

z/OS Workload Management Update for z/OS V1.13 and V1.12

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> Monday, August 8, 2011 Session 10009

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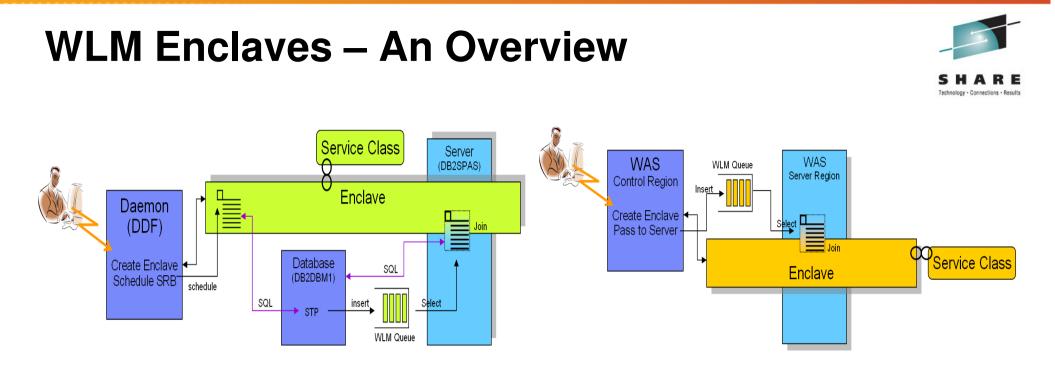


Agenda



- Transaction Management Enhancements
 - Non Shell Enclave Server Management
 - CICS Region / Response Time Management
 - Response Time Distribution for Execution Velocity Goals
 - Hiperdispatch APARs
 - WLM Support for I/O Priority Manager in DS8K Series
 - WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196
 - Temporary Capacity Reporting via SYSEVENT REQLPDAT
 - z/OSMF Workload Management
 - WLM support for Unified Resource Manager
 - Capacity Provisioning Update Summary
 - WLM Tools Overview



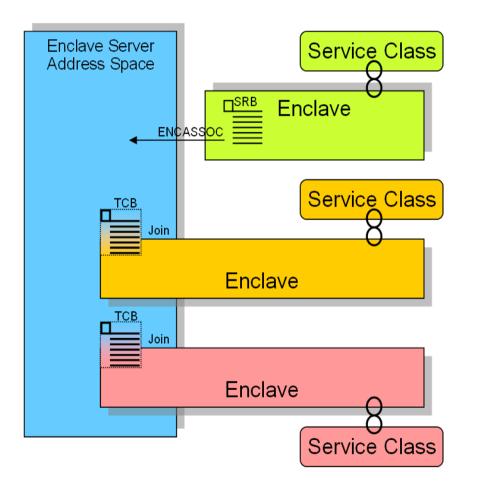


- An enclave is a transaction that can span multiple dispatchable units (SRBs and tasks) in one or several address spaces and is reported on and managed as one unit
- The enclave is managed separately from the address spaces it runs in
 - CPU and I/O resources associated with processing the transaction represented by the enclave are managed by the transaction's performance goal
 - Storage (MPL level, paging) of the address space is managed to meet the goals of the enclaves it serves (if enclave server address space) or to the performance goal of the address space (if no server address space)



WLM Enclave Server Address Spaces A Short Retrospective





- An address space becomes an enclave server when
 - An enclave SRB issues SYSEVENT ENCASSOC
 - A TCB of the address space joins an enclave, and does not specify ENCLAVESERVER=NO (which is typically not the case)
- Assumption (Programming Model)
 - All work being executed within the address space is related to enclaves
 - That means
 - There is no significant amount of work (TCBs) executing in such address spaces which is not related to enclaves
- Enclave Server Management
 - CPU and I/O DP is derived from service class of most important enclave
 - Meaning: No CPU and I/O management exists for these server address spaces
 - Storage management is done to meet the served enclave's goals

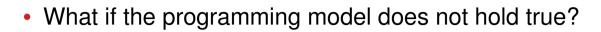
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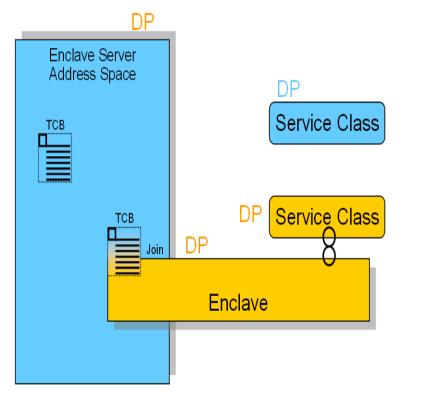
WLM Enclave Server Management Is There a Possible Problem?





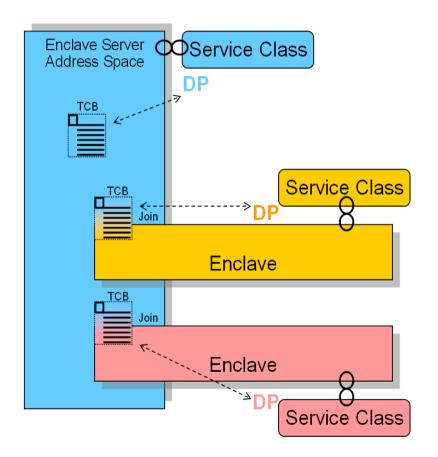
- What happens if there is significant work running in TCBs not associated with enclaves?
 - Example: Garbage collection for a JVM (WAS)
 - Example: Common routines which provide service for the enclave TCBs
- Is it sufficient to manage this work in the same way as the enclaves?
- What happens if no enclaves are running in server address spaces ?? (this applies to queue servers only)
 - And the address space is swapped out?
 - A mechanism exists to swap in the address space but this mechanism assumes that the swap in is only for a queue server task which wants to select a unit of work and then joins the enclave. If no enclave is joined, the address space is again swapped out
 - And even if the address space stays swapped in?
 - The TCBs running within the address space just stay with the DP and IOP from the last enclave being associated with the address space
 - No CPU or I/O adjustment is performed





WLM Enclave Server Management Changes with z/OS 1.12



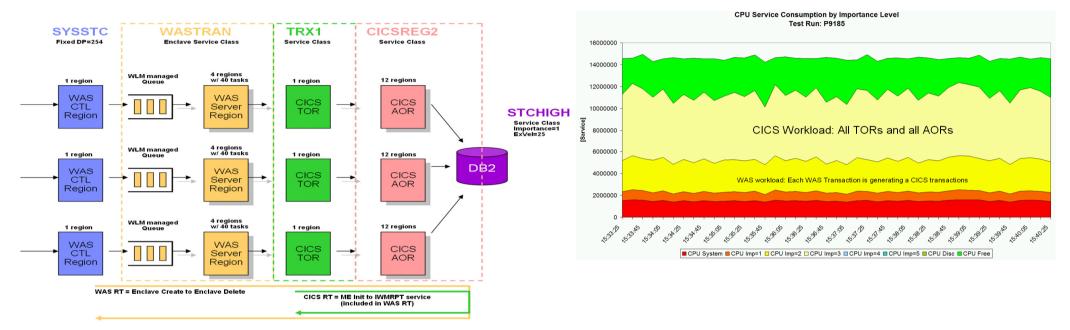


- New IEAOPT Parameter
 - ManageNonEnclaveWork = {<u>No</u>|Yes}
 - Yes: Work in the address space, that is not associated to an enclave, is managed towards the goals of the external Service Class to which the address space has been classified to
 - No: Non enclave work is managed based on the most important enclave
- Enclave (Queue) server address spaces in which no enclave is running will be managed as regular address spaces
- Note: With ManageNonEnclaveWork =Yes the importance and goal of the service class for the address space is more important than it used to be
 - Verify goal settings for server address spaces



OA35428: Runtime Environment and Problem Symptoms CICS Transaction Environment (No other workload is present)





Scenario

- System: 2097-764, 1 LPAR only \rightarrow 8 nodes with 4 High processors each
- Workload: Websphere \rightarrow CICS \rightarrow DB2
 - Websphere receives work, sends it to CICS TORs which send it to AORs which execute DB2 calls
 - Classification: Websphere Imp=2 and all CICS Imp=3, managed towards response time goals
- Problem:

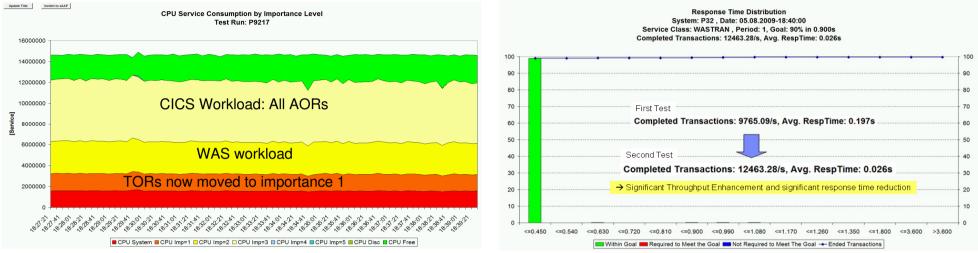
Low system throughput; relatively high response times. System utilization did not exceed 80%

- Notes:
 - In this scenario, the presence of Websphere is not important because Websphere feeds only CICS
 - It is important that no work (such as batch) exists that could be displaced when the system gets saturated
 - Therefore the same scenario exists for environments which only run a CICS workload



OA35428: Problem Analysis and Circumvention

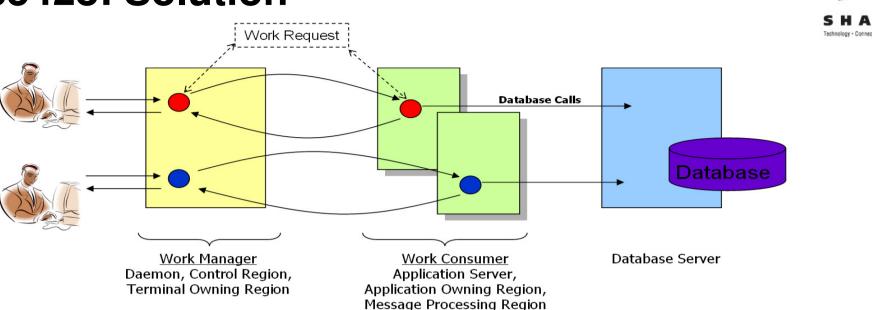




- Problem Analysis
 - TORs and AORs run at the same dispatch priority
 - TORs need to wait too long to receive work and return results to the caller
 - AORs consume too much CPU
 - Hiperdispatch can amplify the situation because it runs the work at higher utilization on nodes with typically 4
 processors
- Circumvention:
 - Move TORs to a service class with higher importance than AORs
 - How can this be done?
 - <u>Possibility 1</u>: Exempt all regions from being managed by response time goals and classify TORs to a service class with higher importance than AORs
 - <u>Possibility 2</u>: Exempt only AORs and move them to a service class with lower importance than the CICS service classes with response time goals
 - **Disadvantage**: No response time data present or only covers a small portion of the execution path because AORs consume much more than TORs.



OA35428: Solution



- Adjust WLM management to a "Work Manager/Consumer" model
 - A TOR is a region which consumes typically little CPU and just functions as a work receiver and result sender.
 - This is the work manager
 - It needs fast access to CPU
 - An AOR is a server region which typically is much more resource intensive.
 - An AOR doesn't require the same instantaneous access to CPU than TORs
 - This is the work consumer
- WLM already has experience with such models
 - Websphere Application Server and DB2/DDF work
 - The control regions are managed towards execution velocity goals
 - The work is managed towards response time goals (via enclaves and the servers processing the enclaves are tight to their goals)
- Use the same model also for CICS work



OA35428: Enhancement of WLM Management Solution to solve the Work Manager/Consumer Model

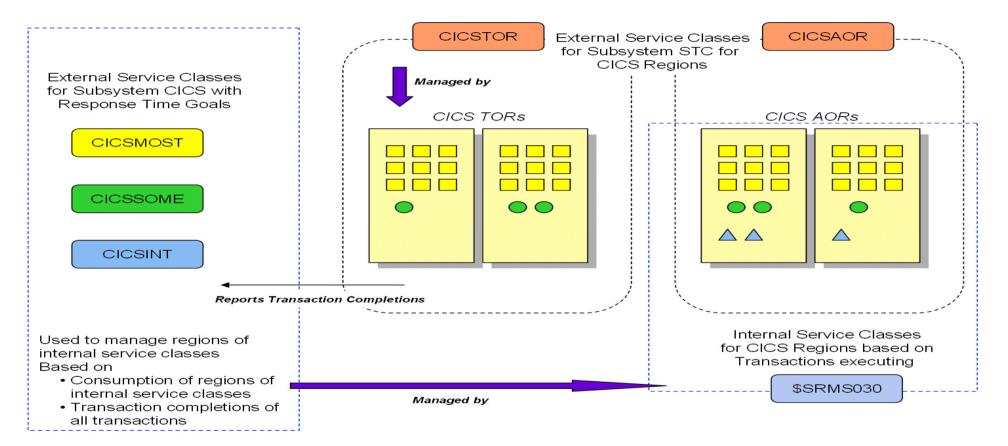


- Implementation introduce a new option "BOTH"
 - Can be used to classify the CICS TOR Regions
 - For TORs:
 - Use BOTH for "Manage Regions by Goals Of"
 - Define a STC service class for TORs which has a higher importance than the CICS service class with response time goals for the CICS work and AORs
 - For AORs:
 - Stay with TRANSACTION (default)
- Result
 - WLM will manage the TORs towards the goals of the STC service class
 - <u>And</u> WLM will ensure bookkeeping of transaction completions to the correct CICS response time service class
 - The CICS transactions are managed towards CICS response time goals and the AORs are also managed towards these goals like today
 - All reporting capabilities remain as today



OA35428: New WLM Management Option Structure of Service Classes





- TORs are now managed towards the goal of the service class CICSTOR
 - They still report their transaction completions for management
- AORs are still managed towards the goals of the CICS service classes and the consumption of the internal service class for the region
- <u>Recommendation</u>: CICSTOR should be defined at a higher importance than the CICS service classes



OA35428: New WLM Management Option Using Option "BOTH"



 Example of using the new option "BOTH" on the classification panel

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OA35428: WLM Management Summary Options for managing CICS work



- 1.CICS managed by Response Time Goals
 - All Regions defined as managed towards TRANSACTION goals
 - Existing Method
 - Works well for most environments
 - Older CICS environments which do not have Multi Region Option
 - All environments which are not exclusively CICS workload
 - All environments which don't have any problem
- 2.CICS managed by Region Goals
 - If response time goals have not been defined all CICS regions are managed towards REGION goals (exempted from transaction management)
 - Existing Method
 - Works also well for most environments
 - But: Execution velocity goals are more sensitive to hardware and software changes
 - Usually no transaction reporting available
 - This can be enabled for report classes but requires additional definitions
- 3.CICS managed by Region and Response Time Goals
 - CICS TORs defined as managed towards BOTH goals
 - CICS AORs defined as managed towards TRANSACTION goals
 - New Method introduced with OA35428
 - Works well for most environments too
 - But: Avoids disadvantages of method 2



Response Time Distribution for Velocity Goals (z/OS V1.13)



- Currently WLM reporting does not provide a response time distribution (ended transactions) for workloads with velocity goals
- But it is desirable to have a response time distribution for all transactional workloads, even if they have a velocity goal
 - · More data to analyze workload behavior and to detect problems
 - Better support for migration of goal definitions to response time goals
- With z/OS V1.13
 - the IWMRCOLL answer area IWMWRCAA provides also a response time distribution for service class periods with an execution velocity goal,
 - the RMF Postprocessor Workload Activity report (WLMGL) displays the new response time distributions
 - Response Time distributions also added to SMF 99 subtype 2 data

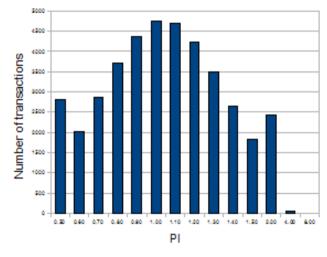


Response Time Distribution for Velocity Goals The Mid-Point Change Algorithm



- Rationale
 - Velocity goals do not have a "reference" response time
 - The mid-point (MP) should be set to values which accurately reflect the current workload conditions
 - These conditions may drastically change from time to time, but WLM expects them to be consistent for a time long enough, so that it can compute sensible mid-point (MP) values
- Algorithm
 - The model behind the algorithm is a gaussian RT distribution, with d = M/3 (M is the mean, d is the standard deviation). Ideal would be MP = M
 - If a trx response time fulfills MP/3 <= RT <= MP*3 counter C is decreased by a value that reflects the distance of RT to the MP
 - If a trx response time does not fulfill MP/3 <= RT <= MP*3 counter C is increased by a value that reflects the distance of RT to the MP
 - If counter C becomes greater than a threshold, a new midpoint is calculated

IWMWRCAA RT Distribution



This is the ideal case:

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The mid-point set by WLM is strictly equal to the average response time (M) of the transactions, so we get a recognizable gaussian distribution



Response Time Distribution for Velocity Goals RMF WLMGL Enhancement



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Response Time Distribution for Velocity Goals IWMRCOLL enhancements for Service and Report Class Periods

Section	Field	Response time goals	Execution velocity goals
RCAEIHDR (RCAE period header)	RCAEIMID (mid-point in milliseconds)	Same as goal value (milliseconds)	0 after policy activation/refresh/IPL New value computed when WLM detects that current workload distribution deviates too much from RCAEIMID for a too long time
	RCAEIRCT (running count)	N/A (value always 0)	Total number of RCAEIMID changes since last policy activation
	RCAEITST (timestamp of last change)	Policy activation time	Time of last RCAEIMID change or time of last policy activation
RCAEDIST	RCAEDENT	No change Distribution centered around goal value	Centered around RCAEIMID Reset after each RCAEIMID change

RCAEIRCT

- Is reset to 0 after each policy activation/refresh/IPL
- Is incremented each time the report class period becomes heterogeneous (when RCAEPLSC and RCAEPMCI are updated)
- Is incremented each time a transaction is reported with a new mid-point/timestamp
- The 14 buckets of the report class period's response time distribution are reset to 0 when RCAEIRCT is updated
- RCAEIMID is copied from the current service class period's RCAEIMID each time the report class period's RCAEIRCT is incremented
- RCAEITST is copied from the current service class period's RCAEITST each time the report class period's RCAEIRCT is incremented



Transaction Management Enhancements: Availability



Function	z/OS V1.13	z/OS V1.12	z/OS V1.11	z/OS V1.10
Enclave Server Management (Non Shell Server Management)	+	+		
CICS Region/RT Management	+	OA35428	OA35428	OA35428
RT Distribution for Execution Velocity Goals	+			

- Enclave Server Management
 - Is enabled via OPT parameter ENCLAVESERVER=YES
- CICS Region/RT Management
 - OA35248 supersedes OA34801
 - OA34801 was a temporary solution introduced for a customer to maintain response time reporting while temporarily moving from response time to region management
 - OA34801 introduced a new OPT parameter REPORTCOMPLETIONS={YES|NO}
 - With OA35428 and with z/OS 1.13 WLM will still accept the new OPT parameter but the reporting functionality introduced by OA34801 is no longer supported.

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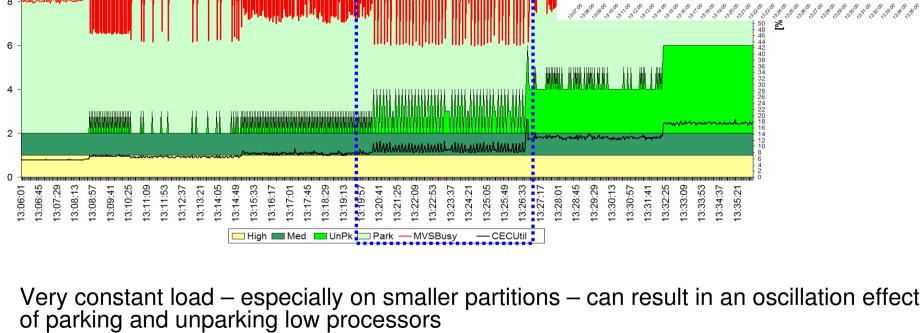


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• Result: A significant response time increase can be observed (especially for OLTP work)

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OA36549: Problem Description

Hiperdispatch: Park and Unpark



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0.25



Update Title

14

12

10

8

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OA36459: Items addressed



- Problems identified
 - Supervisor favors medium processors versus VL processors for dispatching work
 - This skews a WLM metric to determine when it is meaningful to park a processor
 - WLM calculates the effective usage of VM and VL processors incorrectly
 - WLM calculates the total usage and subtracts the full capacity of VH processors
 - This assumes that VH processors are always utilized by 100%
 - This is especially wrong for lowly utilized CECs
- Additional adjustments
 - No longer automatically park a processor when the used capacity is smaller than the guaranteed capacity of the partition
 - Change the park condition based on MVS Busy threshold
 - Waive most park conditions for partitions with no VH processors
 - Adjust Unpark conditions to allow earlier unpark of processors



Hiperdispatch related WLM APARs



APAR	Description	Close Date	Affects
OA35428	Introduces new option to manage CICS environments in a work receiver/consumer model	09/2011	Installation running CICS- only workloads Can be amplified by Hiperdispatch
OA35860	Correct calculation of CEC free capacity. At the moment the CPU consumption of the *PHYSICAL* partition is not included. This can lead to too many "unpark" operations under seldom cases.	06/2011	Systems with high *PHYSICAL* time
OA35989	Correct overflow condition of CEC free capacity	05/2011	Small systems running on big CECs with very high unused capacity
OA36459	Modify PARK/UNPARK algorithm to become more sensitive for smaller partitions	10/2011	Smaller partitions at low CEC utilizations

• HIPERDISPATCH=YES

- Will be the default when running z/OS 1.13 on z196 or above
- Older releases will still have NO as default even on z196



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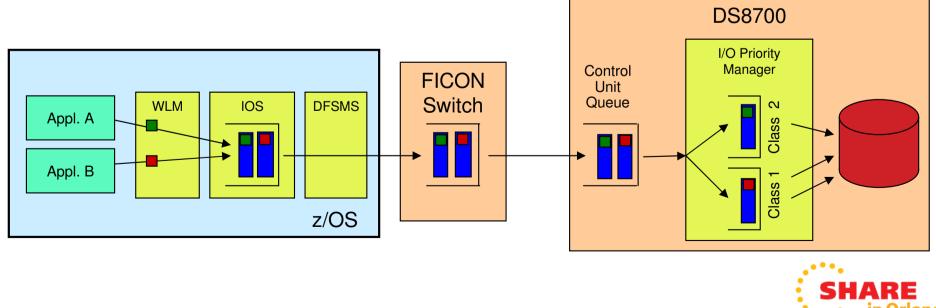


WLM Support for I/O Priority Manager in DS8K Series



2011

- WLM collaborates with the I/O Priority Manager in DS8700 & DS8800 storage servers.
- WLM sends I/O Priority Manager information about the goal fulfillment and importance of z/OS workloads (service classes).
- Passing these performance parameters to the storage server enables the I/O Priority Manager to determine which I/O requests are more important than others and which I/O requests need to be processed faster to fulfill the performance goals defined for the corresponding workload in z/OS.
- Using the passed information from WLM, the I/O Priority Manager throttles I/O requests of workloads which exceed their goals to help I/O requests of workloads which do not fulfill their goals.
- New IEAOPT parameter STORAGESERVERMGT={YES|NO}



WLM Support for I/O Priority Manager in DS8K Series Goal Achievement Data



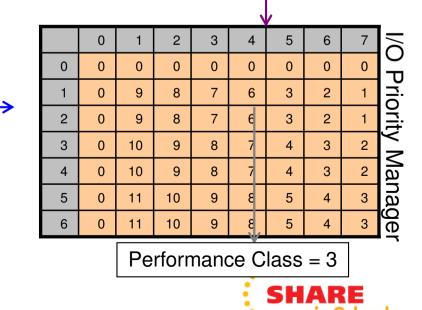
 WLM derives goal achievement data for service class periods as follows

- Response Time goal:
 - Importance of period
 - Goal Achievment Value is derived from Performance Index (PI)
 - → Dynamic management considering goal achievement of service class
- Velocity goal:
 - Importance of period
 - Velocity level
 - → Static management considering specified goal of service class
- System service classes
 - Importance: 0
 - Goal Achievement Value: 0 (no monitor)
 - → No management
- Discretionary goal:
 - Importance: 6
 - Goal Achievement Value: 1
 - \rightarrow Static management considering goal type
- I/O Priority Manager assigns I/O request a Performance Class corresponding to the passed Goal Achievement Data
- Each Performance Class is associated with a certain maximum throttling level

z/OS Workload Management Update for z/OS V1.13 and V1.12

- Importance	= 2,	ΡI	= 1	.9

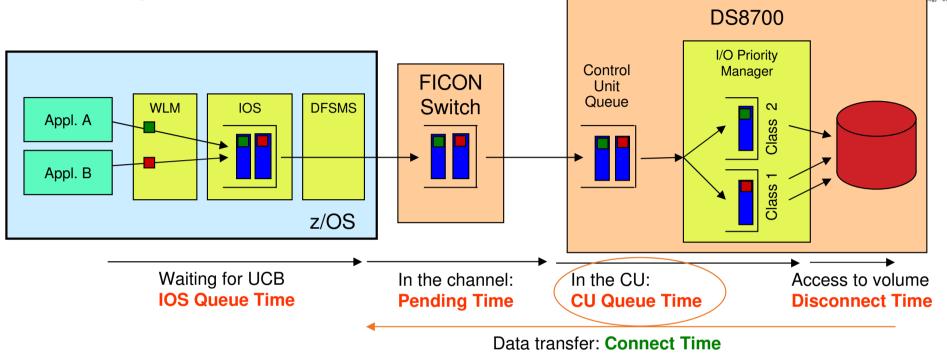
		-
Performance Index	Goal Achievement Value	
PI <= 0.5	1 (significantly overachieve)	
0.5 < PI <= 0.7	2 (overachieve)	
0.7 < PI <= 0.9	3 (slightly over achieve)	
0.9 < PI < 1.4	4 (achieve)	-
→ 1.4 <= PI < 2.5	5 (slightly under achieve)	
2.5 <= PI < 4.5	6 (under achieve)	
PI >= 4.5	7 (significantly under achieve)	
	PI <= 0.5 0.5 < PI <= 0.7 0.7 < PI <= 0.9 0.9 < PI < 1.4 ► 1.4 <= PI < 2.5 2.5 <= PI < 4.5	PI <= 0.5



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WLM Support for I/O Priority Manager in DS8K Series Throttling



- I/O Priority Manager
 - impacts how long an I/O request has to wait for access to the volume
 - does not impact an I/O request if it is served from the storage server cache
 - induced throttling delays are reported as CU Queue Time
- WLM excludes CU Queue Time when calculating I/O delays for service class periods with velocity goal to avoid oscillations of the performance index
 - If WLM support for I/O Priority Manager is turned on, you may have to adjust the velocity goals if you have significant CU Queue Times in your environment





Function	z/OS V1.13	z/OS V1.12	z/OS V1.11	Older Releases
WLM Support for I/O Priority Manager in DS8000 series	OA32298	OA32298	OA32298	

• The I/O Priority Manager feature is associated with DS8K R6.1.5 and is not available externally until Sept 30, 2011



Agenda



- Transaction Management Enhancements
 - Non Shell Enclave Server Management
 - CICS Region / Response Time Management
 - Response Time Distribution for Execution Velocity Goals
- Hiperdispatch APARs
- WLM Support for I/O Priority Manager in DS8K Series
- WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196
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WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196



- IBM zEnterprise 196 (z196)
 - STSI instruction no longer returns the alternate CPU capability
 - CPU adjustment factors are now calculated based on the Model Capacity Ratings by the machine
 - Supplies additional information about speed change
 - Speed changes may occur due to model changes (*capacity level*), or to physical processor tact (*cycle steering*)
- WLM
 - uses the new MSU values to calculate pricing adjustment factors
 - introduces message IWM064I to explain the reason for a processor speed change
 - makes new HW information available via public data areas IRARCT, IRARMCT, IRARMCTZ and via SYSEVENT QVS



WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196 New Message IWM064I



• Existing Message:

IWM063I WLM POLICY WAS REFRESHED DUE TO A PROCESSOR SPEED CHANGE

- Depending on the reason for the speed change one of the following messages will be issued on *when running on z196 or later* hardware:
 - IWM064I THE SYSTEM IS RUNNING AT NOMINAL CAPACITY.
 - IWM064I THE SYSTEM IS RUNNING AT NOMINAL CAPACITY; MODEL CONVERSION OCCURRED.
 - IWM064I THE SYSTEM IS RUNNING WITH REDUCED CAPACITY BECAUSE OF A MANUAL CONTROL SETTING.
 - IMM064I THE SYSTEM IS RUNNING WITH REDUCED CAPACITY BECAUSE OF A MACHINE EXCEPTION CONDITION.
 - IWM064I THE SYSTEM IS RUNNING WITH REDUCED CAPACITY BECAUSE OF A NON-EXCEPTION MACHINE CONDITION.
 - IWM064I THE SYSTEM IS RUNNING WITH REDUCED CAPACITY BECAUSE OF AN EXCEPTION CONDITION EXTERNAL TO THE MACHINE.





WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196 Speed Values and MSU calculation

- RCTPCPUA
 - Existing adjustment factor for software pricing
 - Based on STSI alternate capacity value and alternate capacity MP factor table
 - Only valid value for all systems prior to z196 (z10, z9, etc...)
 - Does not allow to depict all possible MSU values precise enough
 - Still contained and updated for compatibility reasons for newer processors
- RCTPCPUA_actual and RCTPCPUA_Scaling
 - New adjustment factor for software pricing
 - Based on new STSI information for software pricing
 - Only valid for all new systems (z196 and future)
 - Allows to depict any possible MSU value
- RCTPCPU_nominal and RCTPCPUA_Scaling
 - Represents the capacity the system may have
 - If this deviates from RCTPCPUA_actual/RCTPCPUA_scaling then the actual system runs with reduced capacity

 $MSU(old) = \frac{57600 \bullet \# cps}{RCTPCPUA};$

 $MSU(new) = \frac{57600 \bullet \# cps \bullet RCTPCPUA_s caling}{RCTPCPUA a ctual}$



WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196 Extended Data Areas



• IRARCT

- RCTPCPUA; RCTPCPUA_actual; RCTPCPUA_nominal; RCTPCPUA_scaling
 - See previous chart
- IRARMCTZ
 - RMCTZ_Capacity_Change_Time
 - Time when the capacity was last changed
 - RMCTZ_Capacity_Adjustment_Indication
 - When zero, the indication is not reported. When in the range 1-99, some amount of reduction is indicated. When 100, the machine is operating at its normal capacity. Primary CPUs and all secondary-type CPUs are similarly affected
 - RMCTZ_Capacity_Change_Reason
 - Indicates the reason which is associated with the present value contained in RMCTZ_Capacity_Adjustment_Indication
 - RMCTZ_CAI_IPL
 - Capacity adjustment indication at IPL
 - RMCTZ_CCR_IPL
 - Capacity change reason at IPL
 - RMCTZ_nominal_CPMP
 - Nominal CPU adjustment factor (similar to RMCTCPMP but for nominal speed)



WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196 Changed APIs



 Sysevent QVS: (IRAQVS and IWMQVS.H) QVSCECCapacityStatus (possible values):

Constant	Mnemonic	Description
0	QvsCecCapStatUndef	QvsCecCapacityStatus is undefined (not supported by hardware)
1	QvsCecCapStatNominal	Machine is running at nominal capacity
2	QvsCecCapStatRedIntentional	Machine is running with reduced capacity due to a manual control setting. (e.g. power saving mode, customer initiated)
3	QvsCecCapStatRedMachEx	Machine is running with reduced capacity due to a machine exception condition (e.g. cooling problem)
4	QvsCecCapStatRed MachNonEx	Machine is running with reduced capacity due to a machine non-exception condition (e.g. firmware update)
5	QvsCecCapStatRed EnvCond	Machine is running with reduced capacity due to an exception condition external to the machine (e.g. ambient temperature exceeded specified maximum)

IWMRCOLL

- IWMWRCAA
 - RCAAADJCCPU
 - RCAAADJCCPUNOM
 - RCAAADJCCEC

CPU adjustment factor Nominal CPU adjustment factor

CEC adjustment factor



WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196 SMF70 Enhancements



SMF reco	ord type 70 s	ubtype 1	(CPU Ac	tivity) – CPU control section
Offset	Name	Length	Format	Description
204 xCC	SMF70NCR	4	Binary	Nominal model-capacity rating in MSU/hour. When non-zero, this value is associated with the nominal model capacity as identified in field SMF70MDL. When field SMF70CAI contains a value of 100, this value equals the value in field SMF70MCR.
208 xD0	SMF70NPR	4	Binary	Nominal permanent model-capacity rating. When non-zero, this value is associated with the nominal permanent model capacity as identified in field SMF70MPC. When field SMF70CAI contains a value of 100, this value equals the value in field SMF70MPR.
212 xD4	SMF70NTR	4	Binary	Nominal temporary model-capacity rating. When non-zero, this value is associated with the nominal temporary model capacity as identified in field SMF70MTC. When field SMF70CAI contains a value of 100, this value equals the value in field SMF70MTR.
216 xD8	SMF70CAI	1	Binary	Capacity-adjustment indication. When zero, the indication is not reported. When in the range from 1 to 99, some amount of reduction is indicated. When 100, the machine is operating at its normal capacity. Temporary capacity changes that affect machine performance (for example, CBU or OOCoD) are not included.
217 xD9	SMF70CCR	1	Binary	Capacity-change reason. Valid if SMF70CAI is non-zero. When 0, no capacity change took place. When 1, the capacity change is due to the setting of a manual control. When greater than 1, the capacity change is due to an internal machine condition or due to an external machine exception.



WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196 SMF72 Enhancements



SMF record	SMF record type 72 subtype 3 (Workload Activity) – Workload manager control section							
Offset	Name	Length	Format	Description				
172 xAC	R723MADJ	4	Binary	Adjustment factor for CPU rate				
248 xF8	R723NADJ	4	Binary	Nominal adjustment factor for CPU rate				



WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196 SMF 30 Enhancements



194	C2	SMF30_Capacity_Change_Cnt	2	binary	The number of processor capacity changes that occurred since the previous interval or event interval. This number will be greater than 1 when the number of processor capacity changes exceeded the number specified in the MAXEVENTINTRECS parmlib option.
196	C4	SMF30_RCTPCPUA_Actual	4	binary	Physical CPU adjustment factor (this is the adjustment factor for converting CPU time to equivalent service, in basic-mode with all processors online). Based on model capacity rating.
200	C8	SMF30_RCTPCPUA_Nominal	4	binary	Physical CPU adjustment factor (this is the adjustment factor for converting CPU time to equivalent service in basic-mode with all processors online). Based on nominal model capacity rating.
204	CC	SMF30_RCTPCPUA_scaling_factor	4	binary	Scaling factor for SMF30_RCTPCPUA_actual and SMF30_RCTPCPUA_nominal.
208	D0	SMF30_Capacity_Adjustment_Ind	1	binary	When: 0 The indication is not reported. 1-99 Some amount of reduction is indicated. 100 The machine is operating in normal capacity. Primary CPUs and all secondary-type CPUs are similarly affected
209	D1	SMF30_Capacity_Change_Rsn	1	binary	Indicates the reason that is associated with the present value contained in SMF30_Capacity_Adjustment_Ind. The bit values of this field correspond to those described in RMCTZ_Capacity_Adjustment_Indication of the IRARMCTZ mapping macro. (See <i>MVS Data Areas.</i>)
210	D2	SMF30_Capacity_Flags	1	binary	Processor capacity flags.
					Bit Meaning When Set 0 SMF30_Event_Driven_Intvl_Rec Meaning: When on, indicates that the current interval record was generated as a result of an event, rather than as a result of standard interval expiration based on time. 1 SMF30_RQSVSUS_Err Meaning: When on, indicates that an error occurred while collecting the data for SMF30SUS following a change in processor capacity. If this bit is found to be on when the record is being written, an additional attempt to collect the data from SRM is made. If that attempt is successful, the data is filled in at that time and the SMF30PIN error bit will be off. 2 SMF30_Capacity_Data_err Meaning: When on, indicates that error occurred while collecting the processor capacity data, therefore the following fields are unreliable: • SMF30_RCTPCPUA_Actual
					 SMF30_RCTPCPUA_scaling_factor SMF30_Capacity_Adjustment_Ind SMF30_Capacity_Change_Rsn SMF30_PCD_Rsvd_Exists Meaning: When on, indicates records generated on systems running z/OS V1R7 through z/OS V1R9. When off, this bit indicates records generated on systems running z/OS V1R10 and later.



WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196 SMF 89 Enhancements



178	B2	SMF89_Capacity_Change_Cnt	2	binary	The number of processor capacity changes that or or event interval. This number will be greater than capacity changes exceeded the number specified parmlib option.	1 when the number of processor
180	B4	SMF89_RCTPCPUA_Actual	4	binary	Physical CPU adjustment factor (this is the adjustr time to equivalent service in basic-mode with all pr model capacity rating.	_
184	88	SMF89_RCTPCPUA_Nominal	4	binary	Physical CPU adjustment factor (this is the adjustr time to equivalent service in basic-mode with all pr nominal model capacity rating.	
188	BC	SMF89_RCTPCPUA_scaling_factor	4	binary	Scaling factor for SMF89_RCTPCPUA_Actual and	SMF89_RCTPCPUA_Nominal.
192	C0	SMF89_Capacity_Adjustment_Ind	1	binary	When: O The indication is not reported. 1-99 Some amount of reduction is indicate 100 The machine is operating in normal of Primary CPUs and all secondary-type CPUs are site	apacity.
193	C1	SMF89_Capacity_Change_Rsn	1	binary	Indicates the reason that is associated with the pre SMF89_Capacity_Adjustment_Ind. The bit values described in RMCTZ_Capacity_Adjustment_Indica macro. (See MVS Data Areas.)	of this field correspond to those
194	C2	SMF89_Capacity_Flags	1	binary	Processor capacity flags.	
					Bit Meaning When Set 0 SMF89_Event_Driven_Interval_Rec Meaning: When on, indicates that the as a result of an event, rather than as expiration based on time. 1 SMF89_Capacity_Data_err Meaning: When on, indicates that err processor capacity data, therefore the	a result of a standard interval
					 SMF89_RCTPCPUA_Actual 	
					 SMF89_RCTPCPUA_Nominal 	
					 SMF89_RCTPCPUA_scaling_facto 	r
					 SMF89_Capacity_Adjustment_Ind 	
					SMF89_Capacity_Change_Rsn SMF89_PCD_Rsvd_Exists	



WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196: Availability



Function	z/OS V1.13	z/OS V1.12	z/OS V1.11	z/OS V1.10	z/OS V1.9
New message IWM064I API enhancements	+	OA30968	OA30968	OA30968	
New MSU computation	+	OA30968	OA30968	OA30968	OA30968
New Programming Interface (IRARMCTZ)	+	+	OA31201	OA31201	



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Temporary Capacity Reporting via SYSEVENT REQLPDAT



- SYSEVENT REQLPDAT was changed to return capacity information about IBM z10 (and later) capacity settings:
 - permanent capacity information
 - The base capacity of the machine
 - temporary capacity data
 - Replacement Capacity:
 - Capacity Backup (CBU), or Planned Event (CPE)
 - Additional Capacity: On/Off Capacity on Demand (OOCoD)
 - The differentiation is relevant for potential license cost or entitlement impact

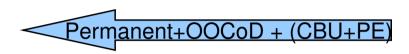


Temporary Capacity Reporting via SYSEVENT REQLPDAT



IRALPDAT new data fields

LPDATMODELCAPIDENT



- The 16-character EBCDIC model-capacity identifier of the configuration.
- LPDATMODEL
 - The 16-character EBCDIC model identifier of the configuration. If not valid, field LPDatModelCapIdent represents both the model-capacity identifier and the model.
- LPDATMODELPERMCAPIDENT
 - The 16-character EBCDIC model-permanent capacity identifier of the configuration.
- LPDATMODELTEMPCAPIDENT
 - The 16-character EBCDIC model-temporary capacity identifier of the configuration.

Permanent configuration

Permanent + OOCoD

H/W model



Temporary Capacity Reporting via SYSEVENT REQLPDAT



Permanent+OOCoD + (CBU+PE)

Permanent + OOCoD

IRALPDAT new data fields

•

- LPDATMODELCAPRATING
 - When non-zero, an unsigned integer ("MSU rating") as identified by the modelcapacity identifier. There is no formal description of the algorithm used to generate this integer.
- LPDATMODELPERMCAPRATING
 - When non-zero, an unsigned integer ("MSU rating") as identified by the modelpermanent-capacity identifier
- LPDATMODELTEMPCAPRATING
 - When non-zero, an unsigned integer ("MSU rating") as identified by the modeltemporary-capacity identifier.



REQLPDAT Sample with Active Temporary Capacity

Example output

LPDatModelCapIdent : 714 LPDatModel : E26 LPDatModelPermCapIdent : 709 LPDatModelTempCapIdent : 711 LPDatModelCapRating : 00000473 LPDatModelPermCapRating : 00000324 LPDatModelTempCapRating : 000003B0

Meaning

- The base model is 709
- This model has active OOCoD capacity
 - It temporarily has a capacity like a model 711
- This model also has active CBU capacity
 - In total it temporarily has a capacity like a model 714





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z/OSMF Workload Management The new WLM Control Center in z/OSMF V1.12



- Policy editor
 - Simplified creation and editing of WLM policies supported by best practice checks
 - Support for review and investigation of WLM policies
- Policy repository
 - WLM policies are stored in a repository integrated in the z/OSMF file system
 - Policies can be exported to the local workstation or a host data set as well as imported from a file or a host data set
 - Policies or best-practice recommendations can be printed for further study
 - Integrated operation history makes manual tracking superfluous
- Installation and activation of WLM policies
- Monitoring of the WLM status in the sysplex
- Administration and operation tasks can be performed simultaneously
 - Simplified migration: Policy elements can be copied from one service definition to another
 - Simplified operation: You can start to edit a policy, interrupt the editing to activate a policy, and then continue with the editing without loosing the context
- z/OSMF Workload Management synchronizes automatically with z/OS WLM
- Different authorization levels: View, Install, Modify (V1.13)



z/OSMF Workload Management Service Definition Repository



- Integrated repository for service definitions
- Service definitions can be
 - Imported
 - Exported
 - Printed
 - Viewed or edited
 - Created or Copied
 - Installed on the sysplex
- Indications
 - If service definition is installed and active
 - If service definitions are being viewed or edited
 - If messages exist for a service definition

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z/OSMF Workload Management Editing Service Definitions



in Orlando

2011

- Simplified creation, modification and review of service definitions
 - Policy elements are presented in tables
 - Tables can be filtered and sorted
 - Direct editing of policy elements within tables
 - Best-practice hints are displayed automatically while specifying policy elements
 - Several service definitions can be opened simultaneously
 - Cut, Copy, Paste of policy elements between service definitions

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z/OSMF Workload Management The new WLM Control Center in z/OSMF V1.12



A complete overview is presented in session 10012 Manage your Workloads and Performance with z/OSMF Thursday, August 11, 2011: 3:00 PM – 4:00 PM



Agenda

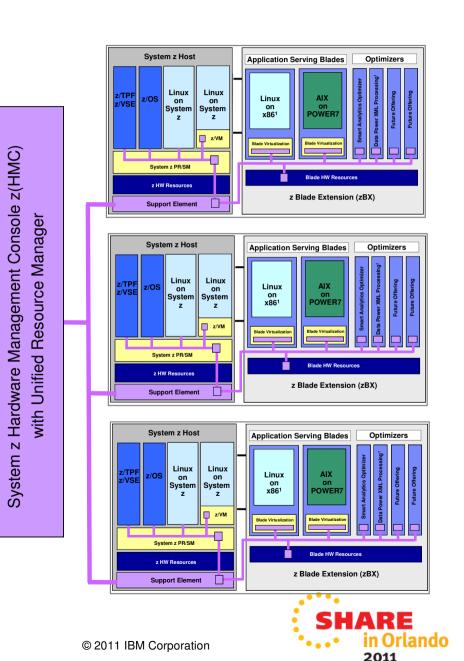


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zEnterprise Ensembles

- Ensemble
 - A zEnterprise Ensemble is a collection of zEnterprise Nodes managed as a single virtualized pool of server resources
 - Native LPAR and z/VM Virtual Images
 - Power VM Virtual images
 - IBM Smart Analytics Optimizer for DB2
 - A zEnterprise Node can be a member of at most one Ensemble
- zEnterprise Unified Resource Manager
 - allows for the management and optimization of a zEnterprise Ensemble as a single resource pool
 - System z Hardware Management Console (HMC) is management console
 - Ensemble-wide scope of responsibility





zEnterprise Platform Performance Manager



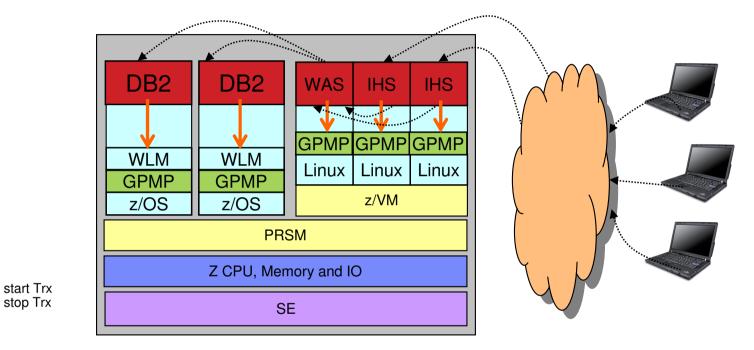
- Platform management component responsible for goal-oriented resource monitoring, management, and reporting across the zEnterprise Ensemble
 - Core component responsible for definition and implementation of goal-oriented management policy
 - Workload monitoring and reporting based on management policy
 - Extend goal oriented approach of z/OS WLM to platform managed resources
 - Orchestration of autonomic management of resources across virtual servers
 - Provide Intelligent Resource Director like function across the zEnterprise
 - Management functions will evolve over time
 - Pushes management directives to the Support Element, Hypervisors, and OS agents as required across the zEnterprise
- Integration of HMC console support
 - Integrated UI for monitoring, display of workload topology relationships, status alerts, etc.
 - Definition of Performance Management Goals and Policy Administration
- Functionality integrated into the zEnterprise Unified Resource Manager
 - Code structured and packaged as System z firmware
 - Inter-Component communication over trusted internal platform management network

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zEnterprise Platform Performance Manager Resource management based on understanding of overall workload flow





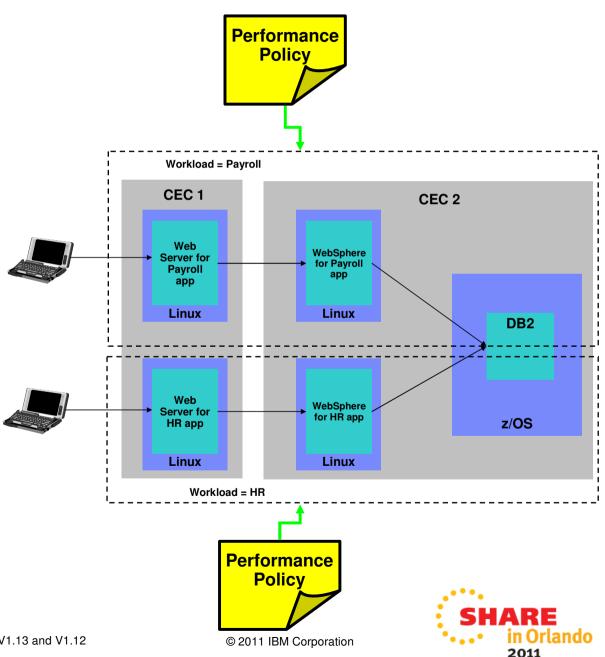
- Applications / middleware has to be instrumented with ARM Application Response Measurement (Open Group Standard) to collect transaction statistics
 - Enables to monitor the flow of transactions
 - Enables to monitor transaction response times and processing statistics
- OS Agent guest platform management provider (GPMP)
 - is required to identify individual units of work
 - collects data about processes / address spaces and transactions
 - passes data to Platform Performance Manager
 - On z/OS the data is collected by WLM



Unified Resource Manager Platform Workload Definition



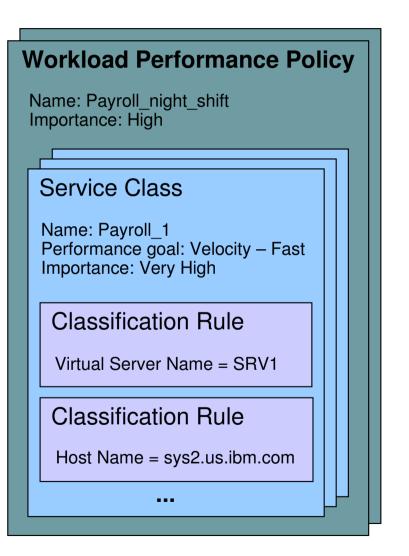
- A Platform Workload is a grouping mechanism and "management view" of virtual servers and optimiziers supporting a business application
- Provides the context within which associated platform resources are presented, monitored, reported, and managed
- Management policies are associated to Platform Workload
 - Currently supports Performance Policy



Unified Resource Manager Workload Performance Policy



- Defines performance goals for virtual servers in a workload
 - Conceptually similar to simplified z/OS WLM Policy
- Provides basis for monitoring and management of platform resources used by virtual servers in a Workload
- Workload to performance policy relationship:
 - A Workload can have multiple performance policies associated with it
 - Single policy is active at a given time
 - Can dynamically change the policy that is active
 - Through the UI
 - Through a timed based schedule
 - Example: Day shift policy / night shift policy

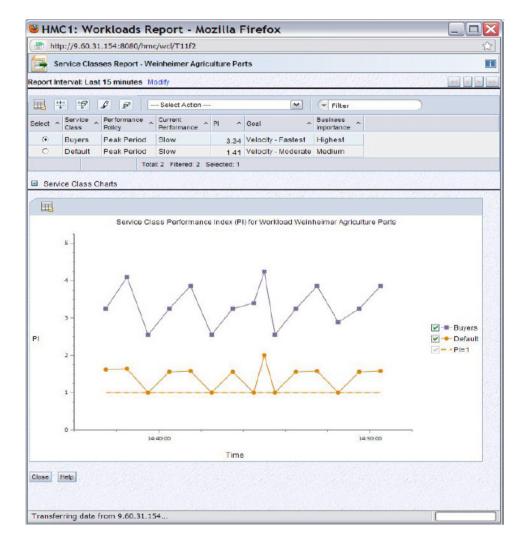




Unified Resource Manager Workload Based Monitoring and Reporting



- Provide reporting capability that shows usage of platform resources in a Workload context with a zEnterprise Ensemble scope
 - Across virtual servers and optimizers supporting the Workload
- Workload goal vs. actual reporting
- Drill down from overall Workload "performance health" view to contributions of individual virtual server / optimizers
- Graphical views
 - Topology, trending graphs, etc.
- Links to system activity displays to show hardware utilization views
- Reporting limited to platform level resources, not trying to replace tools that report on intra-OS resources and performance





Unified Resource Manager – Transaction Topology and Hops Report



- Topology of virtual servers
- Transaction statistics
- Requires ARMinstrumented middleware
 - E.g. IBM HTTP server, WebSphere Application Server, DB2 on all supported platforms

t Interval: Starting 7/28/10 6:50		
pla8249_AIX6.1	pla8248_AIX6.1	AIX6.1F

Hops Report - scEveryone in									
Report Interval: Starting 7/28/10	6:50:03	PM to current tir	ne Modify			CUT STAND STATE A			<<
Details for scEveryone									
Workload: w7_28_130 Performance goal: Velocity - Moderate PI: 0.40		ance policy: p1 s importance: Mediu ance: Faste							
📲 🖗 🖋 🖻 🔤 Select Action	- * (* FR	ter)							
Name	Hop Number	Group ^	Successful Transactions	Faied Transactions	Stopped Transactions	Inflight Transactions	Queue Time (s)	Execution Time (s)	Successful Average Response Time (s)
B Hop 0	C)	200	0	0	2	0.000	0.000	0.03
BM DB2 Universal Database	0	0 db2inst1	0	0	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.00
a IBM Webserving Plugin	(BM_HTTP_Server	200	0	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.03
pla8249_AIX6.1	¢)	200	0	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.01
WebSphere: APPLICATION_SERVEP	1 0) server1	0	0	0	1	0.000	0.000	0.00
pla8248_AIX6.1	0)	D	0	0	1	0.000	0.000	0.00
a HelloWorld	C) Examples	0	0	0	1	0.000	0.000	0.00
B Hop 1	1	L	200	0	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.00
WebSphere: APPLICATION_SERVER	1	l server1	200	0	0	0			
pla8248_AIX6.1	1	1	200	0	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.00
a Hop 2	5		800	0	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.00
BIBM DB2 Universal Database		2 db2inst1	800	0			0.000		

z/OS Workload Management Update for z/OS V1.13 and V1.12

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WLM support for Unified Resource Manager



- The guest platform management provider (GPMP) is the interface between the Unified Resource Manager and the z/OS Workload Manager
- GPMP
 - passes to WLM information about the platform wide performance goals of workloads in which the z/OS is participating
 - sends data provided by WLM to the HMC for platform performance monitoring
 - Server configuration and high level performance statistics collected on z/OS
 - Aggregated transaction response time and resource data for the ARMinstrumented applications

- WLM
 - supports GPMP configuration and management by new WLM service definition options, commands, and messages
 - manages the GPMP address space (start, stop, and restart)
 - displays GPMP status information
 - collects and aggregates performance measurements for GPMP



WLM support for Unified Resource Manager Service Definition Enhancements for GPMP



- z/OS V1R12 introduces WLM functionality level LEVEL025 to support Unified Resource Manager and GPMP
- Unified Resource Manager Service Classes can be classified to WLM service and report classes by specifying classification rules for subsystem EWLM
 - Work qualifier ETC (EWLM transaction class name) is no longer supported
 - Work qualifier type ESC (EWLM service class name) is used to correlate Unified Resource Manager service classes with WLM service or report classes

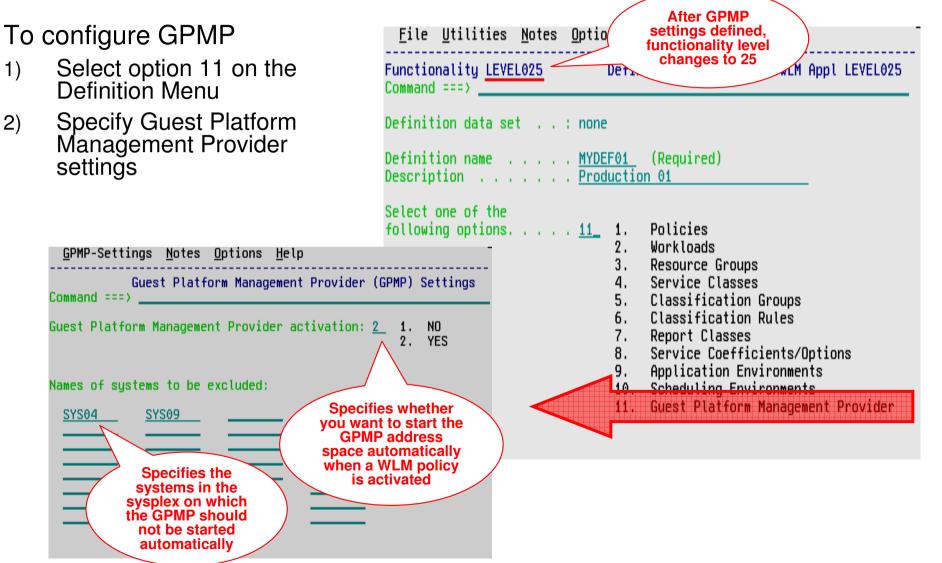
Action	Qu Type	alifier Name	Start		Class Service	Report
1 2	ESC	Booking System	9	DEFAULTS:		
3 4	ESC ESC	GoldS ice	Serv 15 e 23		SERVCLS3	

- Although z/OS V1R12 simply disregards ETC classification rules, you have to delete them the next time you modify the EWLM subsystem type classification rules
 - Message IWMAM726 ETC is not a recognized qualifier type is displayed when pressing F3=Exit
 - Rows with ETC rules have to be deleted before F3 becomes successful



WLM support for Unified Resource Manager Service Definition Enhancements for GPMP







WLM support for Unified Resource Manager GPMP Configuration and Management



- On policy activation
 - WLM checks whether the service definition has valid GPMP settings
 - If activate=yes and system name not specified on excluded-list, GPMP is started automatically
- Also, you can use the **MODIFY WLM** command
 - To start the GPMP on a system
 - To stop the GPMP on a system
 - Intended for recovery actions. Recommended is to manage GPMP through WLM
- Once you stopped the GPMP manually, the GPMP switches into "manual mode". It is not automatically restarted even if a WLM policy with a valid GPMP configuration gets activated
 - Status maintained until next IPL



WLM support for Unified Resource Manager GPMP related Commands



- Use the MODIFY WLM,GPMP command to start, stop, and modify the guest platform management provider:
 - F WLM,GPMP,START
 - Indicates that you want to start the GPMP

```
        16.55.59 WLMG
        f wlm,gpmp,start

        16.55.59 WLMG STC00752
        $HASP373 HVEMCA
        STARTED

        16.55.59 WLMG STC00752
        IEF4031 HVEMCA - STARTED - TIME=16.55.59
```

- F WLM,GPMP,STOP
 - Indicates that WLM stops the currently active GPMP instance

```
        17.03.39 WLMG
        f wlm,gpmp,stop

        17.03.39 WLMG STC00753
        IEF404I HVEMCA - ENDED - TIME=17.03.39

        17.03.39 WLMG STC00753
        $HASP395 HVEMCA ENDED
```

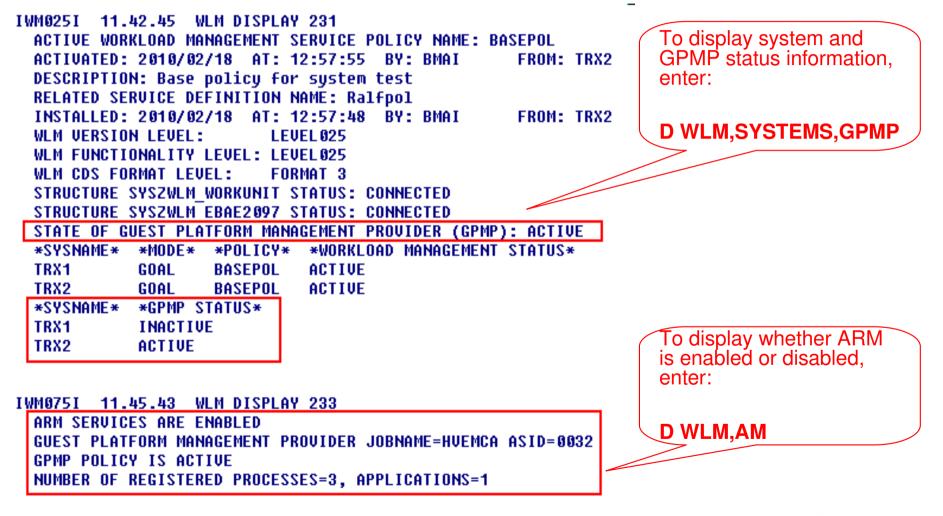
- F WLM,GPMP,TRACE=NONE|LOW|MEDIUM|HIGH,DEST=FILE| MEMORY
 - Enables you to change the GPMP internal tracing level "on the fly" and to change the destination of the trace (file or memory)



WLM support for Unified Resource Manager GPMP related Commands



DISPLAY WLM command extensions:





WLM support for Unified Resource Manager GPMP related Commands



- The existing MODIFY WLM, AM=DISABLE | ENABLE command is not changed, but the logic for DISABLE/ENABLE changed in the following way:
 - Disabling ARM (Application Response Measurement) will terminate a running GPMP
 - Manually starting the GPMP (using the MODIFY WLM,GPMP,START command) when ARM is disabled will result in message IWM078E
 - Activating a WLM policy that contains valid GPMP settings will <u>not</u> result in the start of a GPMP instance, if ARM is disabled
 - The state of the GPMP will be displayed as "DISABLED", if ARM is disabled
 - If ARM is enabled again, the state of the GPMP will change to "STOPPED". To start the GPMP again, it has to be started manually



WLM support for Unified Resource Manager GPMP Installation



- GPMP must be authorized to run as a trusted started task
- Sample job HVEENV provided in SYS1.SAMPLIB to
 - define the GPMP security setup (see STEP01)
 - configure the execution environment for the GPMP (see STEP02)
- Modify following variables according to your specific environment:

Variable	Description
DATA_ROOT	Directory on UNIX where the GPMP stores the configuration and diagnostics data
JREBIN_ROOT	Directory on UNIX where the Java executable is located
LOGFILE_ROOT	Directory where the GPMP startup related diagnostics messages will be stored
MCA_USER	The user created in STEP01 of the JCL. It is recommended to keep HVEMCA1 as the user name.
MCA_GROUP	The group created in STEP01 of the JCL. It is recommended to keep HVEMCA as the group name.
MCA_JAVADUMPS	Optional USS directory where GPMP Java, Heap, SNAP, CEE dumps will be created
ENV_PROFILE	The UNIX profile to be used by the GPMP. This should contain environmental information, for example, TimeZone, Locale.

- Run the JCL from an authorized user with UID=0
- STEP01 must be modified when running GPMP in a SECLABEL environment
 - Example provided in Chapter 15 of the WLM Planning Guide



WLM support for Unified Resource Manager Prerequisites



- Hardware
 - z196 with zEnterprise Unified Resource Manager
 - Guest platform management provider on z/OS cannot be started on pre-z196 servers
 - If started on pre-z196 servers, message IWM078E GUEST PLATFORM MANAGEMENT PROVIDER CANNOT BE STARTED, FUNCTION NOT AVAILABLE is issued on the console
- Software
 - z/OS V1R12 and OA30928
 - For z/OS V1R10 and V1R11: OA30928



Agenda



- Transaction Management Enhancements
 - Non Shell Enclave Server Management
 - CICS Region / Response Time Management
 - Response Time Distribution for Execution Velocity Goals
- Hiperdispatch APARs
- WLM Support for I/O Priority Manager in DS8K Series
- WLM Support for IBM zEnterprise 196
- Temporary Capacity Reporting via SYSEVENT REQLPDAT
- z/OSMF Workload Management
- WLM support for Unified Resource Manager
- Capacity Provisioning Update Summary
- WLM Tools Overview



Capacity Provisioning Enhancements in z/OS V1.13

- Capacity Provisioning management enhancements
 - Provisioning increments allow for faster or more aggressive provisioning
 - Recurring time condition support allows to define recurring time windows
 - Allows to avoid ENABLE and DISABLE commands
 - Statement of Direction to withdraw support for the SNMP
 - z/OS BCPii is the recommend protocol
- Control Center Enhancements
 - Support the 32- and 64-bit versions of Microsoft Windows 7 Professional Edition
- New with z/OSMF V1.13:
 - Capacity Provisioning monitoring task

z/OS V1.13: Primary and secondary capacity quantum

SHARE Technology - Connections - Results

- Up to z/OS 1.12 CPM increases capacity in small increments
 - On full speed models adding one processor at a time
- Starting with z/OS 1.13 CPM plans to support primary and secondary activation quantum
 - Primary quantum added for first activation on a given CPC
 - Secondary added on subsequent activations
 - Defined on "Maximum Provisioning Scope" Panels.
 - Only general purpose capacity supports primary and secondary quantum at this time.
 - Retrofit to z/OS V1.11, V1.12

rkspace Provisioning Manager Configurations	Maximur	n Provisioning Scope	e				
Policies	Policy: SAMPWLD)2					
- Campan Sampto - Campan Sampwld1							
SAMPWLD2							
Policy Timeline							
Logical Processor Scope	- Mawimum Drawiele	ning Comp					
Max. Provisioning Scope	Maximum Provisio	ning scope					
EndOfOct_DB	Add Limit	Delete Limit	Apply Cancel				
	Add Linit		Cancer				
	CPC	Max. MSU	Max. zAAP Processors	Max. zIIP Processors	Primary Activation (MSU)	Secondary Activations (MSU)	
EndOfOct_DB					1500	500	
	H05	2500	2	1	1500	500	

z/OS V1.13: Recurring time conditions

- Previously the CPM policy supported only fixed time intervals
 - Defined by start date/time and end date/time
- Starting with z/OS 1.13 CPM plans to support (weekly) recurring time conditions
 - Defined by start date, end date, start time, end time and day of week to which it applies
 - Plan to retrofit to z/OS V1.11, V1.12 •

z/05 Capacity Provisioning Control Cer	nter - Domain GUI2													<u>×</u>
e <u>O</u> ptions <u>H</u> elp														
Workspace	Time Cond	itions												<u> </u>
Domain	Time Conditions Prop	perties —												
Configurations Configuration	Policy:		MPWLD2											
GAMPTD GAMPWLD 1		Rule: EndOfOct_DB												
SAMPWLD2		Condition: EndOfOct_DB Times displayed in Time Zone: UTC												
🖻 🧀 Rules														
EndOfOct_DB	Nonrecurring Recurring	ng												
EndOfOct_DB	Add Time Conditio	n Dup	licate Time Con	dition	Delete Tir	ne Condition	Apply		Cancel					
EndOfOct_WEB	Name	Start Date	End Date	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Start Time	Deadline	End Time	
	November	Nov 1, 2010	Nov 30, 2010		V						11:00 AM	8:00 AM	10:00 AM	-
													Þ	
												•	SH/	
z/OS Wo	rkload Management	Update for	z/OS V1.13	and V1	.12		(© 2011	IBM Corr	oration				in O



Capacity Provisioning Support of zEnterprise 196 Static Power Save Mode

• Commands to disable or enable static power save mode:

Syntax



 Existing reports are extended to report on power-save capability, and whether power-save mode can currently be enabled

CPC R35 with record * is enabled (default enabled) CPC is matched with serial 000020089F25 since 07/23/2010 13:32:13 Hardware is of type 2817 with model M49 Current model is 722 with 2119 MSU, 1 zAAPs, and 1 zIIPs No usable 00CoD record available Power save mode is enabled

- If power-save mode cannot be re-enabled in current period: "Power save mode is disabled and not allowed"
- For CPCs supporting static power save mode the Provisioning Manager will not consider adding capacity based on the active policy while in power save mode
 - Already activated temporary capacity may be deactivated
 - ACTIVATE RESOURCE and DEACTIVATE RESOURCE commands are not affected by power save mode.
- Requires Automate version of the zEnterprise Unified Resource Management suite
 - CPC Power Saving setting must be "Custom"
 - Also see "Controlling IBM zEnterprise 196 Static Power Save Mode via MVS Capacity Provisioning Manager (CPM)" at <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/techdocs/atsmastr.nsf/WebIndex/WP101869</u>



Capacity Provisioning New Function Overview

	-

z/OS (CPM) release	V1.13	V1.12	V1.11	V1.10	V1.9
Function					
Capacity increments Recurring time conditions	+	OA35284	OA35284	OA35284 Toleration- only	
CPCC Windows 7 support	+				
z196 Static Power Save Mode	+	OA30433	OA30433	OA30433	OA30433 Toleration- only
Samples for security definitions (CIM, CPM, z/OSMF)	+	+ (OA32854)			
Control Center reporting enhancements, Windows Vista™ support	+	+			
CICS/IMS transaction classes support	+	+	OA29641	OA29641	
RMF provider can locate DDS dynamically	+	+	OA31118	OA31118	
z/OS BCPii Support and Logical Processor Mgmt	+	+	+	OA25426 OA24945	
z/OSMF release Function	V1.13	V1.12	V1.11	V1.10	V1.9
CPM Status Monitoring	+				

72 +: Support "Integrated" Into release blase V1.12







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WLM Tools: A Summary



ΤοοΙ	Name	Description	Content	Support
SVDEF	Service Definition Formatter	Uses output from WLM Administrative Administration to display content of service definition in a workstation spreadsheet	Excel/workstati on	Not updated anymore but still available on WLM Tools page
WSE	Service Definition Editor	Allows to create, modify, retrieve and install WLM service definitions	Java program on workstation	YES!! Available
WLMQUE	Application Environme nt Viewer	Allows to monitor WLM Application Environments	ISPF Tool	YES!! Available
WLMOPT	OPT Display	Display WLM/SRM OPT Parameters	IPF Tool	No!! Obsoleted by RMF in z/OS V1.11

http://www-03.ibm.com/servers/eserver/zseries/zos/wlm/tools/



WLM Tools Service Definition Editor



2	🖻 🖥 🎍	<u>x</u> 🗈 🛍		■ * ▲ ▼ ?	loc	al 🔻		•			A	<i>Q</i>
		cation Groups	C	lassifications Service	Para		Applicatio <u>n</u> Er	wironme				iron <u>m</u> ents
	Name	ervice Definition ServiceClasses	Devied	Resource Groups Goal	Im		Workloads ResponseTime	Dama		Service Policies ResourceGr		Report Classes
ŀ	WKLDASC	ServiceClasses	Fenou	Guai	<u> IIII</u>	Duration	Responserime	Ferce	Lever	Resourceor	<u></u>	ALL APPC Transaction
ŀ	WKLDASC	A3V30STD								GBATCH20	No	ASCH default Service Class
ŀ	WKLDASC	A3V30STD	1	Velocity	2	500			10			
	WKLDASC	A3V30STD	2	Velocity	2	-			8			
	WKLTJK											All Batch Jobs
	WKLTJK	B4V10STD								-	No	Batch Standard VEL 10 IMP 4
	WKLTJK	B4V1 used by :		elocity	4	-			10			
	WKLTJK	B4V20510	ation : JE	S						-	No	Batch Standard VEL 20 IMP 4
	WKLTJK	B4V20STD	1	Velocity	4	1000			20			
	WKLTJK	B4V20STD	2	Velocity		-			10			
ſ	WKLDTSO]									ALL TSO USERIDS
	WKLDTSO	T2335DEV									No	Developer (Standard) TSO
	WKLDTSO	T23 Insert	•	PrecentileResponseTime	2	2500	00:00:02.000	98				
	WKLDTSO	T23 Insert Be	fore →	AverageResponseTime	3	300000	00:00:20.000	95				
	WKLDTSO	T23 Insert Aft		PercentileResponseTime	5	-			10			
	WKLDTSO	T23 Replace I	yy ►								No	Production TSO Helpers
	WKLDTSO	T23 Cut		PrecentileResponseTime	2	2000	00:00:01.000	99				
Ŀ		Delete		DresentileDecoopceTime	2	10000	00000000000	00				
		ce value can not be	slight	Element Workload "WKLTJK"/ServiceClass "B4V20STD"/Velocity (#1 ightly different velocity levels Workload "WKLDASC"/ServiceClass "A3V30STD"								



WLM Tools Display WLM/SRM OPT Parameter (WLM Tool, supported up to R10)



Command ===>	Scroll ===> PAGE .
	WLM OPT Settings >SAVE< .
System: AQFT	Version: z/OS 011100 OPT: FT Time: not issued .
0PT-Parameter:	Value: Description: .
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ABNORMALTERM	Yes Abnormal term. used in routing rec.
BLWLTRPCT	5 CPU cap. to promote blocked work .
BLWLINTHD	20 Time blocked work waits for help
CCCAWMT	3200,3200 AWM time value (defined, used)
ZAAPAWMT	3200,3200 AWM time value for zAAPs (def, used) .
ZIIPAWMT	3200,3200 AWM time value for zIIPs (def, used) .
CNTCLIST	No Clist commands count individually .
CPENABLE	10,30 LOW,HI thresh for % TPI int. $ imes$ 100 .
DVIO	Yes Specifies w/ directed VIO is active .
ERV	1000,E6 Eng res. CPU Service and DP
HIPERDISPATCH	Yes,Yes Hiperdispatch value(inOPT, Running)
IFAHONORPRIORITY	Yes Spedifies if CPs may help zAAPs
IIPHONORPRIORITY	Yes Spedifies if CPs may help zIIPs
INITIMP	0,FE INITIMP value and DP for initiators .
MCCAFCTH	400,800 LOW,HIGH central threshold .
MCCFXEPR	92 % of storage fixed within first 16MB .
MCCFXTPR	80 % of online storage fixed
PROJECTCPU	No CPU projection for zAAPs and zIIPs .
RCCFXTT	66,72 Low,High Logical MPL threshold .
RCCFXET	82,88 Low,High Physical MPL threshold .
RMPTTOM	1000 SRM invocation interval .
STORAGENSDP	Yes Set Non-swappable AS non dispatchable .
STORAGEWTOR	Yes Issue IRA221D and IRA421D
IRA405I	46,32,32 IRA405I warning level: 16M,2G,Tot .
VARYCPU	No VARYCPU is enabled .
VARYCPUMIN	1 VARYCPUMIN value
WASROUTINGLEVEL	0 WebSphere Routing Level .



WLM Tools Display WLM/SRM OPT Parameter (RMF Monitor II OPT Report)



Command ===>	RM	F - OPT Set	ttings			S		1 of 29 ==> PAGE
	CPU=	4 UIC=	65K P	R=	0	Sy	stem= W	LM1 Tota
OPT: 00 Parameter ·	Time: N/A	N-1	11-24			D		
Parameter ·	- Default	- value	UNIT			Descri	ption -	
ABNORMALTERM	Yes	Yes	Y/N	Abnor	mal te	rminat	ions in	routing
3LWLINTHD	20							for help
BLWLTRPCT	5	5	0/00	CPU c	ap. to	promo	te bloc	ked work
CCAWMT	12000						nagemen	t time
ZAAPAWMT	12000	12000	usec	AWM t	ime va	lue fo	r zAAPs	
ZIIPAWMT	12000	12000	usec	AWM t	ime va	lue fo	r zIIPs	
INTCLIST	No	No	Y/N	Clist	comma	nds co	unt ind	ividuall
PENABLE	10,300,0	10,30	%	Thres	hold f	or TPI	(low, h	igh)
OVIO	Yes	Yes	Y/N	Direc	ted VI	0 is a	ctive	
RV	500	500/CB	SÜ	Enque	eue nes	idency	CPU Se	rvice/DP
HIPERDISPATCH	No	No/No	Y/N	Hiper	dispat	ch is	desired	rvice/DP /active
FAHONORPRIORITY	Yes	Yes	Y/N	Allow	is CPs	to hel	p zAAPs	
IPHONORPRIORITY	Yes	Yes	Y/N	Allow	is CPs	to hel	p zIIPs	
INITIMP	0	0/FE	#	INITI	MP val	ue/DP	for ini	tiators
[RA4051	70, 50, 50	70, 50, 50	%	Fixed	stora	ge of	<16M,16	M-2G, tot
1AXPROMOTETIME	6	6	*10s	Holde	er allo	wed to	run pr	omoted
ICCAFCTH	400,800	400,800	#	Thres	hold f	or sto	rage (1	ow, ok)
1CCFXEPR	92		%	Fixed	stora	ge thr	eshold -	< 16 MB
ICCFXTPR	80		%	Fixed	lonlin	e stor	age thr	eshold
PROJECTCPU	No		Y/N	CPU p	project	ion fo	r zAAPs	, zIIPs
RCCFXET	82,88	82,88	%	Physi	cal MP	L thre	shold (Ìow,high
RCCFXTT	66,72	66,72	%	Logic	al MPL:	thres	hold (l	ow,high)
MPTTOM .	1000 3000							
RTPIFACTOR	100	100	%	PI af	fects	server	routin	g weight
STORAGENSWDP	Yes	Yes Yes	Y/N	Sets	non-sw	ap. AS	ID non-	dispatch
STORAGEWTOR	Yes	Yes	Y/N	WTOR	to can	cel AS	in sho	rtage
/ARYCPU	Yes	Yes	Y/N	VARYC	PU is	enable	d	
/ARYCPUMIN	1	1			PUMIN			
VASROUTINGLEVEL	0	0	#	WebSp	ohere r	outing	level	
		END I SWAP lis Fi	F4=RET		F5=R F11=R		F6=5	ORT ETRIEVE



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WLM TOOLS WLMOPT – WLM Application Environment Viewer



	Command ===>						Scrol	ι ===>	PAGE	
			Applica	tion I	Environ	ment Moni	tor			
	Selection: >H	ELP<	AVE< >0VI	J< >A	_L< \A	E=SYSBATC	H			
	System: AQFT					ion: z/OS		Time:	06:22:	27
	- 3	-9-								
	ApplEnv_ Type	SubName	WMAS D	el Du	NO OL	en Str Ha	v Unb Ti	rm Min	Max	ICnt .
	SYSBATCH JES		0031 N		3	0 0 1		0 0		0
	WorkQue_ Del W	nt Hav	ICnt Oue	In Oi	ieOut O	uelen Oue	Tot A	ct Idl		
	WLMLONG No	7 7	0	0	0	0	0		3	
	WLMSHORT No	3 3	0	Ō	Ō	0	Ō		0	
	COMBUILD No	2 2	0	õ	õ	õ	õ	1	1	
								-	-	
	SvAS Binding_	Ter Opr	Btc Dem	Have	Jobnam	e				
	0043 WLMLONG		Yes No		BCNDEV					
÷			Yes No			S.2.SEAS.	2. JBNT			
	0166 WLMLONG		Yes No		SERV99		2102112			
		No No	Yes No		SERV99					
	015A COMBUILD		Yes No	1	C90SPA					
		No No	Yes No		INIT					
		No No	Yes No		INIT					
	0152 COMBUILD		Yes No		INIT					
	0229 WLMSHORT		Yes No	1	BMGX1\$					
			Yes No	1	INIT					
	0050 WLMSHORT		Yes No			S.2.SEAS.	11.JBNT			
	01A5 WLMSHORT		Yes No		INIT					
				-						

