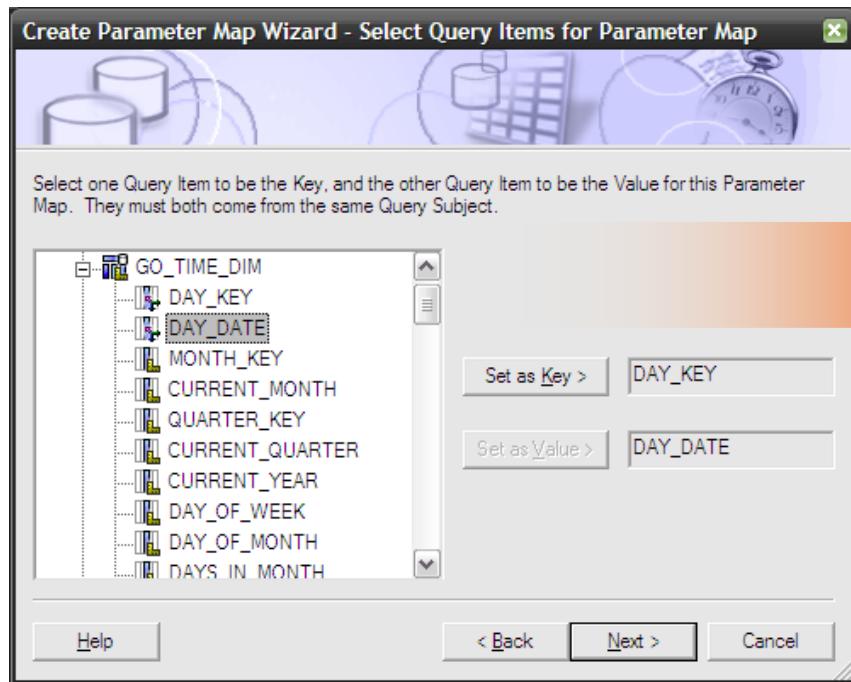
- Static list of keys and values
- Query-driven set of keys and values



Elements of a macro expression

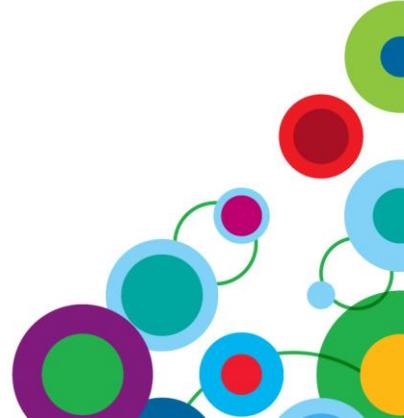
Parameter Maps

- Static list of keys and values
- **Query-driven set of keys and values**



Performing simple lookups

- Typically performed by a join to a lookup table
- Can be replaced by a parameter map lookup
 - Removes unnecessary tables joins
 - Preprocesses complex expressions to simplify filter predicates
 - Caches results for future use



Performing simple lookups

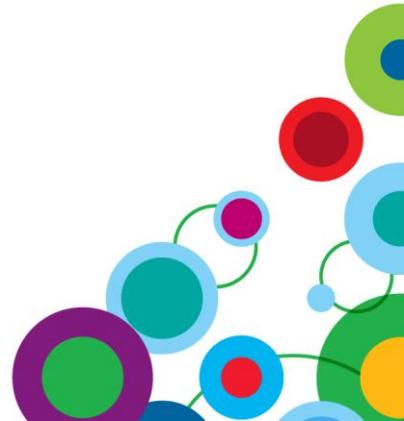
Demo





Macro functions

- Relatively small set of functions
- Powerful when used in combination
- Useful functions to remember
 - prompt, promptmany
 - join, split, csv, array
 - substitute
 - timestampMask





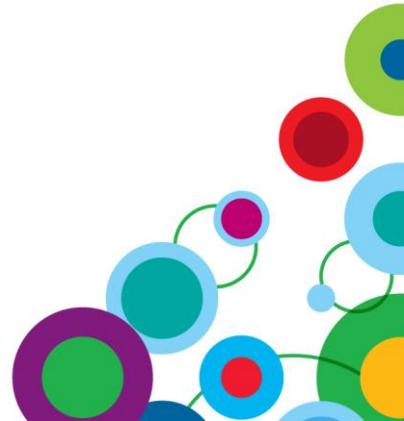
Macro functions

prompt, promptMany

prompt (prompt_name , datatype , defaultText , text , queryItem , trailing_text)

Simple prompting scenario:

- [Namespace].[Query Subject].[Query Item] = ?Parameter Name?
- [Namespace].[Query Subject].[Query Item] = #prompt('Parameter Name', 'integer', '0')#





Macro functions

prompt, promptMany

Dynamic data item selection scenario:

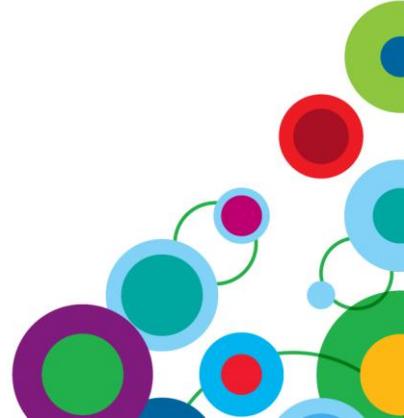
- #[Namespace].[Query Subject].[' + **prompt('Parameter Name', 'token', 'Query Item Name')** + ']'#
- [Namespace].[Query Subject].[Column A]
- [Namespace].[Query Subject].[Some other column name]





Macro functions

prompt, promptMany Demo

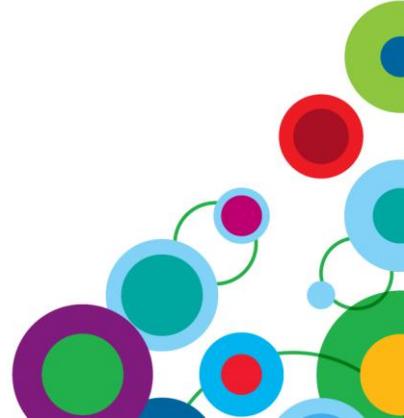


Why are macro expressions useful?

- Macros are processed before a query is generated
- Macros can perform value lookups
- Macros can act on user input values

What it means to you

- Simplified queries
- Enhanced dynamic reporting





WIN an Apple® iPad

Please remember to complete your session evaluation online at the Communication Station or point your Smart Phone browser to:

www.spss.com/goldcoast



For a chance to win an Apple® iPad

