[illegible] Boyd & Co. mardi 18 Mars, [illegible] 28 esclaves du choix, pressés [illegible] 6 mois.

[illegible], Le Carpentier, sur la Levée, [illegible] 18 Mars, à 4 heures, face à la maison Martigny, le brick Mexicain *le Indien*, [illegible] ses cordages, grémens et voiles passablement. Conditions, à la vente.

[illegible] W. Boyd & Co. mardi 18 mars, [illegible] 28 esclaves du choix, pressés tous males—à 6 mois.

Par le Sheriff, le 20 Mars, à la bourse, le terme non-expiré d'un bail sur un lot de terre et les édifices qui s'y trouvent, situé par le No. 78, rue Toulouse, entre [illegible] et Levée; le bail expirant le 20 [illegible] 1841.

Par J. L. McCoy, le 26 Mars, à midi, à la bourse, un joli bien de campagne, connu comme la residence de Mr. [illegible] John situé au Bayou St. Jean—[illegible] 16, [illegible] mais.

Par le Marechal, mercredi 26 mars, à la bourse, [illegible] droits, titres et intérêts de J. Clark sur le Steam-vapeur Louisville.

Par le Sheriff, samedi 29 mars, à la bourse, un terrain situé rue Bourgogne, entre celles Ursulines et Hopital, avec l'édifice qui s'y trouve—en chantant.

Par le sheriff, samedi 29 mars, une négresse avec son fils, jeune mulâtre de 3 ans.

Par le Sheriff, lundi 31 mars, plusieurs esclaves, nommés Pierre, Mary et Betsy.

Par T. Mossy, lundi 31 mars, à la bourse, un terrain au coin des rues Carondelet et St. Charles, et un autre face à la rue Lavier—à un et deux ans.

LOTERIES.

De l'Eglise Catholique

DE L'ETAT DE LA LOUISIANE.

SECONDE CLASSE—POUR 1828.

Le Tirage aura lieu le Samedi, 12 Avril 1828.

PROGRAMME:

1 Lot de	$4,000 est	$4,000
3 Lots de	2,000 est	6,000
1 Lot de	1,700 est	1,700
1 Lot de	1,000 est	1,000
6 Lots de	1,000 est	6,000
12 Lots de	500 est	6,000
136 Lots de	100 est	13,600
320 Lots de	50 est	16,000
2560 Lots de	5 est	12,800
3,760 Lots		
6,280 Blancs.		97,440.

Dans cette Loterie, composée de 30 numéros par permutation, il y aura vingt-quatre prix avec trois des numéros tirés [illegible] pour chaque numéro. Les billets restant, au nombre de 15,600, n'auront aucun des numéros tirés, et par conséquent seront des blancs.

[illegible] déterminer les prix, les 30 numéros [illegible] trente barriques, seront [illegible] dans une roue, le jour du tirage, et l'un en tirera d'entr'eux; et le billet qui aura le 1er. 2d. 3e. numéro tiré, [illegible] dans lequel il auront été tirés, aura [illegible] $4000.

[illegible] cinq autres billets qui [illegible] les mêmes numéros, dans [illegible] suivant, auront droit à ce [illegible] revient respectivement [illegible] suit:

1, 2 et 3 à	$2000
2, 1 et 3 à	2000
2, 3 et 1 à	2000
3, 1 et 2 à	1740
3, 2 et 1 à	1500

[illegible] 6 autres billets qui auront [illegible] numéros sortis, d'après trois [illegible]: à, 3 et 5 [illegible] quelque'[illegible] de permutation [illegible] ce soit, [illegible] droit à [illegible] 1000

Tous les [illegible] billets en [illegible] des numéros [illegible] quelque'[illegible] droit à [illegible] 100

[illegible] auront droit [illegible] avoir le 3 et [illegible] 100

[illegible] droit

[illegible] qui aura gagné un prix [illegible] droit à un prix [illegible] pourra [illegible] obtenir.

Les billets seront vendus au bureau [illegible], rue de Chartres, N° 134, [illegible] jusqu'au 28 du courant.

[illegible] prix seront payables quarante jours après le tirage, et seront sujets à la déduction ordinaire de 15 pour cent.

J. F. BIRETTY, Directeur.

Nlle. Orléans, 17 *Mars* 1828.

C'est [illegible] prochain

QUE SE TIRE LA LOTERIE!!

Les heureux possesseurs de billets gagnants de la dernière Loterie sont priés de les présenter pour en obtenir le payement, ou renouveler dans la 7e. classe de la

Loterie de l'Hôpital,

Qui doit se tirer dès [illegible] prochain au plus tard. Billets $10; coupons en proportion.

AU BUREAU DE

LA CELEBRE ROUE DE FORTUNE DE

MALOGNE.

[illegible] 10 mars.

THE BEE.

Published daily by [illegible]

NEW-ORLEANS,

TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1828.

☞ We are authorised to announce that Mr. A. Peychaud is a candidate to the office of Mayor of the city of New-Orleans, at the ensuing election.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

At the sitting of Saturday last, the House of Representatives adopted a bill giving to their secretary the sum of 4000 dollars per session, on condition that he should pay all the expenses incidental to his office.

At the sitting of yesterday, the said bill was rejected in the Senate by a large majority.

The law concerning internal improvements, was received from the Senate and taken into consideration by the House of Representatives at the sitting of Saturday last, and was referred to a committee.

The House of Representatives adopted the bill entitled "[illegible] the appointment of a reporter of the decisions in the supreme court of the state of Louisiana."

The New-York papers are principally occupied with the details, of arrangements consequent on the death of Gov. Clinton. Every mark of respect is shewn to the memory of this highly gifted man, whose death is peculiarly a loss to the state of New-York.

The American Society for the [illegible] of Intemperance, have [illegible] possession, to the amount of 14,000 dollars.

From the New-York American.

Cooper, the Tragedian.—In this paper of Monday we gave an account from some London papers of the reception in Drury Lane of Mr. Cooper, and were satisfied then that personal hostility, and some touch of national antipathy, mingled largely in the unkind and unjust treatment he experienced. Private letters received here confirm us in this view; and it would seem from the National Gazette, that similar impressions are entertained in Philadelphia. Kean, it is said, and his band of friends, provoked not a little the defeat of Mr. Cooper. Kean had with his personal quarrel with the Bonapartians, and that with the present manager of Drury Lane (whose kindness to Kean when his fortune was of value is well known, and which is by equally well known, has been requited by that conceit with trying ingratitude) to avenge, and the occasion of the Yankee performer's appearance at Drury Lane offered an opportunity of accomplishing both objects.

In a report made by a committee of the Legislature of New-Jersey, on the value of the Oyster Beds in Delaware Bay, Cumberland county, it is stated, that the number of vessels employed on those beds for 300 days in the year, if more than 500 sail, employing about 2,000 men, and taking about 350,000 bushels of Oysters per year.

London, Jan. 2.—The stocks opened at 3 o'clock at 84. The intelligence, as before stated, that the Russian Ambassador left Constantinople on the 4th ult. and that his colleagues were to depart immediately after, caused but a slight depression. In fact the affairs of Turkey appear to have had little effect on the funds.

The report is received with confidence, that one of the ministerial plans for improving the revenue, is to propose a 5 per cent. tax on real property.

It is rumoured to-day, that the Austrian minister here, has received a confirmation of the intelligence, said to have been received yesterday, that the Russian Ambassador left Constantinople on the 4th of Dec.

The Gazette de France, of Monday, has reached us. It contains no news—but has a long article on the affairs of the East. It argues that the enlightened of the Porte will not last, and will end in nothing. "Her enemies, however," says the paper, "will [illegible] to it."

The Paris papers speak of new disturbances in Spain.

Peace has been agreed upon between Russia and Persia. By the convention, Russia is to be paid one million and a half of specie, and three millions and a half by different instalments.

London Jan. 2.—Vice Admiral Sir John Gore arrived at the Admiralty this forenoon from his station to Admiral Codrington.

Mr. Ewing, of York place, who died last week, was the largest American stockholder in the world. He has left personal property to the amount of 600,000*l.* to his nephew Jas. Ewing, in Dublin, and Mrs. W. Kirwan, jointly.

Extract from the Spectator Oriental, dated Smyrna, Nov.

Smyrna, Nov. 7.—[illegible] Corvette Warren, Capt. [illegible], which at this moment in our port, has defended the interests of commerce with an energy deserving the greatest praise.

Having been informed that part of the goods plundered from American shipping was concealed at Mycone, he proceeded to that Island, sent for the Primate and Eparch on board his ship, and, not being able to obtain restitution by fair means, he opened his fire upon the town, when a certain quantity of the plundered articles were immediately sent on board. Three houses suffered, but no lives were lost.

From Mycone the Warren made sail for Argentiere, and from thence to Lusade, constantly in pursuit of the pirates who abound in those seas.—The commander learned from an English ship that fresh aggressions had been committed on the vessels called the Cherub and the Rob Roy: he therefore sailed for the place that had been pointed out to him as that where the plunder had taken place; passing close to Milo, he perceived from afar the hermaphrodite brig that had captured and robbed the Cherub at Carabusa, on her arrival in the Archipelago, overtook her, and, after having fully convinced himself of her identity, burnt her.

Two days afterwards, he fell in with an abandoned Austrian brig at sea, which the pirates had robbed even of her sails; he took her in tow, brought her into this port, and had the pleasure of restoring her to the captain and crew. Amongst the property taken at Mycone were many sails and other cordage, taken from the same vessel, which were likewise restored. This brig, the [illegible], sailed for Smyrna.

The indefatigable commander of the Warren took afterwards the necessary measures for the return of the Cherub to Smyrna, which vessel was likewise here, after having been plundered. He sailed again, and captured at sea a large piratical mystic, all the crew of which he seized, and manned her from his own ship, and sent her to cruise among the small islands. On Mycone, he captured another piratical vessel. Among the prisoners whom he has on board are the captain and crew of the re-captured Austrian brig, who recognised several of the villains who had robbed them and treated them so infamously by [illegible] assassinate them.

If [illegible] ships of war would take similar energetic measures, this evil would soon have disappeared, whatever may be said of it.

TURKEY.

We are still without positive intelligence relative to the intentions of the Porte. All is perplexity and uncertainty therefore as to ultimate operations. As yet it appears certain that the thunder at Navarino has found no echo in the Bosphorus—the Janissaries are annihilated, and terror has smote the Turk. Mahmoud, too, is not in a state of fanatical; he can restrain his Bostanghi and Yellow mercenaries. Fear is a potent argument with the Ottoman. The Muscovites are on the Pruth, and the Christian flag might wave on the golden horn: the giaours therefore sleep in peace, and the Moslem yields to destiny—'Allah acber—God is great, he exclaims, 'and what he willes must happen.' The Sultan, in fact, must yield; he is without resources, moneyed or military, to attempt resistance. The proscription of the Janissaries annihilated the only military force of Turkey, and the 300,000 yellow 'Tophiens,' who were to replace them, slept but in name. Nor has the Porte the means of maintaining such a force, even though arrayed and armed. The agriculture of Turkey has decayed with its trade; and entirely it has relied in a great degree on Russia for the supply of wheat, paying for it in specie. The Turkish provinces from perhaps the fairest portion of eastern Europe; but industry and security of property are alike unknown. The insulted and prescribed Greeks were long the stay of their indolent barbarous oppressors; they crowded the Turkish fleets, and in several provinces the soil was wholly cultivated by their hands. Whole districts lie now waste; the rapacious exactions of successive Pachas have driven the few remaining peasants from the soil; while, to perfect this destructive system, the Sultan is the monopolist of all corn brought to Constantinople, and enforces the imperial right of buying and selling at his own price. Egypt, which in other days was the granary of Turkey, as she formerly was of Rome, affords a supply no more. Mehemet Ali has laid his hand on the wretched Fellahs, and substituted manufactures for agriculture, and the growth of cotton for corn. Any trade Turkey possesses or yet retains is conducted almost wholly by Franks, Greeks, and Armenians. Thus we are supported by the short detail in the assertion that the Porte has no resources for war, and that no alternative remains to her but submission. The present state of Turkey [illegible] resembles that of the Lower Empire in its decline, when pressed by the [illegible] of Ottoman [illegible] and Almorah, [illegible] for half a century, is one of successive sacrifices and decline.—Ozakof, which brings the Russian [illegible] within 200 miles of Constantinople, was won from the Porte in 1788. In 1791 the Porte, by force, and ceded the Crimea—giving to the Muscovite the command of the Tartar hordes, and the dominion of the Black Sea. Bessarabia has been severed to the Pruth, and Wallachia and Moldavia are regulated by Policy. It is not the interest of England that *Turkey should be further weakened*; nor is it the interest of France. The Ionian Isles give England full command in the Mediterranean: and Europe since the days of Solyman II, has been the constant ally of the Porte, and maintained a lucrative trade with the Levant. —Austria is but a cold and doubtful friend—a near and jealous neighbour —who could not start at the proposition to dismember Turkey (once whispered by Catherine to Joseph II,) were she assured of her portion of the spoil. The Sultan, however, can have no fears of Russia single-handed may rely in concert—she will [illegible] But Russia has other views. Her eye rests sleepilessly on the Turkish provinces, while she is pressing Persia on the side of Caucasus and grasping in Erivan the key of Armenia and Asia Minor, opening a direct route of march on Scutari, opposite Constantinople, of little more than 500 miles. The position of the Muscovite on the Pruth brings Wittgenstein within 600 miles of the Turkish capital, with no intervening difficulties but the want of supplies. Thus, on the Danube: and the Caucasus, on the side of Europe and of Asia, Russia is posted to menace and command. And this Colossal power, whose sceptre already extends over nine tenths of the habitable globe: who *partitioned Poland, swallowed up the Crimea, tore Finland from Sweden, and deposited both Sultan and Shah*, has long been watching the opportunity to *pounce on Turkey* and tear her limb from limb. *Russia is now, however, fettered by treaty*, and can urge no separate claim. She is hampered with an armed alliance and must negociate in common. The troops cannot pass the Pruth without further provocation by the Ottoman, and that provocation the Porte will not give. Thus, the fate of Turkey may be stayed for some years longer, and Greece delivered from her tiger fangs, slowly acquire union and strength, within dependence.—*N. Y. Truth Teller.*

LISBON, Dec. 8.

(*Private Letter.*)—The marriage of the Marquis de Loulé with the youngest of our Princesses, is the constant topic of conversation both in the court and city; but we are assured that, both to put an end to all these rumours, as for other more important considerations, the lovers are about to embark for the purpose of fixing their residence in the United States. It is also said that the Dowager has given the young Princess all the jewels she had received on the death of the late King, Don João, who, as it is well known, was the richest King in Europe, in precious stones, in gold, coined and bars.

St. Joseph's Ball.

Corner of Bourbon and Orleans street,

A FULL DRESS BALL,

To-Morrow Evening, 19th inst.

Admittance——One Dollar.

WANTED immediately, 250 Spanish and Mexican Doubloons, for which a premium will be given, by applying at BARRETT'S Lottery Office, No. 37, St. Louis street, opposite Hewlett's Coffee House. march 17

STRAY COW.

A Cow and Calf was found in Camp street, and brought to Mr. Peter Prada's. The cow has a mark which appears to be formed with the letters *T P L*. The owner is requested to take said cow and pay charges. march 18

An English Professor Wanted.

AN ENGLISH PROFESSOR is wanted for an establishment situated in Iberville.

It is desired that he should be a native American or Englishman, and acquainted with the French language.

N. B.—It would be needless to apply unless well recommended both for capacity and character.

Apply at this office.

WANTED to attend for some hours each evening, to any business in a trading or counting house, of *this city*, a person who can speak and write both languages, and is thoroughly acquainted with book keeping by *double entry*, as also the different branches of business in general.

Best references will be given.

A letter addressed to the [illegible] this paper, shall be [illegible] March 7. [illegible] attended-

[illegible] of the Treasurer of [illegible] is now in the [illegible] of St. Ursula, and in the [illegible] State Treasury.

Feb. 7. A. CRUZAT, *Parish Treasurer.*

SALES AT AUCTION.

To the [illegible]

WILL be sold on Monday, March 31st, [illegible] noon, at [illegible] Collège Égalité at New-Orleans, the following property depending from the Estate of Jean Baptiste [illegible] jonchère, a free negro man deceased—to wit:

A Plantation situated in the Parish of Plaquemines, about five leagues below the city, at the English Turn, on the left bank of the river, having six arpents front to the river, on the ordinary depth of forty arpents, and bounded on both sides by the plantations formerly belonging to the late Benjamin Morgan—also three negroes, whose names and ages will be made known at the time of the sale.

Terms:—The Slaves cash down.

The Plantation, payable in four equal instalments, at one, two, three and four years from the day of the sale, in notes satisfactorily endorsed and bearing mortgage on the Plantation.

The same is sold with its boundaries, its fences and improvements, in the state in which the whole will be found on the day of the sale, with the exception of the House thereon erected, which will be taken away at the costs of the owners of said House before the day of sale, or sooner if the purchaser will require it. The lots to be divided in such parts as will suit the buyers. The deeds of sale to be passed before Wm. Young Lewis, first notary public. The costs of these acts as well as those of the recording and the cancelling of the mortgage to be paid for by the purchasers. Feb. 29.

THE EXHIBITON

OF THE GREAT

Panorama Picture

OF THE PALACE AND GARDEN OF VERSAILLES,

IS now open to the public in the building erected for the purpose, on the public square of Lafayette square, opposite the Orleans street.

Hours of exhibition, from 10 A. M. till 6 P. M.

Admittance, 50 cents,
Children, - - 25 cents,

To accommodate persons of colour, Monday will be exclusively reserved for them, as likewise the mornings of each day, from 8 till 9.

Subscription—one dollar for each person, during the time of the exhibition.

N. B.—The much admired picture of ARIADNE, is now also exhibited in the same building, and without any extra charge. March 6, 1828.

DOLLARS, 15000.

ON SATURDAY NEXT.

LOUISIANA LOTTERY,

To be drawn Saturday 22d instant;

HIGHEST PRIZES:

$14,000, 12,000, 10,000, 8,000, 6,000, 5,800

6 of $2000 and 6 1000

Total amount - - $194,600

TICKETS, $10—PACKAGES OF 10 do. $100 Warranted $50. Certificates of do. [illegible] of each in proportion.

Apply at

MALCOLM'S

Office No. 84, Chartres street, Sign of the Wheel of Fortune,

ALWAYS FORTUNATE.

Or at 138 Chartres St.

Opposite the [illegible]

BARRETT'S LOTTERY OFFICE,

No. 37 St. LOUIS STREET, opposite Hewlett's Exchange.—*The following Prizes may be had by applying at the above office.*

one prize of 15000 dollars
one prize of 12000 dollars
one prize of 10000 dollars
one prize of 8000 dollars
one prize of 6000 dollars
one prize of 2000 dollars
one prize of 2000 dollars
one peize of 2000 dollars
one prize of 1000 dollars
one prize of 1000 dollars
one prize of 1000 dollars

With a large number of other prizes. Besides many others.—All of which will be drawn this Month.—The Tickets or shares only [illegible] Barrett's Lottery Office, 37 St. Louis street.

This Office, No. 37 St. Louis Street, opposite Hewlett's Coffee House, is always supplied with [illegible] Exchange, on foreign [illegible] either in Doubloons, napoleons or [illegible], and current money at the lowest discount.

LOUISIANA

LOTTERY,

To be Drawn on Saturday 22nd MARCH.

HIGHEST PRIZES:

$15,000, 12,000, 10,000, 8,000

Price of Tickets, TEN dollars—Shares in proportion.

To be had in a variety of numbers at

BENNET'S

Lucky Lottery Office, No. 81 Chartres Street.

St. JOSEPH'S BALL,

IN THE

ORLEANS BALL-ROOM.

THE Managers of [illegible] to inform [illegible] BALLS has the honor [illegible] the said room, [illegible] public, that he will give in Joseph's Dr[illegible] Wednesday the 19th [illegible] (St. with cher[illegible] A FULL DRESS BALL and principal [illegible] The same as are given in the [illegible] cities in France and North America.

A FULL DRESS BALL.

This kind of amusement [illegible] being well known here, the following [illegible] is given of it: each person may take [illegible] kind of disguise, without being masked, [illegible] in the dress which he has adopted and fill up [illegible] character which is represented by the dress, [illegible] and which must be supported by the individual [illegible] disguised.

The Ball [illegible] being a dress one, and with characters, every [illegible] assumed or distinguished station will be [illegible] there; but [illegible] the introduction of [illegible] personages, the name of each lady will be written on her ticket, and she will have to make herself known before entering the ball-room.