IV. Of Hydatides inclosed with a Stony Crust in the Kidny of a Sheep. By Mr W. Cowper, F. R. S.

IN the Sheeps Kidny, which was ordered at a late Meeting of the Society, to be fet aside for me to examine, I found a large whitish body, inclining to yellow, and ting'd with red, as it lay under the Membrane of the Kidner, vid. Tab. I. Fig. 1.A. This was very hard, as is usual in Animal Petrifactions, 2 thirds of it lay hid within the substance of the Kidney: It was inclosed with a thick hard Membrane. that could not easily be separated from it, even with a Needle fixt in the end of a Stick. The Branches of the Emulgent Veins and Arteries, lay between it and the Pelvis of the Kidney; all which Vessels were somewhat prest by this petrified Body. As I was picking off its thick strong Membranous Inclosures, I found the Needle flip into a cavity at an Aperture Fig. II. By this I was inform'd (of what I must confess, before I had no suspicion of ) that this hard and heavy Petrifyed Body was hollow, whereupon I thought of dividing it with a Saw. but finding a Membranous Interstice in it, Fig 2. B. I pull'd it afunder, as exprest Fig. III. and found its inside divided by many Petrifyed Cells C. of irregular Figures, and fill'd with Hydatides, some of which are represented at D.

This uncommon appearance (at least to me) of a Petrifyed Crust inclosing Hydatides, I thought deserv'd the

Figures annext.

Tab. I. Fig. I.

The external Surface of the Kidney of a Sheep. A. The Petrifyed Body as it appear'd in it before diffection. Fig.

Fig. II.

The inferior Surface of the same Petrifyed Body, after the Membrane that inclosed it was taken off.

a The Hole by which it was discover'd to be hollow.

B. The Fissure by which it was divided, to shew its inside exprest.

Fig. III.

C. Its Petrified Cells that contained the Hydatides of various Sizes and Figures, exprest at D when taken our.

V. Microscopical Observations on the Structure of the Spleen, and the Proboscis of Fleas. By Mr Anthony Van Leeuwenhoek, F. R. S.

Delft, June 1. 1706.

Mongst other things it has been observed, that the A Spleen is compos'd of a spungy sort of Flesh: And having examined the Spleens of feveral Sheep. I found that the many Fibrous parts, of which it generally confists, and which many suppose to be Arteries and Veins, are in reality no Veins, but are united to, and draw their Nourishment from the Membranes in which they are radicated, and spread themselves into many Branches, and join with the Fibrous parts, which likewife appear with Roots and Branches growing out of the opposite Membrane, that I could not forbear viewing them with aftonishment; imagining that all the innumerable Ribrous parts, were constituted to no other end, than to protrude the Blood which is conveyed into them by the Arteries 5 which Blood in great quantities is contain'd in the Veins as may appear in great measure in those Veins