THE DAILY BEE
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SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 24, 1863.

New Orleans Bee.

Office 73 Chartres street. NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 24, 1863. Vol. XVII—New Series. Vol. XXVI—Whole No. 12,850.

Sales at Auction To-Day.

By the Sheriff, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, a family residence on Orleans street.

By D. E. Morphy, at 10 o'clock, in the Lower Room of Custom-house street, dry goods; at 10 o'clock, at No. 47 Magazine street, split peas; also, at 10½ o'clock, at the same place, onions.

By R. T. Keenan & Son, at 11 o'clock, at Post 25, Second District, lice, flour, butter, etc.

By T. Kenny & Son, at No. 73 Camp street, dry goods.

By M. Cerre & Landry, at 11 o'clock, at their mart, furniture.

By J. H. Cronin, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, valuable property.

Captain Oblinam, and Messrs. West and Hilliard, clerks of the steamer Florence, have our thanks for Cincinnati papers of the 14th, and the Memphis *Bulletin* of the 17th.

THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Those who were prevented by the weather from enjoying the performance of the Sanford Troupe last night, may now compensate themselves by attending their matinée, to come off to day, at noon.

VALUABLE FAMILY RESIDENCE ON ORLEANS STREET AT AUCTION BY THE SHERIFF.—We call particular attention to the sale of a very desirable family residence situate on Orleans street, between Dauphin and Burgundy streets, Second District, which will take place to-day, at noon, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, by the Sheriff of this parish. Plan thereof is now on exhibition at the Exchange. For particulars and terms see advertisement.

See the advertisement of McCerren & Landry—They sell at 11 o'clock, to-day, furniture, a second-hand buggy, a neat family carriage, piano, sofas, &c. Give them a call.

D. E. Morphy calls the attention of buyers to his sales advertised for this day. See advertisements.

The United States Mail steamship George Washington, E. V. Gager, commander, will leave her wharf at 8 o'clock this morning for New York direct, with a full freight, $20,000 in coin, the United States mails, and the following passengers:

Lieutenant J. D. Warren, Rome, J. F. Vinal, R. W. Lake, F. Rivers, C. Bruff, T. Keogh, M. Newman, S. H. Kennedy, Henry Hale, Miss Hale, Miss Purcell, M. Tracy, J. Bennett, D. H. Finley, Capt. Buckley and servant, G. B. Allen, W. Elliott, J. A. Mackey, Rev. Brian, C. A. Draughon, Dr. H. Webster, J. Isaacs, Rev. J. De Dreuker, G. H. Chandler, J. W. Bet ingham, Dr. Tarrant, M. Towanes, Mrs. Dr. Duffield and child, W. S. Phillips, Jas. Wallace, Mrs. Buckley, Mrs. Palmer, A. P. Perkins.

The Latest from the North, via the River.

FROM THE ARMY OF ROSECRANS

FROM EAST TENNESSEE.

IMPORTANT OPERATIONS OF MEADE AND LEE.

FIGHT ON THE RAPPAHANNOCK.

The Late Elections—Vallandigham—Brough's Majority Reported 100,000.

A RAID IN MISSOURI.

FROM WASHINGTON AND CHARLESTON.

IMPORTANT FURTHER NEWS FROM EUROPE.

Gold Advanced to 54 1-2.

By the arrival of the steamer Florence we have Western papers to the 14th, and the Memphis *Bulletin* of the 17th, from which we compile the intelligence which follows:

The Situation at Chattanooga.

Nashville, October 13—Parties from the front report no excitement at Chattanooga. The rebel lines extend along the south bank of the Tennessee. Our supply trains are much annoyed by their sharpshooters between Bridgeport and Chattanooga, who pick off Sutler's teams, mules and horses. Most of the army supplies are carried over the mountains by pack mules, on account of difficult transportation. The river is rising.

New York, October 14—Dispatches following, relative to Rosecrans's army, appeared under a Washington date:

Things are unchanged, with the exception that the enemy have removed their batteries from Lookout Mountain. They are now about in pieces in position, and appear to have somewhat withdrawn their forces. It is supposed they will concentrate their artillery on Missionary Ridge. Some of the enemy's pieces are heavy, and all seem to carry well. They hold both Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge, from which they throw shells on the 4th and 5th inst. On the latter day one hundred and fifty shells were thrown by the enemy. They, however, inflicted no damage beyond wounding three men and killing one mule. We have several fronts of entrenchments, and extensive earthworks are still going on.

The plan of the enemy appears to be not to make an attack in front, but to compel us to abandon Chattanooga by simply holding us in our present position, with their army in our front, annoying us with their artillery, and breaking our lines of communication by cavalry raids in our rear.

A general order, issued on the 7th, announces Major General Reynolds as Chief of Staff in place of General Garfield, who resigns the position to assume his seat in Congress.

All the divisions of the army will be consolidated into six, to form the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Corps, with Generals Thomas and Granger as commanders. Those under the former will be commanded by Generals Baird, Davis and Rousseau, and those under the latter by Generals Wood, Sheridan and Palmer.

General Brannan will be Chief of Artillery. General Rosecrans denies officially having brought any charges against Generals McCook and Crittenden.

With the assistance of reinforcements already arrived, movements will soon be made, which, it is hoped, will drive the enemy from our front. The army is still well supplied with everything but clothing and blankets, the want of which in the unusually cold weather causes considerable suffering.

All the wounded able to bear removal have been sent North.

The casualties in the late battles will not be less than 15,000. On Thursday, rebels from the opposite side of the river fired into our wagons, ambulances and trains passing over the valley road, wounding two men, and killing and wounding several mules. Thursday afternoon the embarrassing our transportation in every possible way.

Moody has crossed the Tennessee with 1000 men. He passed through Lafayette, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, Thursday, and made off in the direction of Winchester. Friday night they drove in our picknis at Tullahoma, on the side of Cowan. Some damage is done by throwing down stones, but to no great extent, and the obstructions have been removed. General Hooker sent a force last night to that point, but the rebels did not venture so far.

Chattanooga, October 12, via *Nashville*, October 12.—Deserters from Bragg say he had eleven divisions, beside his cavalry force, in the late battle. Longstreet's reinforcements consisted of two divisions and one brigade.

Atlanta papers say *Bragg* had 50 heavy and 200 light guns.

A General Order was issued on the 7th inst. in accordance with orders from the War Department, consolidating the Twentieth and Twenty-first Corps into the Fourth. Also, ordering Generals McCook and Crittenden to Indianapolis to appear before a Court of Inquiry.

Washington, October 12—The *Republican* says that a dispatch has been received by the Government to-day, which left Rosecrans at late as last evening, which says all his command entions are completed, and his forces in position; raiders dispersed, and enemy in front inactive, and does not show fight. The troops are in good physical condition, and in fine spirits.

The Situation in East Tennessee.

Knoxville, October 11—Our cavalry advance has fallen back from Calhoun, on the Hiwassee, to Sweetwater town. The rebels occupied Athens last evening, with a force estimated at eight mounted regiments, and the scouts report more to be crossing the Hiwassee to-day.

A scouting party, under a lieutenant, from Wolford's command, was captured to-day.

Colonel Gilbert will have a court martial of his brigade to-morrow, to prepare for the election. No speaking will be allowed.

New York, October 12.—A special to the *Tribune*, from Knoxville 11th, says Burnside advanced toward Greenville Thursday and Friday. He overtook a rebel force near Mock ens and Williams, Saturday, at Blue Springs. The rebels occupy a strong position, and number at least six thousand. Our cavalry held the advance until 3 P. M., when the First Division several times charged the rebels. The firing was sharp and destructive to our men. The rebels had only one battery. Our losses driven from the field, at sundown, but darkness rendered pursuit impossible.

The rebels are now retreating on the Greenville road. We took eight killed and wounded. The latter are on cars to be sent to Knoxville. Burnside is pursuing. Every thing looks encouraging.

Movements of Meade and Lee.

Washington, October 12—Later intelligence from the front says our forces have evacuated Culpepper. Rush stores as could not conveniently be brought away were burned, their value, however, was trifling.

It is reported that Meade's rebel army has crossed the Rapidan, and that General Meade has fallen back to the north bank of the Rappahannock.

Prisoners captured Saturday state Longstreet's corps had returned from the Southwest. This, however, is doubted.

The rebels commenced to cross the Rapidan on Thursday morning, in the direction of Madison Courthouse, with the evident intention of turning General Meade's right wing.

Sharp cavalry reinforcements have been sent to the front.

It is reported that rebel cavalry hold the gaps in Bull Run mountains. A large cavalry force was sent from here yesterday; however, which will speedily dislodge them.

The rebel forces holding the gaps are supposed to be White's and Mosby's men.

New York, October 13—The Washington *Republican* of last evening contains the following, which the censor would not allow to be telegraphed to the press:

We have information from the front this morning that General Meade's army has fallen back to this side of the Rappahannock, followed by Lee's army, which is in great force, half a mile from the south side of that river.

The enemy made a feint of moving up the valley on the south bank of Robertson river, and our cavalry, under Buford, crossed at Germania Ford and took possession of the earthworks abandoned by them.

When our force was all across the enemy came against Buford in great force and drove him across the river without time to destroy the crossing, and pursued him to Rappahannock Station.

Kilpatrick with a force of cavalry and artillery, which made a reconnoissance near Hanover Courthouse, was cut off yesterday afternoon on the road to Culpepper, by a portion of Ewell's Corps, which was formed across the only road by which he could retreat, in twelve ranks, with two regiments on each flank. Kilpatrick was compelled to charge directly into them. He led the charge in person, telling the men they must do or die. The cavalry cut its way through under a concentrated fire, such as has hardly been experienced by our troops during the war. Pegram, his rear, with his artillery, retreated through Culpepper. Kilpatrick's loss is killed and wounded amounted to 150.

General Meade is said to have displayed good generalship in bringing his army to the line of the Rappahannock. When the enemy made his feint of moving up the valley, Meade also made a feint of following him up in force to attack him in the rear, massing his troops at Raccoon Ford for that purpose. This drew back Lee's army, so that the intended flanking movement was frustrated. Meade has brought off every wagon and all his stores.

THE LATEST.

Washington, October 13—The enemy some days ago made a movement, apparently to turn General Meade's right. This led to a maneuvering of the two armies, and to pretty heavy skirmishing on Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

Frequent dispatches are received from the army, and up to 10 o'clock last night nothing had happened giving either side any marked advantage. Our army is reported to be in excellent condition. Telegraphic communication to General Meade's headquarters is maintained.

From Washington.

Washington, October 12.—The general result of advices received to-day from the military situation at large, shows no unfavorable condition of affairs.

The President has been unable, from a pressure of other business, to finish his reply to the Missouri delegation. The result, however, is not changed from that telegraphed to you.

During September and October but five hundred and eight deserted from the entire army, showing a great decrease from previous figures, that run often as high as ten thousand per month.

The War Department calls attention to the fact that thirty dollars reward is offered for deserters.

The President, Lord Lyons and Admiral Milne attended the theatre to-night—the former being alone.

The following extracts from letters dated London, September 26th, contain information of an important character. The author is a distinguished American. He says: "The disposition in England to aid the Confederates is as strong as ever; the feeling is temporarily detained, it is true, but work is allowed to proceed upon them, and one has actually been allowed to take sail on board, and may slip out like a thief in the night at any time."

From Charleston.

New York, October 13.—The *Times's* Morris Island correspondence, dated the 7th, says that so much damage was done the Ironsides by the rebel torpedoes, that it is seriously contemplated sending her North to repair. Our picket boats were attacked, and at the same time it was thought the rebels would soon make a demonstration on our fleet with their rams, as three of our Monitors are absent. Two Ironclads, to remove harbor obstructions, have arrived. Unless something is done soon, the rebels will regain possession of the harbor.

The Rebel Raid into Missouri—The Rebels Reach Boonville—A Battle Expected.

St. Louis, October 12.—Shelby and Coffey's raiders left the Pacific Railroad on Saturday, and moved north and reached Boonville yesterday morning. They burned no public property at Tipton, as previously reported, but plundered the town of a large quantity of goods, and robbed the citizens of a large sum of money. The citizens of Warsaw, Greenfield, and other towns, through which the rebels passed, suffered in like manner. Federal troops, from several directions, were closing in on the rebels, and although our forces consist principally of infantry, the military authorities feel sanguine of capturing them. Artillery has been sent up the river, from Jefferson City. A fight may be expected at Boonville to-day, but it is very probable the rebels will retreat towards Lexington.

Rebel Cavalry in Kentucky.

Louisville, October 12.—Discredited reports of a large rebel cavalry force in the vicinity of Tompkinsville, prevail here.

Ohio Election.

A dispatch from Cincinnati of the 13th says that Cincinnati gives Brough 5000 majority, and returns from a number of counties show large majorities and gains for the Republican candidate for Governor. The Republican majority in the State is estimated at 60,000, which the soldier's votes, it is stated, will increase to 100,000.

The Pennsylvania Election.

Partial returns reported in a dispatch from Philadelphia, of the 13th, indicated the election of Curtin, and the Union men were parading the streets, deeming his election certain by a large majority.

Iowa Election.

A Chicago dispatch of the 14th gives a few returns, indicating an average majority and gain for Stone, the Republican candidate for Governor.

Indiana Election.

Indianapolis, October 13—The election returns so far as heard from in this State, indicate a large Union majority. In this city the Union majority is 2100; a gain of six. In every county and precinct the gains are comparative and decided.

Secretary Chase is expected to visit this city to-morrow.

New York Markets.

ADVANCE IN GOLD—CLOSING AT 54⅛.

New York, October 13—Cotton firmer, with a fair inquiry for middling uplands.

Flour advanced 20 to 25c., with more doing; $6 to $6 30 for extra State; $6 75 to $7 for round hoop Ohio; $7 10 to $7 75 for trade brands—market closing quiet.

Whisky dull, heavy and lower; sales at 62 to 63c, market closing with buyers generally refusing to pay over 60c.

Wheat very heavy, dissolved and excited; opening at 3 to 5c. better, and closing heavy, with buyers generally refusing to pay any advance.

Sugar quiet. Molasses dull and heavy. Coffee quiet and unchanged.

Pork firmer and in good demand. Bacon sides steady.

Lard firmer at 12 to 12¾c.; 4500 barrels, for December, January and February, sold at 11¾ to 12c.

Cheese firm at 12 to 15½c.

Money steady at 6, with a fair business. Sterling irregular and unsettled, opening at 168, advancing to 170, and closing dull at 167 to 167½. Gold very unsettled, opening at 53½, advancing to 56, and closing at 52 to 52¼. Government stocks firm. 6's of '81, coupons, 108¼ to 108⅜; 7 30's, 106⅝.

New York, October 13, P. M.—Stock active and better. Gold, since Board, selling at 56, and closing at 54⅛. Sterling better at 172; N. Y. C., 95⅝; U. S. 6's of 1881, registered, 107½; 7 7 3 10 Treasury notes, 106⅝; certificates, 99⅝.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Jeff. Davis Reviews Bragg's Army and Works Before Chattanooga.

MR. SOULE A BRIGADIER-GENERAL.

We have been put in possession of files of Mobile papers to the 12th, from which we take the following:

[From the Mobile Evening News of the 12th.]

General Chalmers's Fight at Salem—200 Federals Killed and Wounded.

Waterford, October 10—The victory at Salem was more complete than was at first known.

Prisoners report the enemy's strength in the fight at 2000, with six pieces of artillery.

General Chalmers had 12,000 with no artillery.

The enemy then retreated till they reached La Grange. Gen Chalmers, being dismounted, could only follow them a few miles.

Sixteen of the enemy's dead were found upon the field.

Their loss, according to the account of prisoners captured, was 200 killed and wounded.

Our loss was 2 killed and 17 wounded.

Our troops are in fine spirits, and an event of more moment is expected.

There is an embargo on Northern dates.

Capture of Federals in Charleston Harbor—Jeff. Davis Reviews Gen. Bragg's Army.

Charleston, October 12.—Our usual regular fire has been kept up to-day, the enemy not replying; but they continue working.

They have no guns at Cumming's Point, except the one mounted yesterday.

A small boat containing two Federal soldiers was captured early yesterday in the harbor, between Fort Sumter and the city.

They were probably reconnoitering, but professed to be bearers of dispatches from Gillmore to Dahlgren, and that they had mistaken the light of Fort Sumter for that of the Ironsides.

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Atlanta, October 12.—The President reviewed the army and works before Chattanooga on Sunday last, and made an excellent impression on seen those of the enemy also, and availed himself of it largely.

His reception by the troops was enthusiastic, and as he rode along the entire lines in reach of the enemy's shells, not a gun was opened on him.

The Federals lined their works at every available point to obtain a view, and doubtless were aware of the presence of the President, as the pickets held frequent conversation.

It is not known whether the President will make any changes. The army is in fine condition, and anxious to commence active operations. The weather is cool and bracing.

BRIGADIER GENERAL SOULE.—It is stated that Honorable Pierre Soulé has been appointed Brigadier General and ordered to take the field.

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More prisoners have been captured by Mosby at Arandel, and were brought in to day.

Richmond, October 13—In consequence of the action of the British Consuls relative to foreigners enlisted in the Confederate service, the President has felt it his duty to dismiss them all from the Confederacy.

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They state that Batteries Gregg and Wagner will be ready to open upon the city in two weeks; that Gillmore is mounting many 400 pounder Parrott guns; that a new iron gun battery has been constructed between Gregg and Wagner; that Parrott, the inventor of the Parrott gun, is on Morris Island supervising the mounting of guns, and that the Greek fire consists of oakum soaked with tincture of ether and guano.

The iron clad Page and frigate Decatur, with three additional Monitors, are daily expected from New York.

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General Sherman, with a part of Smith's brigade, was here, going to Corinth.

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Telegraphic report Gen. Smith and Col. Anthony killed.

Gen Chalmers was slightly wounded, but remained on the field.

East Tennessee.

The Atlanta *Register's* Cleveland correspondent writes as follows:

As I have just seen a man from Knoxville who left there on the 2d inst., I will give you the news he brings. He stated that he came to his attacking the enemy at Cleveland, where he had been ordered to reconnoitre their position and not to engage them.

Another report is that he refused to obey an order to cross the river, and get his command cut to pieces; and yet another, that he refused to obey an order to cross the river, and report to General Wheeler.

We learn from the Mobile *Evening News* of the 12th, that General Neal Dow had passed up the road from Montgomery, *en route* for Richmond, to be exchanged for General John H. Morgan.

There was a heavy frost at Brandon, Mississippi, on the night of the 7th October, says the Brandon *Republican* of the 8th.

Mobile papers report the yellow fever raging in the Federal fleet at Pensacola, and that the crews had been removed to Santa Rosa Island.

We read in Mobile papers that the chaplains of Ewell's and A. P. Hill's corps have adopted as their badge an olive wreath encircling the letter C, embroidered on black velvet or cloth. The same badge is adopted by many of the chaplains in other corps.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The Fourth District Arson Case.—In this case Messrs. Bartchy, Heffercorn and others are charged with arson. The fire was very destructive, and is charged to have originated from desire to collect Insurance money. Colonel Field for the prosecution, and Mr. Coleman for the defence, contested the case at considerable length, and closed their argruments yesterday. Colonel Field, although for the prosecution, made the motion, before closing, to discharge Mr. Bartchy, the son Theodore, and Mr. Anz. This was granted by the court. A decision was promised by the Recorder to be rendered in the early part of next week.

Inquest.—The corpse of an unknown man, in soldiers' dress, was found floating at the foot of Jackson street. Verdict accordingly.

Notorious Characters.—Jack Nell, so often on the police books as a notorious thief, and convicted burglar, appeared yesterday before Judge Atocha in uniform. He was sent down to examine the validity of the enlistment contrary to the orders in cases of probability made and provided by the commanding General.

Another.—Barney Williams, whose cunning, daring and adroit exploits in the notorious line have often astonished our citizens of all classes, caught the eye of the Judge of the Criminal Court yesterday, to his momentary discomfiture at least. He was in cavalry uniform, with sabre, &c. By order of the Court he was invited inside the bar and sent to prison for future examination. His horse and weapons were taken in charge.

Provost Court—Judge A. A. Atocha.—Wm. Pohl—tall as a pole and devoid of martial bearing—of the Twentieth Wisconsin Regiment, was arrested for trying to drown a Jew in the bosom of the Father of Waters. He was sent to the Lunatic Asylum.

Rudolph Reichstes, for a drunk, and Thomas McCarthy, for a big head, and threatening to kill somebody anyhow, were tried. Reichster is to lose $10 from one month's pay, and the other $20 from two months' pay. Michael Carry followed, and is to lose $10 deducted from his pay. All were sent to Captain Pickering, to be returned to their regiments.

Tom Brennan turned out to be a drunken disciplinary soldier, and was sent down for his health for two months.

Three soldiers who tried to obtain ingress to houses on Basin street, and were arrested, got their pocket by Captain Pickering. One with the loss of two months' pay, because he struck the police officer, the others minus one month's pay.

Henry Johnson, a soldier who played the mischief with vegetables in the market, was sent to his duty with two months' pay.

[FROM OUR EVENING EDITION OF YESTERDAY.]

The United States steam sloop-of-war San Jacinto, Admiral Bailey, from Key West and a cruise in the Gulf, came up to the city last night, and anchored in the stream.

The United States gunboat Port Royal, from Havana, arrived at Quarantine yesterday.

Additional News via Mobile.

FIGHT AT SALEM.

AFFAIRS AT CHARLESTON

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We learn from the Mobile *Evening News* of the 12th, that General Neal Dow had passed up the road from Montgomery, *en route* for Richmond, to be exchanged for General John H. Morgan.

There was a heavy frost at Brandon, Mississippi, on the night of the 7th October, says the Brandon *Republican* of the 8th.

Mobile papers report the yellow fever raging in the Federal fleet at Pensacola, and that the crews had been removed to Santa Rosa Island.

We read in Mobile papers that the chaplains of Ewell's and A. P. Hill's corps have adopted as their badge an olive wreath encircling the letter C, embroidered on black velvet or cloth. The same badge is adopted by many of the chaplains in other corps.

AUCTION SALES.

Split Peas.

BY D. E. MORPHY, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold on SATURDAY, the 24th October, 1863, at 10 o'clock, A. M., in store No. 47 Magazine street—

10 half barrels SPLIT PEAS.

Terms cash. oc23

Flour.....Flour.....Flour.

BY D. E. MORPHY, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold, for account of whom it may concern, THIS DAY, (Saturday) the 24th of October, at 10 o'clock, A. M., in the store, head of Customhouse street, now landing at stand 7 Live Oak—

46 barrels FLOUR.

Terms cash. oc24

Onions.....Onions.

BY D. E. MORPHY, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold THIS DAY, (Saturday) the 24th of October, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., in store No. 47 Magazine street—

50 barrels ONIONS, slightly damaged.

Terms cash. oc24

Steamer Belle Creole.

BY D. E. MORPHY, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold, for account of whom it may concern, on MONDAY, the 26th October, 1863, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Belle Creole, with all her tackle, furniture, apparel, &c., as she now lies at the wharf, head of Customhouse street.

Terms cash in Treasury notes. oc24

CARGO SALE.

Ice, Flour and Butter—Being a Portion of the Cargo Brig Bell Bernard, at Auction.

BY R. T. MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold THIS DAY, (Saturday) October the 24th, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at brig Bell Bernard, Post 25, Second District—

207 barrels choice Extra FLOUR.

275 packages choice Goshen BUTTER.

244 tons ICE.

Terms cash. oc24

Maple and Fancy Dry Goods.

BY T. KEELAR & SON.

WILL be sold on SATURDAY, 24th October, at No. 73 Camp street—

Sprague, Dunnell and Pacific Prints, Worsted Dress Goods, Flannels, Grand Brown Sheetings, Woolens, Corduroys, Flannels, Cornet Jeans, Tweeds, Irish Linens, Bulls, Plaids, Shirts and Drawers, Ladies and Gents' Linen Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, Spool Cotton, etc. oc18

Furniture, Buggy, Carriage, Safes, Pianos, etc., at Auction,

BY MCCERREN & LANDRY,

G. W. MCCERREN, Auctioneer.

Office and Salesrooms, Masonic Hall, St. Charles st.

WILL be sold at auction, on SATURDAY, (that being the regular day for Public Sales) commencing at the 24th October, at 11 o'clock, at their mart—

Mahogany Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Armoire Carpets, Bedding, Secretary, Pianos, Safes, Extension Tables, etc.

—ALSO—

A Second-hand Physician's BUGGY and a neat family Carriage, nearly new.

Terms cash. oc23

Succession of John Morgan, No. 19,400.

BY J. B. CROZAT, Auctioneer.

Office, No. 96 Royal street.

BY virtue of an order of the Honorable Second Judge of the Court of Orleans, dated September 30th inst., signed by the Hon. R. K. Howell, Judge of said Court, in the matter of the succession of John Morgan, deceased, I, J. Walcker Judge of this Court, will be sold on SATURDAY, the 24th day of October, 1863, at the Exchange, Royal street, between Customhouse and Conti streets, at 12 o'clock, M., at the hour of sale, the following:

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the Fifth District of New Orleans, measuring twenty-seven feet front on the square bounded by Prytania, New Levee, Josephine and Constantinople streets, and extending in American measure, twenty-five feet six inches front on said Prytania street, by the same depth between parallel lines, with a rear line, slightly diverging, three feet eight inches; two inches in depth on the line dividing it from lot No. 2, and three feet four inches in depth on the line dividing it from lot No. 4, according to a plan of the said premises, made by Pilie, Surveyor, on the 2d day of March, 1861.

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated at the north corner of St. Louis and Rampart streets, measuring forty feet front on St. Louis street, by the same depth and dimensions as the lot fronting on St. Louis street.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—For the lot of ground with the buildings thereon, situated on Prytania street, between New Levee and Constantinople streets, one-third cash, and the balance at a credit of one year in the note of the purchaser to his order, endorsed by him, payable at the Union Bank in this city, with mortgage on the property sold, to secure payment of said note, with interest at eight per cent per annum from maturity till paid. For the lot of ground at the corner of St. Rampart and St. Louis streets, one-third cash, and the balance at a credit of one and two years in the note of the purchaser to his order, endorsed by him and by him endorsed, payable at the Louisiana State Bank in this city, with mortgage on the property sold, to secure payment of said note, with interest at eight per cent per annum till paid. All sold notes to be respectively secured by mortgages on the properties sold, with the clause of parate execution therein, the buildings to be kept insured to the full amount of the notes, and the Policy of Insurance to be transferred to the legal representative of said successor.

oc22 td 3 days

JUDICIAL SALES.

Sale by the Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans, in order to effect a Partition.

Succession of the late Louis Toutant Beauregard, deceased.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT OF NEW ORLEANS No. 19,—Succession of L. T. Beauregard. By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, signed on the 17th October, 1863, to me directed by the Honorable the Second District Court of New Orleans, in the above entitled case, I will sell at public auction, to the highest and last bidder, on SATURDAY, October 24th, 1863, at noon, at the Exchange Auction Rooms, Royal street, between Conti and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, in order to effect a partition between the heirs, the following:

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the Second District of this city, in the square bounded by Dauphine, Orleans, Burgundy and Bienville streets.

Which said lot measures 40 feet forty feet front on said Dauphine street, by the depth of 120 feet.

The buildings and improvements on said lot consist of a two story brick house, with a wing and outbuildings, fronting Dauphine street, with the clause of parate execution therein, the buildings to be kept insured to the full amount of the notes, and the Policy of Insurance to be transferred to the legal representative of said successor.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS—One-sixth payable at one, two, three and four years' credit from the date of sale, in notes bearing legal interest until paid, and secured by special mortgage on the property sold. The buildings and improvements to be kept insured at the expense of the purchaser, and the balance of the price of adjudication, cash on the spot.

JAS. E. DUNHAM,
Sheriff and Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

oc21 29 o6 6 15 24

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALES.

United States vs. Steam Propeller Victor, Her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture.—No. 1884.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA.

BY G. A. HALL, U. S. Prize Auctioneer.

BY virtue of an order of sale, dated 11th day of September, 1863, to me directed by the Honorable District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at public auction, on THURSDAY, the 22d day of November, 1863, at foot of Josephine street, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Customhouse and Conti streets, viz:

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the First District of the City of New Orleans, measuring forty feet front on the square bounded by Prytania, New Levee, Josephine and Constantinople streets, and extending in American measure, twenty-five feet six inches front on said Prytania street, by the same depth between parallel lines, with a rear line, slightly diverging five feet eight inches; two inches in depth on the line dividing it from lot No. 2, and three feet four inches in depth on the line dividing it from lot No. 4, according to a plan of the said premises, made by Pilie, Surveyor, on the 2d day of March, 1861.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS—For the lot of ground with the buildings thereon, situated at the north corner of St. Louis and Rampart streets, measuring forty feet front on St. Louis street, by the same depth and dimensions as the lot fronting on St. Louis street.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS—For the lot of ground with the buildings thereon, situated on Prytania street, between New Levee and Constantinople streets, one-third cash, and the balance at a credit of one year in the note of the purchaser to his order, endorsed by him, payable at the Union Bank in this city, with mortgage on the property sold, to secure payment of said note, with interest at eight per cent per annum from maturity till paid. For the lot