THE DAILY BEE.
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OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST.

The New Orleans Bee.

NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 19, 1858. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXI—WHOLE NO. 10,649.

THE DAILY BEE.
MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 19.

...ATIONS MAIL came through yesterday...test dates.

THE ADMINISTRATION AND CUBA.

...usually more conspicuous ...ratory, has recently at ...state of public attention by a ...and deliberate discourse ...ministerial, with special re... ...ation of Cuba. The pos... ...confidential friend of ... ...naturally gives color to ... ...sentiments on most politic... ...ions of those enter... ...ration; and though he ... ...ceupied the Executive, ...Cabinet in the prepa... ...its relations with the ... ...ministry studiously ... ...the time, the ... ...current circumstances, ...in the mind of reflecting ... ...echoes the views ... ...The latter has evinced ... ...General WALKER, ...hostilities having for their ... ...foreign territory with ... ...States are at peace. So ... ...He does not fully ap... ...Commodore PAULDING, ...in censuring the ... ...the consequences; but ... ...in the affairs unmitigated ... ...employed by ... ...regard, therefore, to the ... ...the seizure of that gen... ...ies almost identi... ...as that taken by the ... ...there is a homogen... ...the two. ... ...passed on to the con... ...filibustering, he ap... ...with the doctrines ... ...BUCHANAN in the Ostend ... ...further evidence ... ...The honorable ... ...annexation of Cuba as ... ...But he would court ... ...its hobbies, but by in... ...ages or its dalliance, but ... ...are his church. As ... ...principle and projects for ... ...probably because ... ...him that such efforts ... ...of the makes a shrewd ... ...expeditions and ... ...is distinction ... ...the question of ... ...country is two ... ...It was wrong for ... ...to aid Mexico in ... ...liberate Cuba from ... ...seems to us it would ... ...the administration to ... ...five thousand men for ... ...filibustering is right ... ...in the concrete. ... ...WALKER is to be ... ...as a mere adventurer; ... ...claim to the ... ...of the nation, and at ... ...required, if neces... ...the administration ... ...of aggrandize... ...leasing, however, ...ed to disown ... ...meaning of Senator ...

...report we have ... ...admitting the ... ...President the power ... ...was at his pleas... ...posed to confer on ... ...What! Because ... ...which would not ... ...United States to take ... ...for instance, as ... ...use on Mexico the ... ...We should im... ...other contingencies ... ...intervention, such as ... ...an invitation ... ...in order to ... ...to assist them ... ...vice, &c. To ... ...makes no dis... ...so far as we can ... ...sketch it here. ... ...make a letter ... ...sentiment. We can ... ...that any indication on ... ...fact that would encour... ...self-ement of ... ...in the United ... ...with the most ... ...The administration ... ...to its ... ...because it has ... ...latitude it pleases ... ...refer to its ... ...speedily regain confi... ...the North, we ... ...the Administrate ... ...expectation of any ... ...tirely calculated ... ...national instincts ... ...deference to the ... ...flourishing foreign ... ...different to their ... ...it will be alarmed at ... ...the republic, the ... ...to be busily ... ...settling their con... ...to prevent fresh ... ...decided demonstra... ...American distinction.

...British & Brother, ...are the agents for the ... ...manufactured at ... ...Alabama. It ... ...advertising ... ...December of this ... ...Algiers, certifies ... ...bricks a very su... ...They were found ... ...far better than the ... ...been heretofore em... ...and for brick purposes ... ...the bricks manufactured ... ...seem at the office of ... ...Gravier street. ... ...kettle matters, and ... ...bricks, would do well to ... ...particular article.

...capitals. ...country and ... ...Mr. ... ...comes largely ... ...day. With his ... ...he has procured a ... ...underskirts, cra... ...umbrellas, boys ... ...not to be exceed... ...ne, and offered, ...unusually cheap ... ...you must ... ...have taken pure and ... ...is no pretension ... ...about Moody, as all ... ...take the trouble to ... ...thing establish...

...The Annual Con... ...the announce... ...precious cordial. ... ...Navarro, No. 108 ... ...insisted that delicious ... ...that the an... ...a most agreeable ... ...the palate, and ... ...influence on the ... ...desirable to impart ... ...and health- ... ...more effec... ...the article, remedy ... ...beverage it is un...

...FOR SALE.—It will ... ...head, that on the ... ...Auctioneer, will ... ...considerable ... ...for the corpora... ...situated in the ... ...and the Parish of ... ...number of valua... ...future lots, and ... ...the terms for ... ...that the property will ... ...the City. Hide a few days be... ...with it time they may be ... ...of N. Vignie, No. 8 ... ...a few days we shall pub... ...the second sale, ...property in the Second ...

...Wurtz & Co. The Ency... ...an admirable work for ... ...names, a new edition, ...of original articles, ...issues, is for sale at T. L. ... ...street. Mr. Wurtz ... ...Messrs STRICKLAND'S fine ... ...of the Queens of Eng... ...books of interest and ...

...on the 8th and 10th May next. ...a grand German Picnic and ...the Union Course. Our Te... ...that these pleasant reunions ...possible style. See advertise...

...a slight fall of snow at Atalanta, ...the morning of the 13th instant.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The House, in a Committee of the Whole, passed a bill for the relief of Cassius M. Clay, against the adverse decision of the Court of Claims.

The Senate passed a bill giving Edward McKemp $30,000 for a machine for extracting gold and other metals.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—In the Senate they are discussing the Deficiency Appropriation bill.

In the House private bills are being discussed.

THE MORMON WAR.

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—Instructions passed here a fortnight since to Gen. Johnston not to commence operations against the Mormons until the arrival of the Peace Commissioners, who arrived here yesterday, *en route* for Utah.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The commander-in-chief has issued orders for the removal of troops from the barracks at Newport, Jefferson, Carlisle, and forts Columbus and Randolph, immediately on Utah.

Gen. Persifer F. Smith is appointed to the command of the department of Utah.

Gen. Harney and Gen. Johnston to command according to their brevet rank.

Col. Lee succeeds to the command of the departments of the West.

The troops are to be concentrated at Fort Leavenworth ready to move on the arrival of Gen. Smith.

The second infantry is to be transferred to St. Louis.

COL. BENTON'S FUNERAL.

ST. LOUIS, *April* 16.—The remains of Hon. T. H. Benton were conveyed from the second Presbyterian church to-day to Bellefontaine cemetery. The funeral cortege consisted of the 7th regiment of infantry, our civil and military dignitaries, the various societies and an immense concourse of citizens.

The remains of his grandson, the son of Wm. Carey Jones, were simultaneously conveyed to the tomb.

NEW YORK, April 16.—There were 21 cases of yellow fever in the Marine Hospital, from the U. S. frigate *Susquehanna*. Several died to-day, but the rest are convalescent.

LOSS OF THE SHIP MERIDIAN.

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Col. Benton is dying. His disease, cancer of the bowels, has made such progress that he cannot survive much longer. He suffers extreme pain, which he has refused to alleviate to that degree of physical prostration. But his mind is as clear and as powerful as ever, and the high, resolute, Roman spirit of the old statesman struggles with indomitable energy and fortitude against sickness and weakness and the awful presence of the king of terrors. He dies in hardness, working to the last for his country and mankind. An old and intimate friend from Missouri called upon him this morning. Benton was in bed, scarcely able to move hand or foot, and not able to speak much above a whisper. But he was in his glory, and the two together they returned to the after deck. Discovering the chest padlocked, the captain demanded the key, and there being no alternative, the poor woman surrendered at discretion. The lid was elevated, and there sat the digger, decked out like a jack-in-the-box.

Gumbo was considerably astonished, but discovering his predicament he put a capital face upon the matter by introducing a melancholy "Yah, yah! massa," and with considerable assistance came to a stiff perpendicular, when he vented his pent-up feelings in a hearty laugh, concluding his spasmodic exhibition with philosophical facetiousness by notifying the witnesses that he "wasn't de last nigger ever cotch in a bad box, yah, yah!" The poor devil had been confined some five days in the box, which was not three feet square. Last evening the steamer arrived at this port. She first landed at Covington, however, where the fugitive was placed in official custody, to be consigned to all until further orders. During the excitement of landing him, Mrs. Leggett, with her three children and dog slipped ashore, and boarding the ferry-boat, came to this city. As she has no money or friends, it is likely a warrant will be directed to some United States Marshal to arrest and return her to Tennessee to be tried for "harboring and concealing fugitive slaves." There are foes in the low, and of course they should be did. She relates that she resided on a farm in Tennessee, and contracted with the darkey to bring him to Ohio for the consideration of one year's labor. He fulfilled his part of the obligation, and procured a pass from his mistress to go and visit his wife on a distant plantation. Instead of going to see his wife, however, he suffered himself to be packed in a box and could have gained liberty but for an unlucky accident. He will inevitably go back to servitude.—*Cin. Com.*

BRITISH MINISTERS AT FOREIGN COURTS.—The Derby administration, in overhauling its diplomatic staff, we see, has honored Mr. Crampton, formerly British Minister at Washington, with the mission to St. Petersburg. During the two years past he has been Minister at Hanover.

The embassy at Washington, it is probable, will not be disturbed. This is well; for we do not see, just now, how a better man than Lord Napier could be found to fill it, with honor to the government he represents, and with acceptance to that to which he is accredited.—*New York Express.*

FAST TYPE.—We have at this time a young man in our employ by the name of Zachariah Brown, who, on Thursday, 8th inst., between 6 o'clock in the morning and 6 o'clock at night, set 18,500 ems—14,000 in long primer and the balance in brevier. Who can beat him?—*Southern (Prattsville) Statesman.*

Hostetter's Bitters.

The great drawback to persons emigrating to the extreme Western country is the great fear they have of fever and ague—the most direful of all diseases. Every day we hear of persons attacked by this disease and made helpless in a short time, without any means of affording relief. In view of the great demand for a remedy, Dr. Hostetter has prepared his celebrated "Bitters," whose curative powers for all diseases of the stomach have been universally acknowledged. The "Bitters" prepared after a long experience and deep study, have received the encomiums of the most eminent physicians as well as all classes from every part of the country. To those who doubt their many virtues, all we can say is, to try them, and judge for themselves, respectively.

For sale by druggists, and dealers generally, everywhere.

For sale by J. WRIGHT & CO., ap19 6t&3w 81 and 161 Chartres st, New Orleans.

Another Eminent Cure.

HOUTZDALE, Pa., Sept., 1856.

I do certify that Prof. De Groh's Electric Oil is invaluable for rheumatic pains. My wife, for many years, has been greatly afflicted and unable to walk, but has been restored by the application of this Oil almost instantaneously; and I am induced to recommend it to others. JOHN WILLIAMSON.

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

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FROM TEXAS.

By the arrival of the steamship Texas we have received Galveston papers to the 15th inst. They contain nothing of importance. We clip the following from the *News*:

Our State exchanges, without exception, speak of the flattering prospects of the crops in their sections of the country, though they will occasionally relieve the sunshine with a growl about the grasshoppers, the nipping frost, and "too much rain."

The Houston *Telegraph* says:

The Central Railroad is now running two trains of cars to Burton daily. On Friday the cars brought down 450 bales of cotton, the largest amount that has ever come over the road in any one day. There are on an average of twenty freight cars going out every day, carrying not less than 200 tons of merchandize, besides the cars loaded with iron for the Burton-Hempstead section.

Judge Baylor is fast recovering from his recent illness, and will probably be able to hold the spring term of the District Court of Burleson and Milan counties. So says the Brenham *Enquirer*.

The TEXAN of the 31st says that some 10,000 pounds of lead had just been received in that city from Monclova, Mexico, on consignment. We are said to be far more extensive than those of Galena, Illinois, and there is a small amount of silver mixed with the lead.

COTTON.—It will be seen that the prices of cotton are well sustained here, notwithstanding the reported decline abroad; low middling being quoted at 10½ to 11c.; Middling 11¼ to 11½, and good middling 12 to 12½. These prices are paid in cash, as barter is unknown in Galveston. The cotton statement shows the receipts at this port this year, or since the 1st of September last, to be 83,130 against 57,566 last year to the same time. The receipts at all the other ports this year have been 15,794 bales, making the total receipts at all our ports this year 100,924 bales, against 73,338 last year to the same time.

The Texian *Advocate* mentions "The death of an old man, on the Cibolo, from the bite of a copperhead snake. Although every attention was devoted to him, and he was freely dosed with whisky, he died within eight hours; and, what was very strange, his son, who was with him, and was much excited, stepped out previous to his father's death, and has not since been heard from, although extensive inquiry and search have been made."

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, April 12.

House.—On motion of Mr. Clark, of Missouri, the House, immediately after the reading of the journal, adjourned over in order to afford members an opportunity to attend the funeral ceremonies of Hon. Thomas H. Benton, this afternoon.

Senate.—A message was received from the House announcing the adherence of that body to their amendment to the Kansas bill. Also, that they had proposed the Deficiency Appropriation bill.

Mr. Green gave notice that he would take up the Kansas bill to-morrow at 1 o'clock.

Mr. Hale presented the petition of the inmates of the Military Asylum at Washington asking a subsistence instead of continuing in the Asylum, in which they complain of abuses. The petition was referred to a special committee, with power to report by bill and send for persons and papers.

The Senate then adjourned to attend Mr. Benton's funeral.

SEA AND SHIP NEWS.

MARINE DISASTERS DURING MARCH.

The following particulars of the marine disasters which have occurred during the month of March are compiled from J. H. Urrow's Statement to the Marine Insurance Companies, and may, therefore, be considered official:

Steamers, 26; of which 4 were a total loss by fire; 2 part lost; 1 sunk and lost by wreck and collision; 4 sunk and 6 disabled in machinery and sails; remainder estimated loss.....		$1,743,100
Ships, 37; of which 8 were a total loss; 13 abandoned and 3 reported missing; 4 in collision; 3 sunk, and 14 sundry or damaged in hull, sails and spars—loss.....		796,800
Barks, 35; of which 5 were a total loss; 1 being abandoned at sea; 20 were damaged in hull and spars; sprung leak and put back in distress, in consequence—loss.....		176,100
Brigs, 20; of which 6 were a total loss; 20 ashore, sprung leak and otherwise damaged—loss.....		85,170
Schooners, 56; of which 10 were a total loss; 1 missing; 1 capsized and abandoned; 6 in collision; 10 put back in distress; 6 ashore, and 9 otherwise damaged—loss.....		156,900
Total.....		$2,919,170

DISASTERS FOR DECEMBER, 1857, AND JANUARY, FEBRUARY AND MARCH, 1858.

	Collisions	Abandoned	Sunk and Damaged	Missing	Other causes	Total.	Estimated loss
Steamers.....	8	17	27	—	9	6	66 $5,943,600
Ships.....	14	13	6	43	16	3	118 6,662,611
Barks.....	6	9	2	28	7	1	46 1,966,700
Brigs.....	3	4	—	20	10	1	39 2,367,700
Schooners.....	20	11	4	74	41	2	152 6,068,300
Totals.....	52	18	39	211	47	10	720 $ 616 $26,911,330

A Fugitive Slave in a Bad Box.

On Thursday last the steamer *Portsmouth* arrived at Louisville from Nashville. She had scarcely landed before a police officer leaped on board and handed the captain a telegraphic dispatch announcing that a negro slave aged 35 years, belonging to Mrs. Susan Pugh, of Stewart county, Tennessee, had fled from his mistress, in company with a poor white woman named Lucinda Leggett, and it was believed they boarded the *Portsmouth* at Linesport. The physician pronounced it a case of voluntary starvation. Mr. Cameron is said to be a man of considerable means; his apartments were spacious, but without furniture. His papers were taken to the Second Ward station-house.

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CITY INTELLIGENCE.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—The performances at the Orleans Theatre this evening consist of a couple of vaudevilles entitled "Vert-Vert" and "Le Bevell du Lion." M. Delagrave takes his benefit next Thursday evening in Halevy's opera, "Les Mousquetaires de la Reine."

ARCHBISHOPS THIS EVENING.—The *Amphitheatre*.—Donetti's famous troupe of learned dogs, monkeys and goats. Last week of their performances. A grand evening during the week and Saturday noon.

St. Charles Theatre.—Last week of the celebrated Rumsey & Newcomb's Ethiopian minstrels. Every evening this week.

Armory Hall.—The magnificent panorama of a tour through Italy. Every evening, and Wednesday and Saturday noon. Beautiful prizes distributed to ticket purchasers.

THE CREVASSE.—The work of driving the piles for the purpose of checking the Bell crevasse was begun on Saturday. Three rows of piles are to be driven, and an immense number of sand bags are to be thrown down. It is thought it will require five or six days to complete the work, and there is an impression that after all it will not answer the proposed end. Time will determine.

DECISION IN THE GAINES CASE.—Judge McCaleb, of the U. S. Circuit Court, gave his decision in the Gaines case last Saturday. The passage in Daniel Clark's will on which Mrs. Gaines founds her claim is as follows:

"Second—I do hereby acknowledge that my beloved Myra, who is now living in the family of Samuel S. Davis, is my legitimate and only daughter, and that I leave and bequeath unto her, the said Myra, all the estate, whether real or personal, of which I may die possessed, subject only to the payment of certain legacies, hereinafter mentioned."

It is alleged in complainant's bill that this will was made on the 13th of July, 1813, about a month prior to Clark's death; that it was duly probated by the Supreme Court of Louisiana, and ordered to be executed; that Chew & Relf, executors of the will of 1811, and Mary Clark, (the legatee under that will) are dead; and that Mr. Jos. Crook, the only surviving executor, has refused to qualify and act as such, and, finally, that the will forms a complete title to the property.

It is contended, on behalf of the defendants, that Daniel Clark lived and died an unmarried man; that he made his will on the 20th of May, 1811, and died in August, 1813; that his will was probated on the 17th August, 1813; that by this will, Mary Clark, his mother, was instituted his heir, and that the estate vested in her on her acceptance; that she did accept on the 1st October, 1813, and that her mandate of attorney to Chew & Relf, of that date, was not only a complete acceptance, but vested in them full power to take possession of the estate of Daniel Clark, and sell the same to pay the debts of the succession.

It is further contended that the alleged will of 1813 is not conclusive upon the rights of these defendants; that all questions involving the effect of that will are properly questions to be decided by the Courts of Louisiana, laws and jurisprudence of Louisiana; that the complainant is not the legitimate child of Daniel Clark, and if the child at all, is therefore incapable of inheriting.

The Judge says the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the former case has with propriety been relied on by defendants as *res judicata* in this.

The only difference between the present position of complainant and that formerly occupied by her is that now she sues as universal legatee, whereas she then claimed in the quality of forced heir. The Judge thinks that the probate of the will of 1813 could only have been the result of the proceedings being under our laws for the purpose of establishing it, and then refers to the evidence in the case, and to the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Myra Clark suit, to sustain the position that if a marriage existed between Daniel Clark and Zulime Carriere it was null, the bequest in Myra was the only legitimate child therefore cannot be true.

The Judge concluded that the declarations in the will of legitimacy are not conclusive against the defendants, and that they have a right to fall back upon the evidence, and upon the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the former suit, in regard to the legitimacy of complainant, but Honor held that the question had been virtually decided against her by the Supreme Court of the United States, and he concurred in that decision.

It appears, continued the Judge, from Clark's correspondence, that he was interested in the business of Chew & Relf, and that in 1807 and 1808 he lost largely in cotton. He also was deeply engaged with Coxe, of Philadelphia, and the settlement in 1811 shows that he was largely indebted. His appraised wealth consisted in lands in Florida, which afterwards proved worthless. From letters written towards the close of his life it is also evident that he considered his affairs hopeless. After the will it became absolutely necessary to sell his property to pay his debts. The bill of complainant must therefore also be dismissed on the ground of Clark's insolvency.

The bill was accordingly dismissed, with costs. The case will be carried to the Supreme Court of the United States.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT.—*Hon. H. B. Eggleston.*—In the case of Erasmus Shepherd vs. Lieut. Newland and associates, for alleged malicious arrest and false imprisonment, judgment of non-suit with costs was entered on Saturday. The amount claimed was $10,000.

RECORDER SIPPY'S COURT.—The following is a statement of the monetary affairs of the First District (Recorder's) Court:

Statement of business in the office of Recorder Seth, Esq., from the 1st of April, 1857, to the 1st of April, 1858:

Balance in hands of Recorder and Clerk, for same period.....	$ 16,320 55
	8,062 29
Balance.....	$8,258 26

INQUEST.—An inquest was held last Saturday on the body of a young man, about twenty years of age, found drowned at Post 66. There was found on him about five feet eight inches in height, and had on a check shirt and cottonade pants, with a belt. The body was much decomposed. Verdict in accordance with these facts.

STABBING.—Louis Marchand was examined last Saturday before Recorder Solomon on the charge of having, on the 23d ult., stabbed the slave William, of Jumpup, on Villere street, with intent to kill him. It appeared by the testimony that Marchand was drunk at the time, and that he began to dance to the music of an organ, which a man was playing in the street. For some reason or other he struck the boy William, who was standing near by, and who returned the blow. The two then clinched and fell. While in this position William was stabbed, and immediately afterwards a knife was found in the hands of the accused. The case has not yet been disposed of.

ARRESTED BY MISTAKE.—On Saturday Lieutenant Legett, of the Third District police, received a telegraphic dispatch from the captain of the ship *Princess Royal*, stating that the boy Charles, a mulatto, had run away. As soon as the ship reached the Potrit, the Lieutenant boarded her, arrested five sailors and, after having the mutineers, and committed them to prison.

THE ICE-HOUSE TRAGEDY.—Charles Tighe was on Saturday committed for trial before the First District Court on a charge of manslaughter. He is the man who is alleged to have killed John Sullivan, a few days ago, in Bosworth's ice-house, on St. Thomas street. The facts of the case were published the full particulars at the time. The other accused were discharged, but held to appear as witnesses in the case.

We call the attention of the trade to the sale of Boots and Shoes, Clothing, etc., to take place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Hanks & Lonsmore's auction rooms, No. 77 Chartres street. Terms at sale.

News from Virginia.

MADISON C. H., Va., October 21, 1856.

Dr. C. M. Jackson—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in adding one certificate to your list, and recommending Hoofland's German Bitters to all who may be afflicted with Dyspepsia or Piles. I had been afflicted some four or five months with Dyspepsia, when I commenced taking the Bitters, and they effected a perfect cure. I had also severe pain in my stomach, attended with Piles. I have never had an attack of the same nature since I was cured by the Bitters, and I very cheerfully recommend them to all who may be similarly afflicted.

H. CARVER, late P. M.

Witness—Jos. M. Floyd.

Ask for Hoofland's German Bitters. It is sold by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, West Indies and South America, at 75c. per bottle.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. WRIGHT & CO., ap21 6tsw 4th 1m 81 and 161 Chartres st.

ap-Ye would particularly call the attention of our readers to a remedy known as McLane's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier. It is certainly a valuable remedy. We therefore say to all, call at the agent's, and see for yourselves its intrinsic merits. It is fabulous to take. We ask our lady readers to try it. See the advertisement in another column.

ap6 ly&w4w&tu

The following complimentary notice is taken from the Mobile Register:

INGRAM AMONUT OF SUFFERING RELIEVED BY TARRIN MOFFAT'S PHENOMENIZING COMBAL.—Since the 17th of August, the following cases have been reported cured:

266 persons have been cured of General Debility.
65 persons have been cured of Nervous Debility.
20 persons have been cured of Diseases of the Kidneys.

180 persons who have been afflicted with various complaints, Fever, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Liver Complaint, Night Sweats, Dyspepsia, and Weakness of the Digestive Organs, have been cured, and form a large number from whom we have not yet heard.

Mr. Moffat's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier is a blessing to mankind in every one in the Western and Southern country. It is now within the reach of all to take, and it can be taken by man, woman, or child.

As a disorder, it will cure any disease of the Kidneys or Bladder, and as an alternative, it will purify the blood, and restore health to the worn, or blemished from the skin.

Try it, reader, if weakness is enfeebled to overcome the most cruelest of its wonderful strengthening and invigorating properties.

See the advertisement in another column.

ap19 6t*sw&tu

Attention.

The undersigned authorized public sale to-day for a credit of 10, to his own order, at Messrs. E. Bourcier & Co., and accepted by them, dated February 4, 1858, at sixty days from date, for twenty-seven hundred and five dollars, as for four boxes received by it at quarantine, and dealt having been given to Mr. John Mc. Kenna, the payment of two boxes, fully guaranteed, and who have since failed utterly.

JAMES LEE, Broker.

ap22 12t Ward Building.

Messrs. Bourcier & Co.—Gentlemen: I have used Dr. Graham's Medical Compound and Anti-Consumptive Lung Tonic Pills, which I consider infallible in curing consumption. They have done more for me than all the medicines I have ever taken. I am willing to certify to the above, as I consider it my duty to do so. Yours, respectfully, MARY ANN BOWLES.

For sale by JOSEPH H. MARSH & CO., ap19 6t 45, 49 and 47 New Levee st

CHEMICAL WORKS.—Dr. Graham would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he has established a laboratory for the manufacture of his Medicines, and is now prepared to fill all orders with promptness and dispatch. Having had a practical experience of twenty years, he feels confident that he will be able to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their orders. Dr. Graham's Medical Compound and Anti-Consumptive Lung Tonic Pills are now ready for sale, and will be found invaluable in all cases of