NEW-ORLEANS BEE.

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.
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"Truth is omnipotent, and Public Justice certain."

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

HENRY CLAY

(Subject to the decision of the American People.)

NEW-ORLEANS:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 14, 1842.

A LOCOFOCO MORCEAU.—Were it not for the gravity with which the *Globe*, Richmond *Enquirer*, and kindred journals, announced the proceedings of the locofoco convention of New Hampshire, holden at Concord "to nominate candidates for congress, and to declare the sense of their constituency in regard to the important political questions now pending", we might have supposed the annexed resolution, passed by that august body, to be a piece of fun concocted by some whig wag in derision of their opponents. The endorsement of the locofoco leaders, have given the sanction of party authority to the proceedings of the New Hampshire convention—and we must, therefore, take for serious, what appeared to us to have been the conceptions of a merry spirit. Let us see what the New Hampshire democrats consider the *ne plus ultra* of good government, and what the locofoco party generally, mean—by a return to prosperity and happiness. The convention

Resolved, That the administration which came into power in March, 1841, found the country in a state of great and unprecedented general prosperity, in which it had been steadily progressing for the preceding twelve year—our population happy, increasing in prosperous—our laws judiciously made, and equitably administered—our national name and honor respected abroad—individual rights secured at home, and every Department of useful industry reaping a rich and ample reward—our government revenue economically collected and expended—a treasury containing a balance of between six and seven millions of dollars, with abundant means and provisions to meet the necessary expenditures of the coming year.

So the spendthrift administration of VAN BUREN is extolled as economical, and the embarrassed condition of the country in 1841 is considered one of "unprecedented general prosperity;" the annual excess of eight millions of expenditure over the receipts of the revenue indicates a wholesome condition of the treasury; and the frauds, peculations and elopements of defaulting, and receiving officers denote an economical collection and disbursement of the public funds. We are happy to have a key to the meaning of the locofocos when they prate of reform. It appears that they desire to bring the government back to the deplorable condition in which it was, in 1841; when the gross immorality of executive officers, the frequent embezzlement of the public funds, the ruinous extravagance of the administration, the heartless intolerance of the government of all public complaint, and its cold indifference to the sufferings of the people troused the nation to the necessity of hurling from office a president whose career was marked by acts of cruelty and selfishness and the minions who supported him in his haughty and oppressive course.

THE STATE VS. THE LOUISIANA STATE BANK.—The following judgment was rendered on Monday by Judge BRIGHAM in this case. The bank having refused to answer certain enquiries propounded by the Board of Currency, and to submit certain documents required by the Board to enable that body to report to the Legislature, in conformity to law—

JUDGMENT

When, after hearing testimony and argument of counsel, the court order that the exception raised by defendants be overruled, and considering that by the 3 section of the act to revive the charters of the several banks located in the city of New Orleans and other purposes, a discretionary power is vested in the Board of Currency as to the information which they may require in relation to the affairs of any bank, and that the court is not authorised, except in a clear case, to control that discretion; that the information required is useful for the purpose of ascertaining the real situation of the bank, to be laid before a meeting of the stockholders by the Board of Currency.

It is therefore ordered, adjudged and decreed, that a peremptory mandamus issue as prayed for in the plaintiff's petition, and that the defendants pay the cost of these proceedings.

FROM TEXAS.

By the arrival of the steamship *Neptune*, we have received files of Galveston and Houston papers to the 8th instant, inclusive. There appears to be little local news stirring. Congress assembled at Washington in conformity with the President's proclamation. The journals cont in the message, the discussion of which occupies the principal portion of their columns. The message itself is regarded as a very feeble document, and its recommendation to make the Exchequer bills now in circulation, receivable only for direct taxes, and not for import and tonage duties, is denounced as dishonest. It is a palpable violation of public faith, and as such seems to have drawn upon the Executive general indignation and scorn.

In respect to the foreign relations of Texas, the message gives no additional information. Its comments upon the recent irruptions of Mexico upon the frontiers of Texas are such as might have been expected from an executive whose vacillating and quibbling conduct, to put the invasion, at once disgusted the citizens of his own State, and mortified every friend of Texas in other countries. The tone of the message is evidently hostile to any attempt on the part of Texas to retaliate upon Mexico the aggressions which that republic has made, and the President complains in a whining and captious spirit that the citizens should have been roused, by the repeated incursions of the Mexicans, to concert an organized resistance, or attempt reprisals. The great source of the President's mortification seems to be that the people dared to repair to the scene of strife, without awaiting the orders of the administration, after they had suffered from the inert and passive conduct of the government. This portion of the message appears to have been dictated by the wish that the battle of San Jacinto should be the last achievement of the Texian army, and the hero of that field the only general in the state. The President argues that nothing can be done unless he is consulted, at the same time giving the people to understand, that if consulted he will do nothing.

In regard to the preparations to resist any contemplated invasion of Mexico, the President says there are abundant resources—without, however, shewing in what they consist; unless, perchance, the opinion that one hundred armed men on the frontier might deter the Mexicans from future incursions, be considered as indicating the bulwark which is to stand between the sovereignty of Texas and all efforts to overthrow it.

On the Navy, President HOUSTON says nothing, but talks so much credit to himself for the fortification of Galveston, which, by the way, we always understood were effected by private subscription and individual enterprise—which, in the premises, he took occasion to rebuke. The message represents the general condition of the country in a deplorable aspect—its resources crippled, its circulation valueless, its credit extinguished.

The reports from the Army at the West are contradictory; one represents the army as numbering 850 men, completely organized, under command of General Somervile, on its march to the Rio Grande; another states that the drafted troops were fast deserting, and the volunteers were about following their example.

The Texian schooner *San Bernard*, which was cast ashore during the late gale at Galveston, is still lying fast aground. It is believed that she might be set afloat for $300.

The Indians have recently shown themselves about Austin, and stolen a number of horses. They have also appeared disposed to maltreat and murder all unprotected citizens.

Smuggling seems to be carried on in the port of Galveston. The Collector lately found thirty pieces of silk, snugly packed away in a barrel of flour; and a baker who had purchased some flour which had passed inspection, found a quantity of silks stowed in one of the barrels.

A gentleman who arrived a few days since from San Augustine, says the Customhouse in that district is closed and no duties are collected. The people all along the line from the Red River to the mouth of the Sabine, openly defy the collectors and bring in their goods from the United States, with as little hindrance as they would meet with in transporting them from one county to another. —*Houston Star.*

☞ The New-York papers are discussing the mode of disposal of the thousand dollars sent to Sheriff HART, by some unknown individual, as a bribe to induce him to refuse hanging Gott. The most sensible suggestion is that of the New-York Commercial Advertiser, that the money should be returned to the owner through some channel which he can resort to without discovery, and that he should be allowed to do with it what he pleases. This disposition of it, adds the *Commercial*, will probably be in favor of the child. At the same time, every effort should be made for his detection, that he may receive the lawful and fitting punishment of his offence.

ANOTHER TYLER OBJECT GONE.—The Louisville *Gazette*, breathed its last on the 30th ult. A new paper, called the *Democratic*, has been established up on the ruins of the *Gazette*, under the auspices of the former editors of those journals.

JUDGE BOOTH, of the Sixth Judicial Circuit, in Alabama, we ill, it is said, be impeached during the present session of the legislature.

AMERICAN THEATRE.

MRS. SIDDONS.—This lady achieved a triumph last evening in the character of PAULINE, in the "Lady of Lyons." Her person is commanding, her figure faultless, her enunciation distinct, her voice sonorous, her gesticulations forcible and dignified, and her face full of expression. She is decidedly the most accomplished actress we have seen for some time. Her performance last night gave evidence of capacity for the most exalted walks of the drama. She will become a favorite here. After the curtain fell, the audience continued their applause for a length of time.

Mr. CONNER, as Claude Melnotte, was well received, and acquitted himself handsomely. He has improved since he was here last.

They will appear this evening in "Tortesa, the Usurer."

MORGAN of Exchange Place is well supplied with a collection of all the recently published stories and romances. We have received No. 1 of Burgess' Novelist's Library containing Vivian Grey complete; Nos. 3, 4 and 5 of Post's edition of the Waverly Novels, embracing the Antiquary, Rob Roy, and Old Mortality; and Dr. Lover's popular tale, Harry Lorrequer, complete in four numbers.

LADIES' FAIR.—The fair for the benefit of the St. Patrick's Church, commenced last evening. The spacious hall of the City Hotel has been converted into a Bazaar, where wares of useful sort are exposed to sale by our fair countrywomen—lovely hand-maids of charity. Who will not assist in furthering the objects of the ladies, and contribute something to the cause in which they are engaged! God speed them.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A Frenchman, whose name we could not learn, a butcher by trade, was going, yesterday morning at half past 4 o'clock, towards the Beef Market, on horseback, when his horse runaway near the corner of Toulouse street and the Levee, dashing him with such force on the head as to fracture his skull. He was taken to the Guard house, but expired almost instantaneously.

☞ A young man, limping on crutches, made an affidavit yesterday before Recorder Bertus, against John ——, the second mate of the ship *Desdemona*, from Havre. It seems that during the voyage, the mate sent the sailor, whose name is Zaggo, to the main-top to perform some duty or other, and being dissatisfied with the mode in which his order was obeyed claimed after him, quarrelled with him, and finally threw him from the mast—Zaggo falling on deck and breaking his leg.

THE WEATHER has at length cleared off bright, serene and cold withal. We had, yesterday, regular wintry weather—not ice and frozen rivers and such other characteristics of northern latitudes, but a brisk and nipping air, and plenty of white frost in the morning.

ST. LOUIS CHURCH.—We have been informed that the difficulties existing between Bishop Blanc and the Church Wardens have been amicably settled.—A new Curate has been nominated and the clergy have resumed divine service in the Cathedral Church.

☞ The Ladies of St. Paul's Church will hold a fair for the benefit of the Church, during the holidays at the City Hotel, corner of Camp and Common streets.

☞ Mr. AUGUSTIN VIVIANT has been elected Recorder of the Third Municipality by a majority of 592 votes.

We publish the prospectus of a new Tyler paper to be issued to-morrow.

SOUTHERN QUARTERLY REVIEW.—We have received the October number of this publication, and will take occasion to notice its contents hereafter.

COUNTERFEIT Ten Dollar bills on the Northern Bank of Kentucky have made their appearance at Wheeling and other places.

JONATHAN CHAPMAN, the present Mayor of Boston, declines a re-election. Martin Brimmer is the whig candidate.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE will in all probability be here to-day, provided a quorum was present at Washington on the 5th inst.

MASSACHUSETTS.—The Boston *Atlas*, after a complete examination of all the returns, thinks it possible that the locofocos may have *one* majority in joint ballot.

DEATH OF THE HON. R. W. HABERSHAM.—We have to chronicle the death of another member of Congress, the Hon. R. W. HABERSHAM of Georgia, who died on the 2d inst, at his residence in Habersham county, Geo.

GREAT FIRE IN OSWEGO, N. Y.—On the 29th ult., a fire broke out in Fitzhugh & Co.'s flour mill, in the town of Oswego, and rapidly spreading, effected an immense amount of injury before it was subdued.—A number of large flouring establishments, warehouses, &c., were consumed. The loss is estimated at from $175,000 to $200,000—of which a third was probably insured.

ANOTHER STEAMBOAT SUNK.—The steamer Juniata arrived yesterday from Nashville, and reports the Iris sunk at Eddyville on the Cumberland.

She had on board 100 bales cotton for the Covington Factory. She was taking out her engine when the Juniata passed, of course the hull is a total loss.

We presume the cotton was saved, probably in a damaged state.—*Cincinnati Republican.*

DREADFUL SHIPWRECK AND LOSS OF LIFE.—A letter received in this city, states that the barque Isidore, Capt. Fosse, sailed from Kennebunk on the morning of the 30th ult, for New Orleans, and was totally lost on the same night, with all her crew, on Cape Neddock (another account says on Mason's beach) in Wells. The Isidore was a new barque, mostly owned in Kennebunk, this being her first voyage.

The barque was insured in this city for $22,000, which is about her value.—*Boston Atlas.*

THE LITTLE MONSTERS OF OHIO.—Demonstrations on the part of the victorious "Democracy" of Ohio, place the Banks in some jeopardy. One authority proposes a law making real estate a tender for debt. If the constitution of United States were not in the way, the project might be attempted.—The Banks would be obliged to receive hills and prairies instead of gold and silver; suspension and a general winding up would follow of course.

CROSSING THE LINE.—The Grand Jury of the criminal court of New Castle county, Delaware; have indicted the Hon. T. F. Marshall, for fighting a duel within the borders of that county and State. Col Webb luckily escaped a similar indictment, in consequence of his standing during the duel within the line of Pennsylvania. The two belligerents may hereafter be considered *line* shots.

COAL ADVICE.—The *Hartford Times*, Loco, call upon the President to veto his own measures. It says:—

"The scheme of a Government Bank, or Exchequer to issue notes and deal in exchange, would if adopted, be a terrible political engine, dangerous to liberty as well as destructive to trade, and were Congress as weak or as wicked as to adopt it, we should hope that President Tyler would on further consideration, veto it, although a matter of his own suggestion."

This is cool advice, to say the least of it.

REMOVAL.—We learn with deep regret that Col. Brooks, the collector of this port, has just removed Mr. Matthew Gooding, one of the inspectors of customs. Mr. Gooding is a whig, and at the recent election voted the whig ticket for members of the Legislature and county officers, neither denying nor concealing the fact. For this, and this alone, he has now been removed. Such a statement needs no commentary.

In all our political relations, nothing has ever given us keener regret, or deeper mortification. In 1840, we served side by side with Edward Brooks and Matthew Gooding, in the whig ranks—in 1841, we saw both of them justly rewarded for their whig services—and now in 1842, we have seen one of them remove the other from office for voting that very ticket. Is this is political friendship and fidelity!—*Detroit Adv.*

AN AGED COUPLE.—There now resides in Walton county, about 75 miles from this place, a man and his wife whose united ages are *two hundred and twenty-nine years*. The old gentleman's name is Daniel Carnegie. He was married to his present wife Mary four years ago in the Isle of Sky, in Scotland. He emigrated to this country several years before the revolution, and was about fifty years old when it commenced. There were no neutrals then, and as Mr. Campbell had left his native country in consequence of the political troubles of 1745, he was prepared to take part with the colonists against the house of Hanover. He served through nearly the whole revolutionary war, but although very poor, he has not been able to avail himself of the bounty or raiber of the just remuneration which the pension laws have provided for the survivors of that glorious epoch. He was born in the reign of the 1st of George the Second, and in the 19th year of his age, by extreme old age and mental infirmity, rendered incapable of making the declaration required by the law. He is now 117 and his wife is 112 years old.—*Pensacola Gazette.*

CHARLES A. WICKLIFFE, MR. TYLER'S POST MASTER GENERAL.—The Shelby News says:—

"We have it upon respectable authority that Post Master General CHARLES A. WICKLIFFE, during his recent visit to Kentucky, gave it as an individual to understand pretty plainly, that all his Deputy Post Masters had until the 4th of March next to take upon ground in favor of the claims of Mr. Calhoun, of South Carolina, for the Presidency, and those who did not do so at that time should walk the political plank. If this should be the case, "by authority," we will prove it. So, Messrs. Post Masters look out.

Unless we have fitted entirely in the estimate of the editor of the News, he is not the man to make an assertion of this kind, except upon the surest evidence of its truth. That evidence he says is his possession, and he boldly challenges a denial. Kentuckians, what think you now, of the man upon whom you have lavished your confidence. Will it not truth you to beware in all future time, of political renegades.

☞ The fire merchants of Philadelphia are already engaged in filling their ice-houses, to avoid the necessity of depending on their eastern friends another year for the supply of this almost necessary luxury of the summer months.

☞ The *Madisonian* contains a letter from the Post Master General, to a gentleman in Kentucky, on the subject of writing on the margin of newspapers, and sending them through the mail to avoid the payment of letter postage. It would appear from the letter of Mr. Wickliffe that the gentleman to whom it is addressed, had been in the habit of sending papers, which he had himself received through the Post-office, to his son in Cynthiana, Kentucky, without first erasing his name, written on the margin. The papers so sent, it would further appear, were charged with letter postage by the Postmaster at Cynthiana; and this led to an inquiry of the Postmaster General as to whether this charge of postage is in accordance with the law of the land.

Mr. Wickliffe states in reply, that the Postmaster at Cynthiana did not violate the law in exacting letter postage in the case alluded to. He could not know who wrote the name, and it cannot change the question of postage whether the name is written on the margin by the person sending it or another. If written and sent in the mail, the right to exact letter postage attaches. Mr. Wickliffe takes occasion to state in his reply that the practice of continuing a business or friendly correspondence by writing on the margin of newspapers has been carried to a great extent. Hence the Law of 1825, imposing letter postage in such article of which the fraudulent package is composed, and a fine of five dollars for all such infractions of the Post Office regulations. The Post Master General adds—

"The many ingenious devices to evade the penalty of this law may be inferred from the facts in a single case which was brought to notice. A man had been in the habit of writing on the margin of an old paper to his father to save letter postage. When arrested by the application of the provisions of the act of 1825, he adopted a species of singular hieroglyphics. His object was to let his father know his family were well, and would be up in a few days—so he sent a newspaper, which nothing but his name written on it; he had pencilled on the margin a *fox, a rabbit, a* of a saddle's and pointing towards the representation of a horse with a sweep and bucket going up. Thus disinfectingly conveying the message to his father that "if his family were well, and were coming up to see him."

EA. writes his name on the margin of a paper, and sends that to a friend by mail, he conveys in his several distinct ideas and facts: 1st, that he is still alive; 2d, that he was well enough to write; 3d, that he remembers him, though distant; 4th, that he has sent him by mail the very newspapers upon which he has written his name, or caused it to be done, and 5th, he tells his friend where he is.—*Balt. American.*

☞ Pursuant to public notice, a numerous meeting of officers and soldiers who served in the campaign of 1814-15 in Louisiana, was held on Monday evening, 12th December, 1842.

At 7½ o'clock, Maj. Gen. Jacques Villeré was called to the chair, and H. W. Palfrey, appointed secretary.

The chairman explained the objects of the meeting, and the following resolutions were proposed and adopted.

Resolved, That a committee of four members be named by the chairman, for the purpose of drafting the resolutions and bye-laws of an association, to be denominated the "*Louisiana Association of Veterans of 1814-15.*

Whereupon, the chairman named *Messrs.* W. Flower, M. Barnett, sen., H. W. Palfrey, and John Nicholson, as members of said committee.

Resolved, That the chairman be appointed a member of that committee.

Resolved, That the said committee shall also fix upon the time and place of the meeting, for the purpose of receiving their report and acting upon it.

A. PHILIPS, Chairman.
H. W. PALFREY, Secretary.

In conformity with the foregoing resolution, the next meeting will be held at the City Exchange, St. Louis street, on Friday, 16th inst, at 6 o'clock, p. m.

By order of the Committee.
H. W. PALFREY, Secretary.

☞ The Rev. Mr. SCOTT will preach in the Presbyterian Church, on Lafayette Square, this evening. Services to commence at 7 o'clock. 414

☞ Brokers and persons desirous of purchasing office and Bank stocks, would do well to attend the sale at auction at the St. Louis Exchange, This Day, by M. Barrett, auctioneer.

☞ We are requested to call the attention of the public to the Package Sale by R. B. Stykes, at his Sales Room, 81 Magazine street, this day. See advertisement under auction head.

MARRIED.—On Monday evening, 12th December, by the Rev. Abbé Allemand, Mile Thérèse Aimée Lacoste, dau. of the Island of Cuba, to Mr. Bernard Schmitmeier of this city.

DIED—Last evening, at 8 o'clock P. M. Mr. CAMILLE LAVAUD, aged 60 years. His friends, and those of his family are invited to attend the funeral which will take place this afternoon, at half past 3 o'clock, from the residence of his son-in-law, Crape street, between Esplanade and History streets.

DEPARTURE OF THE ATLANTIC STEAMERS

FROM ENGLAND.		FROM BOSTON.	
Columbia	Nov 19	Hibernia	Dec 17
Britannia	Dec. 4	Caledonia	Jan 1

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS

Havre—Per ship Statesman—560 hides, 7344 bales cotton and left pieces leaf.

Genoa—Per ship Telumah—1301 bales cotton, 13,000 pipe staves.

Havana—Per brig Emperador—120 bbls flour.

Balize Bay of Honduras—Per Brig acid Bellon—108 bbls pork, 3 casks ham, 1 bbl do do, 70 kegs lard, 19 do tongues, 1 barrel and 10 half do beef, 1 bbl do do, 40 do potatoes, 100 boxes cod fish, 20 bbls flour, 10 bbls ship bread and sundries.

IMPORTS.

Galveston—Per steamship Neptune—8 bales cotton and 1 bd peccans, 7 bbls molasses, 1 bbl do, 1 bbl do.

Thomaston—Per Brig Belle—60 cords lime, to master.

St. Croix, Jn—Per British schr John Boynton—31 barrels pitch, 8 do tar, 5 do turpentine, 1 bbl do do, 1 box do do.

Apalachicola—Per schr Mariner—9 bbls rum, 6 master.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Louisville—Per steamer Natchez—30 bales cotton and 1 bd to W & J Montgomery; 291 kegs lard, 22 kegs feathers, Fever & Lonsdale; 18 kegs and 18 bbls tobacco, Ward, Moffett & Co; 1 bbl do, Jno Lee & Co; 1 bbl do, Jno Lee; 1 bbl do with 8 do, 174 pcs bagging and rope, Winsley & Foreman; 91 coils rope and bagging, 16 bales twine, 9 bdls, 93 coils rope, Bailey & Rock; 25 pcs bagging, Pope & Hutchins; 14 coils rope, 1 bd Blue Lick water, Frank Jno & Henderson; 1 bbl apples, Jno Jones; 5 bales cotton, J D Coty; 4 do do, Jno Moore, 17 F A Smith.

Cincinnati—Per steamer Louisiana—30 bales cotton, 1 Buchanan & Johnston; 350 Nugent, Watt & Co; 270 W Moore, 106 F Hoge; 191 Burke, Watt & Co; 174 Duncan, Mc Allister & Co; 1 J Anderson; 1 Kilbourne, Norris & Co; 1 Wright & Davenport; 10 Andrews & Bro; 100 Dun, Mc Allister & Hill; 40 Ward, Moffett & co; 10 H Lewis & co; 8 Pill Foley; 8 Ward, Moffett & co; 10 Lucas & co; 5 Billing & co; 2 Goodrich & co; 10 Lucas & co; 1 Ward, Moffett & co; 10 Anderson & Burns; 50 Ellis & Foster; 2 P Butchford, 50 Green & co; 10 Segall & co; 30 Gibson & Fox; 20 Rosenwater & co; 10 Bryant & Bro; 10 Anderson; 15 Grayson, Hertz & co; 10 Payne & Harrison; 19 J W Woodland & co; 2 B Byrne & co; 4 Watts & Burger; 30 Gibson & Fox; 20 Carter & Wallace; 10 J F Burke & co; 10 do; 1 of 1216 bales cotton—6 casks bacon, Dwyer, Ritts & Swift.

Point La Hache—Per steamer Gov Veil—9 bbls and 8 bdls molasses, T Dixon, 38 bbls molasses G R Wilkinson; 20 hhds sugar, O Urquhart, 10 bbl rice, Dimazet.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

ARRIVED

Ship Statesman (Gilchrist), Havre.
Ship Telumah, Gilman, Genoa.
Brig Emperador, Cousins, Havana.
Brig Belle Balize, Fales, 24 days from Thomaston, to master.
Brig Belle Balize, John Boynton, 8 days from St Croix, to order.
Schr Magnet, Taylor, 4 days from Apalachicola, to master.
Steamship Neptune, Rollins, 27 hours from Galveston to J Reed.
Steamer Louisiana, Tufts, from Grand Gulf.
Steamer Natchez, Smith, from Louisville.
Steamer Gov. Veil, Martin, from Point La Hache.

MEMORANDA

Steamer Neutilus left Louisville on the 3d inst—reports four feet water in the Ohio at Falmouth; ship steamer American Eagle at Mills' Point, bound up to go into the dry dock; steamer Great Western still aground at Island 44. Mills lighting her off, travel some 8 or 10 feet boats sunk on our way down, most of them loaded with whiskey and flour.

Steamer Louisiana reports having brought down 1 bd Bingamon's stable of fast nags, viz—Tom Marshall, Mary Walton, Sandy Young and Lucy Dashwood.

Schr John Boynton reports having spoken, on the 8th inst in lat. 26, long. 87, 30, ship Neosantus, hence for Liverpool.

INTERIOR.

At Louisville for this port, steamers Juniata, to leave on the 8d Dec; Patrick Henry, 4d.

COASTWISE PORTS.

At Boston for this port, (besides others already announced) ship Margaret Florence, Decker, to sail Dec 3, ship St. Cloud, Emerson, 10th.

New York, Dec. 8—Barque Charles William, Kaing, N. Orleans.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamship Neptune—Mrs A J Coty, child and servant, Mrs Woods and servt, Mrs Wilson, Mrs Leroy and son, Miss Turnelle, Miss Blake, Mr S Ward, Dr Perry, Mr Elder, D Marquez, J D Boyton, J D Wyatt, Caldwell, McCutchen, McBride, Jones and son, W Lewis, Carstens, and 19 on deck.

Per steamer Louisiana—Mrs Dies and family, Mr Clark and lady, Maj Chase, U. S. A., J S Payne, R Alderson, Mr Strother, M. Cavanny, Capt Ballard, Capt Stadacker, Dearth, Benedict, Dennis, Clendenan, Powell, Richardson, Shackleford, Jackson.

Per steamer Natchez—J Stuart, Miss Bigelow, Gov. N Noble, J S John, Mrs John, J Bacchus, Maj Baker, J Miller, Dovelle, R M Taylor and lady, W J Johnson and family, Tobin and lady, Smith, Mrs Rother, Farlis, Colebaum, Sprague, Stans, Wheat, Ratcliff.

Per steamer Gov. Veil—T Wadsworth, G K Rogers, Serjeant lady, P Cannon, G Jones, Nutte, Thos Reny, W Fougere, O Fougue, Mad. Eugene.

CHECKS at 60 days date for sale by the
Apl 4 WESTERN MARINE & FIRE INS. CO.

DRESSED SKINS—200 Indian dressed skins for sale by
d 11 FOSDICK & BROTHERS, 66 Camp st

TWINE—100 lbs assorted quality, for sale by
T 64 HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 63 Camp st

TOBACCO—100 bbls Virginia manufacturing, for sale by
L 414 HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 63 Camp st

INSSED OIL—9 bbls just received and for sale by
L 414 RICE & HATHAWAY, 71 Magazine st

HAVANA WHITE SUGAR—For sale by
d 414 RICE & HATHAWAY, 71 Magazine st

BLANKETS—Three pounds Grantor blankets, for sale by
d 414 O GREEN & BRO, 42 Gravier st

COPPER, Block Tin, and Tin Plates, for sale by
d 412 A L ADDISON & Co, 49 Tchoupitoulas st

BUCELLAS WINE—in store and for sale by
d 414 WM FRIEN, 56 Tchoupitoulas st

HAVANA BROWN SUGAR—for sale by
d 413 MANUEL BLANCO, 56 Common st

PEACH BRANDY—Very old, for sale by
d 413 MANUEL BLANCO, 56 Common st

TOBACCO—50 boxes, for sale by DORAN & CO
d 10 49 Poydras st

THE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

THIS morning, (if long enough to announce to the citizens of New Orleans, that they have made arrangements for establishing a new daily morning newspaper, this evening, with the assurance that the number of which will appear next Thursday, the 1st inst.

It will be printed on an imperial sheet of good paper, with new materials throughout, and furnished to subscribers at the following rates:

Newspaper in advance, ... $10
Do. at end of advertising year, ... $12

It will be the object of the proprietor to combine the effects of time, moderate promise, and keep the last on perpetual sale, to the public by attending to the interesting expectations of the mercantile community, by a devoting of attention and space to the sayings and doings of the busy world we live in, and by a careful selection of the contributions which add to the amusement and instruction of a well conducted journal.

The political principles of the Republican will be those of that party which recognizes the illustrious Jefferson as the head—they will be thoroughly Democratic Republican in all things, will support the Administration of the General Government, defend it against the assaults of its enemies, and support, for the next presidency, a patriot to the election of a Democratic Republican National Convention—the distinguished incumbent of the executive chair JOHN TYLER.

GRAHAM, WILLIAMS & JEWELL,
414 Office No 56 Common street, up stairs.

HIGH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—OPENING—The alterations of his building having been all completed so as to admit of its being occupied, L. L. HITCHCOCK respectfully announces that on Thursday the 15th inst. and the ten following days, his rooms will be open to the public from 9 to 9 o'clock, when applicants for admission will be examined and classified; and that on Monday the 19th, the business of the institution will be regularly commenced.

He has much satisfaction also in announcing that he has effected an arrangement with Madame CELESTE CLAPP and associate teachers of fine dancing, by which the pupils will be called in as their services shall be required, and the number of pupils engaged himself that none but competent persons shall be employed.

A prospectus of the school has been printed and may be obtained from the following persons—Samuel M. Stewart, stationer, No. 84 Camp street; Cook & Marquedant, drugists, No. 22 Camp street; at the offices of the Picayune and N. O. Bee; from E. W. Wells, Esq., Lafayette; from F. S. Taylor, Esq., at the U. S. Branch Mint, and at the high school.

☞ TO LET—The store under the school-room, opposite even on an eligible corner—will be let low for any kind of business not incompatible with that of the seminary. Apply at the school, or at the auction store of R. Kendall, Esq. on the corner of St. Charles and Common streets. dec 14 tf

LADIES FAIR, FOR THE ORPHANS.

NOTICE is hereby given to the public, that the FAIR will take place on Tuesday, the 20th inst, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, with the assurance that the doors will open every morning at 9 o'clock, and on Wednesday and Thursday from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M, and from 6 P. M to 10 P. M—in the St Louis Hall Room, 1st Municipal street, which has been generously and munificently placed at the disposition of the indefatigable principal patroness, Mr Alexander.

Donations for the Fair will be gratefully received at the Hall Room on Monday the 19th inst, from 11 A M until evening. 414 tf6

PORTRAITS FROM NATURE, AND TAKEN AFTER DEATH.

LANGOT informs the public at 154 Poydras st that he has received the prize "Daguerreotype" last stream, opposite Mr Dumpy's, on the second story above Mons. St. Rose Delouche's saloon.

By day or night Mr Langot will be found to the house of that person to take their portrait.

The large number of likenesses after death which he has taken for the last 3 years in Louisiana—Texas and the Indian nations, enable him to assure families who may apply to him, that he will literally shew them entirely. d1 6m tf

CANDY SARSAPARILLA—Cure of tapeworm, indigestion, dyspepsia, liver complaint, costiveness, and all diseases of the stomach, all proceed from the same cause, being an unhealthy secretion of gastric juice, not bile, than bile, bile is the lifing of the stomach, consequently, when taken after eating, appetite of the procedure, headache and nausea, from its sensations, and a variety of other particular feelings known only to the sufferer, for these last hundred diseases a new remedy has dawned upon the world, having in its effects the power of curing all diseases of the constitution and bye-laws of an association, to be denominated the "*Louisiana Association of Veterans of 1814-15.*

Whereupon, the chairman named *Messrs.* W. Flower, M. Barnett, sen., H. W. Palfrey, and John Nicholson, as members of said committee.

Resolved, That the chairman be appointed a member of that committee.

Resolved, That the said committee shall also fix upon the time and place of the meeting, for the purpose of receiving their report and acting upon it.

A. PHILIPS, Chairman.
H. W. PALFREY, Secretary.

In conformity with the foregoing resolution, the next meeting will be held at the City Exchange, St. Louis street, on Friday, 16th inst, at 6 o'clock, p. m.

By order of the Committee.
H. W. PALFREY, Secretary.

☞ The Rev. Mr. SCOTT will preach in the Presbyterian Church, on Lafayette Square, this evening. Services to commence at 7 o'clock. 414

☞ Brokers and persons desirous of purchasing office or Bank stocks, would do well to attend the sale at auction at the St. Louis Exchange, This Day, by M. Barrett, auctioneer.

☞ We are requested to call the attention of the public to the Package Sale by R. B. Stykes, at his Sales Room, 81 Magazine street, this day. See advertisement under auction head.

MARRIED.—On Monday evening, 12th December, by the Rev. Abbé Allemand, Mile Thérèse Aimée Lacoste, dau. of the Island of Cuba, to Mr. Bernard Schmitmeier of this city.

DIED—Last evening, at 8 o'clock P. M. Mr. CAMILLE LAVAUD, aged 60 years. His friends, and those of his family are invited to attend the funeral which will take place this afternoon, at half past 3 o'clock, from the residence of his son-in-law, Crape street, between Esplanade and History streets.

☞ STOLEN—On the night of the 8th inst, from the Bull's Head Market, a light bay horse, about 14 years old, with a white face, and a white spot on the back, occasioned by the saddle. The horse was purchased from Mr. Ogden, Jefferson parish, and was taken from the stable of the subscriber, in the rear of the Bull's Head Market. Any person who will give information of the horse, so that he may be recovered, shall be liberally rewarded. Inquire at the office of the Bull Room, in St. Louis street, where he will be pleased to have all the old patrons and others call and record their name. Office opened every day from 9 to 12 and 6 p. m. d14 3t

WASHINGTON BALL ROOM

GRAND DRESS AND MASQUERADE BALL.
On Monday, Wednesday and Saturday of each week during the season.
Admission $1 00

CONTI STREET BALL ROOM.
On MONDAY and FRIDAY of each week, there will be a GRAND MASKED AND DRESS BALL.
For Ladies of Color.
Price of admittance, gentlemen ..... $1 00.
d10

CONTI STREET BALL ROOM.
GRAND DRESS AND MASKED

BALL.

On Sundays, Tuesdays, and Thursdays of each week.
Price of Admittance—Gentlemen ..... $1 00.
The orchestra will be composed of the best musicians in this city, and will execute all the latest waltz and quadrille. Several original pieces of music composed by members of the orchestra will be introduced.

U. S. Marshal Sales.

IN BANKRUPTCY—In the District Court of the United States, Eastern District of Louisiana—No. 433—E. A. Bradford, bankrupt, of the state of J. B. Pontvieux, bankrupt. By virtue of an order of court issued to me from the honorable the District Court of the United States, for the eastern district aforesaid, will be sold at the corner of Main and Royal streets, on the 21st day of December, 1842, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A M.

207 Bottles of Old Madeira,
6 Demijohns do do
Lot of Champaigne wines,
1000 Bottles assorted cordials,
1 Lot of Bottles of Port wine,
6 Baskets assorted cordials,

A general assortment of wines, consisting of Hock, Claret, Burgundy, Port and Madeira.

A large quantity of preserved vinegar and tragacanth, together with a general assortment of groceries for family use. Also, the lease of the store lately occupied by said bankrupt.

Terms—Cash. A SIDNEY ROBERTSON,
dec 14 td U. S. Marshal.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application has been made to the District Court for authority to compromise a certain debt, due by Wm McCarley to the Mechanic's Bank of New Orleans, and certain claims against said Bank held by Tufts & Hobart as agents, and C C Hampson as agent, as set forth in petitions filed in said court. All parties interested will show cause, if any they have, within ten days from this date why the authority prayed for in said petition should not be granted.

New Orleans, 12th December, 1842.

CHAS TOMLINSON, } Commissioners
ROBERT C COLLAS, } of the Bank
JOHN CALHOUN } Bank of N. Orleans.
d14 3t

EXEMPT FIREMEN.

THE EXEMPT FIREMEN are respectfully required to comply with the conditions of the act of the Legislature, approved March 4th, 1842, and file their certificates in the office of the Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

GEORGE BEDFORD,
d12 3t Sheriff and Ex-officio Fire Warden of Orleans.

In Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Eastern District of Louisiana—Martin Luther Eastman, individually and as a member of the firm of Eastman & Bro; of New York, and of N. L. Eastman & Co, of New York, and owners pro partes of the steamboats Monmouth and Freight.

Notice is hereby given, that Martin Luther Eastman of New York, has filed in this court his petition in bankruptcy, and has made an order to be entered duly recorded upon the 19th day of January next at ten o'clock, for the hearing of said petition. All parties interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

By order of the Court.
ED. LAUVE,
By Clerk U. S. District Court.

In Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Eastern District of Louisiana—In the matter of the petition of Jean Baptiste Pouvreau, to be discharged from all his debts, and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that Jean Baptiste Pouvreau, a bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this court, the 17th day of March next, 1843, at nine o'clock, a. m. when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

December 13, 1842—By order of the Court.
ED. LAUVE,
By Clerk of the U S District Court.

In Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Eastern District of Louisiana—Henry S. White, of the parish of St. Helena, to be declared a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given, that Henry S. White, of New Orleans, has filed in this court his petition to be declared a bankrupt, upon which an order has been duly entered appointing the 14 day of January next, at ten o'clock, a. m. for the hearing of said petition; all persons interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

December 13, 1842—By order of the Court.
ED. LAUVE,
d14 3t By Clerk of the