#### TO PROTECT WATER BUCKETS

Stable Boys Bore Holes in Their Bottoms and Carry Corks in Their Pockets.

"Anybody who has occasion to use a water bucket " said a man acquainted with their various uses. "Is likely to if k up the first one he comes to, then he may put it back where he found it or he may not

"It was to prevent their being carried off in this way and left around where they didn't become that hrea buckets came to be made with round bettoms, so that they wouldn't stand on their own bottom. Such buckets, as you know are kept filled with water and standing around in buildings. supported in holders having rounded out spaces in which the buckets rest. These buckets are likely to be left

where they belong "A man who doesn't know their peculiarity may, come along some day and pick up one of them and carry it off, but he is likely to leave the fire buckets alone after one experience of seeing the bucket he has carried off roll over when he set it down and spill out all the water.

Perhaps you don't know what stable boys do to keep their buckets where they can find them. The stable boy protects his particular bucket by boring a hole in its bottom, so that it won't hold water; nobody wants a bucket that won't hold water. Then he carries in his pocket a cork that will fit the hole in the bucket, and when he has use for it he simply plugs the hole, and there's the bucket ready for use.

"To be sure other boys around a stable may carry corks in their pockets, but the run of people don't : and so the boy who has bored the bottom of his bucket is at least a little more likely to find it when he wants it thanhe would be if it had no hole in it."

# TOO REMARKABLE TO FALL

Ruined Old Barn Set Mese an Example and He Proceeded to Get Well.

In their first walk of the season at Wobrook-in-the-Hills the judge and his wife stopped at the Bartons' to inquire for Mose, who was reported to have been "more'n common allin', long back." They found Mrs. Barton In the garden, weeding.

"Yes, he was awful bad all last winter," she said, gradually rising, and straightening up. "First be had grippe, an' that left his heart weak, an' long toward March his liver kind o' got out o' whack. Then Mose sent for doctor, an' he called it 'complication o' diseases.'

''You're a sick man,' says doctor. "I know that, says Mose, thout you're tellin' me!' You know his 'But this complication, 's you scall it, is what stumps me. I guess I'd better get we!! -an' he did!"

"Suthin' in that, ch, squire?" said Mose, suddenly appearing from behind the house.

"Much!" asserted the judge. "Didn't find my argyment in a book, same as you would, squire," Mose continued. "Got it up on the bills, from the old Collin's barn-"member it?"

"I should say I did!" said the judge, smiling reminiscently; "roofliess, practically and open on all isides!"

"But kep' a standin' for nigh thutty year 'cause it was so ramshackle it didn't know which way to fall. My case exactly!" declared Mose Marton, with a twinkle.-Youth's Com-

> Dismai Swamp Water. Many interesting observations were

made during a recent excursion into the Dismal Swamp of Virginia, sent out by the Washington Academy of Sciences. The swamp is divided into itwo parts, as far as the character of the vegetation is concerned—the "black gum" and the "juniper" areas. The juniper area is of particular interest. Juniper is the local name for the Southern white cedar. Swamp blueberry, white adler, inkberry, fetter bush and other species of the heather family are intermingled with the juniper trees. The water of the jumper swamp contains a remarkably small equantity of mineral matter and has the color of tea. It is antiseptic, and before the days of distilled sea water tit furnished the favorite supply of drinking water for ships starting on long voyages from Norfolk. The sailors called it "juniper water," and were wery fond of it.—Youth's Companion.

Selling Perfume in Mexico. All classes in Mexico buy perfames, even the Yaquis. There is a large mail-order business done from this section of Mexico. Sample packages If very small come in free, but many salable-sized packages, even if marked "sample," would be duitable. If perfurnery is sent by mail the duty is acollected by the postoffice before deflivery of the goods; if sent by express the company advances the duty at the frontier and collects on delivering the goods. If a package is sent by mail, for actual sale, the sender should mark the value thereon; if hy express, send the bill along.--United States Consular Reports.

> A Perlious Duty. "My position," remarked the emiment physician, "is one requiring the greatest tact and diplomacy."

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"What is the trouble?" "I feel conscientiously obliged to kell several of my float wealthy and influential patients that they overeat."

GAMBLERS OF HIGH POSITION

Great Ladies of England Formerly Played Continually and for the Highest Stakes.

A little over a century ago there were hundreds of great ladies in Enga land who made their drawing rooms regular gambling dens, and many in the most exalted social positions lost, or won, as the case might be, thousands of dollars in a single night's play. The royal princesses did not! hesitate to play for the highest stakes and a fare bank was a portion of the paraphernalia of Dame Fashion.

Queen Elizabeth was fond of cards, but she was inclined to be somewhat peevish and lost her temper at the game Mary, Queen of the Scots, carried her infatuation to the extent of wagering her personal attire on a. game She would play continually from Saturday to Monday, and sacrifice her wardrobe, if necessary, to do so. Queen Ann of Austria was fairly pursued by ill luck, we are told, but she is said to have played

without passion or greed. Anne Boleyn was an inveterate gambler, as were all the wives of Henry VI'l, with one exception-Catherine of Aragon did not gamble, as she had no love for the card table Nell Gwyn lost 400 guiness one night to the niece of a notorious gambler. Mazarin, who afterward died insolvent, having lost at cards an enormous fortune left to her by her cardinal uncle. Cards are still popular among the hostesses of many of the English drawing rooms, but not to the extent they were a century ago.

#### **HUMOR IN HIS EXAGGERATION**

Jabish Furlong's Recital Illustrates the Characteristic That Makes Maine Stories So Amusing.

Novel and exaggerated smiles and comparisons \ characterize Maine speech. Instead of such commonplaces as "As light as a feather" and "As dark as a pocket," the comparisons are likely to be "Forty pounds lighter than a straw hat" and "As dark as

the inside of a cow." And it is this same humorous exaggeration that makes many a Maine story so likeable. Jabish Furlong, who worked for old man McKusick in haying time, had it.

"I had the greatest luck out gunning the other day," said Jabish. "I was walking a log across a deep hole in the brook, when I see a squirrel up a spruce on the furder bank. I up right there and fired, and I fetched down the squirrel and a partridge besides that was settin' in the spruce buddin'. But the old gun kicked me into the brook. Well, I floundered around, catchin' holt of everything within reach, and when I found myself up on the bank, I had a mink in one hand. a mushquash in t'other and the seat o' mer pants was full o' trout."

Where Wesley Wrote Hymns. The Rev. J. H. Wicksteed, vicar of Bexley, Kent, England, has presented to the Weslevan Methodists of Gravesend and Dartford circuit a tree from the vicarage garden, a sapling of the old oak under whose branches John and Charles Wesley, with George Whitefield, often met in friendly con-

It is believed that Charles Wesley composed some of his hymns under its shadow, and John, in his diary of September 22, 1740, writes: "I went to Mr. Piers, the vicar of Bexley, where in the mornings and evenings I expounded the sermon on the mount and had leisure during the rest of the day for business of other kinds." He was there again Saturday, December 2, 1749, "and preached about 11."

Blue Devils.

When you find yourself in the possession of sundry blue devils, proceed' to out-devil them. If they would have you go a mile go two miles. Put your will into it and see how blue you can be. "Pretend" you are a bluer blooded aristocrat than any of those that have come to visit. Be polite to them and let them entertain you. Do anything they bid you do. Sit down and mourn and wall to their heart's content. Berate everything and everybody. Just try it. Blue devils are such contrary imps that they never stay long where they are well treated. Their good mission is to torment. A hearty welcome sends them flying.—Elizabeth Towns in Nautilus.

New Russian Oil Region. While Baku is known as the great oil producing province of Russia, and its wells have produced immense quantities, its reputation bids fair to be overshadowed by the new region, the Saliany Steppe. Saliany is about 125 miles distant from the city of Baku, on the shore of the Caspian sea, at the mouth of the Kura, the largest river in the Caucasus. Its position is a commanding one, both for supplying the European and eastern market. The petroleum deposite in the Saliany steppe have been known for years, but only recently has attention been attracted thereto. The possibilities are

Forced to It. "Did you ask father if you might have me?"

"Yes, darling." "What did he say?" "He said he would rather see you

borne to your grave." "Oh, pshaw, then we'll have to take it up with mother personally."-Chicago Record-Herald.

# HONEY SNAKE CLIMBS TREE

Pennsylvania State Zoologist Believes Story of Sweet-Toothed Reptile-Cases on Record.

Harrisburg, Pa.--Prof H. A. Sur face, state economic zoologist, is much interested in a story that reached him from Kennerdell Venanco county, to the effect that three men in cutting down a bee tree discovered in opening it that a big blackstake had invaded the bees' nest and had devoured almost all the honey. The bee hole was 40 feet from the ground, and the men averred that the snake attracted by the honey. had climbed the tree, had its feast, and when discovered by the bees they set upon him to drive him away, and literally covered the snake when found.

Professor Surface was asked if !t were possible for a black snake to climb a tree to that height and if it was ever known to eat honey

"Yes," said Professor Surface, "I can fully believe that story, for I believe that it is possible that a blacksnake could climb a tree Furthermore, if there was a bees' nest in that tree the snake could get into the bee hole and eat the honey. I don't believe, however that it would eat all the honey, for it would be cunning enough to know that by doing so it would drive the bees away. As to this particular snake being covered with bees I think they were wreaking their vengeance on it by trying to sting it to death, which is pretty difficult, for a blacksnake's hide is pretty tough. I have known of snakes that got into beehives and were stung to death.

"As to the snakes' eating honey, I have known that, too. The snake finds the unsealed honey and sips it out of the comb. There are a good many records of snakes being found in beehives; but this is the first instance of one being found hunting honey in a bee tree. We know that blacksnakes climb trees, and it is possible that this one got in the tree. and when the bees found it they turned on the intruder. I have myself seen bees turn on mice when they intruded in the hives, and sting them to death, and I have seen the remains of small snakes in beehives. Of course, the snake does not bite into the comb, but sips the honey with itstongue, and in that way cleans out the cells."

## **NEVER SEES MAN OF DREAMS**

Unique Philosophy of Sixteen-Year Old Affinity-Third Person Should Never Interfere.

Cincinnati. O.—"The principal thing in life is to be happy. If a man or woman love each other no third per son ought to interfere with that love Renunciation is an absolute virtue. 📑 had ideals a couple of years ago, but these are shattered. After all, a gir! never meets the man whom she has pictured in her dreams. One cannot command affections. The heart acts in spite of all commands."

This is the near-philosophy of Heler Jenkins, the 16-year-old affinity, whose case came up the other day before the juvenile court. For two years or more she has worked as a stenograph er. Her relations with William Kuhn. a married man, and the father of four children, have been platonic, accord ing to all testimony.

"Had you and Kuhn planned to mar ry?" was the next question. Helen hesitated. "We had talked the question over. He told me he was not happy with his wife and that he would seek a divorce. I went to see Mrs. Kuhn. She and I met on friend ly terms, and we talked it over. felt that she was willing to give her husband a divorce if that would make him happy."

# INDIAN RENEWS OLD QUEST

Washington Rancher Will Again Start on Search for Daughter He Lost Over Six Years Ago.

Husum, Wash.-To again search for the body of his lost child in the wilds of the Cascade mountains, 25 miles northwest of here, is the intention of Johnny Cayuse, an Indian rancher liv-

ing four miles northwest of Husum. Johnny reluctantly retold the story of the sudden disappearance of his daughter, Katie, six years ago, while he with his family were camped near the cave region west of Trout lake, during the huckleberry picking season. Nearly a thousand Indians gather in that region every year to pick

berries and induige in amusements. It was after one of these festive occasions in August that the daughter of Johnny disappeared as if swallowed by the earth. Parties searched for weeks for the lost, but no trace of her could be found. The supposition was that the girl had been killed by some wild animal or had fallen into one of the caves. Another Indian superstition was that the girl was lured by a monster of the lake to its watery

home.

Battle Giant Sturgeon. New York.—Hundreds of baseball enthusiasts on their way from the Polo grounds lingered for half an hour on a bridge spanning the Harlem river to watch two men in a motor boat battle with a giant sturgeon. The crowd grew as the fight continued and for twenty minutes all traffic was tied up. Henry Essig and Tom Bible, the men in the boat, sank their boat hooks into the fish and finally drew their prize to land. The fish was # feet 7 Inches long and weighed 406 pounds. It is the largest ever caught within the city limits.

## TOO EXPENSIVE A SOUVENIR

Denomination of Note Was a Little Larger Than Nir. Vernon Had Bargained For.

When William T. Vernon decided to give up his position as register of the treasury he wanted to take away with him as a souvenir of his public service the first bank note on which he had put his signature. All the money issued in the form of bank notes while he had been registrar had, as a matter of law, his signature on it.

The money, having been put in circulation, says the Popular Magazine, had been sent back to the treasury, redeemed by new notes, and then bad been marked for destruction in the macerator. Therefore, the only way he could get the old note he desired was to redeem it in real money. He had figured that he could afford to pay one dollar for the old, worn-out dollar note.

Having been informed by the treasurer's office that he could get the first note he had ever signed if he would call for it and redeem it with new money, he went to see the treasurer. "Here you are, Mr. Vernon," said that official.

"All right," said Vernon. "I'll redeem it."

He had already taken out his pocket book when he chanced to glance at the old bank note. Then he swayed as if he had been struck in the face. That old note called for ten thousand dollars.

#### RAISULI A NATURAL LEADER

Born to Command, Is the Belief of a Writer in the Wide World Magazine.

A troop of soldiers came first, blowing brass instruments, banging drums or swinging rifles (of every make for the last century) according to which they carried. Then came the sheikhs, resplendent with white burnous, yellow or scarlet slippers and silvermounted pistols and swords. Many of these, perhaps 200, marched two by two; and at last came Raisuli-Raisuli the pretender; Raisuli the brigand; Raisuli, murderer, soldier, outlaw, governor-an admixture of personalities out of all keeping with the times in which we live. And what is he like? He is medium in height, very stout, light-complexioned and heavy-bearded. Clear hazel eves that look you fair in the face are set beneath a massive forehead; his hands, though fat, are well shaped, cared for and artistic. He has a soldierly bearing, is an exquisite in dress and can, it is said. score bull after bull with his modern rifles at 500 yards. Undoubtedly a man to command, a man of action and a terrible enemy. But he is growing stouter almost hourly. He passed us by pompously, yet with a certain fine bearing, and we, leaving Mochta to his arrangements, strolled to where our horses were being reshod.-Wide World Magazine.

Antelope Increasing in Idaho. T. J. Palmer, assistant chief of the United States biological survey, has written to State Game Warden Ben Gray, asking for estimates as to the amount of antelope and moose in this state, says the Idaho Statesman. The antelope are on the increase, according to information which has been received at the office of the game warden, particularly in the Mackay dis-

trict, where they have recently been seen in large numbers.

Despite the protection on moose. they are still extremely scarce in this state and are to be found only in the few isolated valleys of Idaho which have not been taken up by ranchmen and where they are being protected by the farmers in the hills

The antelope are increasing fast in the state under the protection which is afforded, and it is said they have fared extremely well for the last few years with the wolves and other beasts of prey.

Taught the Princes Manners. A little incident which occurred recently shows how very particular King George is with regard to the training of his sons. Two of the younger boys were riding near his majesty when the cavalcade passed men who were working on the road.

The men removed their hats and the king at once doffed his own hat. His majesty noticed that the boys in the enthusiasm of their gallop had not followed his example. He immediately called a halt, took

the princes back to the workmen and ordered them to remove their hats.

Man Has Changed Lightning. In a bulletin recently issued by the Agricultural Department at Washington, it is stated by Dr. George C. Simpson, a noted investigator, that the use of electricity is likely to lessen the number of lightning strokes, owing to the new metallic paths offered to the destructive force in carrying it to the ground.

The lightning of the future will cause fires rather than the demolishing of buildings, as in the past.

Bear Almost Run Over by Auto. A big black bear tried to cross the county road last night in front of the fast approaching automobile in which L. H. Brewer, president of Hoquiam Commercial club, and his family and friends were returning from the beach. The car was going thirty miles an hour and the bear jumped back just in time -- Hoquiam Correanondence Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

#### SIMPLY OLD ENGLISH TONGUE

interesting Account of the Origin of What is Known as the Irish "Brogue."

Perhaps nothing illustrates better the vicissitudes of prononciation in English than a study or what is called the "Irish brogue" This lingual mode, for it is scarcely to be called a dialect, is usually presumed to be a deterforation of language due to tack of \*ducation and contact with legitimate sources of English. It proves after a little study to be a preservation of the old method of pronouncing English. which has come down to a great degree unchanged in Ireland from Shakespeare's time.

In Elizabeth's time, however it came to be realized that if there was to be any real affiliation of the two countries, then the Irish language must be supplanted by English, and a definite effort in this direction was made. This change of speech, resented and resisted, was nevertheless successfully accomplished all over the island, except in the west, within a decade after Shakespeare's death. This fact takes on a new significance when we study what we now call the Irish brogue in connection with what is known to have been the pronunciation of English at that time. The two are found to conform in practically every respect. Irishmen pronounce English as their forefathers learned it; and have preserved its pronunciation because they have been away from the main current of English speech variation ever since. - James J. Walsh, LL.D., in Harper's Magazine.

## PATTERN BY UNITED STATES

Nations of the World All Eager to Copy the American Form of Government

"Present purposes are accomplished when attention is called to the fact that-under our form of government as our fathers gave it to us, and as their sons perfected it, this nation has enjoyed a prosperity that has excited the wonder and the admiration of the world, and that our form of government has become so popular that other nations are striving to follow our example. In consequence, we have republican governments everywhere to the south of us throughout the western hemisphere. France has followed our example closely. Germany has a written constitution, and, in the Reichstag, untrammeled parliamentary representation for the people, while such countries as Turkey, Persia and China are all taking steps, as rapidly as they can, to follow our example in providing a form of government under which men has been able to demonstrate his capacity for self-government."-Joseph B. Foraker.

London Stops Piling Up. London, biggest of the world's cities, is growing smaller. That is, fewer people are living within the actual working districts-the congested districts-than lived there ten years ago. The decrease is small, only twentynine-one-hundredths per cent, but it marks the turn of the tide

London is moving to the suburbs, spreading out on the land, where its children may play in the sunshinethanks to the "tubes," tramways, electric railways and motor buses.

There is a point, then, beyond which population will not be heaped on population; a point where it will began to scread out instead of to pile up. Londr . has reached that point.

This is a new tendency, and a wholesome one, in the life of the

The Western Taste.

A senator who represents a state in the middle west and who is immensely rich was going over the details of a dinner with a Washington steward, says Drury Underwood in the Chicago Post. It was his first formal entertainment and he wanted to be sure that everything was right.

The steward had the menu written in French and was translating it on request.

"What's that?" said the senator, pointing to a headliner. "Oysters on the half shell," explained the expert.

"Oh, that won't do at ail," objected the senator. "Give 'em a stew."

Drinking Water. During the hot season particularly. one should drink a great quantity of water-at least one quart a day. The beneficial effect of taking a glass of clear, cold water on arising and before retiring, as well as between meals during the day, will become speedily and happily manifested in a clearer complexion, brighter, new physical, and mental activity and life. Pronounced cases of constipation will be overcome by eating fruit, such as apples, figs, dates and prunes, and by drinking plenty of water.

"And the law of supply and de-

Stax, "that's one of those unwritten laws that are considered only in exceptional cases."

Classified.

Mutual Distrust. "That new salesman is giving you quite an argument."

"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum. "It's the same old story. He thinks we need reformation and we think he needs information."

#### 'DID AWAY WITH MUCH WORRY

Suggestion Made by Common Sense Man That Proved Eminently Practical.

She entered a car carrying a buge bandbox in one hand and a number of parcels on her other doubled-up arm. They were unmanageable parcels. Even after the woman got a seat they kept slipping off her lap at every lurch of the car and joited all over the

‼o⊙r. When the common sense man had picked up one particularly retractory parcel for the third time, he said: "Madanse, may I ask if you have a hat in that box ""

The woman said she had.

"Then allow me to sugrest," he said. "that you put it on your head and pack the small hat you are now wearing and all your bundles into the box. It 'is big enough to hold them all."

Resentment at his interference flushed across the woman's face, but just then two more packages slipped their moorlings, and her expression changed to gratitude "Thank you," she said. Then, with

the aid of a mirror loaned by a woman opposite, the transference of hats was effected, and the Woman rode the rest of the way home with only the bandbox to worry about 

## SOMETHING COMING TO HIM

Artist's Model Wanted Share of Proceeds of Picture in Which He Had Figured.

E. Phillips Oppenheim was talking in New York about literary popularity. "Those writers who are unpopular," said Mr. Oppenheim, "Impute all the big successes to advertising. They

give the author himself no credit: the

credit goes to the publisher's advertisements." Mr. Oppenheim lighted a fresh ciga-

rette. "And that reminds me, he said, "that reminds me in its absurdity of a blacksmith of whom Whistler made an etching.

"The blacksmith some months later, came up to town and called at Whistler's studio in Chelsea.

"Hello, blacksmith!" said Whistler. What brings you here "

"Why, said the blacksmith. T heard as how a prize had been awarded for that there portrait you made of me, and I've come for the cash."

Characteristics of the Breton. "Bretons are immobile like their dolmens, rugged like their rocks, gnarked and knotted like their trees," says a writer. 'Nowhere is the relation between man and the soil whence be springs so apparent, so harmonious. The Breton people are animated stones; and the stones of Brittany also have souls, for there is no more soulful country than this, and it would seem to exercise a mystical attraction on natures responsive to its expresive melancholy. The repeated presonce of enigmatic vestiges of a secret past, the plety of the people practicing-or having until quite recently practiced-rites and putting their faith in superstitions without discernible analogy in other civilizations, clearly, however, displaying affinity in their art, as also in their physical features. with Asiatic races -- such circumstness stamp this ocean bound nation with a mark occult in its vast significance. On many a sphinx like Breton face you

will distinguish a look which seems to reach beyond horizons—the look of one who has a great problem to reflect upon, a secret of great import to guard."

To Live Long. Col. H. A. du Pont of the Delawware family, was one of the seven members of the West Point class of 1861 that were present at the class' golden anniversary last month at the Hotel Astor.

niversary the interesting question of longevity, said: "The average age of the survivors of our class is 75 years. I am sure that all these survivors, out of their vast experience, will agree with me

Col. du Pont, discussing at this an-

in the dictum that: "It is not work that kills men-it is worry. The revolution is not what destroys machinery, but the friction."

Which Would You Prefer? E. Philips Oppenheim, the wellknown novelist, condemned, at a dinner in New York, the trashy fiction that finds so ready a sale among the

masses. "Milton's 'Paradise Lost,' he said, "brought its author \$25, and Defoe got less than \$25 for Crusoe, but I know movelists whose trash sells in editions of six figures, and whose incomes permit them to keep yachts, motor cars and even aeroplanes."

Mr. Oppenheim smiled scornfully. "The author of the past died," he hald, "but his works lived. The author of today lives, but his works

His Point of Interest. "Will you be kind enough to remove your hat, madam?" the usher eacked at the summer theater in an sinstagy whisper. "Why should I?" the woman asked.

"There is nobody behind me. Who wants me to take my hat off?" "That man back there." "But it doesn't obstruct his view of

the stage. I am three seats to the right of him." "That is true, ma'am, but you cut ment his view of the women in the

right lower box. That seems to be

what he is interested in."

L'ABEILLE DE LA NOUVELLE-ORLEANS

And the Control of the test to the Ba . In published other done are commerce des avantages exceptionnelle. Pels de Nanous-port in francis de Control de Co "Ities pebdemadair / \$8.00