THE DAILY BEE.
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The New Orleans Bee.

NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 26, 1859.

OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST.

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RATES OF ADVERTISING
One Dollar for every TEN lines, in such language as the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged One Dollar for every TEN lines for each language, for each insertion.
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business and in extent to one square every other day.
No subscription taken for less time than one year. No subscription to advertising will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the proprietors.

THE DAILY BEE.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 26.

LET IT DIE.

A friend whose intelligence on many points commands our respect, takes exception to the strictures we indulged in a few days ago on Spiritualism, and especially to our denunciation of its tenets and tendencies based upon the disclosures of Dr. HAYES. The authority of that individual is strongly impeached, and he is pronounced a mean, mercenary and debauched creature—Mrs. HAYES's affidavit against him being cited in proof of the Doctor's multifarious unlovely qualities. This may possibly be true. Dr. HAYES may be a very bad man and an unreliable witness; yet the declaration of his wife, who is seeking a divorce from him, is a species of evidence entirely too partial to be admitted without corroborative testimony. But let this pass. Let us admit for the sence that Dr. HAYES is an incompetent witness in the premises, or, at all events, that his authority alone is comparatively worthless. If Spiritualism had nothing more to dread than the assaults of Dr. HAYES, its advocates would not need to be discouraged. But, in honest truth, the character, the revelations and the consequences of Spiritualism have been exposed and denounced by numbers of persons whose motives are not liable to aspersion, and whose statements can hardly be dealt with by sweeping imputations of falsehood. There is the celebrated Mr. MANSFIELD's associate and confederate, who has made a clean breast of some of the cunning artifices made use of by his quondam employer to convince the credulous that he had dealings with the world beyond the grave. There is Dr. RANSOM, who, after years of experience as a trance medium, abjures and repudiates Spiritualism as highly injurious to sound morality and religion, and as extremely mischievous in its consequences. There is Mr. COLES, who, though still a believer, honestly declares that three fourths of the mediums are either impostors or hallucinated. There is Judge EDMONDS himself, the great champion of Spiritualism, who acknowledges the almost total impossibility of discriminating between real and fictitious spiritual communications. In short, from all quarters, and on all sides, the pretensions of this most egregious and mischievous of isms are impugned.

We do not wish to be understood as totally denying the possibility of spiritual manifestations—but we believe it is neither wise nor safe to seek them. There is no assurance whatever that the rash and credulous experimenter will obtain the truth. He may be made the victim of a stupendous falsehood, or of a series of falsehoods. His simple, honest faith in God will in all likelihood be perverted, or transmogrified into a sort of Pantheism not far removed from Atheism; while his plain, common sense view of the offence to the decalogue and the rule of life, will be in danger of modification from the sensual teachings of passional attraction and free love. We take it that if Spiritualism is entitled to the smallest inkling of regard, it is because of the truth that is in it. Now whatever of truth may by possibility exist in the revelations of Spiritualism, may be found much more fully and much clearer in an old-fashioned work termed "The Bible"—a volume, by the way, which is deemed obsolete and entirely below the sublimated aspirations of most modern Spiritualists. Any thing that Spiritualism inculcates which is either not embraced within the Scriptures, or is at variance with the teachings of Holy Writ, is assuredly unworthy the attention of sober, rational and God-fearing people. In fine, strong and healthy minds require no supernatural solicitings to give them faith; weak and morbid ones will be deluded and injured by them.

To our mind the same Spiritualism, which for some years has bewildered and puzzled a large proportion of the population of the Union, is one among these mushroom excrescences—moral fungi—the spawn of ignorance, superstition and credulity—which are constantly prevailing at the North, and are almost entirely confined to that region. It is of the bastard brood of fanaticism, such as Communism, Abolitionism, Bloomerism, Agrarianism, and the like, which perpetually afflict the Northern mind. There is a proneness to extremes; a propensity to fanatical and extravagant ideas on most subjects, which, coupled with astonishing native shrewdness, constitutes the somewhat ludicrous staple of the Northern character. We seldom witness these unwholesome mental peculiarities in the South. The Southern mind is extremely unfavorable to their development. When transplanted hither, they vegetate for a while, and then wither and perish. We are gratified to perceive that the latest and most unbecoming of these weakly parasites is fortunately on the out even in the North.

IMPORTANT TO THE COTTON PLANTER.—On more than one occasion we have referred to the valuable invention of Dr. HEARD for spinning cotton yarn on plantations; and we now take occasion to invite public attention to the elaborate advertisement in our columns, in which the nature of the invention is explained, and a full account given of its extraordinary labor-saving and money-making capacity. By this machinery for cotton spinning Mr. HEARD guarantees to double the net income of the planter, and to render him entirely independent of the northern and foreign manufacturer. The invention has been some time in operation on the plantation of Mr. TENSIER, and its economy, efficiency and extreme value have been tested in the fullest and most satisfactory manner. The formal patent by Mr. HEARD for the use and proprietorship of his invention are remarkably moderate, and prove his absolute and unqualified confidence in its important results that will follow—since he demands nothing more than one-fourth of the excess yielded by the yarns over what the cotton alone would bring—this remuneration to last for five years, after which the machinery becomes exclusively and permanently the planter's.

All persons interested would do well to give a careful perusal to Mr. HEARD's advertisement. We believe the invention is destined vastly to augment the industrial energies and the wealth of the South.

A CAPITAL APPOINTMENT.—Gov. WICKLIFFE has evinced good sense and discrimination in appointing Mr. HENRY VANDERLINDEN a Commissioner of Election, vice J. A. BEAUD, deceased. Mr. VANDERLINDEN is well known to our citizens as the able, courteous and efficient Chief Clerk of the Charity Hospital. Fortunately the two offices are not incompatible, for the community would by no means relish the idea of losing Mr. VANDERLINDEN's services in that noble institution.

MR. STEPHEN MASSETT'S ENTERTAINMENT TO NIGHT.—The lovers of rational and intellectual amusement, and a merry body who like occasionally to dilate the diaphragm will certainly attend the entertainment of "Jeems Pipes, of Pipesville," this evening, at Odd Fellows' Hall. We are promised by him a multitude of pleasant things, such as charming melodies, stories humorous, touching and terrible, incidents of travel, chit-chat, anecdote, &c. &c. Mr. MASSETT is one of the finest mimics in the world, a clever, versatile and ready genius, and a musician and vocalist of no mean pretensions. We may therefore anticipate an evening's amusement of a rare and racy character.

AMERICAN ALMANAC FOR 1859.—Messrs. Crosby, Nichols & Co., Boston, have sent us, through Thos. L. White, No. 124 Canal street, the American Almanac, and Repository of Useful Knowledge for 1859. This is truly a valuable publication, since it is a perfect mart storehouse of general, popular and political intelligence. It contains the usual astronomical and meteorological calculations, a full account of the United States Government, with its various departments, tables of commerce and navigation, a synopsis of religious, educational and financial information; with a summary of the most interesting particulars connected with each particular State. Such a work should be in every man's library.

THE MARSH JUVENILE COMEDIANS AT NOON TO-DAY.—The Amphitheatre will present an immense attraction for its youthful patrons at noon to-day—the grand spectacular drama of Aladdin, or, the Wonderful Lamp, being provided for their special entertainment. The music, wardrobes, properties and brilliant mechanical effects of the piece will hold the little ones in a trance of delight from beginning to end, and if the weather be even tolerable, great will be the concourse on the occasion.

THE NEW JERSEY UNITED STATES SENATOR.—John C. Ten Broek, Esq., just elected United States Senator from New Jersey, studied law under the late Hon. Garrett D. Wall, and is about forty-six years of age. He was formerly a Whig, Clay Whig, but at present decidedly attached to the Republican party. He is said to be a [illegible], but very [illegible]. Recently he was [illegible] to a seat on the bench of [illegible] Court of New Jersey.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

THE NEW GRANADIAN TREATY.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—General Herran is still in Washington, awaiting the action of our Government upon certain sections of the treaty negotiated with New Granada in 1846 in relation to the imposition of tonnage on American vessels and other taxes, whereby our citizens are placed on an equality with citizens of that republic.

NEW FRENCH MINISTER TO MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICAN INTRIGUE.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—A private letter received in this city from a distinguished source in Paris says that M. Elvatzuzr, who has been appointed by the Government as Minister to Mexico, will stop on his way to negotiate a treaty with Nicaragua.

His visit to Nicaragua is ostensibly represented as being connected with the Belly Canal Company's project; but our informant states that the real object of his visit is to negotiate a treaty securing to French citizens the right to employ Asiatic and African apprentices in working the mines and cultivating the soil of the country.

A FABRICATED GREEK SHOT DEAD—EXCITEMENT IN JACKSONVILLE.

ATLANTA, Georgia, March 24.—A dispatch from Savannah to the agent of the Associated Press states that Major J. L. Gregg, the chief engineer of the Florida railroad, was shot dead in Jacksonville, Florida, on Saturday night, by Alfred T. Sears, an assistant engineer.

Both were from Massachusetts. Sears was arrested and lodged in jail to await his trial.

There was great excitement in Jacksonville as the steamer left that place, and fears were entertained that the people would break into the jail and take the law into their own hands by hanging Sears without judge or jury.

THE ARIZONA EXPEDITION.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Satisfactory assurances have been given that the Arizona emigration scheme is not connected at all with Walker's Nicaragua expedition, and the opposition to Gen. Henningsen's movements has ceased.

A company of emigrants is being formed in this city.

FIRE AT JOLIET, ILLINOIS.

LOUISVILLE, March 25.—A dispatch to the agent of the Associated Press from Joliet, Illinois, reports that a fire broke out at that place last night, which destroyed five stores, with most of their contents.

The loss is estimated at $30,000.

FIRE AT BELLEVIEW, OHIO.

CINCINNATI, March 25.—A dispatch from Belleview, in this State, states that a fire occurred at that place this morning, which destroyed the flouring mill of M. S. Higbee. The loss is estimated at $15,000.

The mill was insured for $12,000. The fire was caused by the friction of the machinery.

FIRE AT NAPOLEON, OHIO.

NAPOLEON, OHIO, March 25.—An extensive fire occurred here last night, which destroyed nearly the whole of the business portion of the town.

The loss is estimated at $17,000. There was a partial insurance on most of the property.

STATE OF THE RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, March 25.—The Mississippi at this point is rising at the rate of half an inch an hour.

The upper Mississippi is also rising.

At Dubuque the water is eight feet deep in the channel, and still rising.

LOUISVILLE, March 24.—The Ohio river at this point is now falling slowly, with fourteen feet six inches of water on the falls and seventeen feet in the canal.

ST. LOUIS, March 25.—The Mississippi at this point is rising at the rate of six inches in twenty-four hours.

ANOTHER CREVASSE.

VICKSBURG, March 25.—Col. Z. White's levee, above this place, was broken through last night.

The crevasse is a bad one and rapidly enlarging.

It is rumored that three negroes were drowned by the overflow of the water.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Cotton has advanced 1c., and the market closed active with an advancing tendency. The sales today amount to 17,500 bales. Middling Uplands 12½c.

Eastern Meal Pork $17 50 to $18 25. Whisky steady at 25½c. The Sugar market closed steady at 11 to 11½c. Coffee closed firm, sales to-day of 3500 bags at 10¾ to 11¼c. for Rio.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The Cotton market closed firm at the advance of yesterday. The sales to-day were 4000 bales. Middling Uplands 12½c.

The Flour market has a declining tendency. Sales to day 9000 barrels; prices ranging from $5 50 to $6 00. Southern Flour $6 25 to $6 50.

Corn closed firm. Sales to-day 55,000 bushels, at 90c. for best quality of yellow.

Bacon quiet and unchanged. Eastern Meal Pork $17 25 to $17 37½.

Whisky has declined ½c. Small sales at 28 to 28½c.

Sugar closed steady; prices ranging from 7 to 9c.

ST. LOUIS MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, March 25.—The Flour market closed dull; Superfine ranged at $5 60 to $5 75. Wheat closed dull at $1 30 to $1 35. White Corn is selling at 80c. Oats dull; moderate sales at 30c. Pork dull at $17 50 cash and $17 62½ asked.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, March 24.—The Flour market is dull, with no quotable change in prices.

CINCINNATI, March 25.—The Flour market closed dull at a decline of 5 to 10c. Sales to-day 2000 bbls. at $5 50 to $5 75.

Whisky closed steady at 24½c.

Western Mess Pork $17 50 to $17 75. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard—Nothing doing.

Sugar closed firm at 6½c. Molasses closed at 34 to 35c.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

ST. LOUIS, March 25.—The steamer John Walsh arrived here yesterday from New Orleans.

The steamer Crescent City left here last evening for New Orleans.

STEAMBOATS PASSING.

VICKSBURG, March 25.—The steamer Baltic passed down at 8; the John Simonds at 9 and the Universe soon after 9 o'clock this morning.

AUCTION SALES BY N. VIGNIE.—N. Vignie will sell, TO-DAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in the Rotonda of the St. Louis Hotel

Two valuable building lots fronting on Conde street, between Barracks and Esplanade, very suitable for family residences.

A very desirable lot of ground, on Esplanade street, with a two-story brick kitchen, subject to a ground rent.

A two-story brick building on St. Ann street, near Villere.

Two lots and brick houses at the corner of Gravier and Denis streets, for account of the estate of the late Elizabeth Kluhskimer.

A two-story brick building on St. Claude street, near Esplanade; deep lot.

Lot and building on St. Anthony street, for account of the estate of the late J. Izard.

A good young house servant, on account of departure.

A very good washer and ironer, and good cook.

Several house servants, &c.

The Sheriff sells at auction THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, at the City Hotel, Common street, valuable property in McDonoghville and Borg Duverge; and at 4 o'clock, P. M., at F. Borge's stable, Greatmeer street, near Marigny, Third District, one top buggy and harness. For particulars see advertisement.

It is remarkable, says the Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *American*, that upon every measure and policy proposed by this Administration there is a radical and irreconcilable difference in the ranks of the Democracy, and of those who must be counted up to be its responsible leaders. Kansas, Internal Improvements, the Tariff, the interpretation of the Nebraska bill, and every other public question admitting of divided opinions, are illustrations in point. The last, and not the least, is Cuba. A demonstration was got up on the Washington Hall on Monday night, which was intended to set this ball in motion for 1860. It somehow happened that all the Drummond Lights of the party were *missing*, and particularly those who had been advertised in the papers and placarded on the walls. There was no Benjamin, or Bilbell, or Thornbe, or Owen, or any of the big guns. The meeting was headed by the Postmaster of New York, and tailed by the United States Marshal of New York—the redoubtable Rynders. Sandwiched between them was one of the Senators from Mississippi, Mr. A. G. Brown, who made the speech of the occasion, and which the Democracy would pay something handsome to have suppressed. He repudiated the whole theory of Mr. Sliddell's report that the acquisition of Cuba would be the means of arresting the slave trade, and by consequence, the progress of slavery. Mr. Brown advocated the getting or taking of Cuba for "the extension of slavery." Here is a positive collision of purpose between the friends of acquisition. The *Union*, here, speaking for the President, administers a pointed rebuke to Mr. Brown, by telling him the acquisition of Cuba "will limit and circumscribe slavery." When such doctors disagree, who shall decide?

A frightful scene might have been witnessed yesterday morning on the roof of a three-story house situated on Water street, between Bourbon and Conti. A young man was standing upon the comb of the roof repairing a chimney, when, the shingles being wet and slippery, he lost his foothold and slid slowly down, feet foremost, towards the eaves. The two or three persons who witnessed the accident turned away, sick with terror. Although the man made every effort to get a hold, which the fear of certain death would naturally prompt, he moved slowly down, and was only checked from falling to the pavement below by a water-spout, against which his feet came in contact. But for this frail obstruction he must have been hurled into a shapeless mass. Without stirring a cry for help, the young man kicked off his shoes and pulled himself up. He then proceeded to dying, and went to work at his chimney again, apparently taking little notice of the crowd which had made his fearful escape from sick and death with top-heavy indifference.

Miscellaneous.

A most appalling accident occurred last week in the town of Farmington, New York. The wife of Mr. Allen P. Dean was seized with a fainting fit, and fell upon a stove, her cheek and forehead pressing against the heated iron, and the upper part of her dress catching fire. When she was discovered she was apparently lifeless. Her husband bore her to a cotnch in the room, and the family were summoned, but not to offer any aid, for that was believed to be useless. Suddenly the sufferer revived, and assured her husband that her injuries were not so severe as they seemed. But as she rose from the couch she cried out that she could not see, and that the room was dark. She fell back in convulsions and gave birth to a little girl. The mother and the child both died the next day, and were buried in the same coffin.

At a social party in Providence, a few evenings ago, a lady threat from her a young man, who attempted to kiss her, with such violence that he fell and broke his wrist.

Mrs. Cunningham-Burdell declares in a communication to the New York *Times* that she has been subjected "unjustly assailed and villified" by the *Evening Post*; that all the stories recently printed concerning her are fabrications; that she has been denied a hearing in the *Post*; and that the brief communication which appeared in that paper, purporting to come from her, was only seen by her after its publication. She also prints two affidavits, one by herself, denouncing the "Matrimonial Bureaugent" articles as "base and malicious libels," and the other by the "broker," Mrs. Willis, who says she never saw Mrs. Burdell until after the story in the *Post* appeared.

Lola Montez was recently in Liverpool delivering her lectures on the "Comic Aspects of Fashion," when a person occupying a reserved seat ventured to conjoin the tip of his thumb with the extremity of his nose, at the same time agitating the fly of his eyelids in the direction of the speaker. Lola fired up instantly, cast a withering glance at the offender, and informed him that for a "fashionable man" he seemed to be painfully ignorant of the usages of decent society. The crowd cheered Lola, and shouted "put him out," but the policeman pretended he refused to interfere on account of the rank of the bad mannered individual. The audience, at least the portion of it which could be vastly enthusiastic over Lola's independence, and escorted her home in a body after the lecture.

PENNSYLVANIA POLITICS.—The Democratic State Convention of Pennsylvania met at Harrisburg on Wednesday. The administration wing of the party secured control of the body, and regulated matters to their heart's content. Resolutions were adopted approving of the administration of President Buchanan and all its acts, especially upon the Kansas question, and endorsing the course of Senator Bigler. A resolution approving of the State policy of Governor Packer, the present Democratic incumbent, was roughly handled, the Governor denounced in severe terms, and the resolution finally rejected by a vote of yeas 37, nays 84. The Convention nominated Richardson L. Wright for Auditor-General, and John Rowe for Surveyor-General.

ANOTHER BODY IDENTIFIED.—Wednesday's Baton Rouge *Gazette and Comet* says:

The body found ten miles below this city on Monday, of which we made mention yesterday, proves, on Coroner's inquest, to be that of Dr. Hugh J. Richards. We learn from Dr. Ledoux, one of the jury, that on the body was found a double-cased gold watch, winding up without key; a diamond ring. He has been seen by many planters in his pockets were found some letters and papers and twenty-one dollars and fifty cents in money. The note payable to Allen Cook, and endorsed by him. The body was brought up Monday night, and decently interred. The articles are in the hands of Coroner Jones, of this city.

City Intelligence.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA.—The semi annual exhibition of classes in elocution took place last evening in the University Hall, corner of Carondelet and Gravier streets. The hall was completely filled, principally with ladies, and amid a grand band of music, conducted by Prof. Theard, the pieces contributed largely to the entertainment of the occasion. The recitations by the young gentlemen were generally spirited and graceful, and in some instances gave proof of true orators in embryo. The comical play of BOX and COX, by Messrs Labouisse, and Lemonnier, was especially well done, and the audience as much gusts as any "laughable farce" of the regular theatres.

After the recitations, the Dean of the Collegiate Faculty, Mr. C. W. Sears, announced that at the last examination the prize for ancient History had been awarded to Ernest Lewis, and for elocution to J. B. Levy. The presentation of the prizes was made by A. T. Bonier, Esq., of the Board of Administrators, and the exercises concluded with remarks. These prizes were created by the liberality of Judah Touro and Glendy Burke Wheeler (of the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company) and Orlando B. Potter against George B. Sloat & Co., and fifteen others.

This was an application by the plaintiffs for a preliminary injunction, to restrain the defendants, who are all sewing machine companies in this city, from making, selling, using, and selling certain sewing machines which infringements in the two patents of A. B. Wilson, Jr., (Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine Co.) issued January 22d, 1856, and December 7th, 1856, the same being the reissue of the original patent, issued November 12th, 1850, and the sole right to which was vested in the present complainant. The patents infringed upon was the one more familiarly known as the Wilson feed patent. The plaintiffs recited statements from affidavits in support of the above facts. The defendants recited rebutting statements, and applied for a postponement of the hearing. The Judge of the Court, on the setting statements sufficient, denied the motion to postpone, and granted the injunction against all the defendants.

SEWING MACHINES.—The Scientific American says: We are having a great many inquiries for sewing machines from various parts of the country, and as we cannot conveniently reply to them all by mail, we have thought it proper to give our opinion in regard to them in this public manner. We have used Wilson's patent, manufactured by the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company, No. 505 Broadway, and we can say in regard to it, that it is without a rival. It is simple, not easily put out of order when in proper hands, and, in point of delicacy of stitch and stylish, no other machine stands ahead of it. We state this much in regard to the excellent machine upon our own responsibility.

This company have made and sold, during the last three months, four thousand seven hundred machines, and are now producing and selling one hundred per day. They vary in price from $50 to $150, and the highest priced ones sell best. In their business there is over $500,000 invested, and they keep forty hundred men regularly employed manufacturing machines. The system pursued is the same as that adopted in the manufacture of arms, every piece is made to a gauge, and, consequently, the parts of any machine may be transposed with those of another machine of the same size; or should an accident occur, the broken part can be immediately replaced on application at the office.

There is not an establishment in this country where stitching of any kind is required in which the sewing machine is not employed, and there are few private families in which it is not an acknowledged article of furniture.

PERSECUTION.—A Baptist journal states that some of their missionaries in New Mexico are meeting with open and violent persecution, through the influence of Roman Catholic priests. Rev. J. M. Shaw, of Socorro, writes:

Open persecution has begun in earnest, and I am not sure of my life a day; but we try to be prepared for the worst. Last Saturday, as I was preaching, I was attacked by a mob, set on by the priest, and stoned, and driven from my stand, amidst shouts and stones and firing of guns. I received several shots from the guns, but my God did those who set up to be its responsible leaders. Kansas, Internal Improvements, the Tariff, the interpretation of the Nebraska bill, and every other public question admitting of divided opinions, are illustrations in point. The last, and not the least, is Cuba. A demonstration was got up on the Washington Hall on Monday night, which was intended to set this ball in motion for 1860. It somehow happened that all the Drummond Lights of the party were *missing*, and particularly those who had been advertised in the papers and placarded on the walls. There was no Benjamin, or Bilbell, or Thornbe, or Owen, or any of the big guns. The meeting was headed by the Postmaster of New York, and tailed by the United States Marshal of New York—the redoubtable Rynders. Sandwiched between them was one of the Senators from Mississippi, Mr. A. G. Brown, who made the speech of the occasion, and which the Democracy would pay something handsome to have suppressed. He repudiated the whole theory of Mr. Sliddell's report that the acquisition of Cuba would be the means of arresting the slave trade, and by consequence, the progress of slavery. Mr. Brown advocated the getting or taking of Cuba for "the extension of slavery." Here is a positive collision of purpose between the friends of acquisition. The *Union*, here, speaking for the President, administers a pointed rebuke to Mr. Brown, by telling him the acquisition of Cuba "will limit and circumscribe slavery." When such doctors disagree, who shall decide?

A Drummond Light, in the Union (H. T.) Observer learns that at Herkimer, on Friday afternoon, Cornelius Collins, of that place, was at the railroad station office, about to take the train for New York and stops with a strange woman, carrying off his child and leaving his wife behind. Mrs. Collins followed the party to the train, and entered the cars with the child. Collins drew a pistol and fired for the purpose of killing the child, as he said. The ball missed the intended victim, but shattered the hand of the mother. Collins was arrested and lodged in jail. The sentiment was so great that Collins nearly escaped being lynched.

The attention of city and country buyers is called to the sale of 375 package slat lots of seasonable dry goods, by Vincent & Co., at their auction rooms, No. 62 Gravier street, at 10 o'clock THIS DAY. Terms at sale.

The public is informed that the splendid furniture to be sold on TUESDAY next by P. & H. Herwegh, assignees, belonging to the estate of Samuel Loequi, Esq., can be examined every day, from 10 A. M., to 3 o'clock, P. M., at the late residence of the deceased, Bourbon street, between Dauphine and St. Philip streets. A person will be in attendance on the premises to show the different articles.

DIED,

Last evening, at 4 o'clock, JOSE MARTINEZ, aged 27 years, a native of Villa Seval Iovanez, Province of Santander, Spain. His friends and acquaintances and those of his brothers and T. Gutierrez are respectfully invited to attend his funeral TO-DAY, at 3 o'clock, M., from his late residence, corner of Camp and Girod streets.

Yesterday, 24th instant, at 4 o'clock, P. M., WILLIAM H. ST. FALLS, aged nearly two months, son of Henry and Amanda St. Paul. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral This Evening, at 4 o'clock, from their residence of his father, No. 241 Bayou Road.

Yesterday, March 24, at 5 o'clock, A. M., aged 28 years, MRS. AZEMA FORTIER, widow of the late Pierre Meyronne, and daughter of Adolard Fortier and Alix Bordenaqui.

M'Lane's Vermifuge.

FLEMING BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS.

No remedy ever invented has been so successful as the great worm medicine of Dr. M'Lane, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburg. All who have used it have been equally astonished and delighted at its wonderful energy and efficacy. To publish all the testimonials in its favor would fill volumes; we must therefore content ourselves with a brief abstract of a few of them.

Jephet C. Allen, of Amboy, gave a dose to a child 3 years old, and it brought away eighty-three worms. He soon after gave another dose to the same child, which brought away fifty more, making 133 worms in about twelve hours.

Andrew Downing, of Cranberry township, Venango county, gave his child one teaspoonful, and a few passed off worms. The next morning, on repetition of the dose, she passed 113 worms.

Jonathan Houghman, of West Union, Park county, Ia., writes that he is unable to supply the demand, as the people in his neighborhood say, after a trial of Vermifuge, that none is equal to Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge.

Messrs. D. & J. W. Gillon, of Winchester, Ind., happened last spring to get some of this Vermifuge. After selling a few bottles, the demand became so great for it that their stock was exhausted. They state that it has produced the best effect wherever used, and is very popular among the people.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburg, Pa. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. BOTH CERTAIN WITHOUT THE SMALLEST PORTION OF PLASTERING BOSH.

SOUTH & MEAD,
Wholesale Agents for the South,
mh21 6t 111 and 113 Chartres street.

Dr. J. Hostetter's Bitters meet with great favor as remedies for diseases of the stomach, and all other diseases arising from a disordered digestive system; and its component parts being entirely vegetable, it is more safe than the ordinary preparations offered to the public, while its pleasant effect on the system renders it vastly popular with those who use it. Dr. Hostetter's preparation is widespread, and the care with which he prepares his medicine secures it always safe and reliable. The Bitters are most agreeable in flavor, and as Hostetter's reputation is staked upon its virtues, the contrary, contributes to its preservation, this preparation must prove highly popular. It is a genuine and truly valuable article for any of the above diseases, and we sincerely trust that our readers may test its virtues.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. See advertisement. mh21 4t

Who will suffer from foul humors, worms, or diseases of the skin, when such certain remedies as Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, and Blood Pills, and Mexican Vermifuge Or Liniment can be obtained? Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills purify the blood thoroughly, and the Liniment will cure any pain. See the advertisement. mh12 1f

Cause and Effect.

CAUSES.	EFFECTS.
YOUTH	Nausea. Indigestion. Flatulency.
AND ITS WANT	Physical Depression. Muscular Inaccuracy. Loss of Appetite. Imbecility.
OF	Confused Ideas. Disquietude of the Organs of Generation. Hypochondria. Mental Depression. Coloured Spots of Blood to the Head.
EXPERIENCE.	

To strike a balance, those who are suffering must use

WRIGHT'S REJUVENATING ELIXIR.

Nothing else will save them
For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 181 Chartres street.
mh22 24 76

"Corruption lurking all within" can be rooted out and expunged from the system, by the use of "TRIPLE ELIXIR." Nos. 1, 2 or 3. Who suffer from any of the secretions, should delay no moment in read "Human Quality or Physiological Research." Sold by Dr. Jackson, No. 167 Prince street, New York. Price 25 cents. Send free of postage.

Sold also, in New Orleans, by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 181 Chartres street.

Holloway's Pills.—They receive the approbation of the nervous, they give vital energy, relieve all pain and uneasiness in the stomach and bowels, and strengthen the constitution as well as expel disease from the system. Sold by all druggists.

Look out for imitations of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons.

B. PRADEL,
66.....St. Charles st.....66

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

TO THE CITY AND COUNTRY TRADE.

HAVING received a large assortment of FINE CUTLERY, such as two and three bladed Knives, Pocket Knives, Table and Tea Knives, Razors, steel and fancy work, fine and common Scissors, table, coffee and carving Knives, plane and gizzu fine tools, Shoe and Butchers' Knives, Pocket Cutlery, a supply of Razors, guaranteed, as well as of cutlery in general.

Having received likewise a stock of Allenite spectacles and Forks, he offers them for sale at market prices. Having purchased the above goods at sacrifice would do well to visit his establishment before making their purchases elsewhere. He is the agent for the unsurpassed Wheeler Manufactory, *WHOLESALE and RETAIL.* novtoxtdly

Two STEAM ENGINES from one to four horse power

B. PRADEL,
66.....ST. CHARLES STREET.....66

MANCHAC HOTEL, Pontchartrain Railroad. Trustee Orphanage Appraisers, of Dr. Bonfedit's Every Trustee; of Dr. Bora's, of Gaitbert's Bank; of Dr. Dupaty's, of Hospital; of Dr. LEVERT, of PLATED SPRINGS; Dr. Richmond's Hart's Patent Trusses, Dr. Dewees' Trusses, for the cure of RUPTURES, when curable. Dr. Richmond's Trusses have received the highest recommendations of the Medical Faculty. Also Trusses manufactured by others, patented and proved cures, last by many years' experience. Bandages for Navels, Bandages for Hernia, Bandages for the relief of prolapsus ani; Hypogastric Belts; Elastic Abdominal Bandages; Elastic Leg Bandages; Elastic Knee Caps. Suspensory Bandages of various sorts; Artificial Legs and Arms of various descriptions. Ladies' Bandages; Elastic Leg Bandages for the cure of false anchylosis of the knee; do. do. for the relief of Deformities, and particularly of the feet; a complete assortment of apparatus for the removal of every species of deformity.

INJECTING MACHINES OF VARIOUS KINDS. Injecting Pipes on different principles, by lever power with constant pressure, with single or double piston; Elastic for traveling, for the bed, for sleeping apartments, for the bath, for the bowels, self-acting and winding syringes, adapted to every species of injection or irrigation. Ascending Shower baths, Vaginal syringes with large and small nozzles, of different models.

Trusses, Bandages, &c., applied to the satisfaction of customers. All the instruments and apparatuses are of assorted sizes. Surgical and other instruments required with promptness. After the purchase of bedding Mary Powers. Pat. Kelly was fined $5 for indecent conduct. Arch. Pollard was acquitted of the charge of stealing a watch from Captain Crosby and getting credit and money from others by false representations. He offered in defense a bill of sale for the watch and other articles signed by one Waters, but as Waters was not present to identify the signature and testify to day, in order that the witnesses for the accused might be produced.

RECORDER WILTY'S COURT.—John Miller, who was committed to prison on the 8th inst. for further examination on the charge of having broken open the trunk of Christian Weisslanger, at the St. Louis Hotel, and stealing a lot of clothing, valued at $60—part of which was found in his possession—died in the hospital of the prison on the 17th inst., of chronic diarrhea. Consequently the case was dismissed. John Kelly and John Murphy, supposed to be dangerous and suspicious characters, were sent to prison to abide an examination. Willy Bammel, f. m. c., was sent to the Workhouse for one month as a vagrant. Joshua A. Boole was dismissed from the charge of assaulting and beating Michael Powers. Also, Ann Curdes, charged with breaking the peace of H. Buber. M. Schouiner, charged with breaking M. Levy's peace, was bound over in $300 to keep quiet and so was Levy.

SELF-DROWNED.—A negro employed on board the steamboat Champion jumped into the water yesterday morning and was drowned. He belonged to Mr. Labadie, and it was supposed that he was laboring under derangement from liquor.

ACCIDENTALLY DROWNED.—The body of Michael Dauenhauer was found yesterday in the river, opposite the Vegetable Market, Second District. He was crossing the river from Washington street, Fourth District, a short time since, in a skiff, and was upset while trying to keep clear of some flatboats. The deceased was in liquor, and a verdict of accidental drowning was rendered.

BURGLARIOUS.—The shoe store of Mrs. Houeche, corner of Chartres and St. Philip streets, was broken into about 3 o'clock yesterday morning, by persons wearing any booty, the thieves became alarmed and fled, and for their trouble he is at. New, we the planter has within his plantation a pointed machine, patented by Mr. Heard, to listen to their hearty bravos upon the success of their comrades on the stage.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.—At the Varieties the Lucretia Borgia Assurance, for the last time, with a Pas de Trois.

At the St. Charles Theatre: Benefit and last appearance of Miss Coombs, when will be presented Bulwer's Lady Macbeth, Miss Coombs: Macbeth, Mr. George Jamison. To conclude with the island of Calypso.

At the Amphitheatre: The Marsh Juveniles in the Golden Farmer and My Neighbor's Wife.

At the Orleans Theatre: Donizetti's grand opera, La Favorite. Sunday night, benefit of Mr. Gravin.

At Odd Fellows' Hall: Stephen Massett's ("Jeems Pipes, of Pipesville") first Musical Monologue Drawing-room Entertainment, called Song and Chit-Chat of Travel in Many Lands.

At Armory Hall, on Camp street: Dr. Beale's grand illuminated Panorama of the Mammoth Caves of Kentucky, the River and Falls of Niagara, with vocal and instrumental music.

At Vannuchi's Museum: Among its wonders, on exhibition night and day, are the Bearded Child, the Mammoth and the Miniature Elephant, the Egyptian Twins, the animated Wax Figures, the Dissolving Views, &c.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—*Hon. T. G. Hunt.*—The rule in the case of D. Bornio, Jr., charged with selling lottery tickets, fixed for hearing yesterday, was continued to the 1st of April.

The case of Johnson & Bugham vs. J. Dumas and J. J. Bishop was ordered to be transferred to the Fifth District Court of New Orleans.

The murder case of Thomas Conner, alias Conroy, was continued to the 28th.

Wm. Combs, convicted of larceny, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

The Grand Jury came into the Court with the following true bills, viz: Against A. Bitterbaud, for embezzlement; P. Barnan, for keeping a disorderly house; James Dempsey, for murder.

The Grand Jury was then discharged till the 1st proximo.

RECORDER SUMMERS'S COURT.—John Fitzgerald, George Blossar and Wm. Weeks, arrested on Carondelet street on the charge of having sawing the dirt composing the protection levee, were held to answer on the 30th. Michael White and G. Gilling had to give bonds to answer on the last price, the charge of beating Mary Powers. Pat. Kelly was fined $5 for indecent conduct. Arch. Pollard was acquitted of the charge of stealing a watch from Captain Crosby and getting credit and money from others by false representations. He offered in defense a bill of sale for the watch and other articles signed by one Waters, but as Waters was not present to identify the signature and testify to day, in order that the witnesses for the accused might be produced.

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