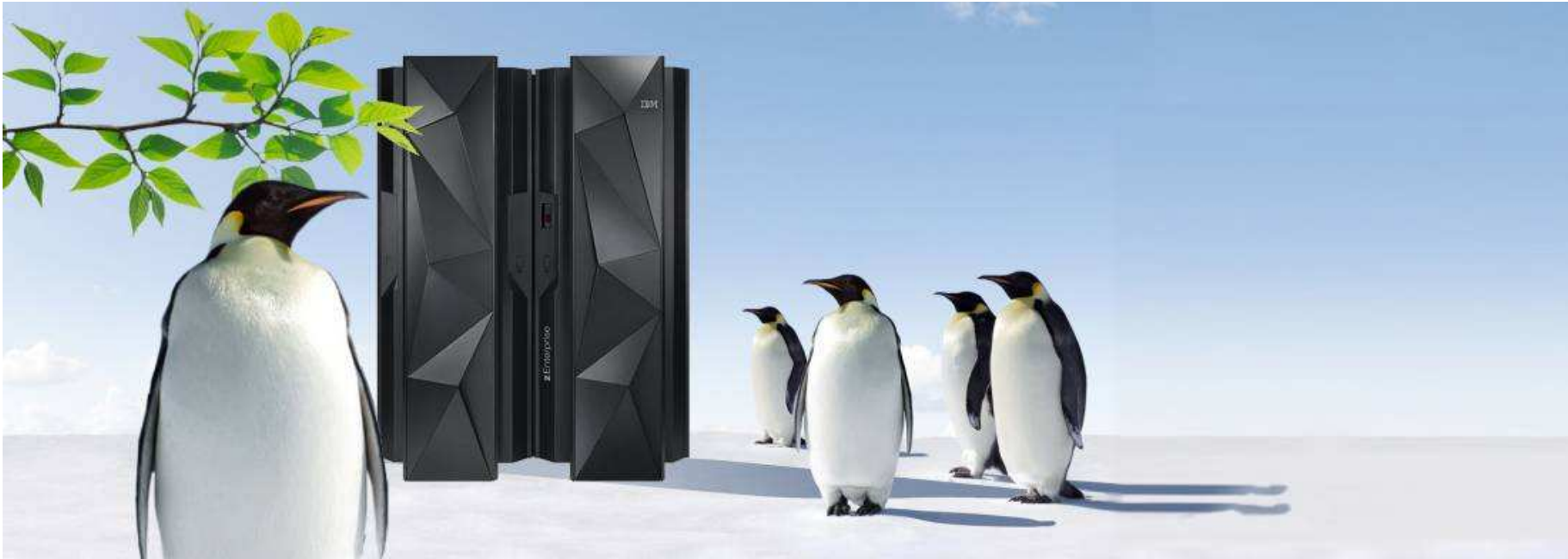


# Linux on System z - What's New ?



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## **Notes:**

Performance is in Internal Throughput Rate (ITR) ratio based on measurements and projections using standard IBM benchmarks in a controlled environment. The actual throughput that any user will experience will vary depending upon considerations such as the amount of multiprogramming in the user's job stream, the I/O configuration, the storage configuration, and the workload processed. Therefore, no assurance can be given that an individual user will achieve throughput improvements equivalent to the performance ratios stated here. IBM hardware products are manufactured from new parts, or new and serviceable used parts. Regardless, our warranty terms apply. All customer examples cited or described in this presentation are presented as illustrations of the manner in which some customers have used IBM products and the results they may have achieved. Actual environmental costs and performance characteristics will vary depending on individual customer configurations and conditions. This publication was produced in the United States. IBM may not offer the products, services or features discussed in this document in other countries, and the information may be subject to change without notice. Consult your local IBM business contact for information on the product or services available in your area. All statements regarding IBM's future direction and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only. Information about non-IBM products is obtained from the manufacturers of those products or their published announcements. IBM has not tested those products and cannot confirm the performance, compatibility, or any other claims related to non-IBM products. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products. Prices subject to change without notice. Contact your IBM representative or Business Partner for the most current pricing in your geography.

# Agenda



- Linux Development
- Distributions
- System z Code News
- Tool-Chain

## Linux Trivia

- Kernel 1.0.0 176,250 lines of code
- Kernel 3.3 15,000,000 lines of code in 2012
- 3/4 is driver code
- 3 Billion USD estimated development costs
- 30 CPU architectures with many machine architectures
- 476 of the Top500 systems running Linux (performance 97.4%)
  - and growing
- 1.91% of desktop clients (browser stats)

source: [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linux\\_kernel](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linux_kernel)  
<http://www.top500.org>  
[www.w3counter.com](http://www.w3counter.com)

# IBM Integration with Linux Community

- Since 1999
- One of the leading contributors
- > 600 full-time developers in Linux and Open Source

## Linux Kernel & Subsystem Development

- Kernel Base
- Security
- Systems Mgmt
- Virtualization
- Filesystems
- and more ...

## Expanding the OpenSource Ecosystem

- Apache
- Eclipse
- Firefox
- OpenOffice
- and more ...

## Promoting Open Standards & Community Collaboration

- The Linux Foundation
- Linux Standards Base
- Common Criteria Certification
- and more ...

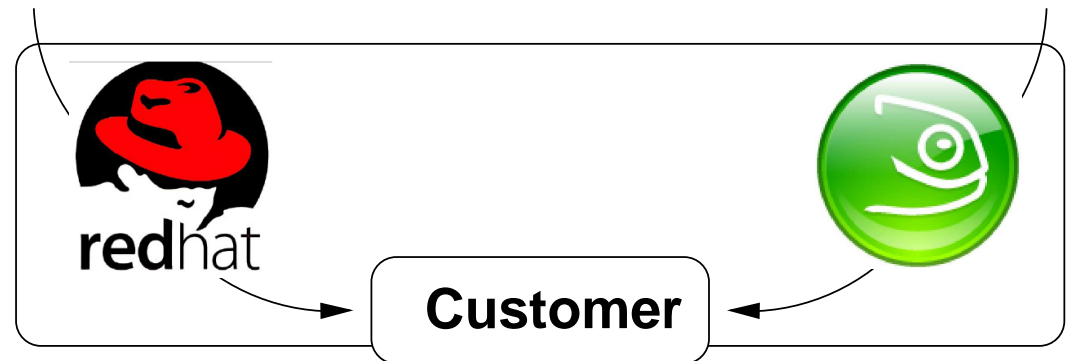
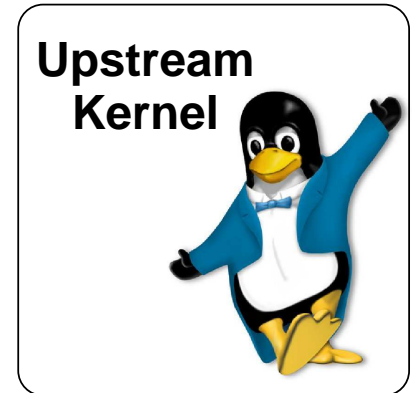
## Foster and Protect the Ecosystem

- Software Freedom Law Center
- Free Software Foundation (FSF)
- and more ...

# IBM Linux Development Process

IBM Linux on System z development contributes in the following areas



























- kernel
- s390-tools
- Open source tools (e.g. eclipse)
- gcc and glibc
- binutils



## Distributions

- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server
  - SLES 10 Service Pack 4 (GA 05/2011) end of regular life cycle
  - SLES 11 (GA 03/2009) kernel 2.6.32 gcc 4.3.3
    - Service Pack 3 (GA 07/2013) kernel 3.0.93
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux
  - RHEL 4 Update 9 (GA 02/2011) end of regular life cycle
  - RHEL 5 Update 9 (GA 01/2013)
  - RHEL 6 (GA 11/2010) kernel 2.6.32 gcc 4.4.7
    - Update 4 (GA 02/2013)
- Others
  - Debian
  - Slackware

## Supported Linux Distributions

	zEnterprise EC12 & BC12	zEnterprise z196 & z114	System z10	System z9	zSeries
RHEL 6	 *				<b>X</b>
RHEL 5	 *				
RHEL 4	<b>X</b>	 *			
SLES 11	 *				<b>X</b>
SLES 10	 *				
SLES 9	<b>X</b>	 *			

\* specific release level recommended or required, some new functions may not be available  
 see <http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/linux/resources/testedplatforms.html>



## System z Linux Features - Core

- Enable spinning mutex

- Make use of new common code for adaptive mutexes
- Add new architecture primitive `arch_mutex_cpu_relay` to exploit sigp sense running to avoid mutex lock retries if hypervisor has not scheduled the CPU holding the mutex



- Jump label support (3.0)

- Branch optimization for conditions that are rarely toggled e.g. tracepoints



- Two stage dumper - `kdump` support

- Uses Preloaded crash kernel
- Either panic triggered or stand-alone
- Can reduce dump size
- Can't dump z/VM Named Saved System (NSS)



## System z Linux Features - Core

- Allow to compare dump system with boot system



- z/VM 6.2 allows relocation of guests to other z/VM host systems
- Provide log of live-guest-relocations in runtime system and dump system for debugging

- Physical memory > 4 TB (kernel 3.3)



- libhugetlbfs support



- Enables the transparent use of large pages in C/C++ programs
- Provide large pages of anonymous data

- Transparent huge page support (kernel 3.7)











- Improve performance in memory intensive applications
- Reduce number of TLB entries and Page Faults
- Waste more memory when using

## System z Linux Features - Core

- System z hardware counters (kernel 3.4)
  - Counters for running in LPAR
    - basic counter set
    - problem-state counter set
    - crypto-activity counter set,
    - extended counter set with System z10
    - System zEC12 counter (kernel 3.7)
- Compile & disassemble support for zEC12 (kernel 3.8)
  - Add new instructions to the kernel disassembler and allow compiling with `-march=zEC12`







## System z Linux Features - I/O

- End-To-End data consistency checking  
- Support for hardware data router
  - FCP on FICON Express8S
  - Improve performance by reducing path length for data 
- Extended DASD statistics  
  - Add detailed per-device debugging of DASD I/Os via debugfs
  - Useful to analyze problems in particular for PAV and HPF
- Store I/O and initiate logging - SIOSL  
  - Enhance debug capability for FCP attached devices
  - Enables operating system to detect unusual conditions on a FCP channel

## System z Linux Features - I/O

- Safe offline interface for DASD devices (kernel 3.8)
  - Gracefully complete all outstanding I/O requests before a DASD is set offline
- DASD enhancements (kernel 3.11)
  - Add 'timeout' attribute
  - Implement block timeout handling
  - Number of retries configurable

## System z Linux Features - Network

- Improved QDIO performance statistics (2.6.33)  11.2
  - Converts global statistics to per-device statistics and adds adds new counter for the input queue full condition
- QDIO outbound scan algorithm (2.6.38)  11.2
  - Improve scheduling of QDIO tasklets
  - OSA, HiperSockets and zfcip need different thresholds
- Offload outbound checksumming (2.6.35)  6.1  11.2
  - Move calculation of checksum for non-TSO packets from the driver to the OSA network card
- IPv6 support for the qetharp tool  6.3  11.2
  - Extend the qetharp tool to provide IPv6 information in case of a layer 3 setup
  - Required for communication with z/OS via HiperSockets using IPv6

## System z Linux Features - Network

- Support Virtual Ethernet Port Aggregator (VEPA) mode



- Send all packages to networking switch to enable external routing
- Reduce CPU overhead in virtual machine
- Ensure isolation mode never falls back to non-isolated
- Check switch supports required configuration modes

- Toleration of optimized latency mode (2.6.35)



- OSA devices in optimized latency mode can only serve a small number of stacks / users print a helpful error message if the user limit is reached
- Linux does not exploit the optimized latency mode

- QETH debugging per single card (2.6.36)



- Split some of the global QETH debug areas into separate per-device areas
- Simplifies debugging for complex multi-homed configurations

## System z Linux Features - Network

- Change default standard blkt settings for OSA Express



- Add OSA concurrent hardware trap



- For better problem determination the qeth driver requests a hardware trace when the device driver or the hardware detect an error
- Allows correlation between OSA and Linux traces

- AF\_IUCV HiperSockets transport (kernel 3.2)



- Use HiperSockets completion queues to control traffic

- Multiple paths with netiucv between z/VM guests (kernel 3.3)

- Performance improvement with parallel IUCV paths

- Query OSA address table (kernel 3.4)

- Diagnostic option by getting a table of physical and logical device information



## System z Linux Features - Crypto

- 4096 bit RSA fast path (kernel 2.6.38)



- Make use of 4096 bit RSA acceleration available with Crypto Express3 GA2 cards

- CPACF exploitation of z196



- Add support for new crypto modes
  - Cipher feedback mode (CFB)
  - Output feedback mode (OFB)
  - Counter mode (CTR)
  - Galois counter mode (GCM)
  - XEX based Tweaked Code Book with Cipher Text Stealing (XTS),
  - Cipher based message authentication mode (CMAC)
  - Counter with cipher block chaining message authentication (CCM)

## System z Linux Features - Crypto

- libica APIs for supported crypto modes

- Programmatic way to query for supported crypto ciphers, modes and key sizes
- Information whether cryptographic features are implemented in hardware or software



- CPACF Support



- Crypto Express4S Support



- Support the SHA-256 in the opencryptoki CCA token



## System z Linux Features - Tools

- Fuzzy live dump
  - Dump live system without stopping
  - Possibly some data structures are inconsistent
    - But still useful in most cases
- Extend lscpu and add new chcpu tool
  - Display CPU topology and CPU state
  - chcpu can change rescan, change state and dispatching mode of CPUs
- SCSI device management tool (s390-tools 1.14.0)
  - Tool analog to chccwdev to enable or disable SCSI LUNs addressed by HBA/target port/LUN
- CMSFS user space filesystem support



## System z Linux Features - Compiler

- z196 exploitation
  - gcc 4.6
  - Use new instructions -march=z196
  - Use -mtune=z196 to use out-of-order execution
  - Performance improvements with new instructions - needs recompile
  - Use -mtune=z196 to use out-of-order execution



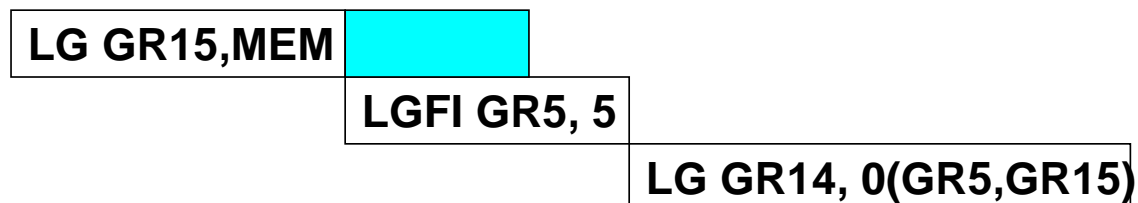
## Out of Order Execution

- Change order of instructions that have no dependencies
  - Use wait time to execute other instructions
- Improves instructions with long latencies, like memory access
- Faster Millicode execution

### In Order Execution



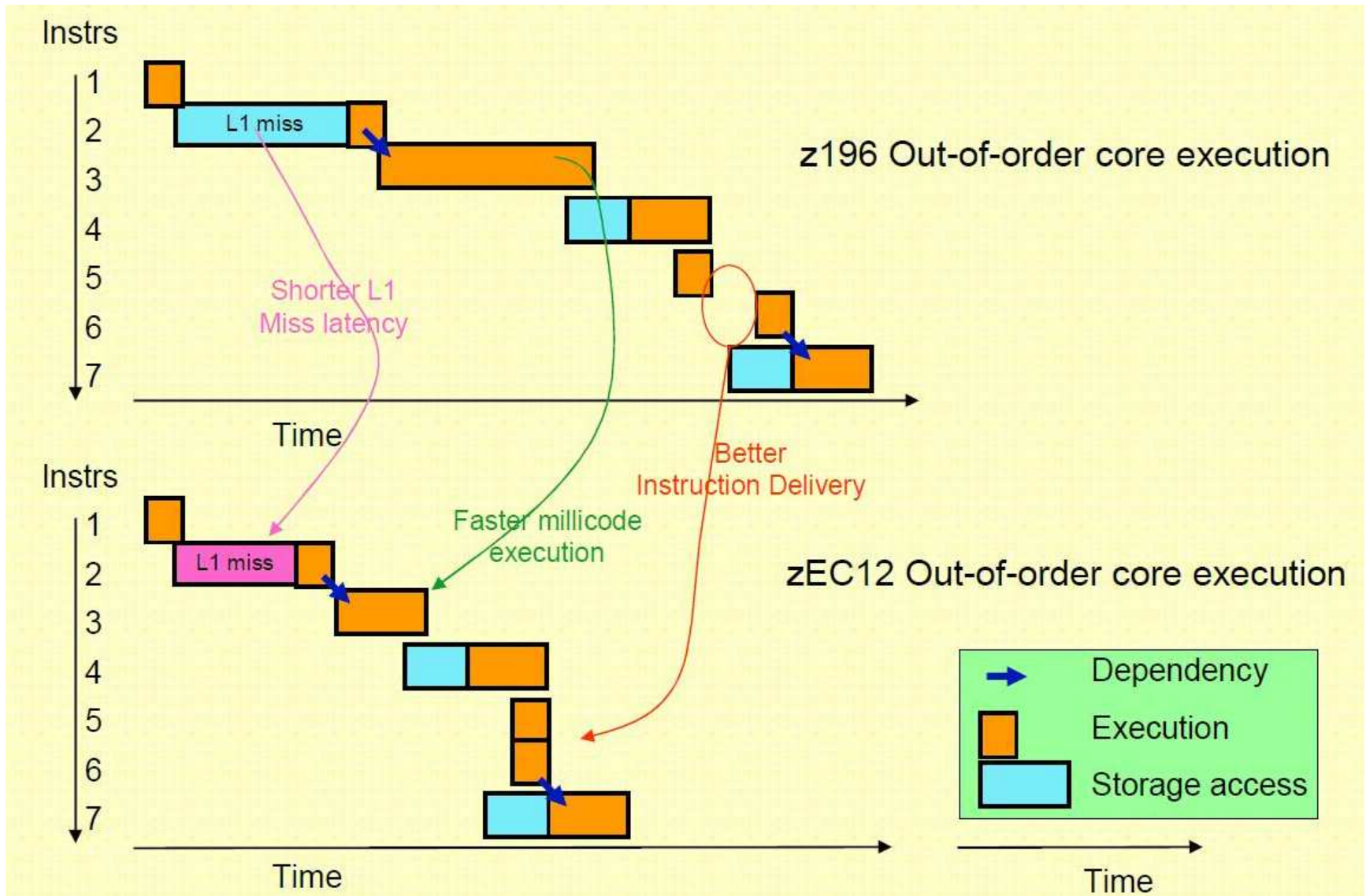
### Out of Order Execution



## Out of Order Execution

- Instruction Fetch
  - Wait for operands
  - Dispatch to functional unit
  - Execute instruction
  - Write back results to register file
- Instruction Fetch
  - Dispatch to Instruction Queue
  - Wait for operands
  - Dispatch to functional unit
  - Execute instruction
  - Queue Results
  - Write back results to register file

# Out of Order Execution



## System z Linux Features - zEC12 support

- Flash Express
  - Internal Solid State Disk
  - Up to 4 pairs of cards with max 6.4 TB
  - Concurrent update (kernel 3.8)
  
- Crypto Express4S
  - Indicates capabilities through bit field
  
- Compiler (gcc 4.8)
  - New instructions
  - Optimization for instruction pipeline
  
- Transactional Execution Facility
  
- Runtime instrumentation support





# Transactional Execution

- Also known as transactional memory
- Allows to execute a group of instructions atomically
- Typical pattern
  1. Lock
  2. Short operation
  3. Unlock
- Use case
  - Speculative execution
  - Avoid locks for code segments
  - Kernel support required for control register setup
- Transaction abort is expensive

```
spin_lock(&list_lock, 0, 1);  
list_add(new, &list_head);  
spin_unlock(&list_lock, 1, 0);
```

# Transactional Execution

```
spin_lock(&list_lock, 0, 1);
list_add(new, &list_head);
spin_unlock(&list_lock, 1, 0);
```

## Traditional Code

```
# spin_lock
larl %r3,list_lock
lhi %r1,1
lock: lhi %r0,0
cs %r0,%r1,0(%r3)
ltr %r0,%r0
jne lock
# list_add
larl %r4,list_head
lg %r5,0(%r4)
stg %r4,0(%r2)
stg %r5,8(%r2)
stg %r2,0(%r5)
stg %r2,8(%r4)
# spin_unlock
cs %r1,%r0,0(%r3)
br %r14 br %r14
```

## Transaction Execution Code

```
# begin transaction
tbeginc 0,0

# list_add
larl %r4,list_head
lg %r5,0(%r4)
stg %r4,0(%r2)
stg %r5,8(%r2)
stg %r2,0(%r5)
stg %r2,8(%r4)
# end transaction
tend
br %r14
```

## Changes Kernel 3.8

- Automatic NUMA balancing
  - New NUMA foundation
  - Allows for different NUMA placement policies
- ext4
  - Embed very small files in the inode
- btrfs
  - Fast device replacement
- Remove support for i386 processors

## Changes Kernel 3.9

- SSD cache devices
  - Device mapper target dm-cache allows to use SSD as cache for spinning disk
- rwsem-spinlock
  - Implement writer lock-stealing for better scalability
- sched
  - Add a tuning knob to allow changing SCHED\_RR timeslice
- softirq
  - Reduce latencies

## Changes Kernel 3.9

### • btrfs

- Add a new ioctl to get the label of a mounted file system (commit) and set/change it
- Add cancellation points to defrag
- Implement unlocked direct-io write
- Reduce CPU contention while waiting for delayed extent operations
- Reduce lock contention on extent buffer locks

### • ext4

- Add punching hole support for non-extent-mapped files
- Track the delay between when we first request that the commit begin and when it actually begins, so we can see how much of a gap exists

## Changes Kernel 3.10

- Timerless multitasking
- Btrfs
  - smaller, more space-efficient extent tree
- mutex locking scalability improvements
  - reduce cache line contention
- TCP optimization: Tail loss probe
  - Reduce latency of short transactions
  - Use fast recovery instead of waiting for retransmission timeout
- Implement NUMA affinity for unbound workqueues

## Changes Kernel 3.11

- Preliminary support for NFS 4.2 and SELinux Labeled NFS
  - Parallel NFS (pNFS)
  - Server Side Copy (SSC)
- Detailed tracking of which pages a task writes
  - For checkpoint-restore
  - Could be used for statistics and profiling
- Low latency network polling
  - A socket can request a shorter polling interval
- Add support for wound/wait style locks
  - Release a group of locks to avoid lock contention

## s390-tools

- A package with a set of user space utilities to be used with the Linux on System z distributions.
- THE essential tool chain for Linux on System z
- Contains everything from the boot loader to dump related tools for a system crash analysis .
- Contained in all major (and IBM supported) Enterprise Linux distributions which support s390
- RedHat Enterprise Linux
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server
- Website:  
<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/s390-tools.html>
- Feedback: [linux390@de.ibm.com](mailto:linux390@de.ibm.com)



## s390-tools

chccwdev chchp chreipl chshut chcrypt chmem CHANGE	dasdfmt dasdinfo dasdstat dasdview fdasd tunedasd DASD	dbginfo dumpconf zfcpdump zfcpdbf zgetdump scsi_logging_level DEBUG
lscss lschp lsdasd lsluns lsqeth lsreipl lsshut lstape lszcrypt lszfcp lsmem DISPLAY	mon_fsstatd mon_procd ziomon hyptop MONITOR	vmconvert vmcp vmur cms-fuse z/VM
	ip_watcher osasmpd qetharp qethconf NETWORK	cpuplugd iucvconn iucvty ts-shell ttyrun MISC
	tape390_display tape390_crypt TAPE	zipl BOOT

## s390-tools

- Dump on panic - prevent reIPL loop (1.8.4)
  - Delay arming of automatic reIPL after dump
  - Avoids dump loops where the restarted system crashes immediately
- Automatic menu support in zipl (1.11.0)
  - zipl option to create a boot menu for all eligible non-menu sections in zipl.conf
- re-IPL from device-mapper devices (1.12.0)
  - Automatic reIPL function only works with a physical device
  - Enhance the zipl support for device-mapper devices to provide the name of the physical device if the zipl target is located on a logical device
- Configuration tool for System z network devices (1.8.4)
  - Provide a shell script to ease configuration of System z network devices

## s390-tools

- Safe offline feature for DASD devices (1.21.0)
- Add Flash Express support to lscss (1.20.0)
- Live Dump support for zgetdump (1.19.0)
  - Use /dev/mem as source dump
  - creation of live dumps in all supported target formats
- Query OSA address table with qethqoat (1.18.0)
  - Display physical and logical device information
- Support for stand-alone kdump (1.18.0)
- Support for AF\_IUCV Completion Queue (1.17.0)
  - New hsuid attribute for lsqeth

## LNXHC - Linux Health Checker

- Command line tool for Linux.
- To identify potential problems before they impact your system performance, availability or cause outages.
- Collect and compare the active Linux settings and system status with the values provided by health-check authors or defined by the customer
- Produces detailed messages, which describe potential problems and the suggests solutions
- Can be easily extended by writing new health check plug-ins
- The Linux Health Checker is an open source project sponsored by IBM. It is released under the Eclipse Public License v1.0.  
<http://lnxhc.sourceforge.net>
- **BUT:** it's not a one size fits all tool !  
to be really useful it needs configuration using a system profile

# RedBooks

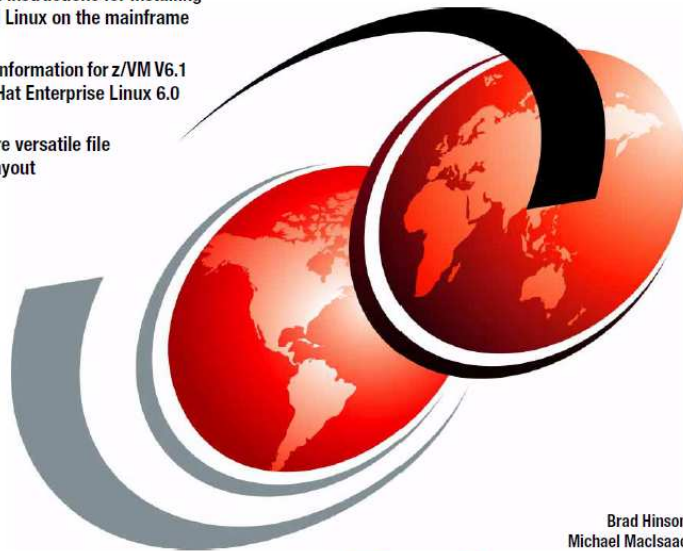


## **z/VM and Linux on IBM System z** The Virtualization Cookbook for Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.0

Hands-on instructions for installing z/VM and Linux on the mainframe

Updated information for z/VM V6.1 and Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.0

New, more versatile file system layout



Brad Hinson  
Michael MacIsaac

# Redbooks

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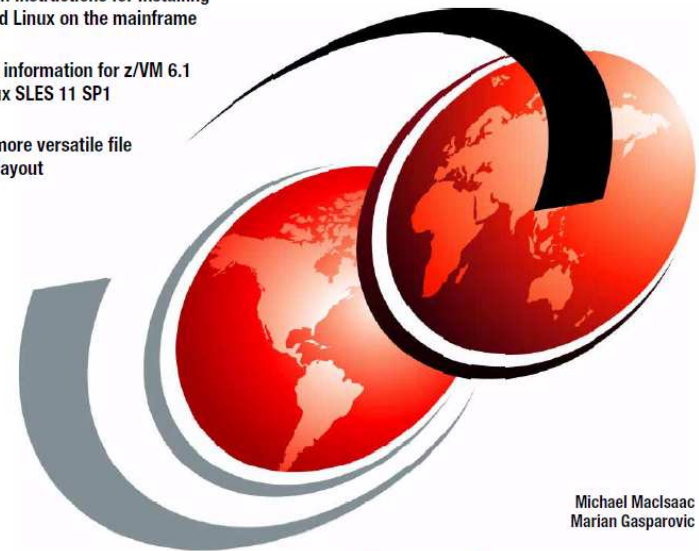


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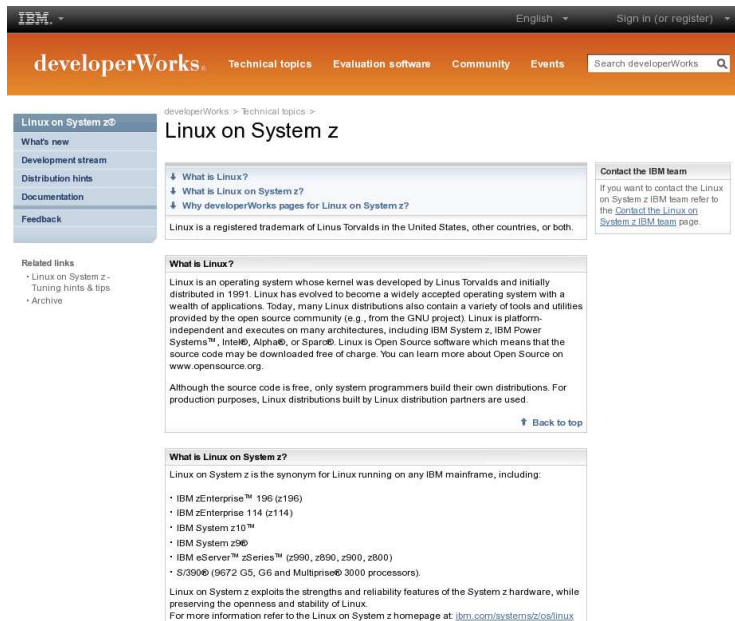
Michael MacIsaac  
Marian Gasparovic

# Redbooks

[ibm.com/redbooks](http://ibm.com/redbooks)

# Links

- **developerWorks**  
<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390>
- **Resources for Linux on System z**  
<http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/linux/resources/index.html>
- **IBM Redbooks**  
<http://www.redbooks.ibm.com>



The screenshot shows the IBM developerWorks website. The main navigation bar includes 'Technical topics', 'Evaluation software', 'Community', and 'Events'. The page title is 'Linux on System z'. The content area is divided into several sections:

- What is Linux?**: A brief introduction to Linux as an open-source operating system.
- What is Linux on System z?**: A section explaining that Linux on System z is the Linux OS running on IBM System z hardware, listing various models like zEnterprise 196, zEnterprise 114, System z10, System z9, and eServer zSeries.
- Contact the IBM team**: A sidebar box with a link to contact the Linux on System z team.

# Thank You !



- Martin Schwidefsky
- Einar Lueck

# Questions ?



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