## CMOS Power (2A)

•

Copyright (c) 2012 Young W. Lim.
Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this document under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.2 or any later version published by the Free Software Foundation; with no Invariant Sections, no Front-Cover Texts, and no Back-Cover Texts. A copy of the license is included in the section entitled "GNU Free Documentation License".
Please send corrections (or suggestions) to <a href="mailto:youngwlim@hotmail.com">youngwlim@hotmail.com</a> .
This document was produced by using OpenOffice and Octave.

## Definition

Instantaneous Power 
$$P(t) = I(t)V(t)$$

What is the relationship between "redundant CORDIC algorithm" and this CORDIC search algorithms?

What is the optimal solution in CORDIC?

What can be cost function of search algorithms?

## **Definition**

$$P(t) = I(t)V(t)$$

$$E = \int_{0}^{T} P(t) dt$$

$$P_{avg} = \frac{E}{T} = \frac{1}{T} \int_{0}^{T} P(t) dt$$

## References

- [1] http://en.wikipedia.org/[2] N. Weste, "CMOS VLSI Design"