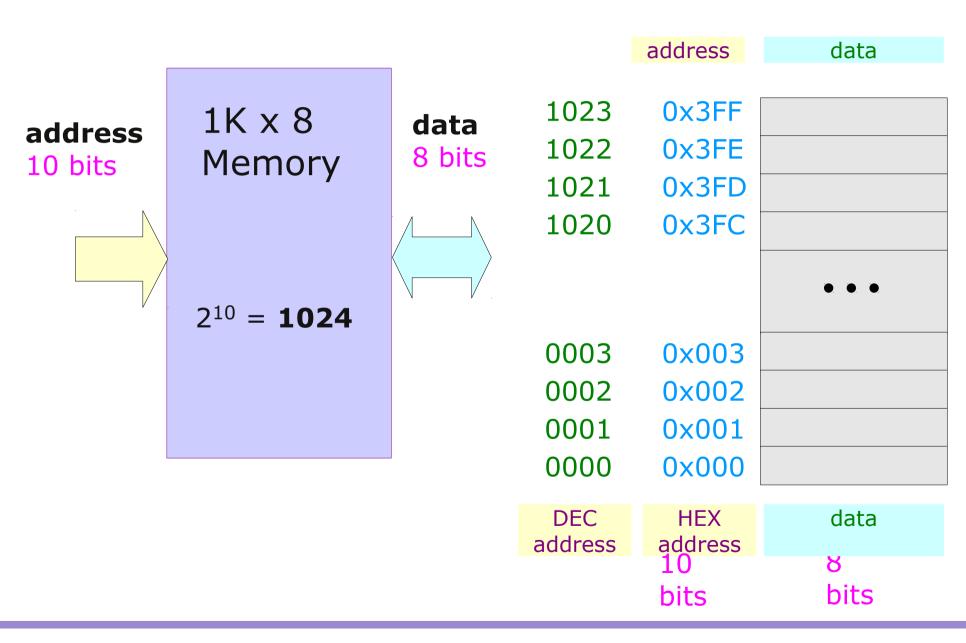
# Pointer (1A)

Copyright (c) 2010 Young W. Lim.	
Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this document under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, ersion 1.2 or any later version published by the Free Software Foundation; with no Invariant Sections, no Front-Cover Texts, and n ack-Cover Texts. A copy of the license is included in the section entitled "GNU Free Documentation License".	D
lease send corrections (or suggestions) to youngwlim@hotmail.com.	
his document was produced by using OpenOffice.	

#### Address and Data in a Memory



#### Variable

int a;
a can hold an <u>integer</u>

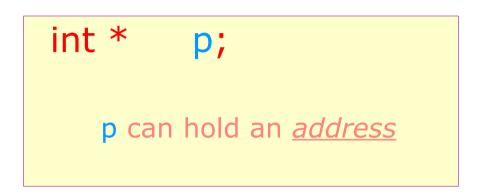
address data &a

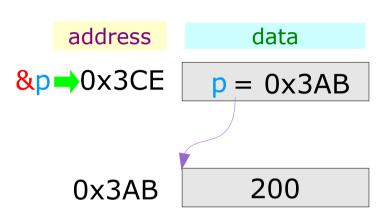
a = 100; a holds an <u>integer</u> 100

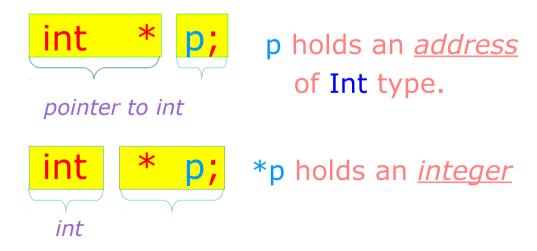
address data

&a = 100

#### Pointer Variable

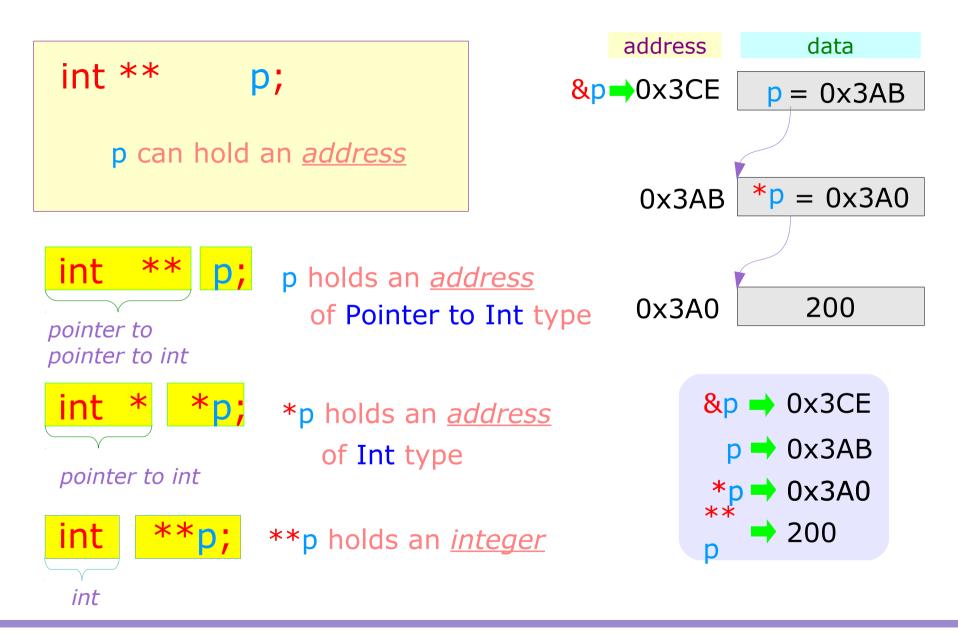




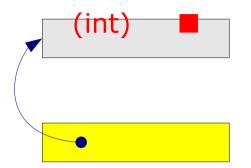




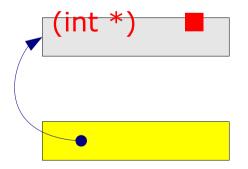
#### Pointer to Pointer Variable



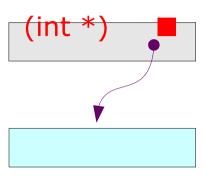
#### Interpretation of Pointer (1)



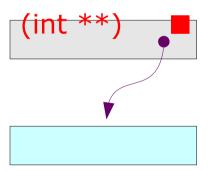
This type must be (int \*)



This type must be (int \*\*)



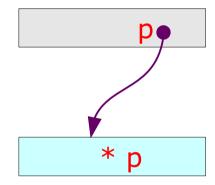
This type must be (int )



This type must be (int \*)

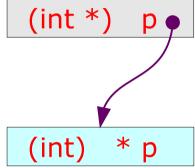
## Interpretation of Pointer (2)

# Following a pointer: Dereferencing operator \*



(int \*) n

If p is a pointer to integer type



If \*p is an integer type

The address of a variable : Address of operator &



### Integer Pointer Examples (1)

```
int i;
int * pi;
int ** qi;
```

i holds an <u>integers</u>

pi holds an <u>address</u>

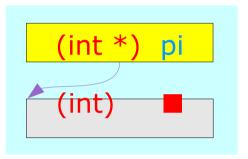
of Int type

qi holds an <u>address</u>

of Pointer to Int type

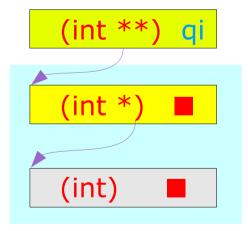
int type (int) i

int \* type



int \*\* type

int \* type



#### Integer Pointer Examples (2)

```
int i;
int * pi;
int ** qi;
```

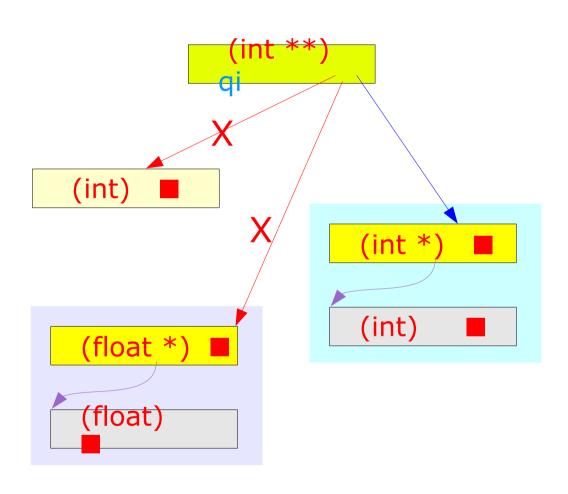
```
i holds an integers

pi holds an address

of Int type

qi holds an address

of Pointer to Int type
```



## Integer Pointer Examples (3)

```
address
                                   types
                                                             data
     i = 200;
int
                                              &qi →
                                 int ** qi
                                                          qi
                                                            = &pi
       pi = \&i;
int *
                                 int * pi
                                              &pi →
                                                             = &i
int ** qi = π
                                              &
i holds an integers
                                  int i
                                                             =200
pi holds an <u>address</u>
                                                       *qi = pi
   of Int type
                                                        *pi = i
qi holds an <u>address</u>
   of Pointer to Int type
```

\*\*qi = \*pi = i

#### Array of Pointers (1)

```
int a [4];
int * b [4];
```

Array name a holds the starting <u>address</u>



No. of elements = 4

Type of each element

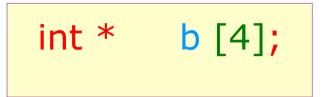
Array name b holds the starting <u>address</u>

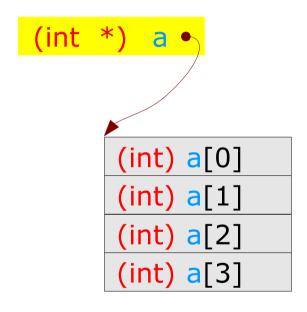


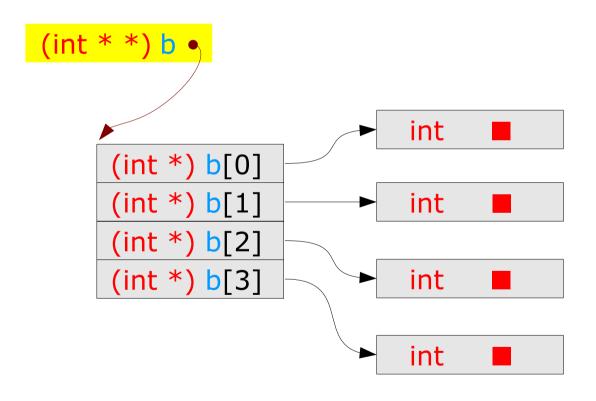
No. of elements = 4

Type of each element

```
int a [4];
```







#### 2-D Array (1)

```
int a [4];
int c [4] [4];
```

Array name a holds the starting address

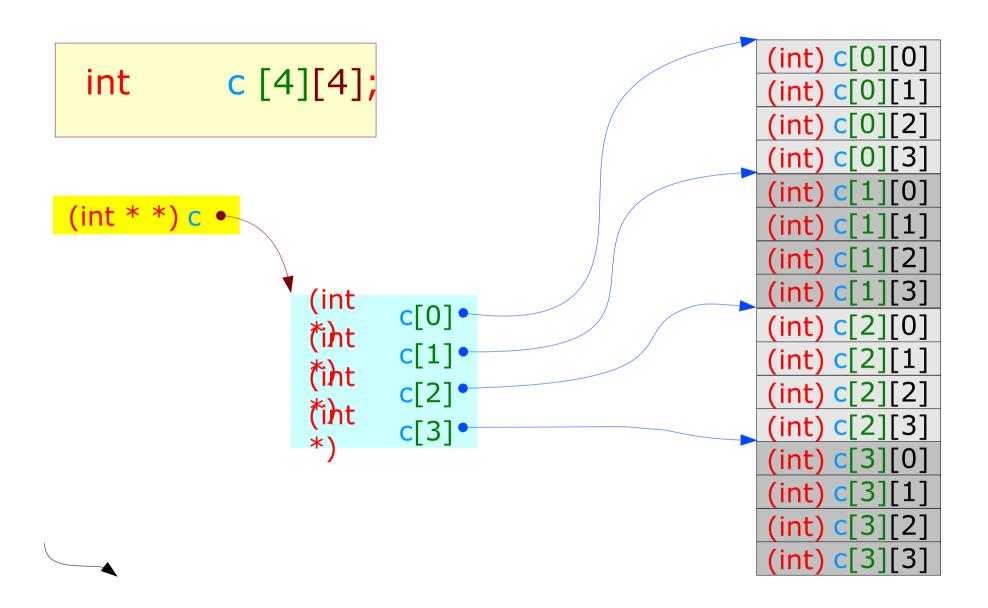
No. of elements = 4

Type of each element

c[0], c[1], c[2], c[3] holds the starting address

No. of elements = 4

Type of each element



# 2-d Array

#### References

- [1] Essential C, Nick Parlante
- [2] Efficient C Programming, Mark A. Weiss
- [3] C A Reference Manual, Samuel P. Harbison & Guy L. Steele Jr.
- [4] C Language Express, I. K. Chun