Sucre Amelia, No. 1	livre	[illegible]		
id. No. 2	livre	[illegible]	a	[illegible]
Id. de Cassilla	livre	12½		
Tabac.				
Tabac, 1ère. qual.	livre	4	a	4½
Id. 2 le. qual.	livre	3	a	3½
Id. [illegible]	livre	2	a	2½
Id. en balots	livre	6	a	
Id. de Cuba	livre	24	a	25

Arrivé depuis notre dernier No. 365 boucauds expédié dans le mêmes temps, pour Brême 162, Havre 9, Boston 66, Philadelphie 8, New-York 4; total 243 boucauds. Nous avons approx que 200 boucauds ont changé de main, de 2 à 2½; 3 à 3½ et de 4 à 4½, pour les crotals, secondes et premières qualités; presque tous de qualité inférieure qui est la seule recherché.

Ventes Publiques.

VENTE A L'ENCAN,

PAR JOSEPH LE CARPENTIER.

Il sera vendu le Samedi le quinze Mars courant, à midi, à la Bourse d'Hewlett, les propriétés suivantes:

UN LOT de terre situé dans la rue Bourbon en cette ville, entre les rues de l'Hôpital et du Quartier, sur la gauche en allant de la première [illegible] ; le dit lot de terre ayant 33 pieds [illegible] 120 de profondeur, borné d'un coté par une propriété appartenant ci-devant au sieur Lapouse et de l'autre coté par la propriété de Dame Veuve Berbon : Ensemble avec la Maison et les autres bâtisses et établissemens qui s'y trouvent.

Plus, deux Esclaves, savoir : Clara, négresse d'environ 20 ans, et Léocadie mulâtresse d'environ 23 ans, guéries des vices et maladies rédhibitoires.

CONDITIONS :—COMPTANT.

N. B.—Les notes de ventes seront [illegible] Mr. Théodore Seghers, notaire public, frais des acquéreurs.

PAR J. LE CARPENTIER.

Il sera vendu le Samedi 8 Mars prochain, à midi, à la bourse de Hewlett, les propriétés ci-après désignées, savoir : SEIZE ESCLAVES des deux sexes, presque tous créoles, [illegible] et pour la plupart habitués aux travaux d'habitation. Parmi lesquels il y en a beaucoup à vignes, tels que charpentiers, maçons, tonneliers, charretiers, et bons domestiques de maison. Dans le nombre de ces esclaves il y a trois négresses bonnes blanchisseuses et repasseuses. Tous ces esclaves dont le plus vieux ne dépasse pas l'âge de 35 ans, sont bons sujets, exempts des vices et maladies prévues par la loi. Le propriétaire, Mr. Jean Nabs, ne les vend qu'à cause de son départ prochain pour France. De plus, appartenant au même propriétaire, un Lot de Terre situé rue de Vienne, entre les rues Mandeville et d'Espagne, faubourg Marigny, ayant 50 à 51 pieds environ de face sur 140 pieds de profondeur, sur lequel lot de terre il existe une maison No. 98, briquetée entre poteaux et doublée en planches, de 44 pds. de face à bâtir rue de la Vienne, sur 34 pieds de profondeur, ayant six appartemens, un galetas sur la cour, et un cabinet à chaque bout, une porte d'entrée sur la rue à chaque extrémité de la maison, deux puits dans la cour, une cuisine de 36 pieds de face sur 12 pieds, divisée en trois chambres à feu, pour servir à trois locataires de la maison principale. UN LOT DE TERRE tenant au précédent dans la profondeur, situé rue de la Levée No. 195, entre les rues Mandeville et d'Espagne, ayant 50 à 51 pieds environ de face à la rue de la Levée, sur 155 pieds environ de profondeur, du côté de la rue Mandeville, 126 pieds du côté de la rue d'Espagne, à laquelle dernière profondeur il s'élargit de 20 pieds environ, sur une nouvelle profondeur de 29 pieds, ce qui fait 155 pieds environ de profondeur du côté de la rue d'Espagne, et à cette profondeur, ledit lot a 50 à 51 pieds de large. Sur ce dit lot de terre, il existe dans la profondeur, une maison briquetée entre poteaux, doublée en planches, de 29 pieds 6 pouces de face sur 23 pieds, composée de deux chambres à feu, galerie avec deux cabinets, une cuisine de 20 pieds de face sur 15 de profondeur, dans la cour. Toutes les dimensions sont mesures françaises, et les établissemens sont dans le meilleur état.

Conditions :—Moitié à un an, et moitié à [illegible] de crédit, en billets endossés à la satisfaction du vendeur, avec hypothèque spéciale jusqu'au parfait payement. Les actes de vente seront passés aux frais des acquéreurs, par Wm. Young Lewis, notaire public. 27 fev.—4t.

LOTERIE

De l'Eglise Catholique, 1re. classe;

[illegible] 1828.

[illegible] le Samedi 8 Mars.

Lots gagnants :

[illegible] de 7000, un de 6000, un de 5000, un de 4000, un de 3000, un de 2720, six de 1000, 156 de 70, 780 de 10, et 7800 de 5, qui forme un capital de 97,440 piastres. Ceux qui deviennent entiers des billets, [illegible] voudraient renouveler leurs billets [illegible] prend

S'adresser à l'heureux Bureau de

P. V. BARBET,

Rue St. Louis, No. 37,

[illegible] *Etablissement en face de la Bourse.*

[illegible] billets—cinq piastres, moitiés [illegible] et demie, quarts dix escalins.

Les payers gagné en avoir dans la

LOTERIE DE LA LOUISIANE,

[illegible] sera tirée le 22 Mars ; les lots principaux sont de 15000, 12000, 10000, 8000, &c. Le prix des billets est de 10 piastres.

LOTERIE

DE L'EGLISE CATHOLIQUE,

DE L'ETAT DE LA LOUISIANE,

PREMIERE CLASSE—POUR 1828.

Le tirage aura positivement lieu le Samedi 8 Mars 1828.

PROSPECTUS.

1 prix de	$7000	est		$7000
1 "	6000	"		6000
1 "	5000	"		5000
1 "	4000	"		4000
1 "	3000	"		3000
1 "	2720	"		2720
6 "	1000	"		6000
12 "	500	"		6000
156 "	70	"		10920
780 "	10	"		7800
7800 "	5	"		39000
8760 prix 13600 blancs	24,360 Billets			$97,440

Prix des Billets :

Billets entiers, $5; moitiés, 2 50; quarts $1,25.

J. F. RIBETTY, Directeur.

L. PUTTINAT, Administrateur.

Tous les ordres devront être franc de ports et seront exécutés sans perte de temps, s'adresser à J. F. RIBETTY rue de Chartres, No. 134. 20 fev.

THE BEE.

PUBLISHED DAILY BY P. PELAUP.

NEW-ORLEANS,

MONDAY, MARCH 3, 1828.

From the Havre Phare of Dec. 8.

The Paragon, Cook, from New-Orleans for Amsterdam, stuck upon the rocks near Bell Granite : the ship made much water, and the captain threw overboard 60 hhds and 60 bales Tobacco, and about 100 bales cotton.

From the N. Y. American, Feb. 6.

The intelligence of a war all but declared by Turkey against allies, seems contradictory. We gave yesterday an extract from a letter of the 4th December, from Paris, affirming that war was inevitable. To-day we find later accounts from Paris had been received in London, of opposite import, as by the quotation from the New Times of the 7th. which we take from the Daily Advertiser will be seen. Then again comes a letter from Gibraltar, of the 24th Dec. stating that accounts had been received there that day, "that the Grand Signor had declared war against the three powers:" but to the accuracy of this intelligence the Mercantile demurs, and with reason, on the ground that the captain and passengers of the brig Jane, who did not leave Gibraltar till the 26th, had heard no such news. Upon the whole, we must still wait, for conjecture has nothing positive by the arrival yesterday, to ground upon.

Extract from Paris.—We have just received the *Gazette de France* of Thursday. It brings intelligence from Constantinople to the 12th ult. The Ambassadors not only had not quitted Constantinople, but had not even asked for their passports, and Count Guilleminot was to have an interview the next day with the Reis Effendi. According to the *Augsburg Gazette*, the Allied Ministers had granted seven days to the Porte to accept or reject peace, so that nothing could be known for certain till the 10th, neither would their departure take place before that day.

[*From the London New Times, Dec. 7.*]

The French papers of the 5th inst. reached us last night by express. They inform us, that after having learned the result of the battle of Navarin, the Austrian Ministry addressed a note to the Allied Powers, in which it declared, that whatever might happen to Constantinople, Austria was determined not to depart from her system of neutrality. This very declaration shows that much good has been affected by this splendid victory. Those who have attended to the conduct of Austria before the naval force of the Turkish empire was overthrown, and who are aware that if obstinacy was carried to its extremest point, it was under the guidance of her counsels, will see what a mighty change was at once operated in her opinions. All complaint and menace before, she suddenly becomes most friendly and compliant—nor does she limit herself to abstinence from threatened hostility. She [illegible] to impress it on the [illegible] the Power [illegible] has led into [illegible] influence of her [illegible] to submit to the chastisement which it has brought down upon his [illegible] The Grand Vizier is said, in the article, to have written an autograph letter to Prince Metternich, requesting the mediation of Austria between the Porte and Allies. It would seem from this fact, if it be true, that notwithstanding the good and bold [illegible] which Turkey originally [illegible] upon the matter, she is now most desirous of coming to an accommodation. Hopes of peace were therefore, once more entertained at Vienna, with more confidence than the occasion seemed to justify.

John Trumbull versus *John Randolph.*

Washington, Jan. 13th, 1828.

T. Dwight, Esq. New York.

Dear Sir :—The newspapers will have shewn you that in the memorable Battle of the 9th, the mangled bodies of all the painters strewed the bloody field ;—Allston, Morse, and myself all fell, but we fell gloriously by the side of the immortal Hero of the Day : You will see that I in particular, was most barbarously tomahawed and scalped by the unrelenting hand of the half-breed chief of Roanoke—and saddest of all to say, by the faithless hand of him who had once been my friend.

To speak seriously, it was my fate to be elected on that occasion, by the Hon. John Randolph of Roanoke, as the best of his merciless sarcasms.

But when Mr. Randolph, in his exordium, assigned as the cause of his taking part in the debate, "the misrepresentations of some obscure annuary published in Philadelphia, in which it was erroneously stated, that he had been partly instrumental in procuring those wretched specimens of the state of the Fine Arts in this country," he, unfortunately for himself, gave demonstration of a fact of which the world was not before aware. It is evident that his body is in a state of decay; —but it remained for himself to give the melancholy but irresistible evidence of mental decrepitude: the loss of memory is one of the most [illegible] proofs of the rapid approach of that last hour, "*when he will be as if he had not been, and been most witty.*"

The gentleman had forgotten that the National Intelligencer of the 28th January, 1817, after stating the arguments on the subject of the Flour Paintings, *records his name, Mr. Randolph*, among those who spoke in favour of the work, as well as in favour of employing me to perform it.

The gentleman also forget that persons are still living who heard that debate, and who retain a fresh and vivid recollection of the brilliant and beautiful eulogium which he then pronounced upon the small picture of the Declaration of Independence, the prototype of that large one which he now so sneeringly abuses.

The gentleman forgot what some others still distinctly recollect—that he then called the attention of the House to the portrait of Richard Henry Lee, (whose *shine* are the most conspicuous *shine* in the picture,) and pointing to the figure, he exclaimed—"Small as this picture is, I seem to see that venerable man sitting in person before me, in all the other dignity of a Senator of ancient Rome, in the elegant attitude so habitual to him, and so well remembered by me; the right hand laid over the left, concealing so happily and so delicately its mutilated remains."

Mr. Randolph forgot, that a copy of the National Intelligencer was at that moment in the Library of Congress—where it now lies open to the inspection of every one; contradicting him either of loss of memory, or of something incomparably worse ;—that human memory should decay as age advances, is the decree of Him who formed us, and though we may deplore, we cannot blame ;—but the alternative, *malignity*, is the vile and voluntary production of a wicked heart—of that, I am reluctant to admit the most remote suspicion.

When, however, a member of the House of Representatives stoops from his high estate, and, forgetting his duty, becomes, not the protector, but the slanderer of individual reputation, he should be reminded that although within those sacred walls he is privileged to indulge in ample liberty of speech, and may ramble on for hours in all the licentious revellings of wit or of folly, if his colleagues, amused by his wanton eccentricities, are willing to endure him; still, there is a limit which it is not wise to pass—for, happily, the Constitution secures to every individual of us, the sovereign people, the same free and equal liberty of speech where with to defend our characters out of doors, as any Representative can assume to abuse and vilify, in doors.

Generous minds will also recollect that the professional reputation of an Artist, like the fair fame of woman, is a delicate plant, easily blighted by any pestilent breath—and that although it may be sport to some, to indulge in ribald criticisms at our expense—yet, it is death to us.

I submit this reply to Mr. Randolph with feelings of deep regret, for I had indulged the hope that the former friendly disposition towards me would have been continued through life ;—and that his elegant education, his ample fortune, and his retired mode of life, might have induced him to become an eminent patron and protector of the Fine Arts.

I am, Dear Sir, your obliged and faithful servant.

JNO. TRUMBULL.

The Montreal Gazette, of the 16th of January, says—

"In the *United States*, that nation of a few years—there are now published more periodicals than in Great Britain ; and a small village in the States, supports two or three respectable journals, when, in *England* it would be considered a hazardous experiment to establish one. The inhabitants of the United States are certainly a reading people, and a fact which has lately come to our knowledge certainly establishes that assertion. Previous to 1816, not a single religious periodical was published in the United States ; but at the present day 36 periodicals devoted to religious subjects are now ably supported, both in talent and subscribers. What a change does this present to the Province of Lower Canada. All the periodicals of this country are published in two places only, are 14 in number, of which 10 are published in Montreal and 4 in Quebec ; 12 are Newspapers and 2 are in the shape of Magazines ; 8 are solely in the English language, 3 in the French language, and 3 in both. The *United States* are filled with inhabitants with feelings in favor of education, enjoying laws which are assimilated to those of *England*, while in Lower Canada, a *British Colony* a desire to keep the people in ignorance is manifested."

CIDRE de New-Jersey.—50 barils de Cidre venant d'arriver et à vendre par

13 dec. J. SCHIER & Co.

SALE AT AUCTION,

To the last and highest bidder and without limitation.

WILL be sold on Tuesday, the first of April 1828, at noon, at Hewlett's Exchange Coffee-House in New-Orleans, the following property :

1st—A lot of ground situated in the suburb Delord in the city of New-Orleans, measuring eighty feet front on the new levee street, one hundred and thirty feet front on Sauvage street, eighty feet on the lot No. 5 by which it is bounded on one side, and one hundred and thirty feet on the lot No. 2 by which it is bounded on the other side.

The said lot designated by the No. 1 on the plan thereof drawn by Joseph Pilié the city surveyor, and deposited in the office of *Theodore Seghers, Esqr. notary public*, in St. Louis street opposite the said Exchange. The said lot No. 1 will be sold together with the large two-story house and the other buildings and improvements thereon.

2d—A lot of ground adjoining the former and designated on the same plan by No. 2. This lot measures thirty-three feet and four inches front on new levee street by one hundred and thirty feet in depth, and is bounded on one side by the lot No. 1, on the other side by the lot No. 3 and in the rear by the lot No. 5.

It will be sold with the buildings and improvements thereon.

3d—A lot of ground adjoining the former and designated on the same plan by No. 3. This lot measures thirty-three feet and four inches front on new levee street, by one hundred and eighty feet in depth, and is bounded on one side by the lots Nos. 2, 5 and 6, on the other side by the lot No. 4 and in the rear by the lot No. 14.

4th—A lot of ground adjoining the former, and designated on the same plan by No. 4. This lot measures thirty-three feet and four inches front on new levee street, by one hundred and eighty feet in depth, and is bounded on one side by the lot No. 3, on the other side by the adjoining property heretofore belonging to the estate of the late Urbain Guinault, senior, and in the rear by the lot No. 12.

5th—A lot of ground designated on the same plan by No. 5, measuring thirty-five feet front on Suzette street, by one hundred and thirteen feet and four inches in depth, bounded on one side by the lots Nos. 1 and 2, on the other side by the lot No. 6, and in the rear by the lot No. 3, together with the buildings and improvements thereon.

6th—A lot of ground designated, on the same plan by No. 6, measuring thirty-five feet front on Suzette street, by one hundred and thirteen feet and four inches in depth, bounded on one side by the lot No. 5, on the other side by the lot No. 7, and in the rear by the lots Nos. 3 and 11, together with the improvements thereon.

7th—A lot of ground designated on the same plan by No. 7, measuring thirty-five feet front on Suzette street, by one hundred and thirteen feet and four inches in depth, bounded on one side by the lot No. 6, on the other side by the lot No. 8 and in the rear by the lot No. 11, together with the improvements thereon.

8th—A lot of ground designated on the same plan by No. 8, measuring thirty-five feet front on Suzette street, by one hundred and thirteen feet and four inches in depth, bounded on one side by the lot No. 7, on the other side by the lot No. 9, and in the rear by the lot No. 11, together with the improvements thereon.

9th—A lot of ground designated on the same plan by No. 9, measuring thirty-five feet front on Suzette street, by one hundred and thirteen feet and four inches in depth, bounded on one side by the lot No. 8, on the other side by the lot No. 10, and in the rear by the lot No. 11, together with the buildings and improvements thereon.

10th—A lot of ground adjoining the former and designated on the same plan by No. 10, measuring fifty-five feet front on Suzette street, by one hundred and thirteen feet and four inches in depth, bounded on one side by the lot No. 9, and on the other side by the lot No. 11, together with the buildings and improvements thereon.

11th—A lot of ground adjoining the former and designated on the same plan by No. 11, measuring thirty-five feet four inches front on Tchapitoulas street, by one hundred and eighty feet in depth, bounded on one side by the lots No. 10, 9, 8, 7, and 6 ; on the other side by the lot No. 12, and in the rear by the lot No. 3.

12—A lot of ground adjoining the former, and designated on the same plan by No. 12, measuring thirty-three feet four inches front on Tchapitoulas street, by one hundred and eighty feet in depth, bounded on one side by the lot No. 11, on the other side by the adjoining property heretofore belonging to the estate of the late Urbain Guinault, senior, and in the rear by the lot No. 4.

All the measures of the above twelve lots are French measure.

13—A tract of land situated on the left bank of the river Mississippi, in the parish of West Feliciana, consisting of two grants made to the late Augustin Allain by the Spanish government, according to two plots thereof made by the late Carlos Trudeau then royal surveyor for the province of Louisiana, the one in 1796, the other in 1797 ; the said two grants measuring together 2705 superficial arpents. The first of these two grants measures 40 arpents front on the river by 40 in depth ; and the second in the rear of the former measures 37½ arpents in front by 22 in depth, containing together as above stated 2705 superficial arpents, agreeably to a plan of the whole deposited in the office of the said notary.

TERMS.

The twelve lots of ground in the suburb Delord, payable in four equal instalments at one, two, three and four years from the day of sale, in notes satisfactorily endorsed and bearing mortgage respectively on the property sold.

The tract of land situated in the parish of West Feliciana, payable one fourth at one year, and the balance in six equal instalments at 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 years from the day of sale, in notes satisfactorily endorsed and bearing mortgage on the land.

The notes to be divided in such proportions as may suit the subscribers ; the deeds of sale will be executed before the said notary, Theodore Seghers. The expense of the deeds and those of the recording and cancelling of the mortgages to be paid by the purchasers.

March 1.

NOUVEAU TARIF des Droits de Douane du Mexique, an 1828.

Arancel general para las aduanas de los Estados-Unidos Mexicanos. Prix : $1 50.

CH. JOURDAN & Co.

21 fev Libraires, rues Royale et Ste. Anne

A VENDRE par A. BERTOULIN—Eau de Vie de Vin de Cognac, Anisette de Bordeaux, Liqueur de Rhum, Huile de baleine, Pâtés de lièvre truffés, aux fines herbes, tranches de Saumon frais, en [illegible] 20 Fév.

SALE AT AUCTION.

BY JOSEPH LE CARPENTIER.

WILL be sold on Saturday the fifteenth of March instant, at Hewlett's Exchange, at 12 o'clock, the following property : A LOT of ground situated in Bourbon street in this city, between Hospital and Barracks streets, on the left going from the first of these two streets towards the second ; said lot measuring 33 feet front by 120 in depth ; bounded on one side by a property heretofore belonging to Mr. Lapouse ; and on the other by the property of Widow Berbon ; together with the dwelling House and the other buildings and improvements thereon.

Also, two Slaves, viz :—Clara, a negresse aged about 20 years, and Leocadie, a mulatto slave aged about 23 years, warranted free from the redhibitory vices and diseases.

TERMS ; CASH.

N. B.—The deeds of sale to be executed before Theodore Seghers, Esq. notary public, at the expense of the purchasers.

March 3

TO BE DRAWN THIS WEEK.

BARBET'S LOTTERY OFFICE,

No. 37 St. Louis-street, opposite Hewlett's Coffee-House.

LIST of the drawing of the 3d class of the Catholic Church Lottery,

1—7—26—29

Persons holding public tickets are requested to call and receive the cash, or renew them in

next Catholic Church Lottery—first Class, for 1828.

To be drawn positively on the 8th of March, 1828.

SCHEME.

1 prize of 7,000, of 6,000, of 5,000, of 4,000, of 3,000, of 2,720, 6 of 1000, 12 of 500, 156 of 70, 780 of 10

Tickets, 5 dollars, Halves 2 dollars 50 cents' Quarters 1 dollar 25 cent.

P. V. BARBET.

This Office, No. 37 St. Louis Street, opposite Hewlett's Coffee House, is always open to transact all sorts of Exchange, on [illegible] either in doubloons, napoleons or [illegible] and uncurrent money at the lowest discount.

Next Saturday, will positively be DRAWN,

THE FIRST CLASS—FOR 1828,

Catholic Church Lottery.

HIGHEST PRIZES:

$7000, 6000, 5000, 4000, 3000, 2720,

And 6 of 1,000

Total amount - - - - $97,440

Tickets 5 dollars, packages of 10 do. [illegible]—warranted 20 dollars—Certificates of do. 33 dollars—Shares of each in proportion.

LOUISIANA LOTTERY,

SEVENTH CLASS,

To be Drawn on Saturday the [illegible] MARCH.

HIGHEST PRIZES.

$15,000, 12,000, 10,000, 8,000, 6,000, 4,880

6 of $2000 and 6 of 1000

Total amount [illegible]

TICKETS, $10—PACKAGES of [illegible] Certificates of do. [illegible] of each in proportion.

Apply at

MALCOLM'S

Office No. [illegible] Chartres street, Sign of the Wheel of Fortune, next door to [illegible]

Opposite the Exchange.

First Lottery to be Drawn in New-Orleans.

LOUISIANA

Catholic Church Lottery,

FIRST CLASS—FOR 1828.

To be Drawn positively on Saturday 8th of March, 1828.

SCHEME.

1	PRIZE of	$7,000	is	$7,000
1	"	6,000	"	6,000
1	"	5,000	"	5,000
1	"	4,000	"	4,000
1	"	3,000	"	3,000
1	"	2,720	"	2,720
6	"	1,000	"	6,000
12	"	500	"	6,000
156	"	70	"	10,920
780	"	10	"	7,800
7,800	"	5	"	39,000
8,760 Prizes, 15,600 Blanks,		24,360 Tickets		$97,440

Price of Tickets, 5 dollars, Halves 2 dollars 50 cts. Quarters 1 dollar 25 cents.

To be had in a great variety of Numbers, at

BENNET'S

Truly Lucky Lottery Office, No 81 Chartres Street, New-Orleans.

Where was sold in the third class of the PUBLIC SCHOOL LOTTERY,

No. 7551—12,000 dollars, one half sold to a Gentleman in this City.

Also, tickets in the Louisiana State Lottery, to be drawn on the 22d March.

CAPITAL PRIZES :

15,000, 12,000, 10,000, 8,000, &c.

Price of Tickets TEN dollars—shares in proportion. Feb 21

AVIS.—LE BUREAU du Trésorier de la Paroisse d'Orléans, est maintenant dans la maison ci-devant occupée par les Dames Ursulines, dans le même appartement où se trouve actuellement le Trésorier de l'Etat.

A. OGDEN,

7 Fév. Trésorier de la Paroisse