THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.
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No. 73 CHARTRES STREET.
TERMS OF THE BEE:
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Paid, or Editorial Page Notices, (Advertisements, each insertion, $1 50 per square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Paid, or Editorial Page, Monthly Advertisements, each square, $5 first month.
In outer sides, three, the advertising largely, shall be allowed such reasonable time as the occasion requires.
Notices of Marriages or Deaths, not exceeding ten lines, free of charge. Each additional line, 10 cents.
All Business Notices of Advertisements to be charged 10 cents net per line, each insertion.
All Foreign Advertisements must be paid for in advance.
All Advertisements not marked for any number of insertions, will be published till forbid, and charged accordingly.
NEW ORLEANS:
SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1869.

TRY GEORGE ALCEE CIGARS,
185.....Rampart Street.....185

J. A. CASADAVANT.—Mr. J. A. Casadavant, one of our most skillful dentists, has removed to No. 130 Canal street, between St. Charles and Carondelet. He needs no recommendation at our hands, being well known as one of the most experienced and successful practitioners in the art of dentistry.

CROAKER FREEBRAIN will be pleased to learn that on and after Sunday, May 2d, a special train for the accommodation will leave the Girod street depot for the lake every Sunday morning, during the summer season, at 4 a. m. The regular hourly trips on Sunday commence at 6 A. M. and continue until 8 P. M.

COOKING STOVES, TIN WARE, ETC.—The attention of our commercial and country readers is invited to the advertisement in this issue of Messrs. Bostick & Seymour, whose establishment is at the corner of Gravier, Front and Tchoupitoulas streets. They are selling out their stock of cooking stoves at cost—the "Chief Cook," "Diamond Rock" and "Premium Duke." Their stock of tin ware is complete, pressed, plain and japanned; also Tinner's stock and tools. They also have for sale at New York prices all articles in their line, among which are iron pipe and fittings, brass valves, steam, water and vacuum gauges; bar, rod, sheet and bolt iron, pumps, packing, hose, all kinds of oils, paints, turpentine, white lead and hardware.

This establishment is favorably known throughout the Mississippi valley, and we are sure their customers will find all goods sold there of the first quality and at reasonable market rates, and our friends, Messrs. Bostick & Seymour, recommending in every respect. They do a large business and their facilities are unsurpassed.

THE NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.—The following gentlemen were re-elected officers of this company by the Board of Directors at their meeting on the 12th inst., as per announcement of Mr. Charles, Secretary, in our advertising columns: C. H. T. Bruard, President; Capt. T. S. Williams, General Superintendent; R S Charles, Secretary and Treasurer; H C Wood, Paymaster; A. Wang, Storekeeper.

JACKSON RAILROAD PIC NIC AND EXCURSION.—The General Superintendent of this road, Capt Williams, announces in our advertising columns to day a change of schedule in the running of passenger trains, to commence to-day Trains will leave New Orleans at 7 a. m. and 5 P. M. Arrive at New Orleans at 11:20 A. M. and 11:45 P. M.

OPELOUSAS RAILROAD.—The Directors of this road, we are pleased to say, are moving in the matter of a plan to relieve the company from their embarrassments and obviate a sale of the road under the seizure of Mr. Charles Morgan, issuing from the U. S. Court. The scheme which has met the approval of the Directors is explained to the citizens of New Orleans in an address made by them, published in the Journals of the city to-day, and on the French side of this paper.

It is proposed to raise the sum of one million of dollars in cash by means of second mortgage bonds of the company to that amount now on hand, bonds, the issue of which has been legally authorized, but never disposed of, and by the sale of 10,000 shares of stock. With the proceeds it is proposed to pay one half of the amount due on past due interest coupons and for the other half to issue second mortgage bonds, bearing 8 per cent interest, payable semi annually. This arrangement includes a provision for the punctual payments of interest on all bonds and the construction of the road to Vermilionville. For the full development of this plan, which seems to be a feasible one, we refer to the address of the Directors, which has also the approval of some of our best financiers and capitalists, in the hope that our citizens will see the advantage and necessity of exerting themselves to prevent a sacrifice of the road and its ownership passing into other hands.

ELECTION OF CITY OFFICERS.—Mayor Conway has given notice that agreeably to the provisions of the city charter an election will be held on the 19th of May, 1869, for four Aldermen and seven Assistant Aldermen. The places of election and names of commissioners to be hereafter announced. The members of council to be replaced are:

ALDERMEN.
One Alderman for the First District, in place of Thomas Markey.
One Alderman for the Second District, in place of Ledger Bogel.
One Alderman for the Third District, in place of Louis Pesson.
One Alderman for the Fourth District, in place of Peter H Isor.

ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.
One Assistant Alderman for the First Ward in place of J C Eras
One Assistant Alderman for the Second Ward, in place of J B Aldham.
One Assistant Alderman for the Third Ward, in place of W S Pemberton.
One Assistant Alderman for the Fourth Ward, in place of H W Montgomery.
One Assistant Alderman for the Sixth Ward, in place of T. F. Fisher.
One Assistant Alderman for the Seventh Ward, in place of E C Morphy.
One Assistant Alderman for the Eleventh Ward, in place of John Brosn.

Messrs. F. L. Allbright, of the Cairo *Evening Bulletin*, F. S. Allbright, of the Memphis *Times*, Mason County, Illinois, and C. G. Root, of the Chicago *Times*, honored this office with a call yesterday. The editors regret having been absent from the office, and them having missed making the acquaintance of their confreres from Illinois.

JACKSON RAILROAD PIC NIC AND EXCURSION.—The Mutual Beneficiary Association of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad, will give a Pic Nic Excursion to Amite to-day, the train leaving at 7 A. M. Capt. T. S. Williams, General Superintendent of the Road, is the President of the Association. We acknowledge his politeness in transmitting to us an invitation to join the party. Having heretofore experienced the hospitality of Capt. Williams on similar occasions, we shall be tempted to take this ride with him to Amite and sniff the air of the pine woods.

NEWFOUNDLAND BITTERS.—These bitters stimulate the mucous membrane of the stomach and of the intestines, they neutralize acidities and secure prodigious inflammation or debility. In those peculiar characteristics of the Newfoundland Bitters lies the secret of their widespread popularity.

The means of exciting appetite and of stopping the morbid discharges of the stomach and of the intestines are numerous, but they never certainly vary according to the stimulus, for what is beneficial in a cold country may be hurtful in a warm region. It happens frequently that, forgetful of this elementary law of hygiene and of modern physiological rules, speculators have manufactured bitters, which have found a ready market, but have been the cause of numerous diseases and have done great harm to the consumer. Our organs in warm countries obey to other laws than in cold countries. Diffusible stimulants, which are bonefited and even indispensable in cold regions to sustain and excite warmth, are injurious in warm climates where we must, on the contrary, moderate organic combustion and sustain the system, which perspiration weakens, by means of bitter tonics and light stimulants. Such is the Newfoundland Bitters. They invigorate the stomach without any undue excitement by acting slowly upon that organ. A gentleman of this city, occupying a high position in commercial circles, was so shattered in business for many years, that he took to drinking all manner of tonics to sustain his physical energy. He soon experienced an absolute loss of appetite and of sleep, and, besides becoming extremely lean, was ill-tuned in the morning with an excessive flow of saliva. He was on the eve of leaving the city to go to Europe in search of health, when his friends advised him to try the Newfoundland Bitters to the exclusion of all other stimulants. He did so, and after a few days of this new regime, he recovered both appetite and sleep, and he is now in the full enjoyment of health.

The remarkable Oregon Crossroad, Capt. Veitl, sails this morning for New York, direct, with a full freight, 94,000 in specie, and the following passengers:

Mrs G La Blanc, Miss Gonzales, H F Babcock, wife and 2 children, G Meyer, F A Hoyt, Master Meyer, S E Spencer, Miss Spencer, Mrs F H Bowen, J Tyler, Mrs H Brush, F Lee port, Mrs Holmes, S Hayden, G P Morris and wife, Mrs Ed L Lee and 3 children, J Vogel, wife and child and 10 steerage.

The steamship United States, Capt. Nelson, sailed last evening for New York, direct, with a full freight, 94,000 in specie, and the following passengers:

Mrs Jennie Fourrier, Miss Jennie Bush, Mrs H T Tuomey, Miss G Bush, Miss Annie Bush, Miss M Bush, Miss Fannie Bush, Capt. Hayward and child, Capt. J J Fenton and lady, Miss G E Kenyon and child, Miss Kenyon and 2 children, Mrs H Wood and child, Mrs Hoffman and child, Mrs Ed Lee and 2 children, Mrs Wright, wife and child and 10 steerage.

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The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1869. 42d YEAR—Vol. XLII.—Whole—14,740

Judge Collens' Decision in the Drainage Commissioners Case.

We published yesterday an abstract of the decision rendered on Friday last by Judge Collens, of the Seventh District Court, on the application of B. Bloomfield, State Commissioner of Drainage, for a mandamus against the Drainage Commissioners of the 1st, 2d and 3d districts, and Chief Working Engineer, to compel them to deliver to him all books, records, papers, etc., appertaining to their said offices.

The points decided by Judge Collens are that the defendants are out of office, except for the purpose of accounting and surrendering the effects belonging thereto—that Bloomfield is their successor—that the act of the Legislature, No. 51, from which this controversy springs, is constitutional, and therefore the mandamus prayed for must issue.

The expediency of the law the court had nothing to do with. Says Judge Collens:

The Legislature may adopt a good or a bad system of drainage, or may determine to leave drainage wholly unprovided for, may dismiss and refrain from any drainage system whatever, abolish an existing system and adopt another, or none in its stead. What the Legislature cannot do is the diverting to other purposes funds expressly paid (as an assessment) by property-holders for the draining of their headlands as set would violate and impair a contract and vested rights.

It does not follow from this decision that the law is without objection, but only that the objection raised under this suit were not such objections as could be considered in the determination of the question as to B. Bloomfield's right to the effects and records of the Drainage Commissioners.

These objections may be very good and tenable in another proceeding should it be instituted—that is to prevent collections and investments of funds by the new commissioner. Such collections and investments may never be attempted.

THE FRENCH OPERA.—To-night that capital comic actor and useful member of the dramatic troupe, Jas. Gilbert, will take his benefit. His friends are legion, and they will turn out in strength to express in a practical way their appreciation of his efforts to amuse them. The fairy opera of "Les Amours Du Diable" will be performed. Mesdames Lambelé Abadie in the characters of *Urielle*, and Van Hoffen as the *Devil*. Personations sufficient of themselves to fill the house. The beneficiary represents one of the minor characters.

BENEFIT OF MADAME CAMBIER.—On Thursday next Madame Cambier will take her benefit at the French Opera House in the character of *Selika*, in Meyerbeer's opera of "l'Africaine."

Madame Cambier has borne a leading part in the performances of the present season at this theatre, and, we may say, has sustained more than her share of its labors. She merits the favor of the public not only on account of her talents as an artiste and a lady, but always exerted for the enjoyment of open-goers, but on account of her benevolent disposition which leads her to aid to the extent of her power every charitable object. The characters Madame Cambier has personated the present season bear testimony to the sensibility and faithfulness for her talents to please the public. She has appeared as *Rachel* in "The Jewess"; *Alice* in "Robert le Diable"; *Eleonore* in "La Favorite"; *Leonore* in "The Trovatore"; *Bertha* in "Jerusalem"; *Aida* in "Roland à Roncevaux"; *Valentine* in "The Huguenots"; *Donna Anna* in "Don Juan," and *Pauline* in "The Margyre" *Selika* in "l'Africaine" will form the tenth part represented by Madame Cambier.

Certainly such modest candidate a claim upon the patrons of the Opera House, which, we are sure, will be responded to in Madame Cambier's favor next Thursday. We may say the claim has already been acknowledged, as the boxes for that evening have all been engaged. It is in this manner her admirers hasten to manifest their appreciation of Mrs. Cambier's performances.

THE BRIGNOLI TROUPE—ITALIAN OPERA.—This troupe make their appearance at our Opera House on Monday evening next. Donizetti's opera of "Don Pasquale" is the performance announced for that evening, with the following distribution: Mlle. Marie Louise Dürand as *Norina*; Signor Petrilli as *Doctor Malatesta*; Signor Sarti as *Don Pasquale*; Signor Locatelli as *The Notary*; Signor Brignoli (tenor) as *Ernesto*; Signor Steffanone, Musical Director.

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.—A musical eleemosynary entertainment will be given in the church of St Vincent de Paul, on Dauphin street, between Clouet and Montegut streets, on Saturday, May 8th, for the benefit of the Association of St Vincent de Paul. The Dauphin street cars pass before the doors, which will be opened at 7 o'clock. We are in receipt of invitations from Mr. John Cheviller, Secretary of the Association.

PIC-NIC.—We are obliged to the Committee of invitation for tickets to a basket pic nic to be given by Pelican Division No. 1 Sons of Temperance, at the Fair Grounds, Tuesday, May 4, in celebration of the 23d anniversary of the order in Louisiana.

CURE FOR HYDROPHOBIA.—The attention of our readers is called to an article, in another column, headed "Cure for Hydrophobia."

We call attention to Mr. Tan Casserly's card in another column.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Our Illinois Guest.—A member of the Indian land speculating of one Illinois gnome-dwelled upon the office of the Board of Commissioners yesterday, and had an interview of a pleasant nature with Col. Camp, their chief engineer. They also visited the Ship Island and Lake Pontchartrain buildings in the afternoon, the party making a pleasant excursion in the ladies parlor of one of the Charles Morgan fleet. Of the editors of the party favored the *Bee* with a call. Two of the party left last evening on the fine steamer Robt. E. Lee, and the balance leave to-day by the Jackson R.Road. All enjoyed themselves in a quiet way yesterday, writing about the city, and some of them remain last night visited the opera and theatres.

Death of Mr. Louis Bernard.—Mr. Louis Bernard, Cashier of the Bank of Louisiana, died suddenly of heart disease yesterday forenoon at the Bank, where he had gone to attend to his duties. Mr. Bernard was about 57 years of age, a man of large family, and generally esteemed by the whole community.

Discrepancies in Taxes.—We have heard of parties who have been taxed for their discounts on taxes paid by them as allowed by the assessors of the council, the only reason given therefor being that the law did not state it. One gentleman who complained was informed very pointedly that he did not claim it." This seems singular.

Municipal Election.—Mayor Conway has issued a proclamation providing for an election on the 19th May, to fill the places of the members of the City Council who retire in consequence of having drawn the short term at parties.

Personal.—Miss Alice Gray, Miss Jenly Ostes and Mr. B. H. Woolf, of the Varieties Theatre, left or were to have left last evening by the Jackson Railroad. Miss Gray, Miss Fanning, Miss Dixon and others of the Varieties troupe are to play a month at the Vicksburg theatre of Mr. J. H. Stephens. Miss Ostes is under engagement to join Mrs. Rose Eddons at Washington city.

The Opelousas Railroad.—At a meeting of the Directors of this road it was resolved to appeal through the papers to the public for money and subscriptions, to relieve the road of its financial embarrassments.

Change of schedule of the Jackson Railroad.—By the new schedule which goes into operation to-day, a passenger train will leave New Orleans at 7 o'clock A. M. and at 5 o'clock P. M. The incoming trains arrive at 11:20 A. M., and 11:45 P. M. The travelling public will take a note of the change.

Personal.—Mr. Wenzer, Clerk of the Sixth District Court, has joined the services of Major John O'Laughlin as stenographic reporter to take testimony before the court.

The Cargo of the Brig Colson.—*A bill in chancery* has been filed in the United States Circuit Court by W. J. Porter, of the city of New York, and the bill or complaint is against Marshall Harrison and District Attorney Morgan, praying they be restrained from disposing of the bales of cotton, paper, etc., which are seized to satisfy a judgment of Court against the Brig Colson, who is their debtor in the amounts specified on the bill.

Hung Himself.—Coroner Avila held an inquest yesterday on the body of George Eidman, at No. 336 Carondelet street, who committed suicide late Friday night or early Saturday morning. His body was found hanging by the suicide in the morning by a member of the family and others, who went to his room to take him a cup of coffee. The body was hanging by a rope attached to an iron bar, which inner had been fastened transversely to the upper part of a door of the room leading to the back side, from a block, which he had evidently used in shoving himself to his self-constructed gibbet. Upon the person was found a small sum of money.

He was separated from his family some years ago and was given to drinking, though the cause of the suicide is supposed to have been sorrow at the death of his friend, Louis Bernard, who committed suicide near the same quarter on the 19th February last, and a discussion on the account, aggravated by bad health and real or imaginary troubles, to follow his friend's example.

Malicious Mischief.—A young man named Robert Hale has been arrested on a warrant from the Recorder's Court, charged by Mrs. Dubois with deliberately destroying a costly set of curtains, done to ruin and vex her, not content with the air made by Mr. Dubois, who, it is said, he has taken. The complaining youth was put under bonds to answer the complaint before the Criminal Court.

The Best Joke Out.—Getting kicked and swearing to it. This is not ours.

Robbery.—Dr. A. C. Hoit reports his residence in Carondelet street entered and robbed of all his clothes except what he wore.

Wreck of Steamer Gen Grant Sunk.—During the rain and wind storm of Friday, the wreck of the steamer Gen. Grant, lying in the Second District opposite Jackson Railroad depot, was somewhat damaged by the high winds, and rolling over disappeared. All efforts to raise the vessel are now at an end.

Drowned.—A boy named Joseph Fitzgerald, while playing with a number of companions at the foot of Nuna street Friday evening, fell into the river and was drowned. Although search was made the body has not been recovered.

Accident.—About 9 o'clock Saturday morning, Miss Jennie Koop, a young lady sixteen years of age, while crossing the corner of Hampert and Julia streets, was run against by a dray and severely injured. She was taken to her residence near by, and a physician called in, who considers her condition very critical.

Charity Hospital.—Report for week ending April, 1869: Admissions, 400; discharges, 446; deaths, 32 whites and 23 colored—55; remaining May 1st, 1869, 474 whites and 185 colored—659.

GRAND ACCOMPLISHED FAILURE.

LET US HAVE PEACE PLAYED OUT AND ANARCHY PLAYED IN.

[Fr m the New York Herald.]

"Let us have peace" is the motto of General Grant. It is a good motto—yes, it is glorious and sublime. We all want peace; but for all that, on the Cuba question and the Alabama claims there is a cloud of grave trouble which Young America is positively rejoicing. In fact, the great mass of the people no more want peace for any length of time with John Bull or the Spaniard than they want a war with terms with Jeff Davis. To peace which General Grant wants it peace among ourselves, peace between the two late belligerent powers in the South, peace between whites and blacks, peace with the women's rights women, peace with Train, peace with the office holders no matter who the office holders may be or what may be their claims, services, or qualifications, or what may become of them. A general clearing out will at all events settle this question, and so a general cleaning out is going on.

"The sweeping clean" is the order almost too close. We have never had anything like it before, nor bolted either. Rotation in office as established under General Jackson was to rotate the adherents of the defeated party out and the victors in, on the rule that "to the victors belong the spoils." Now the new law of rotation is to go out Grant men, Johnson and Seymour men, Radicals, conservatives and copperheads, and good services, capabilities and qualifications are no longer to be considered. The present going out or the parting coming in is principles. Union soldiers, with the followers of Andy Johnson, and Confederates and peace Democrats, and belgium women by the dozen, are turned off to the guillotine and sacrificed to a new total of two or three hundred every day. The grand idea with General Grant, they say, is to clear out everything and so fill every place with some new appointees, so that when they're all done there will be left to squabble about he will merely "have peace."

The House of Representatives is the mill which first grinds out the applesauce; then they are measured and distributed among the heads of the several departments; then they are passed over to the President, and then, as we have heard it indefinitely stated, the whole business comes to the Senate, and there, as we have heard it indefinitely stated, the whole affair is finally ended and the applesauce is all eaten up. Upon the whole, in the preparation and the application here to the affairs will be the disappointments and wrangling in the party lines. Under it, therefore, General Grant and his is the internal strife for a higher game than the division of the spoils, the capture of the coming fall elections, we fear, will not be very flattering to the administration and its new and sweeping law of rotation.

SPEECH BROWN.

Vicksburg, May 1.—Passed down: Mary Hammond at 8 P. M. A. Brown passed up at 9 A. M. Snow rising very slowly, 6 feet below high water mark.

Cairo, May 1.—Passed up: Red and Bergen and Ingleside. Down: Lizzie Bell and Mississippi. Sleep full 3 inches. Weather cool and rainy.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(To the New Orleans Bee.)

FROM WASHINGTON.

Interview Between Gen. Lee and President Grant.

Great Britain's Consideration of Belligerent Rights to the Insurgents Denied.

Contract for Transporting Bullion

Commissioner of Internal Revenue Decides Adversely to the Brokers.

FROM EUROPE.

The British Press on Sumner.

Miscellaneous Intelligence.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The Secretary of War will be absent till Tuesday. The Attorney-General will be absent two days.

Surveyor A. B. Roman will receive over the Southern Pacific mail steamers, and has entered a contract to transport two millions in bullion specially from Chihuahua to New York. The bullion has been a result of previous sales sent to San Francisco and thence to England.

The debt statement shows the total debt, principal and interest, to be $2,635,032,886. Amount in the Treasury, $6,518,—coin certificates $16,307,300; currency $7 896,564 67; gold dust, less cost in the Treasury, $6,518, 797,361, deposited during the month $6,295,070 $30,008,000 in coin were disbursed for interest, the larger portion for Europe.

The Reporter says the English Ministry desires that Great Britain has the same consideration as the question of the Cuban insurrection. He declares emphatically that the report that it was ever designed to recognize the insurgents as belligerents, and says his government is not even in favor of the existence of a provisional government on the island, and will continue its relations with the Government of Spain with her majesty's government as highly friendly, and regards the report hereby contradicted as wholly false, and without foundation between the United States and Great Britain.

The interview between Gen. Lee and the President was marked by great courtesy on both sides. Lee was introduced into the Executive room by Secretary Fish, and remained for an hour, however, after a number of persons had left. The questions given Motley, that gentleman will be found in a very different position from that occupied by Mr. Johnson.

Motley's rejection as American Minister to St. James is threatened to make his last actions hereby recorded in this country memorable. Such demands are utterly untenable, and Her Majesty's Ministers must be careful in enter-taining them.

The Times breathes forth the spirit of war in defiance of the treasury claiming that Sumner's speech was a challenge to hostilities. Such a menace and enormous, adding that although her country is worthy of attention and consideration no contrition or humiliation should either be expected or accepted. If all the foreign representatives were to be taken, the case would be proclaimed against her and any project of an equitable settlement would be at an end.

The *Standard*, a tory organ, exhibits a spirit of defiance towards the United States, and says capitulation by the last pay capitulation by England.

Yale position is considered by the Liverpool *Post*, which says that England cannot afford a quarrel, but not on behalf of Cuba.

London, May 1.—The Government instructs Commodore Phillimore, commanding the West India Station fleet, to demand restoration of the Mary Lowell and an apology for her seizure.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Paris, May 1.—Bourse stronger. Rentes 72.05.

Frankfort, May 1.—Bourse firmer.

Havre, May 1.—Cotton closed buoyant and unchanged.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Mobile, May 1.—Cotton quiet; low middlings 26¼ to 26½c. Sales 900 bales, receipts 200 bales after close yesterday. Receipts 145 bales; no exports.

Charleston, May 1.—Flour $6 to $6 25. Corn 59 to 60c. Oats 60 to 70c. Whisky 90c. Pork held at $31.

Louisville, May 1.—Sales 91 kegs Tobacco at $4 80 to $24. Pork $31 25 Flour—superfine $5 25 to $5 50.

St. Louis, May 1.—Sales No Flour $4 25 to $4 75. Wheat $1 50. Corn 60 to 61c. Oats 61 to 64c.

Chicago, May 1.—Flour $4 25 to $6 25. Wheat $1 10¾. Corn 56 to 57¼c. Oats 56¾ to 59c. Rye $1 16 to $1 16¾. Barley $1 67 to $1 67½. High Wines 90c. Molasses $1 to $1 01. Lard 17¼ to 17½c. Pork $30 50 to $31. Lard 17¼ to 17½c. Hams 15 to 15½c. Bulk sides 14¼ to 15¾c.

Memphis, May 1.—Cotton firmer. Low middling 26¾ to 26¾c. Receipts 226 bales. Exports 923 bales.

New York, May 1.—Evening.—Money closed plump 7. Sterling quiet, 109¾. Gold 134¾ to 134¾. Stocks blather and steady. Southern bonds quiet; Louisiana 6s 70¾ to 70¾; Virginia 6s 69¾ to 70. Loans closed steady at 7 per cent on three bonds was paid to-day.

Government strong. Over a million sent to Europe to-day. 6ts, 118¾; 62s, 113¾ to 113¾; 64s, 113¾ to 113¾; 65s, 113¾ to 113¾; 67s the same, 68s, 114¼ to 114¾; 10 40s 105¾.

New York, May 1.—Evening.—Cotton steadier. Sales 1500 bales; middling uplands 28¾c. Flour firmer, superfine $5 50 to $5 80.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

Southcast Pass, May 1.—7 P. M.—Barometer 30.70. Wind S. W. and blowing a gale. Arrived: Steamship Azoria, Furnell, at 6:15 P. M., Galveston and Indianola, to O. A. Whitney & Co., steamship Geo. W. Washington, Gager, at 7 P. M., New York, to A. Moulton. No departures. The sea is mountainous. Mary is at another route bound out waiting for the wind to moderate before going to sea.

STEVE BROWN.

Vicksburg, May 1.—Passed down: Mary Hammond at 8 P. M. A. Brown passed up at 9 A. M. River rising very slowly, 6 feet below high water mark.

Cairo, May 1.—Passed up: Red and Bergen and Ingleside. Down: Lizzie Bell and Mississippi. Sleep full 3 inches. Weather cool and rainy.

London, May 1.—Holiday to-day.

Liverpool, May 1.—Noon.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling Orleans 12½d.; middling Orleans 12½d.

Sales 8000 bales. Corn firmer, but not changed.

Liverpool, 2½ P. M.—Afternoon.—Cotton quiet and steady. Sales 10,000 bales.

London, May 1.—Consols opened quiet and steady.

New York, May 1.—The Alaska fleet Anchorage will proceed to-day with $600,000 in specie.

The Post reports the steamer Nigerian, from Hamilton for San Francisco, burned.

Four drunken British sailors from the ship Washington were wounded by the Aspinwall police.

The Columbia Legislature passed a resolution requesting the President and Senate of his Minister.

The fever still rages in Peru.

Washington, May 1.—Gen. Dent has returned to Gen. Lee that Gen. Grant desires a visit.

Philadelphia, May 1.—The Union meeting last night was an immense success, all political parties participating. A permanent committee of fifty was appointed to consult and act with the Citizens' Committee.

In Pennsylvania were very strong, and urge re-election of Senator Cameron.

Washington, May 1.—Gen. Lee, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Leggett of Baltimore, visited Grant this morning.

Montgomery, May 1.—The members of the House from Lowndes, who have for several days past been the guests of the city, left per the mail train for Selma, at 10 o'clock this a. m.

They were much pleased with the visit, and received much courtesy and attention.

They go from Selma to Columbus, Miss., and thence to their homes.

The late rains are proving very disastrous. Many of the growers are out of their banks, and the cotton crop has been much improved.

Fifteen are much destroyed in consequence. The rain continues.

Vicksburg, May 1.—Passed up: Nick Long; arrives at 9 A. M., Belle Lee at 7 P. M. Down: Dacre and Alaska at 8 A. M. yesterday.

Silver rising fast.

Memphis, May 1.—W. D. Borlow, Postmaster at Montrose, Ark., who was arrested for robbing the mails and destroying the correspondence of Senator Clayton, has plead guilty.

Ottawa, April 30.—Passed up: Magenta. Down: Bubble, Legal Tender and Richmond River fell three inches. Weather rainy and cool.

A Cure for Hydrophobia.

The following article from the French newspaper *La Presse* will be read with interest. It is another one of the most simple remedies for curing a terrible disease, and at the same time, revulsive and curative. The patient need not go to the shores of Syria with her majesty's government as highly friendly, and regards the report hereby contradicted as wholly false, and without foundation between the United States and Great Britain.

The interview between Gen. Lee and the President was marked by great courtesy on both sides. Lee was introduced into the Executive room by Secretary Fish, and remained for an hour, however, after a number of persons had left. The questions given Motley, that gentleman will be found in a very different position from that occupied by Mr. Johnson.

Motley's rejection as American Minister to St. James is threatened to make his last actions hereby recorded in this country memorable. Such demands are utterly untenable, and Her Majesty's Ministers must be careful in entertaining them.

The Times breathes forth the spirit of war in defiance of the treasury claiming that Sumner's speech was a challenge to hostilities. Such a menace and enormous, adding that although her country is worthy of attention and consideration no contrition or humiliation should either be expected or accepted. If all the foreign representatives were to be taken, the case would be proclaimed against her and any project of an equitable settlement would be at an end.

The *Standard*, a tory organ, exhibits a spirit of defiance towards the United States, and says capitulation by England.

Yale position is considered by the Liverpool *Post*, which says that England cannot afford a quarrel, but not on behalf of Cuba.

London, May 1.—The Government instructs Commodore Phillimore, commanding the West India Station fleet, to demand restoration of the Mary Lowell and an apology for her seizure.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Paris, May 1.—Bourse stronger. Rentes 72.05.

Frankfort, May 1.—Bourse firmer.

Havre, May 1.—Cotton closed buoyant and unchanged.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Mobile, May 1.—Cotton quiet; low middlings 26¼ to 26¾c. Sales 900 bales, receipts 200 bales after close yesterday. Receipts 145 bales; no exports.

Charleston, May 1.—Flour $6 to $6 25. Corn 59 to 60c. Oats 60 to 70c. Whisky 90c. Pork held at $31.

Louisville, May 1.—Sales 91 kegs Tobacco at $4 80 to $24. Pork $31 25 Flour—superfine $5 25 to $5 50.

St. Louis, May 1.—Sales No Flour $4 25 to $4 75. Wheat $1 50. Corn 60 to 61c. Oats 61 to 64c.

Chicago, May 1.—Flour $4 25 to $6 25. Wheat $1 10¾. Corn 56 to 57¼c. Oats 56¾ to 59c. Rye $1 16 to $1 16¾. Barley $1 67 to $1 67½. High Wines 90c. Molasses $1 to $1 01. Lard 17¼ to 17½c. Pork $30 50 to $31. Lard 17¼ to 17½c. Hams 15 to 15½c. Bulk sides 14¼ to 15¾c.

Memphis, May 1.—Cotton firmer. Low middling 26¾ to 26¾c. Receipts 226 bales. Exports 923 bales.

New York, May 1.—Evening.—Money closed plump 7. Sterling quiet, 109¾. Gold 134¾ to 134¾. Stocks blather and steady. Southern bonds quiet; Louisiana 6s 70¾ to 70¾; Virginia 6s 69¾ to 70. Loans closed steady at 7 per cent on three bonds was paid to-day.

Government strong. Over a million sent to Europe to-day. 6ts, 118¾; 62s, 113¾ to 113¾; 64s, 113¾ to 113¾; 65s, 113¾ to 113¾; 67s the same, 68s, 114¼ to 114¾; 10 40s 105¾.

New York, May 1.—Evening.—Cotton steadier. Sales 1500 bales; middling uplands 28¾c. Flour firmer, superfine $5 50 to $5 80.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

Southcast Pass, May 1.—7 P. M.—Barometer 30.70. Wind S. W. and blowing a gale. Arrived: Steamship Azoria, Furnell, at 6:15 P. M., Galveston and Indianola, to O. A. Whitney & Co., steamship Geo. W. Washington, Gager, at 7 P. M., New York, to A. Moulton. No departures. The sea is mountainous. Mary is at another route bound out waiting for the wind to moderate before going to sea.

STEVE BROWN.

Vicksburg, May 1.—Passed down: Mary Hammond at 8 P. M. A. Brown passed up at 9 A. M. River rising very slowly, 6 feet below high water mark.

Cairo, May 1.—Passed up: Red and Bergen and Ingleside. Down: Lizzie Bell and Mississippi. Sleep full 3 inches. Weather cool and rainy.

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, May 1, 1869.

The Money market proper is quiet, with a moderate demand for discounts, and an ample supply at easy rates. The supervision of all A1 paper. The street rates may be quoted at 10 per cent. per annum to 1 per cent. per month for call loans, with occasional collaterals, and 1 to 1½ for good to choice business paper without collaterals. Commercial paper is in fair demand, and is quoted at 10 to 12 per cent. per annum for A1, and 12 to 15 for second grade.

Gold opened at 134¾ to 135 (against 134¾ on Saturday in New York) and closed at 135¼ to 135¾. Sales included $4000 and $15,000 at 135¼; $10 000 at 135 to 135¼; $25,000 and $15,000 at 135⅛; $70,000 and $30 000 (deliverable on Monday) at 135¼. Nothing reported in Silver. It is quoted at 129¼ for American half-dollars, and 127 to 130 for Mexican dollars.

The movement in Foreign Exchange was of fair extent, and showed a further improvement of ½ per cent in rates. The sales of advance to gold at New York. The sales of sterling included £1,000 bill of lading at 108¾, £1000 At and £2500 bill of lading at 108¾, £2000 and £3000 At clear and £10,000 At bill of lading at 108¾, £6000 At clear at 108¾, £5000 at 108¾, £2000 At clear at 108¾, £2000 at 108¾, £1000 bank at 108¾. In Francs there were sales of 100,000 (50,000 at 5.20 and 50,000 At commercial at 5.18¾, and 750,000 at 5.17½ to 5.17¾. Bills were quoted at 5.16 to 5.16¾ for A1 bill of lading and clear, and 147 to 147¼ for bank, and francs 5.17½ to 5.18¾ for the former and 5.16 to 5.16¾ for the latter.

We have no material variation to report in the market for Domestic Exchange. The blatte obtained on New York at ¼ per cent premium and the sales included $20,000 commercial, eight days, New York at par, $40,000 at 1-16 to ¼ per cent premium, $40,000, $60,000, $20,000, $50,000 and $95,000 commercial, $95,000 and $50,000 at private bankers at ½.

Banking reported in Bonds or Bonds, except the following on account by H. W. Poitevy and others: $5000 Consolidated city Bonds, 86; $5000 Consolidated city Bonds, 86; $5000 Consolidated city Bonds, 86;