



## IBM INFORMATION INTEGRATION & GOVERNANCE SYMPOSIUM 2012

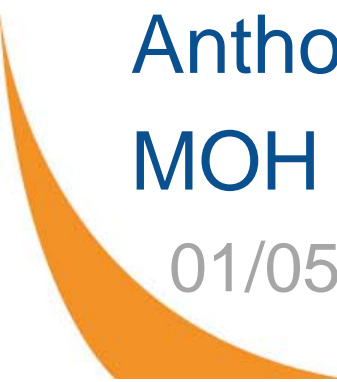
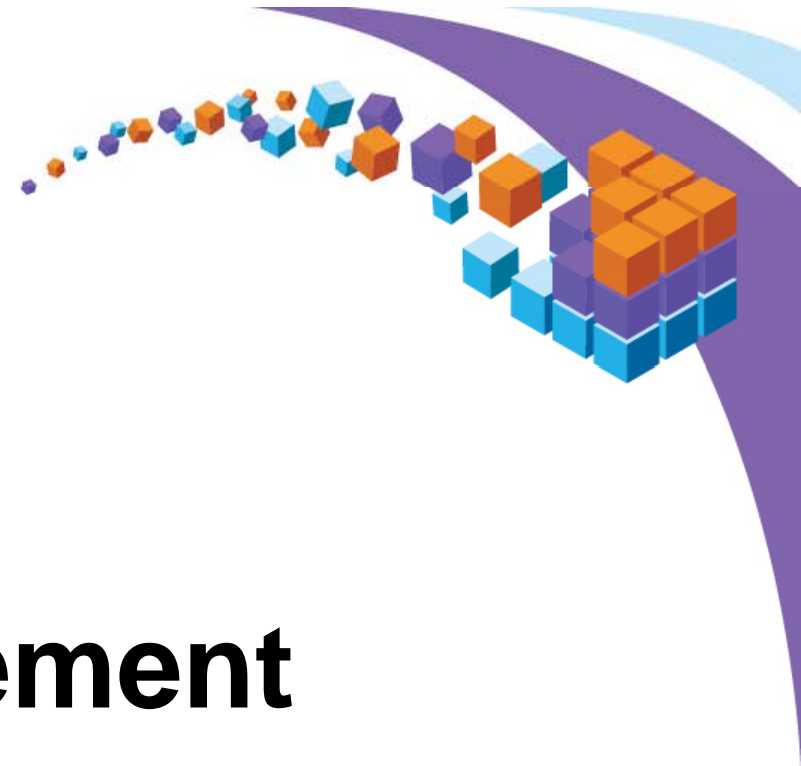
*Delivering Trusted Information for Smarter Business Decisions*

# Patient Identity Management in Singapore

Anthony O'Neill – Lead Architect

MOH Holdings Pty Ltd

01/05/2012



# Singapore success factors



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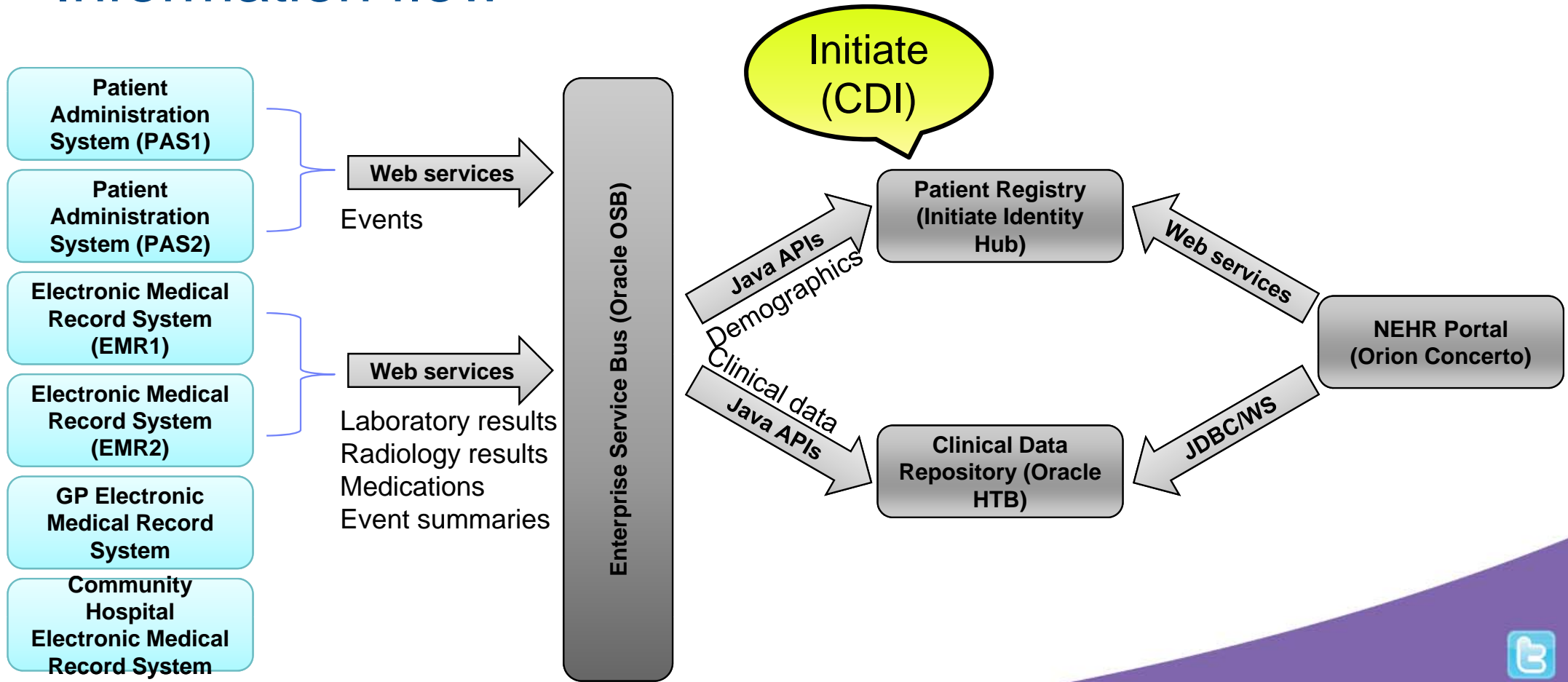


# Singapore success factors

- Tiny
- Densely populated
- Highly urbanised
- Tech savvy
- Stable, single-tier government
- Foreign expertise
- Opt out



# Information flow



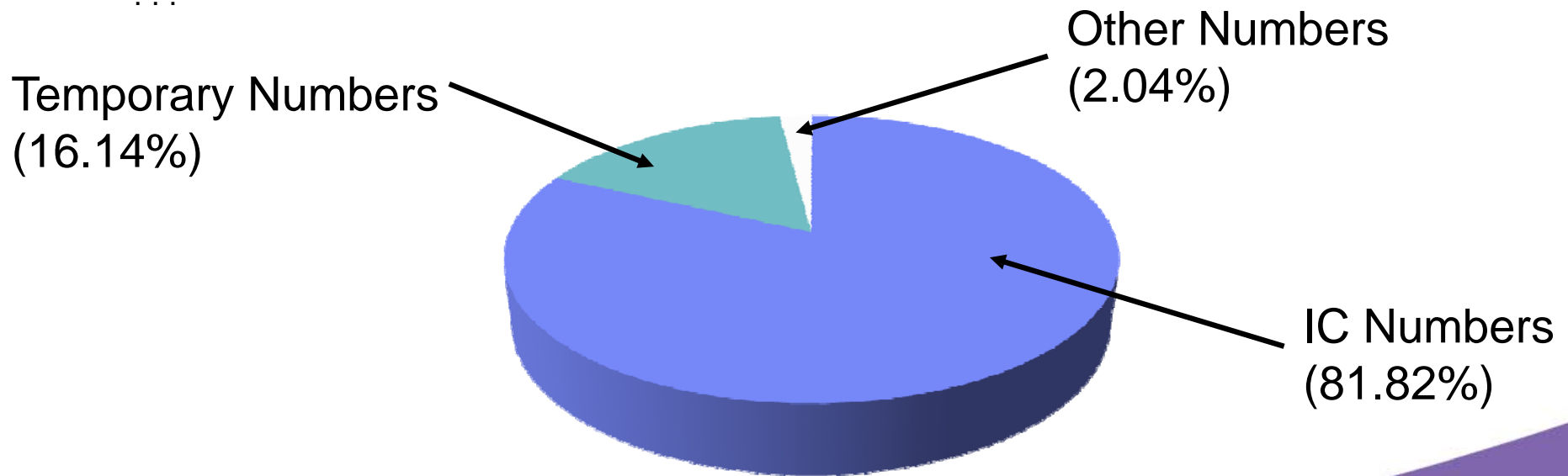
# Singapore context

- All Singapore residents must be registered with the National Registry
  - 3,230,700 Citizens
  - 541,000 Permanent Residents
  - 1,305,000 Foreign Residents
  - 5,076,700 Total (2010 population census)
- All residents are issued with an Identity Card (IC)
  - card has unique identifier with check digit, plus portrait photo, plus thumbprint...
- Process is formal
  - pre-application followed by interview with proof of identity
- Penalties apply for:
  - failing to register within the prescribed period
  - failing to notify address changes within 28 days
  - providing false or misleading information
  - possessing a forged identity card or another person's identity card
- Healthcare institutions use IC number to identify patients




# IC number penetration in healthcare records

- Almost 20% of all patient records do not have a valid IC number
  - Don't have an IC number (e.g. tourists)
  - Left IC at home
  - ???




# IC number penetration in healthcare records

- Records using IC number as MRN are duplicated within sources
  - IC number associated with primary key is not equal to primary key (foreign key without unique constraint)
  - Dependency on external system (tight coupling)

| PAS Database  |           |      |
|---|-----------|------|
| Primary Key  | MRN       | Name |
| 90014578  | S0475288Z | Lee  |
| 90023629  | S1996256H | Tom  |
| 90039954  | T0019879J | Mary |
| 90041727  | G6092662Y | Sue  |
| 90057321  | S1996256H | Tom  |

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Which record?




# IC number penetration in healthcare records

- Different patients share the same IC
  - ???

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Select from EHR where:

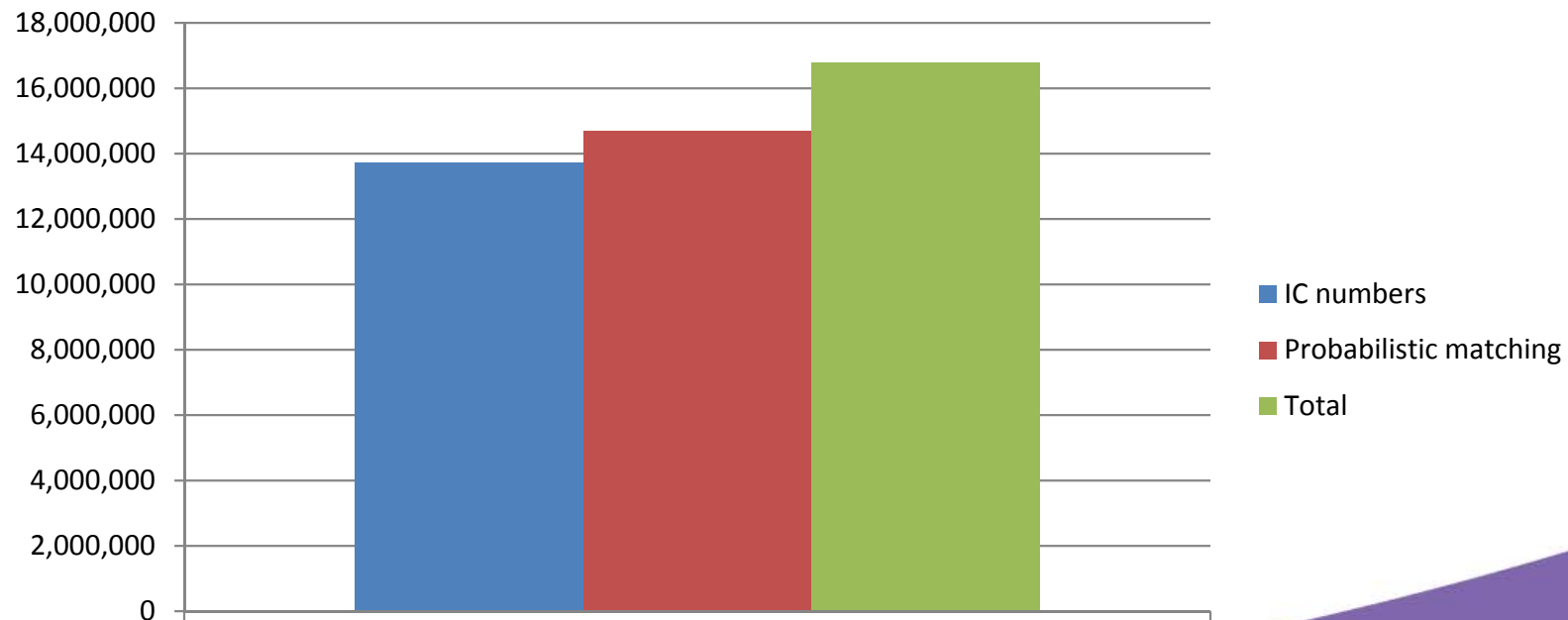
Source System = EMR and MRN = S1996256H



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# Benefits of NHIS

- 16.8 million records representing 6.3 million patients (30 April 2011)
  - Links possible using IC number – 13.7 million
  - Links made by NHIS – 14.7 million



# Challenges

- 1 million *Potential Duplicate* tasks
  - At \$100 per merge = \$100 million dollars
  - At 60 minutes per merge = 480 years (1 person, 40 hours per week, no holidays)
  - Clinical risk - until resolved, patient record may be incomplete
- 1.5 million *Potential Linkage* tasks
  - Resolved only through improvement in data quality in terms of accuracy, completeness and currency
  - Clinical risk - until resolved, patient record may be incomplete
- 100 thousand *Review Identifier* tasks
  - High clinical risk – until resolved, patient record may include clinical data from multiple patients



# Possible approaches to improve linking

1. Standardise information models
  - e.g. AS4590 – Interchange of Client Information
2. MDM for CDI



# Standard information models – a physical tactic

| Name                |
|---------------------|
| Surname             |
| First given name    |
| Second given name   |
| Other given name(s) |

| Name          |
|---------------|
| Last name     |
| First name    |
| Other name(s) |

| Name          |
|---------------|
| Surname       |
| Given name(s) |

| Address       |
|---------------|
| Unit number   |
| Floor number  |
| Street number |
| Street name   |
| Suburb        |
| Post code     |

| Address       |
|---------------|
| Street number |
| Street name   |
| Street type   |
| Suburb        |
| Zip           |

| Address   |
|-----------|
| Line 1    |
| Line 2    |
| Suburb    |
| Post code |

# Why standard approach can't succeed

- Standard needs to be more granular than typical information models
  - Physical issues - less granular can understand more granular. Reverse not always true.
  - Data issues – neither direction is always true (e.g. Chinese v Western names).

| Name                         |
|------------------------------|
| Surname = Lee                |
| First given name = Ching Mee |
| Other given name(s) = Bruce  |

| Name                       |
|----------------------------|
| Name = Bruce Lee Ching Mee |

| Name                   |
|------------------------|
| Name = Anthony O'Neill |

- Historical data issues are not addressed
- Most healthcare system acquisitions are COTS products from *international* vendors
  - Compliance with national standards is improbable
- Other issues that prevent linking are not addressed
  - accuracy, completeness and currency of data
  - variation in processes for collecting data



# MDM

- Recognises heterogeneity as a reality
  - Information models are different
  - Business processes are different
- Yields better results than identifier-based linking out of the box
  - 1 million more links in Singapore (87.5% v 81.6%)
- Provides tools to identify and manage data quality issues
  - Potential duplicates
  - Potential linkages
  - Potential overlays
  - Review identifiers
- Can facilitate access to authoritative sources of data at point of registration
  - IC number against IC database
  - Demographics belong to IC number
  - Address is valid



## Lots of work to do

- Address existing data quality issues
  - Effort needs to be linked to clinical imperative
- Prevent new issues
  - Impacts existing processes and system capabilities
- The next area of focus in Singapore
  - Going beyond identity validation – how to prove the identity belongs to the patient?



# Summary

1. Unique patient identifier efforts do not solve the identification challenge
  - *If it can't be done in Singapore, it can't be done anywhere*
2. MDM tools improve identification, but considerable effort remains
  - *Resolve known data quality issues*
  - *Prevent the creation of new data quality issues:*
    - *Improve identification at the point of registration*
    - *leverage authoritative sources to validate patient demographic information*
  - *Maintain data currency*
3. A proxy for a primary key is not the same as a primary key
  - *Referential integrity works within RDBMS, not across RDBMS*
  - *Australia's UHI will not be the primary key in most, if not all databases*
4. Use Web services, not health-specific messaging (e.g. HL7)
  - *Enables access to authoritative sources, especially those outside healthcare*







# Questions?



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Thank you





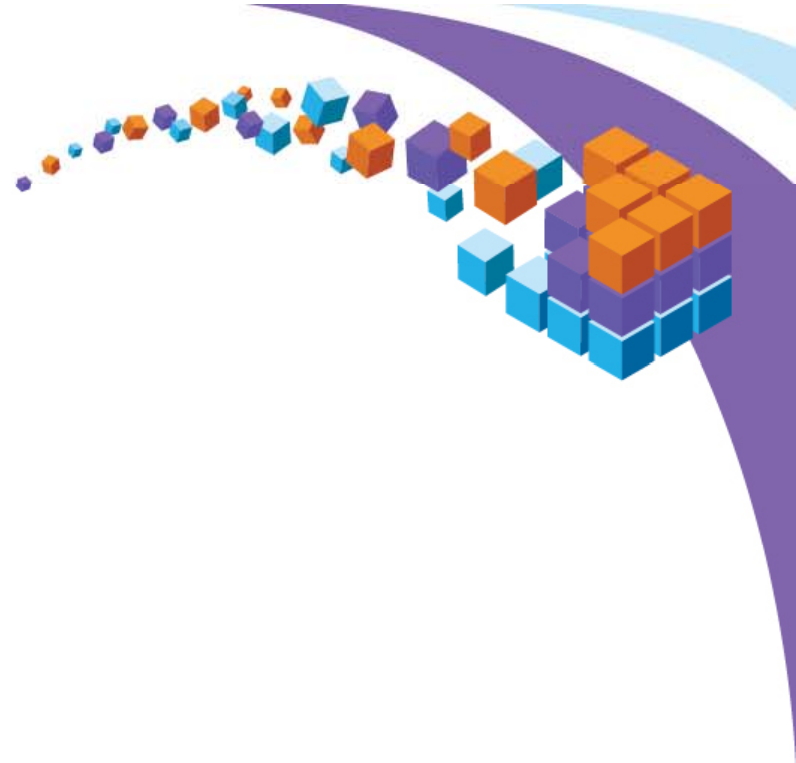
## **IBM INFORMATION INTEGRATION & GOVERNANCE SYMPOSIUM 2012**

*Delivering Trusted Information for Smarter Business Decisions*

# **IBM Data Management**

**Sven Hansen – Sales Lead, Data  
Management.**

01/05/2012





# The Business Value of DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows



- ✓ **Lower administration requirements than other DBMSs**
  - Means less DBA resources for day-to-day activities
- ✓ **Better performance per core than other DBMSs**
  - Means less cores required for the same work
- ✓ **Better compression than other DBMSs**
  - Means less storage and improved performance
- ✓ **Better availability & Scalability than other DBMSs**
  - Means less down time, no loss of goodwill/opportunity
- ✓ **Better workload management than other DBMSs**
  - Means precise control of applications to ensure service level agreements and performance goals are delivered
- ✓ **Better development - Supports PL/SQL and T-SQL with little to no change**
  - If you want consolidate Oracle and/or Sybase applications, you can do that on DB2 with little or no change



## Lowest TCO

*Unparalleled Automation  
Deep Compression  
Lightning Fast*

## Simple to Use

*Flexible Development  
Industry leading XML support  
Self-Managing*

## Most Reliable

*World class audit & security  
Easy High Availability  
Workload Management*





## The Business Value of Informix Dynamic Server (IDS)



- ✓ **Reliable:** Provides one of the industry's widest sets of options for keeping data available at all times, including zero downtime for maintenance.
- ✓ **Low Cost:** Cuts development costs by nearly eliminating up-front licensing costs typically incurred during the development phase
- ✓ **Hassle Free:** Runs virtually unattended with self-configuring, self-managing and self-healing capabilities
- ✓ **Best-of-Breed Embeddability:** Provides a proven embedded data management platform for ISVs and OEMs to deliver integrated, world-class solutions, enabling platform independence.

Database

Warehouse

Analytics

Development



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## IBM solidDB: An In-Memory Relational DBMS



- ✓ **Extreme Speed:** Designed to achieve tens-to-hundreds of thousands of transactions per second. Keeps data in main memory at all times.
- ✓ **Extreme Availability:** Supports 99.9999% high availability. Provides instant application failover and transparency to users.
- ✓ **Low Cost:** Ability to run virtually unattended. Sustains high-throughput workloads with less hardware than disk-based databases.
- ✓ **Data Caching:** Accelerate access to enterprise on-disk databases. DB2 LUW/I/Z, Informix, Oracle, SQL Server, Sybase.

**Extreme  
Speed**

**Extreme  
Availability**

**Low Cost**

**Database  
Caching**





## IBM DB2 Delivers Price Performance Over Oracle



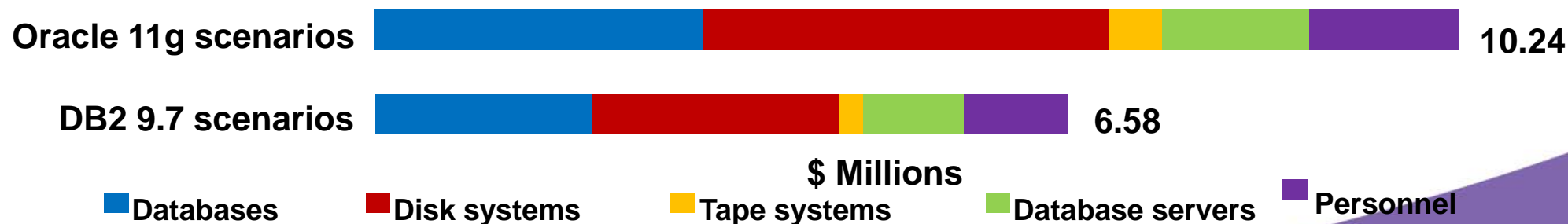
### DB2 has lower staffing costs

- DB2 needs **43%** Less Staff on Power than Oracle Database – Solitaire Study
- 25% to 35%** more DBA time is required for Oracle than for DB2 9 environments – ITG Report

### DB2 has better performance

- 38%** better price/performance: DB2 pureScale on Power 780 vs. Oracle RAC on Nehalem
- Supports **3.3 times** more users on an SAP benchmark than Oracle running on Sun

### ITG Report - 3-year costs for DB2 and Oracle Database\*\*\*



\* Source: Oracle technology global price list. Based on comparison of US Prices of single processor core, equivalent of 100 PVU's.

\*\* Source: IBM internal tests. Configuration detail: IBM WebSphere Application Server 7 - 1 JVM, AIX TL4, 64 bit, 16 threads. Competitive Application Server - 1 JVM, Windows 64 bit, 16 threads

\*\*\* Source: ITG whitepaper: VALUE PROPOSITION FOR IBM DB2 9.7: Cost Savings Potential Compared to Oracle Database 11g



# Endorsements from Organisations Including....



## Introducing....

### **Randall Ibbott, Technical Lead Database Administrator**

- Been working for QBE for 24 years
- Started at QBE as Computer Operations
- Moved into Production Support
- Now the Senior Database Manager for DB2.
- Started using DB2 on System z (Mainframe) in 1993.
- Working with DB2 LUW for the last 10 years.
- QBE chose DB2 because of there fantastic experience with using it on the Sys z.





## **IBM INFORMATION INTEGRATION & GOVERNANCE SYMPOSIUM 2012**

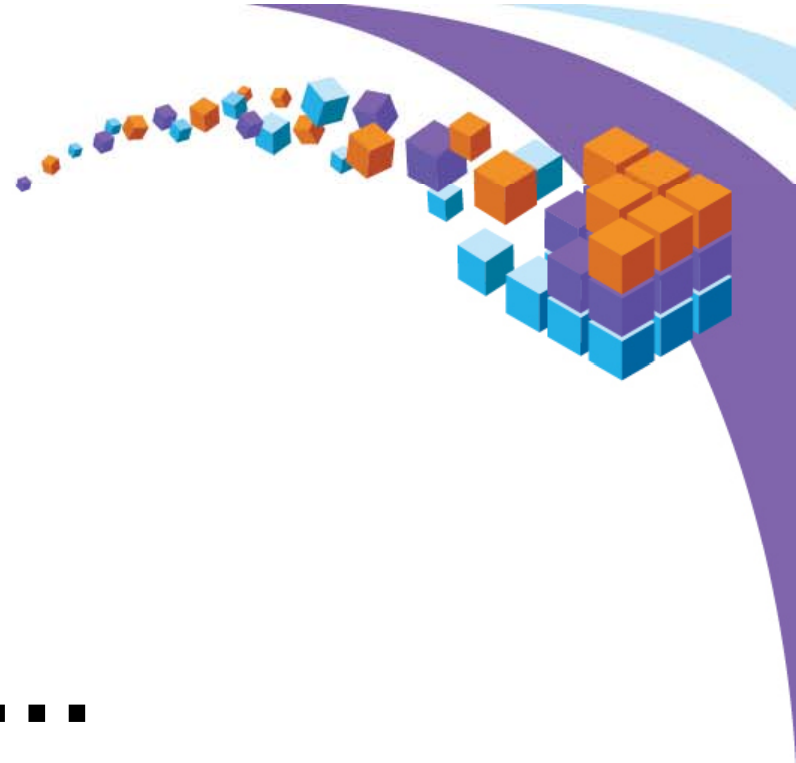
*Delivering Trusted Information for Smarter Business Decisions*

# **Moving With the Times...**

## **Database Technology in Action**

**Randall Ibbott – Lead Technical Consultant**

05/01/2012



## Disclaimer...

This presentation describes QBE's experience from a technical perspective only and does not necessarily reflect QBE's official position with regard to any operational or management decisions.



# Two Important Principles

- “Horses for Courses” - Appropriate Use of Technology
- “Bang for Bucks” - Cost Effective Use of Technology
- DB2 Ticks Both Boxes...



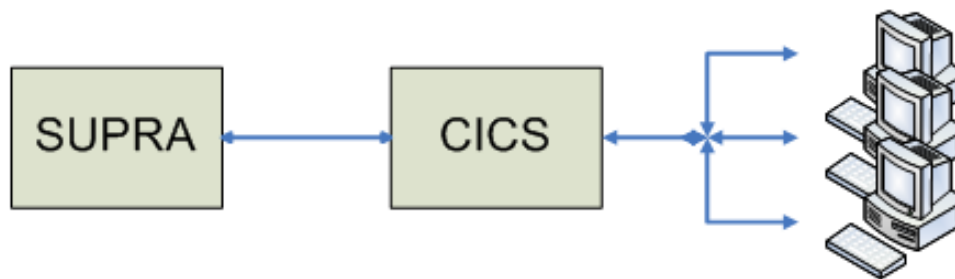
QBE





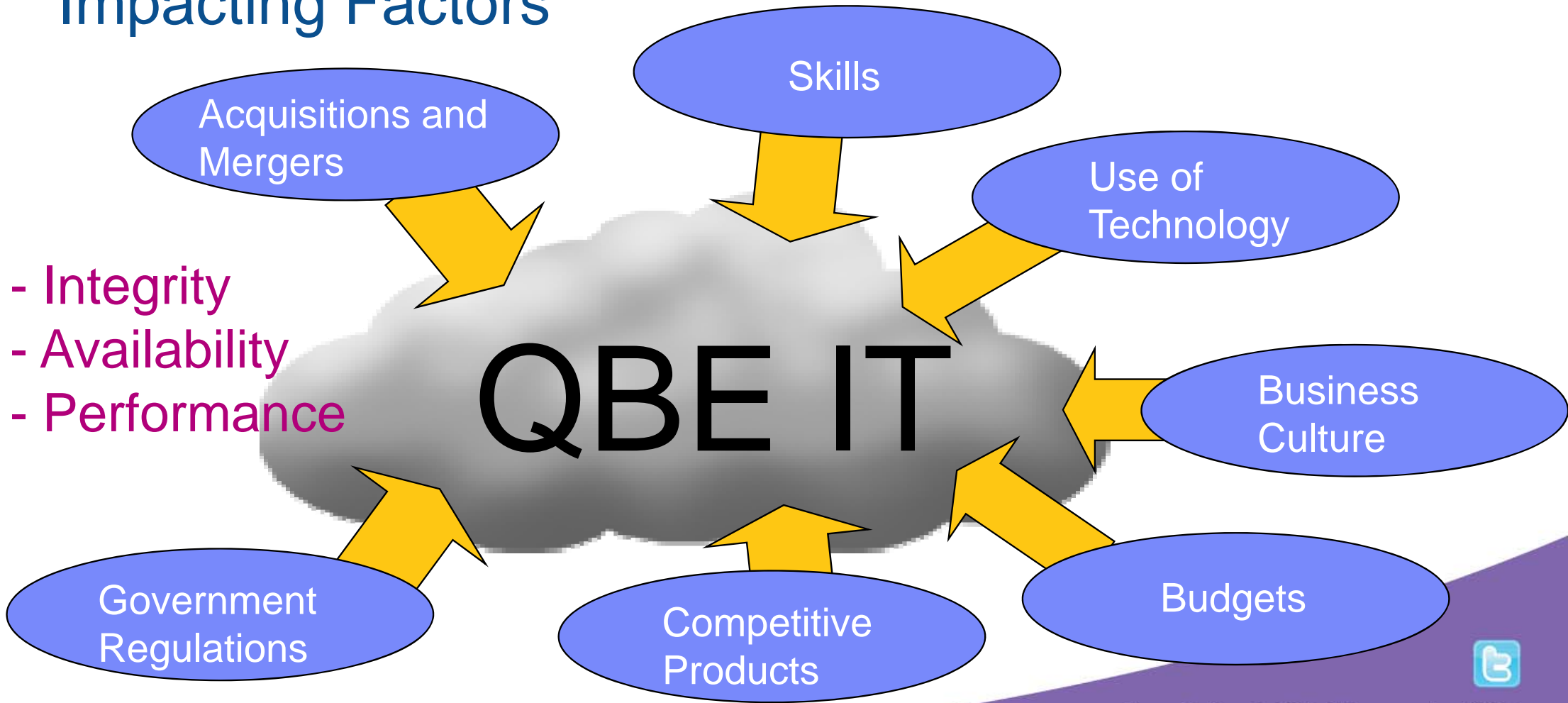
# Historical Overview - Life was Simple

- MVS/SP
- Supra Network Database Engine
- CICS
- Green Screen
- SLA 8:00 – 20:00. Monday to Friday



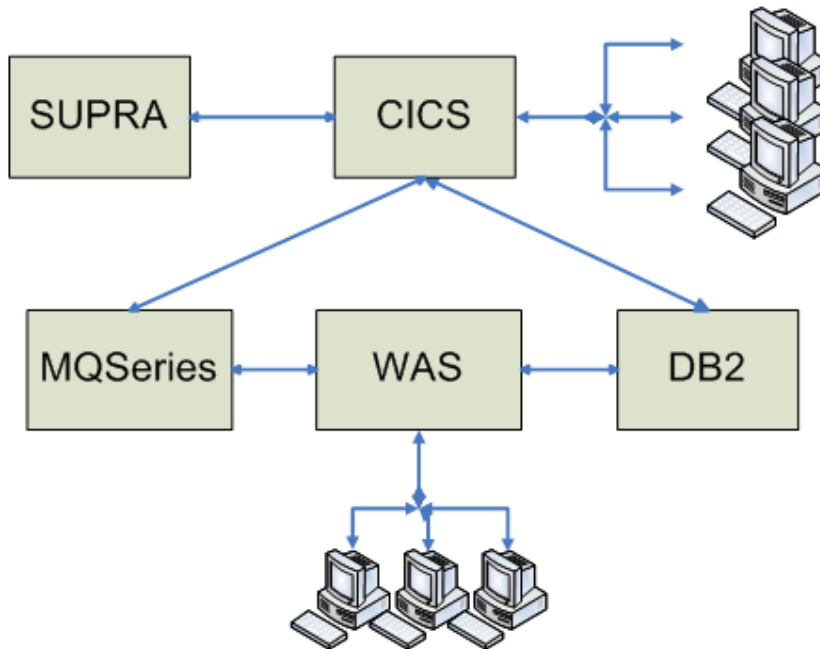


# Impacting Factors



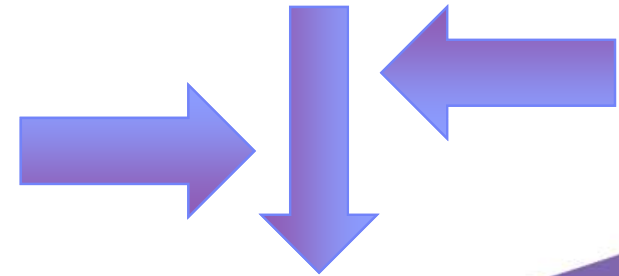
# First Steps Engaging DB2 Technology

- Moving to the Web – c.change
- Changing Face of QBE’s User Interfaces
  - DB2 for Z/OS (Dynamic SQL)
  - CICS to MQ-Series to Legacy Applications



# OLTP Consolidation

- Multi-Faceted Business Processes
  - Leveraging Functionality from Diverse Components (Pega, OCS, Claims Centre, Dialogue, etc.)
  - DB2, Oracle, SQL Server, Legacy Applications - all need to communicate seamlessly to provide a business transaction
- MQ, Message Broker - Enterprise Services Bus (ESB)
- Migrating Functionality from Legacy Systems to DB2
- Warehouse Feeds from Multiple Disparate Applications



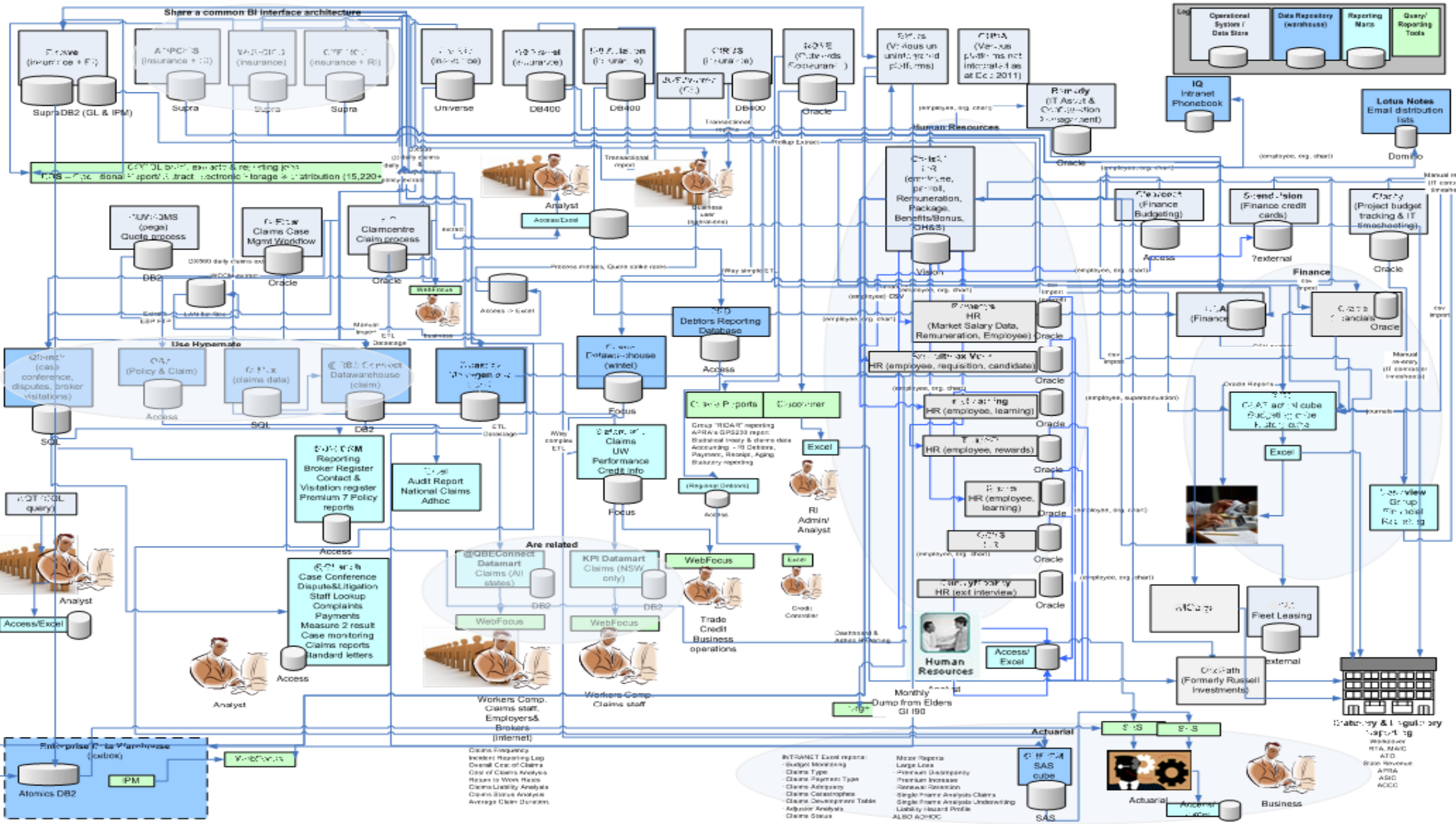


# Historical Overview – Now



- 20 Years Later...
  - System Z, i90, P770, EMC
  - Z/OS, AIX, Linux, i90, Windows Server
  - Supra, DB2 for Z/OS, DB2 for LUW, Oracle, SQL Server, DB400
  - MQSeries, WebSphere Application Server, Message Broker
  - DataStage
  - Pega Systems (Business Rules)
  - Guidewire Claimcentre
  - BMC Remedy





**Enterprise Reporting Framework (ERF)**

Atomics DB2 | PM

**ACTUARIAL**

SAS | SAS | SAS

Business

**Are related**

- QBE Connect Datamart Claims (All states)
- KPI Datamart Claims (NSW only)
- WebFocus
- WebFocus

**INTRACT** Load reports:

- Budget Monitoring
- Claims Type
- Claims Payment Type
- Claims Adequacy
- Claims Catastrophes
- Claims Development Tables
- Analyst Analysis
- Claims Status

Major Reports:

- Large Loss
- Premium Increase
- Service Reduction
- Single Name Analysis Claims
- Single Name Analysis Underwriting
- Liability Hazard Profile
- ALSO AWPAC

**Statutory & Regulatory Reporting**

- RTA, MARC
- ATO
- State Revenue
- APRA
- ASIO
- ACSC



# Delivering More with Less – DB2

- zSeries - DB2 for Z/OS
  - Large Binary Objects
  - XML
  - Compression
  - Enhanced SQL Functionality (MQT, Star Joins)
- pSeries - DB2 for LUW
  - Virtualised Power Processors (P6, P7 and Blade Centre)
  - HADR – High Availability
- xSeries – DB2 for LUW
  - Intel Processors (xSeries)
  - Data Partitioning Feature
  - Active/Active High Availability Cluster
- iSeries



### Development Blade

P7 Blade

8 CPUs (70pvu/cpu)

128 GB Memory

db2dev01 CPU=3

db2dev02 CPU=2

db2dev03 CPU=2

db2dev04 CPU=2

Other Lpars CPU=x

### Production Machine

P770

19 CPUs (120pvu/cpu)

380 GB Memory

#### DB2 Processor Pool

CPU=3

db2prd03 CPU=3

db2prd04 CPU=2

db2prd05 CPU=2

Other Lpars CPU=x

### Production Machine

P6-595

20 CPUs (120pvu/cpu)

380 GB Memory

#### DB2 Processor Pool

CPU=3

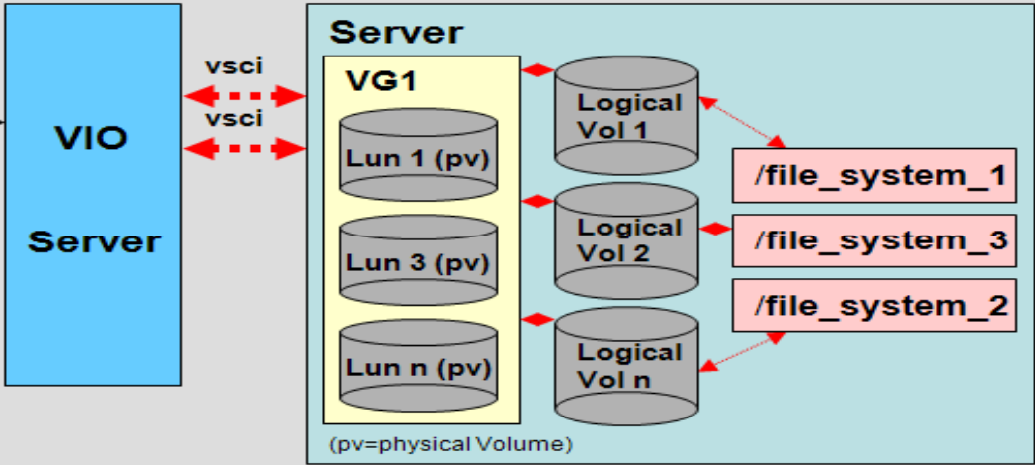
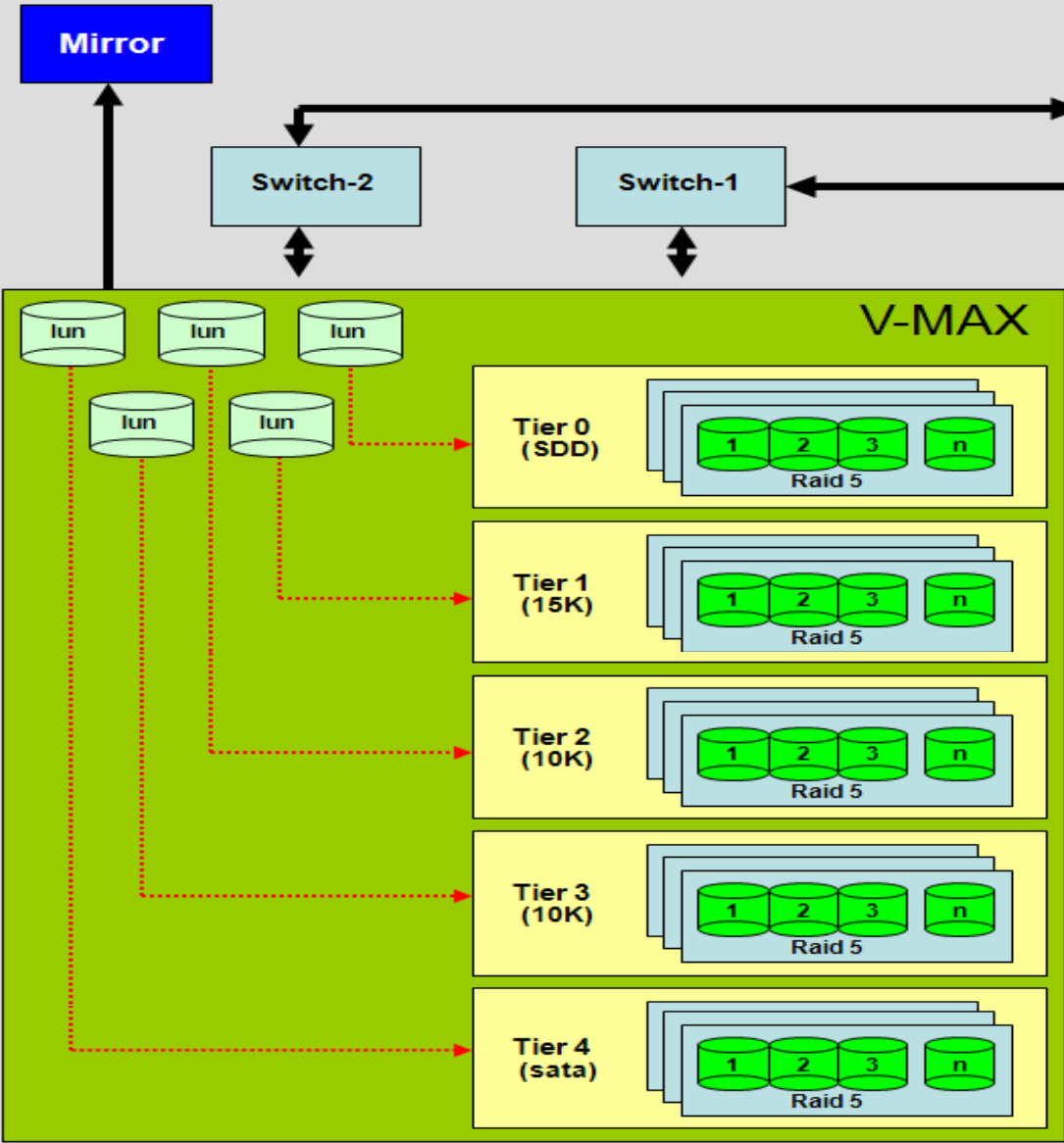
db2prd01 CPU=2

db2prd02 CPU=2



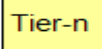


Other Lpars CPU=x



# QBE – V-MAX Storage Topology



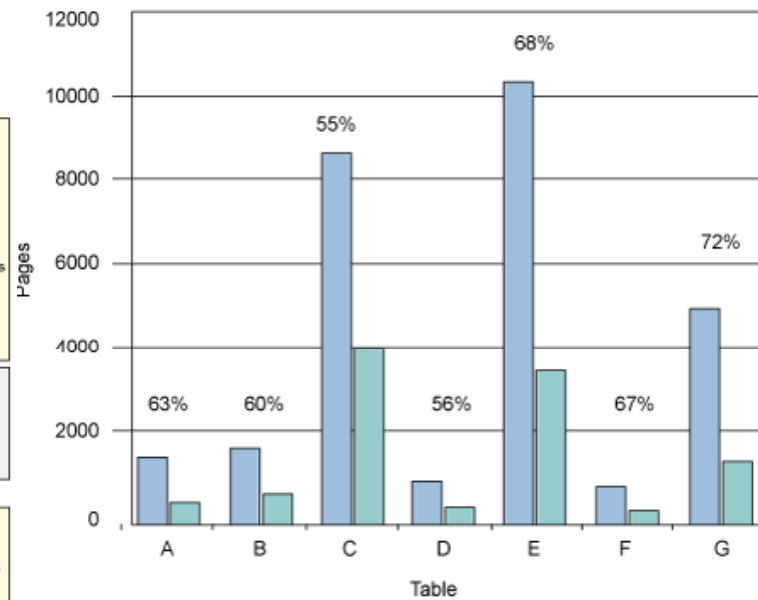
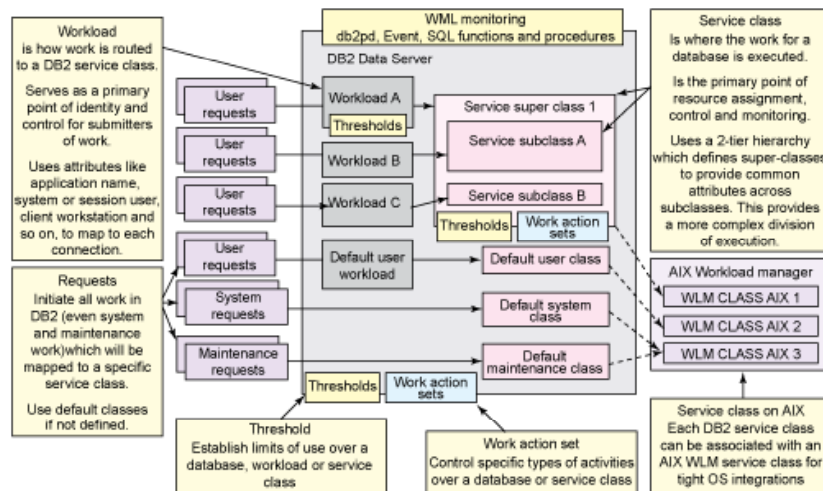
## Key:

-  - V-Max Luns
-  - Physical Disks
-  Tier-n - V-Max Tiers
-  - Virtual Connection
-  - Physical Connection



# OLTP Consolidation – Software Savings...

- Enterprise Software Agreement
  - Virtualisation of CPUs Allows Leveraging of Pricing
  - Enterprise Server Edition to Advanced Enterprise Server Edition
    - Workload Manager
    - Compression



# OLTP – Benefits

- Leveraged DB2 Product Licenses via AIX Virtualisation and Processor Pools
- DB2 Compression
  - Reduction of Disk Space
  - Reduction of Backup Times
  - Increased Transaction Throughput
  - More Effective Use of Memory
  - Reduction in Maintenance Window
- Utilising *WebSphere MQ* and *Message Broker* – Enabled Seamless Application Wide Connectivity
- Enables Business Interaction to Systems in a Cost Effective Manner



# Does it Work Well Enough?

## QBE wins brokers' award Number 10

19 September 2011

QBE has won the National Insurance Brokers Association (NIBA) General Insurer of the Year award for the 10th consecutive year.

The keenly contested award was made at the NIBA Convention opening ceremony in Sydney yesterday.



## QBE wins top insurer for 10th year in a row

The West Australian  
September 19, 2011, 7:28 am



QBE Insurance has been named top insurer by the National Insurance Brokers Association for a record 10th consecutive year.

The company was voted best general insurer by NIBA Qualified Practising Insurance Brokers.

NIBA president David Duffield said brokers were asked to nominate the general insurer they considered performed best overall on the 10 most important service and product factors.

"Only national insurers operating in the broker market were eligible for inclusion in the award," he said.

"The ratings were analysed independently with the winner being the general insurer which received the highest number of nominations.

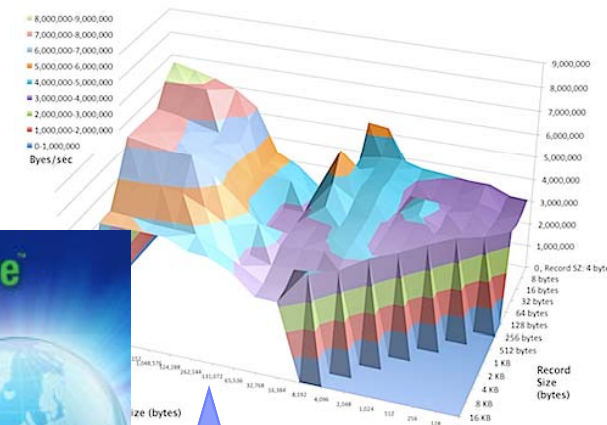
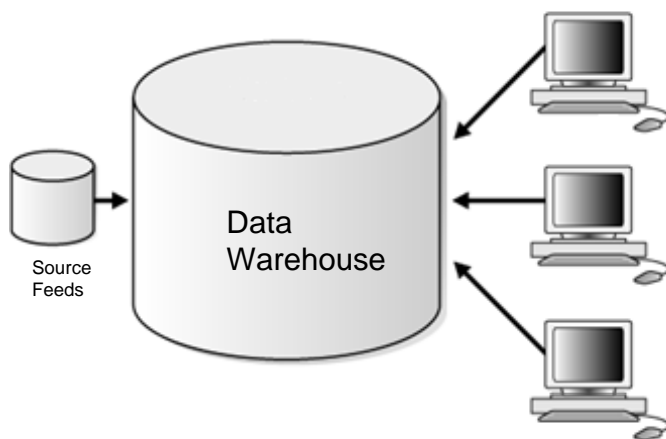
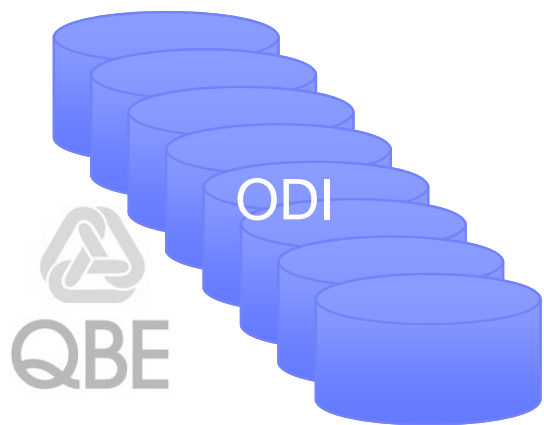
The West Australian © QBE wins top insurer for 10th year in a row



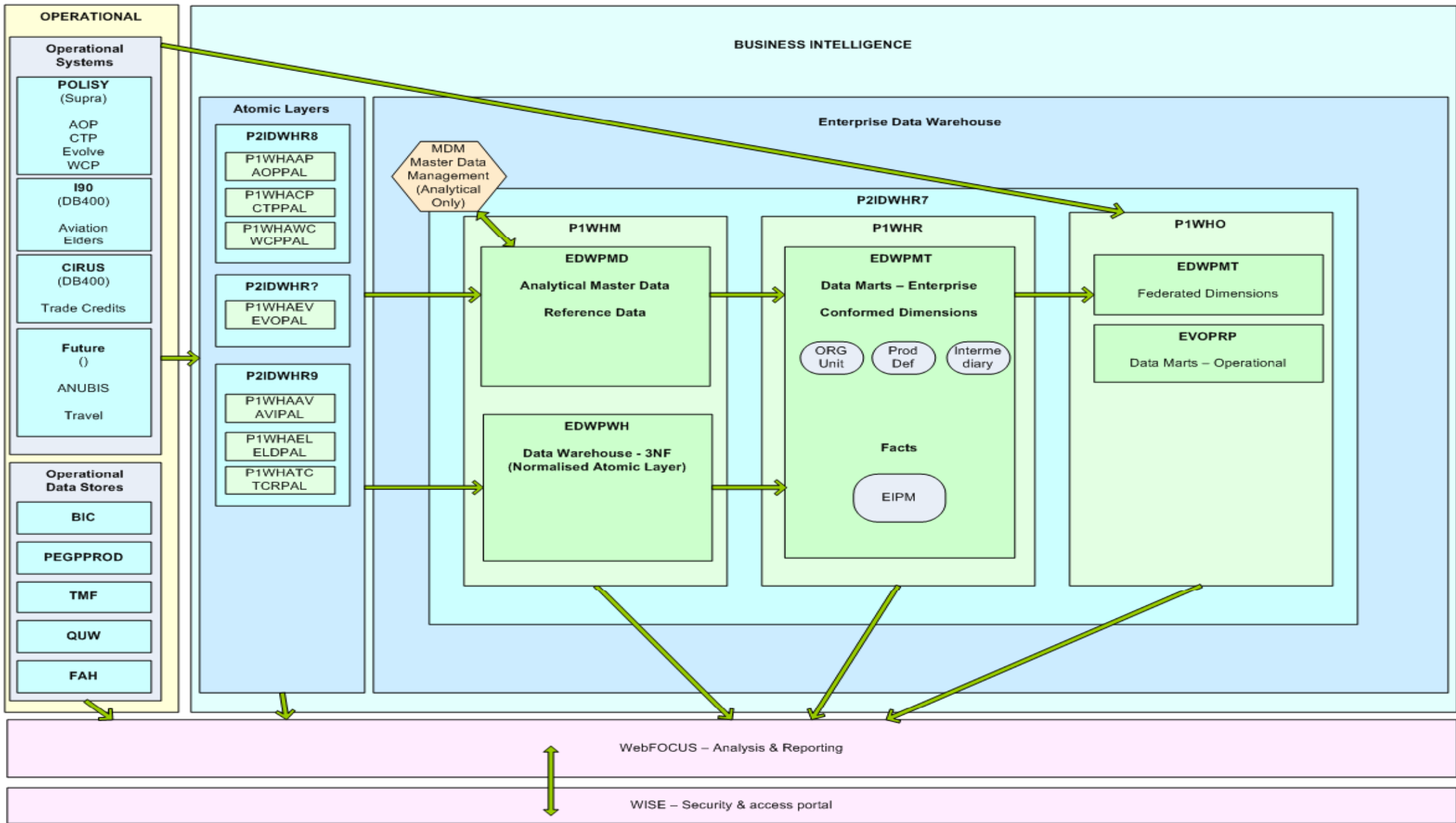
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# Warehouse Management with IBM

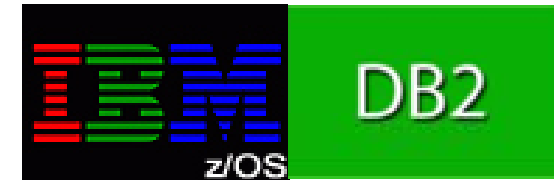


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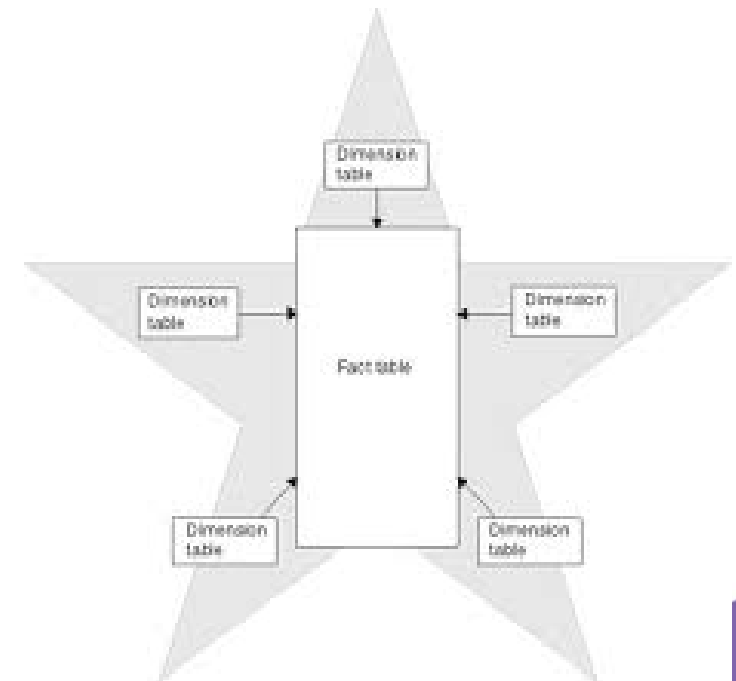
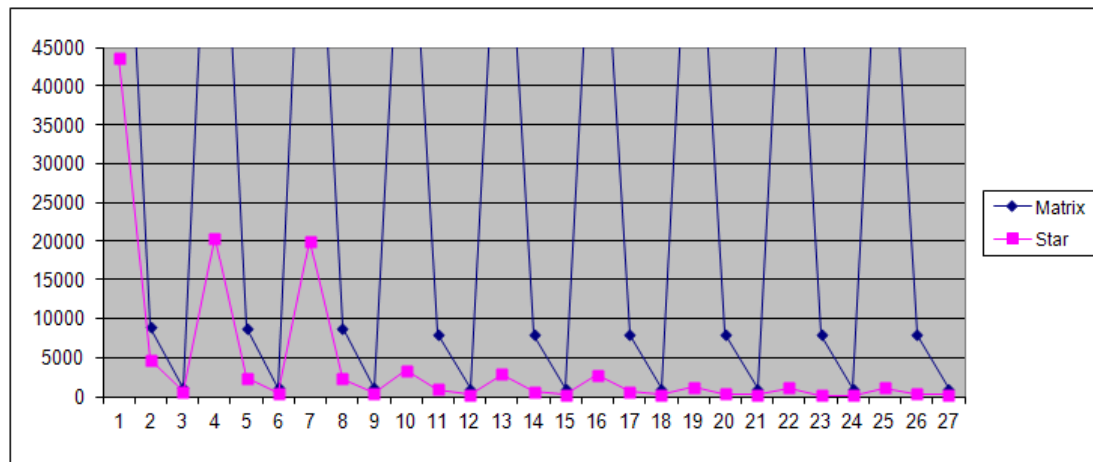
# Leveraging DB2 Technology – zSeries

- SUPRA General Ledger in OLTP
  - Actual & Budgeted Figures
  - Viewed by Location, Branch, Accounts and Class of Business
  - 25 GB Data
  - Batch Process 18 Hours to Run – Inflexible and not Dynamic
- DB2 Solution Objectives Were to:
  - Reduce Size of Database
  - Remove the “18 Hour” Batch Process
  - Allow Dynamic Structure Changes
  - OLTP Interface to be as Quick as SUPRA (pre calculated!)
  - A Reasonably Big Ask!!!

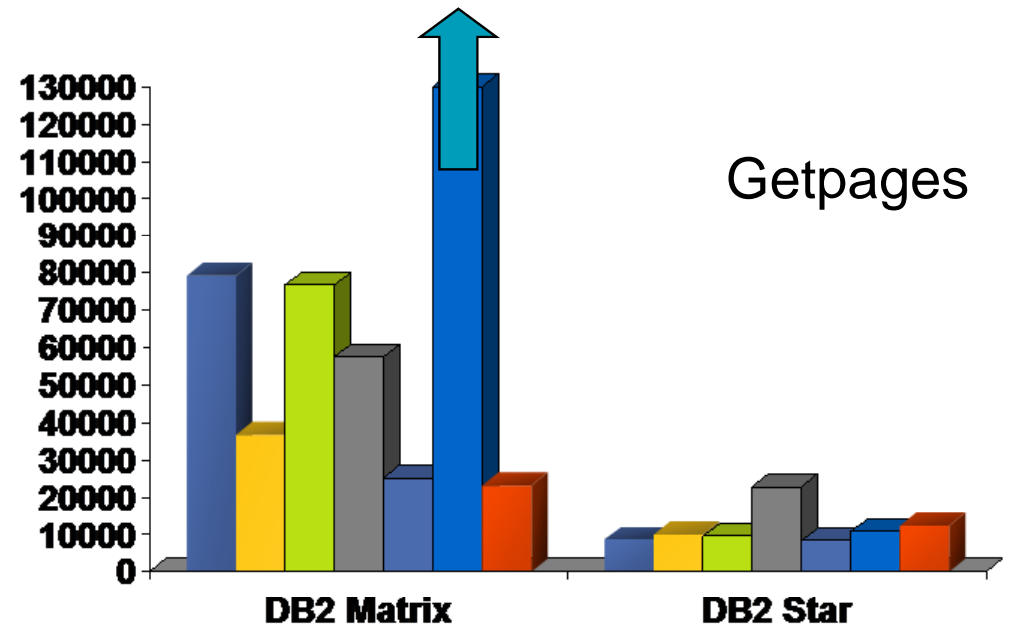
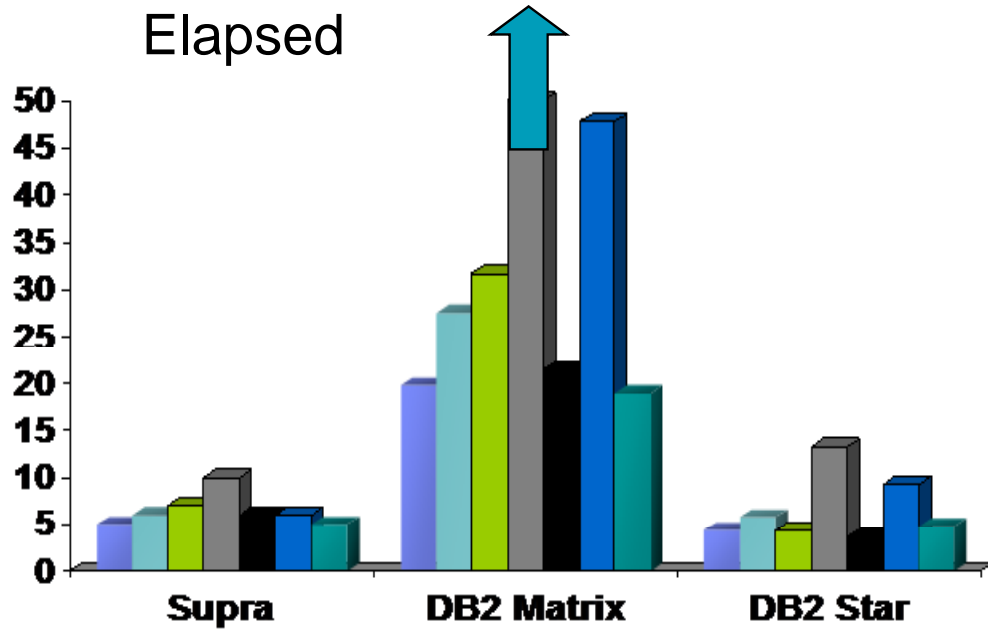


# Leveraging DB2 Technology – zSeries

- Utilised DB2 Z/OS
  - Remodelled Table Structure
  - Utilised DB2 Z/OS Star Join Technology
  - Included Hardware Compression on the ZSeries Server



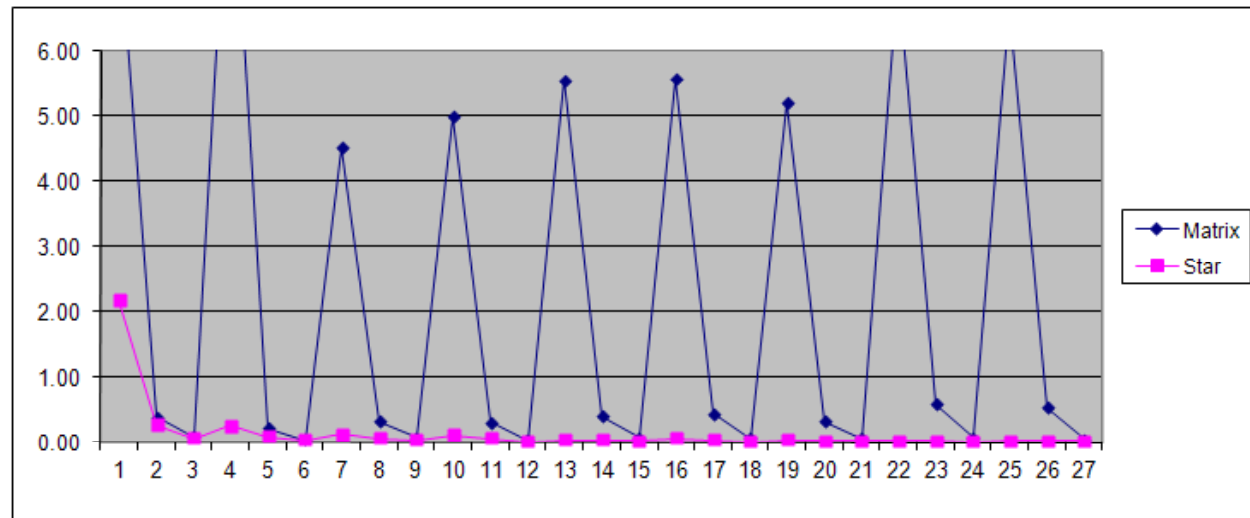
# How it Performed:





# Final Outcome

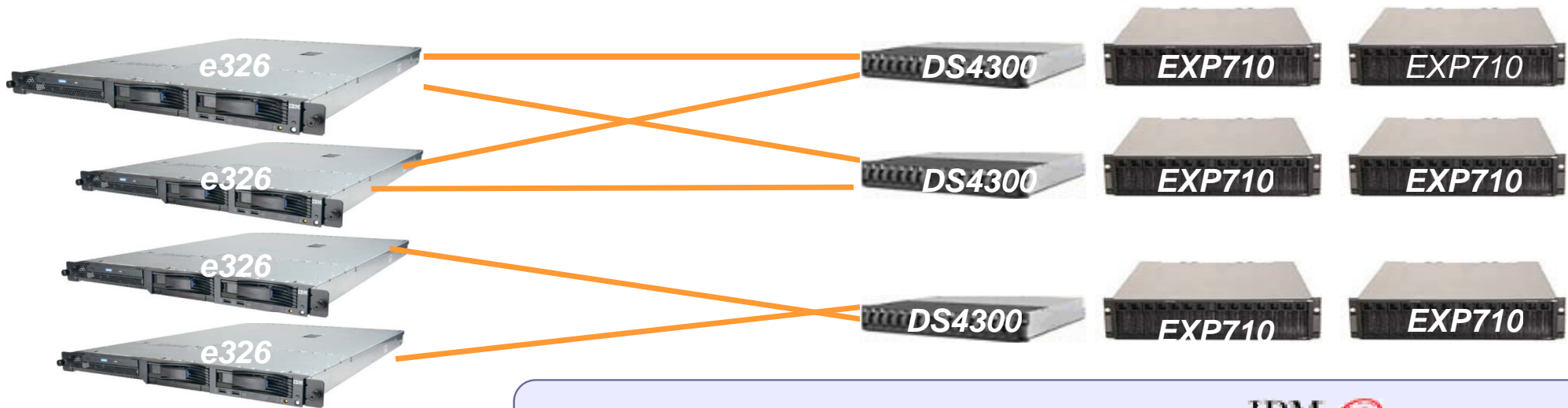
- Database Size – from ~25 GB to ~2 GB
- Online Structure Updates (No long batch processing)
- Very flexible – Multiple Year Views (not fixed)
- In Most Areas it Outperformed the SUPRA Legacy Solution



# Leveraging DB2 Technology – xSeries

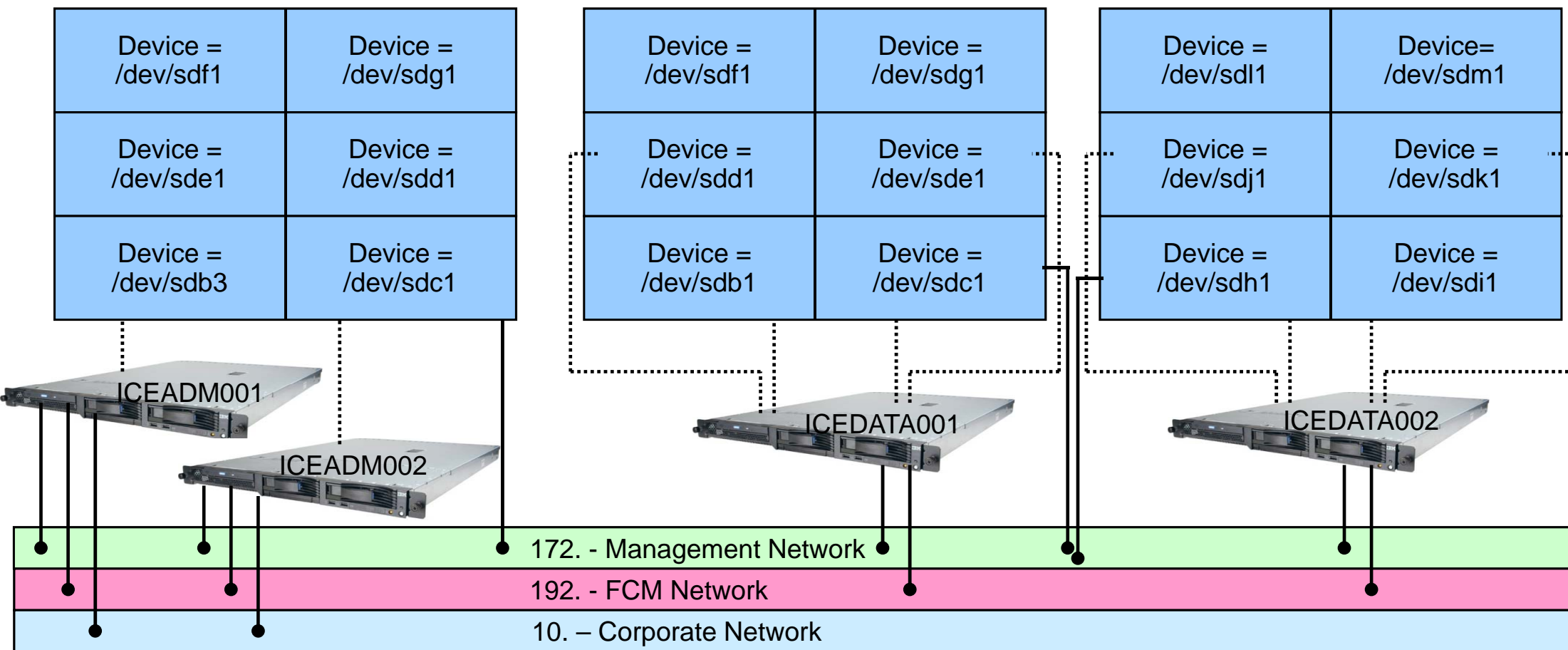
- **Build Ourselves” Option was a Non Starter**
  - High Profile Project : “Someone Else Can Build it”
  - SAN Wasn’t Set Up for Dedicated Operation (Big Bucks...)
- **BCU for AIX Running on pSeries**
  - Required 2 x 4 Way BCUs
  - Less Flexible for Our Technology Fit
  - SLA Didn’t Demand Higher Availability of pSeries
- **Our Choice : BCU for Linux Running on xSeries**
  - Less Expensive Option (Came in Well Below pSeries BCU)
  - Came in Considerably Below Our Own Build

# DB2 on xSeries and DPF -



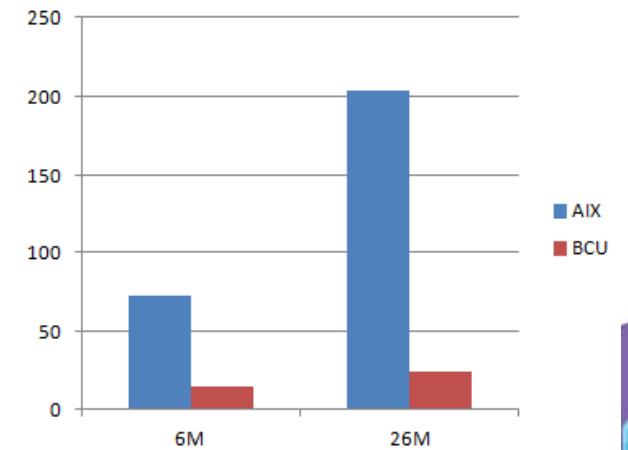
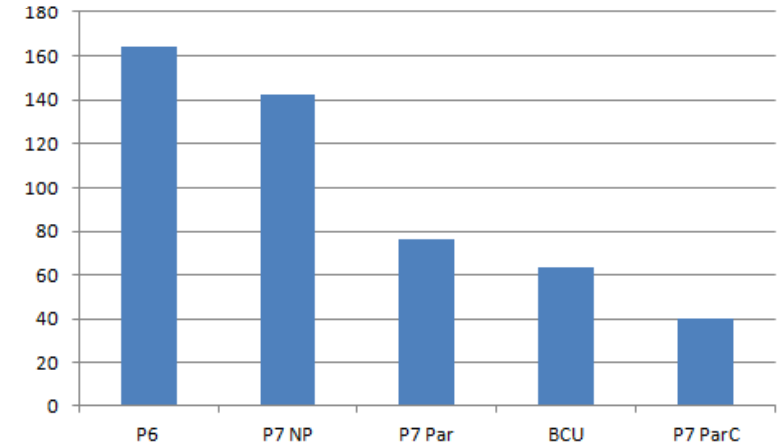
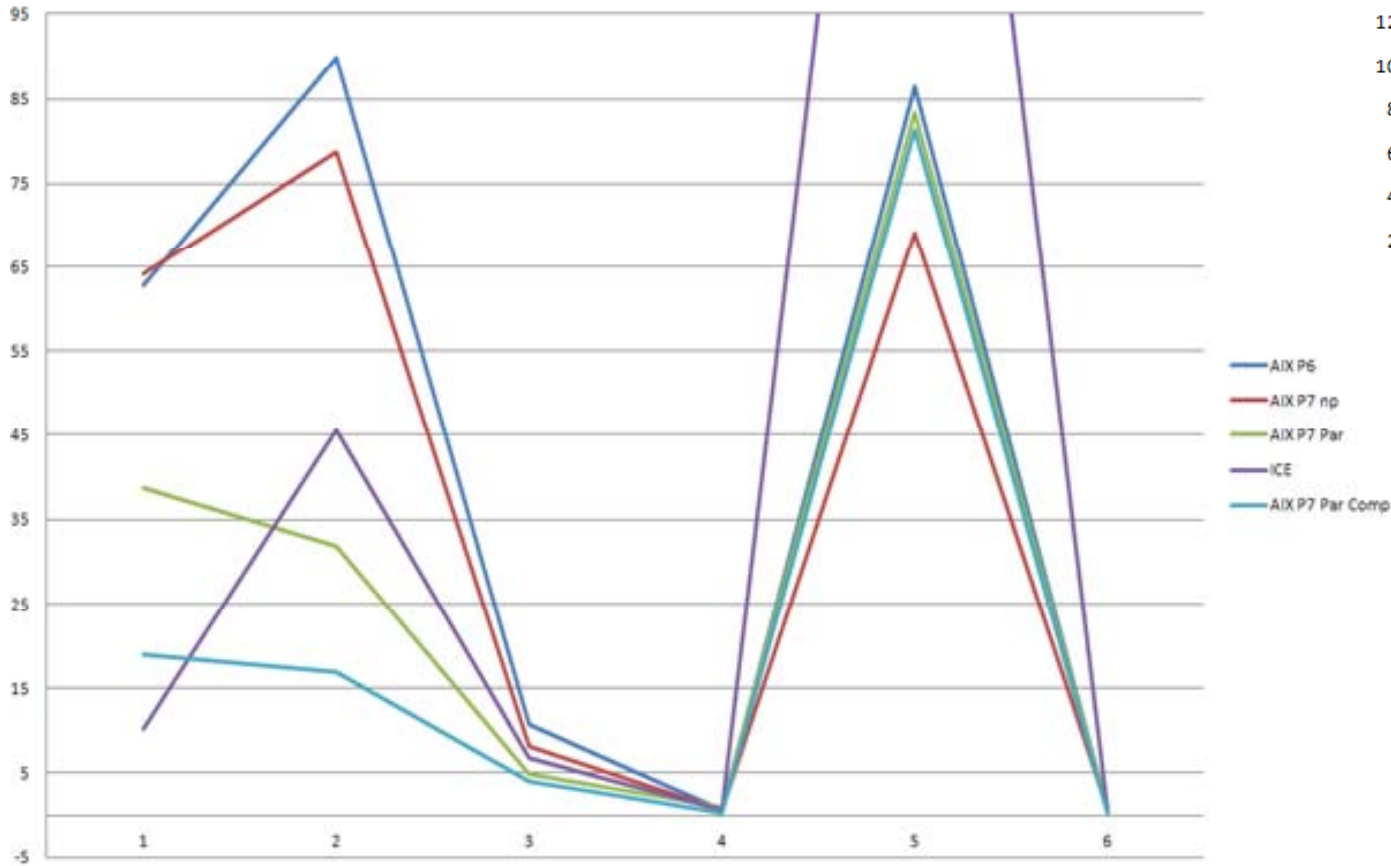
IBM server

- Processors** ▶ 2 x 2.4GHz dual core AMD Opteron
- Memory** ▶ 2 x 2GB
- Disk Controller** ▶ 1 x Qlogic 2-Gbps 4-port Fibre Channel to PCI-X HBA
- Disk Drives** ▶ 2 x 73.4GB, 10K RPM, Ultra320 SCSI Hot-swap HDD

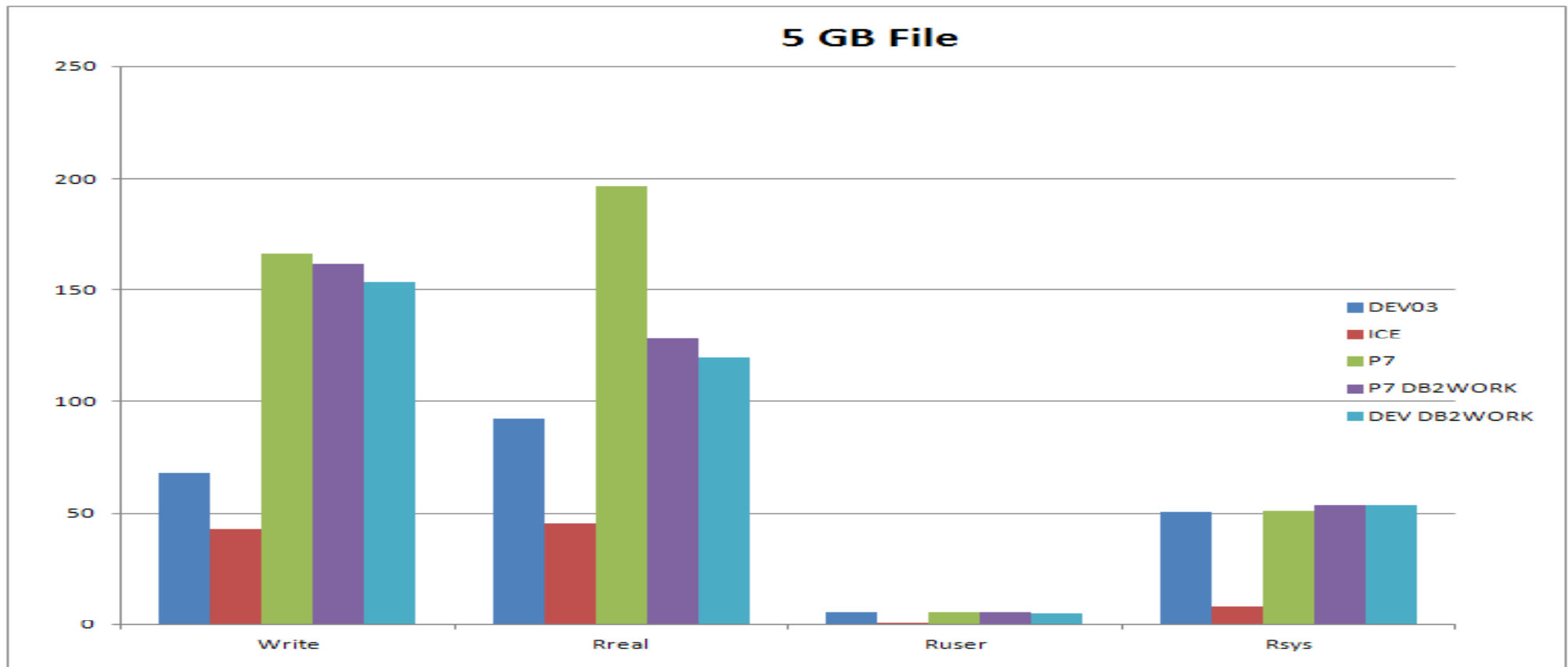




# Comparative Query Performance



# Disk I/O Performance - Gotcha



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## BCU Benefits

- Applied Both Horses for Courses and Bang for Bucks Principles
- No Virtualisation of Storage or CPU
- Highly Available Active/Active Cluster
- Scalable
- Exceptionally Cost Effective Utilising Commodity Hardware
- IBM Came, Installed it and it SIMPLY WORKED
- Fantastic Performance Straight Away



# OLAP Consolidation – Terabyte Pricing

- Traditional PVU Pricing Does Not Leverage Business Value in the Warehouse Space
- Pricing based on Compressed Warehouse Data (excluding indexes!)
- Price Mapped to Data not the Hardware
- Allows Greater Predictability
- Simple to Understand and Transparent
- InfoSphere Warehouse
  - Enterprise Server Edition
  - Workload Manager
  - Compression
  - DPF
- A Smarter Way of Using Technology





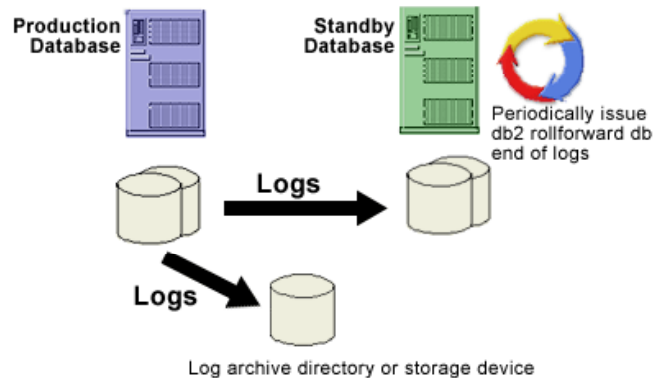
# OLAP Consolidation – Terabyte Pricing

- IBM x3850 M5
  - 32 Core 2.13GHz processors
  - 256GB Memory (can be expandable to 2TB)
  - 1.2TB Mirrored High IOPS Bus Adapters
- IBM DS3500 Storage
  - DS3524 plus EXP Shelf
  - 48 x 300GB 2.5in 15K 6Gb SAS
- Leveraging DB2 Technology with DB2 TB Pricing



# DB2 High Availability

- HADR
  - HADR Setup Straight Forward
  - Cost Effective Approach to High Availability
- Log Shipping
  - How we Moved a 100GB Production Database to a Separate Server and Upgraded it in 10 minutes
  - Easy to Setup and Easy to Manage



# Conclusions – Administration and Management

- DB2:
  - 260 Databases on LUW
  - Two DB2 Z/OS Subsystems
  - 7TB of Data
  - 3 Full Time
- Oracle:
  - 60 Databases
  - 26TB of Data (22TB of which is development data)
  - 4 Full Time



# Conclusions

- DB2 Provides Cost Effective Data Management
- It is Stable, Flexible and Robust
- Multiple Flavours from Rock Solid Z/OS to Commodity xSeries
- Easy to Manage – Patching is a Breeze with Traditionally Less Vulnerabilities Than Oracle
- Simple Licensing Model
- Tuning is a breeze – no reliance on code change (MQT's, Access Paths, etc)
- Native Integration and Management of XML and SOAP
- Role Based Security and Easy Integration to LDAP
- Multipath Install and Independent of Operating System





# Questions???

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# IBM INFORMATION INTEGRATION & GOVERNANCE SYMPOSIUM 2012

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