Earth Science Chapter 10: Fossils

Answer the following questions by circling the letter of the correct answer. Answers that cannot be read will be counted as incorrect.

1. A is a hollow area in sediment in the shape of an organism or part of an organism.				
a. mold	b. crater			
c. sink hole	d. none of the above			
2. What is a fossil in which minerals replace all or part of an organism?				
a. coal	b. petrified fossil			
c. T-rex	d. gasoline			
3. What provide evidence of the activities of ancient organisms?				
a. an agenda planner	b. carbon film			
c. mold	d. trace fossils			
4. What is the name given to a scientist that studies fossils?				
a. volcanologist	b. psychologist			
c. paleontologist	d. biologist			
5. What is the gradual change in living things over long periods of time?				
a. evolution	b. fossilization			
c. decay	d. all of the above			

Earth Science Chapter 10: The Relative Age of Rocks

Define the following terms. Answers that cannot be read will be counted as incorrect.

1. What is the relative age of a rock?		
2. What is the absolute age of a rock?		
3. What does the law of superposition say?		
4. What is extrusion?		
5. What is intrusion?		
6. What is an index fossil?		

Earth Science Chapter 10: Radioactive Dating

Answer the following questions. Answers that cannot be read will be counted as incorrect.

Use the table on Page 325 to determine which element I should use to date a particular fossil. Circle **all** of the radioactive elements that can be used.

1. The fossil is 12 million years old.

a. carbon-14 b. potassium-40 c. rubidium-87 d. thorium-232 e. uranium-235 f. uranium-238

2. The fossil is 750 years old.

a. carbon-14 b. potassium-40 c. rubidium-87 d. thorium-232 e. uranium-235 f. uranium-238

3. The fossil is 1 million years old.

a. carbon-14 b. potassium-40 c. rubidium-87 d. thorium-232 e. uranium-235 f. uranium-238

4. What happens during radioactive decay?

5. What is a half-life?

Earth Science Chapter 10: The Geologic Time Scale

Era	Period	What happened?
	Quaternary	
Cenozoic	Tertiary	
	Jurassic	"The Age of the Reptiles"
	Triassic	
	Permian	
	Carboniferous	
	Silurian	
	Ordovician	
	N/A	Covers 88% of Earth's history
Precambrian		and ended 544 million years
		ago

Fill in the blanks in the table below. Answers that cannot be read will be counted as incorrect.

Earth Science Chapter 10: Early Earth

Answer the following questions. Answers that cannot be read will be counted as incorrect.

1. How long ago did the earth form? _____

2. What did the earth begin as?

3. During the first several hundred years of the Precambrian period, what began to form?

A.

- В.
- C.

4. What is a comet?

5. How old is the oldest known fossil of a single-celled organism?

6. Why is it important that organism in the past performed a process called photosynthesis?

Earth Science Chapter 10: Eras of Earth's History

Match the periods with the organisms that formed during that time frame. Answers that cannot be read will be counted as incorrect.

- a. Cambrian
- b. Ordovician
- c. Silurian
- d. Devonian
- e. Permian
- f. Triassic
- g. Jurassic
- h. Cretaceous
- i. Quaternary

_____1. Warm-blooded reptiles appear and there is a mass extinction of many marine invertebrates occurs

2. Modern humans evolve in Africa and giant mammals become extinct with the end of the Ice Age

_____ 3. The first birds appear and large dinosaurs thrive

4. There is a great "explosion" of invertebrates in the seas

_____ 5. Land plants, insects and spiders appear while fish with jaws develop

- 6. Flowering plants and snakes appear but at the end of the period, a mass extinction causes the disappearance of the dinosaurs
 - _____7. Termed "The Age of the Reptiles" because the first dinosaurs, turtles and crocodiles appear. Mammals too.
 - 8. Invertebrates dominate the seas and early vertebrates start to become common

9. "The Age of the Fish" begins with the appears of sharks and fish with scales become common plus the first amphibians appear on land

Earth Science Chapter 10: Study Guide

*** Since this chapter is so long, there will be a take home portion of the test. Directions will be given out as we get closer to the date of the test. ***

Section 1

• Definitions		
Fossil	Petrified fossil	Scientific theory
Sedimentary rock	Carbon film	Evolution
Mold	Trace fossil	Extinct
Cast	Paleontologist	

- Know how fossils form, where fossils are normally found and what most fossils form from
- Know the types of fossils and how they form
- Know how some organism have been preserved and by what methods
- Know what type of scientist studies fossils and what else they do
- Know what a fossil record is
- Know what evidence fossils can provide about the past
- Know what the fossil record reveals
- Know how the fossil record supports the theory of evolution

Section 2

• Definitions

Unconformity
Index fossil

- Be able to compare the relative age and the absolute age of a rock
- Know how the law of superposition is used to determine the relative age of a rock
- Know what else scientists study to determine the relative age of a rock and how they help to determine the relative age
- Know how index fossils are useful
- Know what characteristics a fossil must have to be useful as an index fossil

Section 3

• Definitions

Atom	Radioactive decay	
Element	Half-life	

- Know what it is called when elements break down
- Know what type of elements are considered radioactive
- Know what happens when radioactive elements decay in igneous rocks
- Know that the rate of decay of each radioactive element is constant
- Know what geologists use radioactive dating is used to determine
- Be able to use the table on page 325 to answer questions
- Be able to determine what percentage of radioactive element will be left after a certain number of half-lives

• Know what type of rock radioactive dating does not work well on

Section 4

• Definitions

Geologic time scale

Period

- Know what time scale geologists use to show Earth's history and how scientists order rocks
- Know what the divisions in the geologic time scale depend on

Era

- Know what the earliest span of time is called and the three following eras
- Know what eras are subdivided into
- Be able to place the eras in the correct order
- Know the names of the periods

Section 5

• Definitions

Comet

Continental drift

- Know the approximate age of the earth
- Know how scientists were able to determine the age of the earth
- Know how the earth took shape
- Know what formed on the surface of the earth during the Precambrian Time
- Know what type of organisms were the first to form fossils
- Know why photosynthesis is important in our history

Section 6

• Definitions

Invertebrate	Amphibian	Mass extinction
Vertebrate	Reptile	Mammal

- Know what the Cambrian Explosion is
- Know at least one example of an invertebrate
- Know what the first vertebrates were
- Know the differences between vertebrates and invertebrates
- Know during which period animals began to invade the land
- Know what some scientists believe caused the mass extinction at the end of the Paleozoic
- Know which era is called the "Age of the Reptiles"
- Know what scientists believe caused the mass extinction at the end of the Cretaceous Period
- Know what organisms did not survive the mass extinction of the Cretaceous Period
- Know what era is called the "Age of the Mammals"
- Know which period had a series of ice ages
- Know when modern humans evolved