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THE DAILY BEE.

Friday Morning, August 10th, 1855.

The Northern Mail came through yesterday with the latest dates.

THE WAR.

[illegible] correspondents in the Crimea of the [illegible] write in a somewhat despondent [illegible] the progress of the siege.—[illegible] repulse of the Allies on the 18th [illegible] beleaguering forces, warned by [illegible] of the excessive difficulty of [illegible] the outworks of Sebastopol, have [illegible] their plans, and are steadily endeavoring to approach the [illegible] Tower by the gradual erection of [illegible] lines and fortifications. The [illegible] we are told, is to abridge the distance [illegible] the attacking troops will have [illegible] under a murderous fire of grape [illegible] It is said that a new attempt [illegible] dislodge the Russians will not be made, until the works of the Allies shall have advanced to within [illegible] [illegible] maintained by the Russians [illegible] day, precludes the possibility of work[illegible] the trenches until after sunset; that [illegible] nights are remarkably short and but [illegible] afforded for labor, and that finally [illegible] moonlight interferes with the [illegible] of the be-iegers, and allows [illegible] a very brief period for carrying [illegible] plans. Hence, the progress of [illegible] is vexatiously slow, and despite [illegible] desire to regain the laurels lost [illegible] 18th, and the burning thirst for vengeance [illegible] manifested by the French army, it [illegible] anticipated that any thing important [illegible] accomplished for some weeks.

Meanwhile, Gortschakoff has been [illegible] reinforced. The estimate of the [illegible] puts the total number of Russian [illegible] the Crimea at fully one hundred and [illegible] thousand men. Neither does it appear [illegible] difficulty whatever is experienced [illegible] this enormous force. The [illegible] the expeditions to Kertsch [illegible] so far as cutting off [illegible] the enemy is concerned, has [illegible] exaggerated. Certain is it [illegible] movements, though successfully [illegible] not been attended by the [illegible] results. The fact of strong [illegible] being thrown into the Crimea [illegible] that the Russian generals [illegible] of the means of feeding [illegible] No doubt there are other routes [illegible] heart of Russia to Sebastopol [illegible] the Sivash or Putrid Sea.

[illegible] intelligence from the seat [illegible] carefully considered, renders [illegible] Sebastopol as doubtful as ever. [illegible] astonishing that one of the most [illegible] armies in the world, over[illegible] numbers profusely supplied [illegible] destructive enginery of war [illegible] to the sea constantly [illegible] appointed and ample fleet, [illegible] regular detachments of troops [illegible] the gaps occasioned by sickness [illegible] enemy's sword, should linger [illegible] before the walls of a [illegible] thousand souls, and after having fought many bloody battles, and made [illegible] sacrifices, that this army [illegible] as it is, should yet be [illegible] walls and earthen redoubts [illegible] so. The Allies [illegible] because Sebastopol is a series [illegible] of immense strength, erected [illegible] exquisite skill, and defended by a [illegible] persevering courage that challenges [illegible] They have failed too, [illegible] unhealthy climate operates [illegible] because a divided command [illegible] unanimity and continuous [illegible] blunders have given [illegible] to organize resistance, and [illegible] position and because, according [illegible] military authorities, the [illegible] has been radically [illegible] Whether the future will induce [illegible] in this respect, or whether [illegible] on in the dogged determination [illegible] take Sebastopol by main force, [illegible] cannot yet be decided. In [illegible] the Autumn is approaching, [illegible] fevers of the Crimea will [illegible] the Allies than the [illegible] Russians.

[illegible] — The telegraphic des[illegible] yesterday are very favorable [illegible] American party. The returns from [illegible] remarkably bright, but we can say nothing about the result, until the Northern [illegible] strong Democratic counties is heard from. In the Mobile District the American [illegible] to have gained a Congressman. [illegible] North Carolina the news is so so. [illegible] Legislature is trymandered [illegible] some years ago, as to give [illegible] a very slim chance. Never[illegible] the latter appear to have carried three [illegible] certain, and greatest triumph of all, [illegible] that prince of demagogues and [illegible] Clingman. So mote it be! From [illegible] intelligence is auspicious, but [illegible] commits so many mistakes, that [illegible] exposed to blunder till we are out [illegible] Perhaps despatches may be re[illegible] the hour this is written and the [illegible] the paper, that will settle the [illegible] Kentucky we have no doubt, has [illegible] the American party by a decisive [illegible].

GREAT AMERICAN BARBECUE AT THIBODAUX.

Five Thousand Americans in the Field!

[illegible] American barbecue at Thibodaux yes[illegible] was an event which will long be remembered [illegible] Lafourche. The children of [illegible] turned out in such numbers and celebrated the occasion in a manner as we [illegible] expected. At 7 o'clock yesterday morning, [illegible] Algiers, conveying about [illegible] persons. They arrived at Thibodaux at [illegible] o'clock and joined the assemblage [illegible] Lafourche and other parishes, which [illegible] to upwards of three thousand persons. The meeting was finally called to order [illegible] White, Mayor of Thibodaux, who was afterwards elected President of the meeting. Hon. B. G. Thibodaux, Hon. E. E. Kittridge, F. E. Ewing, Captain R. E. Darden, Wm. Hunter, L. Daunis, H. E. Degan and L. Boudreaux were elected Vice Presidents. J. R. [illegible] and W. H. Ragan.

Hon. Chas. Derbigny, the American candidate, then took the stand and addressed the meeting, and was received with great [illegible]. He was followed by George Eustis, Esq. Mr. Eustis began his discourse by a review of the Democratic party as it is constituted at present, pointing out its heterogeneous elements, and disclaiming the idea that it had any right to assume the name, inasmuch as it is composed of a mere corporal's guard of native [illegible], and is made up principally of adventurers [illegible] and a few discontented whigs. He denied that Andrew Jackson, if alive, would consent to be considered as a democrat of this school, and insisted that they should be styled the anti-American party. He then proceeded to examine point by point the objections to the American party. He first replied to the remarks of Mr. Wickliffe and Mr. Moise, on the subject of secret societies, and endeavored to [illegible] the objections made to the American party would apply with equal force to all the secret societies we have existing [illegible] He showed that the same objection would apply to the Constitution of the United States as to the platform of the American party, and [illegible] would apply to all the proceedings in the United States Senate on the subject of [illegible] He then examined [illegible] made against the party for [illegible] the doctrine that Americans should be governed by Americans. He showed that this was a feeling which was natural, proper and honorable in every nation, and which resulted from our social organization.—There was no reason why America should stand alone and form an exception to the rest of mankind and be governed by any other than Americans. He alluded briefly [illegible] which led to the organization of [illegible] party, while it disclaims [illegible] to foreigners, opposes their intervention in the affairs of the nation.

As to the charge made by the Anti-American party that the Louisiana Platform [illegible] hatred to Catholics and the creation of a religious test, Mr. Eustis pronounced this false [illegible]. He then read the 9th article of the Platform, and answered Mr. Wickliffe's [illegible] upon it in his New Orleans speech. He showed in a few words that Mr. Moise had scouted the Louisiana Platform altogether. He concluded his remarks by entreating his friends of the order, in the name of the honor of their country, in the name of our endangered [illegible], and in the name of our wounded and bleeding nationality to come up like men [illegible] like Americans in the November contest, reminding them that Louisiana expects her sons to do their duty. We regret that the lateness of the hour prevents our giving a fuller synopsis of Mr. Eustis' able and eloquent speech. He sat down in the midst of great applause.

Hon. Bernard Marigny, Louis Devignaud, Esq., and Col. Christy followed, the two former speaking in French, but we have not time to notice their remarks at this hour. At 4½ o'clock the assemblage adjourned to the tables, which were neat at hand, covered with substantial edibles, to which the fullest justice was done. At about 7 o'clock in the evening the company bound for New Orleans left the Bayou Lafourche on the cars, but owing to the length of the train did not get to the city until near 12 o'clock. The lateness of the hour prevents our giving a fuller notice of the meeting this morning.

[FOR THE BEE.]

A SOUTHERN PARTY.

The organization of a Southern party, embracing all the old parties uniting on a Southern platform, is now proposed, and meets the approbation of some of the most distinguished men of the South—Stephens, Toombs, Quitman, Benjamin and others, have given it their sanction, and thrown the weight of their justly merited reputation in its favor. With such an array against them, men of less celebrity or more humble position, might well shrink from an expression of an adverse opinion. But the [illegible] is a momentous one, involving nothing [illegible] the perpetuity of the Union and the [illegible] American Republic. Under [illegible] it becomes the duty of every [illegible] lover of true liberty, to [illegible] matter, nor should the voice of [illegible] be disregarded.

The plan, in my [illegible], is seriously objectionable; because it will immediately array one entire portion of our common country against another entire portion, upon questions that are wholly sectional, and in which neither party has or can have a community of feeling with the other. It will fail to accomplish the objects of its creation, and must lead to a dissolution of the Union.

It needs no argument to convince any one, who has given the subject a moment's thought, that the entire population of the North and West are opposed to slavery. It is a part of their education, and "grows with their growth," until it becomes a largely controlling element in the character of the people. This opposition, however, is divided into three classes, each class influenced by different impelling motives. The fanatical Abolitionist, proclaiming the "higher law," tramples under foot every obligation he is under as a citizen, becomes a robber and an incendiary, and makes an institution to take life in carrying out his fiendish designs.—The Freesoiler, ready to "do or die" before another foot shall be added to slave territory, tends rapidly to Abolitionism and requires but slight motives to go over to that party. We have lastly, the National or Conservative party, who, influenced by pure and patriotic motives, endeavor to maintain the guaranties of the Constitution, and protect the States in their reserved rights. Other divisions of parties exist, caused by differences of opinion on national or local matters, but in no way effecting the South. On all matters in which the South alone is concerned, they unite with, and form part of the general divisions first named, and presented united front in opposition to Southern institutions.

The large number of foreigners that are settling by thousands every year in the free States and new Territories, influenced by their prejudices, become "Freesoil" immediately, and generally Abolition, thus adding another element to the opposition to the South, and giving daily more strength to her enemies. This presents the character of the opposition that will have to be encountered, and the certainty of perfect union on their part whenever a direct sectional issue shall be made.

Heretofore, the two great political parties, North and South, have acted together, influenced by the cohesive power of a common interest, and desirous to succeed in a common cause. Aided by this, and the support of the friends of the Constitution of all parties, the rights of the South have been recognized and sustained by the people at large.

But let a Southern party be formed, a party in which the North and West have no interest, and at once the friends of the South will be alienated, fanaticism runs riot, and prejudice and passion usurp the place of patriotism and reason.

And what is it, that has so suddenly made a Southern party necessary?

The repeal of the Nebraska bill, and the restoration of the Missouri Compromise, is not a matter of so much consequence as to jeopard the Union in preventing it.

The passage of the Nebraska bill was a valueless acknowledgment of a principle, without any practical benefit resulting from it. It was the work of a designing demagogue, backed by his friends, to cajole the South and obtain votes. It never has been regarded by the Southern people in any other light, though they would undoubtedly resist all attempts to restore the Missouri Compromise, now that it is repealed.

The repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law is a question of a very different character, and any attempt to interfere with it, will be resisted to the last extremity. It yields no more than what we have a perfect right to claim, and its repeal would be a wanton violation of every principle of right and justice.

If then, the [illegible] party is to be formed to prevent the repeal of this law, it will fail to accomplish that object. An eminent gentleman has stated as his "deliberate conviction," that an attempt would be made in the next House of Representatives to force the repeal of the Fugitive Slave and Nebraska bills, by tacking them to the general appropriation bill as an amendment, and defeat the bill or pass it in that form. If that is the fact, no Southern party can prevent it. The character of the House is now determined, or will be in a very brief period.—The party, if now organized, could not by any effort change the character of the House, and any threat in advance would, it appears to me, rather facilitate than retard the repeal.

With due deference to the gentleman, (for whom I entertain the highest personal regard, and only wish that every citizen was as patriotic as he is,) I do not apprehend the same result that he does. The general appropriation bill will be passed without the amendment. The amendment may be introduced and a stormy time ensue, but the general appropriation bill affects all parts of the country. The wheels of government are as necessary to Boston as they are to New Orleans, and the members of all New England would suffer fully as much as that of Louisiana. If the bill be applied to the South only, it might be laid over, but the whole country being interested, it will be carried.

There is another matter that the friends of a Southern party should ascertain. Can the entire South be united in the support of measures that must lead to a dissolution of the Union?

We all remember the attitude assumed by South Carolina in 1832, and the intense excitement that prevailed throughout the South. Yet, with all this excitement, the citizens of South Carolina were divided in opinion. Military districts were organized, the people were armed to the teeth, and Union men and Nullifiers stood ready to cut each other's throats at the shortest possible notice. Indeed, disruptions in the social relation of families were then made, that have not been healed up to this day. Is there a greater probability of having a more harmonious and united Southern party now, than then? Will there not be men, who will believe that the Union should be preserved at any hazard short of dishonor, and may they not think that the aggressor is not such as to call for such a remedy? Pause and reflect well before you deliberately organize a party that can accomplish no good, and must produce much evil.

That a way of securing to the South permanent protection from the mad and treasonable designs of her enemies, must be formed, is self-evident, and fills with anxiety the mind of every true friend of liberty. It cannot be found in the organization of a Southern party, but may be had by uniting with and sustaining the Native American.

The American party is objected to, because it has "a rapid gravitating descent to fusion with Freesoilism," and is "a baseless fabric unsubstantial and ephemeral," and not national in its character.

The nationality of a party can only be known by its extent, and the concert that governs all its movements. In this particular the American party is pre-eminently a National party, Extending from Cape Cod to California, and sustained in all the essential parts of its platform by every State in the Union, with regular organized councils in each, acting in perfect harmony with each other in the patriotic purpose of preserving the Union, obeying the Constitution, and giving to every citizen the full and free exercise of all his legal rights. The other parties, of all names, are dismembered and incapable of protecting any vital interest, North or South.

The charge against the American party of fusion with Freesoilers is wholly unfounded, and one among many others equally gratuitous, but industriously circulated to answer some personal or political end.

The first principle of the American party is, the maintenance of the Constitution and a faithful observance of its provisions. This at once precludes a fusion with Freesoilers, or any other party that in any manner interferes with or perverts that instrument. But another and paramount reason is; that such a fusion would destroy the American party and defeat the objects of its creation, by sustaining the foreign influence that it now so strongly opposes.

The secession of the Abolition portion of the American party was hailed with shouts, and its speedy downfall predicted—but it is forgotten that those seceders are but a fragment of the party, and that their secession has not prevented the organization of the party on a broad national platform in all the States represented by them.

Nor has the repudiation of the 9th article by Louisiana weakened in any degree the power of the party, or made it less national. In all that is essential to the success of the party, Louisiana stands side by side with the other States, and fully and freely co-operates in carrying out the principle that "Americans shall govern America."

The South, acting as an independent party, cannot carry a single measure in Congress, or prevent any aggression upon her rights, if a reckless majority think proper to trample upon her just claims. And must some time come, where. The Abolitionists will not give it, the Freesoiler will not give it, and the Whig and Democratic parties are "obsolete ideas." Under such circumstances the South must submit, or dissolve the Union. The latter will be the alternative.

Humiliating as these truths are, we should look them full in the face, and [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] position from [illegible].

The compact [illegible] may be averted, imminent as they are, and the rights of all parties properly secured.

The American party [illegible] a platform [illegible] [illegible].

If the American party is destined to [illegible] [illegible].

HARRY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Transmitted for the New Orleans Bee. [illegible] Line.]

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE BALTIC.

COTTON DECLINED.

War News Unimportant.

New York, August 8.—The Collins steamship Baltic, Capt. Comstock, has arrived at this port with one week's later news from Europe. The Baltic left Liverpool on the 28th ult.

The Liverpool Cotton market had experienced a decline of ⅛ of a penny per pound. The sales of the week were 35,000 bales.

Consols were quoted at 91. There is no news of importance from the seat of war.

Alabama Election.

Montgomery, August 8.—Returns to hand from thirty one counties of this State give Winston, the Democratic candidate for Governor, twenty nine hundred majority.

The following Congressmen are elected:—Shorter, Democrat, in the 2d District; Dowdell, Democrat, in the 3d District; and Smith, American, (reported) in the 7th District.

[By the National Line.]

Further California News.

New York, Aug. 8.—The steamship Northern Light at this port, brought $365,000 in specie.

Her dates from California (as already stated) are to July 16th.

A fire had occurred in San Francisco, by which loss to the amount of $100,000 was sustained.

The expected duel between Mr. Dillon, the French Consul at San Francisco, and Mr. Herman, had been arrested.

Mr. Woods, who, as a member of the firm of Adams & Co., had been charged with frauds to the amount of $440,000 on Messrs. Page, Bacon & Co., had been held to bail.

The mines throughout California were yielding gold to an unprecedented amount.

Agricultural affairs were improving. The cholera had been conveyed to San Francisco by New Orleans passengers on board the steamship Sierra Nevada. Thirty deaths took place on board.

The California markets present an encouraging aspect.

Mr. Melendarez, the Mexican Commandant in Lower California, had been shot as a traitor.

An earthquake caused much damage at Los Angeles on the 10th of July.

From Nicaragua we learn that Col. Kinney and 24 followers arrived at San Juan 16th ult., on board the bark Huntress, of Philadelphia.—They were engaged in erecting a building.—Much dissatisfaction is said to exist among them.

Letters from San Juan say there is great proof that Col. Wheeler, our Minister to Nicaragua, sympathized with Kinney and Fabens, and held correspondence with them.

Arrival of the Ariel.

New York, August 7.—The steamship Ariel, from Havre and Southampton, has arrived at this port, but brings no later news from Europe than that received by the Asia.

Kentucky Election.

Louisville, August 7.—The Know-Nothing majority in this city was over sixteen hundred. Returns from the State are favorable to the Know-Nothings. Their ticket will probably receive ten thousand majority in the State.

Tennessee Election.

Nashville, August 9.—It is generally believed here that Johnson, Democrat, is elected Governor by about one thousand majority.

The Louisville Riot.

Louisville, August 7.—During the riot in this city, twenty persons were killed, and many wounded. Three blocks of buildings were fired and burned to the ground. Two or three men perished in the flames.

Later.—The riot has been quelled. The number of deaths caused thereby is about fifteen. Many persons were wounded. Extra police have been sworn in. The Mayor has issued a proclamation, and the city is now tolerably quiet.

New York Market.

New York, August 7.—Flour is dull, with a declining tendency, and sales of Southern at $9 75 per bbl. Wheat is a trifle higher, Southern red being quoted at $1 94, and Southern white $2 05 per bushel. Sales of mixed Corn at 83¼@84½ cents per bushel. Bacon is firm at 9¼@10 cents per pound for Sides, and 8¼@8½ cents per pound for Shoulders. New Orleans Molasses command 36 cents per gallon.

River Intelligence.

Louisville, August 7.—The Ohio river is now falling, with seven feet water in the canal.

FURTHER BY THE ASIA.

The Asia reached Boston on the 3d, and her mails arrived here yesterday. The details do not add a great deal to the previous accounts.

The London Times of the latest date says:—"We have great pleasure in announcing that Sir Wm. Molesworth is to succeed Lord John Russell in the direction of the Colonial Office.

Besides the 1,300 Germans collected near Sandgate, there are also about 1,600 Swiss at Dives, so that the Foreign Legion now musters a force of 3,500 men in a very respectable state of discipline.

The Turkish Loan Bill passed the Commons on Friday night, by a vote of 135 to 132.

The Herald claims the small majority of 3, a virtual defeat of the Government.

The Times, remarking upon the same, says: "We can scarcely believe that within so short a time, the alliance with France, the prospects of the war, and the very existence of Turkey should have been saved from the most serious risk by the narrow majority of 135 to 132."

From the Baltic.

From the Baltic we hear that Fort Syartholm has been destroyed—that 20,000 tons of Russian shipping have been burnt in the vicinity of Nystadt—that the blockade of the White Sea has been officially announced—that an experiment with the long range of Cronstadt has been unexpectedly successful. Whether, or when, any great operation is to be undertaken, we are not told, and it appears but too probable that it will be found, after all, that Admiral Dundas will have to return, as Sir Charles Napier returned before him, without having accomplished anything really important.

A letter dated off Cronstadt, July 9, says:

"In the evening of the 5th, the Commander-in-Chief tried the range of a 32 pounder gun, which had been slung in a peculiar manner, at an angle of 45 degrees, in one of the wood boats captured a few days ago. The boat was moored across the stern of the flag ship, and 3 or 4 shots fired; the fall of the first in the water was eagerly watched for, but it took so long a time before it fell that it was given up; but in a few seconds exclamations of astonishment burst forth as a small column of spray rose in the air at a distance of more than 5,000 yards, or over 3 miles; the shot took exactly 21 seconds for its flight. The boat was then towed a little nearer the shore, opposite one of the new earthen batteries, near the Governor's house, and a couple of shots fired, to ascertain if they were within range. Both shots went a long way over the battery, which immediately returned an ineffectual fire with mortars that would not carry the distance. These are, perhaps, the first shots from an enemy that ever alighted on the island of Cronstadt."

From the Crimea.

The latest reports from the Crimea say the cholera has entirely disappeared from the army in the East, and many of the sick and wounded are leaving the hospitals.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times says:

"Some of the private letters received from the camp of the Allies yesterday are more encouraging than for some weeks past, and to a certain degree the impression produced by the check of the 18th seems wearing off. The tone of despondency which marked so many previous communications is not now to be found in them, and they now speak hopefully of the moment not far distant for a glorious revenge. One letter of the 5th mentions that only 100 metres separate the French from the Malakoff fort."

"On the other hand, the European Times says: "The tone of the recent letters from the Crimea is cheerless, and some of them are even desponding. The check of the 18th of June has lost Gen. Pelissier his popularity, and there is no doubt that it was mainly instrumental in finishing Lord Raglan."

The Negotiations.

The Weser Gazette reports that Count Walewski, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, has sent to the French Legation a circular, in which it is said that his government does not any longer consider itself bound to the Four Points, and that it has resolved to impose such conditions of peace as might be suggested by the result of the war. Count Buol has confined himself to expressing a fear that, under such circumstances, it was impossible to hope for a speedy re-establishment of peace.

A correspondent of the Independence, who writes under the signature "Y," and who is said to be a partner of M. Drouyn de l'Huys, puts forward a long letter that France has gained enough of military honor by the war, and hints that, if Sebastopol be not taken shortly, the negotiations for peace will be resumed.

Italy.—A Mazzini manifesto had been issued in Italy. The writer praises his compatriots and their courage and promptitude in the hour of danger—"a people sacredly bold, ready to rise at the first invitation, capable of daring and dying like Pisacane." He advises a movement—"The moment is in the highest degree important. Austria, breaking her compact of the 2d of December, diminishing her army to allay the suspicions of the Czar, and thus leaving the way [illegible] to the injury of the Allies, has lost all claim to the protection of France and England.

France.—The Emperor is shortly expected to leave town for Boulogne, where he will be joined by the Empress, and remain until the time fixed for her Majesty Queen Victoria's visit, unless some change in the programme should take place. Their Majesties will proceed to Calais, where their Illustrious guests will disembark; and the travelling of troops announced at Boulogne, and visiting the garrisons [illegible] the [illegible] of the August visitors [illegible] of August to the ensuing Monday, when their Majesties and Prince Albert will proceed to Paris and St. Cloud.

The storm which visited [illegible] on Tuesday [illegible] [illegible].

Local Intelligence.

Lafourche, Saturday, July 21.

The Murderers.—The Post says, We believe we may state with [illegible] that Mr [illegible]

William Molesworth will succeed Lord John Russell, as Secretary of State for the Colonies.

The Herald announces, in large type, the virtual defeat of the Government, implied by a majority, last night, of only three on the Turkish loan guarantee.

The Herald says: The question really at issue is the financial character of the Cabinet and [illegible] repudiated by the House of Commons [illegible] principles of finance by which they intend to govern the country, in reference to the [illegible] affairs.

Removal of Lord Raglan.—Up to 2 o'clock last night no intelligence of the Caradoc had been received but her arrival is hourly expected. Lord Raglan was at Bristol.

West and East India Mails.—Southampton, Saturday morning. The Indies had arrived with the Southampton portion of the West India and China mails. Dates from Alexandria July 6; Malta July 10; Gibraltar, July 13.

The non-arrival of the Tay, with the West India and Mexican mails, is as yet unaccountable, for she is five days beyond her time. The detention is supposed to arise from the "Tay" waiting for the intercolonial State.

Hernandez's Cigar Store.—We invite attention to the advertisement of Mr. Hernandez, in another column. It will be seen that he has leased the spacious and handsome Store in St. Charles street, opposite the Hotel, where he is determined to maintain his former reputation as an importer of the richest and finest flavored of Havana cigars, chewing and smoking tobacco. The amateurs of the weed, in any of its forms, may rely upon getting a first-rate article by applying to Hernandez, either at his new Store, No. 28 St. Charles street, or his old one, No. 132 Royal street.

Fires for one Month.—The destruction by fires in the United States during the past month, according to accounts furnished to newspapers, amounts to $1,050,000, which is about the usual average. Fires were not large in number, as there were but twenty, but immensely valuable manufacturing property was burnt at Hadley Falls, Manchester, and Lowell, besides hotel property in New Orleans.

☞ The American Congress of Dentists commenced its session at Philadelphia on the 2d. It embraces delegates from all parts of the world. The session of to-day was devoted to private business, but the future sessions will be open to the public. Among the subjects for discussion will be the propriety of administering chloroform to patients.

☞ Homer Ruggles, late Assistant Post Master at Pathfield, Vt., has been convicted of mail robbery, and sentenced at Montpelier to ten years' imprisonment at hard labor.

☞ We regret to learn, says Wednesday's Tribune, that the late storm of rain and wind did a good deal of damage to the Mobile and Ohio Railroad at two or three points. At Manvila, the overflow of the creek caused a breach in the earth-work; at Paine's road, a portion of the embankment was also washed away, and at another point probably a similar injury was sustained. The company, however, has gone to work vigorously to repair the damage, and within a few days the trains will again be running.

Death of Judge F. Caruthers.—The Memphis Enquirer announces the death of the Hon. B. F. Caruthers, of New Orleans, formerly of Mississippi. He died at Memphis, on board the steamer Harry Hill, of yellow fever, on the 1st inst.

Terrible Powder Mill Explosion—Gareche's Dry House and one Mill Destroyed—Four Persons Killed.

Wilmington, August 3.—Our citizens were startled this morning about 8 o'clock by two distinct and very heavy explosions, which shook the houses and shattered the glass in many windows. The cause is understood to be an explosion of Gareche's Powder Mill, near this city. It is reported that six persons were killed and five wounded.

Wilmington, Aug. 3—noon.—The particulars of the explosion of Gareche's Powder Works have been received. The drying house of the establishment, which is located in Eden Park, was blown up, as is supposed through the carelessness of a workman. The house contained about one and a half tons of powder, and the explosion and concussion resulting, were tremendous. The house had been in operation for about forty years without an accident and was considered the safest house at the Works. All connected with it were fortunately killed at once. They were blown to atoms and the remains were found at various distances—from forty to two hundred yards from the house. Three of the workmen were Frenchmen, named Eugene Forens, Joseph Du Pearce, Francis Feier. A boy named John Pugh was also employed in the house at the time—all were killed.

The explosion of the dry house caused a mill, situated about three hundred yards distant, to explode. In this mill two persons were dangerously hurt and two badly wounded. Peter M. Gioley was thrown about 40 feet, and, it is thought, will hardly recover. Patrick Berck was passing from the mill when the lightning rod descended, fracturing his skull. His recovery is doubtful. Thomas Mullen had his collar bone broken by the descent of a piece of timber.

The engineer, Mr. Mitchell, was seated at his post, reading a newspaper, when the explosion took place. He saw a barrel of powder explode, but escaped with a few slight bruises.

The mill was torn to pieces. There were about 1400 pounds of powder in it, which is lost.

The trees around the drying house were blown up by the roots, and one or two horses in the neighborhood were killed.

A man not connected with the mill is said to have been killed, but this seems doubtful.

Drs. Askew, Bush, Wilson and Draper, from Wilmington, are present, rendering all the aid in their power to the wounded.

Mr. Gareche says the explosion must have been caused by one of the Frenchmen who worked in the packing room, and was addicted to smoking a pipe. Mr. G. had cautioned him two weeks previous about it and told him to quit the premises, or quit his pipe, and he supposed until now that he had abandoned the practice.

☞ The British ship Red Jacket, with the Australian mails for England, put into Rio Janeiro on the 19th of June for supplies, and sailed the following day. She had three hundred passengers and the immense sum of three million dollars in gold, making, with the manifest of the ship Lightning, upwards of five millions of gold shipped from Australia for England within thirty days.

☞ The census returns in New York show that the estimate respecting the increase of the population of the city, and of the State, have been wide of the mark. It is now probable that the population of the city will not exceed 650,000, and of the State, 3,500,000.

☞ On the night of the 1st, at West Bend, Washington county, Wisconsin, a man named George Daher, called at the house of a German named John Murber, and murdered him, together with his wife, and a hired boy, under circumstances of the most horrid cruelty. He then robbed the house, set it on fire and fled.—He was arrested, however, shortly afterward, and has barely escaped lynching at the hands of our citizens.

The Memphis District in Tennessee exhibits a complete political revolution. The Enquirer of the 4th, says:

Gen. Thomas Rivers is elected to Congress by a good working majority of over 750. A better selection could not have been made.—Palmore is our State Senator by near 300. Taylor is the joint representative elect from Tipton, Fayette and Shelby, by a majority of also about 300. Holmes and Bartlett are also the representatives elect from this county by over 300 majority each.

Row.—There was quite a scrimmage down at the foot of Dauphin street yesterday, growing out of a fight between an American and an Irishman, in which the latter drew a knife and inflicted a wound upon his opponent, cutting the left arm the shoulder. He then hid himself in a ship near by, but the excited crowd hunted him out, and in the meantime the wounded man having procured a knife, rushed upon the Irishman as he was thrust from the store, when the latter, pursued by his enemy, ran to the end of a wharf, jumped overboard, dove under the lumbers and there secreted himself. Some time elapsed before the fugitive could be persuaded that no injury would be done him if he came forth which he finally did, relieving the anxiety of a large crowd, many of whom supposed he was drowned.—Mobile Advertiser.

The Murder in Prince George's County.—The Alexandria Gazette states that the clothing, with the remains of the person, found in Prince George's county, Maryland, have been identified as those of Dr. Grant, of Baltimore, who was sold county for the purpose of purchasing a farm. The Gazette further states that warrants have been issued for the arrest of two men, suspected of having murdered the deceased. The family of Dr. G. [illegible] in Baltimore.

☞ The President has granted a pardon to Lewis Lord, who was convicted of counterfeiting, and sentenced to be confined in the State prison for a period of five years.

Philadelphia, August 1st.—The "Public Ledger" of this city has now an extraordinary and unequalled circulation. The average of the daily issue for the past month was sixty three thousand one hundred and twenty three copies, and for the month the aggregate circulation was 1,[illegible] copies. Its daily edition is probably the largest by at least one thousand, of any daily newspaper in the world. Three thousand one hundred and forty four and a half reams of paper were used during the month, which made a pretty little sum in the [illegible].

Appointments by the President.

Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana, to be Commissioner of the General Land Office, in the place of John Wilson, resigned.

Josiah Minot, of New Hampshire, to be Commissioner of Patents, in the place of Loren P. Waldo, resigned.

Murray McConnel, of Illinois, to be Fifth Auditor of the Treasury, in the place of Jabish [illegible], appointed Commissioner of Pensions.

☞ The steamboat [illegible], formerly of New York, whilst returning from an excursion to Fort Pike, with 150 passengers, was run into by the towboat [illegible]. The collision damaged the [illegible], and the [illegible] had to be run [illegible] in order to save her from sinking.—The accident caused very great alarm among the passengers, but all were brought without injury.

COMMERCIAL.

Thursday Evening, Aug. 9, 1855.

The sales of Cotton to-day amount to 300 bales at unchanged prices, and include some Good Middling of the new crop at 11½c. We quote:

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND [illegible]

Inferior	..—@..	Middling Fair	—@—
Ordinary	7⅞@8c	Fair	13½@—
Middling	9½@10	Good Fair	—@—
Good Middling	11@11½	Good & Fine	—@—

In Tobacco, we hear of 11 hhds sold at 8½, and [illegible] at [illegible].

Sugar [illegible] and a lot of 20 hhds Fair sold at [illegible].

Molasses of [illegible] is selling in Molasses, which is held very firmly.

Sales of [illegible] Flour at $7 50@7 [illegible] for superfine St. Louis, and [illegible] for extra.

Of Corn, some [illegible] sacks have been disposed of at [illegible].

Sales of [illegible] sacks Wheat, ordinary to good, at $1 20 [illegible].

Mess Pork retailing at [illegible].

Of Bacon, [illegible] casks clear sides sold at [illegible] for Sides, and [illegible] for Shoulders.

Sales of 150 bbls prime Lard at 11½c.

Small lots of Whiskey selling at [illegible] for Rectified, and [illegible] for Dollar.

Of the Coffee, 1010 bags have been taken at [illegible] for ordinary, and [illegible] for prime, from the [illegible].

Exchanges very dull, at our quotations. Sterling [illegible]. Francs, [illegible]. New York 60 ds, [illegible] ⅝ cent. discount; Checks, [illegible] ⅛ cent. premium.

Nothing has been done in Freights.

CATHERWOOD'S

Celebrated GINGER Brandy.

This very superior liquor, combining all warming, stimulating, and aromatic qualities of the pure Havana Ginger, united with a very superior article of Brandy, on which has become a favorite beverage in all the cities along the river, as well as in the North and East, is now introduced into this market for the first time.

The virtues of Ginger, as a gentle, pleasant, and unirritating stimulant, have long been extolled by the Medical Faculty, and have been recognized by every observer of hygienic effects.

The article now presented challenges comparison with any ever produced, and has everywhere received the highest meed of praise.

For sale, by the case, by
CATHERWOOD & ELMORE,
corner Girod and Commerce sts.

Levee Steam Cotton Press Co.

THE Board has this day declared a dividend of six per cent, payable forthwith, to the stockholders.
F. J. FORSTALL, Sec'y.
August 8th, 1855.

NEW YORK.

U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—FOR NEW YORK, VIA HAVANA.—The new and elegant steamship GRANADA, S. F. Griffin, Commander, will leave her wharf, opposite Jackson Square, for New York, via Havana, on MONDAY, 20th of August, at 8 o'clock, A. M., precisely, with the Government mails and passengers. For freight or passage, apply at the office of the Company, 74 Magazine street.
JENNINGS, LAUGHLAND & CO., Agents.

FOR CALIFORNIA.
FARE GREATLY REDUCED.

FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA HAVANA, Aspinwall and Panama.—The U. S. Mail Steamship Company's fine new steamer GRANADA, Lieutenant Griffin, Commander, will leave her wharf, opposite Jackson Square, MONDAY, 20th August, 1855, at 8 o'clock, A. M., precisely, with the Government mails and passengers, connecting with the U. S. Mail steamship EL DORADO at Havana, and the Pacific mail steamship SONORA, at Panama.

The Panama Railroad IS NOW OPEN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN, and the transit is made in four hours.

The days of sailing will hereafter be the 5th and 20th of each month, from this port, via Havana.

Through tickets can now be obtained at the office of ARMSTRONG, HARRIS & CO., 43 Natchez street, near Camp.

A. HERNANDEZ,
No. 28 St. Charles street, AND No. 132 Royal street,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has taken and fitted up the hand-some store, No. 28 St. Charles street, above Common, in place of his former establishment under the Verandah, which was destroyed by fire on the morning of the 19th July. He will be constantly supplied with a large assortment of Cigars, comprising the finest and choicest brands; also, Chewing Tobacco of the best varieties, and the celebrated Turkish, Corporal and Virginia Tobacco for smokers. He trusts that his numerous friends and customers will bear him in mind, and honor him as heretofore with their patronage.

Notice.

THE undersigned, residing in this parish, does hereby give notice that he intends to apply to the First District Court of New Orleans for the emancipation of the slave LINDA, a mulatto girl aged about 14 years. All and persons having objections thereto are notified to file the same within thirty days.
JOSÉ PEREZ.

SWEETMEATS.—[illegible] boxes, landing ex brig Win Cark, for sale by R. CAHUZAC & CO., 30 Old Levee.

HAVANA SUGAR.—[illegible] boxes yellow, white and brown Sugar in store, landing ex brig Wm Clark, from Havana, and for sale by R. CAHUZAC & CO., 30 Old Levee st.

WHISKEY—30 bbls Monongahela.
SOAP—60 boxes Castile.
WHALE OIL—2000 gallons.
RUM—50 bbls New England.
PORTER—80 casks London.
ALE—50 casks London.
TEA—25 chests black.
CANDLES—[illegible] and half do.
CLARET—[illegible] for family use.
For sale by QUETREUZE & LANGSDORFF, 13 & 15 St. Louis st.

WHISKY—20 bbls old and [illegible];
WINE—70 bbls Port Wine;
PAPER—[illegible];
WHISKY—[illegible];
WINE—[illegible];
CORKS—[illegible];
INDIGO—[illegible] Guatemala;
OLIVES—100 boxes;
PICKLES—10 boxes fresh;
CAPERS—[illegible];
QUETROUZE & LANGSDORFF, 13 and 15 St. Louis st.

WHISKY—75 bbls Pike's Magnolia.
PICKLES—75 cases [illegible].
PEACH BRANDY—80 bbls Old Reserved.
BROOMS—100 doz.
HAMS—20 tierces sugar cured.
BOTTLE—500 boxes [illegible].
SARDINES—[illegible].
STARCH—100 boxes Fox's.
FRUITS—200 boxes brandy assorted.
CORDIALS—70 boxes assorted.
WHISKEY—[illegible] bbls white wheat.
BRANDY—[illegible].
CLARET—300 cases St. Julien Medoc, for sale by QUETREUZE & LANGSDORFF, 13 and 15 St. Louis st.

PORT WINE—[illegible] casks Port Wine, in store and for sale by ANTH. CASTA, 16 [illegible] st.

BRANDY FRUITS—50 boxes Brandy Fruits, in store and for sale by R. CAHUZAC & CO., 30 Old Levee st.

CHAMPAGNE WINE—[illegible] baskets Champagne, [illegible] and pints, in store and for sale by R. CAHUZAC & CO., 30 Old Levee st.

ORANGE FLOWER WATER—[illegible] boxes, in store and for sale by R. CAHUZAC & CO., 30 Old Levee st.

SHERRY WINE—[illegible] quarter casks Sherry Wine Harmony, in store and for sale by R. CAHUZAC & CO., 30 Old Levee st.

COGNAC—11 halves, 20 quarters, 20 octaves Cognac, W & Ph. Martell, [illegible] de Villits, La Rochelle do; 15 do, 20 do, 20 do do, Bastone, do do, 5 do, 20 do, 15 do, 20 do [illegible] Morla, 1840, do; 7 do, 14 do, 16 do de, Gibos, 1795, do, in Customhouse store and for sale by R. CAHUZAC & CO., 30 Old Levee.

PORT WINE—[illegible] quarter casks, [illegible], in Customhouse store and for sale by R. CAHUZAC & CO., 30 Old Levee.

CLARET WINE—500 boxes of [illegible] Claret Wine, for sale by R. CAHUZAC & CO., 30 Old Levee.

HAUT BRION—100 boxes Haut Brion Claret, Carcier, for sale by R. CAHUZAC & CO., 30 Old Levee.

POTATOES—[illegible] bbls prime Louisville Mechanicks, landing ex steamboat Empire, and for sale by DONNELLY, BEZZINA & CO., 66 Tchoupitoulas st.

ONIONS—42 bbls Louisville silver skins, landing ex steamboat Empire, for sale by DONNELLY, BEZZINA & CO., 66 Tchoupitoulas st.

POTATOES—[illegible] bbls [illegible] Balls ex steamer Empire, for sale by DONNELLY, BEZZINA & CO., 66 Tchoupitoulas st.

GREEN APPLES—[illegible] bbls in good shipping order, for sale by DONNELLY, BEZZINA & CO., 66 Tchoupitoulas st.

VETERINARY HOSPITALS,
of Dr. L. S. Deidon, Laureat of the Veterinary Hospitals of France, Rampart street, No. 199, between Toulouse and St. Peter.

Ordinary and acute diseases [illegible] cured in from eight to ten days [illegible] grave and chronic of [illegible], and many others generally deemed incurable, in from fifteen to twenty days.

Forriery establishment, American, French and English horse shoes.

Special assortment of orthopedic shoes for straightening deformed feet, or which have been injured by sizings, sprains, contusions or diseases peculiar to the feet, under the immediate superintendence of Dr. Deidon.

☞ To the vast establishment of which Dr. Deidon has opened [illegible] street, he has added a splendid assortment of Carriages and horses for hire; [illegible] Cabriolets, Landaus, Barouches, [illegible], Buggies, [illegible], all of elegant style and great solidity, having been manufactured by the first Northern and Parisian houses.

An assortment of horses perfectly trained and richly harnessed. Skillful drivers and lackeys, &c., &c.

The buggy horses are remarkable for speed, and are considered the finest trotters and Pacers in the city.

Carriages and horses hired separately if desired. Boarding horses received by the hour, day, month and year. All orders will be executed with punctuality and despatch.

[illegible] the highest and gentlemen, [illegible] at all hours.

In consequence of repeated demands, Dr. Deidon is now engaged in organizing an [illegible] [illegible].

Persons desirous of purchasing or exchanging horses, carriages, wagons and harness, will please apply to the proprietor.
L. S. DEIDON, V. D.

CHAMPAGNE—50 baskets, [illegible] Champagne, Creme de Bouzy; 100 do do 50 [illegible], for sale by V. B. S. MAIGNAN, 99 and 97 St. Louis st.

HAVANA CIGARS—[illegible] cases, [illegible]—A large lot of Havana Cigars, arrived per brig [illegible] and just received in store, consisting of [illegible] and [illegible] brands [illegible] for sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 36 Old Levee, between Customhouse and Bienville sts.

GIN—10 pipes Holland Gin, just landing and for sale by R. HODGKINS, 21 Chipman st.

FARE—Received from Paris, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. [illegible] 20 Royal street.

CHAMPAGNE—[illegible] "Pierre Heidsieck" quarts and pints, landing [illegible] from New York, and for sale by [illegible] 16 Gravier st.

[illegible] for sale by the subscriber—[illegible].

[illegible] A. CO. [illegible].

PLATFORM OF THE

AMERICAN PARTY OF LOUISIANA.

1. We advocate an amendment of the Naturalization Laws with proper safeguards to preserve the purity of the elective franchise.

2. We advocate the passage of such laws as will prevent the immigration of paupers and criminals to this country.

3. We oppose any interference in the vested rights of all persons, whether they be of native or foreign birth.

4. We are in favor of non-intervention with slavery by the Federal Government, except for the protection of our constitutional rights.

5. We advocate a high National Policy, such as will afford a just and unwavering protection to the American citizen abroad, and will induce and guard the American citizen wherever he may be.

6. We believe that America should be governed by Americans, effecting the same through the ballot-box, this the only legitimate instrument of reform in this country.

7. We believe that the office should seek the man, and not the man the office, and shall oppose the distribution of office among office-seekers, or as a reward for partisan services.

8. We will maintain and defend the Constitution of the United States, the Union as it now exists, and the rights of the States without distinction, insisting upon a faithful performance on the part of the General Government of all the duties enjoined upon it by the Constitution.

9. With the exception of the platform adopted by the late National Council of the American Party in Philadelphia, we reject the application of the principle of the eighth article to American Catholics, as unjust, unfounded, and entirely unworthy of our country. We shall forever oppose [illegible] to protect against any abridgement of religious liberty, holding it as a cardinal maxim that religious faith is a question between each individual and his God. We utterly condemn any attempt to make religious belief a test for political office, and can never affiliate with any party which holds the contrary doctrine.

10. We war with no party as such, but shall oppose all who oppose us in the advocacy of these great American principles.

STATE POLICY.

Reform of abuses, and retrenchment in our State expenditures.

Education of the youth of the country in schools established by the State.

A constitutional organization of the Swamp Land Commission.

A more efficient administration of the Internal Improvement Department, with a view of improving our inland navigation.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
Charles Derbigny,
OF JEFFERSON.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.
Louis E. Texada,
OF RAPIDES.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.
Robert G. Beale,
OF EAST BATON ROUGE.

FOR TREASURER.
J. V. Duralde,
OF WEST BATON ROUGE.

FOR AUDITOR,
Walter Rossman,
OF CLAIBORNE.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
Randell Hunt,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
O. D. Stillman,
OF OUACHITA.

DOLBEAR'S
Penmanship and Book-keeping.
106 Canal street 106

NEW CLASSES begin this week at DOLBEAR'S Writing and Book-keeping Establishment, 106 Canal street. All [illegible] [illegible]. Dolbear's superior steel pens for sale.
RUFUS DOLBEAR, 106 Canal street.

Carpet Warehouse, 20 Chartres street.

CARPETINGS—A large stock of all kinds; FLOOR OIL CLOTH, all sizes; CANTON MATTINGS, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 White, Checked and Fancy; WINDOW SHADES, Table and Piano Covers, Table Oil Cloth, Stair Rods, Rugs, Mats, Damask Linen and Drugget for crumb cloths; all of which are offered at much reduced prices by
E. BROUSSEAU & CO.

BRANDY FRUITS—[illegible] boxes landing ex-ship [illegible], for sale by R. CAHUZAC & CO., 30 Old Levee.

MARCELLA—Landing ex ship Mary Ward, from Boston, 20 bbls [illegible] for sale by QUETREUZE & LANGSDORFF, 13 & 15 St. Louis st.

HAVANA CIGARS—Landing, Medio Regalias, Regalias, Londres, Millar, Prensados, Colorados, Cazadores, Conchas, Regalias, Imperial, Londres, Espanolas, &c., of a No. 1 brands. All warranted of direct importation. Tobacco, all Sol, Partagas, Perfection, Pasteur, Montalvo, Cabaleros, Loteria, Washington, Imperiales, Marcha, La Flor, Compuesta, La Mejor, Canonha, Conquista, El Tiempo, and many others, in store and for sale by ZORRILO & [illegible].

GORLEY'S BITTERS—[illegible] E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

LONDON PORTER PINTS—[illegible] for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

SCOTCH HERRINGS IN PINTS—[illegible] for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

SNUFF—[illegible] Maccaboy and Scotch Goodwyn's, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

TOBACCO—[illegible] boxes Tobacco, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

FRUITS—50 cases, in their own juice, just received and for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

BROOMS—[illegible] dozen, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

YELLOW BARK TOBACCO—[illegible] E. J. HART & CO.

BOURBON AND MONONGAHELA WHISKY—[illegible] bbls, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 & 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

CHAMPAGNE, various brands—[illegible] baskets, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

LOAF SUGAR—[illegible] boxes Loaf Sugar, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

SHOT—1500 bags drop and buck; for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

PHILADELPHIA REFINED SUGARS—[illegible] bbls crushed; 100 do pulverized; 100 do loaf, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

To Distillers.

WANTED immediately, a competent distiller, who will be employed for a long time. None need apply who cannot give good recommendations. Apply to J. J. BALLOUGUE, corner Poydras and Levee sts.

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm and style of P. D. SEGOND & COUTIN, for the transaction of a general commission and importation business.
P. D. SEGOND.
A. COUTIN.
13 Bienville st.

WHITE WINE—17 casks White Wine, Sauterne; 11 half do do do—in store and for sale by L. F. MAXENT, 30 Toulouse st.

DEMIJOHNS! DEMIJOHNS!—1000 of 1 gallon; 1100 do of 2 do; 1300 do of 3 do. In store and for sale by J. LABATA, 11 Jefferson & 12 Toulouse.

BRANDIES in Bonded Warehouse—10 half and 10 qr pipes Pinet & Co., 1848; 20 qr and 4 eighth pipes do do, 1848; 20 qr and 20 eighth pipes do, T. Hennessy; 10 qr and 20 eighth pipes Champagne; for sale, to close consignments, by SOUTHERNE THOMAS, 9 Gravier st.

EXCHANGE ON HAVANA—Bills on Havana, at one day's sight, in sums to suit purchasers.—For sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 36 Old Levee, between Customhouse and Bienville streets.

40 HALVES of Whiskey, [illegible] Almonds; 20 bbls of shelled do; 20 boxes, of 25 lbs each, [illegible]; for sale by J. LABATA, 11 Jefferson and 12 Toulouse streets.

100 BASKETS CHAMPAGNE, quarts; 25 do do, pints; 200 boxes [illegible] Brandy Cherries. In Customhouse—20 qr pipes, Byron Cognac; 20 do Colony do, 4th proof; 20 eighth pipes do, [illegible]; for sale by J. LABATA.

2000 BOXES St. Julien Claret; 500 do Chateau do; 150 do Haut Sauterne; 150 do very old Chateau [illegible]—for sale by J. LABATA, 11 Jefferson & 12 Toulouse sts.

WINES—500 casks Common red Wine; 50 pk an do do, La [illegible] good ordinary Claret; 100 bbls very superior White Wine, 50 casks do do, in store and for sale by J. LABATA, 11 Jefferson and 12 Toulouse sts.

300 BASKETS Florence Oil, 300 do Bordeaux; 100 boxes Almond Olives; 100 do orange flower water, in store and for sale by J. LABATA, 11 Jefferson and 12 Toulouse sts.

GUITARS, CLARIONETS—A few, just received and for sale by [illegible] D. VALTON, 8 St. Louis st.

PIANOS—[illegible] Julien Medoc Claret; [illegible] do double St. [illegible] boxes triple orange-flower water, [illegible] [illegible], for sale by D. VALTON, 8 St. Louis st.

For Sale on account of Liquidation.

THE undersigned, wishing to withdraw entirely from business, offers at extremely reduced prices, the balance of his goods and utensils proper for the manufacture of liquors, such as orgeat, [illegible], Brazilian wood, and a number of other articles. Also, the apparatus and furnaces for a distillery.
F. ROUSSEL, 48 Old Levee st.

PERFUMERY—[illegible] boxes of [illegible] and in glass jars, for sale at moderate prices, to close consignments, by [illegible] 161 Royal st.

[illegible] [illegible] Wine, various quantities [illegible] White Wine, in half bottles [illegible] [illegible].

SMOKING—[illegible].

[illegible].

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] WARE [illegible].

CANDIDATES.

☞ All announcements of candidates must invariably be paid in advance.

☞ FOR JUDGE OF THE SECOND DISTRICT COURT.—The friends of Philip Hicky Morgan announce him as a candidate for Judge of the Second District Court, in place of Hon. J. N. Lea. Election, 26th August next.

☞ I am a candidate for re-election for the Recorder['s] [illegible], to the office of Tax Receiver of the [illegible].
RICH. RICHARDSON.

☞ [illegible] SCHADE is a candidate for the Judgeship of the Second District Court, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of the Hon. J. N. Lea. Election, 26th August, 1855.

☞ We are authorized to announce Mr. ERNARD MARIGNY as a candidate for Clerk of the Second District Court.

Executive Office—Baton Rouge.

WHEREAS [illegible] has been this day made to me by G. Lousenet, auctioneer, in and for the city of New Orleans, for the cancelling of the following bonds, viz: Six bonds in the sum of two thousand dollars each, signed by the said G. Lousenet, as principal, together with the following named persons as sureties, viz: 1st. A bond for two thousand dollars, dated 26th of April, 1843, with [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] security; 2d. A bond for two thousand dollars, dated 1844, with [illegible] security; 3d. A bond for the sum of two thousand dollars, dated [illegible] 1849, with [illegible] security; 4th. A bond for two thousand dollars, dated [illegible] 1851, with [illegible] security; 5th. A bond for two thousand dollars, dated 6th of April, 1853, with [illegible] security; and 6th. A bond for the sum of two thousand dollars, dated on the 19th day of October, 1853, with John Pemberton as security.

Now therefore, this is to notify all persons interested therein to show cause at the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days from the last publication hereof, why the same should not be cancelled and annulled.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the State, at Baton Rouge, this [illegible] day of July A. D., 1855, and in the year of the Independence of the United States of America, the eightieth.

[L. S.] By the Governor, P. O. HEBERT.
ANDREW S. HERRON, Sec'y of State.

THE subscribers have the pleasure to announce that they have resumed payment in full, and are prepared to continue the Factorage and Commission business as heretofore.
FELLOWES & CO.
New Orleans, July 28th, 1855.

ACADEMY.

Under the management of Mr. SCHARDT, Customhouse street, No. 66.

MR. WEIL, a graduate of the University of France, lately arrived in New Orleans, opened a class of Penmanship on the 2d of July. Mr. W.'s system, which has been eminently successful, consists in teaching gradually and preparing consecutively the hand for all parts of penmanship, the commercial handwriting, whereby the pupil is enabled to write with an extraordinary rapidity; while forming legible and elegant letters. Pupils not belonging to the establishment will pay $5, in advance.

[illegible] J. GUILLOT, who has been for the last two years French teacher in the Young Ladies' High School, Fourth District, as well as in the Boys' High School, wishes to form, during the vacations, a class of young ladies, whose object it would be to perfect themselves in French and in English. Mr. G., though born in Paris, having resided in this country for more than twenty years, and having always been engaged in teaching, thinks that he can do justice to his pupils in both languages. The principal study of the class would be to read choice extracts from the best English and French authors. The Professor would point out the beauties, the idioms, which would occur in such study, and for the only language each pupil would have to bring a written abstract of the preceding Lesson, with any other circumstances [illegible]. This exercise, and the constant comparison [illegible] [illegible] French in English, would contribute greatly to give elegance to their style, and to improve their compositions in both languages.

Apply at the office of this paper, or at Prof. G.'s residence, 88 Camp street.

ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY.

REV. F. WIPPERN, a Professor in this Institution, announces to parents and others that he will depart from New Orleans about 18th August, and will be pleased to take charge of pupils.

Prospectus, Catalogues and general information can be obtained by addressing the corner of Common and Baronne streets, or by applying to T. S. KELLY & CO., 99 Tchoupitoulas street.

Lost.

A NOTE for $100, dated July 28, 1855, payable sixty days after date, drawn by Thomas Leder, to the order of Chas. Lemarque, and endorsed by him. The public are hereby cautioned against trading for said note, payment of the same having been stopped.
J. B. DEERRY.
New Orleans, July 30th, 1855.

Bank of Louisiana.

New Orleans, July 23d, 1855.

THE Board of Directors of this Institution have declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. Also, an extra dividend of five per cent., both payable to the Stockholders on and after Monday, 6th of August next.
R. M. DAVIS, Cashier.

Notice.

THE undersigned have entered into a copartnership under the firm of E. BERARD & A. TAMBOURY, to carry on the same business as the late firm A. Tamboury & Co., for the importation of Wines, Cognacs, Liquors, Preserves and Groceries of all kinds.
E. BERARD.
A. TAMBOURY.

Removal.

THE under signed respectfully informs his friends and the city and country trade, that he has removed to the corner of Bienville and Chartres streets, up stairs. Entrance on Bienville street.
JULES BOULENGER.

Teacher Wanted.

A LADY who speaks French fluently and can teach it grammatically, can teach the English branches of education, and [illegible] [illegible] Piano [illegible], [illegible] a place in a family residing in the country, by applying at No. 113 Morales street, Third District.

Lost.

A PROMISSORY note for $180, dated December 22, 1854, at 12 months, drawn by D. Perez to the order of De Boennel. All persons are hereby cautioned against receiving said note.

Removal.

JACOB BORIA, Beauty Fabric, has removed his office to No. 1 Dubreuil's Row, Carondelet, between Poydras and Girod streets.

RICHARD ALDIGE & CO.,
Importers of French and Foreign Goods.
No. 25 Chartres street.

RECEIVED by the late arrivals from Havre—New style French Prints, Grey Cloths, &c., Alpine Muslin de Laine, Furniture and Damasked Prints, Black Scotch Cashmeres.
Consigned: 5 cases French Lumber, brand Lorne & Crozon.
10 cases Muslin, small check and stripes.
Entitled to draw back: 10 cases Guns,
3 cases Revolvers,
3 cases Liniment,
20 baskets superior Champagne.

MANILLA CORDS—100 pieces, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

CANDLES, Western—[illegible] boxes just arrived, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

HAMS—50 tierces, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

SOAP—300 boxes, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

STRAW PAPER—1,000 reams, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

Havana Prints, new Pattern.

FOR sale by the undersigned, landed, 52 cases ship Black Warrior, from New York—
10 cases Prints, new pattern, best quality.
Received per ship Ravenswood, from New York,
20 cases more.
LOUIS DOUDRERAU, 26 Chartres st.

LANDING ex ship Horatio, from Bordeaux—
[illegible] casks St. Julien Claret;
do do Cambiannes do;
3 do do Sauterne white Wine.
10 hf do do do;
500 boxes St. Julien Claret;
25 do Haut Brion, 1846;
25 do Bosset Mustard, brand Louit;
25 boxes Prunes.
For sale by FERROS BROS., 247 and 249 Royal st., cor. Dumaine.

Direct Importation.

HAVANA CIGARS—A lot of the excellent brand Globe, lately received and in store, where a large and well assorted stock of the choicest brands will always be found, such as Cabanas, Colorados, Partagas, Granados, Rittes, Flor del Fumo, Washington, El Taiino, Borges, Iberia, Fan de Kapana, &c. All guaranteed to be of direct importation.
For sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 36 Old Levee street, between Customhouse and Bienville streets.

An assortment of Havana Cigars, also of direct importation, Paper Cigars, and all classes of Chewing Tobacco are kept for retail by the above House, at the corner of Customhouse and Royal sts.

SOAP—Landing ex ship Mary Ward, from Boston, 200 half boxes Soap, Windmeister, and for sale by QUETREUZE & LANGSDORFF, 13 & 15 St. Louis st.

TOBACCO—[illegible] boxes [illegible] Leaf Tobacco, for wrappers, for sale by BRUGUIERE & CO., 16 Bienville st.

POTATOES—[illegible] bbls prime Louisville Mechanicks, ex Sultana.
POTATOES—[illegible] bbls Snowballs, ex Sultana.
ONIONS—300 bbls. Western silver skins in store.
DRIED APPLES—100 bbls Northern Sundried, in store.
DRIED PEACHES—30 barrels Northern Sundried, and [illegible] cured, in store;
BEANS—[illegible] bbls. Small White Navy in store;
POTATOES—[illegible] bbls Pink Eyes, in good shipping order, in store;
GARLIC—200 bunches, new Creole, in store;
COW PEAS—A few bbls New South Carolina;
BEANS—50 casks Small White Navy, in store and for sale by DONNELLY, BEZZINA & CO., 66 Tchoupitoulas st.

CAROLINA COW PEAS—Expressly for seed—A few sacks, for sale by D. MAUPAY, 61 Gravier st.

WHALE OIL—[illegible] bbls winter strained, for sale by JOS. H. MARKS & CO., 76 & 78 Magazine st.

GOSHEN BUTTER—[illegible] firkins extra choice yellow Goshen, for sale by JOSEPH H. MARKS & CO., 76 & 78 Magazine st.

SUGAR—Loaf, crushed and powdered, [illegible] Lovering & Co's double refined—[illegible] packages, for sale by JOS. H. MARKS & CO., 76 & 78 Magazine st.

No. 3 MACKEREL—[illegible] bbls, for sale, to arrive, by JOSEPH H. MARKS & CO., 76 & 78 Magazine st.

JAVA COFFEE—[illegible] for sale by J. H. MARKS & CO., 76 and 78 Magazine st.

NEW CODFISH—[illegible] for sale, to arrive, by J. H. MARKS & CO., 76 and 78 Magazine st.

LARD OIL—[illegible] bbls winter oil, lard, for sale by J. H. MARKS & CO., 76 & 78 Magazine st.

RAISINS—[illegible] [illegible], in good order, for sale by J. H. MARKS & CO., 76 & 78 Magazine st.

[illegible]—[illegible] from New York—[illegible] Macaroni and Vermicelli, from Italy, for sale by LABATA, GANDOLFO & CO., 9 and 10 Jefferson st.

MARBLE—12 bocoons [illegible] Marble, for sale by LABATA, GANDOLFO & CO., 9 & 10 Jefferson st.

[illegible]—[illegible] boxes; [illegible] Bergamotte; 10 do Lemon's Essence; [illegible] do Orange Flower Water; [illegible] for sale by LABATA, GANDOLFO & CO., 9 & 10 Jefferson st.

To Shoemakers.

FOR sale, to arrive, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].
D. VALTON & CO.

CIGARS—[illegible] Havana Cigars, direct importation, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], for sale by S. De VERGES & CO.

SUGAR—[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] & CO.

G. H. VINTEN,
PRINTERS' WAREHOUSE,
[illegible] Magazine st.,
NEW ORLEANS.

Presses, Types, Inks, Cards, Card Boards, and General Furnishing.

Gout and Rheumatism.

DR. LAVILLE'S CURATIVE AND PREVENTIVE LIQUOR AND PILLS, FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

The undersigned has just received per ship Wurtemberg, from Havre—
[illegible] Dr. Laville's Anti Gouty Liquor;
[illegible] do. do. do. Pills.
When these diseases are acute:
The Liquor is the surest and most efficacious of all remedies heretofore offered.
When these diseases are chronic:
The Pills are the only specific which, whilst purifying the whole system, prevents the fits, and finally the disease is completely cured. For sale by
EDOUARD GUILLOT, Depository,
Royal street, No. 148, between Toulouse and St. Louis.

NOTICE is hereby given that after due legal advertisement, we intend to sue before the First District Court of New Orleans for the emancipation of the slave MARY, a mulatress, aged about 27 years, belonging to the succession of Mary T. Forstall, late of this city.
PLACIDE FORSTALL and Wm. BELL, Testamentary Executors of MARY J. FORSTALL.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Citizens' Bank of Louisiana,

New Orleans, August 2d, 1855.

THE Board of Directors of this Institution have declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock of the Banking department, payable to the cash stockholders on and after Monday, the 13th instant.
E. ROUSSEAU, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Louisiana State Bank,

Wednesday, 1st August, 1855.

THE Stockholders of this Institution are hereby notified that a semi-annual Dividend of five per cent. has this day been declared, and made payable on the tenth instant. By order of the Board.
BERNARD BELF, Cashier.

I FRANÇOIS SCHMITT, do hereby give notice that I intend to apply to the First District Court of New Orleans for the emancipation of my slave Dame [illegible], a mulatto man, about 41 years old. New Orleans, July 25th, 1855.
F. SCHMITT.

$20 Reward

WILL be given to whomsoever will arrest and lodge in the Parish Jail, or deliver at No. 25 [illegible] street, the negro man JOHN, belonging to Mr. Dubuy, and who has been absent for the last four weeks. He is aged about 35 years, speaks English and French, is deaf of one ear, and has two or three scars on the face. He formerly worked in the First District, and occasionally [illegible] salt at [illegible].

FRUITS AND PRESERVES.—50 boxes fruits in juice; 60 do blackberries in juice; [illegible] [illegible] brandy fruits in juice; 10 do olives and anchovies in oil; 20 do capers and pickles; 25 do prunes in glass jars; almonds, nuts and raisins, for sale by LABATA, GANDOLFO & CO., 9 and 10 Jefferson st.

For Sale.

A YOUNG NEGRO BOY, aged 18 years, an excellent house boy, cook and carriage driver, fully guaranteed against the vices and diseases prescribed by law, and a perfect subject. Apply to J. B. DEERRY, No. 20 Customhouse st.

Removal.

DR. DUPERRON, DENTIST,

HAS removed to No. 60 ROYAL STREET, between Bienville and Customhouse streets.
Office hours, from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 4 o'clock, P. M.

BILOXI HOTEL.
(Formerly Madam Bacon's)
BILOXI, MISSISSIPPI

THE public is respectfully notified that the Biloxi Hotel is open for the season for the reception of transient and permanent boarders. Charges moderate, and every facility afforded for fine sailing, fishing and sea bathing.
Two fine cottages suitable for families for rent.
C. NICHOLS.

AUCTION NOTICE.
L. A. LEVY, Jr.

HEREBY informs the public that having commenced the Auction Business, he has taken the store No. 72 GRAVIER STREET, and is prepared to receive consignments of every description of merchandise, and to give his attention to out door sales.

A GENTLEMAN for many years engaged in business, and familiar with the French, German, English and Italian languages, and book-keeping, wishes to find a situation in a commercial house. He would accept a situation as a teacher in a family, in the city or country. Best references given. Apply at No. 9 Gravier street.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE commercial partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of Cavelier & Maxent, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st instant. L. F. Maxent is alone entrusted with the liquidation of the affairs of the firm.
ADLER E. CAVELIER.
L. F. MAXENT.
New Orleans, July 7, 1855.

Notice.

The undersigned informs his friends and the public generally that he will continue the Commission and Importing business, on his own account in his name only, at the old stand, No. 30 Toulouse street.
L. F. MAXENT.

REMOVAL.

D. FELT & STETSON,
Stationers, Blank Book Manufacturers and Job Printers,

HAVE removed from their old stand, No. 24 Chartres street, to the spacious store No. 54 Camp street, next above James Robb & Co., Banking House, and No. 8 Bank Place, (the two stores adjoining.) Having made ample room and increased facilities for carrying on the business, they would respectfully call attention to their very large and complete assortment of
Blank Books, Paper, Steel Pens,
Envelopes, Sealing Wax, Gold Pens,
Counting house Blanks, Wafers, Red, blue, black,
Ivory Stamps, Bills of Lading, & Copy-ing Inks,
Copying Presses, Letter and Stamp Presses,
Bills of Exchange, Blank Notes, Drafts,
Bank and Playing Cards, Memorandum Books,
together with a full and general assortment of all articles of Stationery required in the Counting-Room.—Their Bindery and Printing Office is furnished with material, and is in the best possible order for executing all work entrusted to them in a satisfactory manner, and with the least possible delay.—All work is done on the premises by competent and experienced workmen, and are under their personal supervision. Persons wishing anything in the Stationery line are respectfully solicited to make their examination of their stock at 54 CAMP STREET. Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroad Companies, Merchants, Planters, Steamboats, and all others requiring Stationery, Blank Books and Job Printing, will find it for their interest to give us a call and examine our large and well selected stock before purchasing elsewhere. Every thing in our line furnished at the lowest rates and upon favorable terms.
D. FELT & STETSON,
Stationers' Hall, No. 54 Camp street, and No. 8 Bank Place, [illegible] Banking House.

A Valuable Country Newspaper for Sale.

THE proprietor being anxious to leave the State, to engage in another vocation, offers for sale his Newspaper Establishment, Debts, Income, &c. It is doing a successful and lucrative business, and has been established many years. An examination of his books can at glance at the paper itself, would give an idea of its value. Terms very liberal.
For further particulars, apply at this office.

WINE—[illegible] casks Claret, [illegible] and St. Jean Medoc; 15 do do Bayon Margaux; 10 do do 5 Jean [illegible] cases Claret, assorted, [illegible] do superior Port Wine; 25 do do Sherry; 20 do White Wine, Haut Sauterne; 12 casks do do; 20 baskets Champagne, Blue Angels, quarts; 10 do do do pints; for sale by E. ROCHEREAU & CO., 17 & 19 St. Louis st.

BRANDIES—20 qr pipes J. B. Godard, Th. Godard & Co. and 200 P. Godard; 20 qr pipes Castillon, 1815 and 1825; 15 qr pipes A. Lagrange & Co.; 20 qr pipes Sonnac 1844; 10 qr and 25 eighth pipes Henry Baron & Co., fine Champagne; 30 qr pipes D. & C. Reynebey; [illegible] qr and 10 eighth pipes Magnol & Aiteau; 15 qr pipes A. Seignette & Co.; [illegible] qr and 10 eighth pipes A. [illegible] & Co.; 10 eighth pipes Cha. Riviere & Co.; 12 qr pipes A. Lavannes, 15 qr and 30 eighth pipes A Camus; 5 hf, 10 qr and 25 eighth pipes G. V. Bernard & Co.; 12 qr pipes Henry Baron & Co., 7 qr pipes E. Lompey. For sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 17 & 19 St. Louis street.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, having withdrawn from the business, has ceded to Mr. J. CAHAUX his establishment for the manufacture of Cordials and Syrups, and respectfully begs of his friends and the public generally, for his successor, the same patronage with which he has been favored.
Persons owing him, as well as his creditors, are requested to call without delay and settle.
F. ROUSSEL, No. 48 Old Levee st.

For Sale or Hire.

A black girl, good cook and washerwoman, and a black boy who is a first rate workman, both guaranteed. Inquire of F. ROUSSEL, No. 48 Old Levee.

Opelousas Railroad Ferry.

FERRIAGE for Algiers Depot will hereafter be received on Tuesdays and Thursdays, at the Ferry Landing, foot of St. Ann street.
J. H. CALDWELL & CO.

THE COPARTNERSHIP between the undersigned, in the name of J. B. Freau & Co., expired this day by limitation.
J. B. FREAU.
AD. COUTURIE.
TH. CAPITAINE.
New Orleans, June 30, 1855.

TH. CAPITAINE, Esq., having withdrawn from the firm of J. B. FREAU & Co., the affairs of said concern will be liquidated by the undersigned, who will continue the same business as their old stand, under the name and style of FREAU & COUTURIE.
J. B. FREAU.
AD. COUTURIE.
New Orleans, July 2, 1855.

The undersigned will [illegible] for his own account a General Commission and French Importing business, in the [illegible], after retiring from a temporary [illegible].
TH. CAPITAINE.
New Orleans, July 2, 1855.

For Rent.

THE house of store No. 48 Levee street, from July 1st to 1st October. Apply to [illegible] 48 Old Levee st.

Photography.

RECEIVED per ship [illegible], from Havre: [illegible] various articles for Photographs, superior and as cheap as can be wished. For sale at moderate prices, by EDOUARD GUILLOT, No. 148 Royal st., between Toulouse and St. Louis.

For Sale.

AN IRON SAFE—Fire and thief-proof, by DONNELLY, BEZZINA & CO., 66 Tchoupitoulas street.

House to Rent—For the Season—at Bayou St. John.

THE DWELLING HOUSE No. 24 St. [illegible] Bayou Road. For further particulars, inquire of QUETREUZE & LANGSDORFF, 13 and 15 St. Louis st.

To Pastry Cooks.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY—A good Pastry Cook, having good recommendations. Apply to [illegible] [illegible], 44 Old Levee.

Tinner Wanted.

A WELL qualified, steady Tinner, who is a good workman and competent to act as foreman [illegible], in this city, may hear of an advantageous situation by calling at No. 46 Tchoupitoulas street, corner of Natchez alley.

Second Hand Press.

FOR SALE—A Second Hand Napier's Small Cylinder Press, bed 36 by 21 inches. Is complete, with rollers, fly wheel, &c. Apply at the office of the Bee.

Residence for sale at Bay St. Louis.

ONE LOT of ground with the two story house [illegible] thereon, proper for [illegible] and a [illegible] presently occupied by the bakery of [illegible] Brognon, with lease.

One lot of ground with residence and [illegible] now occupied by the drug store of Mr. Bodenwehl, with lease.

For further particulars apply to Mr. Meunet, Bay St. Louis, or to F. GALLIER, 27 Conde st.

Address Dr. J. LLADO, Druggist, 37 Conti st.
New Orleans.

SMOKED HERRINGS—[illegible] boxes extra smoked, for sale low, to close, by J. H. MARKS & CO., 76 Magazine st.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

200 BALES Corks, Corks, Corks. Bales of Bode or Fine Water Corks, for sale in lots to suit purchasers, by HENRY BULL & MAYER, 40 Beaver street New York.

MACHINISTS' TOOLS,

Manufacturers, Mechanics and Railroad Supplies, Locomotive and Stationary Engines, Steam Boilers, Belting, Cotton and Woolen Machinery, Water Wheels, Pumps, Blowers, &c.
FOSTER & LEACH, 36 Broadway, New York, Selling Agents of the LAWRENCE MACHINE SHOP.

F. Brown's Essence of Jamaica Ginger.

THIS ESSENCE is a preparation of unusual excellence. In ordinary diarrhœa, incipient cholera, in short, in all cases of prostration of the digestive functions, it is of inestimable value. During the prevalence of epidemic cholera and summer complaints of children, it is peculiarly efficacious; no family, individual, or traveler, should be without it.
CAUTION.—Be sure to get the genuine essence, which is prepared only by F. Brown, at his Drug and Chemical Store, N. E. Corner of Fifth and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, and for sale by all the respectable Apothecaries in the United States, and in New Orleans, by J. Wright & Co., Sickles & Co., G. M. Morrison, T. S. Mitchell, H. Bonnabel.

Dr. Cohen

Will attend exclusively to the treatment and care of **Paralytic Patients,**

and earnestly requests those who are unfortunately afflicted with the disease to apply to him at No. 1 Daymon's New Carondelet street, between Poydras and Navis streets. Office hours, from 9 to 11 o'clock, A. M.

BELLEFONTAINE, P. O.,
Choctaw Co., Miss., July 3d, 1855.

DR. COHEN,

DEAR SIR:—I promised you when in New Orleans, that on my returning home in a few weeks, to give you some information about myself, and the result of your treatment of my paralyzed side. You know that I was greatly improved before I left New Orleans, I have attended strictly to your instructions, I am now well, with the exception of a slight numbness in my arm and leg, which is doing pretty well, when we consider the state I was in before you treated me; but I have no doubt that in the course of a few months this numbness will also leave me both entirely well.

In the course of a few weeks, a Mrs. Ingraham, who has been afflicted for six years, will go to New Orleans to see you.

You can, if you wish, publish the following certificate from Your friend,
GEORGE W. ADAMS.

CHOCTAW COUNTY, Miss.—This is to certify that I, the undersigned, was violently attacked in January of 1853, in Franklin County, Miss., with a paralytic stroke, which confined me to bed some three months and from that time until January last, I had lost the use of my right side. In February last I met Dr. Cohen in Baton Rouge, who promised, if I would come to New Orleans, to improve my condition, as he did not cure me altogether. I did go to New Orleans, and Dr. Cohen applied his remedies three times a week, and after a few applications a slight improvement was apparent, and I continued gradually improving until such time as I was obliged to return home, in the latter part of May. I took with me his remedies, and had them carefully administered, and I am now nearly well, with the exception of a little numbness in the arm and leg, and have within three few days been enabled (as this will show) to use a pen without trouble.
GEORGE W. ADAMS.

New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Express.

A DAILY EXPRESS is now established on the Opelousas Railroad, between New Orleans and Bayou Lafourche, connecting in New Orleans with "The Adams Express" for all the principal cities and towns in the North and West, and at Bayou Lafourche with

HOLDEN'S STAGES AND EXPRESS WAGONS for Thibodaux, Houma, Tigerville, Berwick's Bay, Pattersonville, Centerville, Franklin, New Iberia, St. Martinsville, Washington and Opelousas.

Specie, Jewelry, Valuables and Merchandise of every description forwarded and delivered properly. Notes, Drafts, Bills, &c., collected, and all orders attended to punctually.

Each EXPRESS in charge of Special Messengers. All Merchandise or Orders from New Orleans or the Interior must be left at the office before 6 P. M. the day previous to departure. Orders left at Joseph Barbe's, 120 Old Levee street, will receive prompt attention.

EXPRESS leaves Adams & Co's office, 86 Camp street, daily at 7 A. M. Returning, leaves Franklin, Houma, Thibodaux, at 1 P. M., and Bayou Lafourche at 2 P. M.

RAILROAD AND CITY BAGGAGE EXPRESS

☞ In connection with the above, there is an EXPRESS for the transportation of Baggage to any part of the city of New Orleans, so that passengers giving their names and check to the Express Messenger, can have their baggage delivered as directed, with promptness and despatch.
STARKE & ADAMS, Office 86 Camp st.

New Orleans Savings Institution,

Office, No. 61 Camp street,

Incorporated under act of Legislature on 15th March, 1855.

THE OFFICE of this Institution will be opened for the reception of Deposits every morning, (Sundays excepted) from 9 to 2 o'clock, and on Saturday evenings from 5 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits of One Dollar and upwards will be received.

The employment of the funds is strictly limited by the Act of Incorporation to the public debts of the United States, of the State of Louisiana, and of the city of New Orleans.

Loans upon mortgage of unencumbered and improved Real Estate within the limits of the city of New Orleans, not exceeding 50 per cent. of the appraised cash value.

Loans upon Pledge of the stock of the Incorporated Banks in New Orleans, not exceeding 60 per cent. of the market value.

All interest or profit derived from the employment of the funds is to be distributed semi-annually among the Depositors.

No Trustee can directly or indirectly borrow any of the funds, or receive any pay or emolument whatever.

Certificates of deposit bearing interest at a rate to be agreed upon, will be issued for sums not less than $1000 deposited for a specified time.

TRUSTEES.
George Eustis, A. D. Kelly, William Vogel,
J. A. Barker, Geo. Urquhart, R. B. Sumner,
G. C. Duncan, H. Kenny, Geo. Jonas,
William Bogart, P. H. Wood, Thos. J. Clark,
Thos. A. Adams, E. A. Bradford, D. D. Withers.
W. H. Mercer, President,
A. D. Kelly, } Vice Presidents.
Wm. Vogel, }
R. B. Sumner,
D. D. Withers, Treasurer.

N. B.—Copies of the Act of Incorporation and By-laws can be obtained at the office.

Lion & Pinsard,
66 & 68 Royal Street, cor. Bienville.

JUST received from France, via the North, an assortment of fresh Goods, comprising in part:
Fans of all descriptions;
Jet bracelets, necklaces crosses brooches, breastpins;
Powder boxes and flasks, pine apple form;
Porte monnaies, small purses, porte of cigar cases;
Wax tapers, twist, wax-tacks, braided bats and rosters;
Drawing room pistols (Monte Christo);
Monte Christo Rifles, new form;
Powder, board, board and tooth brushes;
Hair, &c., a fine assortment of comb [illegible]
Lamps, (moderateur,) from $6 complete.
Lamp sets, from $12 complete.
Fine and ordinary sponges, at very moderate prices.
—ALSO—
Perfumery, a fresh assortment, French,
Gentlemen's linen shirts, cotton do, with linen bosoms, all cotton and colored do, Mosquetaire shirts;
Thread cotton hose, French thread, Persian thread do, colored, brown, bleached, striped and plain hose;
Drawers—a large assortment of linen, cotton, silk, flannel, merino, &c., drawers;
Undershirts of all descriptions;
Umbrellas and Parasols, all descriptions;
Black and fancy cravats, square cuts, high Parisian fashion;
Linen and cotton shirt bosoms;
Linen, half linen and cotton sleeves and false collars.
CONSTANTLY IN STORE
A very extensive assortment of fishing articles;
Fine and common Jewelry;
American and French weapons;
Chinaware and crystals;
Fine French perfumery, from the best houses;
Hosiery, all descriptions;
Gentlemen's and children's shirts;
Ladies' embroidered chemises;
Bullet and lead cups, for Flobert's weapons;
Children's cabs and carriages.
LION & PINSARD, 66 and 68 Royal st., corner Bienville.

Upholstery, Royal street, No. 165.

JUST received, an immense assortment of PAPER HANGING, remarkable for their unsurpassed beauty and style, from the best houses in Paris. The selection of the undersigned with the manufacturers enables him to offer to the public, at the lowest prices, the finest assortment ever imported in New Orleans.
Chimney boards, new subjects, all sizes; rich and common bed tapes, all colors.
Plain, satin, red, blue, white, green, rose, &c., paper, for above uses.
White and plain satin striped paper, for ceiling.
Black, marble, granite, agathe, old oak, &c., paper.
Landscape papers, all colors, for dining rooms, stairs, &c.
A splendid assortment of gilt paper, at a great reduction.
☞ Skillful workmen are attached to the establishment, and orders will be punctually attended to.
To arrive, by next steamer: A considerable amount of French looking-glasses, richly ornamented, and of all sizes.
Paysbon for toilets, Pompadour style, Louis XV., Renaissance, Empress.
G. DUPUY, 165 Royal st., between Conti and St. Louis sts.

IN STORE—[illegible] casks Philadelphia crushed Coal, for sale by X. LAMBERT, No. 62 Magazine st.

COGNAC—
[illegible] various brands, 2d proof;
[illegible] Edmond Jaulin, pale 4th proof;
10 do old Cognac;
10 do do superior, for sale
by X. LAMBERT, No. 62 Magazine st.

Fruits in Juice.

[illegible] boxes Strawberries in juice, "Jh. Pessonneau," landing ex ship Horatio, from Bordeaux, for sale by FREAU & COUTURIE, 31 and 33 Conti street.

CHAMPAGNE.—Received per ship Trumbull, from New York—
100 baskets Champagne, Piper Heidsieck, quarts and pints, for sale by J. B. CURIEN, 29 Toulouse st.

LANDING ex ship Horatio, from Havre;
[illegible] casks St. Julien Claret;
[illegible] do Haut Sauterne White Wine;
[illegible] bbls do. do. do.
For sale by J. B. CURIEN, Toulouse street No. 29.

HAVANA CIGARS.—The undersigned offer for sale an excellent assortment of Havana Cigars, guaranteed direct importation, of every desirable quality, and consisting in part of the following choice brands—Partagas, Figaro, Cervantes, Caprichos, Kanoma, Cabana, Imperialidad, Ricatona, Washington, El cool, El Optimo, Lo Voz, Espanola, Cruz de, Niculas, &c. &c.—in store and for sale by MORENO BROS., 24 Old Levee.

THE undersigned having shortly been Orleans, informs the city and country trade that he will sell at a great reduction the balance of his stock, so as to offer to his customers, in autumn next, none but fresh and entirely new articles. His stock comprises chiefly mercery, hosiery, artificial flowers, embroideries, linen cambric handkerchiefs, braids and plain ribbons, gloves and mits, foulards and cravats, combs, &c. And also silk and cotton umbrellas.
J. BOULENGER,
No. 169 Chartres street, up stairs, between Conti and St. Louis.

CASTOR OIL—5 bbls castor oil landing, for sale by W. F. VREDENBURGH & CO., 75 Tchoupitoulas st.

RICE—90 casks strictly prime Rice, for sale by H. McGUENS, 31 Common st.

DAILY expected per Steamship [illegible] boxes abeyance, brand Ed. Pernod, for sale by J. B. CURIEN, 29 Toulouse st.

BACON—[illegible] casks clear and ribbed clear [illegible] Shoulders, choice Cincinnati cured Hams, for sale by JOSEPH LABIE & CO., 36 Tchoupitoulas st.

ALMONDS—Soft and hard shell, in store and for sale by MORENO BROS., 4 Old Levee st.

CHAMPAGNE—To close consignment—[illegible] baskets Creme de Bouzy, brand Joseph Barrier, for sale by A. COUTIN, 13 Bienville st.

U. S. MAIL PACKET.—New Orleans, Port Hudson, Waterloo and Coast Packet. The passenger steamer NEW LATONA, Emile Gross, master, will leave her wharf for Bayou Sara every FRIDAY at 8 o'clock A. M.; for Port Hudson every MONDAY, at 5 o'clock, P. M. Returning leaves Bayou Sara every Saturday, after the railroad cars; Port Hudson every Tuesday, at 10 o'clock, P. M.

☞ A receiving clerk will be always on the Levee, foot of Bienville street, to receive freight.—There is a sign on the wharf.

Steam Engines, Stationary or Portable.

THE undersigned, agents of Messrs. J. D. C. Carpenter & Co., of Springfield, Massachusetts, are prepared to receive orders for their engines of 4 to 30 horse power. Their superiority and compactness are fully demonstrated by the certificate of Messrs. Ames & Co., of Chicopee, in their possession.
Prices from $500 to $2750.
Engine alone, or with boilers, &c., &c., complete.
Orders solicited for the above and for Circular Saw Mills, Portable Grist Mills, &c.
TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO., 87 Old Levee.

CHEAP GOODS!

54......CHARTRES STREET......54
Between Customhouse and Bienville streets.

MRS. WIDOW HENRY, desirous of liquidating the business of the firm Bonnet, Pryor & Co., offers all her goods at extremely reduced prices.
☞ Sale will be made for cash.

PAPER HANGING, New Style.

DELCROIX.

106......CHARTRES STREET......106

RECEIVED by late arrivals, several splendid invoices of PAPER HANGINGS, latest patterns.
The extensive assortment received by this house affords to purchasers all desirable descriptions, from plain to rich satin, velvet and gilt paper bordering, to mention, which being too long, the public are respectfully invited to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Mr. Delcroix will neglect nothing calculated to secure the patronage with which he has been heretofore honored.
DELCROIX, No. 106 Chartres street.

LANDING ex ship Horatio, from Bordeaux—60 casks Red Wine; 200 boxes do do C. C. 1841, '45, '46 and '48; 24 do White Wine Persac, 1847. For sale by L. F. MAXENT, 30 Toulouse st.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c., &c.
No. 6 Chartres street.
F. RODARIE

OFFERS at his establishment a fine assortment of Watches, Jewelry, &c. The articles in store having been purchased at auction, will be sold low for cash. Call and examine prices.
☞ Watches and jewelry repaired, diamonds reset.
Having engaged Mr. JOSEPH FEYTEL to attend to the watch department, all repairs will be fully guaranteed.
WM. SALOMON informs his friends that he can be found at the above establishment.

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR WATSON

HAS removed his office to No. 115 CUSTOMHOUSE street, between Burgundy and Dauphine streets.

This office was established in 1835 for the exclusive treatment of Syphilitic Complaints, impurities of the Blood, Venereal Diseases, Debility and also Uterine Diseases.

It may be proper to add, that the Doctor is a Graduate of a very distinguished European University, duly licensed to practice in this State; and from frequent intercourse with Europe, is conversant with all the recent improvements in these particular branches, (exclusive of his experience) that he is able to effect a radical cure in a shorter space of time than most other physicians.

Stricture treated on the most approved principles.

G. F. DELAMARE respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he has sold his establishment to Mr F. A. LETOURNEUR, whom he recommends to their kind patronage.

P. A. LETOURNEUR,
Successor to G. F. Delamare,
No. 55 Customhouse street,

MANUFACTURES zinc, lead, copper, tin and brass works of all descriptions, for buildings, fine household utensils, bathing tubs and buckets of all forms, pipes and covers, fine double wood bathing tubs, lead and shower bath do, pipe cisterns, lead for water pipes, etc., distillers' copper apparatus and pluming [illegible].

Manufacture of water cisterns, a new system.

Mr. Letourneur informs persons wishing to have CLEAR WATER, that he has discovered a new filter, yielding 20 gallons per hour, most of them, working for six months, at home, with [illegible] paid. This apparatus needs no repairs, (there only being, for six months, at home [illegible]). The public are invited to call and examine [illegible] of the water.

ORLEANS INSURANCE STOCK—[illegible] by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 35 Common st.

CASH WARRANTS—Bought by GEORGE GOTTSCHALK, 35 Common street.

LAND WARRANTS bought by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 35 Common st.

OLD UNION BANK STOCK WANTED by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 35 Common st.

RAIL ROAD TAX RECEIPTS bought by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 35 Common st.

CITIZENS BANK MORTGAGE STOCK wanted by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 35 Common st.

F. FAZENDE & SON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
WESTERN PRODUCE,
And Agents for the sale of Derbigny's Louisiana Rum,
99......OLD LEVEE STREET......99
Between Bienville and Customhouse sts., New Orleans.

☞ Planters, Commission Merchants, Captains and Ship Agents will always find there a general assortment of FAMILY, PLANTATION AND SHIP STORE SUPPLIES, such as Pork, Beef, Flour, Bacon Sides and Shoulders, Bulk Meat, Hams, Whiskey, Potatoes, Beans, Salt, Mackerel, Corn, Peas, &c.
☞ Orders put up at the lowest terms for cash.

Plantation, Family and Ship Store Provisions.

PORK—500 bbls Mess Prime, M. O. Rumps and Jowles.
BEEF—50 bbls Mess and Prime, in whole or half bbls, to suit the convenience of purchasers.
HAMS—50 tierces sugar cured.
BACON—15 casks Shoulders, Hams and Sides.
LARD—100 bbls and kegs, choice article.
WHISKEY, Flour, Potatoes, Mackerel, and always on hand the D. S. T. Louisiana Rum.
F. FAZENDE & SON.

Furniture Store.
GROSSEAU & GENETEAU,
Bienville St., No. 36, corner of Exchange Alley,

HAVE constantly on hand a full and complete assortment of Furniture of all descriptions, from the best Northern and Western manufacturers, such as bedsteads, bureaus, armoires, do. with glass, mahogany and rosewood do., tables of all sizes, sofas, lounges, parlor and bed room rosewood and oak furniture, cottage do., hair and moss mattresses and other, mattings and carpets, &c., &c.
Furniture repaired and exchanged, and tables and chairs to rent for soirees and parties.

THE undersigned having been appointed Depositary in this city of a number of the many Patented Medicines which have been in high repute [illegible] country in France and the rest of Europe, calls the attention of Physicians, Druggists, country merchants and the public in general to his extensive stock of European Manufactured

Chemicals,

Extracts,

Special Medicines,

Perfumery, etc., etc.

He is now receiving per ship Celebes, from Havre, Labelonye's Syrup of Digitalis; Quevenne's Syrup of Iron; [illegible] Iodides; Aconite, Digitalis, Atropine, Elaterium, Cantharides; Hatchett's Magnesia; Mineral Water, Galenic [illegible] Antimony, Crystalline Quinine, Gentianine, [illegible], Caffein [illegible] of Iron, Bismuth, [illegible] Chloride of Gold and Oxide of Silver; Arseniate of Iron, Soda and Potassium; Citrate, Lactate and Iodide of Iron and Manganese, etc., etc., and all the rarest and most recently discovered

CHEMICALS.

Meynard's Pyrophosphate of Iron Pills;
Quevenne's Granules of Digitaline; Santonine, Codeine, Colchicine, Atropine, etc., etc.;
G. Seguin's Wine of Peruvian Bark, compound;
Boyveau-Laffecteur's Rob Depuratif;
Dr. Rollier's Boudonici Mixed Powder and Lozenges;
Antiscorbutic Syrup of Labarraque;
Delangrenier's Arabian Racahout Nutritive Powder;
Laroze's Syrup of Bitter Orange Peel;
Dr. Petrequin's Ferro-Manganic Preparations;
Dr. Partal's Anti-scorbutic Syrups;
Cabri's Iodide of Iron Oil and sugar-coated Pills;
Bronchial and Pagliari's Hemostatic Waters;
Liquid Ferruginous of Iron;
Guerlain's [illegible] and triple distilled Orange Flower, Rose and Cherry Laurel Waters;
Oils of Hyoscyamus, Laurel, Cade, Cajeput and Narcotic.

Only depot of the VERMIFUGE SYRUP, and of the Syrup and Extract of VERBENA BRASILIANSIS, a specific against yellow fever and all pernicious fevers in general.

Hungarian Leeches always on hand.

CHOICE PERFUMERY.
E. E. MOUGIN,
Druggist and Apothecary,
corner Burgundy and Customhouse sts.

TO PLANTERS AND COOPERS.

MOLASSES BARRELS—MOLASSES BARRELS

THE undersigned are prepared to sell to Planters and Coopers, patented stave-dressing Machines, fully guaranteed. The economy of labor and consequent reduction of cost in the manufacturing of Molasses Barrels and Sugar Hogsheads, resulting from the neat and very simple invention have been satisfactorily ascertained on the plantation of Colbeit Villers, Esq.

The machines can be seen in operation by applying to CAMPBELL & MCKARTY, 66 Gravier street.

Or on the premises, at Charles Lafitte's Stave-Yard, corner Celeste and Levee streets, First District.

PER brig Samuel J. Peters, from Havana, landing and for sale by the undersigned—
[illegible] boxes white Sugar, 12,000 Cigars, Media Regalia, Globe, Washington, Peruvians, &c.
Also on hand—300 boxes yellow Sugar; 400,000 Cigars of the most favorite brands such as Cabanas, Partagas, Intimidad, Consuelo, &c.
S. DE VERGES & CO., 74 Magazine st.

IN STORE—
150 casks good Common Claret;
25 do half fine, family do;
21 do old do do;
30 do Haut Sauterne White Wine;
[illegible] do do do;
[illegible] boxes Claret, various brands;
25 do old White Wine;
20 do Vermouth, Absinthe & Oil;
47 do Absinth and Kirschwasser, Peruvian and Bruneton, for sale by X. LAMBERT, No. 62 Magazine st.

RAISINS—400 packages superior Layer Raisins, for sale by PATERS, MILLAR & CO., corner Bienville and Old Levee sts.

CABANAS CIGARETTES—Cigarettes of the celebrated brand Cabanas, in boxes of one hundred packages, at different prices. For sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 36 Old Levee, Between Customhouse and Bienville sts.

LANDING ex ship Wurtemberg, from Havre, 6 packages ABSYNTH. For sale by JOSEPH LABATA, 11 Jefferson and 12 Toulouse sts.

IN Customhouse stores, subject to drawback—30 pipes Cologne Wine, 5 casks do do, 20 quarter pipes Cognac, do Brice; 30 eighth do do; for sale by JOSEPH LABATA, 11 Jefferson and 12 Toulouse sts.

OPELOUSAS LEATHER—80 sides, [illegible] C; 9 do B D; 7 do H S, in store and for sale in lots to suit, by BLANCHIN & CRAUGEY, 60 Old Levee.

LANDING and for sale—[illegible] cases St. Julien; 100 do Lafitte; [illegible] Yquem, [illegible], 40 cases Extrait, Y & L; [illegible] do Chateau; 100 baskets Anchor Champagne; 80 do Cordon Bleu; 150 do Cordon Vert; 10 cases Madeira, half boxes. SOUTHERNE THOMAS, 9 Gravier st.

DR. V. BURG'S [illegible] Pessaries, for sale by EDOUARD GUILLOT, Depositary, Royal street, No. 148, between Toulouse and St. Louis streets.

To Planters.

400 BBLS Mess and M. O. Pork,
200 bbls Prime do do;
120 do Jole do;
20 do Rump do;
150 do Mess, Prime and M. O. Beef
30 bags prime choice Lard;
80 tierces extra sugar cured Hams;
30 bbls Andrews' extra Whisky;
30 casks Bacon Sides, [illegible];
[illegible] bbls Boston Pumpkin [illegible].
For sale by [illegible]