# NEW-ORLEANS BEE.

BY BULLITT, MAGINE & CO.
*At No. 81 Chartres street.*

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"Truth is omnipotent, and Public Justice certain."

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES
HENRY CLAY
*(Subject to the nomination of the American People.)*

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WINFIELD SCOTT.

FOR GOVERNOR
HENRY JOHNSON,

FOR MAYOR,
WM. FRERET.

*NEW-ORLEANS:*
MONDAY MORNING MARCH 14, 1842.


## DISASTROUS FIRE.

DESTRUCTION OF THE ST. CHARLES THEATRE.

Yesterday evening, about half past six, the Coffin manufactory on Camp street, of Mrs. QUIRK, was discovered to be on fire. The work-shop of the establishment, back of the store-house, extended to within a few yards of the rear of the St. Charles theatre.

When the flames were first discovered, there was little expectation that the devastation would sweep in its fiery that magnificent structure, at once the pride of the City and a monument of the public spirit and enterprise of Mr. CALDWELL, who erected it. The combustible materials with which the shop was filled soon rendered it apparent that the *Temple was in* danger. When we got to the fire, the flames were beating with terrible fury against the gable end of the St. Charles, and confined within an angle made by the theatre and the building which extends from it to the Camp street arcade, ascended above the roof.—The windows of the Theatre were numerous on the engines by this time were numerous on the ground, and from the activity of the firemen, hopes were yet entertained that the noble pile would be rescued. For more than ten minutes the assembled multitude witnessed with breathless expectation the struggle between the firemen and the flames for the splendid *prize*. Hope and fear alternately agitated every bosom. After a short space a slight smoke issued from one of the windows of the upper story, giving dreadful omen of the spalling spectacle soon to follow. It ceased a while and hope again revived. But for how short a time. The smoke again curled in the air out of first one window, then another, when the flames burst forth with the suddenness of lightning, from end to end of the devoted building. It is not possible to describe the thrill of horror that shook the mass of spectators when the terrible truth was revealed that the St. Charles was thoroughly on fire. With an amazing rapidity the destructive element, as if to avenge the opposition to its ravages, wrapped the whole building—the flames in lambent extacy encircling the flag, the entire roof, rejoicing in its vast and splendid prey.

The inflammable workmanship of the interior; the paints, scenery, oils and other combustibles contributed to a spectacle fearfully sublime. The smoke, black as midnight, rolled in dense and massy clouds above, whilst columns of flame would force their way in their midst. A more terrible vision it has never been our lot to witness. Light and darkness seemed contending for mastery in the heavens; but both the light and the darkness sprung from the desolation that was going on below. We gazed in mute amazement of the terrific sight, until the collossal statue of Tragedy, which adorned the front of the building caught on fire, and the mask of her dramatic sister Comedy, was likewise in flames. The entire figures were in a complete blaze, and objects of singular interest. From the extended arm of Tragedy the fire glowed with surprising effect. When the blaze died away, after having consumed the outer painting, her hands were a coal of fire, red as Lady *Macbeth's* after dipping hers in the blood of Duncan; whilst the face of Comedy was as Lady Teazle, when discovered in the apartments of Joseph Surface. They were the ligal mementos of the exquisite and sublime representations we had witnessed in the Temple; and when they fell from their pedestals, we turned with a moist eye and heaving bosom—we had witnessed the last scene of the St. Charles. The curtain had fallen to rise no more, and this glory of the Drama had vanished for ever.

The fire extended from the Theatre to the Arcade Baths on Camp street, adjoining the old Camp street Theatre, and erected by Mr. CALDWELL, simultaneously with the St. Charles. This was a beautiful structure. It was attached to the Theatre by a building in which was formerly Bennet's spendid billiard saloon, containing eight tables. Above the saloon were a number of rooms to let; below were a variety of shops, restaurant, coffee house &c. &c.

The flames were arrested before consuming the old Camp street; though the building is much injured.

We believe that the loss will not fall entirely on Mr. CALDWELL; our impression is that the Theatre and the Arcade were, given up by that gentleman to the Gas Bank. What the loss is, we have no idea. We have been told that insurances to the amount of $60,000 has been effected upon it (some say 200,000.)

The splendid ward robe of the Italian company, valued at $50,000 we are glad to learn, has been saved. The manager fortunately hired a building apart from the theatre in which they were stored. That portion only was destroyed that had been taken to the theatre for the representation of Chiara de Rosembergh, which was to commence in about an hour, was lost.

We have heard of several injuries received by the firemen and others; but nothing of a definite character.

The building adjoining the St Charles, occupied by Mr. Murphy as a coffee house and tan pin alley was also destroyed.

*"Once more unto the breach, dear friends, once more!"*

We have unfurled the *Whig* banner to do or die. If we are beaten we will fall in a glorious cause and under a leader worthy of that cause—a leader who has time and again rallied the Whig party, when beaten down by the JACKSON phalanx, infused spirit into our drooping ranks, and gathered together the elements of our broken strength. He has preserved the Whig party from utter annihilation, and battling at its head, withstood the assaults of the most powerful and dangerous dynasty that ever raised its head in a *free* Government. It was the force of his genius, the splendid attributes of his character, and the sublime energy of his patriotism that cemented the Whig party and kept them together, amid disaster, defeat and prosecution, and which yet hold them together amid treachery, hypocrisy and apostacy. His voice was heard when the storm was at its highest—his arm was raised when others were palsied; and after years of struggle, peril, and fidelity, with a grace characteristic of his proud and devotel spirit, he retired from the command at the behests of others, as a private soldier, fought in the ranks in that glorious contest which was won by a gallant people, to be lost by the treason of a trusted chief.

Accidentals wrested the fruits of that triumph from the party that achieved it, and the country has been defrauded of the blessings which were promised by that victory. But not satisfied with betraying the people, the individual who now *disgraces* the seat once *adorned* by WASHINGTON, has turned his "Corporal's guard" upon the man whose prowess preserved the party that placed him there, to blacken and defame his character. Upon Mr. CLAY's head are poured out the vials of TYLER's wrath. Upon him is charged the failure of an administration that is conducted as though the Government was formed for the sole purpose of assailing the greatest man now living. The puny ire of JOHN TYLER and the mock heroics of his followers will fall as short of destroying Mr. CLAY in the affections of the American people, as our *chance medley* President has fallen short of realising the expectations of the country or in fulfilling the obligations which he assumed on becoming the candidate of the whig party.

Let us again rally to the rescue, and in doing so, inscribe upon our standard the name of HENRY CLAY—a name that is synonymous with every thing that is admirable in private character, and faithful in public life. He is the natural leader of the whig party as he has been thrice its preserver. He will be the choice of a people whom he has thrice rescued from the horrors of civil strife. On him we can rely for strength, and from him we know for what to look. The national honor will be safe in the keeping of a man who is the soul of honor; and the interests of the country will be secure in the hands of him who has devoted his life to the protection, advancement and dignity of domestic labor. Himself a farmer, he is the friend of the agricultural classes, and as a statesman of exalted skill, he is the advocate of the mercantile and manufacturing interests. His mind is as capacious as his heart, he comprehends all the complicated relations of society and embraces in his affections every class of his fellow citizens. Under his banner we can succeed, and will. Let the watchword of the whigs be HENRY CLAY and the reply will be VICTORY!

## WILLIAM FRERET.

Our readers will perceive the name of this gentleman at the head of our columns as the whig candidate for mayor at the April election. Between Mr. FRERET and his opponent, there is room for a moment's hesitation. In supporting him for the chief magistrate, we are not only consulting our political preferences, but we are acting a merited tribute to a faithful public servant, who has been fearless and impartial in the discharge of responsible duties.

To the whig majority of this city we have only to say that they have the power to re-elect *M. Freret*; that his success will be an earnest of what the whigs of Orleans mean to do for HENRY M. JOHNSON in July; and that his defeat, which apathy or lukewarmness can alone affect, will be seized upon by locofocoism as an evidence that the whig party has been shorn of her strength and adversaries will trumpet it forth as the herald of their triumph at the gubernatorial struggle. Against the fatal delusion of resting neuter in this contest, let the whigs specially guard, and let them remember their victory in April will be the certain precursor of a more brilliant triumph in July.

## HENRY CLAY.

"Justice to Harry of the West."

By the calamity of the death of the distinguished citizen under whose name and banner the WHIGS of 1840 secured the greatest political triumph that was ever achieved in any contest, the hopes of our country have been for a season disappointed and depressed by the recusant course of the *constitutional successor of the lamented* HARRISON.

The present Executive head of the Government was not called to that high and responsible post by the direct suffrages of the nation, but by the demise of the people's choice, and the provisions of law. He nevertheless stood in his elevation to the chief magistracy, towards the party that placed General HARRISON in power, as did HARRISON himself; and as the great contest so signally fought, was one of *principles*,—broad and well defined,—he stood equally pledged with his predecessor to carry out the measures of the party to whom he was thus indebted for place and power—principles not resting "*per se*" in his own breast, vague and undigested, but proclaimed and fought under, in every city, hamlet, and village from Maine to Georgia,—known to every whig, and known to Mr. Tyler himself, and declared to the American people by the late venerable chief magistrate, (Heaven hallow his memory) in his inaugural address on the 4 h of March, 1841.

But how Mr. Tyler has fulfilled these pledges, let the ruin that continues to overshadow the country, its whole length and breadth, and the chagrin and disappointment of the Whig party—speak.

They are too legible in his whole public conduct for the Whigs to pause one moment in this duty or to hope for any thing good from that source. The only remedy against the evils accumulating upon us—is to separate ourselves from the man and his measures—and renounce the one as an example of a citizen yielding to the temptation of an untoward ambition, and the other as destructive of the interest of the country.

To this end let the whigs reorganise and reunite under our old and sacred principles, and "once again to the breach."

We should "never despair of the Republic—virtue is eternal and public justice certain," and if the whigs are true to themselves they can do again what they well did in November 1840.

Now is the time to do "*justice to* HARRY *of the West*," he who has been throughout the fourteen long years of our struggle, the head and front of the whig party—its soul and honor, one who has never deviated from the principles we know, but has with a majesty and an earnestness (that knew no abatement) stood up against the combined powers of opposition and *treachery*. Every other name should be laid aside, and that of HENRY CLAY become the watchword and choice of the whigs. This will be no movement personal in its features—but one of principle—for in the language of a whig member of our Legislature, HENRY CLAY is the "impersonation of *all* of our principles," and the surest way to establish *them*, will be to elevate *him* who professes and will *never*, never betray his party or his country.

The object of this communication is to suggest to the whigs of New Orleans the propriety of forming "*Henry Clay Clubs*" in our city similar to those now formed in other sections of the Union, so that their strength and numbers will show that it is not necessary to call a National Convention to declare to the country that HENRY CLAY is the choice of the whigs.

If these views are responded to by the body of the whigs, I leave it with you, Mr. Editor, the organ of our party in Louisiana to name the time and place of meeting to carry out the objects expressed. I know that there are in this city *thousands* whose hearts will leap at the proposition.

HARRISON.

THE EDWARD SHIPPEN leaves for Louisville this morning. "Bad news travels fast," they say, and our friend Capt. RUSSELL, will be the bearer of sad tidings hence. We advise travellers to take passage in her, as she is not only the swiftest vessel afloat, but her commander and officers can dispel "dull care" from the minds of their company without giving themselves the least extra trouble. He is a way they have; its natural to them.

A WHIG ADMINISTRATION,—John Tyler and Dan'l Webster have taken the government printing from the Mobile *Advertiser*, (whig,) and given it to the *Register and Journal*, (loco.); and this is the administration which the very candid and upright locofocos call whig.

A portion of the floor of Montgomery Hall, in Boston, gave way during a Roman Catholic meeting on the 28th ult., and one hundred and fifty men were buried among its ruins. Only three persons were severely injured, and a number of others received bruises and wounds.

The *Commercial Advertiser* of the 2nd inst. says—"The steamer *Unicorn* proceeded to sea at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, for Halifax, with the English mail for March. She takes out six passengers for Liverpool and seven for Halifax, and 13,000 letters."

AUGUSTUS B. SAUNDERS, Auditor of Public Accounts, for the State of Mississippi, died a few days ago. He was an old soldier, and had fought the battles of his country.

FRANKLIN PIERCE, the U. S. Senator from New Hampshire, has resigned his seat, and his successor *pro tempore*, has been appointed.

The President has recognised L. A. HARGOUS as Mexican Consul for the port of New York.

SUICIDE.—We regret to learn that one day last week, Mr. Thomas H. Gaskin, only son of Daniel Gaskin, Esq., of this District, committed suicide by shooting himself, while laboring under the influence of mental derangement.

Mr. Gaskin, the deceased, up to the period when his mind became affected, which was some time last summer, was well known for his quiet and unobtrusive character, and for his moral and industrious habits. His melancholy and untimely death is lamented by a large circle of friends and relations.

*Camden S. C. paper.*

A SUNKEN WRECK.—The smack *Laurel*, when out upon a fishing expedition on Tuesday last, fell in with a sunken wreck, in about 13 fathoms water, 16 miles from the bar, in a S. E. by S. direction. The attention of the crew of the smack was first drawn to a small spar floating upon the surface of the water, they got hold of it found that it was attached to a sunken wreck. They then commenced dragging their fishing lines over the wreck, but were unable to find or recover anything of value. The lead was then hove overboard, and it was invariably hauled up with lime attached to the bottom of it. The crew of the smack are of the opinion that it was some vessel from the eastward, loaded with lime. The *Laurel* lay the wreck for about five hours, but was unable to ascertain any thing further.—*Charleston Courier.*

## GREAT DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of American citizens who are opposed to the agitation in our city and State of the domestic affairs of a nation with whom we are at peace, was held in the Rotunda of the St. Louis Exchange on Thursday evening last, when the following officers were appointed:

Hon. F. D. CONRAD, President.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capt. Robert Spedden, | Pierre Jorda, |
| Capt. E. Trist, | Col. Thomas Pugh, |
| Hon. S. M. D. Clare, | L. L. Ferriere, |
| Maj. Jno. Mountfort, | Cassimere Prieto. |
| Maj. J. H. Dakin, | Dect. S. W. Dakin, |
| S. W. Oakey, | J. W. Stilwell. |

Jno. Davis,
Victor Brent,
Wm. C. Auld,
R. M. Graham,
} Secretaries.

The meeting having been called to order by Mr. E. W. Telfair, eloquent and appropriate speeches were delivered by the following gentlemen:—Hon. F. D. Conrad, of Baton Rouge; Gen. Felix Houston, of this City, and Gen. S. Foote, of Mississippi.

On motion of Mr. Telfair, a committee of ten was appointed by the chairman to draft and report resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting, on which the following persons were appointed:—R. N. Ogden A. W. Scates, Benj. Casey, C. W. Cammack, Thos. H. Howard, S. W. Waters, Doct. J. Harrison, David Stickney, P. W. Farrar, and H. H. Marks.

After a short absence the Committee reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That this meeting declares itself hostile to every invasion on the part of the people of one nation of the rights of another with which it is at peace.

Resolved, That we view with indignation and regret the interference of American citizens with the contests of the Government of Great Britain, and condemn the conduct of those who have lately assembled in public meetings in this city to support of what is called the cause of Irish Repeal.

Resolved, That we do not believe that the money contributed by our people to the Irish Repeal Association will in the remotest degree aid in accomplishing the object for which it is subscribed; but that nothing will by effected except our own disorganization at home, and the aggrandizement of Daniel O'Connell and his compeers abroad.

Resolved, That in the efforts which have been made in this city and elsewhere to promote the political designs of Irish agitators, we can perceive nothing but reckless disregard of the rights of a nation with which we are at peace. That while we are told that "our actions, as American citizens, dishonor the memory of our revolutionary sires," we still regard such actions with the pride of conscious integrity, and will continue to proclaim our faith.

Resolved, That we have seen with regret influential and honorable Americans mingling with those who agitate Irish Repeal; and viewing as we do the obligations which, as Americans, they owe to other nations and their own, as utterly incompatible with the professions of the advocates of Irish Repeal, we condemn their course as being unworthy of American citizens.

Resolved, That in the proceedings of the meeting held at Faneuil Hall, in the city of Boston, over which William Lloyd Garrison presided, we distinctly recognize the identity of the interests of the two Irish Repealers and American Abolitionists; and that we consider it as solemnly our duty to oppose the one, as to suppress and punish any efforts made by the fanatics of the other to promote their disorganizing schemes.

Resolved, That this meeting regards Daniel O'Connell in Europe, and Wm. Lloyd Garrison in America, with no feeling but abhorrence—that we consider one as a political renegade, and the other a political fanatic, and that together are entitled to the execrations of all sober, upright and enlightened American citizens.

Resolved, That although Congress has unquestionably the right to make naturalization laws, we are not compelled to conclude therefrom that naturalization laws are right. We hate the privilege to discuss and consider the claims of justice—to recollect the obligations which all men owe to each other; and, conscious of such prerogatives, we derive from them our power to repudiate—and we do repudiate—alike the doctrine of foreign interference.

Judge R. N. Ogden having been called upon, that gentleman proceeded to address the meeting at some length, in a very able and satisfactory manner; after which,

Mr. Wm. Martin, an Irishman by birth, addressed the meeting, and gave a picture of the condition of Ireland, and the conduct of Daniel O'Connell, which produced frequent bursts of laughter and approbation; and,

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

F. D. CONRAD, *Pres't.*

## IMPROVEMENT BANK,

TUESDAY, March 10th, 1842.

A meeting of the Stockholders of this bank to express their opinion on the following question, to wit: whether or not it will be to the advantage of this institution to accept the "act to amend an act entitled "An act to charter the several banks located in the city of New Orleans, and for other purposes, approved February 4th 1842," and another bill amending the said act, approved the 7th of the present month of March, it was resolved by a vote of 540 votes against 55 votes, that it would not be accepted by said bank.

M. CRUZAT, President.

## LOUISIANA STATE BANK,

New Orleans, 12th 1842.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Institution is hereby convened to be held in the Banking House in this City, on Monday the 28th instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, in order to take into consideration an act of the Legislature, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled; An act to revive the charters of the several Banks located in the city of New Orleans, and for other purposes" approved the 4th February, 1842, promulgated on the 7th instant; and which has been provisionally accepted of by the Board of Directors, under the authorisation given in the 4th section thereof.

By order of the Board.

RICHARD RELF,
Cash'r.

m11 31tw

OFFICE of the Sheriff of the Commercial Court—W W Montgomery vs Thomas Pringle—To all whom it may concern, greeting: Notice is hereby given, that the sum of $ of provisional seizure to me directed, I have seized and taken into my possession the contents of the store No 14 Carondelet street, and therefore all persons are hereby notified to appear within fifteen days from the date hereof, and answer the petition on file in this case.

New Orleans, March 10th, 1842.

L A DUCROS, Sheriff of the Commercial Court.

m11—3t 1369

Bourgeny and Gonnechaux vs. La Deslandes and Alfred Breslaw, f. p. c.

PARISH COURT—No 14,318—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable the Parish Court in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, will be sold at the City Exchange, St Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets in the city, on Tuesday the 15th March, 1842, at 11 o'clock M, the hereinafter described property to wit:

A lot of GROUND, situated in new suburb Marigny, being part of lot No 307 of square No. 45, having French measure, 30 feet front on Annette street, between Good Children and Marais streets, and 120 feet in depth between the latter street and Bayou Fellix Percy, notary public, on the 10th June, 1842.

Terms—This being the second and last auction, the above described property will be sold to the last and highest bidder for what it will bring, at 12 months' credit; purchaser to give his notes payable at the house of the undersigned, bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, and special mortgage until final payment.

F. ALLAIN,
Sheriff of the parish of Orleans.

m14—3t. 14. 21 and 31.

COMMERCIAL COURT—No. 4691—Mathieu Lerthet vs Isabelle Fox—By virtue of an order of seizure and sale to me directed by the Honorable the Commercial Court in and for the City of New Orleans, I will sell at the City Exchange, St. Louis street, on Saturday the 16th day of April 1842, at noon, the following described property:

1st. Two certain lots of ground No's *eleven*, and twelve in square No. seventy-nine, measuring each thirty feet front on Lafayette street between Apollo and Neptune sts. by one hundred and twenty-feet deep, between parallel lines, all French measure.

2d. A lot of GROUND designated as No. thirteen, in said square measuring thirty feet front on Lafayette st. by one hundred and twenty feet deep, all French measure.

Terms—Cash.

m14 3t I. A. DUCROS, Sheriff of the Com. Court

EXTREMELY CHEAP!—A large assortment of DRY GOODS, at the Exchange store, corner of Royal and Conti sts. new patterns at 37½ per yd.

Real Fine Cloth, at 50 cents a yard,
Drills, Irish Linen, brown Linen,
Sheeting, white and printed Muslins,
Table Cloth, mosquito netting,
A number of other reasonable articles.

For sale by retail and wholesale, at very moderate prices, at the Exchange store, Chartres st.

At the Red store, Levee street, between the market houses.

At the corner of Bourbon and Conti streets.

At the corner of Camp and Poydras streets.

m14-3t FAUCHON BROTHER.

CHOICE CLARET AND CORDIAL—Just received and for sale cheap, in bottles and half-bottles, for families and restaurants; besides cordials, cognac, brandy fruits, fruit in syrup, fruits in brandy, jellies, sherrybitters, Jamaica spirit, Muscat wine, Cassia wine, sardines, preserved peaches, &c. &c., for sale at low prices for cash by

LOISON & SILVESTRE,
56 Old Levee

OLD BORDEAUX CLARET—20 cases Bordeaux claret, perfectly really superior, very old, to sell on trust, warranted not to fail very fine and very old, for cash payments, for sale by

LOISON & SILVESTRE,
56 Old Levee

CLOTHING—3 cases fashionable Summer Clothing for landing from ship Palmyra, consisting of bombazine merino and Summer cloth frock coats do dress do, do pants, best figured satinets, Marseilles vests, sale by

WM FROST & Co. 26 Old Levee

THOMASTON STONE LIME—1,100 bbls. fresh Thomaston stone lime, now landing, in first rate order and for sale by

G. BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

PEACH BRANDY—12 bbls western peach brandy, first quality, for sale at 37½ per gallon by

LOISON & SILVESTRE,
56 Old Levee

CLOCKS—Two cases Clocks, also thirty-hour wood clocks, for sale by

WM GRANT, 28 Customhouse st

BORDEAUX CLARET—150 cases Montferrand claret, very good quality, for sale at 37½ per bottle for cash.

LOISON & SILVESTRE,
56 Old Levee

BORDEAUX CLARET IN BOXES—100 boxes St Estephe and St Julien claret, very good quality, for sale at very low prices for cash, by

LOISON & SILVESTRE, 56 Old Levee

WINE—100 bbls choice white wine, at $12; 100 do ordinary do do, at $10; 50 do Teneriffe wine in bottles and half bottles, for sale by

LOISON & SILVESTRE, 56 Old Levee

SHOVELS AND SPADES, 1 doz ordinary iron and best steel pointed shovels and spades, of all descriptions and sizes, in store and for sale by

HAWTHORN & WOODS, 63 Gravier st

HAIR—45,000 lbs hair plastering hair in bales, tos and bbls. for sale in lots to suit purchasers by

G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

WHISKEY—75 bbls Whiskey, landing from steamboat General Morgan, and for sale on the Levee. Apply to

E & T FRANKLIN, 10 Canal st. two

BRICKS—40,000 Bilmore Fire Bricks; 5,000 English do do. for sale in lots to suit purchasers, by

G. BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

BUTTER—100 kegs western Butter, landing and for sale by

M. A. ROBITAILLE, 77 Commerce st

LIQUORS—Brandy, Gin, and Monongahela whiskey, in store and for sale by

FERGUSON & REID, 29 Poydras st

PORK—prime, mess, and P Q pork, at Bowman's Inspection, for sale by

FERGUSON & REID,
Inspectors.

STEARM OIL—25 casks winter strained sperm oil, in store and for sale by

FERGUSON & REID, 29 Poydras st

BOOTS, SHOES, AND BROGANS—400 Cases for sale by

WM FROST & Co,
26 Old Levee

COFFEE—500 bags Rio and St. Domingo coffee for sale by

WM FROST & Co,
26 Old Levee st

LOWELL COTTONS—100 bales 4-4 and 7-8 brown Lowell cottons for sale by

WM FROST & Co,
26 Old Levee st

SOAP—50 boxs. a and half boxes No. 1 soap, in store and for sale by

HAWTHORN & WOODS,
63 Gravier st.

CANDLES—25 bxs pure tallow mould candles, in store and for sale by

HAWTHORN & WOODS,
63 Gravier st.

CANVASSED HAMS—50 bbls canvassed hams, sugar cured, in store and for sale by

M A ROBITAILLE, 77 Commerce st

TOBACCO—20 bxs Missouri manufactured tobacco, suitable for plantations, in store, for sale by

HAWTHORN & WOODS, 63 Gravier st

BACON—50 casks Cincinnati smoked bacon, consisting of sides and shoulders in 5ns order, for sale by

HAWTHORN & WOODS, 63 Gravier st

ROSENDALE CEMENT—300 bbls fresh Rosendale cement, now landing in fine order and for sale by

G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

REFRIGERATORS—200 refrigerators assorted sizes, in store and for sale by

WM GRANT, 28 Customhouse st

PORTER—75 casks of London brown stout, in casks of 4 and 8 dozen, and for sale by

A GOW, 29 Bienville st

CHARTS—25 charts of the Gulf of Mexico, 50 sets of do of the Coast of Florida and Louisiana, for sale by

A GOW, 29 Bienville st

LIME—Fresh Thomaston lime in lots to suit purchaser, for sale by

A GOW,
29 Bienville st

SALMON—250 kits Scotch salmon, No 1 and 2 pound tins, for sale by

A GOW,
29 Bienville st

FIREBRICKS—30,000 best English firebricks, for sale in small lots to suit purchasers by

A GOW, 29 Bienville st

COAL—English, American and Pittsburgh coal, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, by

A GOW,
29 Bienville street

SCOTCH ALE—[illegible] quarts, for sale by

A GOW, 29 Bienville st

[illegible] pipes Holland gin, for sale by

E VALLS, 35 Gravier st

## AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICAN THEATRE.
*POYDRAS STREET.*
MANAGERS—LUDLOW & SMITH.

Last night but two of
MRS. FANNY FITZWILLIAM,
and
MR. J. B. BUCKSTONE,
Whose engagement cannot be renewed in consequence of positive arrangements at Mobile.

MONDAY, March 14,
Will be presented, in consequence of many requests, the petit comedy of the
IRISH WIDOW.
Sir Patrick O'Neale.....Mr. Thorne.
Widow Brady.....(with songs).....Mrs Fitzwilliam.
After which
FOREIGN AIRS AND NATIVE GRACES.
Sam.....Mr. Buckstone.
Emily Staple and four other characters, by Mrs. Fitzwilliam, who will sing several songs, and dance the
GITANA A LA TAGLIONI.
To conclude with
A KISS IN THE DARK.
Pattbone.....Mr. Buckstone.

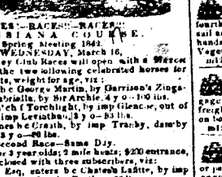
Positively the last night of the popular Comedian.

AMERICAN THEATRE.

IMMENSE NOVELTY—FUN FOR EVERY BODY.
Magnificent Dramatic and Equestrian Festival.
Chosen night of Elegant Novelties.
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1842.
For the benefit of MRS. JOSEPH FOSTER, the successful Director of the Naiad Queen and Rookwood.

It becomes the duty of J. F. to acknowledge the flattering marks of appreciation bestowed upon his efforts during the engagement of the Americans, as director of splendid spectacles. The bill offers provided by J. Foster may serve as the criterion of unrivaling real to provide the city of New Orleans with all the interesting variety and splendor that can be concentrated in one evening's performance. The star of the Ocean, the Queen of the Floods, and pageantry and pageantry can never in all possibility be united after this occasion.

1st night this season of Mazeppa.
Last night of Rookwood, or Turpin's ride to York.
1st night of Master R. Foster in the Sky-hawk.
1st night of Master Hernandez as the Monkey Marshange.
1st night of the glorious pantomime of Mother Goose.
1st night of Mr. R. P. Buckney as clown, who has kindly volunteered his valuable services.
1st night of Mr. Robinson as Pantaloon.
1st night of Old Dame Trot and her comical cat.
1st night of shooting De Barport of a canoe a distance of 60 feet.
1st night of Mr. Joseph Foster as the Count de Cornichon.
1st night of the Sixth Paper.
Only night of Mr. Robinson and Master Hernandez as the Scobat Wonders.
NOTE The whole produced without regard to labor or expense.
For particulars see future bills.



RACES—RACES—RACES.
LOUISIANA COURSE.
Spring Meeting 1842.
On MONDAY, March 16,
The regular Jockey Club Races will open with a Sweepstake for three year olds, to be run over the course, by three horses, viz:

1. W F Green's br c George Martin, by Garrison's Zingara, out of Gabrielle, by Sir Archie, 4 y o—100 lbs.
2. Mr. J. J. Wells ch f Torchlight, by imp Glencoe, out of Twilight by imp Leviathan, 3 y o—85 lbs.
3. Wm P Grove's name br c Crack, by imp Trashy, dam by imp Archer, 3 y o—80 lbs.

Second Race—Same Day.

A sweepstake for 2 year olds; 3 mile heats; $220 entrance, half forfeit, and closed with three subscribers, viz:

1. James Porter, Esq. enters b c Chateau Lafitte, by imp Glencoe, dam by Rattler—80 lbs.
2. Col A L Bingaman enters ch f Velocity, full sister to Anaora—86 lbs.
3. B M Johnson & Co. enters b f by imp Shakspeare, out of the full sister of Ohio—81 lbs.

Second Day.

Thursday, the 17th—The first race will be a plate race for a purse of $600; 3 mile heats; 4 years olds and upwards to carry 100 lbs, and under that age their appropriate weights.

Second Race—Same day.

A sweepstake for 3 years old, subscription $100, half forfeit, entrance $50; closed with six subscribers, colts to carry 75 lbs; fillies and geldings allowed 3 lbs.

1. Col Vance Johnson names g g Bird, sire unknown; dam by Sir Archie, 3 years.
2. Capt R B Harrison names b c by John Dawson, out of the dam of Sleepy John.
3. Capt. Taylor & Co. name ch c Rapides, by imp Skyrocket, out of Margaret May, by Pacific.
4. J de Bonvell names b c by imp Hodgford; out of Rattlesnake, by Sumter.
5. Duncan W Kenner names gr f by imp Philip.
6. Col A L Bingaman names ch c Dick Dashall, by Scarlet.

Third Day.

Friday, 18th—Jockey Club Purse $600; 3 mile heats; free for all ages.

Fourth Day.

Saturday, 19th—Jockey Club Purse $1,000; 4 mile heats; free for all ages.

Fifth Day.

Jockey Club Purse $400; mile heats—best 3 in 5; free for all ages.

Second Race—Same Day

Creole purse $300; mile heats for creole horses; sire free for 2 years olds bred any where; the two years old to carry 86 lbs.

Entrance for the purse 5 per cent. Stables and bedding furnished free of charge.

It is expected there will be over twenty stables of horses on the ground, and from the celebrity of the horses in attendance from Alabama, Tennessee, North Carolina, Mississippi, Kentucky, Virginia, Missouri, together with those of our own state, and the excellent condition of the Course, the Spring Meeting promises to be the strongest Meeting ever held in Louisiana, and there will be a great deal of interest in attendance, and there will be a great deal of interest in attendance, and there will be a great deal of interest in attendance