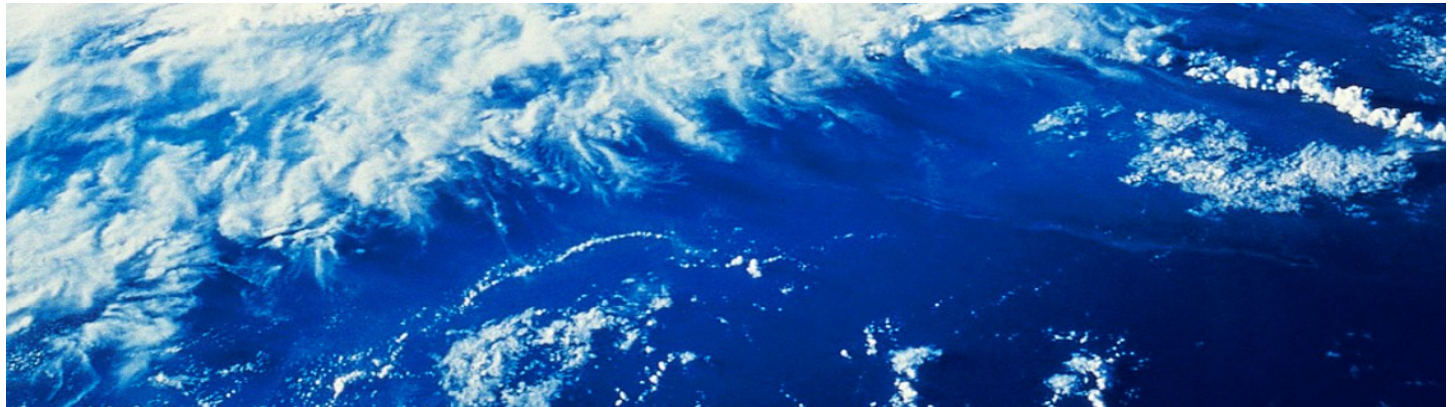
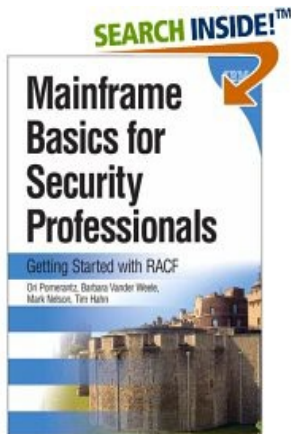


z/OS[®] V2.1 RACF[®] Update

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Vanguard Security and Compliance (RACF 2!1"#
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\$rademar()

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Agenda

- z/OS V2.1 RACF /
- Common Criteria Evaluation Update
- RRSF
 - Support for TCP/IP V6
 - Comments in the RACF parameter library
 - TLS 1.2 cipher suite support
- New and improved RACF parameters
 - RACF_AIM_STAGE, RACF_UNIX_ID, RACF_CERTIFICATE_EXPIRATION, RACF_SENSITIVE_RESOURCES
- Certificate user distinguished name subject distinguished name and signature algorithm in *RR7+U!! output
- RAC7COR\$ enhancement
- RACU*7 in some directory path name
- Access control for R0S2/R0S: to 5 class)
- ;<* Service) enhancement
- Statement of direction

Common Criteria Update

Common Criteria Update

- Recent Common Criteria **01**aluation) o& *ntere)t=
 - z/OS V1.13, EAL4+, 12 September, 2012
 - z/OS V1.13/RACF, EAL5+, 27 February, 2013
 - z/VM Version 6 Release 1, EAL4+, 20 February, 2013
 - PR/SM on IBM Systems z196 GA2 z114 GA1, 1 March, 2012
 - PR/SM for IBM zEnterprise EC12 GA1 EAL5+, 19 February, 2013
 - PR/SM for IBM zEnterprise EC12 GA2/BC12 GA1 EAL5+, 19 February, 2014
- <http://www.ibm.com/security/standard/security/evaluation.html>
 (a) t%e detail)

RRSF

RRSF= ? uic(\$C; /*; Re1ie '

- Starting with z/OS V1.1.4 you can link (RRSF node) using \$C; /*; in)stead of A; ;C@ \$%i) mean) that you can no ' =
 - Manage your RRSF network using the same skills as the rest of your TCP/IP network.
 - Ensure that the same network security policy (IDS, IPS, etc.) is in place for your RRSF network as in place for the rest of your z/OS TCP/IP network.
 - Utilize the encryption and peer-node authentication of AT-TLS
 - Convert a node from using APPC to TCP/IP without stopping communication
 - Keep up with improvement) in z/OS Communication) Ser1er Security.

RRSF= * ; 1A Support

- Starting with z/OS V2.14 RRSF support, the use of \$C ; /* ; VA &or communication) Set a peer/among your RRSF node)
 - Once the z/OS Communications Server on your local node is configured for IPv6:
 - IPv6-format addresses will be displayed
- You do not have to migrate to IPv6 all at once: Some “remote” nodes can be IPv4 and some IPv6.

RRSF= *; 1A Addre))e)

7e)cription	*; 1"	*; 1A
Address length	32 bits long (4 bytes)	128 bits long (16 bytes). 64 bits for network number, 64 bits for host numbe
Total addresses	4,294,967,296 (about 4.3 billion)	About 3.4×10^{38}
Address format in text	nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn Where $0 \leq nnn \leq 255$	xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx Where x is hex number. Double colon (::) designates any number of 0 bits
Example	9.127.42.144	2001:0db8:85a3:0000:0000:8a2e:0370:7334
Equivalent addresses	10.120.78.40	::ffff:10.120.78.40 IPv4-mapped IPv6 address
Unspecified address	0.0.0.0	:: (128 0 bits)

RRSF= \$ARBO\$ C*S\$ (V1.1:#

```

NODE1 <target list node(node1)
NODE1 IRRM010I (<) RSWJ SUBSYSTEM PROPERTIES OF LOCAL RRSF NODE NODE1:
  STATE - OPERATIVE ACTIVE
  DESCRIPTION - <NOT SPECIFIED>
  PROTOCOL - APPC
    LU NAME - MF1AP001
    TP PROFILE NAME - IRRRACF
    MODENAME - <NOT SPECIFIED>
    LISTENER STATUS - ACTIVE
  PROTOCOL - TCP
    HOST ADDRESS - 0.0.0.0
    IP ADDRESS - 9.57.1.243
    LISTENER PORT - 18136
    LISTENER STATUS - ACTIVE
  TIME OF LAST TRANSMISSION TO - <NONE>
  TIME OF LAST TRANSMISSION FROM - <NONE>
  WORKSPACE FILE SPECIFICATION
    PREFIX - "NODE1.WORK"
    WDSQUAL - <NOT SPECIFIED>
    FILESIZE - 500
    VOLUME - TEMP01
  FILE USAGE
    "NODE1.WORK.NODE1.INMSG"
      - CONTAINS 0 RECORD(S)
      - OCCUPIES 1 EXTENT(S)
    "NODE1.WORK.NODE1.OUTMSG"
      - CONTAINS 0 RECORD(S)
      - OCCUPIES 1 EXTENT(S)

```

1st line indicates 'default' – not specified on TARGET.
 2nd line is resolved address, if different than specified.

RRSF= \$ARB0\$ C*S\$(V2.1#

```

NODE1 <target list node(nodel)
NODE1 IRRM010I (<) RSWJ SUBSYSTEM PROPERTIES OF LOCAL RRSF NODE NODE1:
  STATE - OPERATIVE ACTIVE
  DESCRIPTION - <NOT SPECIFIED>
  PROTOCOL - APPC
    LU NAME - MF1AP001
    TP PROFILE NAME - IRRRACF
    MODENAME - <NOT SPECIFIED>
    LISTENER STATUS - ACTIVE
  PROTOCOL - TCP
    HOST ADDRESS - :: <<< IPv6 default
    IP ADDRESS - ::FFFF:9.57.1.243 <<< IPv6 address
    LISTENER PORT - 18136
    LISTENER STATUS - ACTIVE
  TIME OF LAST TRANSMISSION TO - <NONE>
  TIME OF LAST TRANSMISSION FROM - <NONE>
  WORKSPACE FILE SPECIFICATION
    PREFIX - "NODE1.WORK"
    WDSQUAL - <NOT SPECIFIED>
    FILESIZE - 500
    VOLUME - TEMP01
  FILE USAGE
    "NODE1.WORK.NODE1.INMSG"
      - CONTAINS 0 RECORD(S)
      - OCCUPIES 1 EXTENT(S)
    "NODE1.WORK.NODE1.OUTMSG"
      - CONTAINS 0 RECORD(S)
      - OCCUPIES 1 EXTENT(S)

```

If IPv6 is enabled, addresses
Are displayed in IPv6 format

RRSF= Comment) in ;arameter Ci5rary

- ;rior to z/OS V2.14 5lan(line) or ' %ole line comment) ' ould re)ult in an *RRC!!:* (DCO , , A27 EEEEE *S 2O\$ VAC*7F# error me))age
- - it% z/OS V2.14 5lan(line) and ' %ole line comment) are allo ' ed
 - A whole-line comment begins with “//” in any column
 - Continuation characters at the end of a whole-line comment does not continue the comment
 - Whole-line comments or blank lines may not be placed within a continued command
 - Down-level systems will continue to flag whole-line and blank lines as errors
 - Examples of valid whole-line comments:
 - //This is a comment line
 - // This is a comment line
 - // define the local node with a socket listener

RRSF= \$CS 1.2 Cipher Suite Support

- RRSF uses Application Transport Layer Security (AT-TLS) to encrypt data sent between RRSF nodes
 - AT-TLS supports more cryptography suites in z/OS V2.1
 - Certificates are used in AT-TLS to provide secure connections between RRSF systems using TCP/IP
 - In z/OS V2R1, ECC certificates with stronger encryption may be used
 - All cryptography suites in Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.2 are supported

- - When a connection is established between 2 RRSF systems, here is an example of the informational message used by RACF:
 - IRRI027I (>) RACF COMMUNICATION WITH TCP NODE NODE1 HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY ESTABLISHED USING CIPHER ALGORITHM C026 TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384.

3ealt% C%ec(Update)

3ealt% C%ec() = 2e ' and Updated C%ec()

- \$%ere are t%ree ne ' RACF 3ealt% C%ec() in z/OS V2.1=
 - RACF_AIM_STAGE
 - RACF_UNIX_ID
 - RACF_CERTIFICATE_EXPIRATION
- RACF>A* , >S\$AB0 and RACF>U2*G>*7 are intended to a))i)t you in migrating &rom + ; G.70FAUC\$.US0R4 ' %ic%4 a) announced4 i) 5eing ' it%dra ' n ' it% z/OS V2.1
 - These two checks rolled back to z/OS V1.12 and z/OS V1.13 with OA37164
- Automatic)tart &or t%e 3ealt% C%ec(er addre)))pace at * ; C time
- \$ ' o ne ' c%ec() and an update to RACF>S02S*\$*V0>R0SOURC0S
 - RACF_CSFKEYS_ACTIVE
 - RACF_CSFSESV_ACTIVE
 - Inclusion of ICSF CKDS, PKDS, and TKDS data sets in RACF_SENSITIVE_RESOURCES

3ealt% C%ec() = RACF>A* , >S\$AB0

- \$%e RACF>A* , >S\$AB0 3ealt% C%ec(eEamine) your application identity mapping (A* , #)etting and &lag) a) an eEception i& you are at a)tage le)) t%an)tage :.
 - Stage 0: No AIM support; only mapping profiles are used
 - Stage 1: Mapping profiles are used; alternate index created and managed, but not used
 - Stage 2: Alternate index create, managed, and used; mapping profiles maintained.
 - Stage 3: Only alternate index maintained and used. Mapping profiles deleted.
- , o1ing &rom eac%)tage reHuire) t%e eEecution o& t%e *RR*RA!! utility.
- A* ,)tage 2 or)tage : i) needed &or certain RACF &unction)

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>A* , >S\$AB0 (O<#

Display Filter View Print Options Search Help

```
-----
SDSF OUTPUT DISPLAY RACF_AIM_STAGE                LINE 0          COLUMNS 02- 81
COMMAND INPUT ===>                                SCROLL ===> HALF
***** TOP OF DATA *****
CHECK(IBMRA CF,RACF_AIM_STAGE)
START TIME: 05/11/2012 14:36:29.892717
CHECK DATE: 20110101  CHECK SEVERITY: MEDIUM

IRRH500I The RACF database is at the suggested stage of application
identity mapping (AIM). The database is at AIM stage 03.

END TIME: 05/11/2012 14:36:29.893680  STATUS: SUCCESSFUL
***** BOTTOM OF DATA *****
```

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>A* , >S\$AB0 (0Eception#

Display Filter View Print Options Search Help

```
-----
SDSF OUTPUT DISPLAY RACF_AIM_STAGE                LINE 0          COLUMNS 02- 81
COMMAND INPUT ==>                                SCROLL ==> HALF
***** TOP OF DATA *****
CHECK(IBMRA CF,RACF_AIM_STAGE)
START TIME: 05/17/2012 16:42:53.891503
CHECK DATE: 20110101  CHECK SEVERITY: MEDIUM
```

* Medium Severity Exception *

IRRH501E The RACF database is not at the suggested stage of application identity mapping (AIM). The database is at AIM stage 00.

Explanation: The RACF_AIM_STAGE check has determined that the RACF database is not at the suggested stage of application identity mapping (AIM). Your system programmer can convert your RACF database using the IRRIRA00 conversion utility. See z/OS Security Server RACF System Programmer's Guide for information about running the IRRIRA00 conversion utility.

F1=HELP	F2=SPLIT	F3=END	F4=RETURN	F5=IFIND	F6=BOOK
F7=UP	F8=DOWN	F9=SWAP	F10=LEFT	F11=RIGHT	F12=RETRIEVE

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>U2*G>*7

- \$%e RACF>U2*G>*7 3ealt% C%ec(determine) ' %et%er RACF ' ill automatically a))ign uniHue z/OS U2*G Sy)tem Ser1ice) identitie) ' %en u)er) ' it%out O , VS)egment) u)e certain U2*G)er1ice)
 - If you are not relying on RACF to assign UIDs and GIDs, the check informs you that you must continue to assign z/OS UNIX identities
 - If you are relying on the BPX.DEFAULT.USER support, the check issues an exception
 - If you are relying on the BPX.UNIQUE.USER support, the check will verify requirements and indicate if any exceptions are found
 - FACILITY class profile BPX.UNIQUE.USER must exist
 - RACF database must be at Application Identity Mapping (AIM) stage 3
 - UNIXPRIV class profile SHARED.IDS must be defined
 - UNIXPRIV class must be active and RACLISTed
 - FACILITY class profile BPX.NEXT.USER must be defined and its APPLDATA field must contain valid ID values or ranges
 - Note: The check only lists the APPLDATA content, it does not validate it.

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>U2*G>*7 (O<#

Display Filter View Print Options Search Help

```
-----
SDSF OUTPUT DISPLAY RACF_UNIX_ID                LINE 0          COLUMNS 02- 81
COMMAND INPUT ===>                               SCROLL ===> HALF
***** TOP OF DATA *****
CHECK(IBMRA CF,RACF_UNIX_ID)
START TIME: 05/18/2012 13:56:53.321238
CHECK DATE: 20110101  CHECK SEVERITY: MEDIUM

IRRH504I RACF is not enabled to assign UNIX IDs when users or groups
that do not have OMVS segments use certain z/OS UNIX services. If you
choose not to define UNIX IDs for each user of UNIX functions, you can
enable RACF to automatically generate unique UNIX UIDs and GIDs for you.

END TIME: 05/18/2012 13:56:53.322242  STATUS: SUCCESSFUL
***** BOTTOM OF DATA *****
```

F1=HELP	F2=SPLIT	F3=END	F4=RETURN	F5=IFIND	F6=BOOK
F7=UP	F8=DOWN	F9=SWAP	F10=LEFT	F11=RIGHT	F12=RETRIEVE

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>U2*G>*7 (O<#

***** TOP OF DATA *****

```
CHECK(IBMRACF,RACF_UNIX_ID)
START TIME: 05/18/2012 14:12:18.914396
CHECK DATE: 20110101 CHECK SEVERITY: MEDIUM
```

IRRH502I RACF attempts to assign unique UNIX IDs when users or groups that do not have OMVS segments use certain z/OS UNIX services.

Requirements for this support:

S Requirement

```
-----
FACILITY class profile BPX.UNIQUE.USER is defined
RACF database is at the required AIM stage:
  AIM stage = 03
UNIXPRIV class profile SHARED.IDS is defined
UNIXPRIV class is active
UNIXPRIV class is RACLISTed
FACILITY class profile BPX.NEXT.USER is defined
BPX.NEXT.USER profile APPLDATA is specified (not verified):
  APPLDATA = 1000/100
```

IRRH506I The RACF UNIX identity check has detected no exceptions.

```
END TIME: 05/18/2012 14:12:18.921241 STATUS: SUCCESSFUL
```

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>U2*G>*7 (0Eception#

```

  Display  Filter  View  Print  Options  Search  Help
-----
SDSF OUTPUT DISPLAY RACF_UNIX_ID          LINE 0          COLUMNS 02- 81
COMMAND INPUT ==>                          SCROLL ==> HALF
***** TOP OF DATA *****
CHECK(IBMRA CF,RACF_UNIX_ID)
START TIME: 05/17/2012 16:45:01.400010
CHECK DATE: 20110101  CHECK SEVERITY: MEDIUM

```

IRRH502I RACF attempts to assign unique UNIX IDs when users or groups that do not have OMVS segments use certain z/OS UNIX services.

Requirements for this support:

S Requirement

```

-----
FACILITY class profile BPX.UNIQUE.USER is defined
E RACF database is not at the required AIM stage:
  AIM stage = 00
E UNIXPRIV class profile SHARED.IDS is not defined
E UNIXPRIV class is not active
E UNIXPRIV class is not RA CLISTed
E FACILITY class profile BPX.NEXT.USER is not defined

```

* Medium Severity Exception *

IRRH503E RACF cannot assign unique UNIX IDs when users or groups that do not have OMVS segments use certain z/OS UNIX services. One or more requirements are not satisfied.

Explanation: The RACF UNIX identity check has determined that you want RACF to assign unique UNIX IDs when users or groups without OMVS segments use certain z/OS UNIX services. However, RACF is not able to assign unique UNIX identities for z/OS UNIX services because one or more of the following requirements are not satisfied:

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>U2*G>*7 (0Eception#

***** TOP OF DATA *****

CHECK(IBM~~R~~ACF,RACF UNIX_ID)

START TIME: 05/18/2012 14:22:52.066301

CHECK DATE: 20110101 CHECK SEVERITY: MEDIUM

* Medium Severity Exception *

IRRH505E The BPX.DEFAULT.USER profile in the FACILITY class indicates that you want RACF to assign shared default UNIX IDs when users or groups that do not have OMVS segments use certain z/OS UNIX services.

Explanation: The RACF UNIX identity check has found the BPX.DEFAULT.USER profile in the FACILITY class. The presence of this profile indicates an intent to have RACF assign shared default UNIX UIDs and GIDs when users without OMVS segments access the system to use certain UNIX services.

Reference Documentation:

z/OS Security Server RACF Security Administrator's Guide

Automation: None.

Check Reason: Unique UNIX identities are recommended.

END TIME: 05/18/2012 14:22:52.067783 STATUS: EXCEPTION-MED

z/OS V1.1 := 3ealt% C%ec(| 7e&aault U2*G *7

```

      Display  Filter  View  Print  Options  Search  Help
-----
SDSF OUTPUT DISPLAY ZOSMIGV2R1_DEFAULT_UNIX_ID      LINE 0          COLUMNS 02- 81
COMMAND INPUT ==>                                     SCROLL ==> HALF
***** TOP OF DATA *****
CHECK(IBMRACTF,ZOSMIGV2R1_DEFAULT_UNIX_ID)
START TIME: 05/11/2012 14:38:04.920543
CHECK DATE: 20110101  CHECK SEVERITY: LOW

IRRH504I RACF is not enabled to assign UNIX IDs when users or groups
that do not have OMVS segments use certain z/OS UNIX services. If you
choose not to define UNIX IDs for each user of UNIX functions, you can
enable RACF to automatically generate unique UNIX UIDs and GIDs for you.

END TIME: 05/11/2012 14:38:04.921996  STATUS: SUCCESSFUL
***** BOTTOM OF DATA *****

```

- `IRRH504I` is a migration check
 - Note the name: ZOSMIGV2R1.....This check is to prepare you to identify issues when you migrate to z/OS V2.1
 - Shipped INACTIVE; you activate when you start your V2.1 migration planning

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>C0R\$*F*CA\$0>0G ; *RA\$*O2

- \$%e RACF>C0R\$*F*CA\$0>0G ; *RA\$*O2 %ealt% c%ec(&ind) t%e certi&icate) in t%e RACF data5a)e eEpired or a5out to eEpire
 - Expiration window is an installation-defined value with a default of 60 days.
 - Valid expiration window values are 0-366 days
- For eac% certi&icate4 t%e c%ec(di)play)=
 - The certificate “owner” ('SITE', 'CERTAUTH', or 'ID(*user_id*)')
 - The certificate label
 - The end date
 - The trust status
 - The number of rings to which the certificate is connected
- \$%e c%ec(only &lag) a) eEception) t%o)e certi&icate) ' %ic% are \$RUS\$07.

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>COR\$*F*CA\$0>0G; *RA\$*O2 (O<#

CHECK (IBMRACF, RACF_CERTIFICATE_EXPIRATION)
 START TIME: 01/23/2012 08:10:01.603497
 CHECK DATE: 20111010 CHECK SEVERITY: MEDIUM

Certificates Expiring in 60 Days

S	Cert Owner	Certificate Label	End Date	Trust Rings
-	-----	-----	-----	-----

IRRH277I No exceptions are detected. Expired certificates that are not trusted or are associated with only a virtual key ring are not exceptions.

END TIME: 01/23/2012 08:10:01.643285 STATUS: SUCCESSFUL

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>COR\$*F*CA\$0>OG ; *RA\$*O2 (0Eception#

```
CHECK (IBMRACF, RACF_CERTIFICATE_EXPIRATION)
START TIME: 02/28/2013 09:23:37.747549
CHECK DATE: 20111010 CHECK SEVERITY: MEDIUM
```

Certificates Expiring within 60 Days

S	Cert Owner	Certificate Label	End Date	Trust	Rings
E	CERTAUTH	VERISIGN CLASS 1 INDIVIDUAL	2008-05-12	Yes	0
E	ID(MARKN)	MARK-001	2012-11-11	Yes	0
E	ID(MARKN)	MARK0001	2012-11-05	Yes	0
	ID(CERTAUTH)	START_OFF_M001__END_OFF_M001	2012-01-25	No	0
	ID(MARKN)	START_OFF_M001__END_OFF_M001	2012-01-25	No	0
	ID(SITE)	START_OFF_M001__END_OFF_M001	2012-01-25	No	0
	CERTAUTH	START_OFF_M365__END_OFF_M001	2012-01-25	No	0
	ID(CERTAUTH)	START_OFF_M365__END_OFF_M001	2012-01-25	No	0
	CERTAUTH	ICP-Brasil CA	2011-11-30	No	0
	CERTAUTH	MICROSOFT ROOT AUTHORITY - 01	2002-12-31	No	0
	CERTAUTH	VERISIGN CLASS 3 PUBLIC	2004-01-07	No	0
	CERTAUTH	VERISIGN CLASS 2 PUBLIC	2004-01-06	No	0

* Medium Severity Exception *

IRRH276E One or more certificates expired or are expiring within the warning period.

Explanation: The RACF_CERTIFICATE_EXPIRATION check found one or more certificates that expired or are expiring within the warning period.

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>COR\$*F*CA\$0>OG; *RA\$*O2 (0Eception#

The RACF_CERTIFICATE_EXPIRATION check lists each certificate that has an ending date prior to the current date or that has an ending date that is prior to the current date adjusted by the warning period that the installation has specified as a parameter to the RACF_CERTIFICATE_EXPIRATION check. If a parameter is not specified, a default warning period of 60 days is used.

Only certificates that are marked as trusted result in exceptions. These certificates have an "E" in the "S" (Status) column. The trust status of the certificate is shown in the "Trust" column. The number of key rings to which the certificate is connected (other than the virtual key ring) is shown in the "Rings" column.

Use the RACDCERT LIST command to list complete information about any certificate. The RACDCERT command syntax is:

```
RACDCERT CERTAUTH    LIST(LABEL('label-name'))
                    or
RACDCERT SITE        LIST(LABEL('label-name'))
                    or
RACDCERT ID(user-id) LIST(LABEL('label-name'))
```

See z/OS Security Server RACF Security Administrator's Guide and the z/OS Security Server RACF Command Language Reference for more information about digital certificates.

System Action: The check continues processing. There is no effect on the system.

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>S02S*\$*V0>R0SOURC0S

- \$%e RACF>S02S*\$*V0>R0SOURC0S c%ec(%a) 5een updated to c%ec(t%e)e ne ' D)taticF re)ource) name)=
 - BPX.DEBUG/FACILITY
 - BPX.WLMSEVER/FACILITY
 - IEAABD.DMPAKEY/FACILITY
 - MVS.SLIP/OPERCMDS
 - SUPERUSER.PROCESS.GETPSENT/UNIXPRIV
 - SUPERUSER.PROCESS.KILL/UNIXPRIV
 - SUPERUSER.PROCESS.PTRACE/UNIXPRIV

3. RACF i) updating the RACF>S02S*\$*V0>R0SOURC0S...

- RACF i) updating the RACF>S02S*\$*V0>R0SOURC0S to c%ec(t%e) (dynamic resource name)=
 - CSVAPF.*data_set_name*/FACILITY, excluding
 - CSVAPF.MVS.SETPROG.FORMAT.DYNAMIC
 - CSVDYLPA.ADD.*module_name*/FACILITY
 - CSVDYNEX.*exit_name.function.modname*/FACILITY, excluding
 - CSVDYNEX.LIST
 - CSVDYNEX.*exit_name*.RECOVER
 - CSVDYNEX.*exit_name*.CALL
 - CSVDYNL.*Inklstname.Function*/FACILITY excluding
 - CSVDYNL.*Inklstname*.DEFINE CSVDYNL.*Inklstname*.UNDEFINE)
- To validate i) performed on the dynamic portion of the resource name) (for example ***data_set_name, module_name,Inklstname#***

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>S02S*\$*V0>R0SOURC0S...

Sensitive General Resources Report

S	Resource Name	Class	UACC	Warn	ID*	User

	<existing resources>					
	BPX.WLMSEVER	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
	CSVAPF.RACFDEV.DISCRETE.NONE.LOAD	FACILITY	None	No	****	
	CSVAPF.RACFDEV.DISCRETE.READ.LOAD	FACILITY	Read	No	****	
E	CSVAPF.RACFDEV.DISCRETE.UPDATE.LOAD	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
	CSVAPF.RACFDEV.**.NONE.LOAD	FACILITY	None	No	****	
	CSVAPF.RACFDEV.**.READ.LOAD	FACILITY	Read	No	****	
E	CSVAPF.RACFDEV.**.UPDATE.LOAD	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
E	CSVDYLPA.ADD.MODULE001	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
E	CSVDYLPA.DELETE.MODULE01	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
E	CSVDYLPA.ADD.*	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
E	CSVDYLPA.DELETE.*	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
	CSVDYNEX.EXITNAME_READ.MODNAME01	FACILITY	Read	No	****	
E	CSVDYNEX.EXITNAME_UPDATE.DEFINE	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
E	CSVDYNEX.EXITNAME_UPDATE.MODNAME01	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
E	CSVDYNEX.*.DEFINE	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
E	CSVDYNEX.*.MODNAME01	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
E	CSVDYNEX.*	FACILITY	Updt	No	****	
E	IEAABD.DMPAKEY	FACILITY	Read	No	****	
E	IEAABD.DMPAUTH	FACILITY	Read	No	****	

3ealt% C%ec()= RACF>S02S*\$*V0>R0SOURC0S...

- RACF i) updating t%e RACF>S02S*\$*V0>R0SOURC0S to c%ec(&or t%e *CSF C<7S4 ; <7S4 and \$<7S data)et).
- *& *CSF %a) not 5een)tarted4 in&ormational me))age D*RR32"2*= *CSF %a) not 5een)tarted on t%i))y)temF i) i))ued and t%e c%ec(continue) proce))ing.

System Rexx Dataset Report

S Data Set Name	Vol	UACC	Warn	ID*	User
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
SYS1.SAXREXEC	ZDR22B	Read	No	****	

ICSF Dataset Report

S Data Set Name	Vol	UACC	Warn	ID*	User
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
V RACFTTEST.CLC.PKDS2					
V RACFTTEST.CLC.CKDS					

Certificate 7i)tingui)%ed 2ame) in
*RR7+U!! Output

*RR7+U!! = Additional Certificate Information

- \$%e RACF 7ata5a)e Unload Utility (*RR7+U!!# unload) 5a)ic in&ormation a5out digital certi&icate) into t%e !JA! (DBeneral Re)ource Certi&icate 7ata RecordF#. \$%i) record contain)=
 - The record type (“0560”)
 - The name of the general resource profile which contains the certificate
 - The class (“DIGTCERT”)
 - The date and time from which the certificate is valid
 - The date and time from which the certificate is no longer valid
 - The type of key associated with the certificate
 - The key size
 - The last eight bytes of the last certificate signed with this key
 - A sequence number for certificates within a ring
- - %atk) mi))ing/ \$%e i))uerk) di)tingui)%ed name (*72# and t%e)u56ectk) 72 (S72#o& t%e certi&icate@
 - This information is encoded within the certificate
 - Maps/mungs to the profile name, but given the profile name, you can't get the IDN or SDN

*RR7+U!! = Additional Certificate Information...

- The ' record type (D1JA!F# contain)=
 - The issuer's distinguished name
 - The subject's distinguished name
 - The hashing algorithm used for the signing the certificate
- The D1JA!F record lin() to the D1JA!F record using the profile name
 - DFSORT's JOINKEY operator can be used when processing IRRDBU00 output
- The , apping of the 1JA! Record i)=

Field Name	Type	Position		Comments
		Start	End	
CERTN_RECORD_TYPE	Int	1	4	Record type of the certificate information record (1560).
CERTN_NAME	Char	6	251	General resource name as taken from the profile name.
CERTN_CLASS_NAME	Char	253	260	Name of the class to which the general resource profile belongs.
CERTN_ISSUER_DN	Char	262	1285	Issuer's distinguished name. (1024 characters)
CERTN_SUBJECT_DN	Char	1287	2310	Subject's distinguished name. (1024 characters)
CERTN_SIG_ALG	Char	2312	2327	Certificate signature algorithm. Valid values are md2RSA, md5RSA, sha1RSA, sha1DSA, sha256RSA, sha224RSA, sha384RSA, sha512RSA, sha1ECDSA, sha256ECDSA, sha224ECDSA, sha384ECDSA, sha512ECDSA, and UNKNOWN.

RAC7COR\$ 0n%ancement)

RAC7C0R\$ A77 Enhancement

- Prior to z/OS V2.14 if you used RAC7C0R\$ A77 to add a ;<CSL12 or ;<CSLM certificate chain using the RAC7C0R\$ A77 command only the end entity certificate can be named using a specified label.
 - RACDCERT generates labels for the rest of the certificates in the chain, but previously did not display ' %at label) had been added.
- Starting in V2R14 RAC7C0R\$ will display the generated label) of any certificate) in the chain that were added.

```
RACDCERT ID(COOPER) ADD('COOPER.CERTS.MYPKCS12') WITHLABEL('MyCert')
```

```
Certificate with label 'MyCert' is added under ID COOPER
```

```
Certificate with label 'LABEL00000002' is added under CERTAUTH
```

```
Certificate with label 'LABEL00000003' is added under CERTAUTH
```

RAC7C0R\$ C*\$S\$C3A*2 0n%ancement

- Starting in V2R1 RACF is adding the ability to list a certificate chain with the introduction of the RAC7C0R\$ C*\$S\$C3A*2 command.
- **RAC7C0R\$ C*\$S\$C3A*2 Syntax=**

```
RACDCERT [ ID(certificate-owner) | SITE | CERTAUTH]
LISTCHAIN (LABEL('label-name'))
```
- Information provided:
 - Certificate details for the specified certificate
 - Details for each issuing certificate which is in RACF
 - Summary of the Chain:
 - Number of certificates in the chain
 - Whether RACF contains the complete chain
 - – chain is complete
 - – chain is incomplete
 - Indication of expired certificate(s), if any
 - – chain contains expired certificate(s)
 - List of rings that all certificates in chain share

RAC7C0R\$ C*S\$C3A*2 Sample Output

```
RACDCERT LISTCHAIN(LABEL('samplecert'))
```

Certificate 1:

```
Digital certificate information for user CHOI:  
Label: samplecert  
...  
Ring Associations:  
  Ring Owner: COOPER  
  Ring:  
    >testring<
```

Certificate 2:

```
Digital certificate information for CERTAUTH:  
Label: sampleCA  
...  
Ring Associations:  
  Ring Owner: COOPER  
  Ring:  
    >testring<
```

Certificate 3:

```
Digital certificate information for CERTAUTH:  
Label: MasterCA  
...  
Ring Associations:  
  Ring Owner: COOPER  
  Ring:  
    >testring<
```

Chain information:

```
Chain contains 3 certificate(s), chain is complete  
Chain contains ring in common: COOPER/testring
```

RAC7C0R\$ B02R0? On%ancement

- Generating a Certificate Request (CSR# &rom RAC7C0R\$ B02R0? require) an existing certificate in RACF ' it% a private (ey (u)ually a)el&)igned certificate created ' it% B02C0R\$#.
- Don't delete t%at cert@
 - A common issue encountered by RACDCERT users, is deleting the original certificate from RACF after the CSR has been generated... erroneously concluding that the certificate had no use.
 - If the original certificate is deleted from RACF after the CSR is created, the private key is also deleted, rendering any signed certificate based on this CSR useless (oops!).
- Starting in V2R1 RAC7C0R\$ ' ill prevent t%e deletion o& a certificate t%at %a) seen u)ed &or generating a reHue)t ' it% B02R0?.
 - Force override mechanism is provided to delete this certificate when needed

RAC7C0R\$ C30C<C0R\$ 0n%ancement

- RAC7C0R\$ C30C<C0R\$ en%ancement=
 - LISTCHAIN is used to list certificates in RACF, while CHECKCERT is to list certificates in a dataset (which is going to be an input to the RACDCERT ADD)
 - Enhancements similar to LISTCHAIN were added to the display text of RACDCERT CHECKCERT, when displaying information on a certificate in a dataset.

RAC7C0R\$ Support &or Secure \$<7S

- Unlike the (ey) stored in the ;u5lic <ey 7ata Set (; <7S#4 the (ey) stored in the \$o(en <ey 7ata Set (\$<7S# are clear (ey)4 not)ecure (ey).
- DSecure <eyF mean) t%at)en)iti1e (ey material i) al ' ay) ' rapped under a ma)ter (ey.
- *n - e5 7eli1era5le L124 *CSF)upport))ecure (ey in \$<7S.
- \$o ena5le the application) to u)e the)ecure (ey in \$<7S4 RACF4 ; <* Ser1ice) and Sy)tem SSC need to 5e updated accordingly.

RAC7C0R\$ Support &or Secure \$<7S

- RAC7C0R\$ can create a secure key on a specified ; <CSL11 token on \$<7S during certificate creation
- \$%i) ne ')upport allo ') RAC7C0R\$ to i))ue and u)e o& certificate) ' it% %ard ' are protected (ey) in a ; <CSL11 \$<7S token.
 - RACDCERT EXPORT can not export any secure key neither from PKDS nor TKDS
- RAC7C0R\$ B02C0R\$ / R0<0N enhancement)=
 - New sub keyword TOKEN is added to indicate the generation of secure TKDS key. For example:
 - Generate a certificate with RSA key stored in a token called MY.PKCS11.TOKEN1 in TKDS
 - RACDCERT GENCERT SUB(CN('Company A')) WITHLABEL('New RSA cert')
RSA(\$O<02(, N. ; <CS11.\$O<021##
 - Generate a certificate with NISTECC key stored in a token called MY.PKCS11.TOKEN2 in TKDS
 - RACDCERT GENCERT SUB(CN('Company A')) WITHLABEL('New ECC cert')
NISTECC(\$O<02(, N. ; <CS11.\$O<022##

8RACU*7 and + ;G.U2*?U0.US0R

8RACU*7 in + ;G.U2*?U0.US0R

- Client) ' %o are u)ing + ;G.U2*?U0.US0R to a))ign z/OS U2*G in&ormation to u)er *7) ' ill 5e a5le to)peci&y o& 8racuid in t%e %ome directory &ield o& t%e model u)er(k) O , VS)egment.
 - ALTUSER BPXMODEL OMVS (HOME (/u/&racuid))
- \$%e appropriate u)er *7 ' ill 5e)u5)tituted &or 8racuid ' %en a ne ' O , VS)egment i) created &or a u)er u)ing + ;G.U2*?U0.US0R
 - In upper case if “&RACUID” is specified
 - In lower case if any lower case characters are specified
- Note)
 - Only the first occurrence of &racuid is substituted
 - If the substitution would result in a path name exceeding the 1023 character maximum then substitution is not performed.
 - If sharing the RACF database with a downlevel system, substitution will not be performed on the downlevel system

**90S2/90S: SAF C%ec(&or 9o5 *nput
Cla))**

90S2/90S := SAF C%ec(&or 9o5 *nput Cla))

- **90S2 and 90S:** no ' perform a SAF c%ec(to 1erity a u)erK) a5ility to u)e a 6o5 cla))
 - Applies to both the “traditional” 36 single character classes as well as the up-to-eight character job classes
 - Does not apply to the “special” job classes STC and TSU
- **\$%e re)ource name t%at i) c%ec(ed i)=**
 - *JOBCLASS.nodename.jobclass.jobname* in the JESJOBS class
- **Controlled 5y t%e)e pro&ile)=**
 - JES.JOBCLASS.OWNER in the FACILITY class
 - If this profile is defined, then authorization checks are performed for job owners
 - JES.JOBCLASS.SUBMITTER in the FACILITY class
 - If this profile is defined, then authorization checks are performed for job submitters

; <* Service) On%ancement)

Security Enhancements in z/OS V2.1

- Support for Extended Validation Certificate)
- Granular Access Control
- Certificate Authority ; at% Cengt%
- CRC Notification
- 7+2 Custom Column)
- Secure Shell Support

RACF Statement of Direction

z/OS V2.1 RACF Statement of General Direction

- Enhanced RACF password encryption algorithm:
 - In the future, an enhanced RACF password encryption algorithm is planned. This support will be designed to provide improved cryptographic strength in RACF password algorithm processing. This will be intended to help protect RACF password data in the event that a copy of a RACF database becomes inadvertently accessible.

3elp&ul ; u5lication)

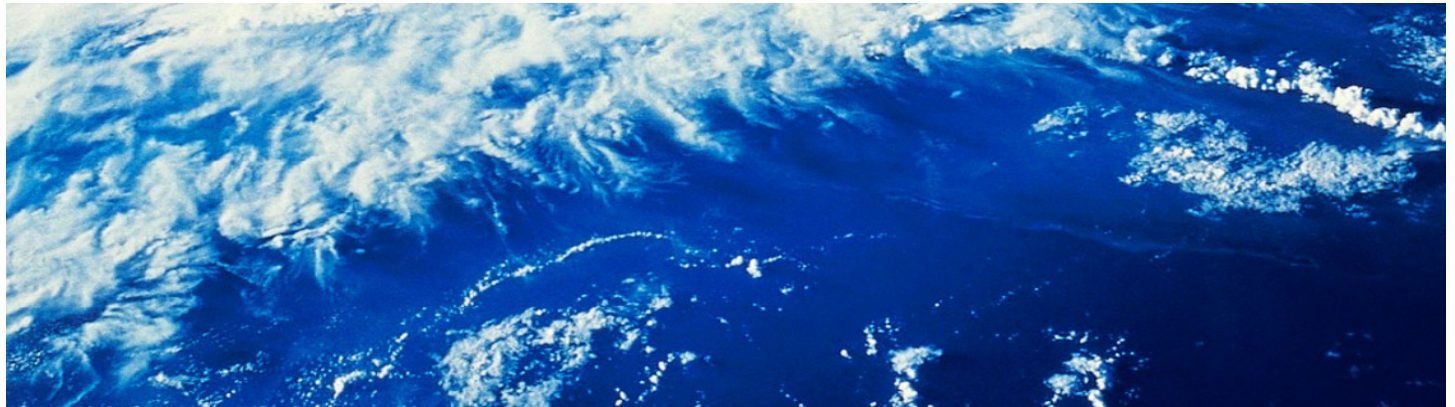
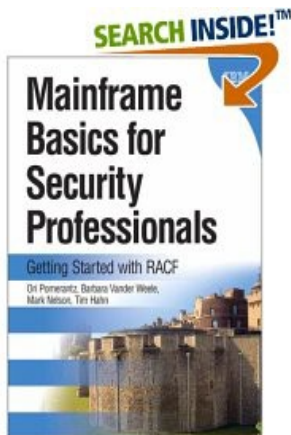
- SA2: 220! z/OS Security Ser1er RACF Calla5le Ser1ice)
- SA2: 2202 z/OS Security Ser1er RACF Command Canguage Re&erence
- BA:2 !PPJ z/OS Security Ser1er RACF 7ata Area)
- SA2: 22PP z/OS Security Ser1er RACF , acro) and *nter&ace)
- SA2: 2201 z/OS Security Ser1er RACF , e))age) and Code)
- SA2: 22P0 z/OS Security Ser1er RACF Security Admini)trator(k) Buide
- SA2: 22PM z/OS Security Ser1er RACF Sy)tem ; rogrammer(k) Buide
- SA2: 220" z/OS Security Ser1er RACROU\$0 , acro Re&erence
- BA:2 !PPA z/OS Security Ser1er RACF 7iagno)i) Buide
- SA2: 22PA z/OS Cryptograp%ic Ser1ice) ; <* Ser1ice) Buide and Re&erence
- SC1" M"0J z/OS Cryptograp%ic Ser1ice) Sy)tem Secure Soc(et) Cayer ; rogramming
- SA2: 22:1 z/OS *CSF - riting ; <CS L11 Application)
- SA2: 22P" z/OS U2*G Sy)tem Ser1ice)= , e))age) and Code)
- SA2: 22P1 z/OS U2*G Sy)tem Ser1ice) ; rogramming= A))em5ler Calla5le Ser1ice) Re&erence
- SC2M :AJ1 z/OS Communication Ser1er= *; Con&iguration Buide
- BC2M 2AJ2 z/OS Communication Ser1er= *; 7iagno)i) Buide
- SC2M :AA1 z/OS Communication Ser1er= *; Sy)tem Admini)trator(k) Command)
- SA2: AP" : *+ , 3ealt% C%ec(er &or z/OS U)er(k) Buide



z/OS[®] V2.1 RACF[®] Update

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Vanguard Security and Compliance (RACF 2!1"#
Session RAA02
June 2014



Statement of Direction

z/OS V1.1: i) planned to be the last release to support
 + ;G.70FAUC\$.USOR. *+ , recommend that you either use the
 + ;G.U2*?U0.USOR support that is introduced in z/OS V1.114
 or assign unique IDs to users who need them and assign
 IDs to their group).

*From Preview: z/OS Version 1 Release 13 and z/OS Management Facility
 Version 1 Release 13 are planned to offer new availability, batch programming,
 and usability functions (IBM United States Software Announcement 211-007,
 February 15, 2011)*

z/OS V1.1: Statement of Direction Q

- **Enabling U*7 and B*7)**
- RACF 2.1 (100"#= Introduced OMVS segments for USERS and GROUPs.
 - Users with an OMVS segment could now use “Open MVS” (now z/OS UNIX System Services)
- OS/0! R2." (100M): Introduced BPX.DEFAULT.USER FACILITY class profile
 - Allows assigning UIDs and GIDs to users and groups who do not have OMVS segments;
One UID and one GID shared by all default users

z/OS V1.1: Statement of Direction Q

- **z/OS V1.1 (2008) - Introduced AUTOUID/AUTOUID keyword on ADDUSER, ALTUSER, ADDGROUP, ALTGROUP**
 - RACF could now find the next available UID or GID using the BPX.NEXT.USER profile in the FACILITY class
 - Required enabling RACF Alternate Index Mapping ("AIM") to stage 2
 - Limitation of 129 eight-character users sharing one UID
 - Required running migration utility ("IRRIRA00")
- **z/OS V1.11 (2010) - Automatic generation of OMVS segment for USERS and groups**
 - Built upon AUTOUID/AUTOUID
 - Requires AIM stage 3
 - Uses the BPX.UNIQUE.USER profile in the FACILITY class

z/OS V1.1: Statement of Direction (RACF# Q)

- - %at t%i) mean) to you=
- If you are using BPX.UNIQUE.USER then:
 - You are not using BPX.DEFAULT.USER (even if it is defined)
 - This SoD has no impact to you.
- If you are already assigning UIDs and GIDs to all users using z/OS UNIX System Services by assigning OMVS segments to all necessary users and groups, then:
 - You must continue to assign all new users and groups OMVS segments
- If you are already assigning UIDs and GIDS to all users using z/OS UNIX System Services by defining OMVS segments using AUTOUID/AUTOGID (which uses BPX.NEXT.USER) then:
 - You are already using AIM at a minimum of stage 2
 - You must continue to assign all new users and groups OMVS segments
- If you are using only BPX.DEFAULT.USER
 - You must either move to the automatic generation of OMVS user and group segments or assign OMVS user and group segments to all necessary users and groups

z/OS V1.1 := 3ealt% C%ec(| 7e&aault U2*G *7

```

      Display  Filter  View  Print  Options  Search  Help
-----
SDSF OUTPUT DISPLAY ZOSMIGV2R1_DEFAULT_UNIX_ID      LINE 0          COLUMNS 02- 81
COMMAND INPUT ==>                                     SCROLL ==> HALF
***** TOP OF DATA *****
CHECK(IBMRACTF,ZOSMIGV2R1_DEFAULT_UNIX_ID)
START TIME: 05/11/2012 14:38:04.920543
CHECK DATE: 20110101  CHECK SEVERITY: LOW

IRRH504I RACF is not enabled to assign UNIX IDs when users or groups
that do not have OMVS segments use certain z/OS UNIX services. If you
choose not to define UNIX IDs for each user of UNIX functions, you can
enable RACF to automatically generate unique UNIX UIDs and GIDs for you.

END TIME: 05/11/2012 14:38:04.921996  STATUS: SUCCESSFUL
***** BOTTOM OF DATA *****

```

- `IRRH504I` is a migration check
 - Note the name: ZOSMIGV2R1.....This check is to prepare you to identify issues when you migrate to z/OS V2.1
 - Shipped INACTIVE; you activate when you start your V2.1 migration planning