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PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
[illegible]AYON.

NEW-ORLEANS,
SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 17, 1831.

☞ The votes, given by the officers, who presided over the late elections of two members of the Legislature, have been [illegible] under different lights by different persons, some maintaining that they were in strict accordance with the spirit and letter of the law, others, asserting that the manner, in which those votes were given, is an unwarrantable assumption of power. At first, our opinion was in consonance with that of the latter; but upon a mature investigation of the question, we find that the Judges in so voting, only exercised a *right* which is [illegible] guaranteed to them by legislative enactments. The 17th section of an act, approved March 7th, 1828, prescribes the manner in which Judges shall vote at Elections, in the following terms:—

"The officers presiding at elections shall not be entitled to vote *until the polls are closed*, and "when two or more candidates *shall have obtain*"*ed an equal number of votes; then*, and *in that* "*case*, they shall have the casting vote."

We are so logical, neither would we presume to attempt unravelling the intricacies of laws, especially the laws of our legislature; but when the structure of a phrase is so plain as to leave no doubt of its meaning, the mere assistance of common reason is sufficient to raise at its signification. What does this section of the act import? a clear, obvious definition of the duties imposed upon the Judges of elections. They shall vote, but not until the polls are closed: this is the prohibition contained in the first member of the sentence; the next provides that when two or more candidates shall have obtained an equal number of votes; *then and in that case*, they shall have the casting vote. Can it, with the least shadow of rationality be said, that the legislature intended that the voting of the Judges and the giving in of the casting vote should be one, simultaneous and identical act? Certainly not; to suppose this, were to suppose, in the framers of the act, an exorbitance of absurdity, unexampled in the annals of legislation; to suppose that the legislature contemplated trampling the right of free suffrage. We would rather conclude that in the former case, the Judges of election in voting, exercise a right, secured to them, as citizens, by the constitution; and in the latter make use of a privilege granted to them as public functionaries by the legislature.

Granted, however, an objection be urged that the Judges have no right of voting before the closing of the polls, which, with the privilege of giving the casting vote, is tantamount to a double vote; should the meaning of the section quoted above be envelped in doubt, both objection and uncertainty must vanish before the lucid and unequivocal provision embraced in a posterior act of the legislature. A clause in that act, approved March 18th, 1828, settles the question in a manner, which leaves no room for cavillation. The ninth section of that act runs as follows:—

"*Be it enacted*, That at all elections to be held in this State, the Parish Judge, and other commissioners, who shall hold elections, may vote in "the same manner as other voters."

We shall not put the idle query, how do electors vote? Enough that they do not after the polls are closed, and that the Judges have the privilege of a casting vote. Neither do we feel a disposition, nor possess the ability to examine whether or not the legislature have a constitutional right of conferring the privilege of a double vote on any citizen. But it is sufficient for us to be convinced that the votes of the Judges were grounded on the positive law of the land, and are consequently unimpeachable.

Incentive to talent.—J. H. CALDWELL Esq. the liberal and enterprising Manager of the Camp Street Theatre, offers a premium of $50 for the best address, for the opening of the Cincinnati Theatre; and a medal of the value of $100 for the best brief history and defence of the drama. The pieces for the concourse are to be forwarded to Cincinnati before the 4th of July next.

The Bravo.—A new novel, by COOPER, entitled the *Bravo*, has been issued from the press of Messrs Carey and Lea. The scene of the story is laid in Venice, the privileged land of romance. The very name of the tale conjures up ideas highly attractive to the novel reader—midnight revellings—elopements in the moon-lit gondola—lulling barcarolles—disguises—masks—mystery—fatal secrets—hair-breadth escapes—guitars and stilettos—serenades and assassinations, and all the accompanying startling adventures and incidents constituents of a "well told tale."

Another fire.—A fire was discovered, yesterday morning, in one of the Stables, on Mr. Cavedlia's plantation, about five miles below the city. The building, together with 150 bales of hay, stored in it, was consumed. Nineteen horses have also perished. It was a horrid sight to witness the sufferings of the poor dumb creatures in which there was yet breath of life. It is supposed that the conflagration is the work an incendiary.

The Argus, arrived last night from Louisville, brings the account of the loss of two steam boats: the *Fourth-of-July* and the *Galena*. The first struck against a rock at Beaver Shoal, between Pittsburg and Wheeling, about the close of last month, and sunk. The second sunk at Convert's Shoals about the 1st inst.

We have been informed by the Captain of the steamer *Trenton*, arrived last evening from Louisville, that there was but five feet water in the Ohio, and that the ice was one foot thick. It is probable that the Ohio navigation is now intercepted.

ALEXANDRIA, Nov. 22.

The (N. C.) Spectator records the destruction of the house of Doctor Robert Dickson, of Jonesconty, by a sudden gust of wind. The Spectator says, "It was large, substantial two story brick building, but so violent was the wind, that in a few seconds there was nothing to be seen but a mass of crushed materials, prostrate chimneys, and broken furniture.—The kitchen was unroofed, as was also the smoke-house, a barn and two cribs. Among the eight persons who were in the house at the time, and whose preservation is almost miraculous, was a man charged with the murder of the late Spencer Conway. He actually took advantage of the confusion to elude the vigilance of his guard, and made his escape into the woods. He is, no doubt, a convert to the maxim, "that it is an ill wind which blows nobody any good"—*Phoenix Gaz.*

From the London Metropolitan.

A PEEP INTO THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

Let the reader imagine himself in the large hall of the Stock Exchange, on the morning after the receipt of important news—the near prospect of war, Exchequer bill warrants, or unexpected mention of the subject by the Chancellor of the Exchequer. No business being allowed to be done before 10 o'clock, [illegible] that time the members assembled in unusual numbers, and for the most part deeply interested in the consequences of the news, saunter about, read newspapers, or chat in groups, waiting quietly the hour to begin. This is given by the senior doorkeeper, who, as the time approaches, mounts upon a table from the floor, and holds extended a large [illegible] rattle, his eye fixed sidelong on the clock. At the appointed moment he springs the [illegible] instrument, and suddenly all quit their [illegible] and rush simultaneously into one [illegible] clusters—shouting, struggling and vociferating with deafening clamours some offering to sell; others [illegible] to buy; each party saying and doing [illegible] they think calculated to produce their [illegible] on the market, and in particular to establish the first or opening price, as may suit their respective purposes, this being an important point in [illegible] dealings. On such occasions, when the news is very important, and its effects consequently rapid [illegible] ruin and riches are the results, re[illegible] to many present before the clock has [illegible] next hour. We have seen them who [illegible]

[illegible] in the [illegible] not worth [illegible] on these occasions seen a man [illegible] and even retort the taunts and practical jokes of those around him, who, in the course of the last hour, had lost £10,000 sterling; while another, more sensitive, stands gazing with wildness and dismay at the struggle which is going on before him, and at the sight of his whole property being swept away by the course which the market is taking. This state of things often continues, with short intervals of abatement, during the whole morning; few men, however, have bodily strength enough to continue long in the heat, noise and pressure of this raging group. Some retire awhile, hoarse and pale, to recover their strength; but urged from the cries which proceed from this mass (for each party proclaims its triumphs, as the price rises or falls, with deafening shouts), they rush again into the arena and resume the fray. Hitherto all has been keen, intense seriousness, heightened sometimes by disputes and personal feelings into wildness and fury, when it frequently happens that the whole scene becomes changed in a moment, and by magic or the effect of a sudden phrenzy—every one knocks off his neighbour's hat, turns the flap of his coat over his head or shoulders, or pelts him with paper bombs charged with saw dust; they slap, bump, & jostle each other. Bartholomew fair, or the most exhilarating moment of a breaking up for the holidays, presents nothing equal to it for noise and extravagance, and the whole frolic generally ends with "the Black Joke," or some other popular tune, sung to full chorus by all present; even those who have been ruined in the course of the morning mingling in wild mirth with the rest, partly from habit, and partly to conceal their distress from their companions, which would, if suspected, deprive them of a last desperate chance of retrieving their fortunes. All this may seem at first sight more childish folly and extravagance; but it is perhaps an instinctive effort of nature to recover from the effects of the violent and overstrained action to which their spirits have been exposed. This interlude is, however, of short duration, and in a few moments all is deep, concentrated, furious excitement again. On these occasions, it sometimes happens, that one of those dense yellow fogs, which often darken and choke up the narrow parts of the city, throws a deep gloom over the struggling group; the aspect and confusion of the scene becomes then diabolical: lamp light is substituted, and hardly serves with its yellow glaring light to distinguish the anxious agitated countenances passing alternately from light to darkness, while much of the picture is hidden in what a painter would call—frightful masses of shade. This knot of men, so occupied, form what is called the "Stock-Market;" the price which is established by them is that which is quoted in the newspapers and affects the property of all holders of, or speculators in, the funds. Passing over, however, the large class of persons who are interested in these fluctuations in the character of stockholders, and confining ourselves to those who make them the medium merely of gambling, it may be estimated perhaps that five thousand persons are, on an average, interested in this way in the actions and effects of this cluster of men at the Stock Exchange, precisely in the same manner that the persons who surround a gaming table are in the result of the game there. About one thousand of these are connected with the house, and are pretty generally, therefore, on equal terms with each other; the other, and latter part, are the public, who engage, through the medium of their brokers, in this desperate and unequal game. It would obviously be wholly impossible to show in detail the effects of the place and business of which we have here given a true but bare outline, acting, as it does, so extensively, and on so large a number of persons.

It will be readily conceived, that the men who are devoted to so peculiar and engrossing a pursuit, are distinguishable from other classes of the community, and even from those with whom, nominally, as men of business, they are apparently intermingled; they have, in fact, not the slightest pretensions to the character of men of business, and have no more direct connexion with the trade than the members of the Jocky Club or of the betting room at Newmarket. The phrase of good or bad times apply not at all to them, or in a sense directly opposite to its usual application; all they want is fluctuation in the prices of stock; and, consequently, times of storm and disaster are to them, as to birds of prey or Cornish wreckers, times of activity and harvest; they are, therefore, a separate and distinct class, and have, as might be expected, peculiarities of character, and manner, and appearance. Some persons, indeed, who effect, like Sancho's kinsman, a fine palate in these matters, pretend that they can always distinguish a Stock Exchange man from others, by a kind of off-hand, reckless, slugish manner of doing things, and a mixture of the City and Tattersall's in his dress and appearance. The sudden changes and appalling risks to which their occupation subjects them, cannot also be favorable to health and tranquility. Thews and sinews, indeed, that seem proof against any exertion, are shattered to pieces by the constant anxiety and agitation of this pursuit; pale, anxious faces crowd the canvas, though if a pun be allowable on so grave a subject, they can never be said to be without a "speculation in their eye." As it is well known that the Israelites play an active and conspicuous part on the Stock Exchange, it may be expected that mention will be made of them here. They are, as individuals, scarcely distinguishable from the rest; but acting in their national spirit, they cling together pretty much in their schemes, and agree at least in trying to spoil the Egyptians; they are, also, perhaps more reckless and obstinate in encouraging large and decisive hazards than the Gentiles. Some of them have acquired immense wealth; but is often attended with remarkably little improvement in manner or appearance. We have seen a Jew worth a quarter of a million, who still retained completely the look and manner of his brethren, who obligingly present baskets of oranges to the public at the Bank with the astounding offer of ten for sixpence! Singing in the Stock Exchange has been mentioned, but only as affording occasional recreation: it serves, however, much more important purposes; all slight violations of the rules of the house, or indeed any conduct in a member that gives displeasure to the rest, exposes him to a regular sort of musical pillory—the culprit is surrounded by a compact and imperious circle of choristers, and forced to stand in that awkward and insulated situation, while "God save the King," or some other popular song is being sung; he then takes off his hat, makes a bow all round, and is released. Often, however, when he thinks he is about to escape, either because his offence has been grievous, or else that the singers are in unusually good voice, an *encore* is called for, and in no case, that we know of, evaded on the plea of hoarseness or indisposition. In some instances, however, singing has been made the instrument of more condign punishment. On one occasion a member whose conduct was supposed to have compromised the character of the house with the public, was surrounded and sung to in the above mentioned manner whenever he made his appearance in the house. Being a man of strong nerves and animal spirits, he bore it pretty well for some time, hoping that he should soon be allowed to transact his business quietly and comfortably again, as usual; but these aropgites, not thinking him an object for mercy, continued to encircle him whenever he entered the house, and however urgent his business, insisted on first treating him with the old tune, till at last his spirits, and even his health began to fail, and he was finally obliged to sacrifice a lucrative connection, retire from the house, being, although a loyal man, unable to hear "God save the King" any longer.

UPPER CANADA.—The Provincial Parliament of Upper Canada commenced its session on the 17th of November instant—the meeting having been announced much earlier than usual, as a matter of convenience. In his opening speech, the Lieutenant Governor says:—"several regulations respecting the Trade of the Colonies have been introduced in this Province since the close of the last session, which his Majesty's Government is confident will promote the general prosperity of the Canadas, by encouraging a free commercial intercourse on the St. Lawrence, and increasing your exportation."

An important change is announced in the organization of the Judiciary of the province.—Hereafter, the Judges of the Supreme Courts are to be appointed by the popular branch of the Legislature, and hold their places during good behaviour, instead of during the pleasure of the King.

Appeal to the Privy Council for permission to Burn or Burn Widows Alive.—The British public will learn with amazement scarcely less than the indignation a knowledge of the fact must excite, that an English lawyer has come to this country from India to prosecute an appeal before the Privy Council, made by a few Brahmins in Bengal, against Lord William [illegible] has [illegible] of the early Hindoo [illegible] who, with a view to prevent their numerous widows forming subsequent attachments, availed themselves of their irresponsible power, and with the aid of the priests it was promulgated as if by sacred authority, that the wives of the Hindoos of every cast, who desired future beatitude, should immolate themselves on the demise of their husbands? Since 1756, when the British power in India became firmly established, upwards of 70,000 widows have been cruelly massacred.—A Brahmin possesses the privilege of marrying as many wives as he pleases. Unustu, a Brahmin, who died at Bagnapore, had more than one hundred wives; twenty-two were burned at his death. The fire was kept burning three days. He had married four sisters, two of whom were burned with his corpse. A short time before Lord Bentick's order, a Rajah in the hill country, who died had twenty eight wives burned with his body! The lawyer now in London, to plead before the Privy Council for the restoration of these abominations, was in Calcutta in December 1829, when Lord Wm. Bentinck vindicated humanity by the abolition of such strange, foul, and unnatural murders, and knows the God-like act was hailed with enthusiasm by millions of the Hindoos—that a deputation of the Brahmin's waited on the Governor General to express their heartfelt satisfaction, and that the whole of the Sepoy army were enraptured at the act. The appeal is now set down for hearing before the Privy Council.

East India Magazine.

From the Huntsville (Ala.) Advocate.

The Jury in the case of the State vs. Thomas Pounders, for the murder of Archibald L. Thurman, in trial before the Circuit Court of Madison on Wednesday last, returned a verdict of acquittal. It was omitted to be proved that the victim of the homicide was called and known by the Christian name of Archibald L. The witness spoke of him as Thurman, not giving his Christian name; and that it is understood, was the ground of acquittal. It was a case removed from Limestone. Be it a hint to solicitors in all cases to be more particular. Mr. Lewis solicitor; Messrs. McLung and Harris for the prisoner.

From the St. John (N. B.) Gazette.

BEARS.—By a communication from Sussex Vale, we are informed, that on Monday the 7th inst. one large old bear, and two younger ones, were killed between that place and the Shapody Road.

On that morning Capt. Beer, R. N., Lieutenant Lisbadi, 27th Regiment, Messrs. E. Twynnam, J. O. & W. Barberie, and G. Coursol, proceeded on an excursion for the purpose of exploring a tract of ungranted land. About 11 o'clock they discovered a deep glen, a den of bears, one of which, a very large one, while attempting to escape, was shot dead. Before they could reload, another bear came out of the den and escaped. By introducing a long pole in the den, they found there was others in it, and they finally killed two more. The last of these two, when attempting to escape was seized and grappled by Mr. W. Barberie who had no other weapon than a hatchet, and he and the bear were for some time in such close contact, that his friends dare not fire for fear of hitting him. After a desperate struggle he inflicted several hatchet wounds on the head of the bear, and succeeded in disengaging himself from her embrace, when she was immediately shot by his companions, and fell from the top of a rock upwards of 30 feet perpendicular, where she was immediately dispatched with stones.

CONSUMPTION OF FUEL IN NEW YORK.

During the last year the consumption of wood was 205,079 loads of oak, 40,244 of hickory, and 52,283 of pine, making a total of 297,606 loads, at an aggregate cost of $493,084 86.—Add to this 26,605 1 2 tons of anthracite coal, 11,875 chaldrons Virginia, and 12,593 of charcoal, at a cost of $321,612 34, and the amount is increased to $814,728 20. The quantity of Liverpool and some other kinds of coal consumed we have not the means of knowledge. But if we include the whole, with the cost of carting, &c. the expense of fuel for the city of New York cannot be less than a million of dollars per annum.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED ON YESTERDAY.

Brig Howard, Peabody, New York, Ferret & Charbonet.
Schr Francisco, Lopez, Campeachy, Kohn & Bordier.
Schr Hannah & Elizabeth, Shannon, Apalachicola, Master.

DEPARTED.

Last evening, steamer Shark, for the Passes, with schrs Boston Packet and Francisco.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer Trenton, Hart, from Louisville—cargo, 117 ps bagging, 44 coils rope, 2 reels yarn Whitall, Jaudon & co; 143 bbls pork J G Stevenson; 2 do, 6 bbls, 10 half do whiskey T Sloo, jr; 56 coils rope Harris & Geddes; 12 bales rags, 5 tierces, 7 bags flax seed E B Hagan; 15 bales cotton M White.—Passengers, Mr and Miss Brown, Judge Miller, daughter and servant, Mr Jaudon, lady, children and servants, Mrs Hanna, daughter and 2 servants, Col Fearn, lady, child and 2 servants, J Brown and servant, Mr and 2 Misses McGreeder, Captain Williams, lady and child; Messrs Robinson, Allain, McLee, Daune, Reynolds, Wood, Pell, Caldwell, Harris, Carroll, Phillips and 2 sons, Bass, Prosser, Chew, Asher, Omerlin, Williams, Bain, Tanner, Drake, Taylor, Holliday, Godfrey, Lane, Rouguette, Turnbull, Brackenridge, Larque,—66 way and 31 on deck. EXTRACT—Passed, bound down, steamers 76 at Shawneetown; Criterion at Smithland, and Argus at Bateman's wood yard, 20 miles above Memphis. Met steamers Constitution and Lafourche at Three Sisters; Hibernia at Paduca; Express at Trinity; Atlantic, Ben Franklin, Java and Delaware at foot of Canadian Reach; Orleans at Helena; Louisville and Enterprize at White River; Mohican at Wolf Islands; Louisiana at Memphis; Tayeman between Lakes Washington and Providence; Niagara, Phoenix, North America, Cincinnatian and New York 10 miles below Morriston; Uncle Sam and Carrollton at Natchez; Lady of the Lake at Fort Adams; Peruvian above Bayou Sarah Passed Columbia a few miles below Galena; a few miles above, met Arab.

☞ Five feet water in the Ohio—ice one foot thick, and without a doubt, the Ohio is now closed.

Steamer Argus, Crooks, from Louisville, Dec 1—brought passengers from steamer Galena, (sank at Convert's Shoals, Tennessee river)—cargo 30 bbls vinegar J Barney; 52 bbls, 109 kegs lard, Bell & Buchanan; 88 bbls pork, 3 half do, 3 boxes, 5 kegs T Sloo, jr; 724 kegs lard Harris & Geddes; 1 trk, 2 boxes M Carroll; 40 coils rope J Lellande; 23 casks flaxseed Whitall, Jaudon & co; 124 coils rope Lockhart & Arrott; 1 bbd tobacco, 17 bales cotton W L Robeson; 66 do M White Passengers, Messrs D N Hennan, Heixed, Skates, W Slengland, G Clark, B Waller, Eustace; Atty, J Saco, Nicholson, Tudor, Grant, Drury, Carnell, G W. Lappington, Jacobs, Parrett, W Turbyville, Elwyne. Memoranda.—Dec 1st, met steamer Charleston at Blue River; Arbeona at do; 2d, Forester at Rome; 8th, Louisiana at New Madrid; 9th, Orleans at Flour Island; St Louis at Randolph; 10th, T Yateman at Memphis; 11th, Reindeer at No 88; 12th, Louisville at Helena; Enterprize at do; 13th, Mohican at White River; Phoenix at No 88; North America and Niagara at do; Cincinnatti at New Mexico; New York at Sarah's Island; 14th, Uncle Sam and Carrollton at head of Palmyra Island; Huron at Fort Adams; Columbia at Bayou Sarah; Planter at Port Hicky; Felicians at Bayou Lafourche.

Steamer Huron, Walker, from Vicksburg, with 600 bales cotton, hides &c. to madries. *Passengers* Dr Blackwell, Ms Geo Lovel, several way and on deck.

Steamer Gleaner, Griffin, Natchitaches, with 55 bales cotton Peyroux, Rivarde & co; 108 Maurin S O Duhigg; 92 Plauche & Courcelle; 25 C Toledano, 12 J Hagan & co.

EXCHANGE on Paris, New-York and Philadelphia for sale by
dec 10 P. E. SORBE.

BALL.
Corner of Orleans and Bourbon streets—
ON SATURDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 17, 1831
Will be given a
GRAND DRESS BALL.
Admittance—One dollar. Ladies will not be admitted without an invitation Ticket. Gentlemen will find a place to deposit their hats, cloaks, canes &c. dec 13

MAYORALTY OF NEW-ORLEANS.
THE price of fresh Flour being this day $7 00 per barrel, according to the tariff, the Bakers must give during the ensuing week, (which commences on Monday) 30 ounces of bread for a bit. dec 17.

FLOUR AND WHISKEY.—400 barrels fresh Superfine Flour, good brands. 60 barrels flavored Whiskey, for sale by
dec 17 STETSON & AVERY.

BACON AND PORK.—15 casks Shoulders Bacon. 140 barrels Jowls, Chimes and Rumps Pork, suitable for plantation use, will be sold low to close consignments, by
dec 17 STETSON & AVERY.

CODFISH AND OIL.—300 boxes of White and Dry Codfish. 25 barrels Refined Whale Oil, for sale by
dec 17 STETSON & AVERY.

Fashionable Clothing!!!
No. 38 Chartres Street.
THE subscriber have just received further supplies in addition to their extensive assortment which embraces a variety of the most *superior Fashionable* goods—they respectfully invite the attention of dealers and purchasers generally, as the same will be sold *cheap*, wholesale and retail on accommodating terms.
☞ Fresh supplies constantly receiving by the arrival of the packets.
17 dec. WM. C. NORRIS & Co.

EXCHANGE on New York and for sale by
dec. 16. FOSTER & HUTTON.

LOST—A DIAMOND BREAST PIN, in the shape of a flower, containing seven stones; one large in the centre, three small above and three smaller below. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the said Breast Pin to No. 166 St Ann Street.
Jewellers are requested to stop it, if it is offered to them for sale. dec 16

LANDING from ship Cassander from Havre—125 boxes Champagne, marked A. Jolly; and for sale by
dec 16. THEO. NICOLET & co.

SALT PETRE.—92 bags crude salt petre, landing and for sale by
dec. 16. STETSON & AVERY.

JUST RECEIVED.
SEGARS—80,000 best Havana segars the greater part of which are in quarter boxes branded in half and whole doz.—for sale, by VICTOR DE LA COVA,
No. 53 St. Louis street. dec. 16-4t.

SPADES and SHOVELS.—50 dozen No. 1 2 & 3. 50 do steel back strap shovels, 9 do long hat died shovels. Manufactured by T. B. Roland, Philadelphia, landing and for sale by YORK MACALESTER & Co.
dec. 15.

A splendid assortment of paper hangings; screens, and mantel pieces, views of the Revolution, for sale, at wholesale and retail, on liberal terms. Apply at Mr. Fremaux, Royal street, No. 315, at the corner of Ursulines.
dec 14. V. HEBERT.

FANCY STORE.
No. 30 Conti-street.
THE undersigned has the honor of informing the ladies of New Orleans that he has lately received from France, velvet berrets of different colors, crape do. set with blonde and ostrich feathers.—Haute caps set with blond and flowers.
dec 14. ADOLPHE GILLY.

EXCHANGE on Paris, for sale by
dec 13 T. NICOLET & CO.

90 bags Saltpetre landing and for sale by
dec 13 LINCOLN & GREEN.

RUM—31 puncheons New England Rum, just received and for sale by
GRAY & DURRIVE,
dec 13 38 New Levee st.

FRESH FLOUR—300 bbls fresh flour for sale by TOURNE & BECKWITH.
dec 13 15 New Levee st.

BUTTER.—40 kegs Goshen Butter, direct from the Dairies, landing from ship Natchez for sale by
dec 13 STETSON & AVERY.

CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE.
No. 14 Custom House street.
THE subscriber has received per late arrivals from the North several Barrouches and one elegant full finished Barrouch made in imitation of the English style, lined with cloth, with harness for a horse, also several light Barrouches for one or two horses. M. WALTON.
dec 13 14 Custom House st.

CARRIAGES.—Landing from ship John & Elizabeth two light Sulkis.—On hand, as good an assortment of coaches as is to be found in the city; also Gigs, Barrouches, Phaetons &c. &c. M. WALTON,
dec 13 14 Custom House st.

Lost yesterday evening, a young pointer bitch, about six or seven months old, spotted color and long tail; she answers to the name of Belarde. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the said pointer to No. 103 Royal st. dec 13

18 kegs of nails marked, C I S are missing from on board the ship Marengo; the person who may have received them through mistake is requested to give information of the same to the consignees of the ship. Toulouse street No. 57,
dec 10 PERRET & CHARBONNET.

NOTICE—The steamer tow boat SHARK, picked up on the 1st inst. from the Marshes at the Eastward of the S. W. Pass 65 Cakes white Wax; 57 of which are branded "*W. Jackson N. York*," and 8 "*Bank*."
Persons having any right or title thereto are requested to apply to the undersigned within 10 days as, if not claimed within that time, they will be sold for account of whom it may concern,
dec 10 FOSTER & HUTTON.

LOST—A black wallet with steel clasp containing $15 in bank notes and $2 in silver. The finder will be liberally rewarded by delivering the above at No. 116 Chartres street.
dec 10

20 casks superior Goshen Cheese for sale by
dec 9 DUCROS & MORPHY.

TWO boxes Scarlet Crapes, entitled to debenture, landing from brig Bacchus, 20 barrels loaf sugar, for sale by
dec 6 A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

SCHUYLKILL COAL.—The undersigned have on board of brig Commerce from Philadelphia one hundred and sixteen tons of coal, which they will sell in lots to suit private families and others. The vessel is opposite Jefferson street.
LAUVE & BENEDICT,
dec 6 86 Common street.

RICE.—201 tierces and four half tierces prime, received per brig Atlas from Charleston, for sale by
WILLIAM G. HEWES.
dec 6 No. 2 Campo st.

FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT.
And all intermediate landings.
The very fast running A. 1. steamer BRANDYWINE, capt. Hamilton, has part of her cargo engaged and will have dispatch.
Freight for Nashville will be forwarded from the mouth of the Cumberland without delay. For freight or passage apply on board or to
dec 12 YORKE, MACALESTER & CO.

FOR SISAL.
The fine and fast sailing brig HUNTER, J. Bonnet master, having half of its cargo engaged, will meet with immediate despatch for the balance thereof or passage. Apply to the captain on board or to
JOSE PIATS,
14 dec. No. 52 St. Anne street.

FOR HAVANNA.
The fine Spanish brig MARIA, class No. 1. T. M. Larragan master, having part of her cargo engaged, will sail with dispatch. For freight or passage, apply to
SIMON DUCULLU,
dec 13 53 Toulouse st.

FOR BALTIMORE.
The fine fast sailing copper fastened brig VOLTA, Sylvester master, has the principal part of her cargo engaged, will meet with immediate dispatch. For freight of the remainder and passage apply to capt. on board or to J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.
dec 13 [illegible]ille st

FOR HAVRE.
The A. 1. ship HENRY LEE, capt. Prince, now loading, can take 300 bales cotton and accommodate several passengers. Apply to Lincoln & Green, or
dec 13 T. NICOLET & CO.

FOR NEW-YORK,—*Packet of the 20th.)*
(Louisiana and New York Line)
The new and elegant ship NATCHEZ, Capt. Reed will be ready to take in cargo on the 14th and sail as above. For freight or passage apply on board opposite the Public square or to
dec 12 FOSTER & HUTTON.

FOR HAVRE.—(*Passage only*)
The (A. 1.) coppered and copper fastened brig GEORGE, Snow master, having all her cargo engaged, will sail without delay. For passage, having comfortable accommodations, for 3 or 4 passengers. Apply to the captain on board opposite Toulouse street or to T. E. SORBE.
dec 10 118 Royal st.

FOR PORT-AU-PRINCE.
The fast sailing coppered and copper fastened packet brig GEN. VICTORIA, Henry Bradley master. For freight or passage, apply to the captain on board opposite Blue Stores or to
dec 10 J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.

FOR VERA CRUZ.
The fine and fast sailing Mexican brig LIBERAL, capt. A. Marais, coppered and copper fastened (A. 1.) having already part of her cargo engaged, for the balance thereof, or passage (having a splendid cabin.) Apply to the capt. on board, opposite Conti st. or to VICTOR DE LA COVA,
dec 9 53 St. Louis st.

FOR HAVRE.
The fine fast sailing ship JOHN HALE, Saml. Crowell master, will meet with immediate despatch, and can take 200 bales cotton. For freight of which or passage, apply to the captain on board or to
dec 7 A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

FOR PHILADELPHIA,
The packet ship JOHN SERGEANT Van Dyke, is now discharging, and will be ready to receive freight in a few days, for which, or passage, apply on board, or to
SAMUEL BELL,
Dec. 7 81, Canal-street.

FOR BORDEAUX.
The fine fast sailing coppered and copper fastened French ship TRINITE, Batus master, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having handsome accommodations for 15 or 20 passengers, apply to the capt. on board opposite Toulouse street, or to P. E. SORBE.
dec 6 118 Royal st.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.
The fine schooner PATRIOT, burthen 111 tons, or about 800 barrels. Apply on board opposite Whitney's, or to
dec 5 STETSON & AVERY.

FOR BORDEAUX.
The beautiful French brig GALLOIS, capt. Guignard, wants about 200 bales cotton to complete her cargo and will soon be dispatched. For freight or passage, apply on board, opposite the Blue Stores, or to
dec 5 Hr. PERRET & CHARBONNET.

$50 REWARD.
Will be paid by the subscriber to whoever may stop and bring back to him, or have lodged in one of the jails of this state, the American mulatto man named REUBEN, who has absented himself since the 4th inst. he is small but well set, is about 24 years of age, speaks the French somewhat, he is usually dressed in a blue coat, with yellow metal buttons.
dec. 15. EUGE. GARRAHY.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.
Runaway from the subscriber's, four months ago, a yellow wench, named CAROLINE, about 23 years of age, a creole of this city; she has a scar near one of her eyes, but which it is, not precisely recollected. She has no front teeth, is very fleshy and good looking. She was dressed in a pink checked gown; she speaks the French perfectly, and English scarcely. Whoever may arrest said slave, is requested to lodge her in one of the jails of this state, or take her back to her owner, Craps, st. No. 13.
Widow DELAZZERY.
Masters of vessels, steam boats, and others are forewarned against harboring said slave under the penalties of the law. dec 13

$5 REWARD.
Runaway from the subscriber's a yellow wench, named HANNAH, *alias* LIZA, about 22 years of age; speaks the French and English, about 5 feet, (american measure) she is of a light complexion, and freckled; she has no use of her left eye; the defect is not perceivable. She was dressed in a red checkered gown, and wore a green kerchief on her head; blue stockings, and morocco men shoes. She was formerly owned by Mr. J. Brandt. The above reward will be paid to whoever will lodge her in jail, or bring back to her owner.
Masters of vessels, steam-boats, and others are forwarned against harboring said slave.
P. CHIGE.
dec 8 Chartres st. Dr. Thomas' House

NOTICE TO AMATEURS.
THE undersigned offers for sale 10 pieces superfine, black, blue, and small colored French Cloths, from the manufactures of Sedan & Louviers, at liberal rates, wholesale and retail. 49 St. Louis opposite Exchange.
dec 9 H. S. RIEUX.

80 Hogsheads prime sugar delivereable at Point Coupee. For sale by
dec 15. A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.
THIS day, Saturday 17th inst., will be sold at the Exchange Coffee House, at 12 o'clock 4 VALUABLE SLAVES, viz: Peter, aged 22 years, a good field hand; Lucy, aged 17 years, a good house servant and seamstress; Peter, aged 35 a good waiter and ostler; Betsy, aged 13 years, house servant. The above negroes are guaranteed against the diseases and vices prescribed by law.
Terms—6 months credit for approved endorsed paper and mortgage until final payment.
dec 17.

BY ISAAC L. MCOY.
THIS DAY, (Saturday 17th) at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee house, will be sold about 20 prime SLAVES, among whom are a number of field hands, house servants, cooks, washers, ironers, coopers, blacksmiths, and carpenters, all possessing good characters, and affording an excellent opportunity of making judicious selections.
Terms.—6, 12 and 18 months credit for notes drawn and endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendor, and secured by mortgage until final payment. dec. 17.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.
ON Saturday 17th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee-house will be sold, (if not previously disposed of at private sale)
TWO LOTS OF GROUND,
No's. 20 and 21, situate on Poplar, between Josephine and St. Andre streets, Fauxbourg La Fayette, each lot measures 31 feet 5 inches front by 106 feet, 6 inches in depth and 31 feet 10 inches in the rear, agreeable to a plan which may be seen at the office of Wm. Y. Lewis.
Terms—both lots will be sold together, the purchaser assuming the payment of three notes for $100 each, payable 28th April 1832, 1833 and 1834, and the balance of the purchase money payable cash. dec. 16.

BY H. J. DOMINGO.
ON Saturday next 17th inst. at 10 o'clock A. M. will be sold at his auction store, a box FRENCH HARDWARE, consisting of brass locks for armoirs; spring locks, composition spoons, &c. dec. 16.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.
ON Saturday the 17th inst at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Coffee-House, will be sold, the following
12 VALUABLE SLAVES, viz.
Maria, aged about 23 years and her child 8 months old, Maria is a good cook, washer and ironer; Susan, aged about 19 years a good house servant and has also been accustomed to work in the field;
Eliza, aged about 14 years; Cynthia aged about 14 years; Lucy aged about 13 years; Judy aged about 14 years; house servants. George aged about 24, a first rate body servant and carriage driver; Warner aged about 17 years; Levi aged about 21 years; John, aged about 27 years; excellent field hands and waggoners.—Mary, aged about 21 years, and her infant six months old, Mary is a good cook, washer and ironer; Jane aged about 23 and her two children. Jane is a tolerable good cook and accustomed also to work in the field, all fully guaranteed.
Terms—one years credit for notes drawn and endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendor and secured by mortgage until final payment. Acts of sale to be executed before Wm. Boswell Esq. at the expense of the purchaser. dec. 16

BY T. MOSSY.
ON Monday, the 19th inst will be sold, at Hewlett's Exchange Coffee House, at 12 o'clock, a negro named Henry, aged 28, has been in the country 8 years, and is used to plantation work.
Terms—1 year credit, in approved endorsed paper with a good endorser, and mortgage until final payment.
The act of sale to be passed before A. Mazureau, Esq. notary public at the cost of the purchaser. dec 14

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.
ON Saturday next 17th inst. at 12 o'clock at the Exchange Coffee House will be sold a boy WILLIAM, about 35 years of age, is a good labourer and teamster with oxen, is fully guaranteed, with the exception of his having once or twice absented himself.
TERMS—4 months credit for a note endorsed to the satisfaction of the vender, and mortgage until final payment. Act of sale to be passed before Wm. Christy Esq. Not. Pub. at the expense of the purchaser. dec. 14.

BY ISAAC L. M'COY.
ON Saturday next 17th inst. at 12 o'clock at the Exchange Coffee House will be sold
A LOT OF GROUND
and Improvements thereon—the lot is No. 2 on a plan of the same and other lots, drawn by Joseph Pilié Esq. City Surveyor and deposited in the office of Theodore Seghers Esq. Not. Pub.; and is situated on New Levee, between Gaignè and Sussette streets, and measures 33 feet 4 inches front, by 130 feet in depth French measure. The improvements thereon consists of a new two story House, the under part of which is occupied as a Store, and the upper as a dwelling, of four rooms—there is also two Kitchens and a large Warehouse in the rear, also a new 1800 gallon Cistern, a good brick Well &c. &c. said property will be sold subject to its present lease which expires on the 1st Dec. next, of $690 per annum, payable monthly.
TERMS—One half Cash, $2,000 on the 27th Dec. 1832 and the balance of the purchase money in two years from the day of sale, all secured by approved paper, and mortgaged until final payment. dec. 13.

NOTICE.
Mrs. COCHRANE, informs the ladies of New-Orleans, and the public in general that she is just receiving an extensive assortment of Millenary, from France, together with other café and fashionable goods. Orders from the country attended to at her store in Chartres street, with the greatest promptitude and care.
nov 18

Fashionable Hats, Shoes, &c.
The subscriber No. 89 Levee, second door from the corner of Jefferson street, has received by the packet ship Natchez an assortment of mens and boys Hats of the most approved shapes and of various qualities, and also a variety of Boots, Shoes, Bregans and Clothing.