The New Orleans Bee.

Office, 73 Chartres street.

NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 15, 1860.

Vol. XVII—New Series. Vol. XXXIII—Whole No. 11,831.

THE DAILY BEE

[illegible]

Daily Paper, [illegible]

In all cases, subscribers [illegible] Any person receiving the paper through any of the carriers, or otherwise, will be considered as a subscriber, and obliged to pay, unless due notice is given at the office.

NEW ORLEANS:
THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 15.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY THE WEEK.

The carriers of the Bee are authorized to receive subscriptions to our paper, at the rate of 25 cents a week, payable to all except the carriers themselves.

Auction Sales This Day.

By E. Vignié, at 10½, at No. 67 Royal street, splendid household furniture, on account of departure.

By Vincent & Co., [illegible] o'clock, at No. 20 Customhouse street, carpeting, hearth rugs, &c.

By S. O. Sykes and D. B. Murphy, at 10 o'clock, at No. 20 Camp street, carpeting, rugs, matting and oil cloth.

By F. Fernandez, at 10 o'clock, at No. 124 Chartres street, jewelry, watches, &c.: also silverware, fine English hosiery, cutlery, &c.

By D. B. Murphy, at 10 o'clock, at No. 67 Gravier street, tobacco.

By A. Fernandez, at 11 o'clock, at the corner of St. Louis and Bourbon streets, household furniture, books, &c.

The Sheriff sells at auction this day, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., at No. 34 Jefferson street, Second District, household furniture, &c.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.

The result of the election for Congressmen had been lost sight of in the greater interest of the Presidential canvass. These elections, however, are important, inasmuch as they have decided the political aspect of the next Congress against the Republicans. In fifteen Northern States that have already elected, they have lost three members. In the Northern States yet to elect they can scarcely make any gains. Giving to the States yet to elect the same political distributions as in the present Congress, the House of Representatives will stand as follows:

Total	[illegible]	[illegible]
Opposition majority in the House		[illegible]

THE SENATE.

Total number of Senators		[illegible]
Already elected—Republicans	[illegible]	
Opposition	[illegible]	
To be elected—Republicans	[illegible]	
Opposition	[illegible]	
Opposition majority		[illegible]

It is very evident, then, that in the next Congress the Black Republican party will be in a minority—not alone in the Senate, but in the House of Representatives. Consequently, even supposing that the anti-Southern members were wicked and reckless enough to attempt to pass a bill through either branch impairing the rights or assailing the institutions of the people of the South, the effort would be utterly defeated. There is, in fact, no possibility whatever of the slightest aggression by Congress on the South, unless, as Senator Douglas says, "a portion of the Southern Senators and Representatives absent themselves, so as to give an Abolition majority in consequence of their absence." This is unquestionably true, and hence we regret the precipitancy with which the Senators from South Carolina and one of the Senators from Georgia have thrown up their commissions. They are wholly in error, for so long as either or both of these States continue in the Union, it is clearly against their common interest in national affairs that they should cease to be represented in Congress. Such a step might properly accompany and even become a part of the formality of secession, in the event of a resort to that last and desperate remedy; but for a State to deny herself the right of representation while still remaining in the Union, is to commit an act of folly which can redound to her own injury alone.

After all, however, it may be said that the next Congress will not assemble until the first Monday in December, 1861. From the development of Southern feeling daily and hourly manifested, we are entirely convinced that long before that period the questions at issue between the North and the South will have been definitively and satisfactorily arranged, or that finding it impracticable to keep the Gordian knot, the South will boldly cut it. We have no idea whatever that the agitation now prevailing will subside without leaving a trace, and without effecting a material change in our relations to the Northern section of the Confederacy. Our wishes point of course to a peaceful termination of a feud which is profoundly deleterious to the best interests of all who are engaged in it; but it can be arranged only upon such a basis as will secure hereafter to the South the constitutional enjoyment of all her privileges. Any patchwork in the shape of temporary concession or compromise would be idle and ineffective. Meanwhile, however, as South Carolina and Georgia have not yet seceded, they should not voluntarily forfeit their right of representation in Congress, especially as by so doing they expose their sister States of the South to possible wrong and detriment.

AN INSANE ASYLUM.

The report of Dr. Delery to the City Council in reference to the necessity of an Insane Asylum in New Orleans is too important a document to be dismissed without notice. The Council had requested Dr. D. to furnish a plan for such an institution, and this is embodied in the report. One special reason why New Orleans needs an asylum for the insane is that in our city is to be found as much medical men that combination of profound learning, mature experience and keen sagacity by which alone this terrible malady can be successfully combated. In considering the subject Dr. Delery confines himself for the present to three points, viz: The things which are necessary for an insane asylum; the grounds necessary for the buildings, and the plan of construction—promising a subsequent report to refer to the moral, intellectual and religious treatment of the disease.

With respect to the locality of the proposed asylum, Dr. Delery proves that it should be situated on high ground, some small distance from the city, where land may be readily obtained, and where space for gardens and other sources of recreation can be commanded. Consequently he gives the preference to the Metairie or Gentilly Ridge. The grounds should be sufficiently extensive to permit the erection of the principal buildings, with two wings; the necessary outbuildings, large yards and a vegetable garden. These objects can be best accomplished by the purchase of a tract of land of about five acres front by ten in depth. The edifice itself should consist of a basement and a single upper story, which will render it more easy to be kept clean, as well as facilitate the care of the sick.

Dr. Delery enters into various details respecting the different rooms, their arrangement, conveniences for light, cleanliness, &c., into which it is not necessary to follow him, particularly as he is of opinion that the services of an experienced architect would become requisite at every step in the construction of the asylum. The report concludes with the following remarks, which address themselves directly to our city authorities:

Insanity is one of those diseases which respects neither fortune, sex, class, or position; it deprives man of his most precious gift—reason—and robs him from his God and his fellow-creatures. It is indeed worthy of the solicitude and sympathy of those who, like yourselves, are placed at the head of the affairs of a great and thriving city.

For several years past the city of New Orleans has increased in wealth and population in a ratio which is really astonishing. The geographical limits is being extended in every direction, and our beautiful streets are being paved with [illegible], which renders traveling easy and pleasant; beautiful edifices are being erected; everywhere the march of improvement can be seen—all of which, gentlemen, is due to a wise, judicious and progressive administration. Turn, gentlemen, from contemplating this scene of happiness, prosperity and splendor, to those unfortunate men who claim at your hands an asylum. Their condition is more interesting, and truly worthy of your pity. Behold them at present, men, women, children, of all conditions and ages, occupying indiscriminately, unhealthy cells and rooms, and they the victims of insanity, a disease, perhaps, brought on by loss of fortune, domestic troubles, the death of a beloved wife or child, or affection misplaced; these are frequently the causes of a sudden loss of reason, which, however, can be restored by the humanity and philanthropy of those who have the fortunate privilege to will good for it to exist.

Trovatore—*A Great Success.*—The debut of Mme. Bonnardt in Trovatore, on Monday last, was one of the greatest triumphs we recollect to have witnessed in New Orleans. The cast of the opera is admirable, embracing the full strength of the operatic company, and the rendering of the play on Monday last elicited the most unbounded applause. It is to be repeated to-night with the same performers, and a very crowded house may be anticipated.

Louisiana.—The returns, official and reported, from thirty-eight parishes give Breckinridge 254 majority. The remaining parishes are mostly Democratic, and will probably increase the majority to about 2000.

Richelieu Restaurant.—It will be perceived by our advertising columns that D. Lopez & Co. have opened a first-class restaurant at No. 65 Customhouse street, at the popular establishment known as the "Déjeuner de Richelieu." We have no doubt whatever, from the well-known capacity and experience of the proprietors, that they will be prepared at all times to furnish savory and succulent repasts worthy of the taste of the most fastidious epicures. Orders will be received for dinners, lunches, suppers, &c.

New Orleans School of Medicine.—The introductory to the regular course of lectures in this institution will be delivered by Professor A. Peniston, at the College, opposite the Charity Hospital, at 12 o'clock to-day, (Thursday) November 15th. The medical profession and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend.

New Book.—We are indebted to the publishers, T. B. Peterson & Brothers, through T. L. White & Co., No. 105 Canal street, for Harry Coverdale's Courtship and Marriage—a very [illegible] and entertaining story, by Frank E. Smedley, author of Frank Fairleigh, &c. It is [illegible] with illustrative engravings.

ENTIRELY TOO CHEAP.

It must be evident to all who will permit themselves to calmly reflect on the subject, that should the South precipitately withdraw from the Union, abandoning to the enemy all the avails of the national copartnership, the step will be construed as a tacit confession of imbecility—inability to sustain her indisputable rights—for the same reason that the evacuation of a fortress, leaving behind all the arms, ammunition and stores, would demonstrate the conscious inability of the besieged to cope successfully with their assailants. The South, whether in or out of the Union, will be under the same obligation as the other sections to cancel the public debt. To ignore this liability would be to incur the odium of repudiation and this penalty which is most inevitably enforced, viz: infamy and degradation. It seems clearly incompatible with that dignity which a party conscious of being in the right should sustain, even by violent means, should peaceable ones prove inadequate, to surrender to an implacable foe its means of extinguishing pecuniary obligations from which it cannot honorably escape. There is no necessity whatever of taking a step so inconsistent with the true position of the South. We are manifestly stronger than our enemies, and should not permit our impetuosity to betray us into an apparent consciousness of comparative weakness. Numerically, we are inferior to the non-slaveholding States; but the recent election returns show that some forty per cent of the inhabitants of the latter are our allies, rendering our cause numerically superior to that of the enemy. But were we not strengthened by such an alliance, we have, unlike our antagonists, that invincible *moral force* which enables "one man to chase a thousand." The numerical disparity is far less than was that over which the heroes of the Revolution, clothed in the impregnable panoply of justice, triumphed. But this invincible moral potency cannot be successfully exerted, should we permit ourselves to be guided by blind impulse. Reason and calm, unfaltering resolution can alone conduct us to victory and imperishable fame. We cannot in a week or a month, perhaps not in a year, mature a judicious plan—one in which all virtuous, and wise, and patriotic men in our own section will earnestly co-operate. But it is not entirely expedient to delay action until we shall have ascertained that our project is unqualifiedly free from all valid objections? South Carolina has precipitately rushed into a position from which she cannot retire without humiliation, not taking time to ascertain whether her sister States that are, equally with herself, the victims of perfidy and treason, will approve or condemn her course.

Let not her rash example be followed by those who know, or should know, that they have nothing to fear, having right on their side, which will prove an ample defence unless not risked by their own indiscretion.

Appearances indicate a very large majority in our State against a hasty evacuation of the Union, accompanied by an abandonment of all our just claims. What may be the views of our citizens on the subject of marching out of the Union with colors flying and drums beating, and carrying with us all our arms, ammunition, stores, &c., remains to be determined by the popular voice.

The South cannot strike an effective blow—one that will paralyze her foes—without first planning a system of operations acceptable to her whole people. Dissimulation and wrangling at home will entirely preclude self-respect as well as the respect of other sections and other nations. There can be among our prominent citizens no antagonism concerning the inexpediency of submitting to sectional proscription in the Federal Administration. There is unqualified unanimity on this point, but it by no means follows that we should not, rather than prejudice our future well-being by hasty and injudicious proceedings, remain temporarily in the Union for the purpose of thwarting the designs of a man who will in that case be *nominally* President, but so fettered as to render him almost as harmless as he would have been had he not been cruelly dragged from his favorite, and South more apposite revelation of rail-splitting. With both Houses of Congress, the entire South, and forty per cent. of the North against him, his capacity for mischief will be so entirely neutralized that so far from deriving honor from his position, it will render him the object of derision.

Moreover, before the election of the second Congress under his administration (?) the financial crisis which must soon desolate the Northern States, in consequence of his election, will have opened the eyes of the laboring masses that have been so egregiously duped by Abolition demagogues, and such will, through the ballot-box, so rebuke their unprincipled leaders, that the usurper will be opposed in the lower house by two-thirds, and perhaps three-fourths of its numerical strength. Such a result will be a glorious triumph of the South over its unprincipled enemies—a triumph that will subsequently protect her rights from invasion, and impart new energy to her boundless resources, accelerating her progress in a career the brilliancy of which already has no parallel in the annals of mankind. Would not such a triumph over our enemies be infinitely more gratifying to every true Southerner than a hasty and irrevocable surrender to those enemies of all they ever strove to attain? These surely can be but one response to this direct and practical interrogatory. I will admit that the foregoing prediction concerning the political complexion of the House with which Lincoln will be favored during the latter portion of his term may prove erroneous; but I contend that its fulfillment is extremely probable, and that the next local elections in the non-slaveholding States will render it eminently prophetic should we abstain from performing acts more revolutionary than the one.

Four-fifths of those who assisted in elevating Martin Van Buren to the Presidency deserted him in a few weeks, being goaded to desperation by a financial crisis; and will not a similar, tenfold intensity speedily release the enslavers of Lincoln to a mere "corporal's guard?" Nay, is it not probable that the Eyes of the heartless demagogues upon whom will rest the responsibility of such widespread ruin, will pay the penalty due to their crimes upon whom they have basely and cruelly duped?

Does not sound judgment counsel the curbing of our impatience two short years, in the more hope—if we had nothing more—of so signal a prostration of the enemies of our country and of mankind? Which is preferable—which more gratifying to Southern pride—a complete and unconditional triumph over our persecutors, or the exultation of our foes at the success of their persistent efforts to exasperate us until they had expelled us from the Union? Let us, then, take time to examine our position in all its aspects. We have nothing to fear from the requisite delay; hence we should not lose our firm convictions by acting as if prompted by fear—as if we deemed immediate retreat the only means of averting annihilation. We must take counsel from the coolest and wisest patriots that are scattered over the ample surface of our State. The treasures of experience, the stern determination of middle age, the quick sagacity of the gifted young must all be combined in a convocation unsurpassed in dignity and intelligence by any that imparts lustre to the annals of the human race. The holy precincts must not be invaded by demagogues. No! they must embody those only who never sought office, and would accept it, if tendered, only as a solemn trust, recoiling from a prostitution of it to self-aggrandizement, as they would from pandering to the contamination of their own offspring. Such men will appreciate the stupendous responsibility that devolves upon them, and the result of their deliberations will meet, through the ballot-box, such a response as will preclude all doubt as to the position of Louisiana on the momentous issues that so perplex and bewilder the patriotic of all sections of our country. With such union of purpose, the people of our State will constitute a Spartan band, marching with unfaltering step to meet the "uncircumcised Philistine," conscious, as was the youthful David, that the Almighty will unerringly guide the pebble they will hurl at the arrogant and God-defying "champion" of the "Heathen" devotees of the black idol, bringing him "upon his face" to the earth, and putting to flight, in confusion and dismay, his deluded subordinates, as the rays of the rising sun scatter the mists that enshroud the earth's surface.

State Rights.

Carroll.—This parish gives Breckinridge 120 majority. The entire vote is not published by the Lake Providence *Herald*.

Ouachita.—Bell 340, Breck. 312, Douglas 147—majority for Bell over Breck. 28.

Tennessee.—In all the counties in the State save twelve, Bell gains 16,564 votes.

Missouri.—In seventy-nine counties the vote is as follows: Bell 46,776, Douglas 46,973; Breck. 23,485; Lincoln, 15,283. Thirty-three counties remain to be heard from.

A Treasury Buried in Philopoemen's Time.—A letter from Athens, in a German journal, announces that in the village of Sagra, not many miles from Corinth, as many as 2170 Greek coins, of great antiquity—the most modern being of the time of the Achæan League—have lately been found buried in a bronze vase. They were only a few inches in the earth; the vase presents the peculiarity of having been repaired in two places with bits of copper.

The steamship Bienville, Bulloch, master, sails at 8 o'clock this morning, for New York via Havana, with the following passengers:

For New York.—Mr. [illegible] Hoffmann, Captain A. Williams, J. R. [illegible], Mrs. E. [illegible] and child, Mr. [illegible] and wife, Miss S. Bebee, A. Bebee, Miss A. Gibney and Mrs. Gibney.

For Havana.—Mrs. S. McKeague, Mrs. Moses, Mr. [illegible], Mr. P. J. Falconer, [illegible], Mrs. J. Bonhoher, Dr. M. Vieto, Col. Don Luis, Capt. [illegible], J. Buchanan, W. Newcomb, A. [illegible], A. [illegible] and J. Videl.

Later from California.—Fort Kearney, November 10.—The Pony Express, with California advices to the 31st ult., passed this station at five o'clock and thirty minutes this afternoon.

The Pony Express, with St. Louis dates to October 16th, arrived at San Francisco on the 29th.

The argument in the new Almaden Quicksilver Mine case continued. The Court-house has been crowded during the trial, nearly all the lawyers of the city giving constant attention to the intellectual struggle between Mr. Benjamin and Reverdy Johnson.

The political campaign drawn towards its close with less excitement than was anticipated. The downtown Eastern news seems to paralyze both wings of the Democracy. Senator Gwin and ex-Senator Weller, in their political tours, are coldly received, sometimes forsaking the meeting for want of an audience. The Douglasites have little better. All parties concede Lincoln's election, and the Republicans are gaining strength rapidly. As they recently by drawing volunteers from the Douglas Democracy, the Breckinridgers are gaining some accidental advantages—almost the only advantage they have had since the campaign opened. The Republican leaders are hopeful of carrying the State.

Oregon.—The Legislature adjourned on the 19th ultimo, having passed a large number of bills, and a score of memorials to Congress.

The Committee on Ways and Means estimate the current expenses of the State for the ensuing two years at $90,000.

The general increase of emigrants to the Snake Indians forms the principal theme of the memorials to Congress.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

Further from Europe—By the Steamship Canada—Latest Liverpool Commercial Intelligence.

Halifax, November 14.—The Royal mail steamship Canada, before telegraphed, from Liverpool the 3d via Queenstown the 4th inst., left this port yesterday for Boston. She brings the following additional commercial intelligence:

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.

Liverpool, November 3.—Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co. report Flour quiet at 29s. to 32s. 6d.

Indian Corn was advancing, and all qualities were slightly higher.

Liverpool Provision Market.

Liverpool, November 3.—Messrs. Wakefield, Nash & Co. say Beef closed dull. Pork quiet at unchanged rates. Lard quiet.

London Produce Market.

London, November 3.—Messrs. Baring Brothers say Coffee is quiet and unchanged. Sugar firm at former prices.

London Stock Market.

London, November 3.—Messrs. Bell & Co. say American Stocks are buoyant and slightly dearer. They quote United States Sixes at 93 to 100, and Kentucky Sixes at 93 to 94.

Manchester Trade.

Various Liverpool circulars say the tone of the market at Manchester for Goods and Yarns is firm. Holders are demanding higher prices.

Havre Breadstuffs Market.

Havre, November 3.—The Havre Breadstuffs market maintains a steady tone.

Later from California—Shipment of $1,300,000 in Treasure.

Fort Kearney, November 14.—The Overland California Express, with later advices from San Francisco, has reached this point.

The Pacific Mail Company's steamship Uncle Sam sailed from San Francisco on the 1st inst. for Panama, taking out nearly $1,200,000 of treasure, including $96,000 for England.

The weather in California was fine, and business prospects were more favorable.

In Lower California bands of Indians, Mexicans, California thieves and murderers have of late committed atrocious outrages and murders. The whole country is alarmed, and many have fled to the Governor for protection. The Governor has sent to San Diego for assistance.

Oregon advices announce the discovery of rich silver mines in Douglas county. The mines, it is believed, are very extensive.

Latest from South Carolina.

Columbia, November 13, 1860.—Hon. Lawrence M. Keitt was serenaded by the people at midnight. He made an exciting speech, urging prompt and decisive action. He said that President Buchanan was pledged to secession and would be held to it. South Carolina should shatter the accursed Union, and if not otherwise, then she should throw her arms around the pillars of the Constitution and involve all States in common ruin.

The South Carolina Legislature adjourned, nothing interesting having transpired. The members have all gone to their respective homes.

Seizure of Government Arms.

Washington, November 14.—Private accounts received from South Carolina say that the Charleston Light Infantry took charge of the Government arms, supported by Federal authority, in the absence of the Government troops.

Interesting from South Carolina—The Excitement Continues Unabated—Secession Inevitable—Probability of Bank Suspensions—Lincoln Burned in Effigy.

Charleston, November 14.—The excitement throughout the State knows no bounds. The Governor has been requested to send delegates pledged to get South Carolina out of the Union at any cost.

Dispatches are continually coming here from neighboring States offering ready-equipped military organizations, and paying their own expenses, to aid this State in the event of coercion.

The banks have not as yet suspended, but it is supposed they will within a week. A large amount of Northern paper is laid over, but not protested. The merchants are perfectly solvent, and scorn the idea of repudiating.

The money market is very stringent and the banks refuse discount.

The ladies of this State are raising a subscription for the purpose of presenting a handsome testimonial to the Hon. Caleb Cushing, of Massachusetts.

The United States arsenal was taken charge of by the Washington Light Infantry this morning. This affair, it is supposed, was brought about by an understanding between the Governor and the President.

It is rumored that a Convention of the cotton States will be called for the purpose of adopting a non-intercourse policy with the Northern States.

The boot factory at Cheraw is receiving heavy orders for the Southern trade. No new orders will be given to Northern goods except what is really necessary to keep up supplies.

Abraham Lincoln, the President elect, was burned in effigy at Aiken.

Nobody will be elected to the Convention unless he pledges himself to procure secession before the 1st of January.

Georgia Legislative Proceedings.

Milledgeville, November 14.—A bill appropriating a million of dollars for putting Georgia in a state of defence passed the House of Representatives unanimously.

It is believed that the Convention bill will pass both Houses of the Legislature by a unanimous vote.

A. H. Stephens and Herschel V. Johnson have been making Union speeches in various parts of the State.

Virginia Politics.

Richmond, November 14.—Some of the Union men of Virginia are in favor of sending commissioners to South Carolina and Georgia to induce those States to submit to the action of a Southern Conference.

The Richmond *Enquirer* urges an early State Convention, and says that Gov. Wise by his Minute Men did not contemplate a raid on the Federal Government.

The Border Slave States Oppose Secession.

Washington, November 14.—Many letters have been received from leading politicians of all parties in the border States condemning the legality of secession under the Constitution. They are almost unanimously in favor of standing by the Union.

Virginia opposes the precipitate action of South Carolina.

Senator Hunter is understood to be against the secession movement.

Appointment by the President.

Washington, November 14.—The President has appointed Wm. F. Mellin Postmaster at Natchez.

Virginia Still Doubtful.

Richmond, November 14.—The latest election accounts are unprecedentedly in favor of Bell. Full returns are necessary to decide the result in Virginia.

Large Meeting in Vicksburg.

Vicksburg, November 14.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held here last night, and a corps of Minute Men was formed.

Sailing of the Steamship Europa.

New York, November 14.—The Royal mail steamship Europa got to sea towards noon for Liverpool, via Queenstown.

New York Markets.

New York, November 14.—Cotton is less firm; sales to-day 1300 bales at 11⅛ to 11¼c. for Middling. Flour dull; sales 12,000 barrels at $5 30 to $5 35 for Superfine State. Corn closed active, with sales of 25,000 bushels at 67 to 70c. Pork dull; sales 725 barrels at $18 to $19 12½ for Mess. Lard very dull; sales 125 barrels at 12 to 12¾c. per lb. Coffee quiet at 14c. per lb. for Rio. Sugar closed dull, with sales of 145 boxes Cuba at 6¼ to 8c. per lb. Porto Rico Molasses is quoted at 35½c. per gallon.

Cincinnati Markets.

Cincinnati, November 14.—There were sales of Flour at $4 75 per barrel; buyers demand a reduction. Corn closed active; the sales embraced 6000 bushels at 35 to 36c. Oats are dull, and selling at 26c.; sales to-day comprised 2000 bushels. Pork closed very dull, with sales at $16 75 to $17 per barrel for Mess. Whisky is selling at 16½c. per gallon. Lard is worth 10¼c. per lb. Linseed Oil—Sales were made at 58c. per gallon.

River Intelligence.

Louisville, November 14.—The river at this point was rising this evening, with 9 feet 5½ inches water in the canal, by the mark, at dark.

Steamboat Passing.

Vicksburg, November 14.—The steamers Natchez, Edward Walsh, City of Louisiana and Judah Touro passed down at 5 o'clock yesterday evening. The Diana passed down at 2 o'clock this morning.

Homoeopathy.—A German journal gives some details respecting homoeopathic medicines: "The number of homoeopathic physicians is 2354, of whom 1642 are in America. The professors of the science are five in Germany, namely, two at Prague, two at Munich, one at Vienna; in the latter city, also, is one of veterinary homoeopathy. The number of homoeopathic in Germany is 471, and 38 for animals; 31 of the former are attached to hospitals. Of hospitals in Germany there are only ten, and nine of them are in Austria, three of the nine being at Vienna; one of 160 beds, another of 80, and another of 40. The journals which treat of homoeopathy in Germany are eight—four of them doing so scientifically, the rest for the ordinary public. The largest society of homoeopathic is in this country; it consists of 120 members, and holds annual sittings. In France there are 403 homoeopathic; in England, 244, (with two hospitals at London); in Spain, 94 (with a hospital at Madrid); in Belgium, 26; in Holland, 4; in Switzerland, 34; in Italy, 14; in the Scandinavian countries, 12; in the Danubian Principalities, 4; in Russia, 67 (with a hospital at Moscow); in Portugal, 47; in Asia, 4; and in Africa, 6. The rest are in America. In the latter country are hospitals at Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia, and, in addition, clinical lectures are given in many places.

Chinese Notions.—The march of events which is fast bringing the Chinese Empire into open familiarity with the western world, has already made known to us many interesting details of the life of that curious people. Not the least singular of their many oddities is their habit of cooling themselves in hot weather by the use of hot baths and hot drinks. When we remember how our hands burn after making up snow-balls, this will not seem impossible. If you call in a summer day, a small cup is placed before you with a few tea leaves in the bottom; boiling water is then turned on, and the cup covered with a saucer. As soon as the leaves settle back to the bottom, drink your tea, and never insult your host by showing a desire for milk or sugar. The draught is said to be followed by a delicious coolness. Cold water is never used, and even their wine, made from rice, the only intoxicating drink they use, is always placed upon the table warm. Go into a barber's shop and after being shaved without soap, you will be horrified by having a napkin applied to your face fresh from a vessel of boiling water, but so skilfully does the barber pass it up and down that there is no danger. In the restaurants an urn is placed upon the table full of boiling water, and the guests are continually dipping their fingers, and bathing not only their hands and lips, but even their tongues.

The Delicacies of our Ancestors.

Taste, indeed, was more capricious than refined, and the epicure exulting over strong flavors, included extreme among its Friday fare. The whale was eaten by the Saxons, and when men were lucky enough to get it, it appeared at table late in the fifteenth century. In 1246 Henry III directed the sheriffs of London to purchase one hundred pieces of whale for his table. Whales found on the coast were the perquisites of royalty; they were cut up and sent to the King's kitchen in carts. Edward II gave a reward of twenty shillings to three mariners who had caught a whale near London bridge. Those found on the banks of the Thames were claimed by the Lord Mayor, and added to the luxury of the civic feast. Pieces of whale were often purchased in the thirteenth century for the table of the Countess of Leicester. England was supplied with this choice dainty by the fishermen of Normandy, who made it an important article of commerce. The Normans had various ways of cooking it; sometimes it was roasted, and brought to the table on the spit, but the usual way was to boil it and serve it up with peas; epicures looked out for a slice from the tongue or the tail. The grampus or seawolf was also highly esteemed; but of all the blubber-dainties, the porpoise was deemed the most savory.

Porpoises were purchased for the table of Henry III in 1246; and Bishop Swinfield, in the same century, dined off it whenever he had an opportunity; it was served up as a sumptuous entertainment given to Richard II at Durham House; and at the grand installation of Archbishop Nevile, in 1466, four porpoises were on the table. In 1491 the bailiffs of Yarmouth sent a fine porpoise as a present to Lord Oxford, whose favor they were anxious to propitiate, and accompanied it with the message, that if they had had any other "daynte to do him a plesir," they would have sent them also. The worthy bailiffs could not have sent a more savory present in all the fish markets of Yarmouth. At the marriage of Henry V the guests were treated with "roasted porpus," a dish fashionable in the fifteenth century. We find it again in the first course at the coronation of Henry VII. The King was probably fond of this dish, for it was served up at his table on the feast day of St. George, and my lord cardinal courted his Majesty's favor by sending a fine porpoise to the palace. The cooks not only roasted and boiled it, but made it into pies and pastries; and a learned "Maister Coke" gives a receipt for a delicious "puddyng of purpasse," whilst another tells us how to serve it up in frumenty: the wheat was to be seethed in milk, in which finely chopped almonds had been boiled to thicken it; the porpoise was to be sliced up and thereon laid [illegible] a delicate sauce, which was also served [illegible] Caxton. A poet in 1452 gives directions how to "carve" salt porpoise and seele." In the [illegible] of Kervyng" mustard is recommended as the best sauce for porpoise, which was to be carved after the manner of venison; and the proper term to employ in asking the carver to help the guests was to bid him "undertranche that purpos." This coarse animal was esteemed as food until late in the sixteenth century; it was often on the table of Henry VIII; and Wolsey, Somerset, and other lords of the Star Chamber, having in 1509 a snug little official dinner together, feasted sumptuously off a porpoise, which cost eight shillings. Even Queen Elizabeth, who was rather choice in her appetite, had porpoise among her Friday diet; and it was sold as food in the market of Newcastle as late as 1575, from which time it appears to have fallen into disrepute.—*Our English Homes.*

The best and most economical method of finishing the rooms of a dwelling-house is a question of some importance to builders and others. The following opinion on the subject is from Mr. Bayard Taylor: "For the finishing of the rooms there is nothing equal to the native wood, simply oiled to develop the beauty of the grain. Even the commonest pine, treated in this way, has a warmth and lustre, beside which the dreary white paint, so common even in the finest of houses, looks dull and dead. Nothing gives a room such a cold, uncomfortable air as white paint and white plaster. This color is fit only for the tropics. Our cheap common woods—pine, ash, chestnut, oak, maple, beech, walnut, butternut—offer us a variety of exquisite tints and fibrous patterns, which, until recently, have been wholly disregarded in building. Even in furniture we are just beginning to discover how much more beautiful and elegant are our walnut than mahogany. The beauty of a room is as dependent on the harmony of its coloring as that of a picture. Some of the ugliest and most disagreeable apartments I have ever seen were just those which contained the most expensive furniture and decorations. My experience shows that a room finished with the best seasoned oak or walnut costs actually less than one finished with pine, painted and grained in imitation of these woods. Two verandahs of yellow pine, treated in two coats of boiled oil, have a richness and beauty of color beyond the reach of pigments; and my only regret connected with the house is that I was persuaded by the representations of mechanics to use any paint at all."

A Poison Ring.—The following story is going the round of the papers: "A gentleman who had two days ago purchased some objects of art at a shop in the rue St. Honoré, was engaged in examining an ancient ring, when he gave himself a slight scratch in the hand with a point of it. He continued talking with the dealer for a short time, when he suddenly felt an indescribable sensation over his whole body, which appeared to paralyze all his faculties, and he soon became so seriously ill that it was considered necessary to send for a medical man. The doctor immediately discovered every symptom of poison by some mineral substance. He applied strong antidotes and in a short time the gentleman was in a measure recovered. The ring in question having been examined by the medical man, who had long resided in Venice, was found to be what was formerly called a "death ring," in use in Italy when acts of poisoning were frequent about the middle of the seventeenth century. Attached to it inside were two claws of a lion, made of the sharpest steel, and having clefts in them filled with a violent poison. In a crowded assembly, or in a ball, the wearer of this fatal ring wishing to exercise revenge on any person, would take their hand, and when pressing it the sharp claw would be sure to inflict a slight scratch on the skin. This was enough, for on the following morning the victim would be sure to be found dead. Notwithstanding the many years since which the poison on this ring had been placed there, it retained its strength sufficiently to cause great inconvenience to the gentleman, as stated.—*Galignani.*

The Stings of Conscience.—In Van Dieman's Land, recently, a convict murdered an overseer. He escaped to the wilds of the mountains, and there he lived like a savage, with no friend of humanity near. Enduring the utmost mental as well as physical anxiety, he finally succumbed to the severe distress which surrounded him, and became a raving madman.

He was observed to be under the dominion of a terrible hallucination, and imagined that he was constantly pursued by the ghastly phantom of his murdered victim. He would fly frantically from tree to tree, and in the settlement from house to house, striving to free himself, as he said, from the clutches of his murdered victim. He surrendered himself to the officers of the law and desired his own execution, as he said that death and total annihilation were preferable to the terrible life to which he here was doomed.

Suicide of an Eccentric Character.—Louis Drucker, a notorious "Indian doctor," of St. Louis, suddenly disappeared from that city on the 16th of October. On the 31st inst. his room was opened and a characteristic letter discovered, expressing his intention to commit suicide, and bequeathing his body to a medical college.

Drucker was aged seventy-four years, and had led a most eventful and exciting life. In Berlin he enjoyed a great reputation for his wit, and kept a large wine garden, where the orders for drinks were delivered by the waiters on ponies. In Leipsic he kept also a large establishment, where the cup-bearers were girls gliding about on skates mounted on castors or wheels. Financial difficulties overtook him, and he removed to London, where he published a humorous paper. In 1852 he came to New York, where he created a great sensation by his wit. Thence he removed to Chicago and St. Louis. In turn he had been a hotel keeper, wine merchant, cigar dealer, and lastly turned his attention to medicine, and became an Indian doctor.

An Ungracious Emperor.—A letter from Wilna states that the Emperor of Russia declined to accept a grand ball which the Lithuanian nobility offered him, and for which great preparations had been made—one noble Prince, Oginski, having, it is said, spent 40,000 roubles in the construction of the ball-room—and the reason of his Majesty's refusal was that he learned that only a few ladies intended to appear at the ball.

A Terrible Mistake.—A strange affair is recorded in the Hungarian journals: "A carter was, a few days ago, charged to convey from Grosswardein to Klausenburg, among other things, several bottles, of which he was directed to take special care. Thinking that they contained excellent liquor, after going some distance, he opened one and gave some of the contents to half a dozen peasants, reserving a glass for himself. Two of the peasants immediately fell asleep, and their slumber was ascribed to the excellence of the liquor, and he offered more to other persons; they, however, also fell asleep, and he himself became seriously indisposed. Before long the first two peasants died, and it turned out that what they had taken was chloroform. The carter, in dismay, hastened home, but he was so ill that his life is despaired of."

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.—There is no more valuable article in the whole catalogue of domestic remedy than a vegetable tonic. It gives activity to the digestive organs. It invigorates the appetite. It calms the spirits, invigorates the mind, strengthens the body, and in short, if judiciously used, wakes up the whole system to a wholesome consciousness of its own powers, and a renewed disposition to exert them. Among the tonics of the day, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, manufactured by Hostetter & Smith, at Pittsburgh, Pa., may be set down as deservedly the most popular. They are a pungent, lively, palatable tonic, not unpleasantly bitter, yet yet sufficiently so to be effective in their operation. It is perfectly surprising. No family can conveniently do without a bottle. It should be found in every closet. It is both useful and agreeable.—*New York Atlas, Aug. 26, 1860.* nov15 2t

DENTISTRY'S REMOVAL.

CASADAVANT,
SURGEON DENTIST,
154 Canal street, over the Union Bank
(NEAR THE CLAY STATUE.)

IN order to accommodate his numerous patients, he has removed to a more commodious house and central situation. His reputation and success being so well known in Louisiana for several years, he needs no other recommendation. Consultations in French, Spanish and English. oct11

NEW STILTON AND CHEDDER CHEESE—A very choice article of Stilton & Co.'s cheddar cheese, just received; for sale by DUNTZE & CO. cor Royal and Conti sts nov7

BALTIMORE PRESERVES—[illegible] assorted preserves; 30 do preserved pineapples, [illegible] 20 do of 2 dozen fresh tomatoes; 20 do of 2 do do peaches; for sale by DUNTZE & CO. cor Royal and Conti sts

LANDING ex ships [illegible] from Marseilles, [illegible] Sardines, [illegible] [illegible] for sale by DUNTZE & CO. corner Royal and Conti sts nov7

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Amusements This Evening.—Opera House—"Le Trovatore."

St. Charles Theatre—"The Young Prince," "A Husband at Sight," and "A Race for a Widow."

Academy of Music—Rumsey & Newcomb's troupe of Minstrels.

Vannuchi's Museum—Wax figures representing our late Oriental visitors, together with innumerable curiosities.

Spalding & Rogers's Museum—The amphibious horse.

Fire Company Excursion.—Vigilant Fire Company, No. 5, went on an excursion yesterday and enjoyed an excellent fish dinner at Mignot's, with the usual accompaniments. According to all accounts, they had an unusually jolly time of it.

New Dodge of the Incendiaries.—We learn that men carrying plumber's tools have been going round to dwelling-houses representing themselves to be in the employ of the City Gas Light Company, for the purpose of filling the meters with turpentine, so that when they will not work, and are examined by any person with a light, the meters will explode and set the house on fire. No person should be permitted to examine the meter unless he carries a written authority from the Gas Company.

The War of the Authorities.—We understand that City Attorney Michel is about to sue out a writ of prohibition against Recorder Emerson, forbidding him to interfere with prisoners in any manner until they are brought into his Court. That this will bring the quarrel to a speedy issue is our fervent hope.

Had Better Look Out for Himself.—Wm. Stought, a resident of New Orleans for some time, and formerly a stevedore, was proclaiming on the Levee, Tuesday night, that a nigger was as good as a white man, and ought to have the privilege of voting. Luckily for Stought officer Dahomey came along and kindly took him to the lockup, where he charged him with being a suspected Abolitionist. A friend of Stought's came to sign bonds for him, but when he heard what Stought had been doing, he very wisely concluded to leave him alone.

Shooting Affair.—A man named John Phillips was arrested at ten o'clock Tuesday night, on Dryades street, by officer Walsh, of the First District upper police station, for being drunk, disturbing the peace, and charged with shooting one Robert Kitchen. Phillips alleges that as he was passing along he was tripped up and thrown in the gutter by one of three young men who were standing at a corner; that they started to run, and when he got up he drew his pistol and fired. Young Kitchen was wounded in the thigh, in the region of the hip. The wound, we believe, will not prove dangerous, except the ball has fractured the bone.

Died of his Wounds.—Between eleven and twelve o'clock, P. M., on the night of the 7th inst., a man named John Schmidt was stabbed on Fulton street by some person unknown to him. The wound was on limbed and suggestive, penetrating at the median line midway between the pubis and umbilicus, causing slight hemorrhage with peritonial and intestinal inflammation. The wound looked as if the weapon had been twisted in the body. He started to go to the hospital, and met an officer on the way, who sent him there. Schmidt died on Tuesday evening, and the party who killed him is yet unknown.

First District Court—Judge T. G. Hunt.—The following cases of murder have been fixed for trial as follows: H. Percival, Tuesday, 20th inst.; Hermogene Perry, Thursday, 22d; Jackson O. Lawrence, Thursday, 29th; George Weymes, Monday, 26th; Dennis Sullivan, Monday, 26th; James Reed, Wednesday, 28th; Philip Sary, Wednesday, 28th. It is to be hoped that no unnecessary delay will occur in the trial of these cases. Yesterday, Thomas Hodgson, charged with assault and battery, and John Dooley, charged with larceny, were discharged by nol pros. Oswald Faulkner was tried and convicted of assault and battery, and sentenced to pay a fine of $15 or suffer two weeks' imprisonment. Wm. H. Hunter was found guilty of assault and battery, recommended to the mercy of the Court, and sentenced to $25 fine, with the alternative of three weeks in prison. Philip Nedy, alias P. Neillet, was tried and found guilty of larceny.

Recorder Blache's Court.—Recorder Blache was so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able to resume his official duties yesterday, much to the gratification of his numerous friends. He fined Peter and John Lewis $25, and Christ. Smith $5, for having been engaged in disturbing the peace and fighting in a coffee-house at the corner of Burgundy and Ursulines streets, drinking and carousing with negroes. The charge of attempted larceny brought by Captain Cheney Johnson against Louis White, alias Edward Lewis, was withdrawn. John Conrad was held to answer the charge of beating Fred Miller, in the Treme Market. Joe Whitemore gave bail in the sum of $500 for striking Michel and Marie Robbins. Henry Ely and Elie Baxter, alias R. Burke, were held to answer the charge of stealing a gold watch and chain from Adolphe Trugla, corner of Royal and Bienville streets.

Robbery of Silver Plate.—Night before last the residence of H. S. Buckner, Esq., corner of Jackson and Coliseum streets, was entered by burglars and robbed of sixty pieces of silver plate of every kind. They decamped in safety, carrying their booty with them.

Dismissed.—Mr. L. A. Welton had his examination yesterday before Recorder Emerson on the charge of embezzlement preferred against him by Mr. Alexander G. Cunningham, clerk of the steamer J. C. Swon, and was discharged.

Burglary.—Mr. Delacourt's residence on Dryades street, between Felicity road and St. Andrew street, was entered by burglars night before last, who took every thing they could carry off, even to hats and coats, getting over $400 worth. Among the stolen property were the wedding trousseau of Mr. Delacourt's daughter and a young gentleman to whom she was engaged to be married to-day. In their hurry to escape, the thieves dropped near the door a valuable silk pattern.

Alleged False Pretences.—The Chief of Police arrested W. H. Reese last evening on the charge of obtaining money under false pretences. M. A. George alleges that two weeks ago, at Baton Rouge, he loaned Reese $150, for which Reese gave him a draft upon a firm here when they having any funds with which to meet it.

Credit Sale.—*Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Clothing and Hats.*—The particular attention of buyers is called to the large credit sale of boots, shoes and brogans, clothing and hats, to take place this day, at 10 o'clock, at the salesroom of H. Roger & Co., Nos. 46 and 48 Old Levee street. Terms liberal at sale.

The particular attention of buyers is called to the unreserved sale of carpetings by Vincent & Co., this day, at 10 o'clock, at their auction rooms, No. 20 Customhouse street.

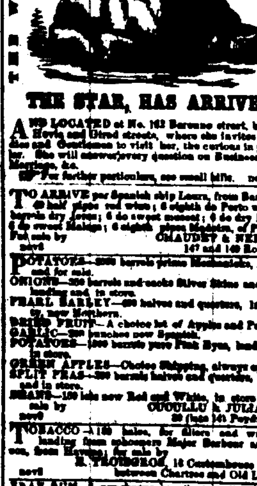
The attention of purchasers is called to the unreserved sale, by E. Vignié, of splendid furniture, this day, at half-past ten o'clock, at Royal street, No. 67. See advertisement.

The attention of the public is called to the sale this day, at 10 o'clock, at No. 33 Camp street, of carpets, rugs, mats, oil cloths, matting, &c., for account of whom it may concern.

Notice.

AN annual meeting of the NEW ORLEANS LAW ASSOCIATION will be held in their Library Room, on SATURDAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Gentlemen desirous of becoming members will please to leave their applications with the Secretary. nov15 3t M. M. COHEN, Secretary.

MADAME LA MARS,



THE STAR, HAS ARRIVED,

AND LOCATED at No. 162 Baronne street, between Perdido and Gravier streets, where she invites the Ladies and Gentlemen to visit her, the curious in particular. She will answer every question on Business, Love, Marriage, &c. For further particulars, see small bills. nov14 1m

TO ARRIVE per Spanish ship Laura, from Barcelona, 30 half pipes red wine; 6 eighth do Porto wine; 6 barrels dry grapes; [illegible] For sale by CHAUDET & NEE, 147 and 149 Royal st

POTATOES—[illegible] barrels prime Northern, in store and for sale.
ONIONS—[illegible] barrels and sacks Silver Skins and Reds, landing and in store.
PEARL BARLEY—[illegible] halves and quarters, 1st quality, new Northern.
DRIED FRUIT—A choice lot of Apples and Peaches.
GARLIC—[illegible] bunches new Spanish.
POTATOES—[illegible] barrels pure Pink Eyes, landing and in store.
GREEN APPLES—Choice Shipping, always on hand.
SPLIT PEAS—[illegible] barrels halves and quarters, landing and in store.
BEANS—[illegible] bags new Red and White, in store and for sale by GOUDILLO & JULIAN, 29 [illegible] Poydras st nov7

TOBACCO—[illegible] bales, for cigars and wrappers, landing from schooner Major Barbour and Toledo, from Havana; for sale by E. TROISGROS, 14 Customhouse st., between Chartres and Old Levee. nov6

BAY RUM—[illegible] puncheons, superior quality, in store, and for sale by S DE VISSER & CO. 64 Magazine street

HAVANA SUGAR—[illegible] boxes white and yellow, now landing ex brig [illegible], from Havana, and for sale by S DE VISSER & CO. 64 Magazine st

HAVANA CIGARS—[illegible] Regalias, Media Regalias, Conchas, Brevas, Londres, Condesa and Millar, of favorite brands, such as Cabanas, Intimidad, Prince of Wales, Flor de Moreno, Washington, &c. For sale by S DE VISSER & CO. 64 Magazine st

CORN—[illegible] sacks prime yellow, in store and for sale, in lots to suit, by F A GONZALES & CO. Nos 75 and 77 (late 45 and 47) Old Levee, between Conti and Bienville sts nov7

CORN—[illegible] sacks prime white, in store and for sale, in lots to suit, by F A GONZALES & CO, 75 and 77 Old Levee, between Conti and Bienville sts

OATS—[illegible] sacks (double) prime St. Louis old Oats, in store and for sale in lots to suit, by F A GONZALES & CO. Nos 75 and 77 (late 45 and 47) Old Levee, between Bienville and Conti sts

SEED OATS—[illegible] sacks Egyptian Seed Oats, in store and for sale, in lots to suit, by F A GONZALES & CO. Nos 75 and 77 (late 45 and 47) Old Levee, between Conti and Bienville sts.

WHEAT AND RYE—In store and for sale, in lots to suit, by F A GONZALES & CO. Nos 75 and 77 (late 45 and 47) Old Levee, between Conti and Bienville sts.

GERMAN CIGARS—Such as Regalias, Imperiales, Condesa, Londres, &c.; for sale by C. L. BRAUER & SCHONFELD, 17 Commercial place.

WILLOW BASKETS offered for sale by C. L. BRAUER & SCHONFELD, 17 Commercial place.

SPIRITS OF VINEGAR—In demijohns of 5 gallons; for sale by C. L. BRAUER & SCHONFELD, 17 Commercial place.

CASSIA—[illegible] mats; for sale by BERNHARD TURPIN, No. 53 Old Levee st

SUPERIOR LAGER BEER—[illegible] for sale by C. L. BRAUER & SCHONFELD, 17 Commercial place

MUCCI'S PATENT PARAFFINE CANDLES; for sale by BERNHARD TURPIN, No. 53 Old Levee st

RYE WHISKY, in [illegible] for sale by BERNHARD TURPIN, No. 53 Old Levee st

BLACK PEPPER—[illegible] BERNHARD TURPIN, No. 53 Old Levee st

ALMONDS—[illegible] for sale by BERNHARD TURPIN, No. 53 Old Levee st

DRAYTON'S PARLOR OPERAS.

ENGLISH BUFFO OPERA,
COMEDY AND LYRIC DRAMA.

The most Pleasing, Elegant and AMUSING ENTERTAINMENT IN AMERICA.
Will give their first performance at the
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
Formerly Amphitheatre,
On MONDAY, 19th instant.
nov15

CITY HOSPITAL,
EXCLUSIVELY FOR SMALL POX,
BY
DR. C. ANFOUX,
Elysian Fields street, between Josephine and Sebastian streets.
For admission apply at the Hospital, or at No. 70 Bourbon street. nov16 6m

Classic Music Society.

THE FIRST REHEARSAL of the Classic Music Society will take place on SUNDAY, 18th November, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at Odd Fellows' Hall. Members and subscribers are invited to attend.
nov15 2t CHAS. ENGSTFELD, Sec'y.

JOUVIN GLOVES.

THE undersigned offer, at an excessive reduction, 300 doz. JOUVIN & CO. KID GLOVES.
—ALSO—
A very large assortment of SHIRTS, CRAVATS, WALKING CANES, GLOVES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, and other Fancy Goods.
RICHARD ALDIGE & CO., No. 60 Chartres street, up stairs. nov16 3t

Wanted,

A COMPETENT BOOK-KEEPER; also a Salesman experienced in the wholesale grocery business. Both must speak French, and be provided with undoubted recommendations. Address through P. O. Box F, No. 32. nov16 3t

Drafts on Havana.

DRAFTS ON HAVANA for any amount, and at short sight; for sale by F. PRATS & CO., 20 Exchange Place. nov14-3tp

Wanted,

A FIRST-RATE DINING-ROOM MAN, speaking French and English. Must come well recommended. Apply at corner of Esplanade and St. Claude streets. nov15-3t

REMOVAL.

J. MEDES,
MILLINER AND DRESSMAKER,

BEGS leave to inform her patrons that she has removed from Bourbon street, No. 6, to ROYAL STREET, NO. 61, between Conti and Bienville, where all orders will be promptly attended to. Wanted immediately, at the above store, several Milliners, Dressmakers and Apprentices. nov12 1m

CARPET WAREHOUSE,
20 Chartres Street.

WE are receiving by constant arrivals additions to our extensive assortment of CARPETING, such as MEDALLIONS, WILTON, VELVET, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY, THREE-PLYS, &c. &c. FLOOR OIL CLOTH, of all widths, colors and prices. TABLE and PIANO COVERS, COCOA MATTING, WINDOW SHADES in great variety, CANTON MATTING—all of which we offer at the lowest market price. nov15-1w A. BROUSSEAU & CO.

Genuine Havana Cigars.

161,200 HAVANA CIGARS, just received per steamer Habana and brig Teodora, comprising an assortment of half Regalia, Conchas, Condesa, Londres, small Regalia and pressed, of the brands Intimidad, Cervantes, Ritica, Meridiana, Black Warrior, Paris del Sacramento, and others; for sale by CABALLERO & BASUALDO, 66 Old Levee, nov10 bet. Customhouse and Bienville sts.

Wanted,

AN intelligent YOUNG MAN, from 18 to 20 years of age, speaking English and French, to attend a store. Apply immediately on Chartres street, No. 54, (new number) between Bienville and Customhouse streets. No objection to a colored young man. nov13 3t

Religious, Classic and Scientific Bookstore.

CHURCH ORNAMENTS—A LARGE VARIETY.

CH. GUERINEAU, Agent,
167 Corner Royal and Orleans sts. 167

RECEIVED per ships Nuremberg and Guttenberg, from Havre, a considerable quantity of goods, which are offered for sale on moderate terms.

[illegible]

To Rent.

A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, at the corner of Apollo and Erato streets. For terms apply to E. SAINPOLIS, corner St. Andrew and Magazine streets, near the Market. nov9-3t

Wanted,

IMMEDIATELY, Several Dressmakers. Apply to Clem. Levy, corner Carondelet and Canal streets, above the Crescent City Bank. nov17 1m

GREAT REDUCTION
—IN—
PAPER-HANGING.

HENRY HABERT, successor to P. Delcourt, 86 Chartres street, No. 180, between Conti and St. Louis streets, offers a large assortment of all kinds of PAPER-HANGING, at less than the usual prices, the same AT COST. Let purchasers call and judge for themselves.

Now opening, a splendid selection of Papers from the manufactories of DELICOURT, GILLOUX, MERY, POUANSY, and other celebrated houses.

Gilt Enameled Paper, 25c. and upwards. Velvet Papers, Enameled French, 25c. and upwards. Velvet Trimmings, 1 [illegible] and upwards. Medallions, Statues, Ornaments of every description; Ceiling Ornaments, Rose Tops, Rugs, &c., &c. The services of skillful workmen have been secured by Mr. Habert. nov15

CLASSIC MUSIC SOCIETY.

AT a meeting of the members of the Classic Music Society, held on the 8th October, it was decided that a series of SIX CONCERTS shall again be given this winter.

The dates of the Concerts, and also of the first rehearsal, will be announced in due time. Subscription books have been opened with the undersigned, where subscriptions will be received.
R. McDOWELL, President, 26 Gravier street.
COUNT MEJAN, Vice President, 75 Bourbon st.
CHAS. ENGSTFELD, Secretary, 20 Union st.
LOUIS PIDENT, Treasurer, 20 Union st.
New Orleans, 1st November, 1860. nov1-1m

COAL.

REMOVAL.—We have removed the City Coal Office to 13 Exchange Place to 47 Exchange Alley, where we are now offering coal at cheap rates.

A good article of Coal for family use at 60c. per barrel, delivered.

All orders left at our office, 47 Exchange Alley, or at 106 Magazine street, will be promptly attended to. P. H. WILLARD.

N. B.—English Cannel and Anthracite at the lowest rates of the market. nov8 2w P. H. WILLARD.

HOLLAND GIN—10 casks Meher's Imperial Eagle; 20 do Becker's Queen brand [illegible] for sale by S D GRATIAA & CO, 30 Customhouse st

CHAMPAGNE—[illegible] for sale by S D GRATIAA & CO, 30 Customhouse st

PRESERVES—In sauce truffles, in half boxes, [illegible] S D GRATIAA & CO, 30 Customhouse st

PRUNES—[illegible] S D GRATIAA & CO, 30 Customhouse st

GOSHEN BUTTER—Landing ex steamship Bienville, from New York—[illegible] firkins extra Goshen Butter; for sale by FRED. AVET, Nos. 59 and 61 Old Levee street, between Bienville and Conti. nov12

LANDING ex ship [illegible], from Marseilles—[illegible] boxes Vermouth, Noilly, Prat & Co.; for sale by X. LAMBERT, No. 98 Magazine street. nov13

PIMENTO—150 sacks, in store and for sale by E J HART & CO, 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st nov12

TEAS—[illegible] packages Oolong, Pouchong and Imperial, [illegible] for sale by E J HART & CO, 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

CRANBERRIES—[illegible] for sale by E J HART & CO, 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

BUCKWHEAT—[illegible] barrels, half and boxes, in store and landing; for sale by E J HART & CO, 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

PRESERVES—[illegible] boxes preserved peaches, pears, pineapples, cherries, strawberries, raspberries, egg plums, &c., just received, and for sale by E J HART & CO, 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

LANDING ex ship Guttenberg, from Havre—3 tons new Gruyere cheese; 10 boxes new Holland do; for sale by CAMILLE LACOSTE, 200 Royal st, corner of Dumaine.

LANDING ex brig Valentine, from Malaga—[illegible] boxes raisins, [illegible] for sale by CAMILLE LACOSTE, 200 Royal st, corner of Dumaine.

LANDING ex ship Nuremberg, from Havre—[illegible] for sale by CAMILLE LACOSTE, No. 200 Royal street, corner of Dumaine.

BUTTER—[illegible] for sale by E TURPIN, 55 Old Levee st

LANDING ex ship Guttenberg, from Havre—[illegible] for sale by H. DECHAMPS, No. 28 St. Louis st.

RECEIVED per John Carver, from Bordeaux—[illegible] for sale by CHAUDET & NEE, 147 and 149 Royal st

RECEIVED per Mount Vernon, from Marseilles—[illegible] for sale by CHAUDET & NEE, 147 and 149 Royal st

TO ARRIVE per ship Missouri, from Marseilles—[illegible] for sale by CHAUDET & NEE, 147 and 149 Royal st

HAVANA HONEY, in barrels, in store; for sale by E TROISGROS, 14 Customhouse st, between Chartres and Old Levee sts

HAVANA SUGAR—[illegible] boxes white, yellow and brown, in store; for sale by E TROISGROS, 14 Customhouse st, between Chartres and Old Levee sts

SHERRY WINE—[illegible] for sale by E TROISGROS, 14 Customhouse st, between Chartres and Old Levee sts.

POTATOES—[illegible] barrels Northern Potatoes; for sale by GABRIEL PASCAL, No. 97 Old Levee st

PORK—[illegible] barrels heavy Mess and Rumps; for sale by GABRIEL PASCAL, No. 97 Old Levee st

BACON—Prime Shoulders and Sides; for sale by GABRIEL PASCAL, No. 97 Old Levee st

HAMS—[illegible] for sale by GABRIEL PASCAL, No. 97 Old Levee st

BEEF—[illegible] for sale by GABRIEL PASCAL, No. 97 Old Levee st

NUTMEGS—[illegible] for sale by BERNHARD TURPIN, No. 53 Old Levee st

LARD OIL—[illegible] for sale by BERNHARD TURPIN, No. 53 Old Levee st

HAVANA [illegible] for sale by E TROISGROS, 14 Customhouse st, between Chartres and Old Levee sts.

HAVANA RUM—[illegible] for sale by E TROISGROS, 14 Customhouse st, between Chartres and Old Levee sts.

H[illegible] for sale by [illegible] 43 Gravier st

NOTICE! NOTICE!! NOTICE!!!

Opening of the
RICHELIEU RESTAURANT.
AU DEJEUNER DE RICHELIEU.

D. LOPEZ & CO.,
65......Customhouse street......65

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public that their Restaurant will open positively on TUESDAY, 13th inst. Chocolate, Coffee, Lunch, Pastry, &c., &c., &c. a discretion.

At the request of many of their customers, they have added thereto a splendid Restaurant, which can compete with the first establishments of the kind in this city, both as regards the cooking and the selection of wines.

They are enabled, by improvements made in their establishment, to attend to orders throughout the city for Dinners, Suppers, Lunches and Pastry.

Orders received also on Chartres street, No. 86, corner Conti, at the Chocolate Manufactory. nov14-1m 1p

Fire Department of New Orleans.

Chief Engineer's Office, November 11, 1860.

The frequent occurrence of fires and false alarms, compelling the entire Fire Department upon the "fire-ground," often unnecessarily, thus withdrawing timely and adequate protection from other portions of the city, exposed meanwhile to successful attempts of incendiaries, prevailing in our midst, the several Fire Companies are required from this date, EXCEPT UPON A GENERAL ALARM, to confine their duties at fires, only, occurring within the localities temporarily assigned to them below:

First District Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6—Engine Companies Nos. 1, 2, 4, 8, 12, 13, 14, 18, 20, 22, 23, Hook and Ladder Companies Nos. 1 and 2, and Louisiana Hose Company.

First District Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9—Engine Companies Nos. 3, 7, 9, 10, 16, 21, 24, and Hook and Ladder Companies Nos. 3 and 4.

Engine Company No. 7, and Hook and Ladder Company No. 4 will, in addition, run in Fire District No. 5, and Engine Companies Nos. 2, 5, 12, 14, Hook and Ladder Company No. 2, and Louisiana Hose Company, in Fire District No. 6.

A GENERAL ALARM OF FIRE
Will be indicated by "twenty successive blows" upon the bells throughout the city, and will call out the whole Fire Department to the locality whence the District Alarm proceeded. By order:
ALFRED BELANGER,
nov16 6t Chief Engineer.

Office Carondelet Canal and Navigation Company,
New Orleans, September 25, 1860.

AT a special meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, the following preamble and resolution were adopted:

Whereas proposals have been made to this Board to lease for a term of ten years the revenues, &c., of the Carondelet Canal; and

Whereas the Board of Directors feel it their duty to take the sense of the stockholders of the company thereon;

Resolved, That a meeting of the stockholders be called to be held on the 15th day of November next, at the office of the Carondelet Canal and Navigation Company, No. 126 Basin street, at five o'clock, P. M., to take into consideration the propriety of leasing the said Canal.

By order of the Board.
LOUIS GAGNET, Secretary.
sep26 oct2 9 16 23 30 nov6 13 15

Second District Court of New Orleans.

City of New Orleans praying for the Opening of Morales street from Piety to Independence—No. ——.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment for the opening of Morales street from Piety to Independence street, have this day filed their Report of Estimate and Assessment with the Clerk of said Court, and that the same shall be presented to the Court for confirmation, on Saturday, the first day of December, 1860.

New Orleans, this 30th October, 1860.
(Signed) J. B. LERPZ,
ALPH. MOREL,
J. F. LEIZER.
nov10 20 [illegible]

CROOKES'S
Invigorating Aromatic Vegetable
STOMACH BITTERS,
For Restoring and Preserving Health.
PREPARED FROM AROMATIC BITTER HERBS,
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF AN EMINENT PHYSICIAN.

Effectually protect the system against the lingering and annoying Fevers incident to our climate.

They stimulate and regulate the functions of digestion; impart vigor and tone to the stomach; strengthen the system, and are unequaled as a purifier of the blood. By continuing the use of a wine-glass full morning and evening, and before meals, for a few weeks, they will afford convincing proofs of their great medicinal properties, and under the influence of their health-restoring qualities, that physical condition necessary to the enjoyment of a sound body and mind will soon be attained.

That Aromatic Bitter Herbs, since time immemorial, have been famous as a blood purifier, and for the cure of Internal Diseases, none will deny, and CROOKES'S STOMACH BITTERS will undoubtedly produce all the good effects on the human system attendant on the great virtues of the medicinal properties of Aromatic Bitter Vegetables—a trial only being necessary to at once establish the fact that it is the purest and most agreeable Medicinal Vegetable Tonic ever offered for sale.

They are sold by Grocers, Druggists and Dealers generally, and can be had as a beverage at all respectable Bars and Saloons.

FIVE HUNDRED DOZEN for sale by
B. TURPIN, 53 Old Levee st.

NEW STORE.

TAILORS' GOODS.

DUMAS BROTHERS,
126........Chartres Street........126

Beg leave to inform the public that they have formed a commercial establishment in this place, under the firm of DUMAS BROTHERS, for the purpose of transacting the

Fancy Goods Business for Gentlemen.

COMPRISING

CLOTHS, from the best manufacturers [Europe
BLACK DOESKIN;
CASSIMERES, DOUBLE MILLED;
PANTALOON STUFF;
SILK AND WOOLEN VESTING;
CASHMERE CLOTH;
MERINO CLOTH;
READY-MADE SHIRTS

And a complete assortment of ARTICLES for Tailors, which they will sell at the lowest market price. Orders from the country will be promptly attended to. sep8 6m New Store

French Millinery Goods.

JUST received from Europe a complete and well-selected assortment of New and Fashionable Goods, such as—

VELVET and SILK BONNETS,
GARIBALDI HATS,
FLOWERS and FEATHERS,
BONNET SILKS and VELVETS,
RIBBONS of all kinds,
SILK, KID and WOOLEN GLOVES,
PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS,
SILK and LINEN LACES,
EMBROIDERIES,
SILK and LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
SILK and CHENILLE HEAD-DRESSES,
BRIDAL WREATHS,
RICH GUIPURE VEILS,
BLONDS and QUILLINGS,
ILLUSIONS and TARLETONS,
BOYS and YOUTHS' CAPS.

Also, a general assortment of NEW STYLE STRAW GOODS for Ladies, Girls and Boys; for sale at very low prices by J. DERBES, Jr., sep10 60 Chartres street.

JACKSON STORE,
CORNER ST. ANN AND CHARTRES STREETS

OUR friends and the public generally are informed that we have removed our extensive assortment of DRY GOODS from the Red Store to the Jackson Store, corner St. Ann and Chartres streets. For late arrivals from Europe and the North, we have received and opened upwards of one hundred packages, which are offered at a reduction.

[illegible] Foulard Robes .... $3 50 to $8;
French Prints .... 12 to 16c;
[illegible]
Silk Mantillas and Burnous .... $3 50 to $25;
Children's Cloth Talmas and Burnous, 1 50 to 3 00;
French Poplins, Scotch and Striped;
Black and colored De Laine;
Black and colored Woolen Merinos;
Black and colored Woolen Alpacas;
Linen and Cotton Sheetings, all widths;
[illegible] point Granier's Blankets;
English Blankets, all descriptions;
Counterpanes and Canton Flannel;
Yellow and blue Furniture Prints;
[illegible]
Embroidered Bobbinet and Muslin Curtains;
Satinets, Cloths and Cassimeres;
Floor Oil Cloth, brown, white and colored Canton Flannels, white, blue, red, green and yellow Flannels, Linen Napkins and Towels, Linen Table Damask Sets, Muslin Diaper, colored and white Cambric Handkerchiefs, Embroidered Lawn Handkerchiefs, Embroidered Sets.

Also—An extensive assortment of Kerseys, Flannels, Lowells and Plantation Cottonades.
TURCOTTE & BLANCAND,
oct20 Jackson Store, corner St. Ann and Chartres sts

Music! Music!! Music!!!

A. ELIE,
86........Royal Street........86

HERZ & PLEYEL

PIANOS.

AGENT

Of the manufacture of H. HERZ, which received the medal of honor at the Universal exposition.

Sole Agent for the
INSTRUMENTS OF SAX,
HARMONIUMS AND HANDLE ORGANS,
STRINGS OF ALL KINDS.

Has received by the late arrivals a large stock of Vocal and Instrumental Music; also, a number of superior Herz & Pleyel Pianos. nov2 1y

Lessons in Singing and on the Piano.

MME. DE LATOURNERIE, late a prima donna at the Orleans Theatre, offers her services to families as a teacher in Singing and on the Piano. Apply on Dumaine street, No. 180, between Dauphin and Burgundy. oct13 1m

C.B. GRAHAM & CO.,
GRAVIER STREET,
Between Camp and St. Charles,
Importers of Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS!
—AGENTS FOR THE—
York Street Flax-Spinning Company of Belfast,

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the Trade to their very extensive stock, consisting of the following: Irish Linens, Linen Checks, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Printed Linens and Lawns, Linen Sheetings, Damasks, Napkins, Cloths, Towels, Pillowcase Linen, Diaper, Linen Drills, Loca Lawns, Diapers, Ducks, Hollands, Brown and Bleached Linens, Linen Shirts, White and Brown Linen Nettings, Bobbinets, Mattress Checks, Pique, Bed Ticks, Union and Cotton Checks, Swiss Muslin, Hollands, Ginghams, Cottonades, ("Siphe,") Blankets, Plantation Linseys, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

IN BOND FOR THE MEXICAN MARKET,
Platillas, Bretanias, Crens, Estopillas, Silecias, Rosias, Sheetings, Fancy Check and Drillings, Sabanas, Victorias, Prints, Printed Muslins, Swiss Muslins, and Bishop Lawns, Imperiales, Printed Muslin and Veronas, Handkerchiefs, Rayadina, Cotonadas, Listados, Cotton [illegible], &c.

Agents for Alexander's (of Glasgow) Ball and Spool Thread.
New Orleans, 10th December, 1860. dec22 1f

CARONDELET REFINERY
—AND—
BI-SULPHITE OF LIME WORKS.

THE undersigned, SOLE AGENTS for this above establishment, are now fully prepared to supply their friends and customers with the "well-known brand" of BI-SULPHITE OF LIME, and request all orders to be sent at an early date to them, at [illegible] Levee street. [illegible]

Headquarters First Division L. M.,
New Orleans, 13th November, 1860.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 15.

1. The Volunteer State Troops of this division will be reviewed and inspected on THURSDAY, the 22d inst., on the PLACE D'ARMES, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

2. Commanders of Corps will be prepared to make full returns of the number of their respective commands; also, of the condition and quality of their arms, according to law. By order of JOHN L. LEWIS, Major-General Commanding.
nov15
L. E. Forstall, Inspector First Division L. M.

University of Louisiana.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

THE annual course of instruction in this department will commence on MONDAY, November 12.

Introductory lectures will be delivered by the several Professors during the week, as follows:
C. ROSELIUS, Professor of Civil Law, on Monday, November 12.
Hon. T. H. McCALEB, Professor of Admiralty and International Law, on Tuesday, November 13.
A. HENNEN, Professor Constitutional and Commercial Law and Equity, on Wednesday, November 14.
RANDELL HUNT, Professor Commercial and Criminal Law and the Law of Evidence, on Thursday, November 15.

These Lectures will be delivered in the UNITED STATES COURT ROOM, over the Post Office, on Royal street, at 5 P. M. each day. The friends of Education, and the public generally, are invited to attend. nov12 4t

Office of the Levee Steam Cotton Press Company.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The annual election for Seven Directors of this Company for the ensuing year will take place at this office on MONDAY next, 19th November, 1860, from 10 o'clock, A. M., to 3 P. M. [nov12] J. V. CHAERY, Secretary.

Notice to Teachers.

AN examination will be held at the Fillmore School-House, on Bagatelle street, between Goodchildren and Morales streets, on FRIDAY, the 16th inst., at 4 P. M., of applicants for the situation of Second Assistant Teacher of the Girls' High School in the Third District. nov12 4t LS. LOMBARD, Superintendent.

MR. DREZ,
61........Chartres street........61

Has the honor to inform his customers that Mr. GUSTAVE LANNE is the only Collector authorized to receipt for the firm. nov16 3t

EMPORIUM OF LIGHT.
6........Chartres Street, near Canal........6

THE BEST (colorless and inodorous) COAL OIL ever imported, producing (without the slightest odor, smoke, or danger,) the MOST BRILLIANT, MELLOW and ECONOMICAL LIGHT in the world.

At $1 25 per Gallon.

Also, the largest, most elegant and complete assortment of KEROSINE and COAL OIL LAMPS in the South. Together with SUGAR-HOUSE and PLANTATION LANTERNS, (unequaled for the purpose) and Gas Fixtures. For sale, wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices, at No. 6 Chartres street. M. C. COVERT, oct31 1m Successor to Artemon Hill.

Notice of Copartnership.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership for the transaction of the Dry Goods and Cloth Business, under the style of LAZARE, LEVASSEUR & CO. Their cloth store is at Nos. 3 and 10 Chartres street, and their clothing, hat and shoe store on the Levee, Red Store.
F. LAZARE,
P. LEVASSEUR,
H. DEMOUY,
J. L. AUBERT in com.

The firm known as Lazare & Levasseur has ceased to exist, in consequence of the above, since the 1st instant. oct27 1m

J. Avet........P. Avet.

AVET BROTHERS,
GROCERS,
AT THE BLUE STORES,
Corner Old Levee and Bienville sts.,

HAVE opened their new store, Nos. 17 Front Levee and 60 Old Levee, to their premises Nos. 54, 56 and 58 Old Levee; and they keep constantly on hand a good stock of Groceries, at the very lowest prices. nov9 1f

BAKER & CO.'S
MEDICINAL AND TRANSPARENT
COD LIVER OIL.

THE TRUE AND
GENUINE—UNSURPASSED
IN QUALITY AND EFFECTS—BEING
THE SWEETEST AND BEST
PREPARED.

ITS use, if fairly tried, will soon restore the tone of the digestive organs, invigorate the blood, give general rotundity to the figure, and add energy to the mind and nervous system. Its value has been remarkably evidenced by its wonderful restorative powers, when ordinary tonics had been previously exhausted. It affords nourishment to the body when no other can be borne, and furnishes the frame with fat in a truly remarkable manner.

For CONSUMPTION and BRONCHITIS, for SCROFULA in all its developments, for WEAKNESS, WASTING, and every form of DEBILITY, its curative properties are unrivaled.

It may be taken without disrelish by the most delicate patient, and retained without effect in the most sensitive stomach. Its superiority in taste and other important characteristics of genuineness has guaranteed for it the commendation of the most eminent Physicians throughout the States; the writers on medical science, the Professors of the UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, JEFFERSON COLLEGE OF PHILADELPHIA, PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF MEDICINE, and others.

Invalids should be careful to purchase oil of undoubted reputation, if they desire the most active and immediate advantages of the remedy. That which we prepare has decided evidence of superiority over other brands. Manufactured only by JOHN C. BAKER & CO., Importers and Dealers in Drugs, Chemicals, &c., 154 N. Third street, PHILADELPHIA. oct27 1m

JOHN C. BAKER & CO. Philadelphia.

NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON
—AND—
GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD.

TWO passenger trains leave the depot, at the corner of Calliope and Magnolia streets, daily—the mail train at 7 o'clock, A. M., and the express train at 7.30 o'clock, P. M. Connection is made with all the Northern and Eastern roads, and tickets sold to all the principal cities of the North, East and West.

Time to New York, 3 days and 18 hours; price, $46. For further information apply at the General Ticket Office, 118 Camp street.

Freight will be received at the depot, foot of Calliope street, as late as 3.30 P. M., daily, Sundays excepted. The Company not responsible for loss by fire.

Excursion train to Magnolia leaves on Saturday, at 4 o'clock, P. M.
T. S. WILLIAMS,
nov3 1y General Superintendent.

PONTCHARTRAIN RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Commencing Thursday, October 25th, 1860. Fare to and from the Lake (same day) only 25 cents. Buy tickets at the office, under the Depot.

FROM THE CITY.		FROM THE LAKE.	
4½ A. M.	Horse Car.	5 A. M.	Steam Train.
6½	Steam Train.	7	"
8	"	8½	"
9	"	9½	"
10	"	10½	"
11	"	11½	"
12 M.	"	1 P. M.	"
1 P. M.	"	2	"
2	"	3	"
3½	Mail	4½	"
4½	"	5	"
5	"	6	"
6½	"	7	"
7½	"	9	Horse Car.

Extra or special trips, when required at night, by notifying the Conductor. Fare $3 50 per trip.

The Steam Train will stop at Gentilly Station when notified, except, however, on mail trips. Fare 15 cents each way. Conductor must be notified before the train starts.

Omnibuses leave Canal street every five minutes for the Depot. G. PANDELY, oct25 1y Superintendent.

WALL PAPER.

ON hand, a splendid assortment of FRENCH and AMERICAN PAPER HANGINGS, of every description, and of the latest importation. For sale, on reasonable terms, by FRANK NEWHALL, 60 Canal street, corner Old Levee, up stairs. P. S.—Competent workmen sent to any part of the city or country. oct28 3m

MECHANICAL STAR BAKERY,
THALIA STREET.
Depot—No. 2 Tchoupitoulas street.

N. F. RICE........Proprietor.

Constantly on hand, a large assortment of Coffee-House Bread, Wine Biscuit, Cracknel Biscuit, Pic-Nic Biscuit, Sugar Crackers, Pilot Bread, Navy Bread, French Bread, Water Crackers, Butter Crackers, Soda Crackers, Boston Crackers. E. RODRIGUEZ, oct18 3m Solicitor.

Arabian Bitters.

THESE BITTERS, the excellent effects of which have been duly appreciated by the public, and which are one of the cordials most in demand in coffee-houses, are for sale at the following named places:

General Depot—F. SANCHO'S, 22d Old Levee, between St. Philip and Dumaine streets.

Also—At W. RAYMOND'S, 71 Camp street; at A. CALONGNE'S, corner Royal and Dumaine streets; and at J. J. LLAMBIAS'S, corner Spain and Goodchildren streets.

Mixed with water and sugared, the Arabian Bitters make a very pleasant and cool beverage. oct25 3m

JAMES H. PUTNAM,
Late of the firm of Hall, Rose & Putnam,
COTTON AND SUGAR FACTOR, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,
oct1 dly No. 61 Carondelet Street.

Arrival of Negroes for Sale.

I HAVE just arrived with ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY NEGROES from Virginia and Maryland, such as mechanics, house servants, cooks, washers and ironers, and field hands. I will also receive during the season (every month) large supplies, exclusively from those States. I am determined to sell at prices to suit the times, for cash or approved city acceptances. They can be seen at my house, corner of Baronne and Gravier streets, New Orleans. [oct25 6m] J. M. WILSON.

CONTENTS OF THE
Store No. 8 St. Ann street,
Pontalba Buildings, opposite Jackson Square,
FOR SALE ON ACCOUNT OF ILL-HEALTH.

THE stock comprises Perfumery, Hosiery, Cutlery, Children's Toys and Fancy Articles. Prices very low. The public are invited to make their choice at an early period, inasmuch as the above articles will soon be disposed of at auction. The Fixtures consist in Glass Counters and 110 feet of Shelves, with Glass Doors. Possession will be given immediately. Apply on the premises.

N. O. Typographical Union.

THE following are the officers of the N. O. T. U. for the present term of six months:
A. F. BENNETT, President.
EUGENE A. FOIN, Vice-President.
T. H. DRAPER, Rec. Sec.
H. H. NEVILLE, F. Sec.
H. L. KELSEY, Treasurer.
HENRY J. DREYFUS, Doorkeeper. oct5 1jm

TO ARRIVE per ship George W. Bourne, from Bordeaux—
20 cases (30 half boxes) Mushrooms, Rattler;
20 .. (30 half boxes) Green Peas, Briant;
20 .. Pickles, Loutt Bros.; 15 do Capers, do;
20 .. Mixed Pickles, Loutt Bros.; 15 do India do;
10 .. Capers, half bottles, do;
5 .. Mixed Pickles, half glass jars, Loutt Bros.;
5 .. assorted Jellies, 3 do do 21 half glass jars;
20 .. Apple do, 24 half glass jars;
2 half boxes Perigord Truffles;
[illegible] cases assorted Fruits in Juice;
[illegible] .. Sardines, & A. Lemarchand, qr & hf boxes;
[illegible] .. Anchovies in Oil, ¼, ½ and 1 boxes;
[illegible] .. (36 glass jars each) French Mustard;
[illegible] .. (24 half jars each) Tomatoes;
[illegible] .. (24 quarter jars each) Tomatoes;
100 half boxes Mushrooms in Oil;
30 barrels Prunes. For sale by TAMBOURY, OLIVARI & CO.,
oct25 77 Royal st

NEW CURRANTS—[illegible] casks new currants, to arrive, and for sale by E J HART & CO, 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

SHAKER SWEETMEATS—A lot of 30 boxes fresh Shaker sweetmeats; for sale by M. A. CALONGNE, Royal st., Nos. 254 and 287, cor Dumaine.

SPANISH OLIVES—In store, just received, 60 cases superior Spanish Olives; for sale by DUNTZE & CO, corner Royal and Conti sts

D. B. Sutton's Celebrated Tuscaloosa Whisky.

WE have continually on hand a large stock of this favorite liquor, which we offer for sale to the trade and consumers at the most reasonable prices. [illegible] Nos. 8, 10 and 12 St. Louis st.

INPECTINE;
OR,
PERSIAN FEVER CHARM.

Fever and Ague Exterminated.

The Human Constitution Saved from Wreck.

The Preventive and Remedy
for all
Intermittent and Bilious Fevers.
Cures Insured in a Day.

NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE.
Inpectine. Inpectine.
Inpectine. Inpectine. Inpectine.
Inpectine. Inpectine.

The terrible malady known as

The Fever and Ague

has consigned hundreds of thousands of persons throughout the world every year, and has never till now been met by successful medical treatment that has not produced severe

MEDICINAL DISEASES.

which affect the lungs, the spleen, the liver, the heart, or other parts of the human system. The INPECTINE is the natural antagonist of all fevers, and when it comes in contact with the skin is absorbed by the interior organs, which resist costly miasma, and all tendencies toward those maladies which prostrate the mind and body with fever.

Fever and Ague result from numerous causes. No place is exempt from the causes which promote the existence of the disease. That being once seated in the system, induces depression of spirits, lassitude, languor, pains, chills, fever, and a long train of disagreeable sensations, depriving the patient of all energy, and reducing him or her to a condition of

Extreme Helplessness.

Why will any one suffer the horrors of a debilitating intermittent Fever, when by the use of

THE INVALUABLE INPECTINE,
or,
Persian Fever Charm,

the eminent medicinal and magical qualities of which are instantly absorbed?

All Traces of Disease may be Annihilated in a Few Hours.

INPECTINE;
or,
PERSIAN FEVER CHARM.

TRY IT, PROVE IT, KNOW IT.

And make known its wonderful powers and virtues, that those who suffer, or who are threatened with suffering, may be led to use a simple, innocuous preparation, furnished by the field of Nature for

MAN'S BLESSING.

Self-cure is better than Physic.
Nature is Wiser than Art.
Every Disease has a Divine Remedy.
The wise apply while the foolish doubt.
Better Prevent than strive to cure.
Delays are Dangerous.

THE INPECTINE,
or,
Persian Fever Charm.

Has cured thousands of both sexes of the most dreadful fevers. Read and reflect.

A WORD FOR HEALTH.

The Inpectine; or Persian Fever Charm, is the only compound that can be said to be the natural antidote to those bilious fevers which, in various forms, afflict the human family. The ordinary remedies for intermittent fevers, and pronounced as certain to eradicate the Fever and Ague particularly, only create new diseases in the system, and thus bring about the most distressing results. In this great Persian Specific we have a natural remedy, one that promises to the organs of disorder and by giving an immediate tone to the organs of the stomach, resuscitates the shattered frame and promotes invigoration of spirits. If persons who suffer from the effects of Fever and Ague, or those who are among those which they have taken in vain to alleviate their misery, will give the Persian Charm a single trial, they will find that their health will be restored, and that very pleasure gone forever. The numerous cures which have been made by this remedy are the best evidence of its value. They who desire to regain their health will not neglect to apply this remedy.

INPECTINE
Is sold by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers in America.
Price One Dollar.
Sent by Mail to any part of the United States.

INPECTINE;
or,
Persian Fever Charm.

TRY IT, PROVE IT, KNOW IT.

And make known its wonderful powers and virtues, that those who suffer, or who are threatened with suffering, may be led to use a simple, innocuous preparation, furnished by the field of Nature for

MAN'S BLESSING.

Fever and Ague not Sectional.

The causes of Fever and Ague are ever existing in all places. They do not necessarily exist only in wet and marshy localities. They assail the house in the mountain as well as that in the valley. They are active in cities, as well as in rural districts, and the human system is always liable to be attacked by the malady. It is easy to prevent the approach of the disease by applying the PERSIAN FEVER CHARM, which is agreeable to the organs of the system, and does not in any way interfere with the duties of life. The miserable victim of this form of fever will find it for their advantage to procure this invaluable preventive of their agony, which they will find will retain it as a talisman in the healing art that has no equal.

INPECTINE
Is sold by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers in America.
Price One Dollar.
Sent by Mail to any part of the United States.

INPECTINE;
—OR—
Persian Fever Charm.

TRY IT, PROVE IT, KNOW IT,

And make known its wonderful powers and virtues, that those who suffer, or who are threatened with suffering, may be led to use a simple, innocuous preparation, furnished by the field of Nature for

MAN'S BLESSING.

THIS GREAT REMEDY

Has been found equally efficacious in all latitudes, and thousands of witnesses to the power are living to commend its virtues to those who wish to be secure against the insidious approaches of those agents of nature which are always ready to act on constitutions open to their effects.

ORIGIN OF DISEASE.

The wise physician knows that men must seek for the remedy of every disease in the agent that is most positively antagonistic to the cause. The ingredients of this remedy and preventive of disease are procured at the very fountains where the disease originates. Nature has provided that plants with healing influences shall grow in the marshes and low grounds, which are fertile by the causes of intermittent fevers are generated. Centuries ago these properties were discovered, and hence it is that the Persians are enabled to be free from such diseases, while the strangers passing through their country are afflicted till they learn of the remedy—now carefully prepared for the use of the people of this country.

INPECTINE
Is sold by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers in America.
Price One Dollar.
Sent by Mail to any part of the United States.

WONDERFUL EFFECTS.

Lemuel Russell, of Pittsburg, for two years unable to himself and society—a martyr to Chills and Fever—cured in less than three weeks, and improved in eight hours.

Mary K. Bellman, of Sandusky, Ohio, after almost losing her reason, as well as strength, by Intermittent Fever, with Chills, restored to health in twenty hours.

J. R. Tilton, of Belgrade, Maine, brought from death's door, having suffered for four years, made well in five weeks, and improved in two hours.

Adolphe Montez, of France, relieved in one hour, while traveling in the cars of the Fort Wayne and Chicago railroads. He was apparently dying with chills.

Ellen R. Benson, Lockport, New York, rescued after seven years' suffering. A perfect cure.

Thousands of other cases prevented and cured every month, and not a single complaint of the inefficiency of the [illegible]

INPECTINE;
or,
PERSIAN FEVER CHARM.

TRY IT, PROVE IT, KNOW IT.

And make known its wonderful powers and virtues, that those who suffer, or who are threatened with suffering, may be led to use a simple, innocuous preparation, furnished by the field of Nature for

MAN'S BLESSING.

INPECTINE
Is sold by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers in America.
PRICE ONE DOLLAR.
Sent by Mail to any part of the United States

REMEMBER.

It is not taken inwardly, but is applied externally according to directions, which accompany each package.

Manufactured by
JOHN WILCOX & CO.,
166 Main street,
RICHMOND, VA.
Branch Office,
No. 28 Bank of Commerce Building,
NEW YORK CITY.

For sale by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
oct4 [illegible] New Orleans.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

[illegible] DOLLAR for [illegible]

Advertisements on the first day ONE DOLLAR per square each insertion.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged ONE DOLLAR for every TIME they are inserted, for each language, for each insertion.

The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business and in extent to one square every other day.

No subscription taken for less than one year. No subscription to advertising will be stopped until all arrears are paid, unless at the option of the proprietors.

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.

Mr. Ben DeBar........Lessee.
Mr. H. Corri........Acting Manager.

Last night but three of Miss MAGGIE MITCHELL.

THURSDAY, November 15, 1860—First night of the new comedy of THE YOUNG PRINCE—The Young Prince, Miss Maggie Mitchell. After which the comedietta A HUSBAND AT SIGHT—Catherine, Miss Maggie Mitchell. To conclude with the farce of A RACE FOR A WIDOW—Cupertino Peppey, Mr. W. F. Smith.

NIXON'S Royal Equestrian Amphitheatre, being engaged for a few nights, will shortly appear. nov15

GRAND OPENING
OF
NIXON'S ROYAL CIRCUS,
AT THE
ST. CHARLES THEATRE,
Monday Evening, November 19, 1860.

This splendid troupe was organized in the city of London, at COOKE'S ROYAL AMPHITHEATRE, and first introduced in America at NIBLO'S GARDEN, New York, in January last; afterwards at the BOSTON ACADEMY OF MUSIC, and, more recently, at RICHMOND, CHARLESTON and SAVANNAH, attracting at all places the most numerous and fashionable audiences.

The various feats given by this world-renowned troupe present novelties and beauties in equine training, equestrian skill and gymnastic excellence never before equaled in any age or country;

OUTNUMBERING IN ARTISTS,
EXCELLING IN TALENT,
ECLIPSING IN SPLENDOR and
SURPASSING IN REFINEMENT.

All that has been heretofore done in the arena, or that may ever again be offered in any single exhibition.

Prominent among the features of the Royal Troupe are the Acrobatic Splendors of the

HANLON BROTHERS.

The Distinguished Equestrienne Mademoiselle ELLA ZOYARA.

CHARMION, DUVERNAY, SEBASTIAN,

And all the other great Artists that appeared at the opening of Niblo's Garden.

The beautiful Mare ZAIDEE,
The intelligent Ponies CUPID and DIAMOND

The Gutta Percha Ring!

And all the splendid surroundings of this elegant exhibition. The whole under the personal supervision and management of the proprietor, JAMES M. NIXON.

EQUESTRIAN MATINEES

Will be given every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY for the convenience of families.

PRICES OF ADMISSION—Dress Circle and Parquette, 75 cents; Second Circle, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents; Quadroon Boxes, each 75 cents; Private Boxes, each $6.
nov15 F. GLEASON, Treasurer.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
—Formerly—
SPALDING & ROGERS'S AMPHITHEATRE.

SPALDING & ROGERS........Proprietors.
C. G. CHESLEY........Manager.

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, November 14 and 15.—Last night but four of RUMSEY & NEWCOMB'S MINSTRELS. Ballets and Pantomimes. First time here of the new pantomime, SOLDIER'S QUARTERS—Marguerite, Mlle Rosalie. First appearance of Mr. RUDOLPH HALL, instrumentalist Solo Performer. Third night of Mr. J. COLLINS, Balladist and Tenor Singer. The comic scene entitled POVERTY AND ITS EXTREMES. On Thursday night, Nov. 15—Benefit of HERNANDEZ, the most versatile performer living. On Saturday—A Matinee. Performance at 12 o'clock.

ADMISSION 50 cents. Doors open at 6½; Curtain rises at 7½ o'clock. Office open from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
nov14 P. A. CLARK, Agent.

SPALDING & ROGERS'S MUSEUM,
Adjoining the Academy of Music.
S. TERRY........Director.

THE management have the pleasure of announcing that they have succeeded, at an immense expense, in effecting an engagement of the

HIPPOPOTAMUS,
Or RIVER HORSE,

sent to the Royal Zoological Gardens, London, for the Government, by John Petherick, Esq., H. B. M.'s Consul for the Soudan on the Nile, and that the creature will make his first appearance in America, in the city of New Orleans, on or about the first of November. This HIPPOPOTAMUS has been the sensation in London for the last year, and is the only one ever brought to this country, with the Cape Arab attendant who was present at his capture, and has lived with him since his birth, &c. Doors open from 10 A. M. to 10 o'clock, P. M. Admission 25 cents; children and servants 15 cents.

VANNUCHI'S MUSEUM,
145 ST. CHARLES STREET,
Nearly opposite the St. Charles Theatre.

GREAT ATTRACTION—JAPANESE AMBASSADORS, THE THREE PRINCES, TOMMY and the rest.

This celebrated MUSEUM will be opened SATURDAY MORNING, the 28th instant, with new and original attractions. Prominent among its curiosities are the JAPANESE AMBASSADORS, representing their appearance at Washington, May 17th, by President Buchanan. The artist went North during the tour of the Embassy, where he had ample opportunity to make on the spot faithful likenesses of the Orientals. He also procured from the public the most perfect specimens of Japanese costumes, and these, as well as the likenesses are faithfully reproduced in the wax figures and the portraits of the PRESIDENT of the United States and the Secretary of State, with the group of the Federal reception. Admission, 25 cents; children, half-price. oct19 1m

EXCHANGE BALL HALL,
THIRD DISTRICT.
Corner of Greatmen and Elysian Fields streets.

Society Ball, Saturday, November 17.

MANAGERS.	FLOOR MANAGERS.
A. A. Cazeau,	Diego Roselo,
A. McConkle,	Henry Bellon,
Samuel Lopez,	El Wells.
J. B. Guest.	

Leader of the Orchestra—M. Prudhom.
Tickets, $1 50. nov14 4t

For Galveston and Matagorda Bay.

To sail on SUNDAY, 18th inst., at 8 A. M.

FOR GALVESTON AND MATAGORDA BAY—New Orleans and Texas U. S. Mail Line—The superior steamship [illegible], [illegible] MEXICO, W. H. Talbot, commander, will sail as above, carrying the United States Mails. For freight or passage, having elegant staterooms accommodations apply on board, or to J. C. HARRIS, Manager, 57 Camp st.

A steamship of this line will leave every Thursday and Sunday morning for the above ports. nov15

Key West and Havana.

To sail on FRIDAY, Nov 16th, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

NEW ORLEANS, FLORIDA AND HAVANA U. S. MAIL LINE—For Key West and Havana, via Pensacola, Appalachicola, Cedar Keys, Tampa Bay and Havana—The superior sea-going copper-fastened steamship MAGNOLIA, J. S. Crowell, commander, will leave as above, carrying the United States Mails. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board, or to J. C. HARRIS, Manager, 57 Camp street.

Freights to Apalachicola, St. Marks, and Tampa Bay subject to lighterage at steamer's expense, but at the risk of the consignees. oct14

Brazos Santiago.

To sail on FRIDAY, 16th November, at 8 A. M.

NEW ORLEANS AND BRAZOS SANTIAGO U. S. MAIL LINE—For Brazos Santiago via Indianola.—The superior iron steamship ARIZONA, H. L. Smith, commander, will sail as above, carrying the U. S. Mails. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply on board, or to J. C. HARRIS, Manager, 57 Camp street.

The Arizona and Austin will hereafter leave here every Friday morning. oct1

Copartnership.

SINCE the 1st of October, 1860, I have taken my son Mr. J. L. BOUNY, as a partner in my house. The business will hereafter be conducted under the style of Widow N. BOUNY & SON.
Widow N. BOUNY.
New Orleans, Oct. 29, 1860. [oct29 1m]

TO THE LADIES.

Dress, Mantilla, and Children's Clothing Store.

MRS. TOURNEY, having just received the latest PARISIAN NOUVEAUTES, begs leave to inform her city and country customers that she has removed to Customhouse street, No. 123, between Bourbon and Dauphin streets, where she has opened her establishment for the same.

Every order in her line promptly and satisfactorily attended to as heretofore. oct22 1m

FURNITURE.

86 & 88........BIENVILLE ST........86 & 88

A. DEBRUILLE

HAS always in store a large stock of FINE FURNITURE OF EVERY PATTERN, also of second-hand Furniture, which he offers at THE MOST REDUCED RATES. Let the public come and examine his stock. Mr. DEBRUILLE repairs at the lowest prices every kind of Furniture. nov15

TO SHOEMAKERS.

GOODYEAR'S
CONGRESS ELASTIC
Has arrived again at
LEON PIERRE & CO'S,
Leather Store,
oct29 6m 71 Chartres st.

Colza Oil.

RECEIVED per ships Bamberg and Johannisberg, 20 barrels Colza Oil. For sale wholesale and by the gallon. LION & ANDREE, oct22 Corner Royal and Bienville streets.

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership under the style of Chaudet & Nee, for the sale, on commission and importation, of Wines, Cognacs, Cordials, Olive Oils, &c., and generally all goods from Bordeaux and Marseilles.
L. CHAUDET,
L. B. NEE.
Royal street, Nos. 147 and 149, between Toulouse and St. Peter.
New Orleans, October 15th, 1860. oct17

Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of ANTONIO COSTA & CO., is dissolved since the 25th of August last, by limitation of contract.

The liquidation of the late firm will be attended to by both partners.
ANTONIO COSTA.
ANT. ROVIRA.
New Orleans, October 25, 1860. oct16

COLLEGE,
ERATO ST., BETWEEN CLIO AND ERATO
Conducted by Chs. Lavender.

MR. LAVENDER has the honor of informing families and pupils that his classes will recommence on MONDAY, 1st September.

For terms of the prospectus, apply at the College, to Mr. CAMMACK, at the Customs' Bank. sep20

Removal.

PIAGGIO & VIOSCA, Jr., have removed from No. 30 Conti street to their new stores, Nos. 53 and 55 OLD LEVEE STREET, between Conti and Bienville streets. nov1

To Steamboatmen.

MRS. SCHMITT,
No. 55 Canal Street,
Opposite the Bank of Louisiana,

HAS constantly on hand a large assortment of Mosquito Bars, Quilts, Sheets, Pillow-Cases, Blankets, Sheets, and all kinds of Bedding for steamboats and hotels.

She is prepared to fill all orders for the above articles at the shortest notice. oct11 1y

Pectoral Sirup.

RICHARD'S PECTORAL SIRUP against Whooping Cough and the Spitting of Blood. It is also the best remedy against Coughs, Acute and Chronic Catarrhs, and all inflammations of the Throat and Chest.

No medicine can afford as much relief as this to consumptives in the last stages of the disease.

Tonic Peruvian Bark Wine.

Stimulants and tonic compounds are always worthy the attention of the public. This is above enriching the appetite, more effectually, and to the wholesome diseases. It is intended to serve as a tonic in [illegible] the [illegible] F. SERVA, Druggist, [illegible] Corner Rampart and Hospital sts. N O

HAVANA CIGARS—[illegible] for sale by [illegible] 28 Tchoupitoulas st