



IBM Software Group

IBM WebSphere® Data Interchange V3.3

Integrating WDI with WebSphere Process Server

WebSphere. software



@business on demand.

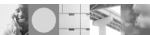
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This presentation shows how WDI could be integrated with WebSphere Process Server.

Agenda



- **Introduction to SOA**
- **Service Component Architecture Programming Model**
- **Component Layering**
- **Integration Flow between WDI and WPS**
- **WDI and SOA**
- **Demo**
- **Summary**



WDI Communications

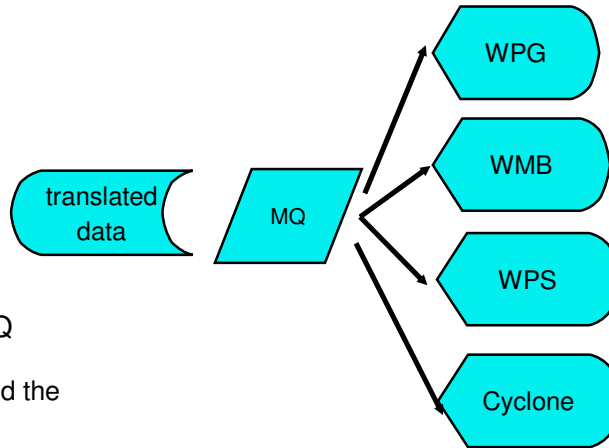
connect to WPG via MQ

connect to WMB via MQ

connect to WPS via MQ

connect to Cyclone via MQ

WDI uses RFH2 headers and the
WDI MCD profile (WMB) to
determine flow

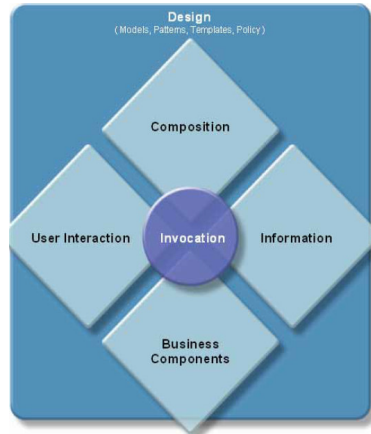


WDI can integrate with a number of products. WebSphere Process Server is one. WMQ is the message transport for message data.

Introduction to SOA

- SOA is a framework that combines
- individual business functions and processes, called services, to implement sophisticated
- business applications and processes. SOA is an approach to IT that considers business
- processes as reusable components or services which are **loosely-coupled** and that are
- platform and implementation **neutral**. The approach allows you to design solutions as
- assemblies of services in which the assembly description is a managed, **well-defined**
- first-class aspect of the solution, and hence, amenable to analysis, change, and evolution.
- The solution can then be viewed as a choreographed set of service interactions.

SOA Programming Model Elements



SOA Programming Model Elements

Elements	Description	Technology used for Implementation
User Interaction	How a user interacts with a service, business process, or composite application	JavaServer Faces, Portlets, Rich Clients (including hand-held devices)
Invocation	How services are connected together and how services integrate and interoperate with each other.	Service Component Architecture (SCA), Enterprise Service Bus (ESB)
Composition	Composing services together builds a composite application. This can also include choreographing services to create an executable business process	Service Component Architecture (SCA), Business Process Execution Language (WS-BPEL)
Business Components	Relevant units of business logic built as components with interfaces that are independent of the underlying implementation details	Service Component Architecture (SCA)
Information	A uniform way of representing data	Service Data Objects (SDO)

Key Roles in Service Oriented Design/Dev



Business Analyst

- **Model the business**

- Understand business requirements
- Analyze and develop process models
- Identify optimum process models to drive services design



Software Architect

- **Design the services architecture**

- Model and refine the services architecture
- Identify new services needed and existing assets to re-use
- Generate services specifications



Developer

- **Construct the services**

- Implement new services & repurpose existing assets as services
- Create UI for access via Web or Portal
- Validate and test services

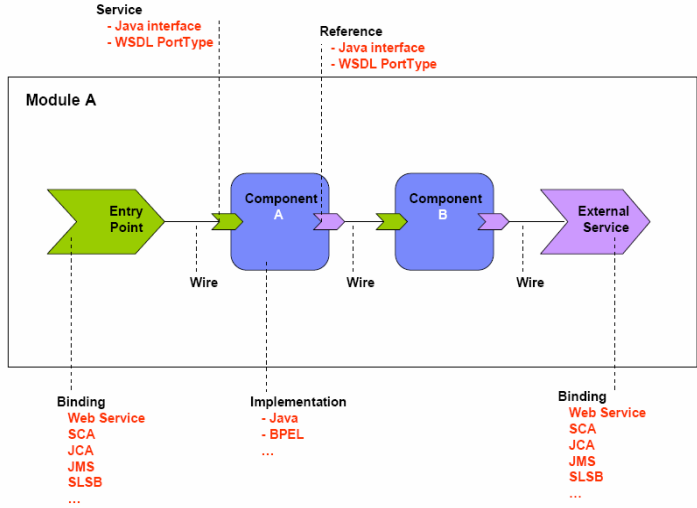


Integration Developer

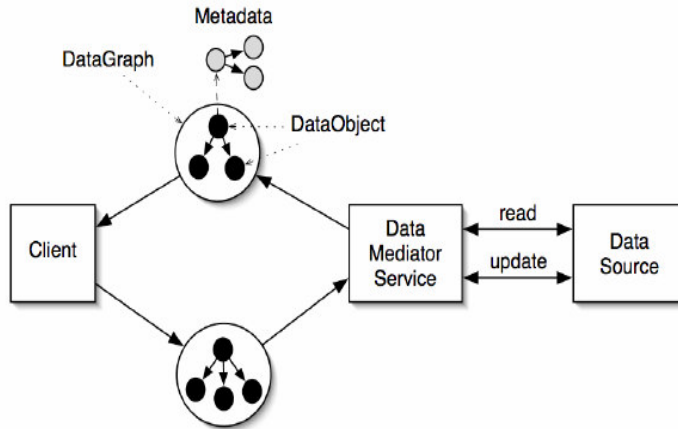
- **Assemble and deploy composite application**

- View the process model
- Choreograph the services
- Assemble and deploy

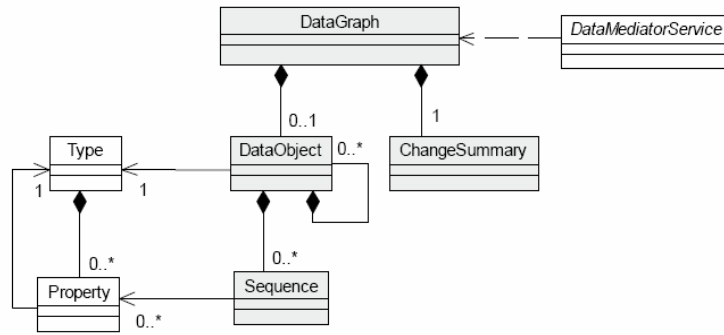
A Simple Module



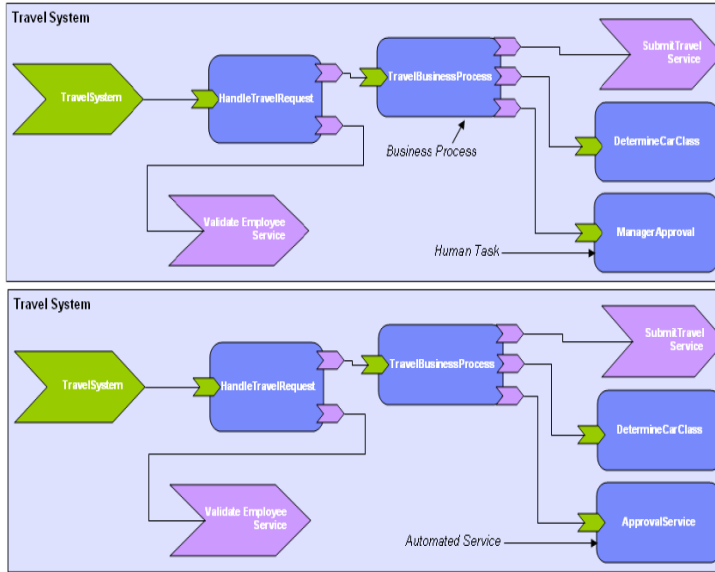
Components of an SDO Solution



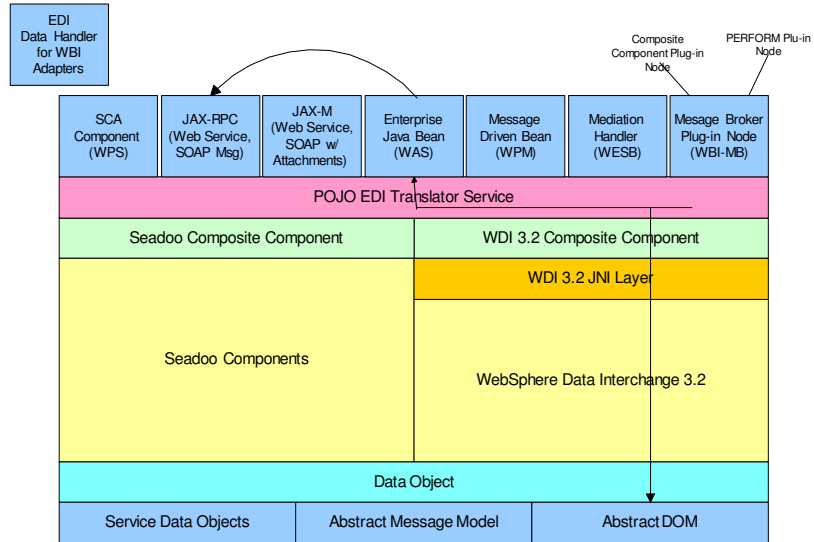
UML Model of Core SDO Components



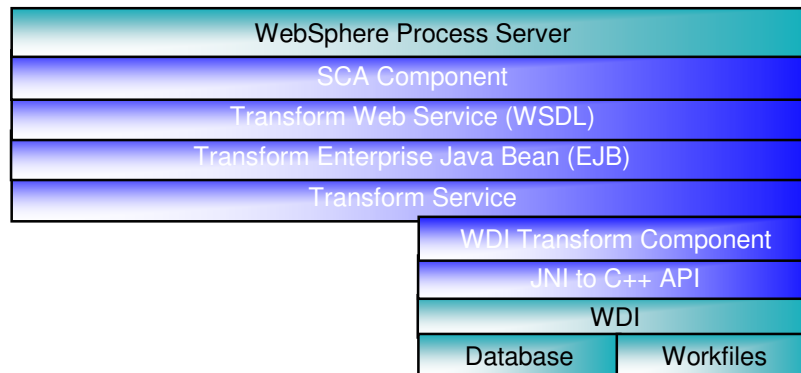
Example of rewiring an assembly



Component Layering



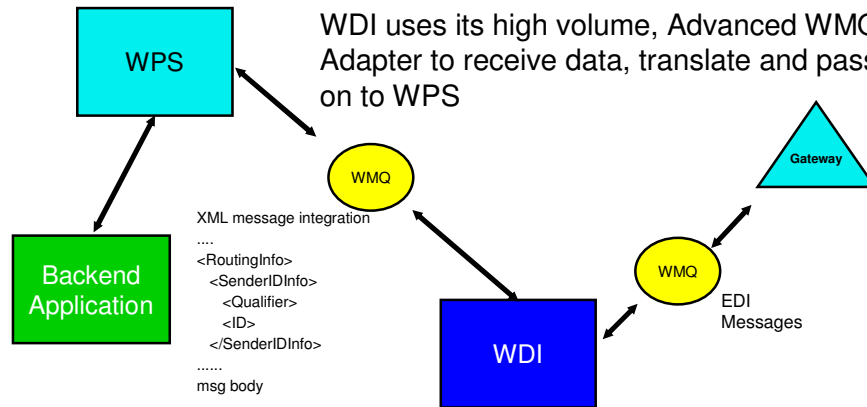
WDI / WPS Services Oriented Architecture



Services Oriented Architecture has layers of integration. The Service Component Architecture component, web service, Enterprise Java Bean, and Transform Service are the general means of Integrating WPS to a service. WDI provides a JNI to C++ API and a sample Transform component to help integrate into the WDI product. The WDI product uses database and workfile access during translation or transformation.

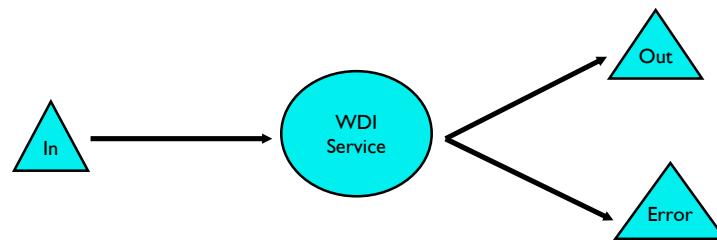
WPS Integration Flow

Integration with WPS is via WMQ, as is done in the HIPAA solution



In a typical integration flow, a customer's backend application might provide data for a WPS flow. WPS would use place message data on a WMQ queue. The WMQ trigger mechanism would start WDI's Advanced Adapter and invoke WDI. WDI would then translate the data and place it on a WMQ queue which is monitored by WPS or a gateway, like WPG.

WDI / WPS Interface Flow



A typical WPS flow is simple. The input message interacts with a service. In this case the components of the prior page are combined into something labeled the “WDI Service”. This service then produces output and errors.

Sample WSDL

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<wdd:definitions xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap"
xmlns:tns="http://ibm.com/TransformService"
xmlns:xsd="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl"
xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" name="TransformService"
targetNamespace="http://ibm.com/TransformService">
  <wdd:types>
    <xsd:schema targetNamespace="http://ibm.com/TransformService"
xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
      <xsd:simpleType name="tSyntax">
        <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
          <xsd:enumeration value="xml"/>
          <xsd:enumeration value="edi"/>
          <xsd:enumeration value="rod"/>
        </xsd:restriction>
      </xsd:simpleType>
      <xsd:simpleType name="tDictionary">
        <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
        </xsd:restriction>
      </xsd:simpleType>
      <xsd:simpleType name="tDocument">
        <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
        </xsd:restriction>
      </xsd:simpleType>
      <xsd:complexType name="tProperties">
        <xsd:choice>
          <xsd:element name="Syntax" type="tns:tSyntax" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
          <xsd:element name="Dictionary" type="tns:tDictionary" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
          <xsd:element name="Document" type="tns:tDocument" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        </xsd:choice>
      </xsd:complexType>
      <xsd:simpleType name="tMessage">
        <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
        </xsd:restriction>
      </xsd:simpleType>
    </xsd:schema>
  </wdd:types>
  <xsd:element name="Message" type="tns:tMessage" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
</wdd:definitions>
```


Sample WSDL

```

<xsd:complexType name="tMsgAssembly">
  <xsd:sequence>
    <xsd:element name="Properties" type="tns:tProperties"/>
    <xsd:element name="Message" type="tns:tMessage"/>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:simpleType name="tFileURI">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:anyURI">
    <xsd:pattern value="file:.*"/>
  </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:complexType name="tURIAssembly">
  <xsd:sequence>
    <xsd:element name="Properties" type="tns:tProperties"/>
    <xsd:element name="InputURI" type="tns:tFileURI"/>
    <xsd:element name="OutputURI" type="tns:tFileURI"/>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="tTransformFault">
  <xsd:sequence>
    <xsd:element name="ErrorCode" type="xsd:string"/>
    <xsd:element name="ErrorMsg" type="xsd:string"/>
    <xsd:element name="MessageID" type="xsd:string"/>
    <xsd:element name="CorrelationID" type="xsd:string"/>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="MessageAssembly" type="tns:tMsgAssembly"/>
<xsd:element name="TransformMsgResp" type="xsd:string"/>
<xsd:element name="TransformURIResp" type="xsd:string"/>
<xsd:element name="URIAssembly" type="tns:tURIAssembly"/>
<xsd:element name="TransformMsgFault" type="tns:tTransformFault"/>
<xsd:element name="TransformURIFault" type="tns:tTransformFault"/>
</xsd:schema>
</wsdl:types>

<wsdl:message name="TransformMsgResp">
  <wsdl:part name="TransformMsgResp" element="tns:TransformMsgResp" />
</wsdl:message>

```

Example – SOAP Request

- <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
- <SOAP-ENV:Envelope xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/" xmlns:q0="http://ibm.com/TransformService" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
- <SOAP-ENV:Body>
- <q0:MessageAssembly>
- <Properties>
- <Syntax>**xml**</Syntax>
- </Properties>
- <Message><OrderSR><Header typecode="00"><PONum>PO12345678901234</PONum><PODate>03232001</PODate><Sender><Id>OfTheBeast</Id><Qualifier>ST</Qualifier></Sender><Receiver><Id>Lewitt</Id><Qualifier>BT</Qualifier></Receiver></Header><DetailLoop><ItemNumber>89988760964</ItemNumber><SubDetail><Description>LEG OF LAMB</Description><Quantity>1.00</Quantity><UnitPrice>5.01</UnitPrice></SubDetail></DetailLoop><Trailer><ItemCount>6</ItemCount><TotalBucks>1304.55</TotalBucks></Trailer></OrderSR></Message>
- </q0:MessageAssembly>
- </SOAP-ENV:Body>
- </SOAP-ENV:Envelope>



Example – SOAP Response Message

- <soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
- <soapenv:Header />
- <soapenv:Body>
- <p412:TransformMsgResp xmlns:p412="http://ibm.com/TransformService/">ISA*00* *00* *ST*OF THE BEAST *BT*LEWITT *060110*1049*U*00401*000000003*0*P*! GS*PO* * *20060110*1049*3*X*004010! ST*850*0003! BEG*00*NE*PO12345678901234**0323200 1! N1*ST*OfTheBeast! N1*BT*Lewitt! PO1*1*****BP*89988760964! PO3*ZZ***5.01*FX*1*YY*LEG OF LAMB! CTT*6*1304.55! SE*8*0003! GE*1*3! IEA*1*000000003!</p412:TransformMsgResp>
- </soapenv:Body>
- </soapenv:Envelope>



Summary

- ▶ IBM is leading out on SOA and all WebSphere products support this vital effort
- ▶ Code is relatively simple and straight forward when you know what to do
- ▶ Almost any SOA integration paradigm can be supported
 - Let the customer decide what works best for them
- ▶ Anticipating customer experience feedback
- ▶ WDI could provide a product extension “SOA Toolkit”

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