FOR ST. MARTINS [illegible] AND [illegible] Ports.

The [illegible] PRUDHOMME, Captain [illegible], will be [illegible] for the above places on Wednesday the [illegible] at 12 o'clock, m., for freight or passage, having [illegible] on board or to

may 15 HENRY DURIVE & CO, No. 38, New Levee street.

FOR LOUISVILLE.

The fast running steam boat **LAFOURCHE**, MOORHEAD, master, having part of her cargo ready to go on board, will have despatch for the remainder of freight or passage, having a very spacious cabin, apply on board or to

may 14 TOURNE & BECKWITH, 15 New Levee.

FOR CINCINNATI.

The fast running steamer **SEVENTY-SIX**, capt. GORSUCH, has part of her cargo engaged and will have immediate despatch as above. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply on board, or to

may 14 YORKE, MACALESTER & CO.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The A. 1 ship **HELLESPONT**, capt. PRATT, will sail for the above port about the 20th current, and can take 60 bales cotton on deck and accommodate several passengers. Apply on board, or to

may 15 LINCOLN & GREEN.

FOR NEW YORK—Packet of the 20th May.

Louisiana and New York Line.

The new and elegant ship **NATCHEZ**, capt. REED, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply on board, opposite the vegetable market, or to FOSTER & HUTTON,

may 14 77 Canal st.

FOR LIVERPOOL. The A. 1 copper-fastened and copper fastened ship **EMPIRE**, A. O. BAKER master, will have quick despatch for the above port; for freight of 300 bales cotton apply to

m 12 I. OGDEN & CO. No 59 Canal st.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The fast sailing A. 1 ship **MARY AND SUSAN**, Capt. PIERCE, will sail about the 18th instant, and can handsomely accommodate several passengers; also take 50 or 60 bales cotton on deck. Apply on board or to

(m 12) LINCOLN & GREEN.

FOR HAVRE. The copper and copper fastened ship **DUBLIN PACKET**; SAMUEL W. M'PHERSON, master, having the greatest part of her cargo engaged, will meet with early dispatch. For freight of 200 bales cotton, or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to

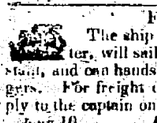
m 11 I. OGDEN & CO.

FOR NEW YORK.—*(to sail 15th inst.)*

The ship **ATTICUS**, Capt. MARTIN, is in want of the bulk of 300 bales to complete her cargo, and will sail on the 15th. For freight or passage apply to THAYER, HURD & CO.,

may 12 29 Magazine st.

FOR HAVRE.



The ship **BOLIVAR**, A. WELCH, master, will sail for the above port on the 22d inst., and can handsomely accommodate a few passengers. For freight of 200 bales cotton or passage, apply to the captain on board, or to

may 10 A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

FOR BOSTON.

The fine brig **ELVIRA**, capt. GRACE, will be dispatched immediately. For freight or passage, having very good accommodations, apply to

may 10 WM. G. HEWES, No. 9, Camp-st.

FOR NEW YORK—The brig **ASPASIA**, is now at the Levee and requires some light freight to complete her loading, for which apply to the captain on board or to

m 10 J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.

FOR NEW YORK.

The packet ship **ILLINOIS**. In consequence of bad weather the sailing of this ship is postponed for a few days; for freight or passage, apply to WM. G. HEWES,

may 8 No 9, Camp st.

FOR NORFOLK OR RICHMOND, VA.

The new brig **AMIEL**, SMITH, master, requires part of a freight, for which, or passage, having good accommodations, apply to captain Smith, on board, opposite Conti street, or to

may 7 J. W ZACHARIE & CO.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.—The fast sailing brig **COMMERCE**, SNOW, master, having part of her cargo engaged will meet with immediate patch; for freight or passage apply to the captain on board, a few tiers above Conti street, or to

LAUVE & BENEDICT,

may 7 88 Common street.

FOR MOBILE—A PACKET.

The fast sailing new schooner **LOUISIANA**, A. SMITH, master, will have immediate despatch; for freight or passage apply on board, or to TOURNE & BECKWITH,

may 7 15 New Levee

A VESSEL WANTED.—5 to 700 bales cotton are ready for shipment to Portsmouth or Boston. The freight thereof will be given to a vessel now loading for either port. Apply to

may 7 THEODORE NICOLET & CO.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT OR CHARTER.—The sloop **SIGNAL**, capt. E. GRIFFIN, can then about 500 bbls. Apply to the captain on board, or THAYER, HURD & Co.

may 4 29 Magazine street.

FOR BOSTON.

The fast sailing copper'd brig **RUPEE**, Capt. FOQUE, having half her cargo engaged, will meet with dispatch; for freight of passage, having good accommodations, apply on board opposite post No. 61, or to STETSON & AVERY,

may 1 31 Camp st.

FOR LIVERPOOL—*(Passage only.)* The fast sailing ship **ANN PARRY**, captain KENNARD, can accommodate a few passengers having handsome accommodations, and will sail without delay. Apply to the captain on board, or to

ap 30 TH. NICOLET & CO.

FOR OMOA, *(Honduras.)*—The first class schooner **EXPRESS**, CAPT. GRANDEL, will depart for the above port on the 10th of May next; for freight or passage apply on board or to [ap 27] J. DUFOUR & DESBOIS.

FOR NEW YORK.

The fine fast sailing schooner **CAROLINE**, STANTON, master, having part of her cargo engaged, will meet with immediate despatch.—For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply on board, opposite Canal street, or to

TOURNE & BECKWITH,

ap 26 15 New Levee.

NATCHITOCHES
CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY.

10th Class for 1832,

To drawing will take place on Saturday, 19th of May 1832.

PRIZES.	DOLLARS.		DOLLARS
1 or	10,000	is	10,000
1 or	3,000	is	3,000
1 or	1,500	is	1,500
1 or	1,000	is	1,000
1 or	800	is	800
1 or	623	is	623
6 or	500	are	3,000
6 or	300		1,800
6 or	200		1,200
156 or	50		7,800
156 or	20		3,180
621 or	8		4,992
7800 or	4		31,200

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole Tickets..... $4 00
Halves..... 2 00
Quarters..... 1 00

J. B. FAGET, *Manager.*

may 7 No. 119, Chartres street.

THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY JEROME BAYON.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 15, 1832.

GOVERNOR,

J. B. DAWSON.

Criminal Court—The trial of Donnet, for the murder of a slave, occupied the attention of the court during the whole of yesterday. It was not till late in the evening the voluminous evidence adduced in behalf of the state and the accused was given in. The jury, after hearing most eloquent arguments from the council engaged, retired, and after a short absence returned inro court with the verdict of *not guilty.*

On Saturday, *Edmund Smith*, a free man of color, convicted of larceny, was sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of twelve, months, and pay the costs of prosecution.

Eliza Barbor, also convicted of possessing counterfeit bank notes, with the intention of passing them, was sentenced to two days solitary confinement, and two years imprisonment at hard labor with payment of costs.

John D. Martin, found guilty of having purchased and received stolen goods, knowing them to be such, was sentenced to an imprisonment at hard labor for one year, to restore the goods stolen, or to pay three hundred dollars, in default of which, to be imprisoned at hard labor, for a further term of one year.

The Tariff.—The secretary of the treasury transmitted to congress on the 27th ultimo, a report on the subject of the adjustment of the tariff of duties now imposed on various articles of imports, together with numerous other documents and statements. The report contemplates a revenue of twelve millions from duties on imports. The duties on wool and woollens, on iron and manufactures of iron, on hemp, on manufactures of cotton, on sugar, on salt, on tea, on coffee, and other articles, are proposed to be materially reduced. The reductions to take effect on the 4th of March, 1833.

We are indebted to a mercantile friend for a loan of Paris Journals to the 31st March, received by the *Catherine* at Mobile, from which we make the following hasty translations.

CHOLERA.—*Paris, March* 31.—Fifty-eight patients have been received at the hospital, of whom fifteen have died. There have been 22 deaths in the city with the same period. It is not, as yet, known how many cases have occurred in private establishments, but the necessary measures have been taken, to day, to ascertain all the places infected with the disease.—Nearly all those who have been attacked belong to the lower classes, who inhabit certain quarters of the city where the air is confined and consequently unhealthy. It seems that uncleanliness is the principal case of the mortality of the malady, and the government recommend, most strongly, the necessity of cleanliness. It strikes us that it is not sucffient to indicate the remedy, but that the government should furnish the poorer classes, so numerons in Paris, with clothes and proper aliments.

Paris, March 21, *half past* 4 *o'clock.*—To-day 14 new patients were sent to the Hospital Dieu; 1 to the Hospital Mecker, and three to that of the Pitié. During several days past the dilligence has been crowded with people anxious to quit the capital and to take refuge in the country, where they imagine they will be secure from the disease. The panic, however, is now decreasing; the cholera begins to furnish food for merriment.

The reports furnished to this morning, make the number of cases since the commencement of the malady in our city at 38, of which 4 have died out of 11 sent to the Hotel Dieu, 1 do, transferred to Haut Menon, and 2 from the passage Dauphine.

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

NEW YORK, May 1.—By the packet ship Canada, Captain Wilson, which arrived yesterday from Liverpool, we have our English files to the 31st March, inclusive. The contents of the papers are not of an interesting character.

Belgium and Holland—Count Orloff arrived in London on the 27th March. With regard to the intentions of the great powers towards those countries, the Courier of the 29th says—

We have the satisfaction of announcing that the ratification of the treaty of the conference by the emperor of Austria, which we have already stated to have been signed on the 14th instant at Vienna, arrived this morning in London, and is now ready to be exchanged with those of other ratifying powers. The ratification of Prussia is understood to have been in town for some time, with instructions to the embassador, Baron Bulow, to exchange it when the other four powers were prepared to ratify. As the emperor of Russia, although under peculiar ties to the king of the Netherlands; has released Austria and Prussia from any obligation not to ratify without him; we are confident that Prussia also will exchange ratifications on the 31st. The intentions of Count Orloff, as to Russia, are not yet known, but we have every reason to believe that his course will be perfectly satisfactory to the other great powers.

In relation to Italy, the London Courier of the 29th remarks:—The German papers of the 23d inst. which arrived this morning, state that there is every prospect of a speedy and satisfactory adjustment of the affair of Ancona. We now repeat upon the best possible authority, that arrangements are proceeding for the evacuation of papal Italy both by the French and Austrians, and that the pope will be compelled to ameliorate the condition of his subjects to such an extent as will reflect honor on the cabinets of Austria and France.

The Cholera.—London, March 29.—Remaining at last report, 212, new cases 91; died 45; recovered, 32; remaining, 226. Total cases, 1665; deaths 881.

LONDON, March 31:

The second reading of the reform bill was postponed last night, to Monday week, on the application of lord Wharncliffe, to suit the convenience of some noble lords, whose presence at the quarter sessions the first appointed day would have interfered with. The marquis of Loudonderry objected to the delay. We are glad to find that the noble marquis, anti-reformer as he be—has already declared himself an advocate for despatch.

The public will rejoice to perceive that Lord Gray spoke with some confidence as to the success of ministers on the second reading.

CONGRESS.—The Senate did not sit on Saturday, 28th ult.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Doddridge asked leave to introduce a resolution for the appointment of a committee to inquire into the expediency of changing the time of meeting of the next session of congress, to an earlier period than the first Monday in December. The leave was objected to, and a motion to suspend the rule, was negatived, Yeas 83, nays 51—two thirds being required. In consequence of the continued indisposition of the counsel, (Mr. Key,) the trial of General Houston was further postponed until this day half past 11 o'clock. The bill making appropriations for the support of government, for the year 1832, was taken up. A long and animated debate arose upon the proposition to concur with the committee of the whole, in their disagreement of the amendment of the Senate striking from the bill 9,000 dollars for an outfit for a minister to France. Messrs. M'Duffie, Wickliffe, E. Everett, Ingersoll, and Doddridge,—supported the amendment proposed by the Senate, and it was opposed by Messrs. Archer, Wayne, Drayton and Adams. The latter-gentleman called for the yeas and nays upon the question of concurring in the disagreement of the committee of the whole to said amendment, which was ordered, and were, yeas 102, nays 77. So the amendment proposed by the Senate was rejected. Without disposing of some other amendments to the bill, adopted by the Senate, the House, at five o'clock adjourned.

From the National Gazette.

TRIAL OF MRS. CHAPMAN AND MINA.

The late trials of Mrs. Chapman and Lino Amalio Espos y Mina reveal events scarcely equalled in the wildest romances. On the very day of his discharge from the penitentiary at Philadelphia, Mina appears at the residence of Mr. Chapman as a beggar, is admitted, creditted as the son of a Mexican grandee, taken into favor, wins the criminal affection of Mrs. C., plots the destruction of Mr. Chapman, espouses his widow nine days after his death, and in three months after his former wife large, [illegible] and [illegible] under the charge of [illegible] by [illegible]. The amiable character of Mina, the mystery in which the [illegible] shrouded, his extraordinary facility to deceive, even the most penetrating, his apparent enjoyment of the sufferings of others, the completeness with which he observes the direful effects of his wicked agency, and the contempt with which he seems to look on his own peril and pain, give a romantic aspect to an affair which we trust will never again be equalled in our country. These remarks have been called forth by the perusal of the report of the trial of Mrs. Chapman, prepared by Mr. Du Bois, and published by G. W. Mentz & Son. Drawn up with great care and particular skill, that report contains matter of the deepest interest to the lawyer, the physician and the general reader. Among the most striking points is that of the origination of the investigation which has just terminated in the sentence of death against Mina. A letter signed "Lafretin," addressed to Mina at Washington, taken out of that post office to trace Mina, who had been swindling, is sent to the police of Philadelphia. Thrown aside as of no authority, because anonymous, it is taken up by high constable Blaney, and exhibits to him this striking sentence:—"But no, Lino, when I pause for a moment, I am constrained to acknowledge that I do not believe that God will permit either you or me to be happy this side of the grave!" Now Mr. Blaney had been a printer, and printed for Mr. Chapman; knew Mrs. C.'s writing; thought all could not be right; and this led to the inquiry which has had such a dreadful issue.

——— Murder will rise,
Tho' all the world conceal it from men's eyes.

From his tomb, three months old, the body of poor Chapman issues, fresh as when interred, no vestige of poison lost, no traces of inflammation obscured.

Mina is seized in Boston just *one day* before his intended marriage to a niece of his wife; and another day would have placed in his hands a large sum of money procured by the basest fraud, and he would have carried off both his prizes to some South American country.

These romantic incidents give great interest to the very able speeches of the counsel on both sides of this curious case.

The entire emptiness of the stomach of Mr. Chapman rendered very difficult the detection of the poison, of which only a trace was left. But the symptoms during life, the examination of the body after death, and the chemical investigation taken together, furnished strong evidence of death by arsenic. These, together with the purchase of arsenic by Mina, and his confessions of guilt, left the jury in his case no alternative, and a verdict of guilty now rendered, decides the fate of a being, who, for his years, knows perhaps no equal in dissimulation, no parallel in crime, and no rival in recklessness. M.

The following specimen of American eloquence is taken from the address of that highly accomplished orator, Edward Everett, Esq. delivered before the American Institute, of the city of New York, at their fourth annual fair.

"Of what are these curious machines, instruments and fabrics composed? They are wrought from the lifeless elements that surround us; from the inanimate growth of the forest or the field; from the shapeless masses of the quarry and the mine; and from the spoils of inferior animals; iron, clay, wood, leather, cotton, wool; dull unorganized matter. It is this, which has been fashioned into machinery and enginery; and into various fabrics of ornament and use, which seem but little inferior to the mysterious organization of the living muscle, limbs and skin.

And whence are the power and skill, that have produced this new creation? What exalted spirit has endowed the lifeless stocks and stones with these wonderful properties? Who has gathered together the dry opaque sand and alkali, and transformed them into the beautiful medium, which excludes the air and admits the light; and cut and polished them into an artificial eye, which never aches nor grows dim, and which penetrates millions and millions of miles beyond the natural vision into the depths of the heavens, and, on the other hand, reveals the existence of whole orders of animated beings, that are born and live, and die within a drop of dew? What magician has touched the fibres of the cotton plant, the fleece of the sheep, the web of an unsightly worm, and converted into the most beautiful and costly tissues; and who, out of a few beams of wood and bars of iron, and pounds of lead, has constructed the all powerful engine, that diffuses knowledge over the earth, and speaks with a voice which is heard beyond mountains and oceans, and the lapse of ages.

This magician, this exalted spirit, this (may I say it without irreverence) this creator, is man—man, operating not with mystic power and fabled arts, but with the talents skilfully cultivated, with which he himself, fashioned as he is from the dust beneath his feet, is endowed by his creator. The philosopher's stone, which has converted these lifeless substances into food and clothing or the instruments of procuring it; the alchemy, which has transformed these rough and discordant elements into the comforts of human life, is the skill of rational man.

CHOLERA *long ago.*—A friend has put into our hands a work entitled *Percy Histories*, from which the following extracts are made. Our intelligent readers will know to contrast the state of the world in 1348, with that in 1832, and draw such conclusions as to do away the dread, which some people now a days indulge in. The *plague years* of old, have, by science, cleanliness, &c. been rendered almost harmless.—*N. Y. Gazette.*

EXTRACT.

"The year 1348 is disinguished by a dreadful pestilence which is said to have originated in India, and thence spread all over the globe. Historians relate, that it fell with so much force on London as scarcely to leave "a tenth person of all sorts alive." The ordinary cementaries were insufficient, and burial grounds were opened in several places beyond the walls of the city, where the dead were heaped in indiscriminate confusion. Fifty thousand persons perished in London alone. The years 1361 and 1369, were also plague years, but less fatal to London than that of 1407, when 30,000 were swept from the metropolis. The plague of 1449, though of short duration, only from September to November, was very destructive, but nothing equal to that of 1499–1500, when another 30,000 of the citizens of London were hurried to a premature death.—The king and court, taking the alarm, removed from place to place, and lastly to Calais, then belonging to England, in order to avoid the infection. In a former year, 1485, if we are to believe Hall, a sweating sickness killed two mayors and six aldermen in one week. The pestilence of 1513, 1525, and 1548, were also severe. During that in 1525, Michaelmas term was adjourned, and the king removed to Eltham, where he kept his christmas with so unusually small a court, that it was called the *Still Christmas.*

In the plague of 1563–1564, 20,000 persons died in London, and the lawyers suspended one term, and removed the sittings of another to Hereford castle, while in that of 1574, the city bankquet at Guildhall, at the installation of the new Lord Mayor was dispensed with by order of the queen. The plague of 1582, carried off nearly 7000 persons, and that of 1592, more than 11,000.

The sum allowed in the French Budget of the present year is, for secret expenses of the government, nearly a million of francs. On that head, we remark the following observations made in the chamber of deputies.

"M. Coulmann proposed a reduction of 100,000 fr., complaining at the same time of the large sums employed in secret police.

"The president of the council explained that this fund was not exclusively devoted to the payment of police operations. There were many services which could not be particularised, but which must be remunerated. With respect to pensions, he cited a remark made by Napoleon, that ever since Louis XIV., there had exeited a political bureau, the employment of which was to discover the foreign diplomatic arrangements. The same families had remained in hereditary possession of this office, the exact nature of their functions was unknown, but their education was completed at a great expense in the different capitals of Europe. They had a morality of their own. They disliked having recourse to an examination of private correspondence, but if they did open letters they revealed them in a manner which defied detection. This bureau had been suppressed under the administration of M. de la Ferronnys, but men who had passed their lives in political services which were then considered indispensable, could not be abandoned without some provision being made for them."

We have before us a letter from a young American physician, dated last month at Paris, in which he says "I was lately at Vienna, where, being on a visit to an eminent professor of physiology, I saw a dead case of Cholera Morbus, strongly marked, which in itself was worth going to Vienna to see. I handled it, to convince myself that it was not contagious."—*Philad. Gaz.*

Consulate of France at Valencia.—This instant am informed that the American ship Brilliant, Marshall, which left Cette on the 23d of last month, was driven on shore on the 28th, at two o'clock in the morning at Gadia. I am assured that her cargo belongs to Frenchmen, who were going to settle in Louisiana—the crew is saved, but the cargo is entirely lost, the natives having pillaged in the most scandalous manner every thing which the sea had spared.

STANZAS—BY JAMES O. BROOKS.

Life hath its sunshine: but the ray
Which flashes on its stormy wave,
Is but the beacon of decay,
A meteor gleaming o'er the grave,
And though its dawning hour is bright
With fancy's gayest coloring,
Yet o'er its cloud encumbered night
Dark rain flaps his raven wing.

Life hath its flow'rs, and what are they?
The buds of early love and truth,
Which spring and wither in a day.
The gems of warm confiding youth;
Alas, those buds decay and dye,
Ere ripened and matured in bloom;
Then in an hour behold them lie
Upon the still and lonely tomb.

Life hath its pang, of deepest thrill,
Thy sting, relentless memory!
Which wakes not, pierces not, until
The hour of joy hath ceased to be;
Then, when the heart is in its pall,
And cold affections gather o'er,
Thy mournful anthem doth recall
Bliss which hath died to bloom no more.

Life hath its blessings; but the storm
Sweeps like the desert wind in wrath,
To sear and blight the loveliest form
Which sports on earth's deceitful path.
Oh! soon the wild heart-broken wail,
So changed from youth's delightful tone,
Floats mournfully upon the gale,
When all is desolate and lone.

Life hath its hope; a fleeting dream,
A cankered flour, a setting sun,
Which casts a transitory gleam
Upon the even clouds of dun.
Pass but an hour—that dream hath fled,
The flowers on earth forsaken lie!
The sun hath set, whose lustre shed
A light upon the shaded sky.

Regular Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Peru, Hammond, Liverpool, — L H Gale
Schr Montaneta, Merillo, Havana, — J. Prats
Schr Stonington Stark, Charleston, — A Martin
Sloop New Orleans, Ashly, Charleston, — Tourne & Beckwith
Schr Emblem, Baker, Mobile, — Callender & Deblois

ARRIVED.

Steamer Shark, Howrin, fm the Passes; towed up ships Harriet and Crescent; both fm Havre, also schr Mary from Charleston—I left the bar Friday Sunday; reports the Grampus coming up with Philadelphia packet ship Chester, Storer, and ship Tuscany, Mayo. The Porpoise towing in a schr. and waiting a full tow to heave in sight. ☞ The Shark will leave again this evening, with bark Agues and Ann;

Ship Harriet, Scott, fm Hayre—sailed in co. with ship Splendid at Mobile—to the master; cargo, 110 passengers.

Ship Crescent, Rogers, Havre, (28th march,) with cargo to J A Merle & co; Grandchamps; J M Fortier; A Delpeuch; Quartier & Boutin; White & co.—134 pass. Extract—spoke on the 9th April, off the Western Islands ship Sarah Sheafe, Smith, fm Havre for Mobile, in long 27; and on the Bahama Banks brig Havana, Winslow, fm Portland for Havana.

Schr Mary, Perry. Charleston—cargo.
Br. barque Glasgow, Higgins, fm Carthagena, cargo.
Schr Felix, Martinez, Havana, cargo.
Schr Chas. King, House, fm Mobile, cargo.
Schr Magellan, Spicer, Apalachicola, cargo.
New steamer Whale, fm above the W. is destined for a tow boat.

Steamer Red Rover, Miller, fm Nashville, with cotton &c. to Cooper, Caruthers & co; J Hagan and co; Townsley, Prieur and co; Wallace, Lambeth and Pope; and others. 6 passengers.

Schr Magellan, Spicer, fm Apalachicola, cargo 117 bales cotton to G P and W C Bowers; 49 do E W Gregory; 36 do do etc to order. 6 passengers.

Schr. Felice, Martinez, from Havana—cargo, 558 bags coffee; fruit, etc. to W Thompson and co; J A Miller; and order. 8 passengers:

Brig Chas. Joseph, Congdon, from Havre, 28th March, in ballast; 128 passengers.

New steam tow boat Whale, L C Wood, from Marietta, ao freight.

Steamer Huntsville, Bradford, fm Waterloo, with cotton, flour and mdze. to M White; and others. 30 pass.

Steamer Nashville, Minor, from Nashville, with cotton, tobacco, etc. to N and J Dick and co; Cooper, Caruthers and co; Townsley, Prieur and co. 3 pass.

Steamer Red Rover, Miller, from Nashville, with tobacco and cotton to sundry consignees.

Steamer Sampson, Wallace, from Cincinnati—cargo, hams, pork, lard, flour, etc. to Yorke, Macalester and co; Haynes and Geddes; J Vairin; A L M Dimarin; R Wallace; J Martin. 58 passengers. *Extract*, 8th May, passed steamer Powhattan, bound down at Utica, met Philadelphia at Flint Island—9th Herald and Conveyance at Yellow Banks, passed the Constitution bound down at Evansville, met President at do, Kentuckian at Shawneetown, Hudson at Hurrican—10th passed new tow boat Whale at No. 10, met Louisiana at Randolph—11th met Tennessean at Helena, Feliciana at Horse Shoe Bend, Creole at Montgomery's Point—12th Walk in the Water at No. 161, Splendid at Petit Gulf—13th Caledonia and Monticello at Plaquemine.

MEMORANDUM.

Ship Cincinnati, Barstow, and schr Frederick, hence, at New York 1st inst.

Up at Liverpool, 28th March, ship Liberty, to sail soon.

Ship Helvetia, from this port, for Havre, spoken 11th ult. in lat. 30½, long. 79.

☞ The packet ship TALMA is discharging opposite Post No. 36. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods. may 15

AMERICAN THEATRE.

Last Week.

MR. AND MRS. MUZZY'S BENEFIT, on which occasion, Mr. Barton has kindly consented to appear as Werner. On Tuesday evening, May 15th, will be presented the tragedy of **WERNER;** *Or, The Inheritance*—by Lord Byron, adapted to the stage by McCready. Werner, Mr. Barton.

After which, the laughable farce of **RAISING THE WIND.** Jeremy Diddler, Mr. Caldwell.

A CARD.

MRS. CARR'S BENEFIT.—Among the numerous applicants for public favor, I take the liberty of soliciting a share of patronage for Wednesday evening next; and in presenting a bill of fare of the strongest cast, trust it will not be unworthy of their notice.

Mr. Barton on this occasion, has kindly volunteered his services, and the Tyrolese Minstrels have been engaged at a great expense; this, with a farce in which Mr. Caldwell and Miss Placide will appear, I sincerely hope will not pass unnoticed; the selection for the evening is **BELLE STRATAGEM,** and THREE WEEKS AFTER MARRIAGE.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, No. 6284, Wm. F. Courtenay, vs. The creditors of Boyden and Courtenay, and of Wm. F. Courtenay & Co. Parish court for the parish and city of New Orleans, present the honorable Charles Maurian, judge—May 14, 1832. Upon reading and filing the supplemental petition in this case, and for the reason therein set forth, and on motion of John Macredy, esq. of counsel for the insolvent: It is ordered that a meeting of the creditors of said insolvent take place at the office of Carlis Pollock, Esq. Notary Public, then and there to deliberate upon the affairs of said petitioner, and in the meantime all proceedings against his person and property are stayed. By order of the court,

F. BUISSON, Deputy Clerk.

Clerk's Office, May 14.

We are authorized to announce the following gentlemen as candidates for the state legislature at the approaching election:

B. Z. Canonge, Charles F. Dauney, Felix Labatut, W. F. Duplessis, Jos. M. Kennedy, E. A. Canon, Albert Hoa, Antonio Ducros, James Dixon.

Mr. Editor, A great number of your subscribers beg you to insert the following ticket in your Independent journal; it will receive the support of MANY ELECTORS.

Louis Allard, Levi Pierce, S. D. Dixon, John R. Grymes, Z. Canonge, J. M. Kennedy, B. Marigny.

Communicated.—The following gentlemen will be supported at the next election for representatives by a

STRONG PARTY.

Zepher Canonge, B. Marigny, F. Labatut, E. A. Canon, Antonias Ducros, Lewis Allard.

We are authorized to state that the following persons will be supported at the July election for representatives:

Z. Canonge, Wm. F. Duplessis, Albert Hoa, B. Marigny, Antonio Ducros, S. Dixon, F. Labatut.

Mr. Editor—A great number of your subscribers wish to announce in your paper, that the following ticket will be supported at the next election for representatives, by a number of electors.

Louis Allard, L. Pierce, S. D. Dixon, B. Marigny, J. R. Grymes, Z. Canonge, J. M Kennedy.

INDEPENDENT TICKET. *Mr Editor*—Be pleased to announce the following gentlemen as candidates for the state legislature, at the approaching election

A GREAT NUMBER OF VOTERS.

Z. Canonge, F. Labatut, Wm. F. Duplessis, B. Marigny, Antonio Ducros, Albert Hoa, C. F. Dauney.

RAVENS DUCK suited for awnings: for sale by (m 15) WM. G. HEWES 9 camp st

SUMMER RETREATS TO RENT.

Two Houses delightfully situated in the town of Madisonville, fronting on Tchefuncta river. Applie at No. 9 Camp st. may 15

COTTON sail Duck of Crook's celebrated manufacture, such as is used by the U. S. navy, constantly on hand, and for sale by

may 15 HARRISON, BROWN & CO.

SATURDAY next will be drawn the 10th class of the Catholic Church Lottery, capital prize 10,000 dollars. For lucky numbers apply at

FELTON'S

Lottery and Exchange Office; No. 11, St. Philip st, may 14

FOR sale by the subscribers, landing from brig Com. Barry, 4 cases Bologne Sausages; 3 do assorted French Locks; 2 bales large size Cotton Blankets, superior quality; 200 empty Demijohns Cork, &c. P. E. & O. SORBE, may 15 118 Royal st.

SEWING SILKS, SILK HOSE, &c.—4 cases white silk patent hose, superior quality; 2 do. do. do. embroidered do; 8 cases high coloured Sewing silks; suitable for Mexican markets, and entitled to drawback; for sale by P. E. & O. SORBE', may 35 118 Royal street.

PARIS

FANCY AND PERFUMERY STORE

(FALSE HAIR OF ALL KINDS,) BRUSHES, GLOVES, CANES, ETC ETC.

Corner of Chartres and Jefferson streets, No. 147.

THE subscriber has just received by the Bolivar, an assortment of very fresh Perfumery, consisting of Cream of bitter almonds, rose soap, almond do, otto of roses and jessamines, extract of Monseeline, Portugal violette, Lavender and other waters, Libon powder, and the Mucilage, recommended for changing the hair: Orient and Ceylon powder for the teeth, &c., superior powder, rose and jessamin scented, superior pomatum, &c. &c.

A general assortment of first quality BRUSHES, such as hair, tooth, coat, beard, skin, shaving, and many other kinds.

Also, gum elastic Suspenders, with gold and silver buckles, several dozen of gold, black and emanel Shirt Buttons, latest fashions,

An elegant assortment of **COMBS** and **FALSE HAIR**, of all kinds. He continues to manufacture all articles in his line. ☞ The above articles are of the latest fashions.

may 15 GAUTHIAC.

COURT OF PROBATES—*Sale by the Register of Wills*—On Friday the 15th of June, 1832, at 12 o'clock, I shall offer for sale at Hewlett's coffee house, for account of the estate of Wm. Ross:

Louise, a negress, aged about 35 years; John, her son, a negro boy of 14 years. Terms: 4 months credit in notes satisfactorily endorsed, with special mortgage.

By order of court.

may 15 M. BLACHE, Register.

WM. FAUCUILLE & CO., Upholsterers and Paper Hangers, No. 46, Customhouse street, inform the ladies and gentlemen of this city, that they are receiving direct from Paris, an elegant assortment of rich wall paper and bordering paper, velveted at the bottom; gold crimson paper, green do do, with their various borderings of velvet and gold crimson; also 600 fire place screens, a great assortment of drapings to decorate apartments, an article very handsome and scarce in the city. We are persuaded that this assortment, and what we expect in addition, to be received daily, that we will be able to gratify the wants and the taste of those who are in want of such articles.

IN STORE,

A very handsome assortment of fringe, silk tops, golden ornaments, mucheto netting, hair and moss matrasses, and a general assortment of everything usually kept in similar establishments.

Muscheto bars and carpets made to order. Canopies and other like articles repaired at moderate prices. m 14

PB LEAD, for sale by J. MAGER. may 14

LOST, by the subscriber, a certificate for twelve shares of stock in the Merchants' Insurance Company, No. 891. Whoever has found it is requested to leave it at the office of the company.

m 14 CUVELLIER.

BU F LOE ROBES, for sale by may 14 YORKE, MACALESTER & CO.

FOR SALE—To close a concern the substantial well built and copper fastened Schr. SPICA, about 18 months old, measures about 70 tons, has just been overhauled, and in complete order for sea; she will be sold an accommodating terms if immediate application is made to

TOURNE & BECKWITH, may 14 15 New Levee.

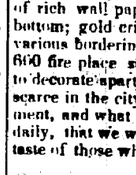
P. S. If not sold by the 20th inst. she will take a freight for New York.

BLACK TEA.—10 chests and 29 boxes of superior quality, received per ship Olympia, and for sale by (m 11) STETSON & AVERY.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK for sale by may 12 I. OGDEN & CO.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON for sale by m 12 I. OGDEN & CO., No. 59, Canal street.

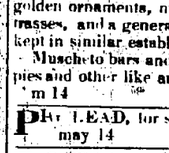
TEN DOLLARS REWARD.



Runaway from the residence of the subscriber, on the 28th ult., an American Mulatress, named JANE, aged about 22 or 24 years, about 5 feet 4 inches in height, long face and a film over one of her eyes. She speaks both English and French. The above reward will be given to lodge her in jail, or to bring her to her master's residence in Conde street, between St. Anne and Dumaine.

☞ Captains of steam boats, vessels, and other water craft, and all others are hereby cautioned not to harbor said slave under the severest penalties of the law.

may 8–15t GABRIEL JULIEN.



REMOVAL.

J. P. ROUGENEL, has removed his saddlery Warehouse from Conti street to Conde street, No. 28, near St. Anne street, where, as hitherto, he will use every exertion to give satisfaction. may 7—2m

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY ISAAC L. M'COY.

ON Wednesday, 16th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee house, will be sold the following Slaves, viz: Hannah aged 30 years, with 3 children, one about 5 years, one about 4 years, and one about 18 months old. The woman fully guaranteed.

Terms: 6 months credit, for approved endorsed paper, secured by mortgage until final payment. The act of sale to be passed before Wm. Boswell, esqr., notar; public, at the expense of the purchaser. may 15

BY H. J. DOMINGON.

ON Wednesday, 16th inst. at 4 o'clock, p. m. at the residence of Mr. Seignouret, Dumain street, between Levee and Conti, will be sold the moveable property belonging to the estate of Easter Dasie.

may 25 Terms cash.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

ON Tuesday the 22d inst. at the Exchange Coffee House, will be sold, 71 lots of ground, situated in Elkinsburgh, on the borders of Lake Pontchartrain, and nearly adjoining the site of fort St. John on the one side, and the entrance of the new canal into Lake Pontchartrain on the other. They measure each from 50 to 60 feet front, and of various depths, some equal to about 270 feet, as will more fully appear by the plan thereof, now exhibited at the Exchange; 47 of said lots front on Lake Ponchartrain, and will be sold with a right to the purchaser of all the additional ground which may be made or accumulate in front. Their situation renders them particularly desirable for gardens or country seats, bordering as they do on the lake, they possess a salubrity of air not to be found in any other section of the state. The lake itself affords a beautiful and constant supply of fish of every description; add to which the great and expensive improvements lately made on the basin road; the facility of constant and easy communication with the city, and their proximity to the entrance of the new canal into Lake Ponchartrain, cannot but add greatly to their value, and render them an object of investment, for small capitalists, as well as for those wealthy who may wish to live at their ease in retirement, and at the same time enjoy advantages, without any of the inconveniences of a city life. Terms: one fourth cash, and the balance in one year, secured by mortgage without endorsement.

may 14

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

ON Saturday the 19th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee house, will be sold, the following valuable property, consisting of a lot of ground, situated in Phillippa, St. Faubourg La Fayette, about 250 feet from the river, measuring 181 feet front, by 160 feet in depth. On the premises is a steam Grist Mill, in order, and now in operation, measuring 50 feet square; there are two run stones capable of grinding 300 bushels corn meal in 24 hours, also a mill for grinding both corn and cob, which will grind 200 bbls. per day; also, a kiln for kiln drying corn, and a large well for supplying the engine with water; a crib 60 by 24 feet which can contain 4000 bbls corn, a stable 200 feet in length, cooper's shop &c. The engine was made at Mr. Leed's foundary. Terms, $5000 cash, and the purchaser to assume the following payments, $1000 due on the 8th Jan., 1832, $1092 due on the 18th July, 1832, $275 due on the 23d December, 1832, $1000 due on the 18th July, 1832, and the balance of the purchase money payable at 6 and 12 months from the day of sale, approved endorsed paper. The seller will engage to lease the premises for a term of five years at $1000 per annum, taking the 6 and 12 months payments in lieu of the same