[illegible] à l'Heureux [illegible]

BY BARRET.

[illegible] un lot de $40,000

[illegible] de DEUX-CENTS, [illegible]

[illegible]

Par l'Eglise Catholique;

[illegible] classe—qui sera tirée *publiquement* le [illegible] février, à la Bourse [illegible]

PROSPECTUS.

1	prix de	$ 6,000	est	6,000
1	"	4,000	"	4,000
1	"	3,000	"	3,000
1	"	2,500	"	2,500
1	"	2,180	"	2,180
1	"	2,000	"	2,000
6	"	500	"	3,000
12	"	300	"	3,600
156	"	60	"	9,360
780	"	8	"	6,240
[illegible]	"	4	"	31,200
[illegible]	prix	montant à		$73,080

[illegible] de des billets à gagnats les [illegible]

[illegible] à l'heureux Bureau de

BY BARRET,

[illegible] dentle, No. 37.

On peuvre aussi se procurer des billets

LOTERIE DES ECOLES PUBLIQUES

[illegible] sera tirée le 9 Février. [illegible]

—Billets 5 piastres ; compagnie 5 pro[illegible]

GROS LOTS,

3,000, 2,500, 2,500, &c.

LOTERIE
De l'Eglise Catholique
AU PROFIT DE L'EGLISE CATHOLIQUE.

TROISIE E CLASSE.

[illegible] PAR L'ETAT DE LA LOUISIANE,

En faveur de l'Eglise Catholique de St. Martinville.

Le Tirage aura positivement lieu Samedi [illegible]

PROSPECTUS.

[illegible]	prix de	$ 6,000	est	$ 6,000
[illegible]	"	4,000	"	4,000
[illegible]	"	3,000	"	3,000
[illegible]	"	2,500	"	2,500
[illegible]	"	2,180	"	2,180
[illegible]	"	2,000	"	2,000
[illegible]	"	500	"	3,000
[illegible]	"	300	"	3,600
[illegible]	"	60	"	9,360
[illegible]	"	8	"	6,240
[illegible]	"	4	"	31,200
[illegible]	prix	24,960 Billets		$73,080

[illegible] de 10, 40 *piastres*; *garantissant* [illegible] *Certificats* de. 20 *piastres* de [illegible] *proportion*; *Billets entiers*, 4 [illegible] *Moitiés* 2 *piastres*; *Quarts* 1.

[illegible] à l'Heureux Bureau de

MALCOLM,

Ancienne de la Rose de Portugal,

[illegible] rue de Chartres, en face de la Bourse Hewlett.

Les numéros tirés de la 11ème. Classe de la Société Connubiale de New-York, reçus par le dernier paquebot, sont :

17—43—26—9—16—31.

TIRAGE
De la 3e. classe de la Loterie de l'Ecole Publique.

Un Lot de $20000 a été vendu par

BENNET.

N°. 7551 au Gros Lot de $12,000 ; le N°. 20379, $6,000 ; le N°. 21984, $5,000 ; le N°. 9317, $3000 ; le N°. 13743, $2500 ; le N°. 19062, $2000 ; le No. 22105, $1500 ; le No. [illegible], $1000 ; le N°. 8096, [illegible] tous les billets terminant par 351, $200 ; [illegible] par 279, $100 ; ceux par 964 ou 317, 50 ; [illegible] terminant par 743, 062, 105, 421, 678, 89[illegible] ; [illegible] terminant par 31, 79, 84, 17, 43, [illegible] 96, ont gagné $6 ; ceux term[illegible] 8, ont gagné $3.

[illegible] qui ont eu des billets gagnants [illegible] de ces paiements, pour en obtenir le [illegible] remettre dans la 3e. classe de la [illegible] de l'Eglise Catholique,

[illegible] rue de Chartres No. 81, de BENNET.

[illegible] sèche.—30 balles Russie écrue [illegible] Débarquement du brick Walt [illegible] par

C. D. JORDAN,

Rue Gravier, N°. 33

[illegible] Débarquement du navire le Ken[illegible] venant de New-York.

[illegible] (marque I. C.) de Cham[illegible] Mousseux.

[illegible] Supérieurs.

[illegible] de la Havane.

[illegible] 12 bouteilles Champa[illegible]

[illegible] bouteilles fins.

[illegible] de Vitriol de deux [illegible] chaque.

[illegible] Vinaigre de cidre fort.

[illegible] Sel de Liverpool.

[illegible] Plomb de chasse patenté.

[illegible] de Céruse broyé à l'huile

[illegible] Sucre en pain.

[illegible] Tabac à chiquer de Cavendish

[illegible] pour bateaux à vapeur, Chaloupes et Rouas, Drays et Brouettes.

A vendre par

15 janv. SAMUEL P. MORGAN.

Oil, Wine, and Olives.—The subscribers have just received and offer for sale—30 casks Marseilles claret ; 50 baskets olive oil ; 40 boxes olives—entitled to debenture.

J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

Jan 19 83 Royal st.

SUGAR.—The subscribers offer for sale, 100 Hhds. prime Sugar on a plantation 30 miles below the city

JOHN HAGAN & Co.

THE HUB.

PRINTED DAILY, BY P. RICAUD.

NEW-ORLEANS

FRIDAY, JANUARY 25, 1828.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Continuation of the sitting of Wednesday, January 23.

The Clerk, in behalf of the Governor informed the house, that Mr. Wolf had sent him his resignation as a member of the house.

A message from the Senate informing that they had adopted, without amendment, the bills from the house, entitled "an act to amend the 3d section of an act to accord certain privileges to the town of Natchitoches, approved the 5th February," and "an act relative to the sheriff of the county of German Coast."

By the same message the concurrence of the house, was requested in a resolution referring to a joint committee, the petition of the inhabitants of Rapides, praying for a division of the Parish.

The said resolution having been taken into consideration and adopted, a committee for the house was then appointed.

Mr. L. H. Moore, as chairman of the committee appointed to examine into the situation of the public prisons, made the following report :

The joint committee to whom was referred the examination of the State prison, have the honor of submitting the following report :

That the prison is the property of the city of New-Orleans, and is rented by them to the parish of Orleans for the sum of two thousand dollars per annum of which the State now pays five hundred dollars.

The prison is very old, and now quite out of repair, and was no doubt originally intended for the accommodation of a much smaller number of prisoners, than that it now contains, and is consequently in its present condition unfit for the purpose for which it is used. But its location on many accounts is the best that could be selected, being in the centre of the city, and from its proximity to the city guard's assistance, is always at hand in case of an insurrection among the prisoners, which renders it necessary to keep a force for the special purpose of guarding the prison, which would be indispensable, were its location changed, and such a guard would of itself cost more to the State than the whole of the present expences. It is therefore advantageous to continue the occupancy of the present establishment if it will admit of such ameliorations as will make it well adequate to its purposes, and to this end it is believed it could be accomplished by putting it in repair by building in the vacant ground attached to it and raising some of the buildings.

The number of convicts are not as great in proportion to the population as many of the other States. Something like twenty years, have elapsed since the organisation of our courts, and the whole number of convicts now in prison is but ninety, but the employment of that number is undoubtedly an object of attention.

A law was passed in 1814, authorising the City Council of New-Orleans to employ them in the streets, but it is only within three months that a trial has been made to carry that law into effect. The experiment so far has been successfull, owing to the vigilance of the gentleman who has charge of the prison no accident has happened, only one has escaped and he has been retaken.

The city of New-Orleans has undertaken to pay the persons necessary to guard them while at labour and for the clothes in which they work, and as far as it can be ascertained as yet, this appears to be as much as the value of their labour will warrant the corporation in doing.

It is doubtfull, whether at any time more than one half of these prisoners can be employed at once, as there will be always found amongst them many too feeble in constitution to undergo the fatigue ; or more or less of the laborers will always be on the pick list ; and perhaps during the summer season it will be dangerous to their health to employ them more than a very few hours in the day. Independantly if, we very much question the salutary effect the grand and primary object of emprisoning offenders against the law is to work a reform ; no reform can possibly be wrought on the minds of those, whose infamy is publicly exposed to the eyes of a crowed city. They are designated by a particular dress, together with a heavy chain in order to prevent their escape ; this at once exposes them to the scrutinizing one of every passing stranger. The convicts full conscious of this, and instead of its having a tendency to work a reformation, it only embitters them against the rest of mankind, and prepares them, for the commission of any crime, without remorse, of conscience, or the dread of a renewal of the punishment.

We would therefore recommend the commencement of a work-house or a penitentiary ; and think that the sum of ten thousand dollars would be sufficient to make the necessary additions and repairs to the prison, and render it capable of affording apartments for shops where the convicts kept in, might be employed with considerable benefit to the State.

The committee will further recommend at the mercy of the Governor, and hereto, the following convicts for pardon, viz : Captain Franklin Union, Samuel Gill, Alexander Spencer, Main Hamilton, H. H. Duval, William Riley and George Grant, their crimes being not of that magnitude, which we deem, in equity and justice deserves further punishment.

Signed, L. H. MOORE,
Chairman.

Mr. Hebert presented to the House a petition of the inhabitants of Bayou Grosse-Tete. Referred to a special committee.

Mr. Penn introduced a bill intitled "an act providing for the effectual protection of religious denominations during the time of their devotion," read for the 1st time, 2d reading to-morrow.

A petition from the masters and warden of the port of Orleans, in opposition to the petition already presented to this house praying for the repeal of a law passed February 17 1821. Referred to the same committee appointed yesterday on the petition of masters of vessels for the purpose aforesaid.

Mr. Trouard gave notice that to-morrow, or on a future day he would introduce a bill entitled "an act relative to certain [illegible] proceedings."

Agreeably to previous notice, Mr. Whitree introduced a bill entitled "an act to improve the navigation of the river Amite," read for the 1st time, & 2d reading on to-morrow.

Agreeably to previous notice, Mr. Murphy introduced a bill entitled "an act to explain the 3d section of the act entitled "an act relative to the right of giving special mortgages in certain cases and for other purposes" passed March 23d, 1822. Which was read for the 1st time 2d reading to-morrow.

Mr. Allard in behalf of Mr. Lavergne, chairman of the committee to whom had been referred the petition of the comptroller of the consolidated association, reported by introducing a bill entitled "an act to incorporate the subscribers to the consolidated association of the planters of Louisiana," read for the 1st time, 2d reading to-morrow.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

Second Readings.

"An act to authorize the police jury of the parish of St. Bernard, to promote a certain sum of money by means of a lottery."

An act to incorporate a congregation of the Israelites of New-Orleans."

"An act to dispense with the time required by law for attaining the age of majority in favor of Charles J. Searles, a minor of the age of 18 years."

"An act relative to applicants for a license to practice law and for other purposes."

Third readings for to morrow.

"An act to provide for the payment of expenses incurred in the arrangements made by the committee appointed by the two branches of the Legislature to provide for the reception of General Andrew Jackson."

A motion was made by Mr. John Moore that the bill be referred to a special committee with the view that a preamble which was read by him to the House might be added to said bill, whereupon the yeas and nays were called and it appeared that 21 members had voted in the affirmative ; and 19 in the negative.

(To be continued.)

Abstracts of documents accompanying the President's Message.

Report of the Engineer Department —A table annexed to this report shows the sums available for Fortifications, Interval Improvement, and the Military Academy ; another, the fortifications which have been planned but not commenced. A plan for the defence of Pensacola has been prepared ; others for that of Charleston and Savannah will be completed during the winter. The following fortifications have been inspected ; The Battery at Bayou Bienvenu, and the fortifications on the gulf of Mexico, the Mississippi and lake Pontchartrain : The former will be finished by the 1st. of January. Fort Adams, in Newport Harbor, of which the inspection was highly satisfactory. Fort Hamilton, at New Utrecht Point, the work equally gratifying, and advancing with great rapidity. Fortress Monroe, at Old Point Comfort, where a very considerable amount of work has been done. Some inconvience and delay have arisen here from the failure of a contractor to deliver bricks. Fort Calhoun, at the Rip Rap Shoal ; considerable progress is made. Fort Macon, at Bogue Point, North Carolina, where the operations were at first much retarded by the want of mechanics, (who had to be procured from the northern cities) and also of laborers. The principal loss, however, has arisen from the violent storm of august last. Fort at Oak Island ; considerable progress in the ditches and masonry—no serious obstacle to the work is anticipated—Fort at Cape Mesurado ; will be ready for the garrison on the 1st. of January. Fort Jackson at the Plaquemine Bend ; the operations of the most satisfactory kind, and advancing rapidly ; and the same is reported of the Fort of Mobile. The Sea Wall for the protection of George's Island, Boston Harbor has been nearly completed, in the most substantial manner ; and the repair of Fort Constitution New Hampshire, has been accomplished. It is suggested that it would much forward these works, could the appropriations be made early in the session.

The Board of Internal Improvement have been occupied during the past year, on the following objects.

A report on a mail route to connect the cities of Baltimore and Philadelphia with an estimate and map annexed to the same.

A report, plan and estimate, of a canal to connect Lake Pochartrain with the Mississippi at New-Orleans.

An examination of the Peninsula of Florida, with a view to ascertain the practicability of a canal to connect the water of the Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico, across the said Peninsula.

An examination of the country between the bays of Mobile and Pensacola, for the purpose of ascertaining the practicability of connecting them by a canal,

A reconnaisance of the country from New-Orleans to Knoxville, by way of Baton Rouge, with a view to ascertain the relative advantages of a route for a National Road from Washington City to New-Orleans, through West Tennessee.

An examination of the contemplated communication between St. John, river in Florida.

Of the two first subjects reports have been received from the Board, on the others they are now engaged.

The Topographical and Civil Engineers have been employed under the direction of this department during the year, on the following surveys.

One brigade under the dipection of a Topographical Engineer has completed the surveys of the proposed routes for a canal to connect the Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico across the Peninsula of Florida, and is now engaged in making a report thereon as directed by the act of congress of 3d of March, 1826.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

Mr. J. C. G*** gardener and florist planter, and cutter of trees, and vines, puts in order new gardens and repairs old ones. Having learned his profession under the most celebrated master gardeners of Europe, and who having constantly exercised his art even in this country since several years past, he has perfect knowledge of the cultivation of vegetables, both indigenous and exotic. He will make arrangements with persons who may wish to employ him by the month.

Reference, to Mde. Matossy, and Mr. Willoz, Orleans street, and to Mr. St. George, corner of Levee and Ursuline streets. jan. 25

LOUISIANA
Catholic Church Lottery,
THIRD CLASS.

Authorised by the State of Louisiana,
For the benefit of the
Catholic Church at St. Martinville
TO BE DRAWN IN NEW-ORLEANS,
On Saturday the 16th February, 1828.

SCHEME.

1	PRIZE of	$6,000	is	$6,000
1	"	4,000	"	4,000
1	"	3,000	"	3,000
1	"	2,500	"	2,500
1	"	2,180	"	2,180
1	"	2,000	"	2,000
6	"	500	"	3,000
12	"	300	"	3,600
156	"	60	"	9,360
780	"	8	"	6,240
7,800	"	4	"	31,200
8,769	Prizes,	amounting to		$73,080

Price of Tickets;
4 dollars ; Halves 2 dollars Quarters 1 dollar.

PACKAGES of 10, 40 dollars ; warranted 12 dollars ; Certificates do. 20 dollars and 80 cts. Shares of each in proportion.—

APPLY AT
MALCOLM'S offices, No. 86 or 152 Chartres st. where was sold in the last two Lotteries, prizes amounting to upwards of $6,400.

BEAVER HATS.

THE Subscribers have received by the ship Tennessee, from New-York, a few cases of *elegant Beaver Hats*, of the latest fashions.

NICHOLS & KEELER
Dec. 10. 18 Canal street

MR. GUILLAUME—Nouvellement arrivé de Paris, ayant eu l'honneur de faire les déjeuners du général Jackson, vient de prendre provisoirement une maison, rue St. Anne, No. 62. Les personnes, qui voudront bien l'honorer de leur confiance, sont assurées qu'il ne négligera rien pour les satisfaire. Il se charge de faire les repas qu'on lui commandera. On trouvera journellement dans sa demeure, des plats froids et autres préparations de commande. 23 janv.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

ON Wednesday, 13th Feb. next, at twelve o'clock at the exchange coffee house, will be sold, 2 valuable lots of ground, adjoining each other, and situated at the corner of St. charles and Gravier-streets. Four of said lots front on St. Charles, and one on Gravier-street, and measure each from 30 to 34 feet front by about 105 deep, and are the same on which now stands a wood frame warehouse.—Terms, one and two years credit for approved endorsed paper, with mortgage until final payment.

St. Philip street Ball room.

On Saturday, January 26.

GRAND BALL.
FULL DRESS
AND MASQUARADE.

Admittance—One dollar.

Managers will be appointed in order to keep good harmony. jan 16

FULL DRESS
AND MASQUARADE.
Jackson Ball Room.

Bienville St. Alley, corner of New-Levee st. [illegible]

ON SATURDAY, January 26, 1828.

Will be given

A GRAND BALL.

Admittance—One dollar. jan 16

DRAWING
of the
Public School Lottery,

[illegible] tickets exposed to sale at the [illegible] only for payment, at the [illegible] CATHOLIC CHURCH [illegible]

So *viz*de.

APPLY AT

The fortunate Lottery Office of P. W. [illegible]

[illegible]

HELVETIC INSTITUTION.

IN order to give greater latitude to his system of education, Mr. De Pomps has invited, as a partner in his establishment, Mr. J. W. Wheelwright, of Massachusetts, a young man recommended to public confidence as well by his talents as his personal qualities. Having been graduated at a college in New-England, Mr. Wheelwright will be enabled to take charge of the whole course of English instruction. The institution of Mr. De Pomps will thus offer to young men the double advantage of preparing some to be admitted into the colleges of the United States, and of furnishing to others a complete course of education adapted to the commercial and ordinary pursuits of life.

Mild regulations, but rigidly adhered to, will give to this seminary the character of an Helvetic school. In the proposed plan of teaching, the exemption between the memory and judgment will always be kept in view, and no pains spared to facilitate the attainment of difficult branches of study by the most simple and familiar illustrations. In a word, the object of this academy will be the communication of valuable knowledge, and the formation of those useful and moral habits in young persons, which shall early lay the foundation for their respectability and usefulness in subsequent life.

The institution is already in progress at the house of Mr. De Pomps, No. 116 Royal street. jan. 23 4w

REMOVAL.

SULPHUROUS BATHS.

DOCTOR RENOU, has the honor of informing his colleagues and the inhabitants of New-Orleans and of Louisiana, that he has removed his establishment of *Sulphurous Baths* from St. Ann Street, No. 123 to Bernaba Street No. 166, at the corner of Burgundy in the house lately occupied by Dr. Formento.

It is generally known, how much benefit is obtained by sulphurous bath in cutaneous diseases, rheumatic complaints, phlegm and other serious complaints, it is needless to quote here the numerous instances of immediate cure and relief afforded by the application of that remedy.

Mr. Renou has availed himself of his removal, in constructing a new apparatus and making his establishment free from any kind of reproach that could have been made to the former one.

The room for the reception of white people is totally separate from the one fixed for negroes.

His new lodgings afford him the means of receiving certain number of sick persons wishing to board at his house.

He has provided a spacious hospital, and his house being situated in a retired part of the town less crowded with houses than others, makes the situation perfectly wholesome.

Prices for	12 *Baths*, . . .	$ 16	,,
,,	6 ,, ...	9	,,
,,	1 ,, ...	1	50
For treatment of negroes per day,		1	,,

Doctor Renou will however take with the persons who will apply to him all possible arrangements.

During the last year of his practice in Paris, Doctor Renou has been intimate with the celebrated Dr. Dusamp inventor of the most efficient method of curing incharge (retention of urine,) and he had especially addicted himself in the treatment of that disease, he has now in his possession a complete collection of all the instruments necessary thereto. He may ensure to those persons afflicted with the above complaint, who will apply to him, a prompt and safe cure after his method of treatment. dec. 24

FOR SALE [illegible]

[illegible] No. 18